THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 11, NUMBER 10. | BRAINERD, MINNESOTA FRIDAY, JAN. 22, 1892. | INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

THE OPPORTUNITY!

Of the Season

AT

DAY'S.

GRAND DISPLAY OF

Silk Handkerchiefs,
Linen Handkerchiefs,
Silk Suspenders,
KID GLOVES,
FINE NECKWEAR.
MUFFLERS,
DRESS SHIRTS,
NIGHT ROBES,
FINE UNDERWEAR,
FINE SHOES,
SLIPPERS,
BOYS' SUITS.

And Many Other Goods at Prices that will Surprise you for Cheapness. Call and See.

HARNESS SHOP

CORNER LAUREL AND SIXTH STREETS.

Keep on hand an assortment of everything in the line

Harness, Nets Whips, Curbs

BRUSHES, BRIDLES, SADDLES, COLLARS.

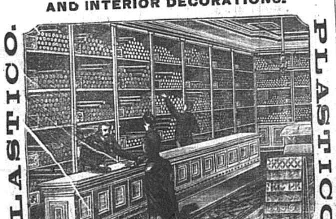
D. W. WHITFORD.

Fine Outfits Made a Specialty

J. C. CONGDON.

WALL PAPER

AND INTERIOR DECORATIONS.



PLASTICO. PLASTICO.

House and Carriage Painting.

Glass, Wood, and Enamelled Letters. Canvas Signs, Black-Board Slating a Specialty.

One Door East of the Arlington. Brainerd, Minn.

M. HAGBERG

Wholesale and retail

GROCER

HAS A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

Staple & Fancy Groceries, Flour Feed, Provisions, Etc.

M. HAGBERG.

Odd Fellows' Block.

DRESSKELL'S

Jewelry Store

Front Street,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Clocks of All Kinds,

From Nickel Alarm Clocks up to the finest French Marble. Just the thing for a present.

N. Schroeder,

—DEALER IN—

Wines, Liquors, and

CIGARS,

Imported and Domestic.

Especial Attention Given to Orders for Family Use,

Give me a call when in Detroit and I will guarantee good usage.

N. SCHROEDER,
DETROIT, MINN.

Professional Cards.

DR. H. RIBBEL,
DENTIST
Rooms 3 and 4 over Bank Block,
BRAINERD, MINN.

R. K. WHITELEY,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Office, Room 11, Bank Block.
BRAINERD ....MINN.

A CAR load of flour has been shipped from Red Lake Falls for the Russian sufferers.

IT is reported by several papers that G. G. Hartley will not accept the republican congressional nomination from the district convention if tendered him. If this is the case the next best man can congratulate himself. It is understood also that H. C. Stivers will refuse to allow his name to go before the democratic convention.

A SPECIAL from Jamestown, N. Dakota, says: A Northern Pacific railroad agent is in the city to pay the personal property taxes of the company, which payment will be made wherever its property exists. The land tax will also be promptly paid in May. In all, 75,000 acres of newly patented lands will be received this year. The amount of tax in the state will aggregate a large sum.

The City Council.

The city council met in regular session on Monday evening, with the following members present: Vice Pres. Ferris, Aldermen Towers, Titze, McMurtry, Fogelstrom and Johnson. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. The city attorney made a lengthy written report in regard to the title of the land on which the electric light plant stands which was adopted and placed in the hands of the purchasing committee. Following bills were read and ordered paid:

A. Belmont	$1 00
Brown, Tracy & Co	1 54
Brainerd Dispatch	2 25
D. M. Clark & Co	12 13
Lynch & Burrell	10 00
Brainerd Tribune	25 13

The request of the finance committee asking for more time to report on bills for water power was granted.

Superintendent of electric lights was instructed to purchase five pair of compound magnets for the arc lights.

She fire committee reported that a hose wagon had been ordered and a team of horses bought.

The electric light committee were instructed to fix up electric light plant.

The price of $3 fixed by the superintendent of electric lights for matinees at opera house was adopted and price fixed at that figure for future occasions.

The fire committee were instructed to attend to matter of insuring hose house and apparatus.

Council adjourned.

Deerwood News.

Severe winter weather has been experienced by us during the past ten days.

Our depot has been put in fine repair by the railroad company.

The Ladies' Sewing Society of the Scandinavian Evangelical Lutheran church, will have an auction on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the school house. They will offer many fine articles.

Logging operations are going on in the eastern part of the township and the recent cold weather has made those interested happy. The farmers will reap quite a benefit from their log crop this winter.

Mr. Adams has opened a blacksmith shop here and it is something that the farmers have needed for some time.

The family of James McCarvill, who have been ill for some time are reported to be some better. Mr. McCarvill is at the Brainerd hospital.

Quite a wreck occurred on Monday morning at 10 o'clock near the Nicolai place. The passenger train was late and a broken rail caused two coaches to jump the track. The embankment was quite steep but luckily the cars did not go over. The damage was soon remedied by new tracks being substituted for the damaged ones. No one was injured.

FARMER BOY.

A Pure Baking Powder.

A baking powder that can be depended upon to be free from lime or alum is a desideratum in these days of adulterated food. So far as can be judged from the official reports, the "Royal" seems to be the only one yet found by chemical analysis to be entirely without one or the other of these substances, and absolutely pure. This, it is shown, results from the exclusive use by its manufacturers of cream of tartar specially refined and prepared by patent processes which totally remove the tartrate of lime and other impurities. The cost of this chemically pure cream of tartar is much greater than any other, and it is used in no baking powder except the "Royal" the manufacturers of which control the patents under which it is refined.

Dr. Edward G. Love, formerly analytical chemist for the U. S. government, who made the analysis for the New York State Board of Health in their investigation of baking powders and whose intimate knowledge of the ingredients of all those sold in this market enables him to speak authoritatively, says of the purity, wholesomeness, and superior quality of the "Royal:"

"I find the Royal Baking Powder composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. It is a cream of tartar powder, and does not contain either alum or phosphates, or other injurious substance."

Prof. Love's tests, and the recent official tests by both the United States and Canadian governments, show the Royal Baking Powder to be superior to all others in strength and leavening power. It is not the most economical in use, but makes the purest, finest flavored and most wholesome food.

THAT FATAL WRECK.

No Blame Attached to the Railroad Company or its Employes. The Injured will all Recover.

The terrible wreck of a week ago this morning is still fresh in the minds of many people, especially those who were occupants of the car which was overturned on that fatal occasion. The remains of Mrs. Edward Andrews were taken to Mankato, and from there to St. Peter and buried at Greenwood Cemetery on Wednesday morning. Those of the other victim, Miss Lillie Wallace, were sent to Minneapolis for interment. The fate of both ladies was a horrible one to contemplate, but there is a peculiar sadness in regard to the death of Miss Wallace that caused many a tear to come unbidden. She was the seventeen-year-old daughter of a widowed mother, a beautiful young woman and the main support of her mother's family, there being two younger children. Her mother was in straightened circumstances and in poor health, and while the young woman was receiving but $5 per week salary, as maid for the unfortunate lady with whom she met her death, she managed to send home the greater part of this amount to keep the family from want, she, herself, going without the necessaries of life to do so. The day before the fatal accident occurred she had written her mother that she expected to be able to send $5 as soon as she reached Grand Forks with which to buy coal, and while the mother looked for the remittance that was actually necessary to keep the little home warm, came the cruel news that her daughter had been burned to death in the railroad disaster. The shock was so great that her mother's life was despaired of. Kind friends, when they learned the state of affairs, lent willing hands and a subscription of several hundred dollars was raised for the destitute family, but while the necessaries of life were supplied and provisions made for the future, no earthly hand could ease that mother's aching heart.

Many of those who were injured in the wreck have so far recovered as to be about the hotel lobby and even out of doors. Mr. Ed. Andrews, the gentleman whose wife was killed, and who was so prostrated as to be unable to accompany the remains to their last resting place, was out yesterday. Miss Joy, the most severely burned of any of the survivors, is still quite ill, but we are informed by her physician that she will recover. Luckily none of those seriously injured were burned about the face, and few received their injuries when the car overturned.

It is now generally accepted that the two unfortunate ladies who were cremated, never knew the horrible agonies of death that they would have experienced had they been conscious of what was going on about them. It is thought that they were either stunned or killed when the car turned over, as their bodies lay side by side and parts of the covering of the bed was wrapped around both of them when their remains were taken from beneath the wreck on Friday morning.

Mr. Andrews says the railroad company has done everything in its power to make the members of the troupe comfortable, and he has but the kindliest feeling and words for them and their agents. General Claim Agent Ford arrived on Saturday last and has settled the personal damages with many of them, although some of the more seriously injured are not disposed to settle until they see what the outcome will be, and it is probable that the matter will cost the railroad company a very considerable sum. Very liberal settlements have been made with those who felt so disposed, as high as $250 and $300 being paid to some.

Besides this the railroad company completely re-clothed the troupe, expending probably $2,000 in doing so. They were allowed to purchase what suited them, the gents' underwear, shoes and hats being bought at Geo. N. Day's, suits at Campbell & Smith's, and overcoats at E. M. Westfall's, while the ladies' wants were supplied at Cohen's. The railroad company pays all hotel bills until the troupe is re-organized, which we are informed will be as soon as possible under the circumstances, and in all probability in this city. In that case the opening play will take place here, and it goes without saying that the opera house would not have seating capacity to accommodate those who would desire to attend.

A coroner's inquest was held over the remains of Mrs. Andrews and Miss Wallace on Saturday afternoon, at which time the following verdict was rendered:

"We, the jury, from the facts presented and the evidence submitted, find that Mrs. Edward Andrews and Miss Lillie Wallace came to their deaths by the derailment of a sleeping car on the Northern Pacific railroad, seven miles east of Brainerd, caused by a broken rail, on the morning of January 15th, 1892, and that no blame is attached to the railroad company or any of its employes."

THE people of Austin seem to have more nerve than our St. Paul friends, for they are out with their winter carnival announcement, which begins on the 27th inst. A very fine programme has been arranged.

The Hope of the Party.

The hope of the party lies in the expansion of a standard republican press. The republican who reads or otherwise helps to support a democratic journal to the exclusion of one of his own party newspapers is untrue to the republican cause.—Gen. Clarkson, Chairman National Republican Committee.

OLD GEORGE CHAPMAN'S MONEY.

It Seems to Have Brought a Curse on All the Inheritors.

Whenever a story is published which is sufficiently out of the ordinary to cause it to rise above mediocrity, some hypercritical reviewer is certain to write that the tale is not only improbable, but impossible. If the full narrative of the lives of the persons most intimately connected with the Hawley-Chapman-Searvant shooting affair in Brooklyn last November were put into a work of fiction, the same criticism would probably be made, and, what is more, would be considered reasonable. But facts are stubborn things, and in this case those which exist go to make up a story which is sufficiently strange and romantic to invite skepticism, if not actual disbelief.

Geoffrey Hawley Chapman is the son of George M. Chapman, a retired and wealthy real estate dealer, and Louisa Whyte. Young Chapman was very handsome, and after a liberal education he adopted the stage as a profession, and the American drama has possibly never had an exponent who, beginning unknown and comparatively without influence, has risen so rapidly as he. But simultaneously, with his success he entered upon a mad career of drink. This naturally displeased his practical, plodding father, and one day, after a quarrel more bitter than usual, he threatened to disinherit his son. Geoffrey is said to have retorted, his face livid with rage, "I hope every one who inherits a cent of your money will be cursed." In the light of subsequent events these words seem to have been almost prophetic.

When the elder Chapman died it was found that the legatees under his will were his widow and Mr. and Mrs. Geoffrey Hawley Chapman. Two of these, Mrs. George Chapman and her son Geoffrey, have been insane for some time, while the remaining one of the beneficiaries, Mrs. Chapman, Jr., is now convalescing after a six weeks' struggle with death and with two bullets in her body, fired by the male nurse, Herbert Searvant, who had been hired to care for her insane husband. The ex-nurse has made the curse additionally applicable to Mrs. Chapman by innuendo against her fair name.

Searvant has been indicted for his crime, and his trial will probably develop the true facts of the shooting, but the circumstances under which the younger Chapman was married are worthy of note. He was at the time a member of Minnie Maddern's company. There he met Cora Rapp, a comparative stage novice, who had been generally known in Cincinnati as a choir singer and afterward as "the pretty cigar girl" of one of the hotel stands. Her greatest beauty lay in her eyes and hair. Her eyes were of a deep, unusual brown,

MRS. CORA CHAPMAN.

and of a lustrous languor which made her whole face beautiful, lighted up as it was by a wealth of copper colored hair, so often heard of and so seldom seen. She was what is known as "stunning" in appearance, and it was not strange that she attracted the attention of Geoffrey Chapman when she had won the admiration of almost every one who had ever seen her.

Chapman and she soon fell deeply in love with each other, and he sought out his father and asked his consent to his marriage with Miss Rapp. The old gentleman not only gave it, but made the marriage a condition precedent to his leaving his son any money. The wedding occurred, and the beautiful bride completely won the heart of her aged father-in-law, and when he died a few months later it was found that he had been as good as his word, for he had left a life interest in his estate of a half million dollars as he had promised. The annual income was about $25,000. Of this one-half went to his widow, while the remainder was to be divided equally between the young couple. The estate itself was to go eventually to their children, if they should have any. As they have had none, and as Geoffrey Chapman and his mother are both said to be hopelessly insane, the question of the final disposition of this vast property is puzzling the lawyers.

Once more is verified the correctness of the old adage that "truth is stranger than fiction." The curse of a man temporarily insane from drink and anger has been fulfilled. Old George Chapman's money seems to have brought only misfortune to all who have received it, and "the end is not yet."

What Hydrophobia Is.

A St. Louis physician named J. W. Thudfield recently made some interesting statements while discussing the case of a child bitten by a cat. "The child," he remarked, "is said to move stealthily about the house, to mew and to do other things which resemble the acts of a common Tabby. For my part I believe the statement is purely imaginative. It comes from the idea that one affected with hydrophobia imitates a dog. That is a common delusion with as little foundation as other delusions. It is true that a person sometimes seems to bark, but what is called a bark is due to an intense pain of the throat and the difficulty of speaking. The same cause produces the dislike of all kinds of liquid—a dislike which the public in general imagine is confined to water. This is the true theory about hydrophobia upon which so much ignorance at present prevails."

Daring Brought Them Fortune.

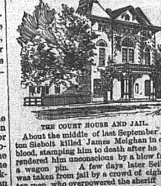
A German has just died and an Englishman has just taken a duke's daughter to wife, both of whom owed their advancement to pluck and opportunity. Twenty-five years ago the assassin Blindt tried to kill Bismarck. Gustave Bannewitz saved the chancellor's life, and the "man of blood and iron" kept heaping favors on his preserver until, when he breathed his last, Herr Bannewitz was the wealthiest person in his neighborhood, and had more decorations than he could pin on his broad breast.

It was somewhat after the German event that Gordon Chesney Wilson, an Eton lad, sprang upon and bore to the earth a lunatic who had attempted to shoot Queen Victoria. From that on he basked in the royal favor, and now he has riches, preferment and a titled spouse.

LYNCHERS TO BE TRIED.

They Hanged a Man in Broad Daylight and Must Answer for It.

Eight men are now awaiting trial in Darlington, Wis., on an indictment for murder in the first degree.



THE COURT HOUSE AND JAIL.

About the middle of last September Anton Siebolt killed James Meighan in cold blood, stamping him to death after he had rendered him unconscious by a blow from a wagon pin. A few days later Seibolt was taken from jail by a crowd of eight or ten men, who overpowered the sheriff and district attorney, and, wearing the clothes which were still stiff and hard with the life blood of his victim of the week before, he was strung up to a tree across the street from the jail.

The lynching occurred in broad daylight in the presence of about 200 citizens and several hundred boys and girls, pupils in a nearby school which had just "let out." The lynchers made no effort whatever to conceal their identity, and as the rope they used was too short to admit of being tied, they hung on to it in full view of the crowd until their hapless victim was pronounced dead. Eight men, most of them relatives of the murdered Meighan, were indicted, as has been stated, for murder in the first degree, but when the case was called at the last session of the court their counsel obtained a postponement until the March term. Much interest attaches to the outcome of the trial, as some years ago three persons in Trempealeau county, Wis., who took part in a lynching were sentenced to imprisonment for life, while many others were fined.

Can Sell Milk on Sunday.

The lawfulness of selling milk to a duchess on Sunday has recently been agitating a presbytery in the west of Scotland. Robert Kelso, an elder of the Free Kirk, in the Isles of Arran, was in the habit of carrying on such trade. His minister remonstrated against it as desecration. "In the camp of Israel Saturday's supply of manna was always made to serve on Sunday, and there should be no exception in the case of a duchess." The kirk session supported the minister and admonished the elder. The latter refused to submit, appealed to the presbytery, and that body, while praising the zeal of the session, forbade the admonition.

A male infant recently born at Salt Lake City has a birthmark of a blood red blotch just over his heart. It is exactly like a bullet wound which killed a brother of the child's mother, Charles Wanless by name, over a year before the child was born, and which the mother had seen.

SPECIAL SALE

H. ROSENBLATT'S!

Children and Ladies'
Zephyr Caps and Tam O'Shanters.
The Nicest ever in the Market.

TAKE ANY CLOAK IN OUR STORE AT
YOUR OWN PRICE.

We must sell them to make room. We give you BIG BARGAINS in this line. Must be closed out before the Holidays.

DRESS GOODS.

We have marked all Dress Goods down 10 Per Cent., and are bound to close them all out before January 1st, 1892. The equal in Holiday Bargains never known in Brainerd.

IN PLUSHES

We have cheap grades from 40 to 60 cents per yard.

SILK PLUSHES 28 inch at $1.25, worth $2.25, in remnants of from two to four yards.

Don't Fail to See Our Bargains!

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Stands at the head of all blood medicines. This position it has secured by its intrinsic merit, sustained by the opinion of leading physicians, and by the certificates of thousands who have successfully tested its remedial worth. No other medicine so effectually

CURES

Scrofula, boils, pimples, rheumatism, catarrh, and all other blood diseases.

"There can be no question as to the superiority of Ayer's Sarsaparilla over all other blood-purifiers. If this was not the case, the demand for it, instead of increasing yearly, would have ceased long ago, like so many other blood medicines I could name."—F. L. Nickerson, Druggist, 75 Chelsea st., Charlestown, Mass.

"Two years ago I was troubled with salt-rheum. It was all over my body, and nothing the doctors did for me was of any avail. At last I took four bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and was completely cured. I can sincerely recommend it as a splendid blood-purifier."—J. S. Burt, Upper Keswick, New Brunswick.

"My sister was afflicted with a severe case of

SCROFULA

Our doctor recommended Ayer's Sarsaparilla as being the best blood blood-purifier within his experience. We gave her this medicine, and a complete cure was the result."—Wm. O. Jenkins, Deweese, Neb.

"When a boy I was troubled with a blood disease which manifested itself in sores on the legs. Ayer's Sarsaparilla being recommended, I took a number of bottles, and was cured. I have never since that time had a recurrence of the complaint."—J. C. Thompson, Lowell, Mass.

"I was cured of Scrofula by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—John C. Berry, Deerfield, Mo.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

Cures others, will cure you

(First publication Jan. 22.)

Notice of Final Proof

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., Jan. 21st, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge, or in his absence the Clerk of District Court at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, February 27th, 1892, viz:

KNUTE NELSON,

H. E. No. 13045, for the SW ¼, Sec. 30, Twp. 44, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Robt. P. Nelsen, Andrew Nelsen, Nels Larson, Jacob Johnson, post-office address of all, Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

A. BARTO, Register.

THE RIPANS TABULES regulate the stomach, liver and bowels, purify the blood, are pleasant to take, safe and always effectual. A reliable remedy for Biliousness, Blotches on the Face, Bright's Disease, Catarrh, Colic, Constipation, Chronic Diarrhœa, Chronic Liver Trouble, Diabetes, Disordered Stomach, Dizziness, Dysentery, Dyspepsia, Eczema, Flatulence, Female Complaints, Foul Breath, Headache, Heartburn, Hives, Jaundice, Kidney Complaints, Liver Troubles, Loss of Appetite, Mental Depression, Nausea, Nettle Rash, Painful Digestion, Pimples, Rush of Blood to the Head, Sallow Complexion, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Scrofula, Sick Headache, Skin Diseases, Sour [illegible]

A Warning—Don't Use Big Words.

In promulgating esoteric cogitations or articulating superficial sentimentalities and philosophical or psychological observations, beware of platitudinous ponderosity. Let your statements possess a clarified conciseness, compacted comprehensibleness, coalescent consistency and a concentrated cogency. Eschew all conglomerations of flatulent garrulity, jejune babblement and asinine affectations. In trying to impress upon others the superiority of the Wisconsin Central Line, and why you and so many others use this thoroughfare from St. Paul and Minneapolis and Duluth and Ashland to Milwaukee, Chicago and points east and south, it is not necessary to use jawbreakers. Let your extemporaneous descantings and unpremeditated expatiations have intelligibility and veracious vivacity, without rhodomontade syllabic profundity, psittaceous vacuity, ventriloquial verbosity and vandiloquent vapidity, shun double entendres, prurient jocosity and pestiferous profanity, obscurent or apparent. In other words talk plainly, naturally, sensibly and truthfully say the Wisconsin Central Lines is THE route, and that ends it.

[First publication Jan. 1.]

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., Dec. 24th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge, or in his absence the Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Monday, February 8, 1892, viz:

MARY J. MANARD,
Widow of Frank Manard, deceased.

H. E. No. 13830, for the NW ¼, Sec. 22, Twp. 45, Range 31.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Orson F. Curtis, Newton J. Guild, Samuel Williams, Jacob H. Miller. Post-Office address of all St. Mathias, Crow Wing county, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register

Scientific American Agency for

PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York.

(First publication Jan. 8.)

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by Thomas Kennedy and Mary Kennedy his wife, mortgagors, to Minnesota Saving Fund & Investment Company, mortgagee, dated [illegible] A. D. 1889, and recorded in the office of Register of Deeds in and for the county of Crow Wing, in the state of Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of October, A. D. 1889, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., in book K of mortgages, on page [illegible], which mortgage is upon the premises situate in said county of Crow Wing, to-wit: [illegible] in block [illegible] of the town of Brainerd, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of said Crow Wing county. [illegible]

And, whereas, by reason of said default the power of sale in said mortgage contained has become operative, and there is claimed to be due and is due at the date hereof, on the sum of [illegible] Hundred and Thirty Dollars ($[illegible]), and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover said mortgage indebtedness or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of said above described land at public auction by the sheriff of said Crow Wing county, at public auction, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Brainerd, county of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, on Saturday the 20th day of February, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, and the debt secured thereby, together with the costs and charges of foreclosure and Fifty Dollars ($50.00) attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated at Minneapolis, Minn., January 7th, A. D. 1892.

MINNESOTA SAVING FUND & INVESTMENT CO., Mortgagee.

FRED B. SNYDER, Attorney for Mortgagee, Minneapolis, Minn.

(First publication Jan. 8th.)

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., Jan. 5th, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge, or in his absence the Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, February 13th, 1892, viz:

JOHN ROACH,

H. E. No. [illegible], for the SE ¼ SE ¼, NW ¼ SE ¼ and SW ¼ NE ¼, Sec. 12, Twp. 45, Range 30.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Christopher Racy, Conrad H. Racy, James W. Galbraith, [illegible]. P. O. address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

Mortgage Sale.

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage dated on the [illegible] day of [illegible], A. D. 1891, [illegible] and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, [illegible]

[illegible]

Dated December 1st, 1891.

RAILWAY LOAN ASSOCIATION, Mortgagee.

C. R. HAMILTON, St. Paul, Minn., Attorney for Mortgagee.

(First publication Dec. 25th, 1891.)

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage dated on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1890, recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, on the 18th day of October, A. D. 1890, at 8 o'clock and 30 minutes, in the afternoon in book K of mortgages, on page [illegible], [illegible] Hastings, who were the mortgagors, [illegible], the [illegible] of Crow Wing county, in the state of Minnesota, to-wit:

Lot [illegible] in block [illegible] of [illegible] Addition to Brainerd, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in said Register's office [illegible]

There is claimed to be and is actually due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of $478.[illegible], [illegible] attorney's fees, [illegible] and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, the property above and in said mortgage described will be sold at public vendue to the highest bidder therefor, for cash, by the Sheriff of said Crow Wing county, or his deputy, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1892, at the front door of the Court House in Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, to satisfy and pay the amount which shall then be due upon said mortgage and debt, together with said attorney's fees, costs of foreclosure and sale.

Dated November 2nd, 1891.

STATE BUILDING ASSOCIATION, Mortgagee.

EDWARD P. SANBORN, Attorney for Mortgagee.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—THE—

GREAT TRANSCONTINENTAL ROUTE

Passes through Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Oregon and Washington.

THE DINING CAR LINE

Dining Cars are run between Chicago, St. Paul Minneapolis, Winnipeg, Helena, Butte, Tacoma, Seattle and Portland.

Pullman Sleeping Car Route.

Pullman service daily between Chicago, St. Paul, Montana and the Pacific Northwest; and between St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba points.

THE POPULAR LINE.

Daily express trains carry elegant Pullman Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars, Day Coaches, Pullman Tourist Sleepers and Free Colonist Sleeping Cars.

YELLOWSTONE PARK ROUTE,

The Northern Pacific R. R. is the rail line to Yellowstone Park; the popular line to California and Alaska; and its trains pass through the grandest scenery of seven states.

THROUGH TICKETS

are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to all points North, East, South and West, in the United States and Canada.

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

No. 5 arrives from the South at 2:00 p. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 6 goes South at 5:10 a. m., daily except Sunday.

No. 11 arrives from Duluth at 8:40 p. m., daily. Goes West at 8:50 p. m.

No. 12 arrives from the West at 8:10 a. m., daily. Goes East to Duluth at 8:20 a. m.

Morris accommodation leaves at 6:45 a. m., except Sunday.

Brainerd accommodation from Morris and Little Falls arrives at 5:20 p. m., except Sunday.

No. 54 freight, carries passengers to Aitkin, leaves at 9:00 p. m.

No. 53, freight, arrives from N. P. Junction at 2:00 p. m. Goes West at 3:00 p. m., except Sunday.

No. 55, freight, arrives from Staples at 9:20 a. m. Goes East to N. P. Junction at 10:45 a. m., except Sunday.

These freight trains cannot be relied upon for regularity of movement, and are liable to be abandoned without notice at the will of the Company.

For Rates, Maps, Time Table or special information, apply to agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd, or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Don't trifle with any Throat or Lung Disease. If you have a Cough or Cold, or the children are threatened with Croup or Whooping Cough, use Acker's English Remedy and prevent further trouble. It is a positive cure, and we guarantee it. Price 10 and 50c.

HOW A PUZZLE WAS SOLVED.

When you want a certain article, you want the best make of that article, don't you?

But how to determine which make is best is what puzzles you, isn't it?

And when the puzzle is solved for you by authority which cannot be questioned, you are pleased, aren't you?

And you would like to hear of one puzzle that has been solved for the people of the whole world, wouldn't you?

Well, we will tell you about that very puzzle, and its solution.

At the Universal Exposition of 1889 at Paris, France, the best sewing machines of the world, including those of America, were in competition. They were passed upon by a jury composed of the best foreign mechanical experts, two of whom were the leading sewing machine manufacturers of France.

This jury, after exhaustive examination and tests, adjudged that the Wheeler & Wilson machines were the best of all, and awarded that company the highest prize offered, the GRAND PRIZE, giving other companies only gold, silver and bronze medals.

The French Government, as a further recognition of superiority, decorated Mr. Nathaniel Wheeler, president of the company, with the Cross of the Legion of Honor, the most prized honor of France.

That is how the puzzle of the best sewing machine in the world was fully solved by the most competent authority in the world in favor of the No. 9 and No. 12 Wheeler & Wilson machines.

The No. 9, for family use, and the No. 12, for manufacturing uses, are the best in the world to-day.

And now, when you want a sewing machine, if you do not get the best, it will be your own fault.

Ask your sewing machine dealer for the No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson machine, and if he does not keep them, write to us for descriptive catalogue, prices and terms.

Agents wanted in all unoccupied territory.

WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO.,
185 and 187 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers.

BRAINERD, - - - MINN.

NEW HALPSHIRE'S war Governer, Nathaniel S. Berry, of Bristol, is now 96 years old, but he walks about the villige every day when the wheather is fine, and has the unimpaired use of all his faculties.

SINCE Boulanger's death in exile his bronze busts have been banished from the mantlepieces of his quondam admirers, and no less than one hundred and thirty of these images have been disposed of at pawnshops.

MR. PETER JACKSON, of Australia, knocked out two ambitious pugilists at Chicago the other night in the presence of 4,000 representative citizens of that metropolis. Mr. Jackson is the only living slugger of any prominence who does not rely solely upon his jaw for fistic fame.

IT will astonish a good many people to be told that the proper way to pronounce the title of the khedive of Egypt is khed-ee-vee, with the accent on the first syllable. It has never made much difference what you called them, they've been duffers of the first water ever since they started into ruling business.

COLONEL E. D. BAKER, who fell early in the struggle for the Union while leading a desperate charge at Ball's Bluff, sleeps in a neglected and almost unmarked grave in Lone Mountain Cemetary, San Francisco. It is now proposed to remove the remains to Golden Gate Park and erect a suitable monument.

DON EMILIO CASTELAR, ex-President of the Spanish Cortes, is now engaged in Paris on important books. The first is a monograph on Columbus, to be issued on the occasion of the impending celebration of the discovery of America; the second will be a work on the principal orators of Spain, to be published in New York; the third a description of the most beautiful cathedrals in the world.

THE successor of Tewfik, khedive of Egypt, is a not altogether promising boy who was educated on the continent and is unduly fond of flowery beds of ease, like other Orientals. The manner in which he will be pulled and hauled about amid the rivalries of other rulers for the next few years will not, perhaps, make him sick of his job, but is sure to make him weary of his advisers, who will talk to him rod in hand for their own good rather than his own.

THE Countess of Clancarty, formerly known as Belle Bilton, the concert hall singer, has given birth to boy twins. It is cabled that the friends of the Countess believe the advent of the twins will bring about the social recognition of the mother which she so longs for. Napoleon, and not English society, formulated the maxim, "The greatest woman is the one who has the most children." Still, the British Matron may now be more cordial to her.

MR. D. J. MESEROLE, who shot and killed some time ago Mr. Theodore Larbig in a Brooklyn flat, on peculiarly unpleasant circumstances, was tried and acquitted, and has now applied for admission to Plymouth Church, as a proof of the sincerity of his conversion and as the first step toward a better life has parted with his seat in the New York Stock Exchange. Not that he gave it away, and thus tempted a brother, but he sold it for $21,000.

SOME time ago O. A. Grimm of Moscow, the distinguished ichtoyologist, suggested as an article of food for the famishing peasants the Hamaza, a nutritious sort of anchovy, which abounds in the Black Sea. One firm of Niflis now is the only one to utilize Hamaza, and send it to Constantinople at great profit. A Commission has been appointed by the Society of the Red Cross to inquire into the methods of catching and drying the Hamaza, and if it is considered available as an article of food steps will promptly taken to adopt the suggestions of M. Grimm.

THE "theatrephone" is the latest improvement in the line of telephonic inventions. It has been tested recently in London, and is said to have worked satisfactorily. It is able to supply at private houses the music of the opera or the active dialogue of any farce or comedy on the London stage. All the large hotels propose to place several of these wonderful phones in the public rooms, where by dropping a shilling in the slot one may enjoy ten minutes of the opera or theatre. In Paris this instrument has already about one thousand subcribers.

CAROLINE VON BEETHOVEN, the last bearer of the composer's name, died a few days ago in Vienna. She was 84 years old and was the widow of Ludwig's nephew Charles, who caused the great Beethoven much trouble during his lifetime. After his wife had borne him three daughters he deserted her and came to this country, where all trace of him was soon lost. Caroline Von Beethoven lived in straightened circumstances in Vienna, supported by her daughters, who are now married, and the contributions of two musicians, who paid her money yearly upon the anniversary of the great composer's death.

A PARAGRAPH is in circulation to the effect that in Norway a girl must be able to make bread before she may aspire to marriage. If this item is the forerunner of legislation on this subject in America, some remarks on the subject are loudly called for right now. Those who eat to live as well as those who live to eat are aware that there are two kinds of bread—good and bad. Let the statute clearly provide which of the two is to be required, and let the husband fit his nutrition. Criminals might be sentenced to marry the bad breadmakers as a refined substitute for the death penalty.

AROUND THE GLOBE.

A Record of the Week's Happenings That are Now Part of the World's History.

The More Important Foreign and Domestic Events Arranged for Rapid Reading.

WASHINGTON.

THE secretary of the navy made the 15th payment of $33,833 to the Union Iron Works of San Francisco, on account of the construction of the cruiser of Number Six.

THE treasury department has exonerated, after investigation, the special agents of the department from all blame in connection with the re-appraisement of goods imported by McCreary & Co. of New York.

A TELEGRAM was received at the war department saying that a guard of soldiers accompanying an army paymaster had been attacked by roughs at Noinales, Ariz., and that the sergeant had been arrested by the civil authorities for his share in the fight that followed.

PERSONAL MENTION.

GLADSTONE has shrunk over two inches in stature since he was in midd e life.

SENATOR SHERMAN declares that he will withdraw from politics at the close of his new senatorial term.

JEAN LOUIS ARMAND de Quatrefages de Beau, the well known French naturalist, is dead. He fell a victim to influenza.

THE duke of Clarence, Cardinal Manning, Gen. James S. Brisbin and Cardinal Simeoni, expapal secretary of state, are dead.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, who has had a slight attack of influenza, is about to leave Paris for Cairo, whence he will go to Abyssinia.

IT is said that the alto relievo in bronze, which St. Gaudens is designing for Boston, of Col. Shaw and his negro regiment, will be the sculptor's greatest triumph.

MR. GEORGE S. BATCHELOR, United States minister resident at Lisbon, has gone through London on his way to resume his post. He called on many of his personal and diplomatic friends.

CARMENCITA'S first effort as a dancer was when she was commanded to show what she could do in that line by a brigand, who had scooped her in and wanted to have as much fun as possible out of his captive.

PROF. C. H. PEABODY, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, has accepted the appointment of president of the board on life saving appliances, lately made vacant by the death of Edward Burgess.

REPORTS are again in circulation in Germany that Count von Schweinitz, German ambassador in St. Petersburg, will resign his post in a short time. The count is the son-in-law of John Jay, of New York, formerly minister to Austria.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

FIRE in Brady's carpet house at St. Joseph, Mo., caused a loss on building and contents of $150,000; insured.

THE works of the Waterbury (Conn.) Brass company have been destroyed by fire. Loss, $260,000; insurance $187,000.

THE river has risen so rapidly at Rome, Ga., that the disasters of the flood of 1886 are feared. The merchants began removing their goods.

A SLEEPING car containing the Andrews Opera company is derailed and burned near Brainerd. Two members of the company lose their lives and twenty-three others sustain injuries.

HENRY OSWOLD, one of the men injured in the boiler explosion in Warren Springer's building in Chicago, died, bringing the fatalities up to five. James Leggin's injuries are expected to result fatally.

DURING a fire in the Sunday school building of the Cavalry Episcopal church in Pittsburg the roof fell in, carrying with it a number of firemen. Several were injured but only one—Robert Edwards—will die.

AN extensive landslide occurred on the Delaware & Hudson railroad, near Minooka, covering the tracks for several hundred yards. All trains are being run around the slide by the way of the New Jersey Central and the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western roads.

SINS AND SINNERS.

THE coroner and undertaker at Sioux City sell bodies to a medical college.

A MILWAUKEE woman strangles her new born child to death.

HENRY CORBIN, the negro who murdered Mrs. Georgetta Horner at Oxford, Ohio, was lynched there.

THE son of a St. Cloud, Minn., clergyman is arrested in Chicago for forging his father's name to a check.

THERE is talk now at Denver of getting up a monster petition to the governor asking him to commute the sentence of Dr. Graves.

THE jury in the case of Al Roberts, accused of complicity in the wrecking of a passenger train near Colfax, Cal., Oct. 12, returned a verdict of acquittal.

WILLIAM KECK, on trial for killing Mrs. Jeanette Nich, Nov. 18, at Ironton, Pa., was found guilty of murder in the first degree.

A GRAND FORKS woman, who butchered a man, pleads guilty of manslaughter in the first degree and will probably get seven years in prison.

JUDGE RISING of Denver denied the motion of Dr. Graves' counsel in arrest of judgment and sentenced the condemned man to be hanged within the two weeks begining Jan. 31.

AT Challis, Custer county, Idaho, in a quarrel over $8, L. Kestler stabbed George Jacoby. The latter then shot Kestler, killing him. Jacoby afterwards died. Both men were prominent.

FOREIGN NUGGETS.

RANDOLPH ROGERS, the American sculptor, died at Rome.

CARDINAL GIBBONS writes a letter strongly denouncing the Louisiana lottery.

FIVE persons were drowned through the capsizing of a boat in the harbor of St. Valery, France.

SILAS ITURBIDE, nephew of the late Emperor Iturbide, is dead in the city of Mexico. He was one of the most prominent civil engineers in Mexico.

A COMMERCIAL convention has been signed between Portugal and Brazil, by which special advantages are granted to Portuguese wines and Brazilian sugar.

The bishop of Chichester, England, has ordered the clergy of his diocese to offer especial prayers for the abatement of the prevailing epidemic of influenza.

THE sultan of Morocco has summoned to his presence the governor of Tangier, with a view to conceding the demands of the insurgents for the deposition of that official.

AT Berlin two students, named Broker and Gollman, have been sentenced to two months' confinement in a fortress for duelling.

IT is reported from Constantinople that by his personal influence, the sultan has succeeded in bringing about a satisfactory settlement of the Chadourne affair.

A FRESH uprising in favor of Garza occurs in the state of Chihuahua, Mexico. A fight takes place in which many are killed or fatally wounded.

A CUSTOMS convention between France, Norway and Sweden, which partially prolongs the commercial and navigation treaties at present existing between those countries, was signed recently.

THE negotiations between Spain and France for a treaty of commerce law have failed of result. After Feb. 1 next the maximum tariff of each country will be applied to imports from the other.

THE negotiations pending between France and Holland looking to the establishment of a commercial treaty between the two countries are upon the point of being concluded.

BARONESS MACDONALD of Earnscliffe has instructed her lawyer to demand from the Toronto Globe an immediate retraction of the alleged slander connecting her name with Northwest scandal.

HON. J. A. CHAPLEAU will resign his position as secretary of state in the Canadian cabinet immediately after the pending Quebec elections to fill numerous vacanies in the dominion house of commons.

MR. GLADSTONE wishes to return from the South of France to attend the funerals of the Duke of Clarence and Cardinal Manning, but his friends, anxious to prevent the risk of exposure to severe weather, have telegraphed him begging him not to come.

THE Paris Eclair publishes a dispatch from Sofia stating that fifty army officers have been arrested in that city on the charge of being implicated in a plot against the lives of Prince Ferdinand, the ruler of Bulgaria, and M. Stambuloff, the Bulgarian prime minister.

RAILROAD RUMBLINGS.

THE Burlington has been designated as the official route from St. Paul to St. Louis for delegates to the People's party convention.

THE directors of the Milwaukee, Lake Shore & Western declared a dividend of 3½ per cent on the preferred stock. This makes 7 per cent for 1891.

THE officials of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois deny most emphatically the report that the Mackey system has decided to discharge eighty agents and close up its many agencies in the South.

THE employes of the Pittsburg, Allegheny & Manchester Electric Traction company have struck against an increase in hours of labor. The various lines operated by this company are completely tied up.

THE Omaha has selected James Barker, general passenger agent of the Monon, as arbitrator in the appeal from Chairman Finley's decision fining that road in the case against the Milwaukee.

THE Chicago & Alton has begun improving its road bed and rolling stock with a particular view of benefitting its service during the world's fair. The company has decided to expend $500,000 for these purposes.

THE earnings of the Milwaukee for the first week in January were $568,636, an increase as compared with the corresponding week last year of $116,403. During the six months and one week dated from July 1, the earnings amounted to $18,121,671, an increase of $2,453,017.

WILLIAM ARMSTRONG has begun suit in Chicago to set aside an assignment of valuable patents made by the American Fire-Proof Steel Car company to the Columbia Steel Car company. The complainant is a stockholder in the former company, which has a capital stock of $1,500,000. He alleges that the transfer was illegally made and that the Columbia company has become involved in litigation and is doing no business under patents.

SPORTING TRIFLES.

CLARKSON will receive $8,300 next year, the last of a three years' contract.

PITCHER COBB of San Francisco, now signed with the Baltimores, won forty-two games out of sixty-eight last season.

LEFT-HANDED KILLEN of Milwaukee will probably be signed by "Billy" Barnie for Washington.

MARTIN DUKE, the well known young base ball player, has been signed by Chicago.

THE Olympic Club of New Orleans has offered Ted Pritchard his expenses to come to New Orleans to fight Bob Fitzsimmons for a purse of $12,000.

IT is said that Charley Jones will be one of the umpires on the staff of the big league. Gaffuey, Lynch, Mahoney, McQuade, Hurst, and Jones will likely make up the corps.

MIKE KELLY will remain in Boston, but Nash will captain the team. Kelly's contract calls for $5,000 a year. He will also receive a small per cent of all the club makes over $20,000.

THE prospect of a fight in New Orleans during mardi gras week between Hall and Fitzsimmons went glimmering the other night. Louis Housemann, agent for the Olympic club, offered Hall $500 for expenses and $500 for his signature to the agreement, the purse to be $8,000. Hall declined.

LABOR CIRCLE.

THE strike of the cab drivers in Paris is ended, the men having succeeded in forcing their employers to grant the demands, though in a somewhat modified form.

The agitation among the coal and iron and other workmen of Fifeshire, Scotland, is becoming so intense that it threatens to culminate in a strike of 12,000 men.

Meetings were held by the striking printers of Berlin, Leipsic, Dresden and other cities of Germany, at which it was finally resolved to close the protracted strike. A previous decision to the same effect was never enforced, but it is now definitely decided that the strike shall be forthwith declared off.

OTHERWISE.

JUDGE GRESHAM, in Chicago, has a thrilling experience with a lunatic.

A FALSE rumor that a flour trust was being formed in Minneapolis is sent out from New York.

THE Minneapolis board of trade talks of disbanding in consequence of financial difficulties.

SENATOR CANTOR introduced a bill in the New York senate appropriating $300,000 for a state exhibit at the world's fair.

BISHOP KEANE, rector of the new Catholic university at Washington, has accepted an invitation of the Yale Kent Club to deliver a lecture under its auspices next month.

THE suit instituted by the law and order league of Pittsburg, against the newsboys, news dealers and others for selling newspapers on Sunday, have been postponed.

AT a special meetnig of the stockholders of the Para Rubber Shoe Company, a committee was appointed to sell the plant at South Framingham, Mass.

THE second annual meeting of the American Association of Inventors and Manufacturers will be held in Washington, D. C., Jan. 19.

JAMES A. BAILEY, proprietor of the Barnum & Bailey shows, has purchased from Catherine A. Cooper, widow of the late James E. Cooper, the Adam Forepaugh shows.

THE 22nd annual report of the Ohio Soldiers' Orphans Home shows that there are 900 children at the institution and 205 maintained at the state's expense in the 22 county homes.

THE Cordeliz-Dunna Banking Company of Marshall, Mo., has suspended. The assets are $100,000; desposits, $90,000; borrowed money from various sources about $60,000.

THE heavy frosts of December were very destructive to both the fruit crops and the trees in the San Gabriel valley and around Riverside, Cal. Some estimate the loss at $1,000,000.

THE United States Potters' Association concluded its convention at Chicago. Price lists for the year were discussed but it was decided to leave the questions to local associations.

CHAIRMAN BRICE says there is no vacancy on the Democratic national committee, Mr. Kerr, of Pennsylvania, having been recognized and acted as the successor of the late W. L. Scott.

MARTIN MCCONAHA, the man who was arrested recently while demanding from Judge Gresham, of the federal court, at Chicago, $5,000, which he said Jay Gould had sent to him (MCCONAHA), was adjudged insane.

THE annual meeting of the American Sugar Refining company was held in New York. The most important result of the meeting was the unanimous decision of the stockholders to increase the stock of the company to $25,000,000.

BISHOP KEENE, rector of the new Catholic university at Washington, has accepted an invitation of the Yale club to deliver a lecture under its auspices next month. The appearance of a Catholic churchman will be an event of importance in the college community.

MORTIMER MCROBERTS, of Chicago, who has the contract to furnish all the dynamite cartridges for the United States army and navy, said that his factory, which is located at Dubuque, has put on a double force of workmen and is working night and day, turning out their product.

IT is again reported that negotiations between Italy and the United States for the re-establishment of relations are making good progress. It is said that the negotiations have taken place at Rome, and the affair may be expected to be completed soon.

THE State Farmers' Alliance of Pennsylvania has recently closed a two days' convention and elected the following officers: President, J. H. Riley, Mercer; vice-president, G. W. Dawson, Beaver; secretary-treasurer, J. H. Pizor, Butler; delegates to national convention, Chicago, Jan. 27, George D. Brown, Lawrence, and G. W. Moore, Erie.

Second-Hand Teeth.

Of all the odd trades in New York city that unearthed by a Telegram reporter the other day is the most peculiar. On a sidewalk stand in Vesey street, below Church, a shrewd dealer had displayed a heap of second-hand artificial teeth. In reply to an inquiry he said: "Yes, at times I sell a great many sets of these teeth. Where I mostly get them is at pawnbrokers' sales. I buy them for 10, 20 or 30 cents, and sell them sometimes for $3. I have had old men and old women—poor people, of course—walk up to my stand, pick out a set, examine them, try them, and immediately purchase, saying that they were fitted better than a dentist could suit them. An old man purchased an upper set from me last winter, and he was so well pleased with them that he brought his wife here last week to get a set. I had none at the time, and he promised to call this week. A person might as well save a few dollars in buying teeth as in any other way. Take them home, wash them, and they are just as good as new—in fact, better, for they have been 'broken in.'"

THE NORTHWEST.

A Summary of the Important Events of the Week in the Northwestern States.

Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, North and South Dakota News in a Nutshell.

MINNESOTA.

Scarlet fever has broken out at the Houston county poorhouse, three miles west of Hokah. The place is quarantined.

The Granite Falls council fixed the license at $500 and $750. Three saloons must pay a higher rate.

The Pelican Rapids train was thrown from the track at Fergus Falls by a broken rail. The damage was not as great as the recent one when four cars were damaged.

The man Simple, who so mysteriously disappeared from Dundas, some time ago, returned as mysteriously as he went. Nothing can be obtained from him.

Gluck & Co., liquor dealers of Minneapolis, have levied on the saloon and fixtures of John Carlson, of St. Cloud. Carlson's brother disputes their right to levy as he has a chattel mortgage on the same.

Mrs. M. E. Sibley, wife of the Mankato postmaster during Lincoln's administration, died the other day. Death resulted from a surgical operation performed several months ago.

Fire broke out in the residence of J. H. Rhodes in Little Falls and was extinguished with difficulty. The household goods were badly damaged by would-be rescuers. The damage was several hundred dollars.

Herman Pohlman, indicted for manslaughter in the first degree for the killing of Fred Tang of Taylor's Falls, was sentenced at Center City by Judge F. M. Crosby to five years in state prison.

Michael Glynn, C. Steensburg and Thos. Kearns are still being examined by Justice Utley at Montevideo, on the charge of rape. It is believed the evidence is insufficient to hold the prisoners.

At a meeting of the directors of the German National Bank, held at Little Falls, John Wetzel, an old time citizen and druggist of that place, was elected cashier. The new banking firm starts out with flattering prospects.

Livengood & Swearinge's big steam grist mill was burned at Fairmont, together with $2,000 worth of flour. Loss, $15,000; insurance, $2,000. The cause of the fire is unknown. The mill will be immediately rebuilt on a larger scale.

The jury in the case of Herrick vs. the city of Moorhead for $15,000 damages, claimed to result from a defective street, brought in a verdict for the plaintive of $800. The city attorney has taken a stay of sixty days.

Joe Smith of Lake City, and Patsy Harrington of St. Paul will fight to a finish with the lightest gloves allowed by law, at Plum City, Wis., on Feb. 6 for a purse of $500. Smith is being trained by Tim McCarthy of St. Paul, with quarters at Hotel Lyon.

The St. Louis depot at Mankato, with all the contents, including books, etc., went up in smoke the other morning. Two loaded cars standing on the sidetrack, were also burned. The fire was not discovered until too late to save anything. The cause is unknown.

The first annual meeting of the Minnesota Valley Mutual Live Stock Insurance company was held at the home office of the company in Le Sueur. There was a large attendance. A full board of directors were elected. All the old officers will be retained.

La grippe is still raging in and around Northfield, and the first death has occurred. The Cannon City correspondent reports nearly everybody in that vicinity as down with the disease, and says that Mr. A. Kelly has died of it. At Medford and Nerstrand a number of people are also seriously ill.

Mr. L. P. Hunt, editor and manager of the Free Press and superintendent of the world's fair commission of Minnesota, is making another tour of the state in his effort to raise the $100,000 fund, and writes that he is highly encouraged with what he sees and hears, and has not the least doubt but that the amount will be forthcoming in due season.

C. D. Wright of Fergus Falls who was appointed to receive aid for the Russian sufferers, has received nearly $700 and it has all come in sums of $5 or less, the larger portion in sums of less than $1. Many townships have not been heard from, but it is thought that the contribution of Otter Tail county will reach $1,000. The Scandinavians have contributed nearly all of it, outside of the city.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Agnes Baldwin, who butchered Jack Kinney July 10, 1890, at Devils Lake, was arraigned for her second trial. She pleaded guilty to manslaugter, and will receive a sentence of seven years. She has been in jail over a year and a half.

The new Great Northern passenger station was formerly opened at Grand Forks. The building is 56 by 146 feet, built of stone, two stories, surmounted by a high tower with a clock. The station is the finest on the line of the Great Northern.

The new Lutheran college, opened at Grand Forks, is proving a success far beyond the anticipations of the projectors. One hundred new students were enrolled, and many more made application. The large new buildings erected prove far too small.

Seven cases of diphtheria, some of them fatal, exist at Inkster in one house. Much other disease also prevails. Influenza is the chief trouble, caused by the severe cold weather. Doctors Logan and Wheelock of Grand Forks and Dr. Lundy of Inkster are all kept busy.

The report that Rev. R. J. Crum of Larimore is to be tried for having illegal relations with the other sex is incorrect. The fact is that Crum divorced his wife and married another woman, both acts being contrary to church law. It is on this charge that he will be tried.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

The state board of agriculture met recently for the election of officers and the location of the state fair for 1892. The present officers were re-elected. Sioux Falls was selected as the place for the fair.

The prominent lumbermen of the Black Hills met in secret session there and organized a trust, fixing and controlling the price of lumber throughout the Hills for the year.

Walt Hoffman, Alex Reneck and Smythe were sentenced at Elk Point to pay a fine of $150. They have appealed the case. They are now in jail. They were convicted of criminal assault on a lady.

A little girl while skating on the Missouri river, near Pierre, fell into an air hole and immediately went under the ice. The current of the river carried her down for 12 feet, when she came to the surface at another air hole and was miraculously rescued by a fellow with a grapling hook.

The South Dakota Real Estate Association held a session at Yankton for the purpose of adopting a plan for inducing immigration to this state. Every real estate dealer of any prominence in the state was in attendance and much good is expected to come out of their labors. A boom edition of 1,000 pamphlets was ordered printed.

Another heir to a fortune in England has turned up in this vicinity. George Dixon, living on a farm near Pierre, is one of a family of eight who have fallen heir to an estate in England, said to be worth $15,000,000. Dixon is a quiet sort of a fellow, and don't have much to say about his good luck. He expects to leave for England shortly to take possession.

The jury which was impanneled at Deadwood to try the condemned murderer, Lehman as to his sanity, returned a verdict, finding him sane, which means that his execution, which had been deferred from the 8th in order to determine whether he was really insane or not, will take place later on. The date has not been definitely set yet.

WISCONSIN.

Aaron Kellogg, of Albany, passed away at the age of 88 years.

Miss Lizzie M. Weatherby, of Shullsburg, while attempting to get off a moving train, fell and broke her leg above the knee.

Bernard Malloy, of Fond du Lac, who was recently injured in a wreck in Chicago, died from the effects of his injuries.

Frank Clements was bound over to the circuit court at Shell Lake, charged with alleged assault upon 12-year-old Cora Gay.

The Garrity-Officer trial at Oshkosh for "ringing" horses, has again been postponed, this time until May 31.

The church people and Citizens' Association at Racine have commenced another war against the saloons.

The Leadmine Mining Company, near Shullsburg, has sold $120,000 worth of ore during the past four years.

County Treasurer Burdick at Janesville had to borrow $3,000 to meet the bills against the county. The county will be asked to appropriate an additional $5,000.

John Darby, charged with shooting Bernard Fish at East Superior, and who was arrested in Indiana and taken to Superior, has been released on $1,000 bail.

Hal Lummis, a graduate of Lawrence University at Appleton, has been made principal of an educational institution near Atlanta, Ga.

Four Indians at Green Bay smashed the glass door and windows of the saloon owned by F. P. Gross, because they were refused liquor.

A divorce was granted by the circuit court at Oshkosh to Mary Messersmith from her husband. The parties live in Menasha.

A hunting party killed a large grey wolf near Ripon. It had been playing havoc with the sheep in that vicinity.

Charles Peters, of Abrams, Oconto County was struck by a falling tree at Corliss, breaking his arm and right leg, and crushing him badly. His recovery is doubtful.

IOWA.

Dr. J. S. Roonn, of Calmar, is suffering intensely from blood poisoning in his hands, the result of attending an erysipelas patient.

A disastrous explosion occurred at Phillips's coal mine at Diamond. The boiler burst, fatally injuring the pit boss, John Ryan, and Fireman Harris.

Wm. McCarty, a brakeman, has sued the Burlington and Quincy road at Burlington for $30,000 damages for injuries received on that road.

Matthew Barr, a farmer aged 77, walked off a Burlington train near Independence while at full speed, lying 1½ hours in the storm before found. He died from his injuries.

Two tramps, just out of jail, knocked down and robbed a pensioner named McGingan on the public streets at Creston. They were immediately arrested and will be prosecuted when their victim gets sober.

M. V. Robinson, for the past 15 years one of the leading dry goods dealers of Mason City, assigned to C. H. McNider. The liabilities will reach $18,000; assets, $13,000. An effort will be made to adjust the matter and have the business continued.

The Retail Clerks' Union inaugurated a war on all shops open for business at Sioux City. A committee visited the barber, butcher and cigar shops and clothing houses. Jacob Feldenheimer, a leading clothier, refused to close, and was immediately arrested for violating Sunday laws. The union has resolved to close all shops.

Mrs. Louisa Grimsby, one of the few lady lawyers in the world who have succeeded in attaining wealth in the practice of their chosen profession, has been missing for several days from Keokuk. Everything possible has been done to locate the lady by her friends, assisted by the chief of police, which so far have proved fruitless.

Volcanoes and Petroleum.

It is frequently observed that some of the most destructive and fearful agencies of nature are at the same time lavish in their gifts for the benefit of man. A volcano seems to be the very personification of the power of devastation, and yet according to recent investigations it seems probable that we may owe our possession of the gem that has in every age dazzled the imagination more than any other, the diamond, to the productive energy of volcanoes.

But another and far more useful gift has of late been ascribed to the agency of volcanic action, and that is petroleum.

The origin of the vast supplies of mineral oil that exist in various parts of the world has always been more or less of a mystery to geologists, but Mr. O. C. D. Ross thinks he has demonstrated that this oil has been produced by the action of volcanic gases on limestone.

This process he believes, is still going on wherever solfataras and fumaroles, or mud and steam vents, exist, so that the supply of petroleum, although it may become exhausted in some places, is being kept up by fresh formation elsewhere.

Quick-Witted Engineer.

Among Mr. Grundy's "Pictures of the Past" is one of a small, irascible captain of the royal navy, who for some inexplicable reason had been made the manager of the Manchester and Leeds Railway, then newly opened for a few miles from Manchester.

This violent little naval officer issued a pamphlet of instructions to the men, a portion of which was devoted to engine-drivers. Thrilling stories of the result of want of caution abounded.

In those early days, wherever the character of the country favored it, the rails were laid, not upon wooden sleepers, as was soon found more desireable, but upon square, bedded blocks of stone.

The captain's story went that some careless workmen had left one of these blocks of stone in dangerous proximity to the line of rails. Now mark the advantage of the cautious engineer.

He saw the great block, and knew the danger, so "he put his engine as much as possible on the other rail, and just missed the stone, otherwise he must have hit it!"

Curiosity Rebuked.

A man was on trial in a southwestern State for a very grave offence. The jury were slow in coming to an agreement, and many people were waiting about to know the verdict. At this stage of affairs a colored bailiff came out of the jury-room and hastened down one of the corridors.

"Hold on! hold on!" called out a man who was waiting. "Has the jury agreed?"

"Yis, dey done agreed," said the bailiff, grinning.

"What's the verdict?"

"Well, boss," said the bailiff, "ye see 'twas dis erway: Dey was some on 'em' wanted sandwitches, an' some on 'em wanted pie; an' bum by dey done 'greed dey'd hab some crackers 'n' chesse, an' dey sen' me out fer to fotch 'em!"

Nothing to Crow About.

Little Arthur was visiting his grandmother, who owned a large rooster that was possessed of fighting qualities. Arthur went out to feed the chickens, when the rooster flew at him, pecking him severely.

Arthur beat him off as well as he could, and finally got away and ran to the house. Some time later he was playing on the porch, when the rooster flew upon an adjoining fence and crowed lustily. Arthur looked up and exclaimed.

"You lie, you lie, you didn't lick me! I runned!"

JERRY SIMPSON has a great deal of fun poked at him, because as the jokers say, he does not wear any socks. The story can be shown to be without foundation by the testimony of a reporter who called upon him at his boarding-house the other night. When Mr. Simpson responded to the call he wore a beautiful smoking jacket, lisle thread hose and embroidered slippers.

THERE is none of the grand dame or the haughty heiress of a Vere de Vere about Princess Victoria Mary of Teck. She has her mother's fine spirits, and a lively, jolly and amiable.

ON THE CROSSING

A Sleigh Containing Twenty-Two Pleasure Seekers Struck by a Train in St. Louis.

Eight of the Unfortunates Killed Outright, Their Bodies Being Mangled Beyond Recognition.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 20.—This evening a party of twenty-two started out for an evening of enjoyment of the sleighing furnished by the recent heavy fall of snow. Of these eight are now in the morgue and nearly all the rest are in the hospital.

The party was made up of members of the Clover Leaf Fishing club, a social organization of white waiters in some of the leading restaurants. They were all in one conveyance, a large four-horse sleigh. After an evening's drive they went to the Delmonico, a roadhouse near Forest Park. Partaking of a lunch the party reassembled for the return home. The drive was commenced with gaiety, but a few minutes later, at the Sarah street crossing of the Wabash railroad, the accident occurred.

A Wabash special train, chartered by a local Legion of Honor lodge, was returning from an evening spent at Ferguson, thirteen miles out. The train, in charge of Engineer James Blanchfield, Fireman Murphy and Conductor R. Dalton, was moving some twenty-five miles an hour, tender first. Owing to this last fact, the engineer did not see the sleighing party until fairly upon them. The tender struck between the pole horses and the sleigh, killing two of the horses and throwing the occupants of the sleigh in every direction. So great was the shock that two of the injured were afterwards found on top of the cab. The train was stopped within 300 yards of the crossing and returned to the scene where the Legion of Honor excursionists aided in gathering up the dead and wounded.

By this time the mounted police of the district were on hand, and, taking charge, they ordered the dead and wounded placed upon the train. This was done and all taken to the union depot, whence the wounded were taken to St. Mary's infirmary and the dead to the morgue. The dead number eight. But five of their names are known, viz.: Frederick Neubert, Gus Neubert, Will Krone, J. Schaefle, E. Von Behren.

The remaining three are awaiting identification. Andrew Stephenson, colored, driver of the team, is missing. At this hour it is impossible to get the names of all the wounded. Three of them, however, are: H. Wagner, Charles Fay and Dan Brassart. It is believed that at least four of the wounded will die, but their condition is now so serious as to preclude measures of identification before the surgeons are through with them.

Lo far as can be learned the following is a list of the killed:

Frederick Neubert, J. C. Schieffle, Gustave Neubert, William Krone, James Connors, E. Van Behren, Al Muller, Andy Stephenson, colored driver.

The Champion Sleeper.

WILKESBERRE, Pa., Jan. 20.—At the Retreat poor house, near this city, a Pole named John Mica has been sleeping for thirteen months and shows no signs of waking up. He was taken there from Wilkesbarre city hospital about fourteen months ago. The sleeper opens his eyes occasionally to take a little nourishment, but immediately draws his head under the covers and falls into a comatose condition. The case has not been explained.

Word From Relatives Wanted.

BRECKENRIDGE, Minn., Jan. 20.—Louis Legree, who was shot by Kempfer, once lived in St. Paul. He has numerous and influential relatives there. He took land on the Sisseton reservation five years ago, but was not on the roll at the reservation for pay. The patent for his land is in Attorney Everdell's office here. The body will be buried to-morrow if no word from St. Paul is received.

A Mental Wreck.

BISMARCK, N. D., Special Telegram, Jan. 20.—Dr. Benjamin F. Slaughter was to-day examined by the insanity commissioners and ordered sent to the asylum at Jamestown. He was in early days government surgeon at Fort Lincoln and Camp Hancock, and was well educated, but of late years he has succumbed to the use of stimulants.

A Crash in Tin.

BOSTON, Jan. 20.—F. C. Davenport, importer of tin plate, sheet iron and metals, has assigned. Liabilities $200,000, of which about $100,000 is due to J. B. Moore & Co., who are abundantly secured by tin plate imported in anticipation of the benefits from raising the tin plate duty under the McKinley bill.

Anxious to Fight Chilians.

SAN DIEGO, Cal. Jan. 20.—Gen. D. E. Coon, who a few days ago wired the president for permission to organize company of civil war veterans for service in Chile, to-day opened a recruiting office and secured signatures of a large number of citizens, both veterans and otherwise, who are ready to go on the first transport.

A Communication by Freight.

DES MOINES, Jan. 20.—Adjt. Gen. George Greene has received reliable advices from Washington that a communication is on the way to Gov. Boies from the war department asking the number and equipment of Iowa militia available for immediate service. Twenty-six thousand men can be mobilized at Des Moines within twenty-four hours.

Children Burned to Death.

BABCOCK, Wis., Jan. 20.—At Vespers, twenty miles north of here, three children of a Swede, name unknown, were locked in the house by their parents. They overturned a lamp and fired the building, and the three, aged six, four and two years, were burned to death.

A Bakery Destroyed.

BRAINERD, Minn., Special Telegram, Jan. 20.—W. S. Hill's bakery was destroyed by fire to-night. The loss is $1,500; insured.

Winter Wheat.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—The present condition of winter wheat is summarized in the Farmers' Review, which gives the condition of winter wheat in Illinois and Indiana as in good condition. Ohio is slightly below that in the two previously named states. In Michigan the outlook is encouraging. Kentucky reports a fair prospect. Kansas, 18 per cent of the counties give the condition as average. Nebraska, somewhat better than Kansas. Missouri, many counties report condition as good. In Wisconsin, 35 per cent of the correspondents report good, 40 per cent, fair. Iowa's reports are generally good.

Cardinal Manning's Successor.

LONDON, Special.—A fierce contest will be waged with the Vatican on the appointment of a successor to Cardinal Manning. English Catholics desire the appointment of Bishop Vaughan, who is a Unionist, but the Irish party opposes him, preferring the bishop of Portsmouth.

Will Be Buried at Red Wing.

RED WING, Minn., Special.—The remains of Gen. Brisbin are expected to arrive here from Philadelphia Saturday or Sunday. The time of the funeral has not yet been determined. The body will be buried here, and not at Minneapolis, as has been stated.

Imprisonment and Fine.

CRESTON, Iowa, Special—One year ago the Fontannel bank of Fontannel, Iowa, failed, owing the depositors about $40,000. Wesley Taylor and E. A. Jackson, as officers of the bank, were indicted by the grand jury and arrested, and at the finishing of their trials yesterday at Greenfield, Adair county, were found guilty of receiving deposits after having knowledge of the bank's insolvency, and Judge Henderson sentenced them each to four months in the county jail and to pay a fine of $500. A. E. Jackson is a son of James Jackson, a prominent stock dealer of Chicago.

Badly in Debt.

PHILADELPHIA, Special.—The assignee is to-day making an examination of the books of Joseph Coates & Co., the cotton firm which failed yesterday. No definite statement of assets and liabilities has been prepared, but it is understood that the amount involved is over $1,000,000.

BALTIMORE, Special—Judge Phelps, in circuit court, began this afternoon to hear a petition for a receiver of the Baltimore Publishing company. Replevins are pouring in, and it is rumored that at least one other house will suspend.

Partners Could Not Agree.

MILWAUKEE, Special—Partnership trouble led to the appointment of a receiver for the trunk manufactory of Abel, Batch & Fitzgerald. The firm employes 260 skilled hands and nine traveling men, and owns a plant valued at $212,728.99.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Rev. Father Anderledy, the Jesuit general, is dead in Rome.

The czarina has entirely recovered from the attack of influenza from which she has been suffering.

The pope is suffering from an attack of influenza, but his private physician says there is no cause for anxiety.

The blizzard in Texas continues. The loss to cattle men by stock freezing to death will foot up at least $1,000,000.

At Toledo, Ohio, early yesterday morning, fire destroyed the Robinson Electric Street railway barn, a huge brick structure, with thirty-five electric motor cars. Loss, $150,000.

The R. S. Dikle Manufacturing company of Chicago has made an assignment. The business of the company was the manufacture of labels. The assets are placed at $160,000; liabilities, $60,000.

George T. Hubbell, teller of the Bank of Ottawa, has been placed under arrest in his own house, where he is lying ill with the grip, on a charge of having defrauded the bank to the extent of $7,000.

Rudyard Kipling, the well known story writer, was married in London Sunday to Miss Balestier, sister of the young American novelist, Wolcott Balestier, who died recently at Dresden from typhoid fever.

George Theodore Berthon, the oldest of Canadian portrait painters, is dead in Toronto. He painted all the gubernatorial portraits in the government house, and portraits of all eminent Ontario judges. He was eighty-six years of age.

Reports from many points in Missouri, Illinois, Arkansas, Texas and Louisiana state that blinding snow storms have raged for the last twenty-four hours and that all business is at a standstill. Severe weather generally prevails.

Warren Springer, one of the wealthiest manufacturers in Chicago, has been held criminally responsible by a coroner's jury for the death of five of his workmen in a boiler explosion a week ago. A mittimus for Mr. Springer's arrest was at once issued. The charge is gross carelessness and negligence.

VERDICT OF GUILTY.

Senator Quay Wins His Criminal Libel Suit.

BEAVER, Pa., Jan. 20.—Taylor Faunce of Philadelphia, an expert accountant, was the first witness called in the Quay libel suit to-day. He had examined the books of the Keystone bank. A deficiency of $1,500,000 was found. Senator Quay's name was upon the books only in the matter of certificate.

The question was raised by the prosecution as to the nature of the publications. The court said in reply that there is a distinct line between a privileged communication and a privileged occasion. The view of the court was that the occasion was privileged but the communication was not. The jury, after being out twenty minutes, returned a verdict of guilty. The penalty is a fine not to exceed $1,000 or imprisonment, or both. The defendants were permitted to depart, their bail being continued. Senator Quay and the Eastern witnesses took the first train for Pittsburg, where the libel suit against the Post will be tried to-morrow.

Convention of Workmen.

ANACONDA, Mont., Special Telegram, Jan. 20.—Two hundred delegates, representing more than 7,000 members of the Knights of Labor, miners' union and thirty other different workingmen's unions, and delegates from Farmers' Alliances throughout Montana assembled here yesterday for the purpose of organizing a People's party and discussing the feasibility of putting a ticket in the field the coming election. Meetings yesterday and this forenoon were behind closed doors. This afternoon's meeting was open. Resolutions were introduced to form a third party, but after a lively discussion was carried over till to-morrow. Many speeches were made in which the plans of labor unions were advanced, looking to the control of the coming election without forming a third party and endorsing third party or councils of Montana where the Farmers Alliance is strong. The meeting will be continued to-morrow, when it is expected a decision will be reached.

Many Misfortunes.

SPRING VALLEY, Minn., Jan. 20.—A series of calamities has befallen the family of Frank Ostrander. Some time ago Mr. Ostrander cut his leg badly, being confined to his bed ever since. That evening his wife, who was in a delicate condition, went to the barn to milk and was kicked by the cow across the barn. She crawled unaided to the house and gave birth to twins, who died shortly, for the want of attention. The mother soon followed them. The father attempted to go to his wife's assistance and in doing so, started his leg to bleeding and soon bled to death.

A Collision.

JANESVILLE, Wis., Jan. 20.—The vestibuled train from St. Paul to Chicago on the Northwestern struck a freight between Clinton and Sharon this morning. Two of the last cars of the freight were demolished and burned and the engine of the passenger train somewhat damaged. The engineer stuck to his post and prevented a loss of life by applying the air brakes and reversing his engine. Fireman Murphy jumped and was badly hurt, he being the only one on either train who was injured in any way.

Inhaled Gas.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—John W. Hood, president of the Iowa State National Bank of Sioux City, Iowa, died to-day at the Dowling hotel from inhaling gas that escaped from the jets in his room. The hotel people deny reports that they did not call in a physician until too late, supposing the case not serious. They declare it a suicide. Others believe that Hood unwittingly fumbled the thumbscrew in putting out the light. He was seventy years old.

Instead of being from Sioux City Mr. Hood is said to have lived at Osceola. An inquest will be held to-morrow.

Incorrect Boundary Line.

SPOKANE, Wash., Jan. 20.—The mistake in boundary line that has been alleged to have been found by ex-Senator McConnell of Idaho proves to have in it a big sensation. Should the change in boundaries prove correct, the towns of Spokane, Colfax, Palouse and a large portion of Spokane and Whitman counties will be in Idaho. McConnell claims that the line between Washington and Idaho is thirty miles too far east. He is going at once to Washington, D. C., to make arrangements for a resurvey.

A Boarding House in Ashes.

BRAINERD, Minn., Special Telegram, Jan. 20.—The Schultz boarding house, owned by A. Otto, burned to-night, despite the combined efforts of the entire fire department. Loss, $2,500, covered by insurance.

Many Seriously Ill.

HURON, S. D., Special Telegram, Jan. 20.—Grip has been making deep inroads in the population of this city during the past five days. Over 100 cases have already been reported, mostly among adults. The list includes merchants, lawyers, preachers, editors, government officials and representatives of every walk in life. At the present rate the situation will soon become alarming. Some of the cases are regarded very serious.

CHATFIELD, Minn., Special, Jan. 1.—Many in this vicinity are afflicted with grip, and a number of old people have died.

A Judgment Entered.

MANKATO, Minn., Special.—The end of the Marsh failure, which occurred in November, is not yet. A judgment has been entered against Charles M. and John Q. A. Marsh, in the sum of $4,670, in favor of the Citizens' National bank of this city. Mr. Charles Marsh is supposed to be in Kentucky, not having been seen here since his father's failure, while J. Q. A. Marsh is quite ill.

Buried With Honors.

MANKATO, Minn., Special.—William Matthews, one of the old Minnesota Mounted Rangers, who did valiant service for his country in time of war, was buried to-day with honors befitting the character of the man.

Could Not Hold Him.

LE MARS, Iowa, Special Telegram.—John Butler, who was arrested for obtaining money on false pretenses, was discharged to-day, the justice holding that the state has no cause for action. Butler was the party who was arrested in Chicago some time ago and brought to Le Mars a few days ago on the complaint of a local bank, which had cashed one of his checks on the Midland Elevator Company of Sioux City. Butler was vice president and manager of a company which was operating a line of elevators along the Sioux City & Northern. Butler claimed the other members of the firm were trying to freeze him out, and in order to protect himself and secure his share of the profits he drew checks to the amount of about $5,000 and had them cashed at local banks along the line and appropriated the proceeds. This the company claims he had no right to do and had him prosecuted for obtaining money on false pretenses.

Pugilists in Training.

LAKE CITY, Minn., Special.—Much interest is being taken by the sporting men of this section in the fight to a finish which is to come off at Plum City, Wis., on Feb. 6, between Joe Smith of this city and Patsy Harrington of St. Paul. Under the able handling of Tim McCarthy of St. Paul as trainer, Smith is likely to be in first-class condition by the day of the contest. Among others, McCarthy has trained Denny Kelliher of Boston, Joe Ellingsworth of the Pacific coast, and Pat Killen. As a part of Smith's training he takes a six mile run every morning.

DEATH OF A PRINCE

Duke of Clarence, Heir Presumptive to England's Throne, Succumbs to an Attack of Pneumonia.

Great Sorrowing Throughout England Caused by the Sudden Death of One of the Royal Scions.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The duke of Clarence and Avondale, eldest son of the Prince of Wales and heir presumptive to the throne of England, died this morning.

The most distressing scenes had occurred at the bedside of the dying prince yesterday and last night. Since midnight on Tuesday Prince Albert Victor was either delirious or wholly unconscious save for a few minutes now and then. During his lucid intervals he was most tender and affectionate to his parents and the others who were at his bedside.

PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR.

Between 7 and 8 o'clock last night the condition of the sufferer grew so bad that the usual bulletin was delayed, as it was feared that the end would come at any moment. Soon afterward he became better, and toward midnight he fell into a sleep, which, while it was disturbed, was more quiet than usual.

At 2 o'clock this morning he again became worse, and the members of the family, who had withdrawn from the room, were hastily summoned. They all remained at the bedside until death occurred. The prince of Wales sent the following telegram to the lord mayor of London:

Our beloved son passed away at 9 o'clock today. ALBERT EDWARD.

The news of the death of the duke of Clarence has caused widespread grief, and already demonstrations of the public feeling are everywhere apparent. On all public buildings flags are displayed at half-mast, and throughout the whole of London the sad intelligence has been received with expressions of the deepest sorrow.

When the solemn tolling of the great bells in St. Paul's cathedral were heard this morning they conveyed to every one within hearing of their deep-mouthed booming the fact that the duke of Clarence and Avondale had passed away. The bells in St. Paul's are never tolled save on the occasion of the death of an heir to the throne, and there was no other information was necessary for the people of London to make them aware that, after a gallant struggle, the duke had finally succumbed.

WORN OUT BY WATCHING.

Both the prince and the princess of Wales look haggard and worn out by their continued watching by the bedside of their son. It will be remembered that they both had not yet entirely covered from the labor entailed upon them through the recent sickness of Prince George. The princess of Wales, it will be recalled, cut short her visit to the czar and czarina, in order to return to London to minister to Prince George, and it was only a few days ago that Prince George, being convalescent, the entire family of the prince of Wales left the Marlborough house and went to Sandringham. The prince and princess of Wales are in the deepest distress and nothing can afford them consolation for the loss they have sustained.

The condition of Princess May is pitiable. She wanders from room to room, weeping bitterly. She cannot be made to stay in one place for two minutes together, and she appears to be dazed at the sudden taking off of her betrothed husband. She refuses altogether to touch food, and her terrible distress and wordless sorrow is causing much apprehension regarding her.

The prince of Wales would allow no one to write the telegrams announcing the death of his son to the queen, the lord mayor and the various other sovereigns. He reserved to himself this task, and all these messages he wrote with his own hand.

The telegraph wires leading from Sandringham were kept busy all the morning in transmitting the messages from the family of the prince. This afternoon messages of condolence began pouring in, and already such messages have been received from the most of the rulers of the world. Many messages have also been received at Osborne house. The government is also receiving official messages from the prime ministers of many countries.

QUEEN VICTORIA SHOCKED.

The queen remained up quite late last night waiting for news from Sandringham. The last dispatch she received before retiring was from the prince of Wales. It said: "Eddie is still in a critical condition, but his strength is well maintained."

This was somewhat encouraging, and her majesty thereupon retired. She was very anxious, however, and early this morning she arose and asked or the messages that had been received while she slept. The messages that had been sent to Osborne house early in the morning were unfavorable, and in a measure prepared her majesty for the blow in store for her. Though she was hoping against hope the announcement of the duke's death, which came in a message signed simply "Bertie," was a great shock to her majesty. Prince Albert Victor was, and always had been, her favorite grandson, and his untimely death was a most severe blow to her. She immediately telegraphed a long message of sympathy to the prince and princess of Wales. She did not forget in her own sorrow the sorrow that has come to Princess May, whose love dream has been rudely shattered by the hand of death. To her her majesty sent a message condoling with her in her sorrow and distress, and in loving words expressed her sympathy.

She at once ordered the duke of Connaught to proceed at once to Sandringham to represent her there. She also ordered that the court go into full mourning for three months and canceled all the "drawing rooms" and state levees.

Her majesty announced that the funeral of the duke would be a state function and that it would be held in St. George's chapel, Windsor palace. It was in this chapel that the marriage of the duke to Princess Victoria Maria was to have taken place Feb. 27 next.

The Employes Satisfied.

MANKATO, Minn., Special, Jan. 15.—The Standard fiber ware works last year promised to give their employes 3 per cent of their year's earnings, and yesterday presented each hand a personal check for the amount. In a conversation with the manager, M. G. Willard, he said: "We want to show our appreciation of the excellency of the work of our people, and desiring to be in touch with each one, we have made this plan, fully believing it will work to the interest of employers and employes."

The fifty or more hands employed have written an open letter showing the feeling existing, and on the whole it is a very satisfactory one.

GRAINS OF GOLD.

Envious men grow lean at the success of their neighbors.

The manly part is to do with might and main what you can do.

He who will not answer to the rudder must answer to the rocks.

It is hard to get people to look themselves squarely in the face.

Trials do not weaken us. They only show us that we are weak.

CONGRESS.

Proceedings of the House and Senate.

TUESDAY, JAN. 12.

SENATE.

Among the departmental and other communications laid before the senate by the vice-president, was an agreement for the cession of their lands made with the Shoshone and Arapahoes Indians of the Wind River reservation in Wyoming, the Indians of the Pyramid Lake reservation, and the Kickapoo Indians of Oklahoma. Referred to the committee on Indian affairs.

Mr. Dolph, from the committee on coast defences, reported a bill for the purchase of sites for fortifications and also a bill to provide for fortifications and other sea coast defences, and they were placed on the calendar.

The senate passed the following bills:

To authorize the construction of a bridge across the Red river of the North, at Drayton, N. D.

To establish a life saving station at or near the mouth of Rogue River, Ore.

Appropriating $325,000 for the construction of two United States revenue cutters for service on the Pacific coast.

HOUSE.

The bill introduced in the house by Representative Harter, of Iowa, for the consolidation of the customs commission districts, authorizes the secretary of the treasury to consolidate the districts so that their number shall be reduced.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 13.

SENATE.

Among the bills reported from committees and placed on the senate calender yesterday were the following: To establish a first-order light house at North Head, Cape Disappointment, Washington. Appropriating $150,000 for a public building at Cheyenne, Wyo.

Senator Kyle introduced a joint resolution to amend the constitution on the subject of marriage and divorce. He is aiming to stop the abuses of the divorce law and have uniformity on the subject.

Senator Washburn introduced a bill for the relief of George F. Brett.

Senator Hansbrough introduced a resolution calling on the postmaster general for information relative to the extension of the free delivery system to the rural districts.

HOUSE.

Mr. Holman introduced a resolution to the effect that it was the sense of the house that no subsidies be granted and all appropriations except for actual expense of the government be not allowed. It created considerable discussion and was laid over till tomorrow.

On motion of Mr. Diand, of Missouri, a resolution was adopted by the house yesterday calling on the secretary of the treasury for information as to whether at any time since the 4½ per cent bonds became due there has been sufficient funds in the treasury to pay the same, and if so by what authority he has assumed to continue such bonds at 2 per cent and why the same were not paid at the time they were due.

THURSDAY, JAN. 14.

SENATE.

Among the bills introduced in the senate today were the following:

By Mr. Vest—For the improvement of the Mississippi river from its mouth to the mouth of the Ohio river. It appropriates $11,000,000 for the purpose, to be expended under the direction of the secretary of war.

By Mr. Cullom—To promote the safety of employes and travelers by compelling common carriers engaged in interstate commerce to equip their cars with automatic couplers and continuous brakes and their locomotives with driving wheel brakes.

By Mr. Wilson—For two additional associated justices of the supreme court in Utah.

HOUSE.

Most of the day was consumed in a discussion of the resolution introduced yesterday by Mr. Holman.

The matter was finally laid over till tomorrow and the house adjourned.

FRIDAY, JAN. 15.

SENATE.

Not in session.

HOUSE.

Mr. Holman's retrenchment resolution was passed by the house.

Representative Hermann, of Oregon, introduced a bill yesterday appropriating $414,000 for the construction of a portage railway around The Dalles, on the Columbia river.

Representative Alderson, of West Virginia, yesterday introduced a resolution in the house to appoint a committee of seven members to investigate certain charges brought against the management of the census office.

SATURDAY JAN. 16.

SENATE.

Not in session.

HOUSE.

Not in session.

MONDAY JAN. 18.

SENATE.

Senator Davis to-day presented a petition of the State of Minnesota asking for the forfeiture of certain Hastings & Dakota lands in the western part of the state, claiming that the rights of settlers would be greatly enhanced were this action taken by congress.

The senate passed the house bill fixing the times for holding district and circuit courts of the United States in the Northern district of Iowa.

The following bills were introduced:

By Mr. Peffer, proposing an amendment to the constitution so as to elect president and vice president of the United States by direct vote of the people.

By Mr. Wilson, for the classification of clerks and other employes of first and second class postoffices and to fix their salaries.

By Mr. Allen, giving to the State of Washington 5 per cent of the proceeds of public lands in that state.

By Mr. McMillan, for the building of two revenue cutters for service on the great lakes. (Appropriates $257,000.)

HOUSE.

Mr. Reilly of Pennsylvania presented a resolution, which was adopted, requesting the secretary of the treasury to inform the house what amount of money has been appropriated and available under the act of October 25, 1890, relating to the World's Columbian exposition, and about what amount of the money appropriated has already been expended.

The following bills were introduced:

By Mr. Loud of California, to absolutely prohibit the carrying of Chinese into the United States, whether subjects of the Chinese empire or otherwise.

By Mr. Stout of Michigan, reducing the duty on sewing thread.

By Mr. Snow of Illinois, granting lands to honorably discharged soldiers of the War of the Rebellion.

By Mr. Newberry of Illinois, that hereafter no pension shall be paid to any person not a citizen and a bona fide resident of the United States.

An Irish Bull.

"I saw a genuine Irish bull in the Post recently," remarked the famous proverbialist, "and I want to ask you if you ever heard Mike's own definition of an Irish bull, when a lady asked him if he could tell her what one was. 'Yes, mum; I can do that, mum,' said Michael. 'If you are driving along the highway and you see three cows lying down in a pasture and wan of thim's standin' up, why that wan is an Irish bull.'"—Washington Post.

The man who fights to-day's battles faithfully will not be whipped to-morrow.

Sometimes there is a good deal of pride in telling how big a sinner you used to be.

If it were not for the troubles to-morrow no one would be round-shouldered to-day.

The devil don't care two straws for our profession. All he is afraid of is our practice.

One of the hardest things to do is to believe that the man is honest who doesn't look at things as we do.

Hot Griddle Cakes.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder possesses a peculiar merit not approached by that of any other baking powder. It produces the hot buckwheat, Indian or wheat cakes, hot biscuit, doughnuts, waffles or muffins. Any of these tasteful things may be eaten when hot with impunity by persons of the most delicate digestive organs. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder leavens without firmentation or decomposition. In its preparation none but the purest of cream of tartar, soda, etc. is used, and in such exact equivalents as to always guarantee a perfectly neutral result, thereby giving the natural and sweet flavor peculiar to buckwheat and other flour that may be used, the natural flavor so much desired and appreciated by all. The oldest patrons of Dr. Prices powder tell the story, that they can never get the same results from any other leavening agent, that their griddle cakes, biscuits, etc. are never so light and never taste so sweet or so good as when raised with Dr. Prices Cream Baking Powder.

SPEAKING THE TRUTH FOR A DAY.

CHAPTER III—CONTINUED.

"La! well, it was very honest in you to tell me so, else I should ha' been taken in," said the old lady, rising to depart.

"I can show you some genuine Welsh flannel, really all wool, and warrant not to shrink much, at a higher price, mum," said the young man, trying to stop her progress.

"No, I thank you; I think I'll go over the way," replied the old lady, evidently afraid of being "taken in."

The face of Mr. Black, who had overheard this conversation was crimson with anger. Hastening after the departing customer he exclaimed—

"It was all a mistake, mum, about those flannels; the tickets were put upon the wrong goods, I assure you. I ordered my young men to rectify the error immediately, but I suppose they neglected it; it shall, however be done instantly. In the meantime, if you will step back we can show you—

"Oh, no, I thank you," hastily exclaimed the old lady, hurrying out of the shop.

"There! now you've done it again," muttered Mr. Black, in a low, enraged voice close to the ear of Joseph. Have you taken leave of your senses this morning. Why should you tell that lady that the flannel wasn't Welsh, wasn't wool, and would shrink badly.

"Because she asked me, and I had to answer her the truth.

"Truth!" exclaimed the proprietor, in a voice of suppressed fury. But at this moment a party of ladies advanced toward Joseph, and his principal retreated to recover his composure.

"Now, are these real French silks?" inquired one of the ladies, examining what was intended to pass muster for glace.

"N—n—no, madam," faltered Joseph, blushing up to his eyes.

"But they are labeled 'Genuine French Silks,' though I had my doubt about it, too; but why do you label them thus, if they are not so? But it is a mistake, I suppose?" said the lady, interrogatively.

"No, madam, it was not."

"What! you don't mean to say that it was done on purpose?"

"Yes, madam."

"Why do you put false labels on your goods?"

"To sell them at a better price."

"But that is cheating!" cried the lady, in a shocked voice.

"I know it, madam," the truth-teller was forced to admit. "But we call it shaving."

"And is this the practice of your shop?"

"Yes, madam."

"Shocking! And—but why do you expose these things? Have you quarreled with your employers?"

"No madam; I never was in higher account with them than this morning."

"Extraordinary! But why, then, do you dare tell me these things?"

"Because you ask me questions which I feel compelled to answer truthfully."

"Wonderful! And do you always tell the truth?"

"I do now, madam."

"And do your employers know of it?"

"I think not."

"I should think not, indeed!"

"But how about these silks falsely labelled French. I should like to know what they really are?"

"English silks of rather inferior quality."

"But what is their real worth in retail?"

"About two shillings a yard."

"And you sell them for three shillings! a third more than their value! Monstrous! I never will enter this shop, and I shall certainly let every one of my friends know how they are taken in," said the lady, dropping the silks and departing.

This scene was witnessed not only by the panic-stricken Black, but by White and Green, who stood in consternation for a minute after the lady had left the shop; and then all three made a simultaneous rush upon Joseph, exclaiming in a breath—

"What on earth do you mean, sir?"

"Are you mad? Do you wish to ruin us?" demanded Black.

"You are driving away every customer out of the shop. You are costing us a hundred pounds an hour, if a penny exclaimed Green.

"Why do you act in this insane manner?" inquired White.

"I am asked questions, and I tell the truth," answered Joseph, driven to desperation by this storm of invective.

"Truth! What do you mean by that? you say our labels are false!" said Black.

"You say we put false tickets on our goods, to sell them at a better price!" said Green.

"And that it is the practice of our establishment!" said White.

"Well, it is the truth! the truth! the truth! and I must speak the truth, if I die for it!" cried Joseph, wildly.

"Get out of our shop, you villian!" roared Black.

"Begone; you scoundrel!" thundered Green.

"Never show your face inside of our doors again, you reprobate!" shouted White.

"Go!" stormed all three.

The time had come. Joseph took his hat, leaped lightly over the counter, and stopping only to snatch the parcel consigned to his care by Brown, vanished from the shop.

"Well," thought Joseph Morriss, as he found himself in the street, with the parcel under his arm "I have spoken the truth for six hours only, without any other fault than that, I find myself disinherited and turned out of doors by my uncle, and disgraced and driven from the shop of my employers! Will the rest follow? Will sweet Lizzie Bell discard me for telling her some unpleasant truth! And will terrified and indignant society send me to Bedlam as a madman too dangerous to be at large?"

CHAPTER IV.

"It' gude to be merry and wise,
It's gude to be honest and true,
It's gude to be off wi' the auld love
Before ye be on wi' the new."

"I had better made a compact with my conscience—so much temporal prosperity for so much violation of principle—than this agreement with Blewitt to speak the truth for a week! Now, where shall I bend my steps? Turned out of my uncle's house, and driven from my employer's shop, what shall I do? The sooner I finish it all up and get into Bedlam the better. There, at least, I shall have board, lodging, and attendance. There I shall not be kicked out for telling the truth; quite the contrary, for the more truth I speak, the longer they will keep me, for the madder they will think me. Bedlam for my money!—and Bedlam for ever! But in the meantime, what am I to do?" thought Joseph Morriss, as he stood looking up and down the street.

"Give a poor man a penny, sir," suggested a miserable looking tramp at his elbow.

"No; don't see it; I'm a poor man myself," said Joseph.

"Out of work, sir."

"Serves you right; so am I."

"It was not my fault, sir."

"I'm another; twasn't mine."

"Wife and fifteen small children, sir; mostly twins, 'specially the three last, sir."

"Then you possess more than I do, so how dare you beg from me? Be off with yourself."

"Please, sir all down with the measles."

"Then I shouldn't like to catch it; get away," said Joseph, who having refused the beggar a penny, tossed him a crown, and then made the best of his own way to the Angel and Gridiron, to find "his warmest welcome at an inn." He engaged a room, where he deposited his parcel to remain until the evening, and went to call upon his betrothed.

Lizzy Bell was the niece of a thriving milliner in the next street, and the heiress presumptive of the shop, the business, and the savings. She was a little fair-skinned, rosy-cheeked, blue-eyed, yellow-haired lump of a girl, always dressed out as an advertisement to the shop. Her business was to sit in the show-rooms, exhibit fashions, and wheedle customers until her aunt should be at leisure to receive orders. She had a fair knowledge of trade, and a sharp eye to the main chance. Otherwise, her intellect was shallow, and her education superficial.

She had been engaged for about a year to Joseph Morriss, who, as head clerk of Black, Brown, Green, and White, and heir of old John Morriss; was considered quite a catch by girls of her class. So Miss Lizzy Bell had angled for him, and caught him; and Mr. Joseph Morriss, being good-natured and obliging, had easily suffered himself to be taken. The scene of the said man-fishing had been the shop of Messrs. B., B., G. and W., where Miss Lizzy was in the habit of going to purchase goods. And now they were betrothed, and the marriage was fixed to come off on the first of the ensuing month.

Joseph was so very fond of her that he quite mistook her personal appearance for her very self, and supposed her soft, round, white form, and blue eyes, to indicate an affectionate disposition, her dulness to be good temper, and her lumpish immobility to prove constancy and domesticity. He had not even begun to suspect that all this in her meant simply indolence, selfishness, and self-indulgence. He was now on his way to confide to her "tender and faithful bosom" his own great troubles.

She received him as usual in the little front drawing-room over the shop, and adjoining the show-room, where she daily sat among lace curtains, and other gossamer draperies, like a pretty little spider in an elegant little web, to exhibit enticing fineries and entangle feminine flies.

She was dressed in a redundancy of pink flounces, that made her resemble a large cabbage-rose in full bloom. She was seated near the center table, and engaged in copying a Parisian pattern bonnet that hung upon a little pole before her.

There was no one else in the room when Joseph entered.

"So you have come at last," she said, without rising to receive him.

"Yes," he replied, wearily sinking into a chair.

"I hope you had a pleasant visit with your friend, Miss Robinson, last evening."

"I was at the chapel," replied Joseph, looking up in surprise. "I was anxious to hear Mr. Sturm—"

"Oh, yes; and to wait on Miss Robinson. I believe it is principally shop-boys and servant-girls that go to hear that ranter."

"I do not clearly understand you, Lizzy. Mr. Sturm is no ranter, and his hearers are composed of all classes, from the nobility and gentry down to the news-boys and street-sweepers."

"To say nothing of Miss Robinson."

"Why do you reiterate a waiting-woman's name to me in this manner, Lizzy? You seem to be angry with me without a cause. What is the matter?"

"Ah, I know of your carryings on; you don't think I do! I hear of you!"

"Lizzy, you meet me with undeserved reproaches this morning, when I am in peculiar need of comfort—"

"Oh! I suppose you are! I suppose you have offended Miss Robinson, have you not?"

"Yes."

"There, I knew it! Well, you needn't come to me for comfort; you had better go and make it up with your lady's waiting woman."

"Lizzy, you insult me!" exclaimed the young man, in such an angry tone, and with such a crimson brow, that the flippant girl became alarmed. She had not credited one word of the story hinted to her by Jane Robinson, though she had acted upon it to gratify her love of giving pain. So now, holding out her hand to him, she said—

"Well, if you haven't been paying attention to a lady's-maid, I had a good right to think you had. The woman was in here this morning in a towering passion, and said you had been making love to her!"

"Said that I had been—"

"Well, if she didn't say it, she hinted it."

"What did she say?"

Lizzy told him.

"And now I will relate what really did pass," said Joseph, and thereupon he described the scene between himself and Robinson.

Lizzy laughed heartily. She was malicious enough keenly to enjoy the discomfiture of the abigail. When her fit of laughter was over, she wiped the tears from her eyes, looked up, and inquired.—

"But what possessed you to tell her that?"

"Because she asked me, and I had to answer truly."

"But gracious me, the truth is not to be told at all times. 'tisn't prudent. Now, you've made a mortal enemy of Miss Lyle's confidential attendant, and, she'll go and persuade her mistress not to deal at your shop—or mine either, pe-haps."

"I think it quite likely, indeed, Lizzy. And that is not the only scrape I have got into this morning either," sighed the young man.

"That is quite enough; but what else?"

Joseph related the breakfast scene between himself and his relatives that ended in his expulsion from their house.

"And so, dear Lizzy," he concluded, "because, in answer to observations that were made to me, I admitted that I should not be quite inconsolable if my aunt and uncle were to die, and that the legacy I expected from him would help to comfort me for their loss he has turned me out of doors, and disinherited me!"

Lizzie did not laugh now. She was quite sensible of the pecuniary damage she herself, as Joseph's wife, might sustain in the loss of that inheritance. Her face flushed deeply with displeasure at this; but she took up the tone of righteous anger, as she answered—

"And served you right, too! for indeed I must say it was very undutiful, and cruel, and unnatural in you, to say such things to your uncle and aunt—and such a rich uncle, too! and you his only nephew! I don't know what could have possessed you. Why did you say them?"

"Because I was asked questions, and had to answer them truly, as I told you before."

"And as I told you before, the truth is not to be spoken at all times; and in this case it was downright wicked to speak the truth—to such a wealthy relative, too! Why, when my aunt says to me—'La! Lizzy, my dear, whatever would you do if you were to lose me? I don't answer her, 'A great deal better without you, aunt, for then I should have everything all to myself,' although that would be the truth, because, if I did, she would turn me out of doors, and serve me right! No; I answer—'La, aunt! don't talk so; you break my heart. If you were to die, I should cry my eyes out, and pine myself into the grave in a month.'"

"And does she believe you?"

"She believes that at least I think so, and that I am sincere in what I say; and so she loves me all the better, and saves all the more for me."

"Lizzy, you revolt me! I could not have believed that there was so much insensibility and insincerity in your nature," said the young man, in a mournful voice.

"It is not insincerity—it is prudence, and good nature, and dutifulness to parents—I mean to aunts. And bad as I am, Mr. Virtuous Indignation, I'm not so bad as to hurt the feelings of them that brought me up, and cared for me, as somebody else did," sneered Lizzy.

"I had best tell you the extent of the mischief at once, Lizzy, for the rupture with my uncle is not the only misfortune that has overtaken me this day," said the young man desperately.

"Well, what is the other? I am ready to hear anything now."

Joseph related to her the events of the morning at his place of business. He ended by saying—

TO BE CONTINUED.

IT SETTLED HIM.

For Without a High Hat of What Use Is a Walking Delegate.

A Dervish journeyed forth to teach mankind the usefulness of riches, says Truth. He was scantily clothed in the filthiest of rags; his head was bare and on his feet were fragments of sandals. About his neck hung a leathern scrip with a handful of dates.

On the edge of the desert he met a Walking Delegate who was on his way to Mecca to order a strike among the pilgrims—a non-union hadji having been permitted to kiss the holy Kaaba.

"Hello, old fellow!" said the Delegate. "Where do you buy your garments? You look like a locked out tramp."

"I am dressed," answered the Dervish, "as befit my vocation, and am in all respects equipped for any emergency. No blight of fortune can cast me down or impede my mission."

"So?" replied the Delegate. "Suppose I were to confiscate that bag of food?"

"I have been inured to hunger from my youth up, and seldom is the thought of food uppermost in my mind. Besides it is the Fast of Ramadan and it is not lawful to eat."

"The stones of the desert are sharp; what if we take away your sandals?"

"Behold!" and the Dervish uncovered a foot and exhibited a sole as tough and leathery as that of a camel.

"But suppose I were to strip those rags from your back?"

"Sun and simoon have scorched my back for seventy years and it matters little whether it be covered or not. And now," continued the Dervish, "shut your bread-winner and let me talk. You think your equipment perfect, but you are not rigged for a long-distance race. A little accident by the way will rattle you. See me prove it!"

And, grasping his staff, he executed a flourish and with one swift, clean, horizontal stroke, he hit the Delegate's plug hat in the middle and knocked it a shapeless thing upon the sand. With a look of anguish the Delegate picked up the wreck. The top was gone, the sides were caved in and the brim was cut across and hung dangling from the crown.

"There!" said the Dervish, "your power is gone from you, for what is a Walking Delegate without a plug hat? Oh, Bismillah! Oh, Marshallah! Oh, Rats! Yah!" and, brandishing his staff, he drove the Delegate forth! and as the burning Syrian sun rose higher in the sky, their vanishing forms passed over the line of the horizon, the Delegate ahead, with the Dervish a good second about two jumps behind.

THE INFLUENZA.

No Special Remedy for It—The Disease Still Puzzling The Doctors.

Professor Nothnagel, of Vienna, a great medical authority, delivered a lecture the other evening before the university upon the present epidemic of influenza, says the New York Post. He traced the disease back to the ninth century, and declared that its habit is to recur for three or four years, with varying intensity, and then die out for twenty years. He expressed a belief, founded on experience, that those who have had the malady once are not proof against it, but are less open to infection. There is no specific remedy for the disease, and, in spite of all assertions to the contrary, it is still a puzzle to the doctors, who know only that it is miasmatic, and probably contagious. The poison affects the whole body, and there are three kinds of influenza—nervous, gastric and catarrhal. There are also two sorts of consequent pneumonia—bronchial pneumonia, the less dangerous and the real influenza pneumonia, which usually attacks the heart. The professor uttered an emphatic warning against the use of antipyrine and antifebrine, but said that as influenza pneumonia usually affects the cardiac muscle, it is desirable to employ stimulants, as, for instance, digitalis wine, cognac, arrac, subcutaneous injections of camphor, and, in some cases, baths.

Bricks Without Straw.

The editor of a Texas daily paper, who, by the way, did not understand the business, engaged the services of Pete Bingham as local editor. He was to receive the princely stipend of eleven dollars a week. The first week, as luck would have it, was a dull one. The editor-in-chief was somewhat discouraged, and disposed to regard Pete as a failure. He said:

"Mr. Bingham, there is very little local news in the paper."

"Yes, the past week has been very dull," replied Pete.

"It seems to me, Mr. Bingham, that for the wages we pay you, a great deal ought to happen in Houston."

The Wrong Man Found.

Citizeness—"Did you go and thrash that editor for printing those things about you?"

Citizen—"I went to the office, but I couldn't find him."

"Whom did you find there?"

"No one, but a great big, bull-necked fellow who pretended he was responsible for that article, but I knew from his looks that he couldn't write."—Street and Smith's Good News.

The Galled Jade.

Perkins—I wonder who this mysterious house-breaker can be who baffles the detectives so completely?

Sands (the grocer)—Twouldn't surprise me one bit if it turned out to be Hooks, who—

Perkins—Hooks! Why, man! he is above reproach.

Sands—Yah! So I used to think till I found out that he keeps a pair of scales at home and re-weighs all his groceries. Perkins, a man who will do that will steal!

Perfumed Gloves.

Perfumed gloves are a novelty on sale at some of the shops. They are usually the suede mousquetaire, and they are so treated with orris root that their fragrance is practically imperishable, certainly outlasting the life, even in careful hands, of these frequently renewed necessities.—Housekeepers' Weekly.

A German paper quotes messages from an old book by a Hebrew who strove to relieve the Jews from the responsibility for the crucifixion. The author argued that the executioners of the Messiah were the bodyguard of Pilate, which consisted of Teutons. The book is entitled: "Proof That Those Who Crucified Christ Were Westphalians."

SOME FARM MISCELLANY.

INTERESTING MATTERS FOR RURAL READERS.

Science Versus Experience—Ensilage Not Safe for Horses—When Is the Milk Fit for Use—A Rat-Proof Corn-Crib.

Science Versus Experience.

Was it Esculapius who said, when facts and his theories did not harmonize, "So much the worse for the facts?" Whoever he was, he voiced what is sometimes—though much less now than formerly—the attitude of men of science in our days. They are not willing to admit the soundness of observations which are at odds with the theories they have adopted, as the result of a priori reasoning or of limited experiments.

An example of this is furnished by that really able agricultural chemist, M. Ville, who has written much, and to a large extent wisely, on the subject of chemistry and its relation to the farming industry. But, as "Homer sometimes nods," so M. Ville occasionally allows his hobby to run away with him, and puts forth theories which can only be fitly characterized as nonsense.

In a recent series of lectures, three in number, which have been translated and published, in England under the title "The Perplexed Farmer," he makes some statements well calculated to increase the perplexity of the farmer, but hardly to aid him in solving the difficult problems to which these statements relate. He expresses for example, the deepest contempt for farmyard manure as food for crops. If he had said some farmyard manure, and taken pains to describe that kind from which all or nearly all value had been extracted by the action of the elements, every one would readily agree with him, for the stuff which some farmers draw out upon their fields is the mere ghost of the manure pile. But his sweeping assertion is contradicted by the experience of every farmer. Well made manure, the product of well fed cattle, unquestionably combines the elements of a permanent fertilizer in a high degree, and in a form happily adapted to the production of good crops and the betterment of the soil. The application of commercial fertilizers, whether in connection with barnyard manure or not, is often of the greatest benefit in the production of a single crop; and sometimes, as in the application of the crude South Carolina rock, the benefit may be felt for a series of years. But it is absurd, because this is true, to set aside as baseless the time-honored and well-attested prejudice in favor of good barnyard manure as the farmer's main reliance for making crops.

Nevertheless, making all allowance for such errors as this, M. Ville has much to say of value with regard to the use of various chemical agents in agriculture. It was he who first pointed out the important fact, now generally admitted, that certain plants have the power to absorb nitrogen from the atmosphere. And in the lectures referred to above he gives much valuable information with regard to the elements of fertility, and points out which of them are to be found in sufficient abundance in all soils worthy of cultivation and which need to be supplied in order to secure profitable crops.

Hiring Help

As with much other work on the farm it will, in a majority of cases, be found the best plan to hire whatever help is needed in good season. Good help is invariably the cheapest and this cannot always be picked up readily when wanted. By hiring in good season in many cases a better opportunity is afforded of securing reliable help than to wait until the season for work is fairly opened and then be obliged to take any that comes along.

In hiring help it is best to make an agreement, whether it is for a week, a month, six months, or a year. A verbal agreement will stand provided it can be proved, but in many cases considerable trouble would be saved if the agreement was reduced to writing and signed by both parties. An agreement to work six months for $100 is not by any means an agreement to pay or receive sixteen and two-thirds dollars per month, and if the employe is of age and makes this kind of a contract, if he quits work without a reasonable cause, the employer could not be compelled to pay until the time is completed. When the agreement is made with a minor, however, he can secure what the jury would consider a reasonable compensation for the time worked.

Disobeying orders, immoral conduct, wanton destruction of property, neglect of work, incompetency, using insulting language, are all sufficient cause for an employer discharging an employe even when the agreement is made to work for a certain length of time. If, on the other hand, the help is compelled to work at unreasonable hours, or is abused in any way, he is warranted in leaving and can collect his wages up to the time he quits work.

Having good cause to discharge a hand, or to quit work on the part of the employe and not taking advantage of it at the time, is condoning it and cannot be made the case subsequently.

By having a clear understanding at the start as to what is to be done on both sides, much trouble in the future can be avoided. A good hand is entitled to fair pay and good treatment, and a poor hand is undesirable to say the least. In nearly all cases the good hand is more profitable at good wages than the poor hand at very low wages.—N. J. S., in Prairie Farmer.

Ensilage Not Safe for Horses.

In reply to a question forwarded to me by you, regarding grounds for my conclusions that ensilage is not safe feed for horses and mules:

In February, 1881, I had a quantity of cured cornstalks from which horses and mules in a yard had been fed for two months. The fodder was well cured and the animals were thrifty. But in feeding large stalks whole there was necessarily waste. In my absence my foreman undertook to save hay by feeding the corn fodder to six mules and a horse in the stables—some of it was cut in the ensilage cutter, set to cut ½ inch, and was substituted for hay in the mangers. After a day or two the animals were ailing, the symptoms being inability to swallow, and great thirst. In about a week from the first feeding the seven were dead. Thinking it might be some epidemic, he notified the State Commissioners of Diseases of Domestic Animals. They came with their veterinarian, and held a post mortem. They found some inflammation in stomach and intestines, but could find no evidence of epidemic or poison; thought the food might be the cause, but reached no positive conclusion. In the fall of that year, having good ensilage, upon which the cattle were thriving, I fed some to a brood mare and weanling colt, giving them all they would eat. A few days afterward both died, exhibiting precisely the same symptoms as had the mules and horse. Two other horses and mules, at the same stable, fed on ensilage, remaining perfectly healthy. Putting together these two sequences I judged them to be consequence; hence concluded that cut cornstalks were not a safe fodder for horses and mules.—A. J. Coe in Country Gentleman.

A Rat-Proof Corn-Crib.

It is usually considered a saving to crib corn in the shuck, as the shuck is considered a preventive of the raids of weevil and rats; besides the shuck keeps the grain cleaner and nicer. The corn can then be shucked on rainy days or when the farmer can do nothing else.

Every farmer should have a rat-proof crib, one removed from other buildings, trees, etc., and set on pillars 3 feet high, with inverted tin or sheet iron pans on their tops as a cap. If a ladder is used in place of steps, and always taken down when not in use, and if nothing is leaned up against the crib, not a rat or even a mouse will get into such a crib unless carried in in old sacks or baskets. It is such an easy matter to have such a crib we are surprised that one is not to be found on every farm in the country.

For the protection of the corn against weevil and other insects it is a good plan to put some bisulphide of carbon, one ounce, here and there in the crib of corn as it is put in. A layer of bisulphide should be put in for every layer of corn three feet deep. In using the bisulphide be sure to have no fire about the crib—not even a pipe. In ten days the bisulphide will all have escaped and there will be no increased danger from fire. The very unpleasant odor will soon be gone and not the slightest injury will have been done the corn. Nothing more destructive to insects can be used than the bisulphide, and its use should be extended.—Farmers' Home Journal.

Size of Ice-Houses.

The proper size of an ice house depends upon the amount of ice that will be required, says an Eastern paper. Ice will measure about 40 cubic feet to the ton, and 10 tons would be a liberal supply for family use. This would be equivalent to a pile 8 feet long, 8 feet wide and 6⅔ feet high. If we allow two feet on all sides for packing space, the building to hold this amount in the form above given would need to be 12x12 feet with nine-foot posts. A door in the gable would be needed for putting in the top layers and taking out ice early in the season. As cheap and good a way for a cheap building would be to set posts in the ground, three on a side (except the end where the doors are), with 2x4 for plate and middle and bottom girts, and board up, down and batten, banking up at the bottom to exclude air. The roof should project considerably on all sides, so as to shade the sides, and if it could be built under the shade of trees it would be all the better. When expense is no object, and a permanent structure is desired, a brick or stone foundation should be put in on which to lay the sills, which should be bedded in mortar, and double walls can be made by using 2x8 or 2x12 for studding, and filling the space between the outside and inside boarding. Ice should be cut and put up only in freezing weather. If cut and handled when the temperature is above freezing, the blocks splinter and crack, and its keeping qualities are considerably injured.

When Is the Milk Fit for Use.

A variety of opinions and notions are entertained, regarding the use of the milk for culinary purposes, or for drinking that from the newly-calved cows, says the Indiana Farmer. No established rule seems to be in force, and the interval between calving and using the milk varies from three milkings to nine days, each dairyman having a theory of his own to determine the time required before the milk is "good." On account of these ideas, and in absence of positive proof, and the knowledge of how to do it, a great deal of profitable milk is sacrificed or thrown away under the supposition that it is not healthy and is unfitted for human food. A simple way to settle the question and dispel all doubts is to place a small quantity of milk in a vessel upon the stove, allow it to come to a boil, and if no appearance of curdling is present, the milk is all right. Heat at boiling point produces the change that makes visible to the eye the condition when it is proper to use the milk, and in no other way—except by the more difficult process of analysis, or by guess—can this be ascertained. It will be found generally, if no other conditions are normal, and the milk is from a cow in perfect health—that curdling, under the treatment described, will disappear after the third or fourth milking from the time the calf was dropped, and when this occurs the milk may, with entire confidence, be utilized in any way desired.—Farmers' Review.

The Home Nursery.

The matter of starting a little home nursery, it seems, is simple enough. Prepare a long and narrow piece of good loam, free from stones and rubbish, in the same way as you would for planting carrots or any ordinary garden crop, although it is not necessary to make it so rich. Mark out furrows four feet apart and sow seed of the fruit trees desired—apple, pear, plum, peaches, etc.—preferable in fall, and just as soon as the seed is gathered. Plant and cover in same way as you would garden seeds of same size respectively, and when the trees begin to grow in season following, cultivate and keep clean from weeds; also thin where necessary. A little home nursery of this kind, even if consisting of only a few hundred trees, will be a most useful thing on any place, large or small. It will give the boys a chance to learn and practice budding and grafting and to become interested in horticultural pursuits. It will stimulate tree planting and result in a better home supply of good fruits, not to speak of the chance of "turning an honest penny" by the sale of some of your surplus to neighbors.—From Popular Gardening.

Hog Feeding.

An experiment, the details of which are set forth in bulletin 14, of the Iowa experiment station, was undertaken to determine the ration which will most cheaply produce pork. A registered Poland-China sow two years old, having four pigs three days old, was selected, weighed and the increase of weight of dam and pigs recorded from time to time. The food consisted for the most part of shelled and ear corn soaked, supplemented by a mixture of ground barley, oil meal, corn and cob meal, and bran soaked for 36 hours before feeding. The amount of food consumed in the 152 days of the experiment was 35.7 bushels—reducing the supplementary foods to corn on a money basis—and this amount of food produced 626½ pounds live weight, or 17.3 pounds of pork for each bushel of corn and equivalent. From this it appears, that we can approximate $1 per bushel for corn when pork is 5¾ cents per pound; that the dam can be made to increase in flesh during the suckling period; and that the proper balancing of the ration is necessary to secure these results.

Some Useful Facts.

The merciful man, yes, and the business like man, keeps his wagon axles so well oiled that the strength of his horses are not wasted.

According to the American Bee Journal there are 300,000 bee keepers in America, and in ordinary years the honey produced amounts to 100,000,000 pounds, worth at least $1,000,000.

Any man who holds the hog in such poor esteem that he thinks any filthy place good enough for him will never make money raising swine. The hog should have just as good treatment as any of the farm stock. Clean, dry quarters, good food, pure water. Then he will keep well and pay his way.

WATER AND A SANDWICH.

And Then Men Wonder Why They Look Old When Really Young.

No living person, man or woman, likes the thought of showing the marks of fleeting years. It is all right to grow old; people do not mind that idea so much as they dislike the appearance of age. You can't keep the years from passing nor the grey hairs from coming, but you can by care, in so every-day a matter as eating keep away other external marks of old Father Time. This is not a set of rules, but a very plain statement of a single fact or two.

Step into a down-town lunch room at the noon hour, and observe what they eat and how they eat it—a glass of ice water and a sandwich or two, with a piece of pie, five minutes in which to eat, then away again in the rush of business. Among men of sense this should not be. Eat slowly and eat good, substantial food.

It has been proved by a series of rigorously exact observations that by a succulent, delicate and choice regimen, the external appearances of age are kept away for a long time. It gives more brilliancy to the eye, more freshness to the skin, more support to the muscles; and, as it is certain in physiology that wrinkles, those formidable enemies of beauty, are caused by the depression of the muscle, it is equally true that, other things being equal, those who understand eating are comparatively four years younger than those ignorant of that science. Painters and sculptors are deeply penetrated with this truth, for in representing those who practice abstinence by choice or duty, such as misers or anchorites, they always give them the pallor of disease, the leanness of misery, and the wrinkles of decrepitude.

The subject of cookery has received a large share of attention in all ages, of which memorials have been retained. Dr. Johnson thought the matter of writing a cook book was far above the capacity of the ordinary woman, and Boswell, with his accustomed modesty, says that the doctor seriously entertained the notion of writing one himself.

Ruskin, the greatest art critic of modern times, and who ranks rightly as one of the masters of the English language, in his work called "Preterita," stops in his account of Italian sculptorings and frescoes to note a remembrance of his father's house and kitchen and cook. "I have never," says he, "seen a fillet of veal rightly roasted, nor a Yorkshire pudding rightly basted since Mary Stone left us to be married in 1836."—New York Mail and Express.

DUTCH CLEANLINESS.

In Holland the Kitchen Is Kept in as Neat Order as the Parlor.

The Holland cities are the cleanest in the world. The Hague, a city of perhaps 100,000 inhabitants, is so thoroughly clean that everything shines. Not one speck of dirt is allowed to soil a building and every street is so thoroughly washed and swept that one hesitates to walk too carelessly on them. Every morning from 8 to 9:30 o'clock the servants are seen engaged in a general scrubbing and cleaning operation.

They scrub the doors, the porches, the front steps, the front woodwork and wash the sidewalks. Companies engage to wash windows by the month and their men are seen with force pumps all over the cities washing the panes and giving the front of each house a thorough shower bath; this is not periodical, but it is done every morning, and not at an occasional house, but everywhere. And then you ought to see a Dutch kitchen! This is a genuine treat. I was enabled to see several; not in homes of wealth, but in ordinary dwellings.

The floor is paved with stone, marble or granite, and is so clean that you could eat your meals off of it with a relish. The walls are covered with snow-white tiling, which shines like lamp reflections. The ceiling is hard wood, painted and varnished, and it is as lustrous in its way as the walls. The stove is generally in a recess. Lace or snow-white linen is hung from this alcove. Imagine it, a kitchen stove behind lace or linen lambrequins. The kitchen utensils are in pantries which have hangings of neat stuff of different sorts; the sinks, brasses, cocks, in fact all the metal work that is visible, is so polished that it glows like burnished steel.

One enjoys a meal prepared in such a kitchen. Such habits of course produce thrift. A lady told me she paid her cook ten florins, $4, a month, and out of this pittance she had managed to save enough to accumulate a neat little nest egg at a bank to prepare a wedding outfit. In cold weather the Hollander blankets his cows and their stables are as clean as their kitchens. One stable I saw had sawdust piled to form pretty little figures; the stalls were bordered with fringe of braided straw, and neat little curtains hung at the entrance, and by the proper use of disinfectants and thorough, careful cleaning the odor was the perfume of hay, and not a suggestion of stable smell could be detected.—Letter in Chattanooga Times.

"JUST LIKE A MAN."

Masculine Ignorance in Purchasing a Fan.

Now that Christmas stories are the proper thing The Man proposes to tell one on himself which is too good to be lost. The Man has a young lady friend who is a fan collector. She had rather have a new fan than a block of gas steel stock. As The Man was passing a famously jewel house a few days before Christmas, he spied a particularly lovely fan in the window, and, thinking to gladden the heart of his friend, he entered the place and told a polite clerk to wrap up the fan. Instantly the clerk was dissolved in smiles, and two ladies, who stood near, looked approvingly at The Man, as if to say: "What a nice young man! So thoughtful of his friends and so liberal!" But a climax was rapidly approaching. In his masculine ignorance of such matters The Man had thought the price of the fan might possibly be $10—certainly it would be no more. And so, as the smiling clerk handed him the parcel, he inserted his hand deep into his trousers' pocket and, with all the assurance in life, said:

"How much?"

"Sixty dollars!"

"Er—I beg pardon"—gasped the Man, while the cold dew of horror came out on his forehead.

"Sixty dollars!"

The Man made a desperate grasp for his presence of mind and got it.

"Please put it right back and do be careful not to break it. Thank you."

The two ladies looked indignant, and as The Man fled into the street he heard one of them say to her companion:

"Just like a man!"—St. Louis Republic.

An Illinois farmer thinks that sweet apples are better for hogs than any root crop. He says a hog will leave a clover patch to eat sweet apples, and he thinks apples will make more fat and muscle than clover. It puts the hair in shape, cools the stomach and intestines, regulates the bowels, and makes them voracious feeders, and he thinks it tends as much to fatten them, as any other portion of the rations.

Saved

—the life that is fighting against Consumption.

Only—act promptly.

Put it off, and nothing can save you. But, if taken in time, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will certainly cure.

It must be done through the blood—and the "Discovery" is the most potent blood-cleanser, strength-restorer, and flesh-builder that's known to medical science. The scrofulous affection of the lungs that's called Consumption, and every form of Scrofula and blood-taints, all yield to it. For Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all severe, lingering Coughs, it's an unequaled remedy. It's the only one that's guaranteed. If it doesn't benefit or cure, in every case, you have your money back.

"We promise to cure your Catarrh, perfectly and permanently, no matter how bad your case or of how long standing—or we'll pay you $500." That's what the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy say to every sufferer from Catarrh. And they mean it.

Many a life has been lost because of the taste of cod-liver oil.

If Scott's Emulsion did nothing more than take that taste away, it would save the lives of some at least of those that put off too long the means of recovery.

It does more. It is half-digested already. It slips through the stomach as if by stealth. It goes to make strength when cod-liver oil would be a burden.

Scott & Bowne, Chemists, 132 South 5th Avenue, New York.
Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil—all druggists everywhere do. $1.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer who will send me their Express and P. O. address. T. A. Slocum, M. C., 183 Pearl St., N. Y.

Modern Witchcraft in Salem.

During a recent rainstorm in Salem, Mass., electricity played some queer pranks at Porter's market, says the Portland Transcript. On the roof of the building is a clothes-line. During the storm a towel blew from this line and lodged upon an electric-lighting wire below. Being wet it wound around the wire and the electricity passed through it and shot down into the ground, where it came in contact with the water-pipes leading into the building.

It ran along the water pipes, and the first thing it encountered in the basement was a pot of hot lard, which was boiling on the stove. The lard was illuminated and the young man in charge thought it must be burning. He started to remove it from the stove and received a shock that sent him against the basement walls.

Pale with fright he rushed up-stairs, where a fellow-workman, noting his pallor, reached for the water-faucet to get a glass of water. No sooner had he touched the faucet than he had occasion to pick himself up from a far corner of the room.

For a few moments everything seemed turned into an electric battery. The nails in the wall became red, electricity flew from the water-pipes and flashed around the bands on the water-pails.

At length some one found the cause of the trouble, and the towel was removed.

Not Sure.

"Sometimes," said a conscientious old gentleman, "I stop when I'm sure I'm telling the truth, and think it over, for fear I'm getting it a leetle warped." In the "Reminiscences of C. W. Cope," there is brief mention of another man, an English clergyman, who must often have indulged in the same process.

One day a parishioner came to ask him to sign a paper stating that the man was alive on a certain day.

"No, my friend," was the reply, "I can't do that."

"Can't do it, sir? Twould be only signing your name."

"I can't do it. I didn't see you on that day, and I can make no statement whatever about it."

"But sir, you see me now."

"Very well," said Mr. Davidson, unmoved. "I will sign a paper saying that you are alive now, but as I did not see you on the date you mention, I can't possibly make any statement in regard to it."

Many Wolves.

Dundas, Minn., Special. — A drove of big timber wolves have put in an appearance here. They are the first in years. Five of them were met between here and Northfield yesterday. Several, weighing from forty to seventy-five pounds, have been killed.

Clothing will make the man if he only sells enough of it at a good profit.

"When the robins nest again," she said, "I suppose my cold will get well." So he felt very sad, but suddenly bethought him of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. The cough was cured and those two were happy.

The population of Chicago is increasing at the rate of 21,000 hogs a day.

People call it backache and do nothing for it until the doctor is called and he pronounces it rheumatism. If they had used Salvation Oil in time the doctor's bill could have been saved.

A corset is nothing more than a waste basket without any poetry in it.

The Most Pleasant Way

Of preventing the grippe, colds, headaches, and fevers is to use the liquid laxative remedy Syrup of Figs, whenever the system needs a gentle, yet effective cleansing. To be benefited one must get the true remedy manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only. For sale by all druggists in 50c. and $1 bottles.

The dried codfish is the only fish that wears its shirt open on the back.

FROM THE "PACIFIC JOURNAL."
"A great invention has been made by Dr. Tutt. That eminent chemist has produced

Tutt's Hair Dye

which imitates nature to perfection; it acts instantaneously and is perfectly harmless." Price, $1. Office, 39 & 41 Park Place, N. Y.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.
CATARRH
Sold by druggists or sent by mail. 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

HIS MEANS OF SUPPORT.

They Were Present in Court, but the Judge Heeded Them Not.

"This makes the third time that you have appeared before me charged with begging on the streets of Atlanta," said the judge, "and, although you are a woman, I will have to send you up for thirty days."

"Please don't do it, judge," sobbed the woman. "I have a large family to support, and what would my husband and my children do if you were to send me up?"

"Your husband? Have you, indeed, a husband?"

"Yes, your honor," said a man, stepping forward from the crowd, "I'm her husband, and I want to ask you to be lenient with her. She makes out she's too sick to work, but if you let her off this time I'll see to it that she works in the future and supports her family."

"I don't think you will," said the judge. "In fact, I am going to let the woman go and send you up for six months as a vagrant. You have no visible means of support."

And the man muttered as he was marched out: "No visible means of support? Good Lord! Ain't my wife in court?"—Atlanta Constitution.

Kind Treatment of Animals.

When stock is changed from pasture to the barns, it is necessary that they receive extra care. Passing from the free and pure air with plenty of light at all times, to barns, which at best are not perfectly ventilated and lighted, is a change which cannot always be made even by the strongest and most healthy animals without deleterious effect. Then again, feed and water, which previous to this transfer has been accessible at all times, is now allotted at regular intervals. This is especially true with regard to the water, and we often see instances where stock is only watered once or at most twice daily. Under such conditions horses take large quantities of cold water and on cold days they become thoroughly chilled. This practice is not only cruel, but it is far from economical. Animals thus treated require more feed than if given proper attention. They do not thrive nearly so well as if allowed to drink when inclined, or at least three times per day.

A Dog's Endurance.

A remarkable instance of endurance in the case of a dog is recorded in an American scientific journal. On the night of September 27 last the janitor of Parker Hall, Manasquan, New Jersey, unlocked his ticket office to put away some old tickets, and found a dog crawling about his feet in a condition of extreme emaciation. The office had not been opened since September 1 so that the dog had subsisted for twenty-seven days without food or water. Some old tickets and a cigar box had been chewed to bits by the famishing animal. A loaf of bread and water to drink was given him and eagerly devoured. He soon recovered.

People who live in a cyclone country have not much to blow about.

Shunning evil appearances—steering clear of a policeman.

A Big Regular Army.

The mightiest host of this sort is the army of invalids whose bowels, livers and stomachs have been regulated by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. A regular habit of body is brought about through it no irritating purgative, but by reinforcing their energy and causing a flow of the bile into its proper channel. Malaria, la grippe, dyspepsia, and a tendency to inactivity of the kidneys, are conquered by the Bitters.

The champion light-weight—a short ton of coal.

For mental depression take Allen's Iron Tonic Bitters. All genuine bear the signature of J. P. Allen, Druggist, St. Paul, Minn.

The position of a judge is an exceedingly trying one.

For Throat Disease and Coughs use Brown's Bronchial Troches. Like all really good things, they are imitated. The genuine are sold only in boxes.

The Only One Ever Printed.

Can you find the word? There is a 3 inch display advertisement in this paper, this week, which has no two words alike except one word. The same is true of each new one appearing each week, from The Dr. Harter Medicine Co. This house places a "Crescent" on everything they make and publish. Look for it, send them the name of the word and they will return you book, beautiful lithographs or samples free.

Hops go into beer, at breweries, and beer goes into men at hops.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Among drinking men in prohibition localities clubs are trumps.

"August Flower"

The Hon. J. W. Fennimore is the Sheriff of Kent Co., Del., and lives at Dover, the County Seat and Capital of the State. The sheriff is a gentleman fifty-nine years of age, and this is what he says: "I have used your August Flower for several years in my family and for my own use, and found it does me more good than any other remedy. I have been troubled with what I call Sick Headache. A pain comes in the back part of my head first, and then soon a general headache until I become sick and vomit. At times, too, I have a fullness after eating, a pressure after eating at the pit of the stomach, and soreness, when food seemed to rise up in my throat and mouth. When I feel this coming on if I take a little August Flower it relieves me, and is the best remedy I have ever taken for it. For this reason I take it and recommend it to others as a great remedy for Dyspepsia, &c."

G. G. GREEN, Sole Manufacturer, Woodbury, New Jersey, U. S. A.

MEN — We send you the marvelous French Remedy CALTHOS free, and a legal guarantee that Calthos will Stop Discharges and Emissions, Cure Varicocele, Spermatorrhea and RESTORE Lost Vigor. Use it and pay if satisfied. Address VON MOHL CO., Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio.

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Is the relief given in many severe cases of dyspeptic troubles by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Possessing the best known stomach tonics as well as the best alterative remedies, this excellent medicine gives the stomach the strength required to retain and digest nourishing food, creates

A Good Appetite

and gently but effectually assists to natural motion the weak machinery of the body. Most gratifying reports come from people who have taken

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for dyspepsia, indigestion and similar troubles. "I for a long time suffered severely with

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and could find no relief until I was persuaded to use Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has completely cured me. When I first began to use

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I weighed 120 lbs. I now weigh 155. My appetite is good and my general health excellent." Fannie S. Davis, Stanton, Va.

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To Young Mothers
Makes Child Birth Easy. Shortens Labor, Lessens Pain,
Endorsed by the Leading Physicians. Book to "Mothers" mailed FREE.
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ELY'S CREAM BALM
when applied into the nostrils, will be absorbed effectually, cleansing the head of catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions. It allays inflammation, protects the membrane from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores sense of taste and smell. Try the Cure.
CATARRH THE CURE FOR CATARRH COLD IN HEAD HAY FEVER DEAFNESS HEADACHE ELY'S CREAM BALM 50c HAY-FEVER
A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

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When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. H. G. ROOT, M. C., 183 Pearl St., N. Y.

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PILES Remedy Free. INSTANT RELIEF. Final cure in 10 days. Never returns; no purge; no salve; no suppository. A victim tried in vain every remedy has discovered a simple cure, which he will mail free to his fellow sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, Box 3290, N. Y. City, N. Y.

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Mrs. Alice Maple, Oregon, Mo., writes: "My weight was 320 pounds, now it is 195, a reduction of 125 lbs." For circulars address, with 6c, Dr. O. W. F. SNYDER, McVicker's Theatre, Chicago, Ill.

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Fine Cutters, $20. Leather or Top Buggies, $50, Open Buggies, $35. CIRCULARS FREE.

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Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment
A guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhoea caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.
WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES
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Will purify BLOOD, regulate KIDNEYS, remove LIVER disorder, build strength, renew appetite, restore health and vigor of youth. Dyspepsia, Indigestion, that tired feeling absolutely eradicated. Mind brightened, brain power increased, bones, nerves, muscles, receive new force.
LADIES suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex, using it, find a safe, speedy cure. Returns rose bloom on cheeks, beautifies Complexion. Sold everywhere. All genuine goods bear "Crescent." Send us 2 cent stamp for 32-page pamphlet.
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Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Glass, Papers, Nails and all Kinds of Builder's Hardware.

OIL, LEAD AND MIXED PAINTS. ALSO

Guns, Ammunition and Sporting Goods of all Kinds.

AT THE OLD STAND 2 LAUREL STREET.

KOOP BROS.,

Sell the best and cheapest

Groceries!

And PROVISIONS.

Front Street, - between 6th and 7th.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Official Paper Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, F. W. Wieland, } Editors and Proprietors.

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job-printing office in the city.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

Local News Notes.

The railroad men in this city were paid off on Wednesday.

A. B. Cole, of Pillager, desires to hire teams to haul wood.

A bloodless battle between the Brainerd undertakers is on.

If you want your chimney cleaned, apply at D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

Lawyer Merrill, of Aitkin, transacted business in the city Wednesday.

Gents' summer neckwear, large assortment reduced to 25 cents at Day's

The Germania Maennerchor are to give a masquerade on the 12th of next month.

The Staples Change reports a son born to Mr. and Mrs. Ered Knowles, formerly of this city.

Wanted—A good girl for general house work. Apply to Mrs. J. E. Goodman, 9th street north.

E. E. Farrington, of Milwaukee, spent Sunday in the city, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Parker.

The W. C. T. U. will meet Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. parlor. All are invited.

Ten young people were received into the First Congregational church last Sabbath on confession of faith.

A gentleman 72 years of age, named C. Grant, died at Fort Ripley, of lagrippe, the latter part of last week.

An infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Mike Johnson, of Southeast Brainerd, aged one year, died of cramps yesterday.

Mrs. J. L. Smith and Mrs. Edward Hazen are in the city spending the week with their mother, Mrs. C. B. Sleeper.

J. B. Douglas, formerly a resident of this city, but now a leading attorney of Duluth, was in the city on Saturday last.

Be sure and be on hand for your supper at the Y. M. C. A. on Tuesday evening, Jan. 26th, at 6 o'clock. Supper 25 cents.

Mrs. W. H. Mantor and children, who have been visiting in Iowa for some weeks, returned to Brainerd on Saturday last.

Rev. J. C. Huntington went to Excelsior on Tuesday where his family are living. He expects to return tomorrow (Saturday).

Emma White, aged 77 years, died at her home south of town on Sunday last of heart disease. The funeral took place Wednesday.

Mrs. H. Theviot, No. 16 Front street, has the largest assortment of millinery goods, and sells hats and bonnets cheaper than the cheapest.

The commissioners of Cass county are advertising in the Staples paper for material with which to build a bridge across the Crow Wing river.

Warren Potter, one of the solid business men of Aitkin county, has been in attendance at court in chambers before Judge Holland this week.

F. N. Muzzy, of Hauser Junction, Idaho, arrived here on Tuesday for a short visit. Mr. Muzzy was formerly a resident of Oaklawn township in this county.

The ladies of the Episcopol church will be pleased to serve you with a good supper in the Y. M. C. A. room on Tuesday, Jan. 26th. Supper 25 cents at 6 o'clock.

Another "Brookfield Service" is announced to be given at the First Congregational church on Sunday evening next, and they will probably have a good congregation.

Rev. B. B. Haugan, of Fergus Falls, will give a lecture on some interesting subject Thursday evening, Jan. 28th, at the Norwegian Luthern church, on Seventh street south.

The event which is expected to eclipse everything to come will be the Chenquatana Club's masquerade ball which is to take place at the roller rink on February 29th.

Mrs. Wm. McKay died at Gull River on Thursday from effects of child-birth, at the age of 35 years. A husband and five children are left to mourn her untimely death.

A Masonic lodge has been allowed, under dispensation from the grand lodge, to Staples, with B. F. Hartshorn, W. M.; C. E. McMullen, senior warden; Fred Davis, junior warden.

An item of great importance, to Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Johnson, at least, escaped the notice of all the newspapers in the city last week, which was the birth of a nine pound girl at their house on Thursday morning.

A laborer at Little Falls, named M. G. McGinnis, fell from a load on Tuesday and broke his thigh, and the same day a man named Errickson, fell on a cut-off saw at Long's mill, near that place, and was frightfully mutilated.

Brainerd Div. No. 7, U. R. K. P., have issued invitations for a grand uniform ball to take place at Gardner Hall on Friday evening of next week, the 29th inst. The occasion will be an interesting and pleasant one. All Sir Knights will appear in full uniform, and the grand march will take place promptly at 9 o'clock.

C. N. Parker and W. H. Topping, lessees of the Northern Pacific foundry in this city, have started on a trip to Portland, and expect to be about six weeks on their journey. They go by the way of Omaha, Kansas City, Denver, San Diego and San Francisco, Cal. In each of these cities they will stop for a short time.

Burned the Bakery.

On Tuesday evening fire was discovered in the rear of W. S. Hill's bakery on 9th street north, and an alarm was sent in to the central hose house. Before the department reached the scene of the conflagration the flames had spread to the main part of the building, and the residence of A. G. Mitchie was in danger as the wind was blowing quite a gale from the south, and the buildings were but a few feet apart. The department made their work tell, and with a stream of water playing on both sides soon had it under control, but not until the one story building occupied by the bakery was nearly destroyed. This is the second or third time that Mr. Hill has met with a similar misfortune. The loss will be somewhere from $1000 to $1500, fully insured. In the meantime Mr. Hill is receiving supplies from Minneapolis to suppy his customers.

ANOTHER FIRE.

Hardly had the firemen housed their apparatus when an alarm was turned in from 9th street south, on the corner opposite the high school building, the blaze being in the old Schultz boarding house, a large two-story frame building, and one of the old land marks in the city. The house was owned by Albert Otto, and was occupied by himself and John Guyott, both families living in the north part of the building, the balance of the house being unoccupied. The fire originated from a defective chimney, and the flames spread through the attic before they were discovered. Both families succeeded in removing their household effects, but the building was almost entirely destroyed. Mr. Otto had an insurance of $500 on it. Mrs. Guyott was confined to her bed, and herself and little baby, only one day old, were removed to a neighbor's, and since that time the lady has been much worse caused by the fright received.

A very fine present will be given away to-morrow evening at the opera house by the Kickapoo Indian Medicine Co. The occasion will be a grand prize drill and is open to anyone for competition. Don't fail to attend.

On Tuesday the east bound passenger train to Duluth was derailed near Cedar Lake, but luckily no one was injured. The sleeper and rear coach were dragged along the ties for some distance, but the train was stopped before they overturned. The accident was caused by a broken rail.

The new time card of the Northern Pacific road went into effect on Wednesday evening. Trains now leave Brainerd for St. Paul at 5.10 a. m. and arrive from that place at 2 p. m. The train for Duluth leaves at 8:30 a. m. and arrives from that city at 8:40 p. m. The corrected time card appears elsewhere.

The agent at Perham has received positive instructions from the general freight agent of the Northern Pacific road that he must not allow any more fish to be shipped from that place. It will not be long until the fish and game in this upper country will receive protection enough to preserve some of it, at least, for a few years.

C. D. Johnson has rented the Parker & Topping building, next door to Losey & Dean's undertaking establishment, for a term of years and will remove his drug store into it sometime during the next week from its present location. The new location will give ample room for the business, the present quarters being to crowded.

The list of delinquent taxes on real estate in Crow Wing and Cass counties for the year 1890, will appear in these columns the first week in February, the list having been filed with the clerk of the court on the 20th inst. This will be the notice to all delinquents and judgments will be entered on the taxes March 21; the list will then go to the auditor who will sell the property so advertised in May.

D. W. McIntosh, chief of the fire department at Brainerd, and Alderman Barber, of Brainerd, were in the city yesterday, purchasing horses to be used by the Brainerd fire department. While here they were shown the working of the Kunzelman steering apparatus in use on the hook and ladder truck, with which they were delighted. Mr. Kunzelman's patent is becoming popular, and will soon be adopted in several cities.—Stillwater News.

The bal masque of "The 7 Owls" last evening at Gardner Hall, was a success in point of attendance and pleasure. The spacious dancing floor was well filled with handsome as well as grotesque figures, and all seemed to be enjoying the fun to the greatest extent. What room was not occupied by the participants was taken up by spectators. The organization can well feel elated over the success of their efforts in giving the first masquerade of the season.

Two toughs who gave their names as D. S. Brainard and John Link, were up before the court on Monday charged with robbery. John Koula was the complainant and he claimed to have been knocked down and robbed of $16 in money by these fellows at John Denis' saloon on Sixth street on the previous night. The examination resulted in binding the prisoners over to the district court where the grand jury will consider the case against them for robbery in the second degree.

Murdock Lodge, Div. No. 43, of this city, have issued invitations for a grand ball to be given at The National, Staples, on Tuesday evening, Jan. 26th. The organization is the Ladies' Auxiliary to Div. No. 144, B. of L. E. The following are the committees: Floor—E. H. Simmons and Geo. M. Haas, assisted by R. Gilby, S. Van Wagoner, G. H. Wilson, T. L. McGinnis, C. L. Snow and Chas. Ponds. Reception—J. DeLong, J. J. Hickey, Fred Stillings, Bert Haynes, Walter Scott, H. E. Woods and Geo. Harter. The occasion will certainly be a very pleasant affair.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Chicago gets the democratic convention.

W. A. Fleming has been in St. Paul during the week in attendance at the United States court.

An item which escaped the reporter's careful eye last week was the thieft of a watch and overcoat and $22.50 in cash at the Northwestern Hospital in this city last week. A man named James Tahmason, who was at the above named institution for treatment from one of the lumber camps north of here, borrowed a watch of one of the other patients and also an overcoat and came down town. Sometime during the night he got up and helped himself to a pocket-book containing $22.50 and decamped, and no trace of him has yet been found, although all possible means were used to apprehend him.

A very pleasant birthday party, and a surprise at that, was tendered Grandma Shupe at her residence on Fourth street south on Wednesday evening, the occasion being the sixty-ninth anniversary of her birth. The party was very adroitly managed, the ladies assembling and going together to Mrs. Shupe's who was in entire ignorance of the affair. Many of the persons who intended going were detained by sickness, but a very pleasant time was enjoyed by those present, and the occasion will long be remembered. Many presents were received and a bounteous supper was served at 10 o'clock out of the many baskets of good things brought by the guests. The names of those present were as follows: Mrs. H. Rosenblatt, Mrs. W. Koop, Mrs. A. J. Coutu, Mrs. Chas. Hagberg, Mrs. J. E. Amby, Mrs. A. Olson, Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. Thompson, Mrs. Pierce, Mrs. Anderson, Mrs. Abbott, Mrs. Wison and Mrs. Gustafson.

Dime Readings.

The second of the "Dime Readings" and entertainments of the Y. M. C. A. will take place at their rooms on Wednesday evening, Jan. 27th, at 8 p. m. These entertainments have become quite popular among the Y. M. C. A. people and their friends. The entertainment committee, Messrs. J. C. Small, F. M. Cable, Prof. Cobb and Prof. Gerrity, have spared no trouble or expense to make them successful. A new platform has been erected for those who take part in the programme, and a very fine piano has been placed in the hall by Mr. Walter Davis, the organ and piano dealer of this city. The first entertainment was decided by those present to be the finest of the kind every given, and this may be considered as a fair sample of those which are to follow, so there are some pleasant evenings in store for those who have the opportunity to attend them. The following is the programme:

Opening Overture	Bartle Orchestra
Reading	J. E. Ireland
Vocal Solo	S. F. Alderman
Piano Duet	Misses Wilson and Small
Reading	Miss Morcer
Guitar Solo	F. M. Cable
Recitation	Miss Amy Lowey
Ocarina Solo	Mr. Jno. Gardner
Music	Miss Merritt
Overture	Bartle Orchestra

Kickapoo Indian Medicine Company Testimonials.

VINTON, Ia., Aug. 8, '91.

INDIAN DOCTOR:

Elsie, next to my youngest daughter, had scrofulous under the chin and on her neck, and sores all over her face before I commenced to give her Kickapoo Indian Sagwa and to apply the salve. Her face now is free from any pimples or sores, and there is no enlargement of the glands. All this is due to the virtue of Sagwa and the Kickapoo Indian Salve. The Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer removed quite a number of worms from my little daughter Emma. I am glad your company came to advertise so valuable medicines here as we have found all of the Kickapoo remedies to be as represented.

MRS. HETTIE HANNA.

GREENE, Dec. 18, 1891.

I have been troubled for years with kidney complaint and have been under treatment with several doctors without getting but little or no relief. I had given up in despair of ever getting cured until the Kickapoo Indian Medicine Company came to the opera house for a few weeks. They advertised their Indian medicines and I attended several of their performances and heard the doctor talking of the wonderful cures the Kickapoo Indian Sagwa was making, and he also described my feelings. Next day I called at the office during his office hours. He told me to use Sagwa and if it did not cure me he would refund the money. I took six bottles of Sagwa for $5, and after using one bottle I felt better than I had for years. I am now using the fourth and can say I am a well man. I can safely recommend the Indian Sagwa to any one suffering with kidney trouble as a sure cure, and shall ever feel grateful to the Kickapoo Indian Medicine Company.

F. GOULD.

Brick, Limberger, Swiss, Full Cream, } CHEESE.

Just received fresh at C. H. Paine & Co.'s market

R. E. Purcell, of Staples, has been at the Brainerd Sanitarium several days this week suffering from a severe attack of neuralgia. He is now able to be about again.

Do you feel dizzy or dull after reading a long time? If you do call at Dresskell's and have your eyes tested and fitted with a pair of glasses. Prescriptions furnished for glasses not carried in stock, such as for myopia astigmatism, etc.

Wildey and Evergreen lodges, of this city, two separate organizations of Odd Fellows, are favorably considering the advisability of consolidating into one lodge. If the idea is carried to a successful termination, it will make one of the strongest secret societies in the city.

Aldermen Ferris and Barber and Chief McIntosh went to St. Paul on Friday last for the purpose of purchasing a hose wagon and team of horses for the Brainerd fire department. Mr. Ferris returned on Saturday night, the other two gentlemen remaining as the purchase had not been completed, and they are expected home to-day. It is understood the gentlemen will bring with them a fine team of trained horses which they have purchased from parties at Stillwater for $375. The hose wagon, which is being made to order, will not arrive for several days.

Notice of Co-Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between Charles D. Johnson and Wallace J. Bain at Brainerd, Minnesota, under the firm name of Johnson & Bain, is this day by mutual consent dissolved. All outstanding accounts due said firm will be collected by said Wallace J. Bain, and all claims against said firm will be paid by said Charles D. Johnson. Mr. Johnson will continue the business.

CHARLES D. JOHNSON.
WALLACE J. BAIN.

Dated January 8th, 1892.

In the Toils.

Go to Mrs. H. Theviot No. 16 Front street, for your hats and bonnets, largest assortment and lowest prices.

Large line of clothing at Cale's.

Gents' summer neckwear cheap, a Day's.

The Enterprise grocery house are destroyers of high prices.

L. J. Cale wishes to see all his old friends at his new stand.

Call at C. H. Paine & Co.'s for any kind of nice fresh cheese.

The Enterprise grocery house are destroyers of high prices.

Men's and boy's odd pants, new and large line just in at Day's

The Enterprise grocery house are destroyers of high prices.

A special bargain in ladies' fine kid button shoes at $1.50, at Day's.

Carpets, oil cloth rugs, mats, window curtains, at D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

If you are in need of storm doors or windows, go to D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

1,000 men, women and children wanted to try on SHOES at L. J. Cale's.

Paints, oils, varnishes, and every thing in the paint line, D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

The celebrated "SWEDISH KNACKEBREAD" for sale only at The Enterprise.

Call for the "Henrietta," the best ladies' $2 kid shoe in the world, at Day's.

Horses, cows, ponies, wagons, buggies and harnesses for sale on time at Hoffman's.

Don't fail to see the bargains in millinery goods at Mrs. H. Theviot, No. 16, Front street.

The office of J. R. Smith is the headquarters for reliable fire insurance. Room 4, Sleeper Block.

A fresh line of Full Cream, Brick, Swiss and Limberger Cheese just opened at C. H. Paine & Co.'s market.

You will get about five bars more soap for your dollar at The Enterprise than you can get by trading at the old high price grocers.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

BRAINERD, MINN., Jan. 7, '92.

E. J. SWAN, ESQ.,

You are hereby notified that pursuant to Tax Judgment entered in the District Court, in the County of Crow Wing, State of Minnesota, the SE¼ NW¼, SW¼ NE¼, NE¼ SW¼ and SE¼ SE¼, Section 6, Township 45, Range 28, assessed in your name, were sold for taxes May the 7th, 1888, and that the time of redemption from said sale will expire March the 7th, 1892, or sixty days after service of this notice. Amount required to redeem from said sale is $133.34.

Witness my hand and official seal at Brainerd, in said County of Crow Wing, this 7th day of January, A. D. 1892.

[SEAL.] LOUIS TACHE, Co. Auditor.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

ALL MUST GO!

We still have a few

Ladies', Misses & Children's

CLOAKS

Which we will Sell at a Reduction of

25 PER CENT.

1-4 OFF CLOAKS. 1-4 OFF

A Plush Sack, worth	$20	for	$16.00
A Plush Sack, worth	25	for	18.75
A Plush Sack, worth	30	for	22.50
A Jacket, worth -	5	for	3.75
A Jacket, worth -	6	for	4.50
A Jacket, worth -	$3.50	for	$2.63

ETC., ETC., ETC.

Greatest Bargains on Record!

ALSO A FEW

FUR CAPES.

Those Garments worn the year around. If you are interested in these goods at CUT RATES come and see us.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

DRESS GOODS.

CAMPBELL & SMITH.

The Big "9."

Are showing a more complete stock of boots and shoes than ever was shown in Brainerd and better value. Come in and see them. Custom work and repairing as usual.

R. F. WALTERS, Sixth Street.

Fine Clothing Made to Order.

Our new samples for fall and winter wear have just been received. Call and inspect them and leave your order at GEO. N. DAY'S.

IT WAS A TERRIBLE GANG.

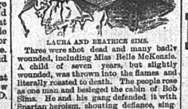
The Rise and Fall of the Simsites—A Bloody Record.

"The Sims gang is wiped out." Such is the tenor of the latest dispatches from Choctaw county, Ala., and the adjacent section of Mississippi. All are gone, the details run: Four or five were shot dead, nine or ten were hanged, including by one account Laura and Beatrice, daughters of Bob Sims, and all of Bob's sons and brothers, and a few others "disappeared" in ways not related. Take it all in all, it is the most dramatic, horrible, incredible, and altogether unexplainable of recent American tragedies.

It began soon after the civil war with the expulsion of old Bob Sims, a brave veteran of the Confederate army, from the Methodist church for general recklessness of speech and demeanor. He was a rugged and muscular backwoodsman, an orphan reared no one knows how, with a deal of native shrewdness and a wonderful "gift of gab," but of a wild, unbalanced intellect. He preached a compound of Mormonism, communism and anarchism, and soon had some sixty followers—a terror to the whole community.

Any who offended him had to suffer. He cut out the tongues of cattle, cut off their hoofs, shot horses and avenged himself in many other ways. He manufactured moonshine whisky and so the federal authorities got after him. His gang rose on the officers, killed one and badly wounded another, but one of the Simses was killed in the fray. The daughters, Laura and Beatrice, went to the governor and tried to make terms for their father, but threatened vengeance on all their enemies. The culmination came one night when several neighbors were gathered at McMillan's house and store.

The Simses went with a wild band of fanatics, set the house on fire by throwing burning balls of cotton and turpentine, and as the inmates fled for their lives men, women and children were indiscriminately shot down. The details are horrible. John McMillan leaped the fence with a child in his arms and was shot through the body. Old John Kennedy, with his grandchild in his arms, reached the woods and there was shot through the heart. Josephine McMillan, with a baby brother in her arms, was shot down in the road and beat the grass and weeds around her in her death struggles, while the baby lay screaming by with three buckshot in his leg. All around the burning building murder was in progress, murder such as only savage Indians have heretofore done in America, and all this time the Sims gang yelled and blasphemed in language too horrible for publication.



LAURA AND BEATRICE SIMS.

Three were shot dead and many badly wounded, including Miss Belle McKenzie. A child of seven years, but slightly wounded, was thrown into the flames and literally roasted to death. The people rose as one man and besieged the cabin of Bob Sims. He and his gang defended it with Spartan heroism, shouting defiance, singing their peculiar songs and even playing the flute in the intervals of the battle. A six-pounder cannon was brought, however and they had to yield; and then the hanging followed. Bob Sims, Will Savage and Tyree Savage were hanged first, on the same oak tree, with the rope from Neil Sims' well. Then a general hunt for the others began.

Neil Sims, a negro outlaw named Hurton and a few others had got into the woods, but a few were captured. The details are not given—they "disappeared." Then a neighbor who had witnessed the night attack at McMillan's made oath that he had seen Laura and Beatrice Sims in the attacking party cheering on the men, and their fate was sealed. Lynching of women is such a revolting matter that a denial has been published, and it is even claimed now that one of the Sims men, Bob's brother Neil, escaped.

New Cash Store!

Grocereis at Rock Bottom Prices!

We are now located in our NEW QUARTERS on the east side of Sixth street, and are prepared to astonish the public in the matter of prices. Get prepared for the shock.

We will sell for Cash and defy competition.

H. McGINN.

Money at 10 per Cent. Straight

TO Loan on Real Estate.

WE CHARGE NO BONUS OR COMMISSION.

Also Loan on Chattel Security on Favorable Terms.

A. L. HOFFMAN.

Cor. Fifth and Front Streets, Brainerd

City and County Orders Bought.

DRUGS! DRUGS!

C. D. JOHNSON, DRUGGISTS.

FRONT STREET, CORNER SEVENTH.

Try our SEMPER IDEM CREAM, for chapped hands or any roughness of the skin.

Try our No. 2 Cough Syrup for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Remember we have a complete line of Mixed Paints, Varnishes, Floor Paint, Paint Brushes, Etc., Etc.

J. R. SMITH & CO.

Fire Insurance,

[None but reliable companies represented.]

Real Estate,

RENTS & COLLECTIONS.

Agent for the Minnesota Savings Fund and Investment Co., and The Pioneer Savings and Loan Co.

Taxes Paid and Interest Collected for non-residents.

Correspondence Solicited.

Room 4, Sleeper Block, - Brainerd.

PENSIONS

THE DISABILITY BILL IS A LAW.

Soldiers Disabled Since the War Are

ENTITLED. Dependent widows and parents now dependent whose sons died from effects of army service are included. If you wish your claim speedily and successfully prosecuted, address,

James Tanner.

Late Commissioner of Pensions, WASHINGTON, D. C.

McGILL COLLEGE, Montreal, Quebec, March 8, 1889.—This is to certify that I have examined the formula and prescribed Dr. Leduc's Periodical Pills, of Paris, France. I have concluded that if this combination will not excite the menses, that there is nothing in medicine that will do it, it is a 11½ grain amenogogue, containing all the well known harmless drugs that act upon the generative system. I know them to be positively harmless and safe for all kinds of suppress on from any cause. I have used them in my practice for the last four years, and found that the most stubborn cases yield. Yours, R. L. KYDD, M. D. $2 or 3 for $5. American Pill Co., Royalty Proprietors, Spencer, Ia. The genuine French Pill only obtained of N. McFADDEN, Brainerd, Minn.

W. A. FLEMING,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office next door to post-office.

BRAINERD - - - MINN.