THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 11, NUMBER 46. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA FRIDAY, SEPT. 30, 1892. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—THE—

GREAT TRANSCONTINENTAL ROUTE

Passes through Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Oregon and Washington.

THE DINING CAR LINE

Dining Cars are run between Chicago, St. Paul Minneapolis, Winnipeg, Helena, Butte, Tacoma, Seattle and Portland.

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Pullman service daily between Chicago, St Paul, Montana and the Pacific Northwest; and between St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba points.

THE POPULAR LINE.

Daily express trains carry elegant Pullman Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars, Day Coaches, Pullman Tourist Sleepers and Free Colonist Sleeping Cars.

YELLOWSTONE PARK ROUTE,

The Northern Pacific R. R. is the rail line to Yellowstone Park; the popular line to California and Alaska; and its trains pass through the grandest scenery of seven states.

THROUGH TICKETS

are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to all points North, East, South and West, in the United States and Canada.

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

No. 5 arrives from the South at 10:30 p. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 6 goes South at 5:20 a. m., daily except Sunday.

No. 11 arrives from Duluth at 8:20 p. m., daily Goes West at 8:25 p. m.

No. 14 arrives from the West at 7:45 a. m., daily. Goes East to Duluth at 8:05 a. m.

Morris accommodation leaves at 7:00 a. m., except Sunday.

Brainerd accommodation from Morris and Little Falls arrives at 5:30p. m., except Sunday.

No. 54 freight, carries passengers to Aitkin, leaves at 10:40 p. m.

No. 55, freight, arrives from N. P. Junction at 2:00 p. m. Goes West at 3:00 p. m., except Sunday.

No. 56, freight, arrives from Staples at 9:50 a. m. Goes East to N. P. Junction at 10:45 a. m., except Sunday.

These freight trains cannot be relied upon for regularity of movement, and are liable to be abandoned without notice at the will of the Company.

For Rates, Maps, Time Table or special information, apply to agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd, or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

DRESSKELL'S

Jewelry Store

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HEADQUARTERS FOR

Clocks of All Kinds,

From Nickel Alarm Clocks up to the finest French Marble. Just thething for a present.

N. Schroeder,

—DEALERS IN—

Wines, Liquors, and

CIGARS,

Imported and Domestic.

Especial Attention Given to Orders for Family Use,

Give me a call when in Detroit and I will guarantee good usage.

N. SCHROEDER,
DETROIT, MINN.

(First publication Sept. 9th.)
NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.
Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., Sept. 6, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. F. Alderman, Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Monday, Oct. 17th, 1892, viz:

ANDREW E. BENNETT,

H. E. No. 12702, for the SE¼, Section 10, Township 44, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Alonzo Vinton, Wils Williver, Jonathan B. Swisher, Charles F. Williver. Postoffice address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

[First publication Sep. 23.]
NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF
Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., September 21, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. F. Alderman, Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, Oct. 29th, 1892, viz:

RICHARD ILSE,

H. E. No. 13861 for the N½ of the NE¼, SW¼ NE¼ and NE¼ NW¼ Sec. 4, Twp 45, Range 30

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

August Ladwig, Henry Leider, Henry Grossman and John Leckscheidt, Post office address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

Professional Cards.

W. A. FLEMING,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office: Room 8, Bank Block.
BRAINERD - - - MINN.

R. K. WHITELEY,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,.
Office, Room 11, Bank Block,
BRAINERD.................... MINN.

DR. H. RIBBEL,
DENTIST.
Rooms 3 and 4 over Bank Block.
BRAINERD, - - MINN.

MONEY TO LOAN

—ON—

IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.

EASIER PAYMENTS
LOWER INTEREST
And More Reliable than Building and Loan Associations.

BORROWERS

Having first-class security to offer should send for statement showing cost of loans if they desire to transfer their mortgages and reduce their interest,

NEW YORK MORTGAGE COMPANY,
400-401-402 Oneida Block, Minneapolis, Minn.

IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself and family to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value for prices asked, as thousands will testify.
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.
THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY.

A genuine sewed shoe, that will not rip, fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, flexible, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Equals custom made shoes costing from $4 to $5.

$4 and $5 Hand-sewed, fine calf shoes. The most stylish, easy and durable shoes ever sold at the price. They equal fine imported shoes costing from $8 to $12.

$3.50 Police Shoe, worn by farmers and all others who want a good heavy calf, three soled, extension edge shoe, easy to walk in, and will keep the feet dry and warm.

$2.50 Fine Calf, $2.25 and $2.00 Workingmen's Shoes will give more wear for the money than any other make. They are made for service. The increasing sales show that workingmen have found this out.

Boys' $2.00 and Youths' $1.75 School Shoes are worn by the boys everywhere. The most serviceable shoes sold at the prices.

Ladies' $3.00 Hand-sewed, $2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 Shoes for Misses are made of the best Dongola or fine Calf, as desired. They are very stylish, comfortable and durable. The $3.00 shoe equals custom made shoes costing from $4.00 to $6.00. Ladies who wish to economize in their footwear are finding this out.

Caution.—W. L. Douglas' name and the price is stamped on the bottom of each shoe; look for it when you buy. Beware of dealers attempting to substitute other makes for them. Such substitutions are fraudulent and subject to prosecution by law for obtaining money under false pretences.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

Bredfeld, The Shoemaker.

THE RIPANS TABULES regulate the stomach, liver and bowels, purify the blood, are pleasant to take, safe and always effectual. A reliable remedy for Biliousness, Blotches on the Face, Bright's Disease, Catarrh, Colic, Constipation, Chronic Diarrhoea, Chronic Liver Trouble, Diabetes, Disordered Stomach, Dizziness, Dysentery, Dyspepsia, Eczema, Flatulence, Female Complaints, Foul Breath, Headache, Heartburn, Hives, Jaundice, Kidney Complaints, Liver Troubles, Loss of Appetite, Mental Depression, Nausea, Nettle Rash, Painful Digestion, Pimples, Rush of Blood to the Head, Sallow Complexion, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Scrofula, Sick Headache, Skin Diseases, Sour Stomach, Tired Feeling, Torpid Liver, Ulcers, Water Brash and every other symptom or disease that results from impure blood or a failure in the proper performance of their functions by the stomach, liver and intestines. Persons given to over-eating are benefited by taking one tabule after each meal. A continued use of the Ripans Tabules is the surest cure for obstinate constipation. They contain nothing that can be injurious to the most delicate. 1 gross $2, 1-2 gross $1.25, 1-4 gross 75c., 1-24 gross 15 cents. Sent by mail postage paid. Address THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, P. O. Box 672, New York.

(First publication Sept. 9th.)
Notice of Sheriff Sale.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing.
District Court, 15th Judicial District.
Brainerd Co-operative Building and Loan Association, plaintiff,
vs.
Mary Frenken, John Frenken, Mary A. Ort and Michael Cullen, defendants.

NOTICE OF SALE UNDER DECREE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that in pursuance of a judgement and decree of the Court in this action, dated September 5th, 1892, and duly entered therein, I shall expose for sale, as the law directs, at the front door of the court house in the city of Brainerd, in the county of Crow Wing, Minnesota, on the 24th day of October, 1892, at ten o'clock a. m., the following described real estate situate in said county, to-wit:

Commencing at the southeast corner of block four in the town of East Brainerd according to the plat thereof of record in the Registry of Deeds of said county thence running north on the east line of said block one hundred twenty feet thence at right angles west twenty-five feet thence south one hundred twenty feet to the south line of said block thence east to the place of beginning.

HENRY SPALDING,
Sheriff of Crow Wing County, Minnesota.
LEON E. LUM,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

(First publication Sept. 9th.)
Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by Edward Hazen and Maud S. Hazen, his wife, mortgagors, to James A. McCune, mortgagee, dated the 23d day of July, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the county of Crow Wing, in the State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of July, A. D. 1889, at 4:15 o'clock p. m., in book "E" of Mortgages, on page 256 on which there is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice the amount of one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars, and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, THEREFORE, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, and the said mortgaged premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county of Crow Wing at public auction, to the highest bidder therefor, for cash, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Brainerd, in the county of Crow Wing and state of Minnesota, on Saturday, the 22d day of October, A. D. eighteen hundred and ninety-two at two o'clock in the afternoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the interest thereon, and costs and expenses of sale, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lots, pieces or parcels of land situated in the county of Crow Wing and state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit:

Lots numbered eleven (11) and twelve (12) of block one hundred eighty-seven (187) in the town of Brainerd, and lot thirteen (13) in block thirty-nine (39) in First Addition to Brainerd, and lots numbered thirteen (13), fourteen (14), fifteen (15), sixteen (16), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21) in block one (1), in Sleeper Park addition to Brainerd, according to the plats of said town and additions of record in the Register of Deeds of said county.

Dated Sept. 9th, 1892.

JAMES A. MCCUNE,
Mortgagee.
W. A. FLEMING,
Attorney of Mortgagee.

Notice of Final Proof.
Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., Sep. 10th, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., on Oct. 25, 1892, viz:

WM. H. LANKTREE,

D. S. 5879, for the NE¼ SE¼, Sec. 24, Twp. 133, Range 31.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

J. A. Summers, J. B. Summers, Charley Johnson, W. A. Wilson, all of Pillager, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register

HON. KNUTE NELSON,
Republican Candidate for Governor.

Republican Legislative Ticket.

W. M. FULLER—Morrison county.
W. A. FLEMING—Crow Wing county.
R. C. DUNN—Mille Lacs county.
W. E. LEE—Todd county.

A GOOD idea has been suggested of holding ballot schools or mock elections to familiarize the voters with the process through which they will have to go in depositing their ballots on election day under the new law.

THE people in this section of the state, outside the democratic party, are unanimous in their desire to see Senator Cush. K. Davis re-elected on account of his ability and official service already rendered. The candidates on the republican legislative ticket will vote to return Mr. Davis, and a vote for them is a vote for the best man Minnesota ever had in the United States senate.

Crow Wing is All Right.

Col. Plummer addressed an audience of 1,500 republicans at Brainerd, Wednesday evening. Previous to the address there was a parade in which upwards of 400 republicans in uniform took part. This does not indicate the "great disaffection" proclaimed by the Duluth Herald and other "half-and-half" papers, as existing in Crow Wing county.—Duluth News.

A Good Record.

W. A. Fleming, as one of the nominees for the legislature, comes before the people with an exceptionally good record for a man who has spent one term in that body, and there is not one thing that can be brought against him as to his action on any of the bills or measures which were passed, as the journal of the house will show. In the famous senatorial fight in which both sides were charged with bribery he cut loose from both factions and voted for Moses Clapp thus clearing his skirts of any suspicion. He was the leading spirit in killing the bill creating a board of public examiners, gotten up by Supt. Keihl, and also the St. Paul bar bill, in which the leading legal lights of the cities were arrayed against him. He was instrumental in helping to frame the present building and loan law. The meat inspection law, which was pronounced unconstitutional a few months after its passage, was fought by him upon the floor of the house and he was roundly scored by his opponents for his action in the matter, but a trial of the law proved him to be right. His vote on the interest bill was for a reduction of the legal rate from first to last, and on the Australian ballot law he worked for the passage of the bill which gave us the method under which we will cast our votes at the coming election, and worked for the adoption of it generally, instead of in cities of 10,000 population. There was not a single measure supported by the gentleman which will not bear the closest scutiny. His actions were entirely independent and for the good of his constituency and nothing can be brought against him that will have the least bearing in the present canvass, a thing which seldom occurs. Besides this he was one of the acknowledged leaders of the house and received favorable notice from the democratic as well as republican papers, and his return to the legislative this winter will be received with pleasure from all parts of the state.

Prof. D. M. Bristol's Wonderful Equines.

"The Grand Opera House was well filled last night in every part, the occasion being the performance of Prof. Bristol's Educated Horses. There is not a single feat performed by the remarkable animals that cannot be termed marvelous as indicating the intelligence of the horse, when treated patiently and kindly. Prof. Bristol uses less persuasion than any of his predecessors in conducting his entertainment. The whole time he speaks in an ordinary tone of voice and the horses obeyed it promptly and with evident appreciation of the spirit of the thing they are called upon to do. Sultan is an exceedingly clever animal, his mental arithmetic simply passing all understanding. He correctly answers questions in addition, subtraction, simple divison and multiplication, questions not only from his master, but from the audience. Like the horses, the mules, Denver and Dynamite, seem possessed of almost more than human intelligence. The former is really the star and pet of the whole show. There is hardly anything that he does not seem capable of, conducting himself with an apparent knowledge of the whole business, and requiring no prompting to fetch, carry, kick and execute any amount of the by-play. Undoubtedly, as the programme says: They perform many beautiful and interesting pictures that will linger long and pleasantly in the memory."

They Are Winners.

The ticket nominated at Little Falls on Friday last by the 46th legislative convention commends itself to the republicans of this district in more ways than one. The convention, unlike that of two years ago, was a most harmonious gathering and the gentlemen in attendance from all parts of the district were unanimous in their desire to see a good, clean, strong ticket placed in the field. The fact is this is a republican year and the voters of this district will see that the 46th sends four staunch republicans to represent them at St. Paul this winter.

With the exception of Mr. Fuller, of Morrison county, the nominees are all men who have been tried in public life and whose actions in the past will bear the closest scrutiny. Mr. Fuller has a record to carve out for himself and it is not out of place to remark that the placing of his name on the ticket strengthens it in all parts of the district. He is a thorough republican and has the respect and admiration regardless of party of nearly ever man in Morrison county. R. C. Dunn and Wm. E. Lee need no introduction as they are men tried and true and are nearly as well known in this county as the home candidate, W. A. Fleming. The nomination of this ticket has struck terror to the hearts of the democratic aspirants and it is safe to assert that Messrs. Fuller, Dunn, Lee and Fleming will be elected by a good round majority.

An Outside View.

The republicans of the 47th legislative district, at Little Falls, Friday, placed in the field an exceptionally strong ticket. The nominations were made by acclamation, and the utmost harmony prevailed, which indicates that the republicans of that district are determined to win. The gentlemen nominated are: Hon. Wm. E. Lee of Todd county, Judge W. A. Fleming of Brainerd, Editor W. W. Fuller of Little Falls, and Hon. R. C. Dunn—honest Old Bob Dunn—of Princeton. They are a big four. Messrs. Dunn, Lee and Fleming have already served in the legislature, and each took a leading position and by ability and industry wielded great influence. Mr. Fuller is also a gentleman of exceptional good ability and the people of Morrison co unty will have their interests looked after faithfully. That they will be elected goes without saying. The district had one experience with Democratic legislators and will not care to repeat the experiment. In this connection we will mention that the scheme to bring about a fusion between the democrats and populists in this district has evidently failed. The people's party demand that Stivers of Brainerd be pulled off the ticket. The reason was that Stivers went back on his promises made two years ago, it is claimed and they could not and would not support him. The democrats wished to give the people's party one representative, and with this in view only nominated three candidates. This the populists would not accept, and it is evident that Mr. Stivers refused to get down and out after receiving the nomination. The people's party will refuse to support four democrats, and especially Mr. Stivers. This makes the election of the straight republican ticket certain. —St. Cloud Journal-Press.

AUSTRALIAN SYSTEM OF VOTING.

A Few Pointers from the Law Which Governs the Form of Voting at the Coming Election.

The general election of Nov. 8th, 1892, is to be held under the election law of 1891, commonly known as the Australian system. Among the provisions of law which have to be observed in conducting the election are the following, namely:

Every town is an election district.

If the town contains more than 400 voters it shall be divided into two or more districts, by the Supervisors of the town at least six weeks before the general election.

The Supervisors are ex-officio judges of election, and the town clerk acts as one clerk, with one additional clerk to be chosen by the judges of election, of any opposite political party, if practicable, to the town clerk.

The election shall be held at the same place where the last town election was held, unless at such last election it was voted to hold it at another place, in which case, it shall be held where voted.

No person can act as a judge or clerk of election unless he is a qualified voter in that precinct, and can read, write and speak the English language understandingly.

In case any of the judges do not appear in time for the opening of the polls on election day, then the voters present shall select other persons of the same political parties as the absent judges to act in their place and stead. If the clerk is absent the judges fill the vacancy from the party of the absent clerk.

At least 15 days before the general election, the town clerk of each town must post three public notices containing a list of all the officers to be elected at such election, and also the hours during which the polls will be open.

The polls shall be opened at 9 o'clock a. m. and kept open continuously until five o'clock p. m. in all the towns having less than 400 inhabitants.

Written notice of the hour of closing the polls shall be posted outside of the polling place, and one of the judges shall proclaim the closing of the polls thirty minutes previous thereto.

Two ballot boxes shall be provided for the reception of the male votes, and one separate box for the reception of the female votes.

No person shall be allowed within the space provided for voting, except the officers of election, the voter and one challenger for each political party.

The tickets will be furnished to the town clerk of each town by the county auditor. At the opening of the polls or as soon there after as necessary, two of the judges of different parties will so write their initials on the back of each ticket.

Each voter must mark his ballot alone, unless he takes an oath that he cannot do so, then it may be marked for him in the presence of two judges belonging to different parties. If a ballot, after it is marked, is shown to any one, it can not be voted.

The ballot boxes shall be painted one white and one blue.

Two or more booths shall be provided for every 100 electors registered at each polling place so constructed that the voter when preparing his ballot therein shall be free from observation.

No voter shall remain in the polling room more than ten minutes, unless he remains on account of being challenged or at the request of the judges.

No persons are allowed to congregate in any number within 100 feet of the place of holding the election.

Sample ballots may be used by electors to aid in marking, but such sample ballots shall not be printed on white or blue paper.

Votes for the state officers and for presidential electors are deposited in the white ballot boxes: votes for county superintendent (by women) are to be deposited in the ballot box for women.

The judges of election shall make out a poll list twenty days before election, and post it up in three public places, at least 10 days before election together with a notice when and where they will meet to make corrections. They will meet to make such corrections on Nov 1st, 1892, from 9 a. m .to 4 p. m.

THE EFFORT FELL FLAT

The origin of the current charges that the farmers of the Northwest are robbed of upwards of 30 cents on every bushel of their wheat crop is traceable to the columns of Ignatius Donnelly's life organ, The Great West. In its issue for April 1, 1892, that erratic sheet published the following editorial paragraph:

> We have some facts now which beat the investigation all hollow—because no jury sits upon them except the people of the United States. The price of wheat has gone down to 78 cents in Minneapolis. Mark that. In Liverpool, if it is only 46 shillings a quarter, it is $1.40 a bushel for "Duluth" or "mixed grade." No one will question that—at least not more than as to 1 to 2 cents a bushel. Now there is a difference of 62 cents a bushel—or say 60 cents. And what are even rail and ocean freights? Why, admit they are 30 cents per bushel. What are lake and canal, now opening? Admit for argument's sake they are 20 cents (of course that is too high). Now then, in one case, the balance profit is 30 cents per bushel, and in the other 40 cents.

The wheat investigation, as will be remembered, was a grievous disappointment to those who brought it about. Long before it closed it was evident that the charges preferred against the state inspection department, and railroad, elevator and grain men, when thoroughly sifted, would fizzle out completely. In this emergency something had to be done and "Doc" Fish was equal to the occasion. He penned the brief article quoted above, and it did not fail of its purpose. It was copied very extensively by the press of the Northwest. In a modified form it crept into public documents, as is shown by the report of the North Dakota railway and warehouse commissioners, and it has been repeated and rehashed from the platform by Donnelly and hundreds of other speakers who, more or less successfully, have juggled with manufactured figures in their efforts to prove the absurd proposition. In this way a clumsy lie has been made to produce a most abundant crop of falsehood and misconception.

The most curious phase of the genesis and growth of the monstrous absurdity is that it really grew out of nothing. The Great West intended to deceive, and its article was written with that object in view. How well it served its purpose must needs have been a surprise to the author, and more than once he, undoubtedly, has chuckled over his complete success in deceiving the unsuspicious farmers of the Northwest. For the article really contains nothing. It does not even pretend to give statements of facts. It does not say that the price of wheat in Liverpool was 46 shillings per quarter at the time. It says, "If it (the price) is only 46 shillings per quarter it is $1.40 a bushel for 'Duluth' or 'mixed' grade." Certainly, "no one will question that." It then proceeds to argue from this premise and reaches the conclusion that the "balance profit" is 30 to 40 cents per bushel. The majority of the readers of the article evidently did not discover the trick. They failed to see that the figure quoted was only a supposed price, and thus came to believe that the charge alleging a robbery of upwards of 30 cents per bushel was conclusively proved by the market quotations of Liverpool.

Now, let us ascertain the actual prices paid in the English markets during the week preceding April 1, 1892. The Corn Trade News is recognized as a standard authority on such matters. Its quotations are everywhere accepted as correct and perfectly reliable. According to this authority, No. 1 Northern was quoted at 7s 7 1-2d to 7s 9d per cental (100 pounds) in the Liverpool market on March 29, of the present year, while the closing price in the Minneapolis market was 78 cents per bushel. Wheat is not sold by the quarter in Liverpool, as The Great West seems to think. The trade measure used in that market is the cental, (100 pounds) whereas, in London wheat is sold by the quarter, either Imperial quarter, (496 pounds) or common quarter (480 pounds.) On the same date, March 29, the London quotations for the leading Minnesota grades were as follows:

No. 1 Northern, 37 to 38s per Imp. qr; No. 1 hard, 38s 6d to 39s 6d per Imp. qr.

Computing these figures in bushels and cents we find that on March 29 No. 1 Northern was quoted in Liverpool at $1.10 per bushel, and in London at $1.09 per bushel. On the same date No 1 hard was quoted at $1.13 in London, while Liverpool does not give any quotations for this grade on that day. The Minneapolis price on the same date was 78c per bushel. This, plus 30 cents allowed by The Great West for freight and other charges, equals $1.08. In other words, the Liverpool price was 2 cents higher than the closing price at Minneapolis, and the London price only 1 cent higher. This, then, is the extent of the robbery. If the figure given by The Great West had been the real instead of a supposed quotation, the difference would have been about 30 cents, as claimed by Donnelly's paper. But the editor of that sheet was not in the business of telling the truth. His object was to mislead and deceive by juggling with figures. He made use of a figure approaching the retail price of wheat in London at that time, but which had no relation whatever to the wholesale price in the English market. But that did not trouble his conscience. He attained his purpose of deception and undoubtedly congratulated himself upon his success.

If a profit of 30 cents and upwards could be realized on every bushel of wheat shipped from the Northwest to England, there would be no more profitable business in the United States than that of exporting grain from the Northwestern wheat fields to Europe. The elevator managers and grain men of the Northwest are generally recognized as able and keen business men who know all there is to know about the grain trade. It stands to reason that they would not be slow in taking advantage of such exceptional opportunities for the profitable employment of their brains, energies and capital. We are, however, confronted with the singular fact that a grain exporter is a very rare bird in the Northwest. None of the elevator companies in this section are exporters of wheat. Several of them have experimented in this line, but their experience was discouraging; they lost money on the business and went out of it. Among the commission houses we find only two or three exporting firms, and even these send out cargoes only now and then. Men who make it their principal business to export grain to Europe or other foreign parts are not found in the Northwest, although they could make a profit of 30 to 60 cents on every bushel exported—if such public instructors as Donnelly, "Doc" Fish and their followers are to be believed. Is it not astonishing that the "wheat robbers" of the Northwest should be so utterly blind to such magnificent opportunities for getting rich without risk or effort?

The plain truth of the matter, as any fair-minded and sensible man will see and understand, is, of course, that the growing intensity of competition and the continued improvement and perfection of the various means of transportation have reduced the margin of profit to a minimum in the grain trade as in all other lines of business. The export of grain is, moreover, a business which is subject to exceptional risks and uncertainties. As an illustration of this, below is given a full account of the sale of a cargo of wheat shipped from Duluth to Glasgow. It consisted of 16,269 bushels No. 1 Northern, was shipped from Duluth to Buffalo via steamer North Wind and to Glasgow via steamer State of Indiana. It was sold at Glasgow June 30, 1890, at $1.08 per bushel, 30 days' credit.

The charges and account of sale, etc., read as follows:

	Per bu.
Elevator at Duluth	$.01250
Freight to Buffalo	.03750
Elevating at Buffalo	.00875
Extra storage at Buffalo	.00010
Insurance at Buffalo	.00030
Commission at Buffalo	.00145
Freight to New York	.03833
Towing and demurrage at New York	.00286
Insurance at New York	.00363
Weighing and transfer at New York	.01070
Commissions at New York	.00250
Interest at New York	.00126
Discount, Glasgow	.01870
Freight, Glasgow	.06940
Primage, Glasgow	.00340
Clyde dues	.01300
Piling bags on quay	.00110
Landing, weighing, delivery	.01000
Watching on quay	.00040
Insurance	.00043
Retiring draft	.00080
Cables	.00080
Petty expenses	.00120
Interest on disbursements	.00020
Commission and delcredere	.02260
Rebate on draft	.00430
Total charges	$.26427
Sold at	1.08000
Less charges	.26427
Net price received	.81573
Price at Duluth	.92500
Price actually received	.81573
Loss	.10927

This may seem improbable to many well-meaning farmers, who have been led to believe that they are being robbed of one-third of the value of their wheat crop; and that the export business is immensely profitable. But the illustration is an account of an actual sale. It is a fair sample of the experience of Northwestern grain men who have tried wheat exporting. It explains why they went out of a business which resulted in heavy losses instead of fair profits. It also explains why at this time there is not a single regular wheat exporting firm in the Northwest.

The

Last Plat Recorded

Was

KOOP & WALKER'S ADDITION

To the City of Brainerd.

This beautiful piece of property joins the Northern Mill Company's plant on the west! It is very nicely laid out. Lots 50x140 feet, with alleys 20 feet wide, streets 66. This plat has just been completed and the lots placed on the market. Prices and terms are reasonable. If you want a home, or if you want to speculate, here is an

OPPORTUNITY

That is not offered every day.

You can get Your Choice of these lots now by applying to

J. M. ELDER,
Room 17, First National Bank Block.

REMOVAL!

On or about Oct. 6th

Geo. N. Day

Will remove his Boot and Shoe Store to the building on Front street between 7th and 8th streets next door East of R. Parker's, where he will continue to carry a well assorted stock of everything in the Shoe Line AT THE MOST Reasonable Prices.

PROTECT YOURSELF

—BY—

A Policy on Your

—FROM—

J. R. SMITH,

Fire Insurance,

[None but reliable companies represented.]

Real Estate,

RENTS & COLLECTIONS.

Room 4, Sleeper Block. - Brainerd.

L. P. WHITE, Jr.

Real Estate Agent,

Room 2, Sleeper Block.

Improved and Unimproved Property

FOR SALE,

In various parts of the City.

HOUSES for SALE.

THE GENUINE

KEELEY TREATMENT

Authorized and under the direction of of the LESLEY E. KEELEY CO., Dwight, Ill., for cure of

Liquor, Opium

—AND—

Tobacco Habits

BY THE USE OF DR. LESLIE E. KEELEY'S DOUBLE CHLORIDE OF GOLD REMEDIES.

Indorsed by progressive physicians, philanthropists and divines, including Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage, of Brooklyn Tabernacle, who recently visited Dwight and addressed the 700 patients in line. The United States government has adopted these remedies for use in all States and National Soldiers' Homes. Carefully kept records prove 95 per cent. permanent cures; 66,000 homes already made happy. The objectionable features of Sanitarium treatment removed. No hospital; no restriction. All necessary liquors supplied during treatment. Patients are simply residents like ourselves. Terms $25 per week; board extra, $7 to $15 per week, to suit purse and inclination. Good accommodations, including baths, at the Institute.

NOTE OF WARNING.

To the Public:

As a matter of justice to ourselves and to the reputation of Dr. Leslie E. Keeley's Double Chloride of Gold Remedies for the cure of the Liquor, Opium, Morphine and Tobacco Diseases, and Neurasthenia, we warn the public that these remedies are used by no institution or sanitarium in the United States, except those established by our company under the uniform name of "THE KEELEY INSTITUTE."

All others claiming to use our remedies are frauds and impostors.

We have now sixty Keeley Institutes established in various parts of the United States, where the Keeley Treatment is administered, and the Keeley remedies sold. We, however, caution all to examine well and know that they are dealing with GENUINE REPRESENTATIVES, authorized by us, before taking treatment or purchasing remedies.

The misleading establishments use the name of "Bicloride of Gold" or similar titles. The newspapers often fail to discriminate sufficiently to know that they are imitators. This is a matter of public welfare, and hence this warning.

We desire inspection of our Institution and invite correspondence, which is strictly confidential.

Respectfully Yours,

THE LESLIE E. KEELEY CO.,
PROPRIETORS OF
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE,
10th Street and Park Avenue,
Minneapolis, - - Minn.

HOW A PUZZLE WAS SOLVED.

When you want a certain article, you want the best make of that article, don't you?

But how to determine which make is best is what puzzles you, isn't it?

And when the puzzle is solved for you, by authority which cannot be questioned, you are pleased, aren't you?

And you would like to hear of one puzzle that has been solved for the people of the whole world, wouldn't you?

Well, we will tell you about that very puzzle, and its solution.

At the Universal Exposition of 1889 at Paris, France, the best sewing machines of the world, including those of America, were in competition. They were passed upon by a jury composed of the best foreign mechanical experts, two of whom were the leading sewing machine manufacturers of France.

This jury, after exhaustive examination and tests, adjudged that the Wheeler & Wilson machines were the best of all, and awarded that company the highest prize offered, the GRAND PRIZE, giving other companies only gold, silver and bronze medals.

The French Government, as a further recognition of superiority, decorated Mr. Nathaniel Wheeler, president of the company, with the Cross of the Legion of Honor, the most prized honor of France.

That is how the puzzle of the best sewing machine in the world was fully solved by the most competent authority in the world in favor of the No. 9 and No. 12 Wheeler & Wilson machines.

The No. 9, for family use, and the No. 12, for manufacturing uses, are the best in the world to-day.

And now, when you want a sewing machine, if you do not get the best, it will be your own fault.

Ask your sewing machine dealer for the No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson machine, and if he does not keep them, write to us for descriptive catalogue, prices and terms.

Agents wanted in all unoccupied territory.

WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO.,
185 and 187 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

MINNESOTA

State Normal Schools,

—AT—

Winona, Mankato, Moorhead and St. Cloud.

These schools are organized for the training of teachers for the common school of the state.

ORGANIZATION.—Each school comprises two department—the Normal Department and the Training Department or Model School. The Normal Department embraces:

(a) An Elementary Course for teachers of rural districts and elementary grades.
(b) An Advanced Course for teachers of advanced grades.
(c) A Professional Course for teachers who have completed the required academic work elsewhere.
(d) A Kindergarten Training Course (at Winona.)

ADMISSION.—Graduates of high schools and colleges, and teachers holding county superintendents' first and second grade certificates are admitted without examination. All others are required to pass an entrance examination.

EXPENSES.—Tuition is free to all who pledge themselves to teach in Minnesota. Text books are furnished at a rental of three dollars per year. Provision is made in each school for economical living. The average cost of furnished rooms with board is about $3 per week. The Ladies' Home at St. Cloud offers board, furnished room, heat and light at $2.75 per week.

DIPLOMA.—By a recent act of the legislature, a diploma becomes a state teachers' certificate of the first grade.

The next school year opens at Winona and Mankato August 29, 1892; St. Cloud and Moorhead September 1, 1892.

For free catalogues and circulars, giving full information, address the presidents as follows:

IRWIN SHEPARD, Winona.
EDWARD SEARING, Mankato.
JOSEPH CARHART, St. Cloud,
LIVINGSTON C. LORD, Moorhead.

Foreclosure Sale.

WHEREAS, the subscriber has expended labor and furnished material in cutting and making one black Armour silk dress for Frankie Smith to the reasonable value of twenty-seven dollars and one gray china silk dress for Mrs. F. Green on which there is a balance due of six dollars, and more than six months has elapsed since the completion of said dresses and no part of said amounts has been paid.

Now THEREFORE, notice is hereby given that said dresses will be sold at the front door of the Court House in the City of Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, on the 19th day of September, 1892, at ten o'clock a. m., at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy my lien hereon and costs of foreclosure.

42-3t SARAH J. THOMPSON.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Default has been made in the conditions of the mortgage hereinafter described, by failure to pay the interest and premium thereon, which was due on the last Saturday in May, A. D. 1892, in the sum of four and 17-100 dollars ($4.17), and a like sum of interest and premium which became due and payable on the last Saturday of each and every month since that time, none of which several sums have ever been paid.

The mortgagee pursuant to the provisions of said mortgage, elects to and does declare the whole amount of said debt, both principal, interest and premium, due and payable, by reason of such defaults.

No action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt or any part thereof. Said mortgage contains a power of sale on default, and has been duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, where the land therein described is situated.

Name of mortgagor: James F. Hawkins, unmarried.

Name of mortgagee at the time of the execution of said mortgage: The "National Building Loan and Protective Union," a corporation of the state of Minnesota. The said corporation, on May 26, 1891, duly amended its articles of incorporation and by-laws, among other things changing its name to "The Pioneer Savings and Loan Company," and by that name has ever since been and now is known.

Date of mortgage: October 1st, A. D. 1887.

Date when and where recorded: October 21st, 1887, at 4:45 o'clock p. m., in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, in book "F" of mortgages, on pages 630 and following.

Amount of taxes paid by mortgagee, $70.47.

Amount of insurance paid by mortgagee, $50.00.

Amount due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice: Six hundred and forty-eight and 23-100 dollars ($648.23).

Description of mortgaged premises: The west half (½) of lot two (2), block four (4) in the town of East Brainerd, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Time of sale: Tuesday, October 18th, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Place of sale: The front door of the court house in the city of Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, that by reason of the facts above set forth, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises therein and above described, and said premises will be sold at the time and place aforesaid, pursuant to law and to the power of sale in said mortgage contained, to satisfy the amount that shall then be due thereon, and the expenses of such foreclosure and sale.

Dated August 31st, A. D. 1892.

THE PIONEER SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
(Formerly named "National Building Loan & Protective Union.")
GEORGE D. EMERY,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Minneapolis, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed by Dyre Pederson and Line Pederson, his wife, mortgagors, to Lydia A. Bickford, mortgagee, dated July 14th, 1892, and filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Crow Wing and state of Minnesota, on August 9th, 1888, at 9 o'clock a. m., and recorded in book "A" of Mortgages on pages 430 and 431.

That there is now claimed to be and is due and owing on said mortgage indebtedness the sum of two hundred and thirty-five dollars ($235.00) principal and interest, and the mortgagee has paid $19.33 taxes making in all now claimed to be due and owing the sum of $254.33, no proceedings at law or equity having been had or instituted to recover the said sum or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and that under and by virtue of a power of sale therein contained and therewith recorded, the premises described in the said mortgage lying and being in the county of Crow Wing, formerly Cass county, and state of Minnesota, viz: South one-half, south east quarter, and east one-half, north east quarter, and north west quarter, north east quarter, all in section number one (1), town one hundred and thirty-eight (138) of range twenty-seven (27) will be sold to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the Court House in the city of Brainerd, Minnesota, on Monday, Oct. 17, 1892 at two o'clock p. m., for the purpose of paying and satisfying the said mortgage and the costs and expenses of sale including twenty-five dollars attorney's fee stipulated in the said mortgage.

Dated July 14th, 1892.

LYDIA A. BICKFORD,
Mortgagee.
W. A. MCDOWELL,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

(First publication Sept. 2.)
NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.
Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., August 29th, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. F. Alderman, Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, Oct. 8th, 1892, viz:

MAREN NELSON,
Widow of Hans. S. Nelson,

H. E. No. 13275, for the NE¼, Sec. 4, Twp. 44, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Henry M. Dye, Jonathan B. Swisher, Frank A. Johnson, Nels. J. Nelson. P. O. address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota.

A. BARTO, Register.

(First publication Sept. 2.)
NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.
Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., August 29th, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. F. Alderman, Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Monday, Oct. 10th, 1892, viz:

LEWIS WICKS,

H. E. No. 13234, for the W½ NW¼, SE¼ NW¼, NW¼ SW¼, Sec. 4, Twp. 44, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Oscar Thelander, August Lasso, Phillip Johnson, Peter Sneider. Post-office address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

DOES YOUR HEAD ACHE

IT WILL NOT IF YOU TAKE KRAUSE'S Headache Capsules

$500 Reward for any injurious substance found in these Capsules. Perfectly harmless.

Will Cure any kind of Headache.

Money refunded if not as we say. Sent postpaid on receipt of price. Twenty-Five Cents.

NORMAN LICHTY MFG. CO., DES MOINES, IOWA.

For sale by N. MCFADDEN, Front St

Don't trifle with any Throat or Lung Disease. If you have a Cough or Cold, or the children are threatened with Croup or Whooping Cough, use Acker's English Remedy and prevent further trouble. It is a positive cure and we guarantee it. Price 10 and 50c.

Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers.

BRAINERD, - - - - MINN.

ONE hundred and twenty thousand dollars is the first bid for the exclusive privilege of selling peanuts at the World's Fair.

MISS SARAH POLLAND owns half a section of land in Polk county, Minn., which she works without any help except in harvest season.

SNOWDON mountain is the highest in all Wales, and when Mr. Gladstone had climbed to the top of it the other day he was even higher than the present price of coal.

M. HIELARD says he is planning to open about 45 kilometers more of the Panama Canal, and then ask for money to complete the work. This has a very familiar ring.

PROFESSOR BRICE has revised the whole of his "American Commonwealth" and has added seventy entirely new chapters. It will probably be published next month's in its new form.

CHARLOTTE M. YONGE, though 70 years old, is one of the most popular women writers in England. She writes regularly, except on Sundays, from 9 in the morning till 1 o'clock and again from 6 to 7.

THE White Horse has been taken out of the German cavalry, it having been proven that it can be seen at such a distance as to make it a special mark for an enemy. The red-headed vivandiere goes with it.

EIGHT thousand five hundred red, 5,000 white, 4,200 blue, 1,800 green and 800 yellow incandescent electric lights were used for street displays along the line of march of the Knights Templar parade in Denver recently.

THE little black spots on the end of the snail's horns are the animal's eyes. He can see with them very little, but they serve to distinguish for him light from darkness, and enable him to observe objects at a distance of an inch or two.

WILLIAM F. COMLY, of the Dayton (Ohio) Journal, at 83, still holds his position as night editor, and is as spry and energetic as much younger men on the staff. What a book he could write on: "Fights I have had with the foreman."

SOME recently discovered manuscripts in the cellars of the Wesleyan conference bookroom, in London, contain some hymns and poems of Charles Wesley in his own handwriting. A volume of poems by Samuel Wesley was also found.

THE London Police are giving up their old bull's-eye lanterns, which, up to the present, have been their only means of flashing the light of intelligence upon the dark spots where criminality festers. They are now supplied with little electric lamps.

MRS. FRANZ VETTA, best known as Lizzie Macnichol, the charming young contralto of the American Opera Company, has agreed to sing at the Grand Opera House next week in her favorite part of Lazarillo, in "Maritana." Her appearance will be warmly welcomed.

THE bugle horn was once called the buffalo horn, and it apparently derives its name from the bugle, or extinct auroch, the wild ox of Great Britain. In the Isle of Wight the Bull's head on inn signs is often accompanied by the word bugle, and the French term for the lowing cattle is still beugler.

THE King of Siam has been asked to send an exhibit to the Chicago Fair, and will probably forward a few of his sacred white elephants if there is any assurance given that the circus men will not try to paint their own animals in the same whitewashed colors and advertise them as being wood-dyed.

AN Abilene Kan, man recently advertised that he would like to buy a second-hand mower, and to address "X. L." postoffice. He received one answer that struck him favorably, and, after corresponding some time, hunted the party up and found it to be his wife, who was trying to sell him their old one.

TWICE a year a jumping procession is held in honor of Saint Willebrod, the Apostle of the Frisians. The fashion of the procession, which goes around the towns and to the chapel, is this: The worshipers sing prayers in an antiphonal manner, and jump two steps forward and one back, thus progressing one step to every three.

THERE is said to be a great rivalry among fashionable women when giving dinners, to have the favors original and unique. Originality in dinner favors undoubtedly adds to the eclat of the occasion, so far as the fashionable women are concerned, but the men who sit around the tables are a good deal more interested in getting something good to eat.

THREE hundred new houses have been built in Jerusalem since the railroad from Joppa came to town and real estate men are getting thick on all the street corners. As the Jews themselves are not the slowest people on earth, when the race for the nimble dollar is on, there is hope for the nation that it will land in its ancient capital in time to buy before the best corners have been gobbled by the gentiles.

BERNHARDT, who was recently in Brussels, expressed herself there with contempt regarding the cholera. Indeed, according to the London News, she felt sure there was no such malady. There might be an atmospheric state involving its production in unhealthy people, but that was all. The cholera microbe seemed to her the most absurd child of the human imagination. She is willing to go to any single cholera stricken town to give a benefit in favor of the so-called victims of cholera.

THE NEWS SUMMARY

The Latest News of the World Condensed and Arranged in Convenient Form.

Washington, Personal, Foreign, Criminal, Casualty and Other Important News.

THE CAPITAL.

Gov. Porter of Indiana, was in Washington recently and said that the report that he had resigned the position of minister to Italy is true. He left for Indiana, where he will enter actively in the political campaign.

S. L. Perrin, attorney for the Omaha has filed with the commerce commission his brief in the Minneapolis grain rate case. Mr. Perrin denies that the Omaha has been guilty of any discrimination against Minneapolis, but further presents no new points that have not been before given.

PERSONAL.

So great have been the crowds that visited Whittier's grave that it has been necessary to put a special guard around the lot.

Judge Barber decided in San Francisco that McKee Rankin, the actor, has no legal ground of divorce from his wife.

Herbert Barbee of Luray, Va., has raised $3,500 of the $5,000 needed for the erection of a bronze statue to the Confederate soldiers at that place.

Dr. Jenkins is pleased with the condition of the quarrantine ships, but the passengers are probably not so well pleased with Dr. Jenkins.

Henry Winn is the Populist candidate for governor of Massachusetts, and Edward Bellamy heads the list of presidential electors.

Ex-Mayor Edward F. Spence, chairman of the California delegation to the national Republican convention, died of heart failure in Los Angeles. He was fifty-nine years old, a native of Ireland and went to California in 1852.

Gen. John Pope is suffering from a severe case of nervous prostration at Sandusky, Ohio. While his friends are not sanguine of his restoration to health they do not anticipate an immediate fatal termination of his malady. Gen Pope is in his seventieth year.

The will of G. W. Curtis is a very short one, covering only two pages of legal cap paper, its principal provision being the one which leaves all his property, valued at $60,000, to his widow.

Prof. Pickering expects to reveal forty-five times more stars than have yet been made known to astronomers by the aid of the new photographing telescope that has been set up at Harvard.

Rev. Samuel Wakefield of Latrobe, Pa., is ninety-four years old, and his wife is but a few years his junior. They were married seventy-one years ago, have ten children living, and no deaths have occurred in the family for sixty-one years.

CASUALTIES

Four Missouri Valley (Iowa) children are burned to death.

A fire at Rockaway Beach, L. I., destroys property valued at $2,000,000.

Four men are killed by an accident on the Burlington road in Iowa.

At Battle Creek, Mich., the entire plant of the Union School Furniture company, together with all the manufactured stock on hand, was burned. Loss, $250,000.

Robbers in Kansas wreck a passenger train, causing the loss of several lives. The robbers were after $1,000,000 known to be on the train.

The reported wreck of an unknown steam barge at White Fish point, near the Soo canal, was a hoax.

By the explosion of a threshing engine at Walla Walla, Wash., E. Wickersham, the engineer, was killed and four others seriously injured.

A switchman in the employ of the Northern Pacific named Lewis C. Doe was run over by a train of freight cars at Spokane, Wash., and instantly killed. Deceased came to this city a few weeks ago from Minneapolis. He was a Mason in good standing, and belonged to Plymouth Lodge No. 160, A. F. and A. M., of Minneapolis. He was about thirty-two years of age, and leaves a wife and one child who are now in Minneapolis.

THE WICKED WORLD.

Alexander Berkman is sentenced at Pittsburg to twenty years in prison for attempting to kill H. C. Frick.

An uprising of negroes occurs in Kansas. A fight follows, in which several men are killed or wounded.

Mrs. Josephine Callendar and paramour V. Spaninger, charged at Louisville, Ky., with the poisoning of Mrs. Merrill and Mrs. Jane Austin, with whom Spaninger had improper relations, were dismissed in the city court for want of proof.

During a quarrel among Rock Island railway switchmen in their shanty in Chicago, James Duffy shot and killed Antone De Mitsh and seriously wounded Robert Markey and Charles Johns. Markey was the aggressor.

John J. Shotwell, manager of the Colorado Hammerbrick company at Denver, has left for parts unknown, and there is said to be a deficit of $10,000 on the books of the company. he is accused of squandering the money in gambling.

Mrs. J. M. Armagost of David City, Neb., a middle-aged woman and wife of a farmer, has been arrested, charged with poisoning by arsenic her brother-in-law two years ago and her former husband, N. Y. Roberts, five years ago.

The eight-year-old son of J. J. Van Meter of the village of Idaho, Ohio awoke to find himself alone in the house. After waiting an hour he started to go to his grandfathers a mile away. In a short time he came upon the mutilated and dead bodies of his mother and the baby. Van Meter is missing. He has given evidence of unsoundness of mind. The theory is that he murdered his wife and baby and perhaps killed himself.

OTHER SHORES.

England has a financial crisis.

Cholera abates in Hamburg.

A waiter who had formerly been employed as an attendant in a hospital at Hamburg was stricken with cholera the other day in Berlin.

In Paris and suburbs 50 fresh cases of cholera and 13 deaths from the disease were reported in one day. In Havre the number of fresh cases was six, and the deaths three.

Prince Henry of Hesse, was married to a singer named Hezric, daughter of a Croation deputy. The civil ceremony was performed in the presence of Prince William of Hesse.

It is reported at Winnipeg that Commissioner Herchmer has resigned as head of the Northwest mounted police and that he will be succeeded by Col. Macleod of Calgary.

The story of the suicide of "Jane Armstrong of New York" at Monte Carlo over the alleged loss of $250,000, proves to be a canard. No woman has committed suicide at Monte Carlo recently.

It is reported that Edward Parker Deacon has been pardoned by President Carnot and that the pardon will be made public among others on the 100th anniversary of the proclamation of the first French republic.

Hon. Makenzie Bowell, Canadian minister of militia, arrived at Winnipeg from the Pacific coast, where he has been inspecting the canadian defenses. He has left for Ottawa, going over the Northern Pacific via St. Paul.

The Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company's steamer Corinthian from Hamilton to Montreal passed Coteau du Lac Que., on fire recently. She was run aground two miles below here to permit the passengers to land safely. The cargo will probably be a total loss.

The steamer Australia arrived at San Francisco from Honolulu the other day with news that the queen has appointed the following new cabinet: Edward C. Macfarlane, premier and minister of finance; Samuel Parker, minister of foreign affairs; Charles T. Gulick, minister of the interior, and Paul Neaman attorney-general.

Several hundred immigrants lately arrived by the steamer Sardinia and other steamers are held at Quebec awaiting the decision of the United States government as to whether they will be allowed to enter the United States. The condition of these people is deplorable, many of them not having a cent where with to obtain either shelter or food.

POLITICAL ECHOES.

Wyoming Democrats and Populists fuse.

David H. Mercer of Omaha has been nominated for congress by the Republicans of the Second Nebraska district.

Woman suffragists nominate Mrs. Victoria Woodhull Martin for president of the United States and Mrs. Mary L. Stow of California for vice president.

A telegram from Dubuque states that Senator Allison will not attend the international silver congress in London, but will make Republican speeches in Iowa, during the campaign.

LABOR CIRCLE.

All the Telegraph operators on the line of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern went out on a strike.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, in session in Cincinnati have elected Harrisburg, Pa., as the place of meeting in September, 1894.

The Merchant Tailors' Exchange of Denver, Colo., has declared a lockout and 200 tailors are out of work. This order was determined upon at a meeting of the Exchange because the Tailors' Union notified the Exchange that it would demand 25 per cent higher wages.

SPORTING MATTERS.

Eastern sporting papers are wondering what Nancy will do next.

Ponce de Leon, 2:13, still holds the three-heat rate record of the world for a stallion.

President Von der Ahe of St. Louis has purchased McCormack's release from the Lewiston club of the New England league. He will be given a trial at third base.

Frank Glover, ex-champion heavy-weight pugilist of Illinois died in Chicago aged twenty-nine years. His death was caused by tuberculosis of the stomach and bowels.

Yo Tambien, Dr. Shepard says, is not badly injured, but cannot run again this season. She is not able to put the near fore foot to the ground. She was left at Sheepshead when the stable was taken to Gravesend.

THE RAILROADS.

The Great Northern withdraws from the Trans-Missouri association.

The Atchison has not given notice of withdrawal from the Trans-Continental association as reported.

President Caldwell of the Nickel Plate, has agreed to withdraw the $12.50 rate to New York. In doing so he said the rate had been adopted simply because tickets could be bought over other roads at that price from Chicago to New York.

The question as to whether the interstate commerce commission has power to compel railroad monopolies and combines to obey the law against illegal freight discrimination is argued before Judge Gresham in Chicago.

The Monon route has introduced a novelty into the dining car system of America. It is no longer "pay $1 and eat as much as you want of what you can get," but "take what you want, pay for what you get and for no more."

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

The owners of the Mammoth Cave of Kentucky propose to reproduce the "starry chamber" in the Mining building at the World's Fair.

Building material dealers will make an exhibit at the World's Fair. They will also hold an international congress for the discussion of matters of interest to the building trade.

The women of LaSalle county, Ill., are raising money for the purpose of paying the expenses of some 600 or 700 women and girls during a visit to the World's Fair.

Arkansas will exhibit at the World's Fair a relief map of the state, showing all elevations, depressions, lakes, swamps, coal and stone areas, arable lands, wheat, corn and cotton regions, timber and prairie lands, etc.

Sweden's building at the World's Fair has been designed on the lines of the old Norse Stave churches, but with more solidity. The building is being constructed in Sweden and will be sent to Chicago in Sections.

Persons in Bombay, India, are persuaded that there will be considerable profit in making a varied display at the World's Fair. They propose to send over twelve elephants, so that visitors can take rides in howdah with mahout; to give exhibition of suttee, cremation, jugglery, nautch, wrestling, etc., and to sell tea at ten cents a cup. They expect to sell a million cups.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Yellow fever is reported at Ocean Springs, Miss.

The rush of corn shipments through San Antonio, Tex., for Mexico, is unprecedented.

A movement is on foot to combine all the larger safe companies of the country in a trust.

An Indiana court declares the gerrymander of 1886 and 1891 in that state unconstitutional.

The pope has approved Cardinal Gibbon's plan for an exhibition of Catholic schools at the Chicago World's Fair.

Labor Commissioner Peck of New York denies that the records from which he made up his report has been destroyed.

G. F. Campbell of Canada is elected grand sire of the sovereign grand lodge of Odd Fellows.

The firm of Root, Taylor & Co., of Memphis, wholesale grocers, cotton fixtures and levee builders, have made an assignment. The liabilities are thought to be over $300,000.

A test of bicycles as compared with cavalry riders was made at Jefferson barracks, near St. Louis, by a detachment of sixteen cycle riders. It was a complete success, the 'cyclers doing in less than eight hours what cavalrymen would require two days.

A temporary injunction was granted at Boston against the American Protective League. The complainants complain that the order is insolvent, and it is alleged that its liabilities are $2,781,000 and its assets but $101,800. Counsel for the order consents to the temporary injunction. In two weeks there will be a hearing on the matter of appointing a receiver.

Gen. Joseph T. Torrence, of Chicago, has offered to donate 20 acres of land, upon which to erect four hospitals, one each for cholera, smallpox, diptheria, and scarlet fever. The proposition, which was made to Mayor Washburne and Dr. Reilly, of the state board of health, was at once accepted, and it was decided to raise $75,000 to erect the hospitals, and a hotel where immigrants can be lodged during quarantine.

The Rev. Dr. Jenks of Indianapolis in an interview declares his belief that the cholera epidemic now sweeping over the world is a warning of the approach of Christ's second coming. "I believe this plague has been sent to warn us," said he, "and awaken us to a perception of the prophecies in the Bible concerning the fearful phenomena that are to precede his coming." Dr. Jenks declares the world is much more wicked than it was twelve months ago, and as time goes on the world becomes more and more debased. From this time on the plague and famine are to multiply, and the minds of mortals will be astounded by the violence of these visitations.

A young negro, who has spent four years at the Central Tennessee college Nashville, Tenn., has been called to a throne in Africa. His name is Momoru Massquai and he came from the Vey country, a region of interior Africa adjoining Liberia. He was converted some years since to Christianity by Mrs. Mary Brierly, the English missionary, and through her influence and that of Bishop Panic of Louisville, w s brought to this country and put at school. He received the news recently that his father, Balak, had been killed in war and that he is called to reign in his stead.

SOME FAMOUS HYMNS.

Their Authors Forced to Live Under the Veil of Obscurity.

It seems a singluar fact that apparently nothing in a literary way will relegate a writer to oblivion so surely as to be the author of a world-famous hymn.

Take a few instances:

Nearly every one has heard or sung the line of "Shall we gather at the river?" and yet how many know even the name of the author, much less the fact that he is living?

The writer is the Rev. Robert Lowry, D. D., a resident of Plainfield, N. J.

In Richmond, Ill., lives Dr. S. Fillmore Bennett. To how many is the name familiar, yet to whom is his familiar church song, "The Sweet By and By," not known?

In the Interior of New York State lives Mrs. Annie Sherwood Hawks, who wrote those famed lines of "I Need Thee Every Hour."

Hardly known and never recognized on the streets of New York as she walks out is Fanny Crosby, the author of countless hymns, among them the famous one, "Safe in the Arms of Jesus."

It is odd that the veil of obscurity should seem to be the inevitable reward of those whose pens have given us the hymns which have brought consolation and joy to so many thousands.—Boston Globe.

THE NORTHWEST.

A Summary of the Important Events of the Week in the Northwestern States.

Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, and North Dakota News in a Nutshell.

MINNESOTA.

The Ramsey county Populists nominate a ticket.

Little Falls has a remarkable frog visitation.

Roger Q. Mills will deliver political speeches in Minnesota in October.

Ramsey county has exempt real estate valued at $11,378,039.

William Greenfield of Chandler, while on a load of hay was killed by lightning.

A new and very destructive wheat pest called the frit fly is discovered in Northern Minnesota.

A little son of Albert Dart of Cascade ate pills prescribed for his mother and died.

Gunder Torgerson, a well known farmer, of Fergus Falls, was killed by his team running away and dashing him against an iron bridge.

Albert Paige, employed in a saw mill at Little Falls got caught in an edging machine and was badly injured, several ribs being broken and internally injured.

The safe of Anton Hoeschen of Kent was cracked and $1,500 in cash taken. No clue to the robbers. Hoeschen was the agent of the Farmers' elevator and a storekeeper.

Mrs. Agnes Mock, wife of a farmer at Holding, was gored by an infuriated cow. The horn entered above the hip and she died in two hours. She leaves four young children.

It has just been learned at St. Cloud that Mrs. George Brackett, of Paynesville, who wanted a divorce to marry her lover and took poison when she couldn't get it, died of the effects of the poison.

Ex-Village Attorney Hawkins, recently of La Prairie, commenced an action against La Prairie for false imprisonment in connection with the Lewis murder committed there recently; damage, $10,000.

A Slayton special says: Very little threshing has been done in this vicinity as yet. The yields reported are: Wheat, 10 bushels per acre; barley, 30 bushels, quality poor; no oats threshed.

The Hinckley Commercial Union has located 14 families near Hinckley in the past few days and more will follow, and the union has a special immigrant agent at work in Europe securing desirable families.

Remnants of Fourth of July fire works in the store of Oderstrom & Anderson at Montevideo took fire spontaneously as one of the firm was about to close the store. The fire was extinguished with small damage.

Faribault people are now anxious for some enterprising capitalist to build an opera house. Mr. Hill, proprietor of the one destroyed by fire will rebuild, but not an opera house, as he needs the room for his business.

Chas. Taylor and Horace E. Thomas, both colored, were indicted by the grand jury at Winona, for assault in the first degree. They are the men who assaulted Hi Adams, the horse jockey, and cut him with a knife.

An unsuccessful attempt at robbery was made at Kenyon by two tramps who saw the old blacksmith, Dick Moore, paid off. The tramps enticed Moore into an out of the way shed, where the attempt was made. Moore wrenched himself loose and escaped. The marshal is looking for the tramps.

The Herbert Block, Farmington, was burned recently. It consisted of three stores, one unoccupied, one by the millinery store of Mrs. Meyer, and one had wheat stored in it. Loss about $2,000; no insurance. Meyer's goods were damaged some.

Spencer Hubbard, a young business man of Red Wing, and Mrs. Coons, wife of a laborer in Betcher's mill, disappeared mysteriously recently. Elopement is charged by the friends of the wife of the former and the husband of the latter.

While George Melins was taking his traction engine over the Whitewater new steel bridge, the bridge gave way and precipitated the engine into the water. Mr. Melins and George Thompson, who were steering the engine, jumped in time to save their lives. They both sustained injuries, however, that may prove fatal.

John Jones, aged thirteen, son of J. D. Jones of Long Prairie, ex-clerk of the supreme court, discharged an old musket at a hornet's nest. The gun barrel was wrenched from the stock striking him on the fore head, fracturing his skull. He is now lying in a precarious condition. The gun had been loaded for a year and the charge was rusted in.

John Buck, an aged farmer of Lanesboro, was killed the other day. He attempted to cross the railroad track in front of an incoming train, and at the last moment seeing that he could not make it, suddenly turned his frantic team and was thrown forward on the whiffle trees, where he was killed, being dragged several blocks.

The preliminary hearing in the case of John Flynn, at Red Wing, charged with murder in the first degree, came up and the prisoner appeared for arraignment but the reading of the warrant and the examination was wayed. The prisoner was remanded to jail to await the action of the October grand jury.

WISCONSIN.

An Oshkosh boy named Peterson had his leg taken off by the cars near that city.

The number of students at the Wisconsin University the present term numbers 1,000.

The steamer K. M. Hutchinson, loaded with salt, sank in the Fox River at Oshkosh. The loss will be about $500.

Henry Spiek, living near Platteville, lost a child by black diphtheria.

The friends of high license at Belmont carried their town by a large majority.

James A. Hamilton, a former resident of Janesville, died at his home in Le Roy, N. Y.

The $500 license was carried at the special election at Boscobel by a large majority.

Burglars entered the residence of Daniel Bryant, a Dane County farmer, and carried off a number of articles of clothing. etc.

Ruby, the 5-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Graves, of Janesville, fell and broke his left arm above the elbow.

Unknown parties entered the cellar of Mrs. J. W. Jordan, of Sparta, and carried off all her fruit and provisions.

Ladies of Fond du Lac have organized a joint stock association for the purpose of curing, preserving, compounding and preparing pure food products, sauces, and condiments for culinary and hygienic use.

Fred Hyde, of Bear Creek, is Waupaca County's greatest stock and hay producer. He has at present 125 head heavy mares and colts upon his 1,000-acre farm, and has cut this season 275 tons of hay.

Gib Schimerhorn, one of the leaders in the late Marinette strike, who was discharged on a technicality, has been arrested by the H. Witbeck Company upon a similar complaint.

The outlook for the potato crop in Waupaca County is very promising. The yield so far is about the general average, from 150 to 200 bushels per acre of first-class quality.

Tom Hawkins and Charles Burrell have been arrested at Superior on a charge of holding up Fred Messner, of that place, and relieving him of a watch and a check for $50.

The Racine papers report an epidemic of the most virulent type of diptheria on the south side of that city, and that several deaths have occurred among children.

The kiln-shed belonging to P. S. Sparling, of Sparta, together with considerable lumber, was destroyed by fire. The loss will reach $800, with no insurance.

William Kreger, a farmer residing near Jackson, Washington County, has been declared of unsound mind and taken to the Northern Hospital.

Mrs. John Figi, of Green Bay, has been granted a divorce from her husband at Janesville. She was also given the custody of their children.

A young man named Livsey, in attempting to jump off a moving train at Madison, was thrown on the ground and severely injured about the head.

Rose Pagel, of Weyauwega, who figured in a sensational case at that place a year ago, has been sent to the reform school at Waupaca.

Since the opening of the Appleton Knitting Works Company a few months ago, its managers have sold $15,000 worth of goods.

Morris Carnody, a brakeman on the Southern Minnesota road, had his leg crushed under the cars near La Crosse. Amputation was necessary.

The house of Thomas Hoy, of New Cassel, Fond du Lac County, was entered by burglars and some valuables stolen. The thieves entered the barn and had one of the horses harnessed, ready to ride off with, but were frightened away by the return home of the two daughters of Mr. Hoy.

The Ganahe & Gruner Lumber Company, of St. Louis, has closed a deal with McDonald Bros., of La Crosse for the purchase of a tract of pine land in Clark County. The price paid was $33,800.

John Munks, a Janesville resident, was held up at Five Points, near that city, and robbed of $3 in cash and a note for $70. The police were notified and claim to know who the highwaymen are. So far no arrests have been made.

John J. Smith, of Chippewa Falls is satisfied that trouble generally comes in a bunch. He is at present confined in jail at that place, and to make matters more uncomfortable his wife has applied for a divorce at Eau Claire.

Mrs. Anna Schindler, the oldest woman in Green County, died at New Glarus at the age of 95. She was one of the emigrants who came with the first Swiss colony.

The residence of John Walkush, of Berlin, was destroyed by fire, together with part of the contents. The loss will reach about $1,000, partly covered by insurance.

Louis Gehring, the man who was found badly injured near Appleton recently, and whose condition was considered critical, is now in a fair way to recovery.

The report that Whelan, who is in jail at Portage, charged with the murder of Gerald Spaulding last spring, had escaped is unfounded.

The special election held at Appleton on the license question drew out only a small vote. The $200 license was carried by 500 majority. Circulars were distributed by the saloon men in all parts of the city claiming that high license would injure the business interests of that place.

Dr. Charles K. Adams was formally elected president of the Wisconsin University. His salary was fixed at $6,500 with residence, and $500 for further expenses. A committee of five was appointed to arrange for public ceremonies at the inauguration of President Adams.

John Murr, of New York, has been visiting in Appleton the past few days. It is understood that Mr. Murr is interested in the proposed extension of a street car system from Appleton to Kaukauna, which will be built in the near future.

NORTH DAKOTA.

At Winona Mrs. Ellen Kelley, arrested on a complaint sworn out by John Waldron, charging her with selling liquor, waived examination and was bound over to the next term of the district court.

Kulm is the name of the new town at the terminus of the Soo exiension on the Organ claim in Dickey county. The new town has already begun to boom on a small scale. The track layers commenced laying iron recently.

Warren Bell while descending into a forty-foot well of the Minnesota & Northern Elevator company, at Reynolds, fell to the bottom, the ladder having broken, crushing his skull. He died thirty minutes afterwards.

A deal has been closed which secures the location of a woolen mill at Grand Forks this fall of sufficient capacity to demonstrate the practicability and profit of the enterprise. Machinery will be brought here immediately. Next year a large plant will be erected.

A Grand Forks special says:—Threshing from the shock is nearly completed, the balance of the grain being in the stack. The weather is superb and grain in fine condition. The average in this county is 15 bushels, mostly No. 1 and 2 northern.

A man named August Kelly has been arrested at Grand Forks charged with the murder of Hans Halverson, of East Grand Forks, 12 years ago last June. Kelly is a carpenter in East Grand Forks. The warrant was sworn out by the widow of the murdered man. The accused waived examination, and was committed to the county jail at Crookston, to await the action of the grand jury.

Wm. P. Jones, alias "Texas," arrested as blind piggers at Devils Lake on complaint of Rev. Wm. Love and discharged for want of evidence, was arrested again on Love's complaint and jailed. Before leaving his pen he broke up bottles and other paraphernalia of the blind pig. Peter Kerstore was also arrested for the same offense on the same complaint.

A Jamestown Special says: There has been nearly a week of good threshing weather and a great deal of the grain is threshed. More machines than ever before are in the country. Reports indicate that in the eastern part of the state work is well along towards a finish. Grain is grading Nos. 1, 2 and 3 northern; much of it going to Duluth; trouble with sprouted wheat getting less and the area of the same seems confined to a few counties; since drying thoroughly grain is in a great deal better condition and is being eagerly bid for by elevators and mills.

IOWA.

The Rock Island passenger and milk train was wrecked near Farnum the other day. No one was injured, but the loss to the company will be about $50,000.

A company boring for oil at Redfield under the management of a Pennsylvania capitalist, at a depth of 175 feet struck a pocket of gas. Another well was immediately begin

Jesse Lewis and Wm. Cortes, small colored boys, were arrested at Keokuk for an attempted assault on a 12-year-old white girl named Madeline Schowalter, daughter of a railroad engineer.

John Brown was arrested at Des Moines, wanted at Council Bluffs for bigamy. Information was filed by his wife a month ago, but Brown had disappeared, but was captured again.

Walter Wray, the 10-year-old son of William Wray, living near Sloan, was crushed to death. He was driving a team of horses, but being unable to hold them they ran away. The wagon striking an obstruction overturned upon the lad, crushing him so badly that he soon died.

A gang of negroes tried to run the town of Spencer recently. Fifty shots were fired in the race war. Five negroes are now in jail. Great excitement prevails among the people and threats of lynching are indulged in. The negroes were tramps, and took possession of the town with the intention of looting it.

Two prostitutes, Florence Winters and Lora Waldron, attacked Tom O'Day, an attorney at Sioux City, who has been filing informations against prostitutes and who is charged with blackmailing them. They beat him severely over the head and face with horsewhips, and when he started to run pelted him with eggs.

Mrs. Mary Marks swore out a warrant at Des Moines, for the arrest of W. J. Culbertson, on the charge of rape. Mrs. Marks is married and lives in South Des Moines. Recently she visited her sister, Mrs. Culbertson, at Runnels, Iowa. She returned to the city as soon as able and swore out the information.

The four children of Mrs. Eckenbach were burned at Missouri Valley. They were sleeping upstairs. Their mother tried to fill a lighted gasoline stove and an explosion followed. She threw the stove downstairs and ran down herself to extinguish the flames. The fire spread and before help arrived the house was a mass of flames. The bodies of the children were burned to a crisp.

THERE is no danger in eating oranges if they are well boiled and kept in the ice chest four hours before serving. People who are unduly alarmed about cholera should make a note of this. Peanuts should be only eaten on the half-shell. Do not neglect to put plenty of castor oil in your mint-juleps.

AN order has been issued from the Siamese military headquarters that the troops in one of the largest garrisons are to be employed every day in fly catching. Every man is expected to capture each a match box full of blue flies, and if he does not perform the duty he will be compelled, as a penalty, to row around the island where the troops are in camp.

HE WAS JEALOUS.

A Bohemian at Stillwater, Crazed by Jealousy, Shoots His Sweetheart.

Being Pursued by Several Men, He Turns the Revolver Upon Himself.

STILLWATER, Special, Sept. 28.—Insane jealousy, a lover dead by his own hand and a young girl seriously shot, are incidents of a tragedy occurring early this evening at the cottage of Dr. Edward Walther on the east shore of Lake Elmo, three-fourths of a mile from Stillwater.

Stefan Zecha, twenty-three years of age, and Mary Mendlik, nineteen years old, were engaged to be married, but the former, who had been living at Winona, was wildly jealous, and when in April last Mary came from Ellsworth, Wis., to work as a domestic at Dr. Walther's cottage, Zecha threw up his job as printer in Winona and endeavored to obtain work in the Post newspaper office at Stillwater, so as to be near his love. Failing in that, he hired on the farm of Charles Kern at the lake. At 3 o'clock to-day, in the absence of the doctor's family, he visited the cottage and accused Mary of unfaithfulness. A quarrel followed, resulting in a return to Zecha of the engagement ring, after which Zecha went to the station, returning at 6:15. When the doctor's family were at supper and the two hired men were eating in the kitchen, Mary stepped into a closed veranda to offer her lover a dish of ice cream, and as she leaned over the freezer Zecha put his arm about her and placing the muzzle of a revolver

AT THE BACK OF HER NECK

fired. The men in the kitchen sprang out in time to see Zecha fleeing down the path and gave chase. Zecha ran north up the road 500 feet to a point opposite the Capt. Owen cottage, where he shot himself in the forehead. The bullet ranging downward and lodging at the base of the brain.

He was dead when the pursuers came up. Dr. Walther found Mary on the veranda floor bleeding profusely, but in a conscious condition. Coroner Clark pronounced her wound dangerous. During the interval between Zecha's first and second calls at the cottage he had mailed at the station post-office a letter each from himself to his and Mary's parents in Bohemia. The letters, which were recovered by the coroner were of the same tenor, merely saying that he had seen things in America that made his life a burden. Three weeks ago, during a boat ride on the lake, Zecha had accused Mary of unfaithfulness and threatened her life. Though she had not spoken of it until after the shooting. Dr. Walther, who lives on Eighth street, at the head of Sibley, St. Paul, says Mary is a good girl of irreproachable character. Zecha's body was brought in to Wing & Simonet's undertaking rooms. No inquest will be held.

TOOK HIS OWN LIFE.

Ex-Sergeant-at-Arms Canaday Commits Suicide in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The climax to a dream of wild adventurous speculation in projects of a hazardous kind came this morning in the suicide of William P. Canaday of North Carolina, formerly sergeant-at-arms of the United States senate and known to politicians throughout the country as for years one of the leading Republicans in the South. The suicide was full of sensational preliminaries as any story or alleged novel.

The first scene was when S. M. Stevenson, an employe of the fish commission, who roomed on the second floor above Col. Canaday's office room, came down stairs, having been alarmed by his outcries. He found Col. Canaday bound to a closet door in the room in which the safe stood and across the hallway from his sleeping quarters.

THE SAFE WAS OPEN.

Strewed over the floor was a great litter of papers of one kind or another, and in the fire place was a charred mass of burnt papers. Col. Canaday was bound to the door with hands behind him. The twine of which he was bound was of very ordinary stuff, such as is used to bind large parcels, so that a man of ordinary strength ought to have been able to break it with ease. In his mouth was a gag made out of a torn piece of his night shirt, which was found across the hallway. It had been so loosened that he was able to make an outcry. Col. Canaday's story was that some time after 2 o'clock in the morning two burglars had forced an entrance through the rear window of the room in which he was found, had bound him at the point of a revolver and had then forced him to go across the hallway to the safe and open it. They had abstracted a great part of the contents, and had burned some papers and had departed after binding him.

SCENE NUMBER TWO.

Following this scene was another in which J. G. A. Houghton, a captain on Hancock's staff during the war and a partner of Canaday's, told his partner that he did not believe the story and would have it investigated by the police. Capt. Houghton accused Canaday of an attempt to defraud him. Capt. Houghton said that yesterday evening he had put $2,000 in bills in the safe, the combination to which was known only to himself and Col. Canaday.

KILLED HIMSELF.

The third scene was that which was visible almost an hour later, when Capt. Houghton returned with Policeman Gilbert, who broke open a window, the doors having been locked by Col. Canaday on the inside, and found the former sergeant-at-arms of the senate lying in a bath of blood, dead, from the effects of a pistol wound through the head extending from ear to ear. Death must have been instantaneous.

Williams' Jewelry Store at Mandan, N. D., Raided.

MANDAN, N. D., Special, Sept. 28.—At noon to-day while the clerk at Williams' jewelry store was at dinner two tramps broke into the store and carried off forty-nine watches, some new ones, and some that were there waiting repairs. An alarm was given and a posse of twenty-five citizens started out. They caught one man with some of the watches on him and recovered the remainder of the jewelry in an old satchel where the burglars had dropped it. The prisoner refuses to give his name. His accomplice has not yet been found.

Denies the Whole Story.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Special.—Lycurgus Sayles, said to be the lawyer to whom Lizzie Borden is alleged to have applied to for information as to the distribution of her father's estate in the event of his death, said to-day that there was not a word of truth in the story so far as he was concerned; that he never saw Lizzie Borden to talk with, and that he was not in Fall River during the preliminary hearing.

Used an Unsafe Boiler.

NORTHFIELD, Minn., Special.—E. J. Bloomfield, boiler inspector for the Third congressional district, had the Freeburg brothers arrested for running their threshing engine after he had forbidden them to do so. The case is now on trial.

Musical Dealers Combine.

CINCINNATI, Special.—A great combination of music publishers and musical instrument manufacturers has just been consummated by a syndicate of Cincinnatians, which will make this city the great center of that business for the whole country. The combined capital of the interests involved will reach $5,000,000. The interests involved are the John Church company of this city, a New York house at 16 East Fourteenth street, the Everett Piano company of Boston, Root & Sons Music company of Chicago, the Harvard Piano company of Boston, and the Royal Manufacturing company of this city. These are to be combined under one management in this city.

Struck Her With a Cuspidor.

MILWAUKEE, Special—Albert Shissler, a well known Bohemian resident of this city, was arrested to-day charged with having brutally assaulted Nellie Forster. The affray occurred at the girl's home, 560 River street. It is alleged that young Shissler, after some words with the girl, picked up a cuspidor and struck her over the head. Several persons, hearing her screams, rushed to the house and captured Shissler. Shissler claims he struck the woman in self-defense.

New National Banks.

WASHINGTON, Special.—The chief of the controller authorizes the following national banks to begin business:

The Puget Sound National Bank of Everett, Wash., capital, $50,000; the Merchants' National Bank of St. Cloud, Minn., capital, $100,000.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS

James Buck, the historian, died in Milwaukee yesterday.

The German government has decided to have the world's fair in Berlin in 1897.

A society exists in China whose object is the assassination of the emperor of that country.

Judge Frank A. Hooker has been nominated by Michigan Republicans for chief justice of the supreme court.

The Republicans of the Second Wisconsin district have nominated Lucian B. Caswell of Fort Atkinson for congress.

Three men were killed and three seriously injured in a wreck on the Vandalia line near Greenville, Ill., last evening.

There will be no color line at the University of Chicago. Quite a number of colored persons of both sexes have applied for matriculation.

A terrific wind and snow storm prevailed on Mount Washington, N. H., Monday night, the wind reaching a velocity of 100 miles per hour.

The engagement is announced of Lieut. Jephson, who was a member of the last Stanley expedition, to a daughter of Addison Head of San Francisco.

The Democratic congressional convention of the Second Alabama district met again yesterday having adjourned over a week ago after 750 ballots. J. F. Stallings was nominated on the 1001st ballot.

The jury in the case of Burton C. Webster of New York, charged with murdering Broker Charles Goodwin, has returned a verdict of manslaughter in the first degree. Webster was remanded for sentence.

THE MAKRETS.

CHICAGO—WHEAT—No. 2 spring, 7?to73½ No. 3 spring, 65to68c. No. 2 red, 73½ to73¾.
CORN—No. 2, 51½c.
OATS—No. 2, 34½c.; No. 3 white, 33to35
RYE—No. 2, 62c.
BARLEY—No. 2, 63c.

MINNEAPOLIS—WHEAT—No 1 hard, 73c; No. 1 Northern, 71½c; No. 2 Northern, 66c.
CORN—No. 2 yellow, 48c.
OATS—No. 3 white, 31½c;
RYE—No. 2, 60c.
BARLEY—No. 3, 38 to 45c.

ST. PAUL—WHEAT—No. 1 hard, 76to77c. No. 1 Northern. 73to74c; No. 2 Northern. 68 to 70c.
CORN—No. 3, 43to44c; No. 3 yellow, 44 to 45c.
OATS—No. 2, 32 to 32½c; No. 2 white, 33 to 33½c; No. 3, 30 to 30½.
BARLEY AND RYE—No. 3 barley, 41 to50c; No. 2 rye, 58 to60c; malt, 60to70c.
GROUND FEED AND MILLSTUFFS—No. 1, $17@17.50; No. 2, $17.50@18; No. 3, $18 to$18.50.; low grade, $14to 14 50; corn meal, bolted, $22to 23. do unbolted, $15 to$16.50; bran, bulk, $9.75to 10.

MILWAUKEE—WHEAT—No. 2 spring; 70to72c; No. 1 Northern, 76c.
CORN—No. 3, 29½c.
OATS—No. 2 white, 30c. No. 3, do 24to35c.

POSING AS A MARTYR.

Weaver's Story of Abuse in Georgia Proved a Little Fishy.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 28.—Hon. W. Y. Atkinson, chairman of the Democratic executive committee of Georgia, says in reply to the published address of Gen. Weaver and various special telegrams which have been sent out from Georgia by Mrs. Lease, that they do great injustice not only to the Democrats, but to the people of the state. He says:

According to his own admission Gen. Weaver received a respectful hearing at Waycross and Columbus. At Albany his speech was listened to by several hundred people, and no effort whatever was made to prevent him from speaking. A prominent negro at that place at the conclusion of Weaver's speech took the stand to refute what he had said, and bitterly attacked Weaver and the third party. Weaver was so indignant that a negro should attempt to answer him that he immediately left the platform. The only possible foundation for the greatly exaggerated egg story spread broadcast by Gen. Weaver and Mrs. Lease is that a small boy in the open-air audience at Macon threw an egg and he was promptly arrested and punished. As to Mrs. Lease's statement that "the disgraceful scenes at Macon were repeated twice in the presence of the governor of Georgia at the state capitol," Mr. Atkinson says: "Gen. Weaver or Mrs. Lease did not appear as advertised in Atlanta. They would not go up to the capitol where a large crowd had assembled to hear them. Gov. Northen himself, hearing that Weaver would not speak, claiming that he would not be listened to, went to insure him a hearing and the meeting by vote guaranteed that he would be respectfully listened to. I called on the chairman of the executive committee of the People's party of the state early in the evening to extend him this guarantee and he told me that Gen. Weaver had made up his mind not to speak. His claim of persecution is nothing more than an overworked effort to pose as a martyr. His statements deliberately misrepresent the people of Georgia and are cunningly devised for campaign purposes.

MURDERED SCORES OF CHILDREN.

Fearful Practice of Dr. Henry C. Beale Wanted at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept 28.—A short time ago a man calling himself Dr. Henry C. Beale, his wife known as Nellie Haven, and Hattie Graham, were arrested charged with the murder, by malpractice, of Mary Carroll, the young daughter of a Petaluma county farmer. Beale forfeited $10,000 bail and disappeared, but the women are in jail. A Mrs. Montrose says that Beale has committed a great number of murders in this city. He rented a house from her, and during the time he occupied the house no less than forty children were born alive in the house, not one of them being permitted to live. Beale either chloroformed or drowned his victims, after which he weighted their bodies and threw them into the bay or creamated them.

Defense of Alleged Murderers.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., Special, Sept. 28.—The murder in which two farm hands, Moore and Witte, are accused of killing August Stevens, who was found dead in a barn in August, was set for Oct 10. The skull of Stevens is in possession of physicians, who made a post-mortem examination. Evidence at the inquest, held immediately after the body of the deceased was discovered, caused the jury to bring in a verdict that he had been murdered. It is said that the defense will try to show that the deceased fell down stairs.

Arrested for Grand Larceny.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Mrs. Henry Marsh and James McIntosh, who are said to be from Pittsburg, were arrested on a charge of grand larceny, preferred by Harry Fehl, who says he is the administrator of Gamble Weir of Pittsburg, who died in January. He alleges that Mrs. Marsh and McIntosh disappeared with several thousand dollars' worth of personal property, jewelry and diamonds which belonged to Weir. It also intimated that the prisoners know something of the death of Mr. Weir, which was caused by poison.

The Law Unconstitutional.

MILLER, S. D., Special, Sept. 28.—Judge Fuller to-day dismissed the indictment against Editor Sweetland, of the Miller Gazette, for practicing medicine without a state license. He held the law unconstitutional in form because its title contains one subject while the law embraces two. John Weeks, indicted for rape, was held to the April term under $1,500.

Their First Disagreement.

New York Truth: He (of Chicago)—I suppose Dr. Thirdly will suit you to perform the ceremony, dear? I've always patronized him.

She (also of Chicago)—I'd rather have Dr. Choker. He has always given me satisfaction.

New York the Battle Ground.

NEW YORK, Special.—The Herald says that an important conference of members of the national Republican committee was held. It was attended by Chairman Carter, Treasurer Bliss of Mississippi, Fessenden of Connecticut, Manley of Maine, Hobart of New Jersey, Clarkson of Iowa, Kerns of Missouri, Hahn of Ohio and Martin of Pennsylvania. Executive State Chairman Hackett was also present by invitation. The needs of the situation in this state, and particularly in this city and Brooklyn, were fully discussed. The national committee made up its mind that New York State is to be the great battle ground, and extraordinary measures are under way to inaugurate the fight and carry it on.

Lowered Their Record.

PROVIDENCE, Special.—The most successful week ever held in Rhode Island ended to-day in a blaze of glory. The world's record for double team—2:13—was lowered by the famous trotters Belle Hamlin and Honest George. The official time was 2:12¼, and Driver Ed F. Geers and C. J. Hamlin, owner of the team, were accorded an enthusiastic ovation. The sulky drawn by the pair was pneumatic tired.

PORTLAND, Or., Special.—When the present term of office of Lieut. Gen. Underwood expires next year the army headquarters of the I. O. O. F., with all military officers above those of department or state commanders will be abolished, and each patriarchs militant branch of the order will be placed under control of the state encampment within whose jurisdiction it is located. This is one of the most important and far-reaching actions taken by the sover[illegible]

Day Dispatchers Quit Work.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Special.—The telegraphers' strike on the Burlington road took a serious turn for the company, and the operators are correspondingly jubilant. This morning the day train dispatchers quit work, refusing to handle trains any longer without competent operators along the line. It is rumored to-night that some of the night dispatchers will quit.

Two Expert Crooks Caught.

BURLINGTON, Iowa, Special—Two men named Davis and Harris were arrested here for attempting to bunco a traveler out of money by forged checks on St. Paul banks. They are regarded as expert crooks and are held in jail to await the grand jury.

ARTISTIC TATTOO WORK.

DESIGNED BY A JAPANESE EXPERT.

Wonderful Skill Exhibited by Hori Chio, Who has Decorated the Limbs and Bodies of Many People, Including Those of Two English Princes.

Albert H. Geffeney, the Japanese interpreter of the United States Immigration bureau in San Francisco, has upon his arms the finest specimens of the tattooers's art that ever came to that city. The tattooed man or woman of the dime museum may possess more covered surface, but never do they meet such artistically executed and intricate designs upon their anatomy as those which adorn the arms of Mr. Geffeney. Then, too, theirs are frequently fakes, but this is warranted to be fast coloring and not to fade or crock. People who have always beheld the crude butchery of Indians and sailors, wherein they use the wearisome anchors of fate or tombs embowered in distorted and painful weeping willows, have a right to regard with horror such a relic of barbarism. They have never seen tattooing as a genuine art, as a profession wherein none but a finished and original artist can excel and produce the wonderful designs which adorn, besides Mr. Geffeney, some of the most prominent people of the world.

Hori Chio, the Japanese artist tattooer, is a singularly gifted man and is not 30 years old at the present time. He was formerly a jinricksha coolie—one of the miserable slaves who trundle people about in a small, two-wheeled vehicle—and, as is the custom with that class of people, he had a local artist tatoo his body.

AN INTRICATE PIECE.

Becoming interested in the operation, he attempted the use of the needles, and soon discovered his rare artistic ability. For seven years now he has been the leading artist in Japan for people's cuticles, and has made a reputation and a fortune. His renown has so spread of recent years that every prominent traveler who visits Japan adds a goodly portion of his money to Chio's bank account, and bears proudly away the indelible traces of the Jap's wonderful craft. It has become necessary to make appointments a long time ahead, and visitors frequently send their names to Arthur & Bond's curio establishment, where Hori is, two or three weeks in advance of their coming.

The pieces of work which Mr. Geffeney carries, and which are herewith illustrated, are all upon his arms. They are remarkable for their lines and shading. The straight lines are as fine as those drawn with the sharpest pen and as true as if laid out with a ruler. Strangely enough, the Jap never makes a single mark to guide his eye, nor does he use any artificial means to draw the lines or figures before commencing. He simply goes calmly to work on his victim with the needles, and never even washes the member until he has done with it. His method of procedure is to prepare a number of flat pieces of wood by firmly binding on from three to twenty fine-pointed needles, laying them down on the end of the stick side by side with their points all even on the end and just separated from each other. When he starts to work the limb is bared, he grasps a brush containing the ink in the joint of his thumb, and then gripping the member in the same left hand, uses the extended thumb as a fulcrum for a leverage—jabbing the inked needles into the skin over the thumb with the right hand and then prying on the stick until the skin breaks with an audible snap. The row of needles is not used the flat way, but edgewise, so to speak, so that a long scratch is formed every time he jabs and pries. As the work proceeds he moves the left hand toward himself and keeps jabbing and refilling the needles from the brush very rapidly. These needles are never used on more than one person and are then destroyed.

The designs executed upon Mr. Geffeney required two whole days, in which considerable port wine was imbibed and much tobacco was smoked to brace up his nerves. The healing required a month, and he wore silk sleeves all the time. During that period three upper cuticules peeled off from the wounds, each carrying a great deal of color, and then the work showed in a bright, clear and remarkably distinct greenish-blue ink with some patches of red.

On the right forearm the most noticeable feature is a snake which winds its tortuous coils about from the wrist to the elbow, and there its quick forked tongue darts out to catch a fly. The curves are perfect, the head flat and natural, and every scale in its entire length is finished in infinite detail. On the under side of the arm is a skull and cross-

SPIDER WEB DESIGNS.

bones and also a knife thrust through the flesh and again protruding. Its handle is carved and is characteristic of Japanese workmanship. Above the elbow upon the biceps muscle an eagle with outstretched wings is worked out with extreme care. Every feather appears, and so natural it seems as if the breath would ruffle the plumage. A splendid steel engraving could not be clearer. A small floral piece completes the decorations on that arm. On the left forearm a tobacco leaf, worm eaten and with a Japanese landscape upon it is shaded with such a subtle art that no trace of the instrument is visible. The coloring blends from a deep shadow to the whiteness of the skin as softly as the vignette of a photograph. On the upper above the leaf is a great spider's web with the wily insect in the middle and several flies entangled in the net's meshes. It is here that the accuracy of the drawing is so striking. The lines are as fine as a hair and as straight as a plumb line. The piece is a very attractive one.

Above these on the biceps is the crowning triumph of all. It is an argus pheasant, with all of its magnificent plumage and graceful long tail streamers completed with a softness and delicacy which are simple amazing and which command the beholder's admiration instantly. There, as in the eagle, the details are executed with an indescribable patience and the drawing is faultless. Not a distortion mars the effect of a single piece and the wonder only increases with a careful inspection. To be sure the peculiar and inimitable style of all oriental art is preserved, and some of the figures show the novel and charming poses in which only

TATTOO ON GEFFENEY'S RIGHT ARM.

these people would ever place a bird or animal.

The price that Hori Chio charged Mr. Geffeney was exceedingly moderate and was a special favor to him because he was so well known in Japan and so much esteemed by the artist. He charged $57 for the whole job. His usual schedule of prices would have amounted to $267. The eagle and the pheasant would have been $65 apiece.

Robinson, who was recently killed in the orient by Hetherington, was ornamented by Hori, and bore upon his breast a proud English vessel as she rode in the stream. On his arms, too, were birds and the snake which fascinates the would-be decorated. A young American woman conceived a strange idea and had a monster crab etched upon her shapely calf. The secret got out at a bathing resort.

Hori Chio has had some royal patrons and many distinguished travelers bear his pictures upon their persons. An English nobleman who once visited Japan became enamored of a splendid-looking Japanese woman who resided there. His infatuation exceeded the usual bounds of love and he sought out the artist tatooer and had the lady's portrait carefully pricked into his white skin. Hori Chio made a beautiful likeness and the smiles which his sharp needles left will never fade or dim when age has made its wrinkles in the fair girl's face and time has harrowed out all the old love-lit glances. The Englishman willingly paid $150 for the everlasting portrait and graciously submitted to the pain that his inordinate affection cost him.

One of the most beautiful designs is borne by an English society lady of high degree. It represents a flight of swallows and extends from her rounded shoulder down her tapering arm and nearly to her wrist. It is singularly graceful and of rare beauty. The son of Henery W. Longfellow, who has traveled extensively, is exquisitely tattooed from head to foot. The work is that of Hori Chio and it cost over $1,000. He has a large serpent wound about his leg, which is startling in its realistic coils.

On his back is a decided departure from the usual designs. It is a gigan-

SNAKE AND SWORD PATTERN.

tic dragon, with all the horrors to which vivid Japanese imaginations have bent their ingenuity, and in its wide-open mouth is a figure of Budda, the god idol which the people worship. The work on young Longfellow consumed several weeks. A companion who traveled with the poet's son had a most elaborate fox chase placed upon his right leg. It was a very expensive piece and contains dogs, horses, trees, brushes and the cunning animal of the hunt.

Hori's most important commission was in tattooing the royal sons of the prince of Wales, Prince Albert Victor, now dead, and Prince George. These young men were stamped with the royal isignia of their regal family, the royal coat of arms of their country, the feathers of the prince, their father, and a number of animals and birds.

A prize was once offered in Japan for the most original, ingenious and well executed piece of tatooing on any man by any person. Hori won the laurels. A countryman bears the prize work. It is a great spider's web, which occupies his whole back. From a thread which disappears in his hair at the back of the neck and emerges on his forehead, preceeding down his nose to the chin, the great spider is suspended.

Hori once offered to place a facsmile of a photograph of a tomb, with sixty-two letters on the stone, together with flowers and the iron fence which surrounded all, reduced to the size of a postage stamp, and with every letter legible, upon a man's arm for nothing except as an advertisement for himself. The offer was refused for good reasons, so that the finest thing he ever contemplated was not carried out.

HAD NO KICK COMING.

Long was his hair, his raiment ragged, torn,
His beard unkempt; his shoes were rough and worn;
Dusty was he and dirty and folorn.

As through the village street he slowly pass'd,
Full many looks unkind were on him cast,
Until he gladly sought the fields at last,

And laid him down beneath the waving trees
And bared his brow unto the cooling breeze,
And thanked old Mother Earth for rest and ease,

And, lying there with sullen, upturn'd face,
Reviewing all the features of his case,
He turned and groaned, and cursed the human race.

No loving friends in all the earth had he,
No joys, no hopes, nor pleasures yet to be—
A helpless wreck cast upward by the sea!

And yet he felt no kick from him was due,
His life, though brief, had held more fun than two
Lifetimes of ordinary people do.

—Detroit Tribune.

CORROBORATION.

"I'll tell you what I think of Goff,"
Said Perkins to McCann,
"He's got in him the makings of
A mighty able man."

"It must be in him," quoth McCann,
With hint of lurking doubt,
"Since I can swear it any can,
He never lets it out."

—Boston Courier.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

PARODIES ON OLD PROVERBS.

A Clever English Writer Gives His Epigrammatic Views on Marriage.

A correspondence has been opened in the pages of the Daily Telegraph on the vexed question of marriage in general, and of English wives in particular says "The Linkman" in London Truth. As a bachelor my experience of wives—in the plural—is extensive, and it is the more desirable therefore, that I should contribute my share towards the discussion. I have tried to condense the views which I uphold on this subject, and the more important of these will be found in the following distorted proverbs of the Pall Mall:

Marrying is believing.

Two's matrimony and three's divorce.

Divorce is the mother-in-law of invention.

A little matrimony goes a long way.

Infidelity begins at home.

Put not all your lovers in one basket.

Everything has an end—marriage has two.

To marry is human, to divorce is divine.

Set a wife to catch a wife.

A "smart" lover covers a multitude of sins.

Matrimony breeds contempt.

A lover in time saves nine.

You must go to the divorce court to hear what news at your home.

When the lover preaches beware of your wife.

When a woman falls every man calls.

Wives of a feather flock together.

Every smart woman has her day in the box.

Home rules often insures peace with honor.

Where there's a wife there's a way to the court.

A divorcing man will catch at a straw.

It is easy to marry down hill.

Wife, life and strife rhyme together, but there is very little reason in either.

Marriage is paved with good adventures.

What matrimony conceals divorce reveals.

There are none so wived as those that will not marry.

Fine friends make fast wives.

Some men marry because they are young, some because they are old, some because they are busy, others because they have nothing to do. There is but one valid excuse for marrying—because you want to.

THE SUN GOING OUT.

In About Ten Million Years There Will Be No Light.

It seems that the sun has already dissipated about four-fifths of the energy with which it may have originally been endowed, says an exchange. At all events it seems that, radiating energy at its present rate, the sun may possibly hold out for 4,000,000 years, or 5,000,000 years, but not 10,000,000 years.

Here, then we discern in the remote future a limit to the duration of life on this globe. It does not seem possible for any other source of heat to be available for replenishing the waning stores of the luminary.

It may be that the heat was originally imparted to the sun as the result of a great collision between two bodies which were both dark before the collision took place, so that, in fact, the two dark masses coalesced into a vast nebula, from which the whole of our system has been evolved.

Of course, it is always conceivable that the sun may be reinvigorated by the repetion of the same startling process. It is, however, hardly necessary to observe that so terrible a convulsion would be fatal to life in the solar system.

Neither from the heavens above nor from the earth beneath does it seem possible to discover any rescue for the human race from the inevitable end. The race is as mortal as the individual, and so far as we know, its span can not under any circumstances be run out beyond a certain number of years which can certainly be told on the fingers of both hands, and probably on the fingers of one.

FIRST BEAUS ARE BASHFUL.

Extravagant Youths in Their Teens Generally the Brother of a Chum.

The first beau appears along about when we are 14 to 15. There have been, of course many little boy admirers, but a writer in the Philadelphia Times says the genuine gallant does not materialize until we put on long dresses and commence making ourselves up for young ladies, a comprehensive phase that all girls will understand. He is usually the brother of some especial chum of ours, and in this way we are enabled to see him more often than if we had no reason for going to his house. He is exceedingly bashful before people, but can talk a blue streak when we are alone. He squanders his allowance on ice cream, soda and caramels, and on rare occasions invites us to a church saciable or concert. He is always one of the group of youths who wait outside the church or Sunday-school door, and he is the one always to escort us to our homes on such occasions. We are teased unmercifully about him, and really enjoy it, though pretending to be fearfully indignant and provoked about it. This sort of thing goes on until something happens, as some things have a way of doing, and either he goes away to college or we leave for boarding school, or perhaps a quarrel or a change of residence occurs; at any rate, years perhaps will roll away before we see a bearded man who bears not the slightest resemblance to the blushing, rosy-cheeked boy we called our first beau.

IN A PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.

Affectations and Peculiarities of Persons About a Pose.

"Well," said the photographer to a New York World man, "its funny how people will take attitudes when they find the camera pointed at them. You tell them to look pleasant and at once their faces take an expression of ghastly smirk, or if the sitter be a young lady she almost always wants to be taken side face, looking down with a conscious simper. People with turned up or very long noses invariably wish to be taken in profile, while the cross-eyed man with a huge mouth is always taken front face.

"It's no use. I've been in the business for years and now I don't argue with them any more. I just let them have their say and then I try to have mine.

"Now, see this tall man coming in. He'll cross his legs and put one foot in the sphere of the lens so that it will take the size of two, and this old lady with two or three chins will be taken with front face and look like Humpty Dumpty."

They both did.

Dangers of the Copper Kettle.

A correspondent of the 'Sheffield Telegraph' says: A Sharrow gentleman was always unwell at home, and invariably got better when he left it. The symptoms were those of lead-poisoning, including the much-dreaded "drop wrist." An idea struck him—it was the copper kettle. He had it cut in two, and found the alleged copper kettle was three parts lead, which the hot water had liberated and assimilated with the sufferer's system. The copper kettle has been discarded, and there is no more ill-health. A gentleman brought me the lid of one of these so-called copper kettles. The surface only was copper, the rest was lead, which left the copper freely to the thumb touch. It is said that a large number of people have recently experienced all the effects of lead-poisoning, and the evil has been traced to the copper kettle, which is now a discarded utensil in many households.

Points on Pugilism.

"A "draw" is, of course, the most artistic sort of a fight.

The strike centre has moved to New Orleans.

Sullivan, being a Boston man, should wear the letters "Ph. D." after his name—doctor of phistics.

You cannot tell a prize fighter's ability by the measurement of his jaw

The wealthier sports sit in boxes.

Brew sirs are naurally fond of beer.

A Wedding Tour in a Balloon.

M. Thiel, a Brussels aeronaut, carried out a wish he had formed to make his wedding trip in a balloon. Accordingly on leaving the town hall, the newly married couple bade farewell to their relatives and took their seats in the balloon, which was in readiness, and which had been named the "Honeymoon" in honor of the occasion. There was a cloudless sky when they started, and the voyage promised to be delightful.

M. Hielard says he is planning to open about 45 kilometers more of the Panama Canal, and then ask for money to complete the work. This has a very familiar ring.

IMPORTED Percheron & Shire Stallions, first class $800, 1, 2 & 3 years' time. Imported mares cheap. Hiram C. Wheeler, Odebolt, Sac Co., Iowa.

DOUBLE Breech-Loader $7.50. RIFLES $2.00 WATCHES GUNS BICYCLES $15 All kinds cheaper than elsewhere. Before you buy, send stamp for catalogue to The Powell & Clement Co. 166 Main St., Cincinnati, O.

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Artistic designs, good workmanship, best Hand rubbed finish. Every Organ Guaranteed. If not handled by your dealer write to factory for prices. Address,
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MERCURIAL
Mr. J. C. Jones, of Fulton, Ark., says of S.S.S. "About ten years ago I contracted a severe case of blood poison. Leading physicians prescribed medicine after medicine, which I took without any relief. I also tried mercurial and potash remedies, with unsuccessful results, but which brought on an attack of mercurial
RHEUMATISM
rheumatism that made my life one of agony. After suffering four years I gave up all remedies and commenced using S. S. S. After taking several bottles, I was entirely cured and able to resume work.
S.S.S. is the greatest medicine for blood poisoning to-day on the market."
Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

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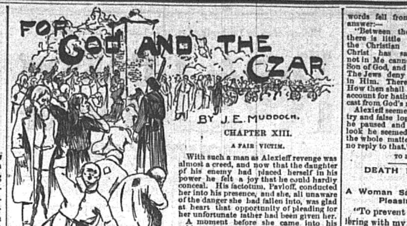

FOR GOD AND THE CZAR

BY J. E. MUDDOCK.

CHAPTER XII.

THE HOUR OF RETALIATION.

Before Rachel reached Moscow the Chief of the Police had so far recovered as to be able to resume his official duties. But he was terribly disfigured, and over his sightless eye he wore a closely fitting dark green shade. Although he did not know it then, a cabal had formed against him during his illness with a view of ousting him from office. He was not considered a successful man, and in no country in the world is non-success regarded with such contempt as it is in Russia. But apart from this, as all people know who have been in Russia, every official, no matter what his position is, is bound to have a host of enemies, for the plums of office are so coveted, and there is so much cliquism and intriguing, that jealousy is rampant, and the man who is your sworn friend to-day will become your bitterest foe to-morrow if you are elected to office.

Peter Alexieff, however, might have lived down all this had it not been for the error he committed in spitting in Aaron Arama's face, an act that led to the retaliation which had deprived him of the sight of an eye and disfigured him for life. This fact, which, in the first heat of passion and anger, had been rigorously suppressed, had leaked out; and the influential Jews got up an agitation, and made the wrong Aaron had suffered the subject of a petition to the Czar himself. In it they craved that the unfortunate man's punishment might be mitigated, and Peter Alexieff deposed from office.

Although the Czar of All the Russias is nominally an autocrat and ruler of the land, no more pitiable puppet exists. He is governed and ruled by his nobles, whose power he dreads; for it is absolutely beyond doubt that by that power alone is the Russian Emperor kept upon his throne. When the petition reached him, which it did in due course, he was "advised," which was tantamount to a command, to ignore it. Nevertheless, it had an effect, for there were those about the Court who had relatives and friends they were anxious to provide for, and they availed themselves of the opportunity to enlarge on Alexieff's shortcomings, and to insist that he was so lacking in tact and discretion that he was unfitted for his office; and that he could serve the State better by being appointed to the governorship of a prison in some far distant province of Siberia. This suggestion was not lost upon the Czar's advisers, who saw in it a means of getting out of a dilemma; and the seed thus sown was destined to fructify and bear fruit in the fullness of time. But when that time would come it would have been hard to say, for things move slowly in Russia. It is a ponderous country, and everything in connection with its working and administration is ponderous, while hurry and speed, especially in judicial matters, are not only deprecated but unknown. Thus it comes about that prisoners charged with offences may languish for years in prison before being brought to trial.

But matters were precipitated in Alexieff's case by another act of folly and outrage which he was guilty of, and which alienated from him some of his warmest supporters. And this very act, strangely enough, by the keenest irony of fate, was the result of Rachel Arama's resolution which she made in Moscow. That resolution was nothing more nor less than to seek a personal interview with the Chief of Police, and, throwing herself at his feet, plead to him for her father.

It is perhaps hardly necessary to say that if she had had more worldly knowledge, and had understood better what Alexieff's true position was, she would rather have suffered death than have begged a boon of him, and have placed herself in his power. But in her ignorance of all State matters, she accredited the Chief of the Police with an authority that was equal to the Chief of the Army, and only a little less than that of the Czar himself, whom she would have approached had she known how to have done so. But no subject in Russia, unless he be of high rank and great influence, has the slightest possible chance of reaching His Majesty's private ear. For he is guarded about with a triple cordon, and the outside world is to him almost a terra incognita.

For one who had always been secluded as Rachel had, and who had scarcely ever known what it was to be dependent upon herself, it was a great undertaking that of going to see the Chief of the Police. She had mentioned her project to her friend the Chief Rabbi of Moscow, who seemed disposed to discountenance it, but Rachel was inflexible. Beyond the Rabbi, however, she told no one, not even Ivan, who had secretly paid a visit to her in Moscow. During the interview he had renewed his protestations of love, but she had emphatically declared that so long as he was the son of Peter Alexieff she could not listen to him if he sought her love, which was tantamount to saying that his suit was absolutely hopeless, for he would never be anybody else but the son of Peter; and so he had gone away somewhat disheartened, but still hopeful that by perseverance he would prevail over her in the end. When she arrived in St. Petersburg she went direct to the bureau of the Chief of the Police, and then her first difficulty began. The Chief was guarded after the manner of the Czar himself, and no one who had not an official passport to his presence could gain the inner sanctum where the Chief wielded his tyrannical power and received the daily reports of his legion of spies.

When Rachel announced who she was, the understrappers laughed at her, and made coarse jokes and rude remarks until her face burned with the blushes of shame. But still she pressed her suit, for it was her father's life she was going to plead for; and still she was rebuffed, while with a shameless cowardice the menials and even the sub-officials jeered at her and taunted her, speaking mockingly of her as a "Jewess," and asking her what value she put upon her beauty. Shrinking with horror from these ribald ruffians, she was almost induced to abandon her errand, but she remembered that her dear father was languishing in the dreadful Schlusselburg Prison, about which she had heard the most fearful tales; so she renewed her pleadings with tears and moans, though it was all of no avail. She might as well have pleaded to the stones. But it so happened that while she stood there beautiful and bewitching even in her distress, the slimy, sleek and cunning Pavloff entered, and recognizing Rachel, he inquired in astonishment what she required. Then when he was informed a curious smile came over his saturnine features, and requesting that she might be detained for a little while, he made his way to the cabinet of his Chief.

Peter Alexieff was much occupied, for he was dictating important despatches to his shorthand clerks when his privileged creature entered. He did not see so well now, for his single eye was still weak from the effects of the injury; and, ever fearful of assassination, he turned quickly towards the intruder, exclaiming:—

"Who is that?" Then, recognising him: "Ah, Pavloff, you bring news? You have something to communicate?"

"Yes, your greatness," and Pavloff looked at the clerks and then at the Chief. The look was significant and the Chief understood it, for he led the way into a small inner apartment, where there were many telegraphic instruments and quite an armory of weapons—two loaded revolvers lying on the desk within reach of Peter's hand.

"What brings you, Pavloff?" he asked.

"I have a surprise for you, little father."

"Then it must be something wonderful, for I have ceased to be surprised at anything."

"It is something wonderful."

"Speak it, then."

"Rachel, the daughter of your enemy, the Jew, is without, and craves an audience with you."

As he heard these words, there leapt into Alexieff's face a look of devilish and malicious joy.

"Rachel here!" he exclaimed.

"Even so, your greatness."

"And comes she of her own free will?"

"She does. I found her here pleading for an interview when I entered the office."

"She shall have the interview," remarked Peter with wicked significance. "Pavloff, conduct her to my presence, and see that all the communicating doors are closed. And, Pavloff, you will remain here during the interview—and, stay, have you your revolver?"

"I have."

"Good, you may go." Then Peter went back to his cabinet and temporarily dismissed his clerks, and when he was alone the Chief of the Police rubbed his hands with fiendish glee, and he muttered to himself:—

"Aaron Arama, my hour of retaliation has come."

CHAPTER XIII.

A FAIR VICTIM.

With such a man as Alexieff revenge was almost a creed, and now that the daughter of his enemy had placed herself in his power he felt a joy that he could hardly conceal. His factotum, Pavloff, conducted her into his presence, and she, all unaware of the danger she had fallen into, was glad at heart that opportunity of pleading for her unfortunate father had been given her.

A moment before she came into his cabinet the Chief of Police scribbled a few hasty words on a slip of paper, and handed the slip to Pavloff as he entered. Pavloff read the words, and a cruel smile played about his harsh features.

For a little while Rachel stood, bashful, embarrassed, and veiled as she found herself face to face with the Chief of Police, of whom she had heard so much, and whom she had come to regard somewhat in the character of an ogre.

"Unveil yourself, woman," said Alexieff at last, sternly and imperiously.

Rachel tremblingly obeyed the command, for it was a command, and she stood revealed before him in all her beauty, her cheeks encarmined, her bosom heaving with suppressed excitement, and a sense of shrinking bashfulness. For be it remembered that a Jewish maiden of her social position was unused to addressing men, save those with whom she might meet under her father's roof.

Alexieff stared at her for some moments. Then, with a sneer, he said:—

"Report belies you not. You have beauty, and, save for the accursed Jewish blood in your veins, I could have forgiven my son for paying you homage. But I would rather see him wedded to the poorest girl in St. Petersburg than wedded to you."

Rachel shuddered. This dreadful man had now alarmed and horrified her. She had not anticipated such a reception as this. In her distress she turned as if contemplating flight; but in the doorway she beheld Pavloff. He stood there silent, motionless, like a statue. Alexieff spoke again—this time in the brusque, harsh, of-

"WHAT BRINGS YOU, PAVLOFF?" HE ASKED.

ficial way which such as he throughout Russia adopt when addressing anyone who comes to them as a supplicant. Officialism in the land of the Czar is at once coarse, brutal, harsh, and unsympathetic; and Peter Alexieff in his own proper person represented all that was bad in officialism. He wielded his power like a tyrant, and ruled by fear.

"What want you, woman, and why come you here?"

By this time Rachel's heart had sunk, and her courage had oozed away. But she managed to stammer out:—

"Oh, sir, I come to plead to you for my father."

"For your father," laughed Alexieff, coarsely.

"For my father," she repeated, stretching her white hands towards him appealingly, while her eyes filled with tears. "He is a good man," she went on, "an upright man, and incapable of one wrong thought, or illegal deed."

"You lie, woman!" exclaimed Alexieff, striking the desk with the palm of his hand. "I say again you lie. Behold me; look in my face. God gave me two eyes, and your father destroyed one of them. How say you now? Is that the act of an upright man?"

"Oh, Lord of Hosts!" murmured Rachel, overcome with agitation; and covering her face with her hands, she cowered before the man who, with the refinement of cruelty, was thus torturing her. But before he attempted to speak again she had recovered herself to far as to be able to say:—

"You must have wronged him grievously. You must have stung him into madness, for he was ever a gentle, peaceful man whose heart strove at all times to do good!"

A fresh accession of strength and resolution came to her as she thus referred to him and felt the truth of her own words. For Arama was a peaceful man, whose love for his fellows seemed almost boundless; and once more stretching her hands towards the implacable being who sat and glared at her, and seemed to be deliberating how best he could wrench and tear her heart, she cried with moving pathos, though he was no more moved than would have been the wall had she appealed to it.

"Oh, Greatness, oh, Little Father, steel not yourself against me and mine. Think how we have suffered and endured. Contumely, scorn, and wrong have been heaped upon us. Our blood has been shed, our homes destroyed, and we have been driven forth outcasts and shelterless."

"It is your lot," he growled, "you are Jews. A curse rests upon you, and the people hate you. The hate of the people is a powerful thing. Who can control it?"

"The hate of the people is encouraged and fostered in this land by little freedom," she sobbed.

"Ah, you speak treason, woman; have a care," he exclaimed, glancing the while at Pavloff, who wrote something in his note-book.

"I speak the sentiments of the whole of the Jewish race throughout Russia," she answered, growing bolder as she remembered the wrongs that had been inflicted on the Jews through generations.

"Is this all that you have to say?" demanded Alexiff truculently.

"Oh, no, Little Father. I come to you in the name of the all-merciful God to crave you to restore my father to me."

"I am but a servant of the State," he answered.

"But you have power."

"Aye, and know how to use it." This significantly.

"Then use it in the interest of him who is dearer to me than my life. Think of what we have suffered. He who was to have been my husband has been taken from me; my mother is dead, my father for having attempted to defend his home and the honor of his child is a prisoner, while I am as a waif drifting on a turbulent sea, and despair is stronger than hope."

She had grown eloquent, and looked beautiful in her grief, but he who sat there was a fanatic; he had a heart of steel on which was deeply engraved—"eternal hatred for the Jews." But she, being unaware of his implacability and knowing not to what length his ferocious and cruel nature could carry him, stood almost breathless, hanging expectantly on what he would say, and her dark glowing eyes filled with a passionate yearning for pity, for sympathy, for friendship. She was a picture upon which no man blinded by fanaticism and not imbruted could have gazed unmoved. But Peter Alexieff was without sentiment, without soul—in the worldly sense—and utterly impregnable to any appeal for pity for those whom he hated and despised.

"Woman," he began, then with an expression of intense loathing he added, "Jewess, you are either mad or a fool. You ask me to use my interest in the favor of a man who has mutilated and disfigured me. Firstly, I have no interest that would prevail in such a case. I am but a servant of the law. The law is stern but just. This man, who is your father, has shed the blood of a subject of the Czar. Therefore the law must deal with him, for he is guilty of murder——"

Rachel shuddered, and exclaimed:—

"No, no; it is false. He but defended his life and the lives of those who were dear to him. He was the attacked, not the attacker. And the law that would punish him for what he did would be barbarous."

"The law will punish him," sneered Alexieff; "therefore the law is barbarous by the rule you lay down. Again, I repeat that your father is a murderer——" Rachel shrank away, and hiding her face with her hands, she sobbed. But the Chief of the Police was pitiless, and he went on: "Secondly, supposing that I had interest upon what grounds and by what reason could you expect me to use it in his favor?"

Rachel drew herself up. The tear-wet face was pale now, and her eyes glowed with indignation and rising wrath. She spoke with emphasis and excitedly thus:—

"I should expect you to use it on the grounds of common humanity; and for the reason that he who shows not mercy here may expect none when having passed the portals of the grave, he stands at the Great God's bar of judgment on high."

Alexieff laughed scornfully as these words fell from her lips, and he made answer:—

"Between the Jew and the Christian there is little in common. In Christ the Christian places his hopes, and Christ has said: 'He who believes not in Me cannot be saved.' Christ is the Son of God, and spoke in the name of God. The Jews deny Christ, and believe not in Him. Therefore is the Jew damned. How then shall I, a Christian, be called to account for hating the Jew, who is an outcast from God's mercy?"

Alexieff seemed to think that his sophistry and false logic were unanswerable, for he paused and looked at her, and in his look he seemed to say: "There, that sets the whole matter at rest. You can make no reply to that."

TO BE CONTINUED.

DEATH BY DROWNING.

A Woman Says That It Has Its Pleasing Sensations.

"To prevent any person from interfering with my design," said a woman to a St. Louis Republic reporter, "I jumped into the river recently. No one appeared to be about at the time. When I struck the water I immediately sank, going down and down, and yet being carried forward until I thought I would never again arise. A sound roared through my head; it seemed to me it would burst. I opened my mouth and attempted to breathe, being unable to endure the pressure longer, but the water rushed in and I closed my mouth. I was again compelled to open it. More water entered. The feeling was horrible.

"Just when I thought all was over I reached the surface of the water about fifty feet from the shore and 100 feet from where I had jumped in. Near by was a steamboat on which stood a man with a long pole with an iron hook on the end. It took only a second to see those things, and in fact, I had just time to get one breath when I again sank, with my mouth open. My past life flashed before me, and I was again a child. The picture of my father and mother stood out in bold relief. I reached out my hand to them. The roaring of the waters sounded like the sweetest of music. Suddenly I saw light and I thought I was in paradise. A large green field covered with roses and other flowers, whose fragrance I could smell, came in view. I felt as if I were being born up by some winged messenger whom I could not see, but whose presence I could feel.

"I remembered nothing more until I felt a rough jerk. My rescuer had succeeded in fastening the boathook in my clothing. As my body was being pulled from out of the water the picture changed. Instead of paradise the place in which the devil dwells, with all its fires, and swarming with hideous red-dressed creatures and other things, presented themselves to my mind, only to again disappear and leave me in darkness. When I came to I was surprised to learn I had been unconscious. Every muscle in my body pained me, but my brain was perfectly clear. Drowning, after the first stages are passed, is pleasant.

PURE WATER.

Cholera Will Not Become Epidemic When the Water Is Pure.

It might almost be laid down as a rule that if the water supply of a community is good, cholera cannot become epidemic, at least in a temperate climate. It is to the great care exercised in obtaining purity in its aqueduct water that the salubriousness of London is probably due. There were in that city last year 2,437 deaths from diarrhœa while in Paris, the quality of whose water is notorious, there were—in spite of the fact that the population numbered but one-half that of London—3,521 deaths from this disorder. In fact, the cholera, in an infeebled form has been more or less prevalent on the outskirts of Paris for some years, and will probably continue there until the population receives a purer supply of water. At Havre where the disease has made recent ravages, typhoid fever is almost always prevalent, and both drainage and water supply are seriously defective. Within the last twenty-five years cholera has repeatedly been introduced into England, but it has never spread, and this may reasonably be attributed to the activity in applying sanitary science in the supply of clean and the removal of foul water, for which that country has obtained an honorable distinction. Her ports are open to the world; there is no quarantine except in the case of those actually diseased, and such of her inhabitants as obey ordinary hygienic laws are in as little danger from cholera as from being struck by lightning.—N. Y. Eve. Post.

PARACHUTE DESCENTS.

Nerve Most Needed at the Moment of Quitting the Balloon.

"What does it feel like in a parachute?"

"Well," replied Parachutist Spencer, "that depends when you mean. You go up without a care, sitting on a kind of strap arrangement for a seat, and with the bar of the parachute seat so arranged about you that all you have to do in order to let yourself go is to swing on it clear of the trap seat of the balloon. The parachute, perhaps you know, is lightly attached to the side of the balloon; and when the weight of the body comes on the parachute seat the whole arrangement breaks away and down you go. As you go up and miss the friendly car you feel a little lost at finding nothing between your dangling legs and the big distant earth beneath. But that is nothing to the feeling when the time comes to let yourself loose from the old balloon. You know you are high enough—but let's wait a second or two longer, you think a hundred feet or so can't make much difference. Now we're going too high, it's no good, you'd better make up your mind to it. So you set your teeth tight together —Now—Go! * Ger-r-r-ah-r-r-r—Ah-h. It's opened. And the white silk spreads out wider and your breath stops siffling through your teeth and your heart stops bursting. It's all right now, and you never felt happier or calmer in your life. Then you sink lower and lower, so calm so easy, the pretty white silk above you and you settle like a feather. I think that is all.'

A Call for Mr. Henry.

At a political meeting the speakers and audience were very much disturbed by a man who constantly called out, "Mr. Henry, Henry, Henry! I call for Mr. Henry!"

After several interruptions of this kind at each speech a young man ascended the platform, and was soon airing his eloquence in magniloquent style, striking out powerfully in his gestures when the old cry was heard for Mr. Henry.

Putting his hand to his mouth like a speaking-trumpet, the man was bawling at the top of his voice, "Mr. Henry, Henry. Henry, Henry! I call for Mr. Henry!"

The chairman now rose and remarked that it would oblige the audience if the gentleman would refrain from any further calling for Mr. Henry, as that gentleman was then speaking.

"Is that Mr. Henry?" said the disturber of the meeting. "Thunder, that can't be Mr. Henry! Why! that's the little chap that told me to holler."

A VERY QUIET CAMPAIGN.

THE PREVAILING PROSPERITY OF THE COUNTRY CAUSES A FEELING OF RESTFULNESS.

No Wailings are Heard, Save From Such Men as Donnelly—The Confidence of the Masses in a Republican Administration is Felt on all Sides.

Probably no presidential campaign during the present generation has been so marked by perfect quietude and restfulness as that of 1892. The reasons for this are obvious to thoughtful minds.

Men, like other animals cry aloud when they are hurt. Every pleasureable sensation is received, absorbed and digested in silence. The absence of all rant in this campaign is superinduced by the plenty and prosperity that prevails.

There is no wailings heard from platforms, when the prophets of calamity tell to well-fed and prosperous audiences, the story of how grim want stalks naked through the land.

Take Mr. Donnelly, for instance. He is a farmer, and goes through the outlying districts of the state proclaiming the abject want of the producing classes. But Mr. Donnelly is not built right to enact the character of John the Baptist in a calamity campaign. He is the typical well-fed farmer of Minnesota. His very presence is a glowing advertisement of the productiveness of our amazingly fertile soil. His "fair round, belly, with fat capon lined," is a stomachic paean of praise for the innumerable blessings vouchsafed to the agricultural producers of the over-flowing Northwest. The health and strength, and large vitality embodied in our plump little Minnesota orator and romancer are a steady and persistent contradiction to his political philosophy.

Look at him as he stands out clear and bold upon the platform of some country school house, carrying his sixty years of life as easily as the virgin school girl carries her sixteen. Plump as old Jack Falsaff, and almost as successful a liar as that matchless creation of Shakespeare, he speaks in stentorean tones of the sufferings of the farmers who compose his audience, while the smell of the new and full harvest creeps into the window, and the shrill voice of the contented cricket responds with, "You're a liar! you're a liar!! you're a liar!!!

But the ca'amity candidate does not mind the chirp of the cricket. He has had that truism dinned into his ears for so many decades that he has grown used to it, and likes his prevaricating prototype, lying old Jack Falstaff, he keeps right along fabricating calamity for election purposes and probably will do so to the limit of his conscienceless wilful life.

Prophets of disaster should be made of stearner stuff and cast in a different physical mould. Donnelly should hire out of one of our dime museums a living skeleton, and parade him up and down the platform as the man who views a favor at Nininger. There should be more method in his prevarication. Donnelly himself should parade as the favorite of bloated monopoly, and point with his short stubby finger to the starving beside him, as his own victim. He should tell how the living skeleton dieted upon the screenings of the fanning mill, while the fruits of the field found persistent lodgement beneath his own expansive and expanding girdle. Then there would be harmony in his falsehoods, symphony in his lies, and perfect meter and touching rythm in his unbounded asseverations.

As a future evidence of the existence of plenty in this favored land which sustains "the robber tariff," the writer would call attention to the Hon. Daniel Lawler, Democratic candidate for Governor. Of course it belongs to Mr. Lawler's profession to be well-fed. The city lawyer was never known to go hungry or thirsty to bed. The city lawyer is the well-fed spider of our modern social system. He formulates the laws so that they need expert interpretation, then selects the experts from his own number, who proceed to interpret them in the manner that will be the most beneficial to to their own legal guild. The city lawyer thus lives upon the fat of the land. He is the miller who takes the grist for his toll, and then hangs on to the toll itself as long as possible. Mr. Lawler takes pride in proclaiming that he is not a railroad attorney. That is doubtless a fact, but there is existing evidence in Minnesota that the real training school for railroad attorneys in this fertile northwest is the political campaign in the interest of the downtrodden farmer. Even Mr. James J. Hill's guide, philosopher and friend Col. Clough—gained his first political celebrity as a leader among the "grangers" twenty years ago in their initial efforts to "shake the railroads over hell." Col. Clough provided a good shaker and shook some of the richest plums into his own lap. Will it be so with Mr. Lawler? Perhaps. He comes of good old railway stock. Uncle John Lawler, of Prairie du Chien, was the "agent of the Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad, who attended to legislative matters for that great corporation in its formation period. It would be to bad to have that early paternal education, not to speak of inherited tendencies, thrown away.

Excepting these calamity shoutings, however, the campaign is a very quiet one—necessarily quiet, because plenty and prosperity reigns in this favored land. The factories throughout the country are overflowing with business; while new industrial institutions are springing into being at the command of the protection principle, now, for the first time in American history, intelligently applied. Merchants everywhere are thrifty, and report business on the increase. The crops, while not as prolific as they were last year, are still large and are bringing fair prices. It is well that the campaign should be a quiet one. The Republican tickets, both National and State, are in a fair way to be reelected by increased majorities. What is the need of noise, of colored lights, music by the full band, and the hoarse shoutings of the mob.

The Almighty works best, not in the earthquake or the cyclone, but in the subdued silence of creative growth—and so does his great political agent, the Republican party.

A Word for Knute Nelson.

For many years the people of Minnesota have had a good general knowledge of Knute Nelson, but not until the present campaign have the people of all sections of the state been enabled to gauge the entire fitness of the man for high and responsible official duties.

His six years service in congress showed that he was a representative of which any constituency might be proud. In the discharge of his duties he was courageous, alert, intelligent and energetic—a good debater and an independent thinker.

But the canvass in which Mr. Nelson is now engaged proves him to be a man of thought as well as a man of action. Whenever he appears upon the platform the impression is at once created that here is a man who has thought long, clearly and deeply upon the multifarious problems which surround and permeate our Republican social system. And every utterance shows that his sympathies are with the people—that great mass of working, toiling men from which he sprang, and through whose agency he has reached his present deserved prominence.

Frankly, are the American voters of Minnesota ready to accept the only democratic reason thus far advanced why they should not vote for Mr. Nelson—that he is of Norwegian birth? From babyhood he has been an American citizen. During that trying period when native born democrats were striving to overturn constitutional liberty by civil war, Knute Nelson was at the front risking his life fighting to preserve the union. To be a soldier for the Union in our great rebellion was a baptism of citizenship giving a stronger claim upon those who believe in the rule "of the people, by the people, for the people" stronger than any mere accident of birth.

No people from the old world as quickly Americanize as those of Scandinavian blood. When the Swede, Norwegian or Dane determines to become a citizen of another land he gives up once for all the land of his birth and becomes a faithful citizen of the land of his adoption. He leaves behind him all of his country's traditions, and forgets absolutely that he owes any debt to any power other than to the laws and institutions of America. There is on him only the slightest hold of the home clan. No other race intermarries as readily with the American as the Scandinavian. There is no wall of blood, of historical antogonism, of religion to prevent the free and unrestrained intermixture of the Norwegian with the American. The first generation born upon this continent of this stock, is as surely and entirely American, as are the children of a revolutionary ancestry.

The Republican party nominated Mr. Nelson on his merits as a man and a citizen. That party is not responsible for the old know-nothing cry of "foreign-born." This great party which has erected the existing institutions of the state and points with pride to them as its sole work is making no apology for nominating Knute Nelson for governor—the highest and most honorable office in the gift of the people. Through the right political thought of our citizens of Scandinavian blood, the Republicans have held power for thirty years, and have thus been enabled to mould the destinies of this most populous commonwealth. It is entirely meet and proper that the most entirely representative citizen of that blood in the state should finally fill the chief executive's chair.

"The little Norwegian" is a good citizen, a good fighter, a good man and will be one of the best governors the state has ever known.

The Cry of "Stop Thief."

The Chicago Herald has recently sprung one of the most bare-faced political lies ever thrust under the noses of a long suffering people in the whole history of American politics.

This wholesale slander is published in the interest of the wheat gamblers and bunco steerers of the Chicago Board of Trade, and is directed against Senator Washburn, Gov. Merriam, Loren Fletcher, the Pillsburys and other leading Republicans of Minnesota in the interest of the hope to fool the Democratic party in this State into becoming the tools of the Chicago gamblers.

Briefly the charges are that there exists in the northwest a tremendous so-called wheat ring composed of the millers of Minneapolis, and all the elevator companies, organized for the purpose of reducing the price of wheat to the minimum, thus swindling the farmers and producers of the northwest out of millions of dollars every year. The only evidence brought forward to prove the charges consists of the evidence taken before the legislative investigating committee of two years ago, supported and butressed by the testimony of one man who had been in the penitentiary, and a professional black-mailer who ought to be behind the bars.

The Chicago Herald is a democratic newspaper in the pay of the Chicago Board of Trade. It is one of the most unscrupulous sheets published in the country, and notoriously becomes the attorney of every man and every cause that will "put up" sufficient money to retain its services.

The wheat gambling combine dies even harder than its partner, the Louisiana Lottery, but it has got to go. Thousands of dollars were last year expended by its corrupt lobby in Washington last winter, with the result that the passage of the anti-option bill through the Senate was delayed by democratic influence, after it had passed the house by a two-thirds majority. It is safe to assume that if the anti-option bill is defeated at the coming session of the Senate it will be by Democratic votes. Party lines are rapidly being drawn on this measure. Its defeat at the last session was secured by Democratic assertions that the measure was unconstitutional.

The option dealers comprise the most gigantic, the most heartless, and the most irresponsible trust in America. It is a combination organized solely and alone to rob the farmers and producers of the land. It has joined the profession and is now shouting "stop thief" at the top of its voice through the Democratic Chicago Herald, in hopes to discredit the men who are pushing through congress the bill that opens wide the door of every penitentiary in the land to give them and their agents entrance.

A Democrats Opinion of Congress

When a democrat admits any faults in his own party, or any misdeeds of that organization, he is profoundly moved to repentance. Here is what a Tammany Democrat, Col. Cockerill, says of the Democratic Congress: "The spectacle presented by the dilatory, reckless, roystering, bibulous Democratic House of Representatives strengthens the Republican plea. Elected on a pledge of reform and economy, the House has shown a greater degree of profligacy than any of its recent predecessors. It has trifled with great questions. It has developed a single, broadminded, capable, influential man. It is an awful example of what the democratic party can do when turned loose."

Mr. Cockerill says this out loud in the columns of the New York Recorder. If one so accustomed to extravagant methods, to vicious rowdyism as is this disciple of Croker and Murphy becomes alarmed at the situation, how much more so should be the plain, every-day farmer who is being begged to pull the Democratic chestnuts out of the fire by the independents.

SOME FAMOUS HYMNS.

Their Authors Forced to Live Under the Veil of Obscurity.

It seems a singluar fact that apparently nothing in a literary way will relegate a writer to oblivion so surely as to be the author of a world-famous hymn.

Take a few instances:

Nearly every one has heard or sung the line of "Shall we gather at the river?" and yet how many know even the name of the author, much less the fact that he is living?

The writer is the Rev. Robert Lowry, D. D., a resident of Plainfield, N. J.

In Richmond, Ill., lives Dr. S. Fillmore Bennett. To how many is the name familiar, yet to whom is his familiar church song, "The Sweet By and By," not known?

In the Interior of New York State lives Mrs. Annie Sherwood Hawks, who wrote those famed lines of "I Need Thee Every Hour."

Hardly known and never recognized on the streets of New York as she walks out is Fanny Crosby, the author of countless hymns, among them the famous one, "Safe in the Arms of Jesus."

It is odd that the veil of obscurity should seem to be the inevitable reward of those whose pens have given us the hymns which have brought consolation and joy to so many thousands.—Boston Globe.

CATS AND DOGS.

Curious Points About the Origin of Mankind's Favorite Pets.

"Cats and dogs have a varied ancestry," said a naturalist to a Star writer. "People commonly referring to a single species which has many varieties. But in reality the name is merely a conventional one, under which are grouped in popular parlance all of the domesticated canidæ. The North American coyote is in fact much nearer to the greyhound, zoologically speaking, than the pug is. It is simply a wild dog. So is the wolf likewise. From just such wild types man's faithful four-footed friends are descended.

"When Columbus discovered America he found that the Indians possessed dogs. They were direct descendants of the wild coyotes of the plains. Doubtless the first dogs which were trained to serve mankind were the jackals of Asia, which are to this day very intelligent and docile when tamed.

There was a kind of dog kept by the ancient Egyptians, which was evidently obtained by breeding from a slenderly built species, that is wild in Africa at the present time.

"Wherever the canidæ have been found by man the most docile of them have been transformed into domesticated dogs. Young ones were reared and bred from the best tempered and most intelligent specimens being preserved from generation to generation, until finally the beasts became gentle and affectionate servants.

"With cats the case is in some respects the same. The first people known to have domesticated them were the ancient Egyptians, on whose monuments representations of these animals are found as early as 1600 B. C. It is on a tomb erected about 1300 B. C. that puss first appears unmistakably as a domesticated creature, being shown seated beneath a chair. In ancient Egypt the cat was an object of religious worship, and was even an inmate of the temples. There was actually a cat goddess, named Bubastis, who was always depicted of having a cat's head.

The ancient Egyptian cat was the progeny of a species that is wild in that country to-day, being known as the felis maniculata. This latter may be regarded as the ancestor of nearly all existing pussies of domesticated varieties.

"Cats are so common nowadays that people do not realize their value, although they would soon do so if they had to get along without them for a while and suffer from the plague of vermin which would arrive through unrestricted multiplying of the pests which the pussies destroy and drive away."—Washington Star.

ASLEEP FOR NINE YEARS.

A Young Woman Who Dosed Off in 1883 Still Sleeping.

A remarkable case of suspended animation, of scientific interest, is referred to in a recent issue of the English Mechanic. The sleeper is a young woman named Marguerite Bovenval, of the village of Thenelles, in France, who fell into a cataleptic condition on May 29, 1883, since which day she has never shown the slightest sign of returning consciousness. When the actual nature of this profound sleep was realized by her medical attendants from the non-success which attended all efforts to awaken the young woman, attention was given to sustaining life. As the jaws were rigidly fixed, it was found to be impossible to introduce food into the stomach, and injections of nourishment were resorted to.

During these nine years she has been free from the cares of life, without thought or motion, consequently there has been no apparent waste of muscular or nervous tissue. The hand of time seems to have spared this unconscious sleeper, no change has taken place in her countenance, she appears no older to-day than when she fell asleep nine years ago at the age of 25. During this time the growth of hair and nails has completely ceased; the joints have become quite stiff through disuse, to such an extent that the arms, if raised, will remain in that position for an indefinite period.

The eyes are turned upward, so that the pupils are almost out of sight on opening the eyelids. The lips, when moved apart, seem to lack the elasticity necessary to return spontaneously to their original position.

The women of the churches at Hutchinson, Kan., gave a supper the other night which was composed of articles of diet beginning with "B."

When Traveling

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectively on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cents and $1 bottles by all leading druggists.

Lord Hagin, an Irish peer, is sent to the Winnipeg jail for two months for vagrancy.

Have You Asthma?

Dr. R. Schiffmann, St. Paul, Minn., will mail a trial package of Schiffmann's Asthma Cure free to any sufferer. Gives instant relief in worst cases, and cures where others fail. Name this paper and send address.

Henry Barrel, a farmer living near Windsor, was killed by a vicious bull.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Two children are killed by a panther at Warsaw.

Breathes There a Man

Who can inhale malaria-breeding air with impunity? No, not unless he be fortified against its insidious poison with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Then, indeed, is he defended. Not only is this medicine most thorough as a bulwark against chills and fever and bilious remittent, but it thoroughly relieves dyspepsia, constipation, rheumatism, biliousness, nervousness and kidney trouble.

Rudolph Ihering, the distinguished German jurisconsult, died in Berlin.

Allen's Iron Tonic Bitters enriches the Blood. All genuine bear the signature of J. P. Allen, Druggist, St. Paul, Minn.

There have been nearly 15,000 cholera cases in Hamburg with over 6,000 deaths.

Swellings in the Neck

Or Goitre is one of the most stubborn forms of Scrofula. Read this: "I suffered terribly with swellings in my neck, or goitre and spent an enormous amount of money for medicines, but to no purpose. I became completely discouraged. I wrote to Mrs. Anna Sutherland, of Kalamazoo, Mich., and received an answer fully confirming her testimonial. I then began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla myself, and in a few weeks I found the swelling very much reduced, and I could Breathe with Perfect Ease, which I had not done for years. I continued with

Mrs. Bigelow.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

and am now Permanently Cured of goitre." Mrs. Jennie Bigelow, Fremont, Mich.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache. 25c.

Tutt's Tiny Pills stimulate the torpid liver, strengthen the digestive organs, regulate the bowels, and are unequaled as an anti-bilious medicine. Dose small. Price, 25c. Office, 39 & 41 Park Place, N. Y.

MENTONE CAVE BURIALS.

Discovery of Relics of Men About Seven Feet Tall.

Near Mentone, but on the Italian side of the frontier, there are several caves in the cretaceous sea cliffs, whose contents have long attracted the lively attention of archæologists. Unluckily they have been worked over so much that the original stratification is no longer apparent, but throughout the mass, flint chips and rude bone implements have been abundantly found, of such character that they have been unanimously referred to palæolithic man, to that period of his existence in Western Europe which De Mortillen has called Solutreen.

Thus far all is harmony, but in this deposit at various depths skeletons have been unearthed and a lively discussion ensued as these should be considered also of palæolithic time or of later date. This debate has been renewed by fresh discoveries of such remains in February last, a good description of which, by A. Vaughan Jennings, appears in Natural Science for June. They are said to be of unusual size, relics of men from six and a half to seven feet tall, but it is well known how easily one is deceived in measuring skeletons. With them were worked ornaments of bone and shell, necklaces and finely chipped arrow-heads. These indications point conclusively to the fact of deliberate interment at a period when mortuary ceremonies were definite and solemn rites, and unquestionably therefore to neolithic times. In spite of the depth at which they were found—perhaps twenty-five feet below the modern level of the cave floor, they must be accepted as indorsing De Mortillett's rejection of the human remains as palæolithic.

No Cus.

Minnie—that was an awfully pathetic scene in the second act, but you never cried a bit, you hard-hearted thing.

Mamie—How should I know I was expected to cry? There wasn't any of that delightful shivery music with it.—From the Indianapolis Journal.

"The Girl Preacher.

Louisville has a "girl preacher," aged fourteen, whose professional card bears the legend: "Sunday meetings for men only."—Indianapolis Journal.

Heads off disease—Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. In a way, that you can understand, too, by purifying the blood. When you're weak, dull and languid, or when blotches and eruptions appear—that's the time to take it, no matter what the season. It's easier to prevent than to have to cure.

For all diseases caused by a torpid liver or impure blood, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Scrofulous, Skin, or Scalp Diseases—even Consumption (or Lung-scrofula), in its earlier stages, the "Discovery" is the only remedy that's *guaranteed.* If it does'nt benefit or cure, you have your money back.

You pay only for the *good* you get.

The proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy lose $500 if you're not cured of Catarrh. They promise to pay you that if they can't cure you. What do *you* lose by trying it? Is there anything to risk, except your Catarrh?

"German Syrup"

William McKeekan, Druggist at Bloomingdale, Mich. "I have had the Asthma badly ever since I came out of the army and though I have been in the drug business for fifteen years, and have tried nearly everything on the market, nothing has given me the slightest relief until a few months ago, when I used Boschee's German Syrup. I am now glad to acknowledge the great good it has done me. I am greatly relieved during the day and at night go to sleep without the least trouble." ®

ELY'S CREAM BALM CATARRH

when applied into the nostrils, will be absorbed effectually cleansing the head of catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions. It allays inflammation, protects the membrane from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores sense of taste and smell.

TRY THE CURE. HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street New York.

Money-Saving

Prices. Read them and send your orders soon. All goods sold for CASH; anything not satisfactory may be returned at our expense and we will refund money.

New all-wool DRESS GOODS, 54 inches wide, only 50c yard.

Yard-wide soft finish MUSLIN, bleached or unbleached, 5c yard.

10-4 all-wool White BLANKETS only $3.39 pr.

Faille Française SILKS, all colors and black, $1.00 kind for 75c yard.

Boys' all-wool KNEE PANTS (non-rippers) only 52c.

Ladies' Heavy Black Cheviot JACKETS, 32 inches long, with full roll of French Coney Fur, special price only $5.00 each.

Extra Heavy INGRAIN CARPET, new patterns, 38c yard.

Good Woven Wire Bed Spring, any size, $1.48.

Oil Opaque Cloth WINDOW SHADES, 3-4 ft. any color, with spring roller, ready to hang, only 29c each.

Macauley's History of England, 5 vols., cloth, all for $1.00.

Carlsbad China Egg Cups, neat blue decoration, 39c doz.

Heavy Tin WASH BOILER, copper bottom, No. 8, only 79c.

CATALOGUE Our large new Illustrated Catalogue for fall and winter, 1892, is now ready. If your home merchants are unable to supply your wants, CUT THIS OUT and send it to us with your name and address and we will mail you a Catalogue free of charge. FREE

Address Mail Order Department,
SCHUNEMAN & EVANS, - St. Paul.

LEWIS' 98% LYE
Powdered and Perfumed (PATENTED)
The strongest and purest Lye made. Unlike other Lye, it being a fine powder and packed in a can with removable lid, the contents are always ready for use. Will make the best perfumed Hard Soap in 20 minutes without boiling. It is the best for cleansing waste pipes, disinfecting sinks, closets, washing bottles, paints, trees, etc.
PENNA. SALT M'F'G CO. Gen. Agts., Phila., Pa.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.
CATARRH
Sold by druggists or sent by mail, 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

GREAT BARGAINS

In All Kinds of

SUMMER GOODS,

For a Short Time.

This Means Business. Call and See.

H. ROSENBLATT

Gardner Block, 2 Doors from Fifth St.

—CALL AT—

C. D. Johnson's Drug Store,

EAST FRONT STREET,

And get a key to Health.

Try our new Perfumes.

Try our Semper Idem Cream for chapped hands & face.

Try our Soda Water.

Call and See Us.

C. D. JOHNSON, Druggist.

Money at 10 per Cent. Straight

TO Loan on Real Estate.

WE CHARGE NO BONUS OR COMMISSION.

Also Loan on Chattel Security on Favorable Terms.

A. L. HOFFMAN.

Cor. Fifth and Front Streets, Brainerd

City and County Orders Bought.

N. McFADDEN,

DRUGGIST.

DEALER IN PURE DRUGS!

Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles.

Proprietor of Sherwood's Cough Syrup Glass Condition Powders and Stratton's Liniment.

Night Bell. 36 Front St

LARSON & WALTERS,

—DEALERS IN—

Anthracite & Biuminous Coal,

Hard and Soft Wood, Lime, Cement and Plastering Hair.

Cross Creek Lehigh Coal,

The only genuine Lehigh Coal in the Market

Office and Yard, Corner of Eighth and Main Streets, at N. P. Track.

Sanborn's RESTAURANT.

CITY HOTEL, 40 FRONT STREET.

REGULAR MEALS 25CTS.

BOARD $4.00 PER WEEK.

Meals cooked to order at any time, Day or Night, at VERY reasonable prices.

KOOP BROS.,

Sell the best and cheapest

Groceries!

And PROVISIONS.

Front Street, - between 6th and 7th.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Official Paper

Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, F. W. Wieland, } Editors and Proprietors.

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job printing office in the city.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Corner of Eighth and Norwood Streets.

Rev. W. J. Ware, Pastor.

Announcements for Sunday, Sept. 25.

SUBJECTS:—

MORNING.—"The King of Glory."

EVENING.—"Christianity, what good is it?"

Hours of worship, 10:30 A. M. and 8:00 P. M.

Sunday school, 12 M.

Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, 7:45.

The public generally, and visitors in our city, are most cordially invited to all our services, and we will be happy to greet you. Ushers at the door.

Local News Notes.

Charles Greeves returned this morning from Hillsboro.

Mrs. A. E. Ferris spent several days in Minneapolis this week.

FOR SALE—A four year old horse. Enquire at Whitford's harness shop, Front street.

H. Phelps, telegraph operator at the shops, left this morning for a visit in Michigan.

Bridges will be constructed at Dagget brook and Ft. Ripley by the county immediately.

J. H. Warner has succeeded to the practice and office of F. W. Hall in the Sleeper block.

Lawyer Hall has returned to Aitkin and will enter the race for county attorney in that county.

Miss Ethel Fulton returned Tuesday morning from an extended visit with friends in the Twin Cities.

Mrs. E. J. Fulton returned Monday evening from a two months' visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James H. Webster, at Mars Hill, Maine.

Matt. Wetzel, who has held a position in McFadden's drug store for some time, started for Chicago on Saturday where he will take a course in pharmacy.

The democrats will hold their ward caucuses this evening for the purpose of electing delegates to the county convention which will be held tomorrow in the Cale block.

James Harper enjoyed the luxury of whipping his wife on Wednesday and as a consequence he was fined $100 or ninety days in the county jail, the latter being accepted.

The ladies of the Congregational Church will honor Columbus at the Opera House, Oct. 21st, by giving a unique entertainment consisting of Columbian views, tableaux and music.

Benj. Frost, brother of J. J. and Geo. Frost, arrived from Symaria, Michigan, yesterday on a visit. Mr. Frost is postmaster of his town and also interested in the mercantile business.

F. B. Johnson and James Towers have been attending the 20th session of the Grand Lodge Knights of Pythias of Minnesota at Minneapolis, this week, as representatives from White Cross lodge.

John Bubar, the Brainerd lumberman and landlord, was in the city Tuesday on business with the Pine Tree Lumber company. He cut several million feet of logs for them last winter.—Transcript.

J. L. Smith, secretary and treasurer of the Minnesota Saving Fund and Investment Co., of Minneapolis, was in the city Wednesday on business. Mr. Smith was very much pleased over the improvements in operation here.

Hope Hose company No. 1 have engaged Gardner hall for Thanksgiving night and will give their grand annual ball on that occasion. The boys have commenced in time and propose to make it the most successful of any yet given.

Chairman Hartshorn, of the republican legislative convention, has appointed a legislative committee as follows: H. R. Mallotte, Mille Lacs county; J. H. Rhodes, Morrison; N. H. Ingersoll, Crow Wing; and B. F. Harshorn, Todd county.

The people's party and the democratic party of this county are conferring on the feasibility of fusing on the county ticket which will be placed in nomination today and tomorrow, but it is quite unlikely that the deal will go through. There will be no fusion on the legislative ticket in this district.

At the Congregational Church next Sunday morning the pastor will give the substance of his address delivered at the state association last week, on "Endeavor Loyalty to the Church—What it Means," He would be pleased to see every member of his endeavor society present. In the evening the address will be on "The Atmosphere of the Home."

At the Ladies Aid Society at Mrs. J. N. Nevers on Wednesday was exhibited three as fine specimens of the Japan Lily as we have ever seen. These rare and beautiful flowers were raised by Mrs. F. M. Cable, who, by the way, has as fine a display of cultivated flowers as one could wish to see, especially roses of all kinds and varieties abounding in great profusion.

Speaking of the log drives the lumberman says: This drive will be the last one made from Brainerd this year and will be a clean one, but the rear is very heavy and progress will be slow. All logs are now sluiced through the Brainerd dam except the Indian reservation logs which will probably lie in the flowage of the dam until next season. They are still in the hands of a government commissioner.

Mrs. A. J. Sovereign, of Fergus Falls, visited friends in this city the first of the week.

Mrs. O. C. Foster has gone to Wilmet, South Dakota, called there by illness in her sister's family.

C. A. Walker leaves tomorrow for a trip to Missoula, Montana, where he is interested in a large sheep ranch.

H. McCullough, a tonsorial artist of St. Paul, has accepted a position in Otto Reinhardt's shop in this city.

The first of a series of dances to be given by Brainerd Division No. 7, U. R. K. P., will take place Oct. 7th, at Gardner hall.

Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Alderman expect to leave on Monday next for a month's visit with friends and relatives at East Granby, Conn.

The ladies of St. Paul Episcopal Church are making preprations for there annual bazaar to be given about the 21st of November.

Geo. B. Cressey and Miss Belle Chadbourn, both, formerly, residents of this city, were married at Staples on Thursday evening last by Rev. W. M. Wright.

A. E. Losey leaves tomorrow for Louisville, Kentucky, where he will attend the International Convention of Funeral Directors, as a delegate from Minnesota. Mrs. Losey will accompany him.

A double wedding occurred at St. Francis church on Tuesday morning, the Rev. Fr. Lynch officiating, the parties to the contract being Arthur Reinthal and Miss Josephine Basch and Joseph Basch and Miss Kate Manogue. The parties are all of this city, the gentlemen being the members of the firm of A. Reinthal & Co., of East Brainerd.

A man named Gibson has purchased 1000 acres of land near Ft. Ripley and will start a sheep ranch on the land as soon as possible. He has just returned from a trip to Europe and the Transcript says:

In all, the industry will represent outlay of about $50,000. If the enterprise proves to be a success the business will be enlarged. A number of other persons are talking of going into the same business next year. Experienced sheep men who have been in this part of the country state that it is particularly well adopted to sheep raising. Mr. Gibson was formerly an architect on the World's Fair buildings at Chicago, and fell heir to nearly half a million dollars a few months ago.

Having a Good Time.

A satchel belonging to Deputy United States Marshal Robert Beaulieu was found on the vacant lot at the corner of Third and Laurel streets yesterday containing a revolver, handcuffs and a number of warrants for people in this section of the country. The satchel had been cut open with a knife and the contents pawed over. A little farther was found his pocket-book containing passes on every railroad in the state. It looked for a time as though Mr. Beaulieu has met with foul play and the articles were taken to the county attorney's office, but later in the day the gentleman's whereabouts were located, and it was ascertained that the articles were stolen from him while he was enjoying the sociabilities of the city. It would seem that he is not a very safe man to be retained in the position which he occupies, as he has been in a state of insensibility at the Bismarck house the greater part of the time since he arrived in the city, produced by over indulgence. It is probably his last trip in an official capacity.

The Electric Line.

The contract has been let by C. N. Parker for the boiler and engines which will furnish the power for the new street car line and they are to be here by the 15th of October. The rails have been bought for three and a half miles and the poles contracted for and they also are to be delivered here by the 15th at which time active work will be commenced. The electric power house will be located on the piece of land which Mr. Parker acquired from the city at the meeting on Monday evening being about one acre in the southeast corner of lot 4, section 18.

Will Run Independent.

H. Patterson, the present county commissioner from the Fifth district, after due consideration and at the request of many of the voters in his district has decided to become an independent candidate for re-election.

Joel Smith will also be a candidate for re-election from the First Commissioners district as there are many voters in his district who have requested him to do so. His candidacy will also be independent.

Trunks and grips at J. F. McGinnis & Co.

Lumbermen,

You will find our stock of drugs and medicines complete. A full line of veterinary medicine. Orders from the boys in camp will receive prompt attention with right prices.

N. McFADDEN.

Died.

Bert Robinson, aged 16 years, son of Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Robinson, died Wednesday of dropsy, the funeral occurring yesterday from the Baptist church, Rev. J. A. Jenkins officiating. The young man had been a great sufferer for some time and his death was not entirely unlooked for.

Call on J. F. McGinnis & Co. and see the bargains they are offering in clothing, boots, and shoes for fall and winter.

Pulpit notes.

Speaking of the log drives the lumberman says: This drive will be the last one made from Brainerd this year and will be a clean one, but the rear is very heavy and progress will be slow. All logs are now sluiced through the Brainerd dam except the Indian reservation logs which will probably lie in the flowage of the dam until next season. They are still in the hands of a government commissioner.

People's Party Organize.

A meeting was held on Saturday afternoon at the Tenth street hall according to the call issued by the people's party for the purpose of calling a county convention to place in nomination a county ticket and to elect delegates to the Little Falls legislative convention. The meeting was not largely attended, there being twelve or fifteen present who participated in the proceedings. Chas. Banks called the meeting to order and A. F. Ludwig was elected chairman of the day and also of the county committee, Mr. Banks being elected secretary. A motion was made to hold the county convention on Saturday but after some discussion the date was changed to this (Friday) evening at 7:30 at the Tenth street hall. The chair appointed the following ward committees: Second ward—Jas. Rodgers, Chas. Fegg and Fred. Wehrle. Third ward—John Atkinson and Geo. Halladay. Fourth ward—O. P. Erickson and Soloman Johnson. Fifth ward—S. W. Quinn and John Gabion.

J. F. McGinnis & Co. are showing the most complete line of Gents suitings displayed in the city. Call on them before leaving your measure.

Will Not Fuse.

It is quite probable at this writing that the democrats and people's party will not fuse on the county ticket although there will be great clashing between them. The people's party tonight will nominate Chas. Banks for auditor, Ole Erickson for sheriff, and will give A. F. Ludwig a place on the ticket. The remainder of their ticket will be chosen from the democratic ranks, people who have never been identified with their movement. What the democrats will do tomorrow is not certain only in one particular and that is that they will not endorse the people's party ticket. What nominations they make will be done in the true democratic style and while they will probably name some man who are on the other ticket it will be put in the field as straight democratic.

Call on J. F. McGinnis & Co. and see the bargains they are offering in clothing, boots and shoes for fall and winter.

The City Council.

The council met in special session last Monday evening.

A report of the city engineer was read and accepted. It stated that three bids had been received for paving part of Sixth street, the bidders being W. J. Bowen, of St. Paul; Thomas Reilly, of Minneapolis; and Time & Mitchell, of Duluth. The council examined the figures, and decided to defer the matter of awarding contract until the following evening.

An application of the Northern Pacific Railroad company to connect its fire alarm system with that of the city was granted.

The finance committee was authorized to borrow $1,800 for the city, to pay interest on bonds.

The street commissioner was directed to repair leak in sewer on Laurel street, near the river.

A proposal from C. N. Parker to purchase ground for street railway purposes was granted, and a motion was carried directing that a deed of same be drawn and executed. Mr. Parker's proposition is as follows:

BRAINERD, Minn., Sept. 26, 1892.

To the Honorable City Council of the City of Brainerd.

Gentlemen: I hereby make application to purchase from the City of Brainerd the land hereinafter described; and, in the event of a favorable consideration by the council of this proposition, I will pay to the city the sum of one dollar for a quit claim deed of said land.

My object in purchasing said land is to use the same in connection with my street car franchise, and to erect thereon an electric power house, a car stable and such buildings and structures as may be necessary.

The tract which I desire to purchase is all that piece of land belonging to the city which lies east and south of the right of way of the Northern Pacific Railroad company's mill track, and consists of about one acre, in the southeast corner of the city property situate in Lot 4, Section 18, Township 45, Range 30.

Trusting that my motives in making this application will be considered by you to be a sufficient inducement to the granting of the same, I am, gentlemen,

Very respectfully yours,

C. N. PARKER,
Per F. S. PARKER.

There was no quorum at the meeting Tuesday evening, and no business done.

J. F. McGinnis & Co. are showing the most complete line of gents suitings displayed in the city. Call on them before leaving your measure.

Something New.

The new time card, which is now in effect, viz the "Wisconsin Central Lines," in connection with the Northern Pacific R. R., affords the traveling public the best facilities from all points west to Chicago and points east and south.

The unsurpassed equipment offered to its patrons, combined with speed, comfort and safety, surpassing all its competitors.

All through trains are composed of Pullman vestibuled drawing-room sleepers, with dining cars and day coaches of latest design.

The daily through fast train each way, making close connection at Chicago with trains in all directions.

For tickets, time tables, etc., apply to agent of Northern Pacific R. R., or

JAS. C. POND,
Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agent,
Chicago, Ill.

Frank Beane, a son of Wallace Beane, died yesterday of diabetes, aged 37 years. He leaves a family to mourn his loss.

N. W. Wheatley, who has been foreman of the N. P. blacksmith shop for over ten years, has resigned his position. His successor has not been appointed yet.

We do not want to take up too much of the valuable space in this paper. We will say we keep EVERYTHING usually found in a first-class drug store with prices as low as pure and genuine goods can be sold.

N. McFADDEN.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Republican City Convention.

The Republican City Executive Committee, chosen at the last city convention, held April 27th, 1891, met on Thursday evening, the 29th inst., a quorum being present, and decided to issue a call for a city convention, to be held in the Republican League Club Room in the Dressen building, on 6th street, on Wednesday evening, Oct. 12, 1892, at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for Mayor, Treasurer, Judge of Municipal court, Associate Judge, and Assessor, respectively, and for the transaction of such other business as may demand attention.

The different wards will be entitled to representation in said convention as follows:

First ward.....3 | Third ward....3
Second ward....6 | Fourth ward...3
Fifth ward, 3.

The ward committees are requested to call their ward caucuses without delay, said caucuses to be held on Tuesday evening, Oct. 11. Each ward caucus will place in nomination two candidates for aldermen, and also candidates for members of the school board where there may be members to elect.

By order of the republican city executive committee.

A. J. HALSTED, Chairman.
BRAINERD, Minn., Sept., 29, 1892.

Just Received.

Mrs. C. Grandelmyer has just received a magnificent display of French pattern hats and choice novelties in millinery and invites the ladies of Brainerd and vicinity to call and inspect the same.

Call on J. F. McGinnis & Co. and see the bargains they are offering in clothing, boots and shoes for fall and winter.

Prof. D. M. Bristol's Wonderful Horses.

Prof. D. M. Bristol and his famous school of thirty perfectly educated horses, mules and ponies will begin a two nights engagement at the opera house next Monday evening. On Tuesday afternoon a matinee will be given, at which all children attending will be given a free pony ride. This will be Prof. Bristol's first visit to this city, and all who desire to see a novel, unique, interesting and amusing entertainment, should not fail to attend. In addition to the horses the Professor carries with him twenty-five people, a full military band and a superb concert orchestra, the whole concern being transported from place to place in magnificent palace cars, built expressly for Prof. Bristol and under his personal supervision. We menthese feats that our readers may form some idea of the magnitude of the concern. To make it the best and largest show ever organized, the management have invested the sum of $60,000, and it is now the only show of its kind—exclusively horse—in the world. These horses go promptly and precisely through all sorts of exercises, including an admirable display of military drill. Mathematical exercises, trapeze and tight rope performances, balancing sets, leap-frog and reasoning from cause and effect are a few of the entertaining feats performed by these wonderfully trained animals.

A competent dressmaker desires sewing either at home or in families. Call on or Address.

MRS. KATIE TEBOUR,
Southeast Brainerd opposite Angels grocery store.

Trunks and grips at J. F. McGinnis & Co.

Assignee's Sale.

For the next thirty days a full and complete line of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, etc., will go at or below cost. No reservation, every thing will positively be sold at some price. Four hundred Watch Chains to close out, an endless variety of Lace Pins, Bar Pins, Brooches, etc. They must all go at some price. Gold Rings at Half the usual price. Why not come and see at once, as the pick and choice are going fast! This is a chance of a life time, improve it. Save your money; a dollar saved is a dollar earned

A. E. VEON,
Gardner Block, Laurel Street.
D. D. SMITH,
Assignee.

Silver inlaid plate ware (warranted) twenty-five years at Sundberg's.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

BRAINERD, Sept. 26, 1892.

W. H. Smith, Esq.:

You are hereby notified that pursuant to the judgment entered in the District Court, in the county of Crow Wing, state of Minnesota, the NE¼ NE¼, S½ NE¼, SE¼ NW¼, section 18, township 138, range 31, assessed in your name, were sold for taxes May the 7th, 1888, and that the time of redemption from said sale will expire November 26th, 1892, or within 60 days after service of this notice. Amount required to redeem from said sale is $30.46 with such interest as may accrue from and after the date, and cost of service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal at Brainerd, in said county of Crow Wing, this 26th day of September, 1892.

LOUIS TACHE,
County Auditor.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

Items of Interest.

Souvenir spoons at Sundbergs.

Get your ammunition at Swartz's store.

Trunks and grips at D. M. Clark & Co's.

Feather dusters, brush brooms, etc. at Swartz's

New line of furniture at D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

Farm machinery oils at Swartz's drug store.

Hardware, stoves and crockery at D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

Everything in ladies' Oxford ties at reduced prices at Bredfeld's.

L. J. Cale wishes to see all his old friends at his new stand.

Perfumes, brushes, combs, soaps, etc., at Swartz's drug store.

D. M. Clark & Co. are agents for Heath & Milligan paints. Best in the world.

1,000 men, women and children wanted to try on SHOES at L. J. Cale's.

Fine line of ladies' Bluchers in C, D and E widths at Bredfeld's shoe store.

It will pay you to walk through D. M. Clark & Co.'s mammoth new store.

Do you want to buy a gun of any kind? If so call on M. L. Swartz who can please you in style and price.

The office of J. R. Smith is the headquarters for reliable fire insurance. Room 4, Sleeper Block.

See D. M. Clark & Co.'s new stock of Wall Paper before you select your spring house decorations. A nice line just received.

Union services in the park every Sunday at 3:30 p. m. Preaching by one of the city pastor. Bring Gospel Hymns and take part in the singing. Come everybody.

Great Guns!

Have you seen the new stock of guns just received by M. L. Swartz. Prices to suit the times.

Horses, cows, ponies, wagons, buggies and harnesses for sale on time at Hoffman's

Don't Grant

about your feet hurting you when CERTED CORN CURE will cure corns bunions, etc. Every bottle warranted. For sale by N. McFadden.

Large line of clothing at Cale's.

Box paper and fine stationery at Swartz's drug store.

$500 Reward

For any trace of Antipyring, Morphine, Chloral or any other injurious compound in KRAUSE'S HEADACHE CAPSULE.

For sale by N. McFadden.

CUBEB COUGH CURE—ONE MINUTE.

Information Wanted

Of the whereabouts of a cow, spotted black and white, which has been gone about two weeks. Any information will be liberally rewarded.

M. HAGBERG.

The "Big 9" fall stock is now complete. A better stock of reliable boots and shoes never was shown in Brainerd, and the prices are marked low. Call and see them. Custom work and repairing. R. F. WALTERS,
Sixth Street.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The water rent for the last quarter of 1892 will be due Oct. 1st, and all water consumers are requested to be prompt in their payments. These payments must be made when due. Bear this in mind and save trouble. Collector at room 17, Bank Building

By J. M. ELDER.

Notice.

Brainerd, Minn., Sept. 13th.

Whereas my wife Amy V. Hall has left my bed and board with out just cause or provocation, notice is here by given that I will not be responsible for any debt contracted by her, and I warn all persons not to extend her credit on my account.

WM. S. HALL.

Fall and Winter Opening.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 19th, 20th, and 21th. of the latest styles in imported and domestic pattern hats and bonets, and all novelties of the season. The ladies of Brainerd and vicinity are cordially invited.

MRS. H. TERVIT,
16 Front St. Brainerd.

Proposals will be received until Oct 1st for the furnishing of 350 cedar, tamarack poles 28 feet long, and 25 30 feet long, from 7 to 8 inches at top, peeled and smoothed; also 8500 sawed pine ties 6 by 8 inches, seven feet long. Delivered on board cars at Brainerd. For futher particulars enquire of.

C. N. Parker,
Brainerd Minn.

C. B. WHITE,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER

—DEALER IN—

Sash, Doors and Mouldings, Paints Oils and Brushes,

Builders' Hardware,

Guns, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle and sporting goods.

I U. WHITE, Manager.

SLEEPER OPERA HOUSE, BRAINERD.

MONDAY AND TUESDAY, Oct. 3 and 4,

Family Matinee, Tuesday at 2:30 p. m.

THE D. M. BRISTOL EQUESCURRICULUM John C. Patrick MANAGER.

30 EDUCATED HORSES. MULES AND PONIES. 30 WONDERFUL WONDERS 30 INTERESTING FEATURES.

DENNER, The Funniest Male in Existence. SULTAN, The only Horse Mathematician alive.

OUR OWN MILITARY BAND AND ORCHESTRA. TRAIN OF PALACE CARS.

Prices 25, 35 and 50 Cents. Matinee Prices the Same.

Children under 12 years admitted to the matinee for 25 cents and given A FREE PONY RIDE.

We Meet All Competition.

—THE NEW FIRM OF—

McGINN & BAILEY

Are Selling their Carefully Selected Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

FRESH VEGETABLES IN SEASON.

We aim to please our customers in all particulass and invite your patronage.

Sixth Street, between Front and Laurel.

KATZ BROS.,

—DEALER IN—

STOVES AND TINWARE,

Shelf Hardware, Nails, Etc.

New store just opened at McColl's Old Stand on 7th Street. New Stock LOW PRICES and Fair Dealing.

Great Bargains in Cooking Stoves.

Call and See Us.

There be Marrying

And Giving in Marriage.

Whether your Bank account approves the custom or, not you are bound to pay your respects to the bride-elect. For a

Nice Selection of Presents in

WATCHES, GLOCKS, JEWELRY and SILVERWARE,

—CALL ON—

MRS. F. G. SUNDBERG,

CORNER FRONT AND SIXTH STREETS.

M. HAGBERG,

Wholesale and retail

GROCER!

HAS A LARGE AND COMPLTE STOCK OF

Staple & Fancy Groceries, Flour Feed, Provisions, Etc.

M. HACBERC.

Odd Fellows' Block.

HARNESS SHOP

CORNER LAUREL AND SIXTH STREETS.

Keep on hand an assortment of everything in the line.

Harness, Nets Whips, Curbs

BRUSHES, BRIDLES, SADDLES, COLLARS.

D. W. WHITFORD.

Fine Outfits Made a Specialty