THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

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LOCAL TIME TABLE.

No. 5 arrives from the South at 1:55 p. m. Departs going south at 2:05 p. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 6 arrives from the west at 11:00 p. m. Departs going south at 11:30 p. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 11 arrives from Duluth at 7:55 p. m. and departs for the west at 8:15 p. m. daily.

No. 12 arrives from the West at 9:05 a. m. Departs going east at 9:30 a. m. daily.

No. 11, Little Falls and Dakota train, arrives at 5:30 p. m.

No. 12, Little Falls and Dakota train, departs at 6:00 a. m. and reaches Little Falls in time to connect with No. 4 there for St. Paul.

No. 54 carries passengers to Aitkin, departs at 10:00 p. m.

No. 55 from N. P. Junction arrives at 5:30 p. m. and departs for Staples at 6:30 p. m.

No. 56 arrives from Staples at 10 a. m. Departs for N. P. Junction at 11:00 a. m.

All trains run daily except Brainerd and Morris accommodation, which run daily except Sunday.

For Rates, Maps, Time Table or special information, apply to agents Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd, or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass and Ticket Agent,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Wisconsin Central Lines,
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Time Card
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7.45pm	5.25pm	Lv. Minn. Jct. Ar.	8.40am 5.40pm
8.15pm	5.55pm	Lv. Minneapolis Ar.	8.00am 5.00pm
6.30pm	4.05pm	Lv. Duluth Ar.	9.45am 7.00pm
1.40pm	11.15pm	Lv. Ashland Ar.	11.50am 9.20pm
7.35am	10.00pm	Ar. Chicago Lv.	4.00pm 10.40pm

Tickets sold and baggage checked through to all points in the United States and Canada. Close connection made in Chicago with all trains going East and South.

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HOW A PUZZLE WAS SOLVED.

When you want a certain article, you want the best make of that article, don't you?

But how to determine which make is best or what position it ranks in?

And when the puzzle is solved for you, by authority which cannot be questioned, you are pleased, aren't you?

And you would like to hear of one puzzle that has been solved for the people of the whole world, wouldn't you?

Well, we will tell you about that very puzzle and its solution.

At the Universal Exposition of 1889 at Paris, France, the best sewing machines of the world, including those of America, were in competition. They were passed upon by a jury composed of the best foreign mechanical experts, two of whom were the highest sewing machine manufacturers of France. This jury, after exhaustive examination and tests, adjudged that the "New Home" & Wilson machines were the best of all, and awarded said company the highest prize offered, the GRAND PRIZE, giving other companies only gold, silver and bronze medals.

The French Government, as a further expression of authority, decorated M. Albaniel Wheeler, president of the company, with the Cross of the Legion of Honor, the most prized honor of France.

That is how the puzzle of the best sewing machine in the world was fully solved by the most competent authority in the world in two of the No. 9 and No. 13 Wheeler & Wilson machines.

The No. 9, for family use, and the No. 12, for manufacturing use, are the best in the world to-day.

And now, when you want a sewing machine, if you do not get the best, it will be our own fault.

Ask your sewing machine dealer for the No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson machine, and if he does not keep them, write to us for descriptive catalogue, prices and terms.

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185 and 187 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

"Only the Scars Remain,"

Says HENRY HUDSON, of the James Smith Woolen Machinery Co., Philadelphia, Pa., who certifies as follows:

"Among the many testimonials which I see in regard to certain medicines performing miracles, cleansing the blood, etc., none impress me more than my own case. Twenty years ago, at the age of 18 years, I had swellings come on my legs, which broke and became running sores. Our family physician could do

me no good, and it was feared that the bones would be affected. At last, my good old

Mother Urged Me

to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I took three bottles, the sores healed, and I have not been troubled since. Only the scars remain, and the memory of the past, to remind me of the good Ayer's Sarsaparilla has done me. I now weigh two hundred and twenty pounds, and am in the best of health. I have been on the road for the past twelve years, have noticed Ayer's Sarsaparilla advertised in all parts of the United States, and always take pleasure in telling what good it did for me."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

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A Policy on Your Life
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J. R. SMITH,
FIRE Insurance,
[None but reliable companies represented.]
Real Estate,
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Room 4, Sleeper Block. - Brainerd.

THE Taylors Falls land office will be consolidated with the St. Cloud office January 1st.

THEY say that the owner of the Valkyrie is not Dunraven yet over the defeat of his yacht.

A WEATHER prophet predicts that the next storm period will be from the 15 to 18th. Heavy autumnal storm from the 26th to the 30th, with a cold wave the last four days of the month.

THE attendance at the fair on Monday (Chicago Day) was 761,646. This is nearly double the amount that attended the Paris exhibition on the banner day, and three times that of the Centennal exposition at Philadelphia.

AT St. Paul a patron of a barber shop has sued the proprietors for $500 on account of catching the barber's itch while being shaved. Here's a new and unique way of getting even with the talkative knight of the razor.

WITH the Journal editor's love of orating, what a snap it would be for him to be a member of the United States senate at the present time. We doubt very much if old wind-bag Stewart would be "in it" with the genial friar.

IT was 42 years ago that the yacht America won the cup which has been contested for during the week by the English "Valkyrie" and American "Vigilant," and in which the American yacht has won two straight races. There have been 16 international races since the first American victory, but England has never recaptured the cup won by the America in English waters, and probably never will.

Just for an Example.

Here is the way papers in the south express their feelings:

The North Carolina Globe, (democratic) thus expresses its opinion on the question of pensions:

The whole business
Is
Theft
And pillage
Pure and simple.
We wish to God that there had been enough degenerat in congress to have slapped the
Lousy beggars
Of the North in their
Dirty faces.

Was Too much For Him.

In the issue of Oct 6th, of the Charlottesville, Va., Progress, Gen. Thomas L. Rosser announces his Democratic allegiance. He says it is with a sad heart and bitter grief that he leaves the democratic ranks as one leaves a burning ship. He denies that he is drafting a delegation, announcing himself as a candidate for congress, saying it would be folly to do so before a vacancy occurs. Rosser will take the stump for the Populists, several dates having already been made.

The St. Paul Globe, once an admirer of the ardent Southern says in connection with the above:

Gen. Thomas L. Rosser, of fire-eating fame, and long a resident of Minnesota, is indulging his natural predilections in Virginia. Here he has flung his gauntlet into the political arena, and in advance of caucuses and conventions declares that he will contest for a seat in congress now represented by Mr. O'Ferrall. The doughty general not only opposes Mr. O'Ferrall, but has announced his purpose of 'downing' President Cleveland and his financial policy. In the face of such a defiance no one will dare to doubt Gen. Rosser's bravery. His discretion, however, is open to question.

Low Wages in the Lumber Woods.

A telegram from Duluth under recent date:

The question of woods wages for the coming winter is the dominant one now, and on its settlement depends to a good extent the work of the woods this season. This question, however seems likely to settle itself. At least two firms have made written contracts with all the men they have hired so far to pay on a basis of $16 a month and $16 if they go to the woods before the job is done. This is a pretty low basis and one that some of the heaviest employers in the district do not feel to be just the proper caper. Still it is evident that wages will rule from $13 to, say, $13 or possibly $20 in exceptional cases. Over in the Ashland district I understand they are paying from $12 to $14 a month, and find no difficulty in getting men. Too low a scale will be likely, however, to result in too low a style of work on the part of the men.

There is likely to be a good logging season. Every lumberman interviewed by your correspondent admits that "we will go scrubbing anyway." The general idea seems to be that logs can be put in at 75 cents to $1 a thousand cheaper than usual, because of less wages, cheaper supplies, cheaper teams, etc. Horses are very plentiful and can be had at less than the usual price. It is likely that the force from three hundred and fifty million will be put in in this district, including the operations of loggers in the north end of this and Itasca county for Canadian mills.

Standard Weights.

At the last session of the legislature the following standard weights per bushel in pounds were established, and a penalty was fixed for taking any greater number of pounds in buying, or giving any less number when selling, unless expressly authorized by special contract agreement, of not less than ten or more than one hundred dollars, or imprisonment not more than ninety days:

Apples, green, 50; dried 28; beans, 60; barley, 48; buckwheat 50; beets 50; blue grass seed 14; blueberries 32; broomcorn seed, 57; corn, shelled 56; corn in ear, 70; clover seed, 60; hemp seed, 50; Hungarian Grass 48; millet 48; oats, 32; onions, 52; orchard grass seed, 14; peas, 60; parsnips, 42; rape seed, 50; redtop seed, 14; rutabagas, 52; rye, 56; timothy seed, 45; wheat 60.

Subscribe for the DISPATCH and get all the news that is worth reading.

Tramp Shot at Little Falls.

Tuesday morning about 1 o'clock as Conductor Daye's train pulled into the depot a man held a revolver in the face of Brakeman Logan and told him to hold up his hands. Logan turned on the fellow in the dark and struck the revolver up with one hand, and struck the fellow in the face with his lantern. The revolver went off when knocked in the air. Ed. Guin, the night police at the depot, was near an rushed up to help Logan, when the tramp dodged under the cars and began shooting at Guin. The latter got down in the ditch and returned the fire, and several shots were exchanged while Guin was in the ditch and his opponent stooping down on the other side of the cars. Finally the firing ceased and Guin came back to the depot and then came down to the city and got Night Police Tourtilotte to come up to the depot to go after the man who held up Logan. When Tourtilotte got just north of the depot, a short distance from where the shooting occured, he heard a man groaning, and found him lying on the ground. He was assisted to his feet and was able to walk to the lock with a little help, and was taken to St. Gabriel's hospital. A 38-calibre bull-dog revolver was found on the ground near where the man stood when he was wounded. The man gave his name as James Davis, and said his home was in Dublin, Ireland, and that he was 28 years old and had no near relatives in this country.

The weapon used by Guin was a 32 calibre revolver. Dr. Trace, railroad physician, attended the man, and found that he was shot in the abdomen, two inches below and to the right of the navel. The doctor gives his opinion that the wounded man will die.—Transcript.

As Long As You Live

You will regret it, if you fail to see the World's Fair at Chicago. Every one who has visited it says it is the grandest and most beautiful display of the products of science, art and industry that mankind has ever seen, and beside it all previous "world's fairs" sink into insignificance. It represents an expenditure of two hundred millions of dollars, and we shall not look upon its like again in this generation. Only three short weeks remain in which you will have the opportunity to visit it. To see, even for a week, this World's Fair, is to supplement your education, no matter how good it may have been with invaluable information. Rates of fare are low, and you can live in Chicago as cheaply as anywhere in America. You cannot afford to miss the fair. Get ready to go soon, and then ask your home ticket agent for tickets reading via "The Burlington Route" to Chicago, vestibuled, compartment car, free reclining chair car, and dining car line, or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn. 3w

A MISS BROOKS, of Chicago, wants to write a statue of Gov. Nelson and family in butter for the Minnesota state exhibit. Now's the time for some smart sleck to announce she butter not.

Responsible for Willful Falsehood.

The present system of assessing property for taxation, says a contemporary, is responsible for more willful falsehood than eternity can ever atone for. It presents the spectacle of an almost universal contest of falsehood, wherein the biggest liar saves the most money. Communities contend with each other to avoid, if possible, paying more than their respective proportions of the State tax. Precincts of counties falsify the tax list to avoid, at least, paying more than their respective proportions of the state and county taxes. Individuals wallow in open and barefaced falsehood to avoid paying their proper proportion of the tax of the community. Every year seems a renewed campaign of general falsehood that must create unbounded enthusiasm and merriment in inferno. The strangest part of the whole thing is, that all the participants in this barbecue of untruthfulness are sure they are making money by it, when in fact, they are simply depreciating the value of their property, ruining their own credit abroad and convincing the world that they are slaves to taxation. And yet in all this broad, fair scate, with its churches and ministers and Christian people, no one raises his voice against this common evil, this system so productive of falsehood.—Northfield News.

New Logging Roads.

The Minneapolis Tribune Says:—The Minneapolis lumbermen keep right on developing the northern part of the state, unhindered by financial stringency or other difficulties. During the past summer the Bass Lake Lumber Company has added another logging and freight railroad to the others which they have constructed from time to time. This last line will be a little under twenty miles in length, and by the time snow flies, and in brief it will bring some of the heavy bodies of timber the company own in the western part of Itasca county, to the Mississippi the logs to be floated down to Minneapolis mills. Fourteen miles of main line have been fully completed, and about four miles of branches. The main line runs from the Mississippi at White Oak Point, below Winnebigoshish lake, in a northern direction to Little Bowstring lake. The branches reach into the heavy bodies of pine to the east and west of the main line. It is the intention of the company to extend the main line the coming year to Big Bowstring lake and ultimately reach the Big Fork river. Besides the immense lumbering operations which will be done the line will be a godsend to the settlers who have in the past year or two been settling on the fine lands in that part of the state, and will induce many more people to go into that really fine country.

SEA BATHS IN ITALY.

USE MADE OF THE BLUE WATERS OF THE MEDITERRANEAN.

Exhilarating Plunges In Nature's Great Lavatory—In the Water All the Reserved Etiquette of the Dressing Room Vanishes—Interesting Features.

Those who have been fortunate enough to glide from Italy's picturesque shores into the warm blue waters of the Mediterranean and then promptly in the salty sea among a perfect school of happy bathers will never forget it. Never! Venice, Naples, Capri, Amalfi! It makes one's eyes glisten at the very thought of it. To Italy's splendid title, "The Land of Poetry and Song," might also be added "The Land of Bathe" were it not that the second name to some fastidious minds would detract from the beauty of the first.

The ancient Romans, borrowing as they did all the worthily imitable customs from their Greek and Egyptian neighbors, found the baths especially suited to their luxurious tastes and carried them to a degree of efficiency which had never been attained, making them not only of immense benefit in a sanitary way, but establishing them as a favorite rendezvous for people of culture and talent as well as for the poorer class who also enjoyed the privilege of their own compartments. Look at the baths of Diocletian, which are estimated to have accommodated no less than 18,000 people at one time. And those of Caracalla at Rome. What wonderful ruins of a still more wonderful architecture! In these walls bathing became a science. Cold baths, tepid baths, hot baths, oil baths, sun baths—every kind of bath! Why simply to visit the place was a real appreciation. Statuary and paintings lent beauty on all sides. Music charmed. Orators and poets entertained.

What is left of the remaining walls of the Pompeiian baths! The frescoes are as bright and beautiful as if they were done but yesterday, and the marble carvings and pavements which escaped the fury of the burning mountain have suffered in color almost to an ivory.

Then the baths of Nero. Around the coast on the charming picturesque road leading from Pozzuoli to Baiæ one alights from the little carozella and clambers up to a cave cut in the side of the mountain, wherein is a spring heated to a high temperature in its native bed, mean channels by, veins of volcanic life in the mountain's reservoirs. This spot suited well the comfort loving Nero, who made of it a favorite resort and caused his sumptuous couches to be placed there, which still remain.

One reads little of sea bathing in those days. Even Horace, rather thought to construct its baths as it thought of anything its temples. But now all Italy runs to the sea to the natural advantages, and with one accord cries as early as May, "Let us to the sea!" Not all the establishments are as convenient and as well constructed as the Lido at Venice and those of Posilipo at Naples, but they are all on the same general plan. Every place open to the use of the public is provided with a pavilion where people congregate to discuss the latest topics, or to devour with eager ears the latest gossip, while there is always music, from morning till night, if only one of those harassing "organettes" or portable pianos, which grind out scarcely and seem always to be playing "Sons de Lucia" or "Bella Napoli" and vary sometimes with the "Provenza."

On either side of the pavilion are the "cameriri," or dressing rooms—one side reserved for ladies, the other for gentlemen. These "cameriri" are the roughest kind of little wooden boxes, carpeted with a mat of braided straw and furnished with four rude chairs for the four persons each is supposed to accommodate. Then there are many boys flocking to the water. The fee for the use of each room is one franc fifty (or 30 cents), including the linen sheet in which you never varying whether there be one or four persons together.

Once in the water and presto! change! all the reserved etiquette of the Italian drawing room vanishes. Then and there only does liberty exist, and the pretty little signorinas, as well as the handsome signoras, in the very simplest kind of bathing costume, generally dark blue with a little white braid, transformed into veritable water nymphs, swim off with all the grace and alacrity of a fish, never fearing, never tiring, just as if they had been born to it. And there is no end to romance. Fancy a boat full of handsome young officers tawing a trail of pretty, bright eyed girls to some picturesque and quiet, or fancy little luncheon. It doesn't seem as very much, does it? And yet one recalls that these same young officers may never have dared address the young ladies on land, or if they have had the good fortune to do so it was only under the watchful eye of the omnipresent chaperon, then we realize what it really means. Then there are the quieter times, like the placid blue waters of Sorrento, away down under the high walls of rock, where one may float and gaze up at the beautiful villas and fragrant orange gardens. And Capri, where the wonderful blue grotto is to be found and to swim there, while the hurried traveler inevitably falls a victim to the merciless boatmen who shave their heads in one's face and demand "la tariffa," which never fails to exceed the fee regularly established.

Yes, the sea is a blessing to the Italians, open to all and appreciated as well by poor as by rich. Indeed, one cannot help self wondering what would become of the Italian women, the Neapolitans, for instance—if it were not for this free provision of nature. They are said to be extremely economical in the use of water in winter on the grounds that it means certain death by cold, but in summer, when the sea is warm, and the little street urchins frolic about and dive for the pennies of the "forestieri" without even the encumbrance of a bathing costume.—Chicago Tribune.

Head a Little Gray, but Heart All Right.

"Jason," said Mrs. Calliper to her husband as they were riding home from the theater, "what should you say of a man of middle age and with a gray mustache who wept over the troubles of the people in the play?"

"Why," said Colonel Calliper, "I should say that whatever his years might be God had blessed him with a young heart."

"And I am sure," said Mrs. Calliper as she looked the colonel square in the eye, "that he is duly grateful for it."—New York Sun.

Chinese In Mourning.

When a Chinese emperor dies, the intelligence is announced by dispatches to the several provinces, written with blue ink, the mourning color. All persons of rank are required to take off silk ornaments from their caps with the ball or button of rank; all subjects of China, without exception, are called upon to forbear shaving their heads for 100 days, within which period none may marry, play upon musical instruments or perform any sacrifice.—Exchange.

AT THE BOTTOM OF THE SEA.

How the Enormous Pressure of the Sea Water Affects Sunken Objects.

An extraordinary circumstance that has been noticed with interest, and that always creates surprise when first learned, is the entire absence of foreign matter in the deeper part of the ocean's floor. Of all the vessels lost in midocean, of all the human beings that have been drowned, of all the marine animals that have perished, of all the clay, sand and gravel let fall by dissolving icebergs, of all the various substances drifted from every shore by shifting currents, not a trace remains, lost in their place water from 1,000 to 2,500 fathoms in depth covers the uniform deposit of thick, bluish, tenacious slime called globigerina ooze.

A bit of this under a powerful lens is a revelation of beauty not readily forgotten. The ooze is composed almost entirely of the daintiest, most delicately beautiful shells imaginable. At depths greater than 2,500 fathoms the bottom of the sea consists mainly of products arising from exposure for almost the same periods to the chemical action of sea water and pumice and other volcanic matters. This finally results in the formation of the red clay deposits that are considered characteristic of the profoundest depths of the ocean.

Carbonate of lime, which in the form of the shells of foraminifera, makes up so large a part of the globigerina ooze, is here almost entirely absent. Sea water is commonly a universal solvent, and before any shell, large or small, reaches the bottom of these tremendous depths it is chemically eaten up, literally dissolved—a result which the enormous pressure of the water must materially hasten.

At 1,000 fathoms the weight of the water pressing on all sides of ——— object immersed to the ——— depth is very nearly ——— ton to the square inch, or more than 100 times that sustained at the sea level, and at the greatest depths the pressure is so increased that it would seem nothing could withstand it, in fact, heavy metal cylinders let down with the sounding apparatus are sometimes, on being drawn up again to the surface, found bent and collapsed. Strongly made glass vessels which the metal inclosed are shattered into fragments. —Cosmopolitan.

Dreams an Index of Character.

Nearly all dreamers can be brought into one theory—namely, that since in dreams we pass through a great variety of experiences, none of which is ever likely to befall us in real life, we are put to tests of character which we should never endure otherwise, and therefore that we ought to come to a better acquaintance with ourselves. Thus, if I have never been placed in a situation of extreme danger, as by attack of armed thieves or in a burning house (together with others more helpless while there is always music, from morning till night, if only one of those harassing "organettes" or portable pianos, which grind out scarcely and seem always to be playing "Sons de Lucia" or "Bella Napoli" and vary sometimes with the "Provenza."

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Goods Delivered
TO ANY PART OF THE CITY.
D. MAHONEY, PROP.
175 Kindred St.

SNOW & SNOW.

We would be glad to tell you how to save your money and make it earn you good pay if you will call.

Do you know that your house is liable to burn? We would like to pay you for it if it should.

We will attend to any legitimate and honorable business for you, if you will pay us. See?

Room 11, Bank Block.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
Of Brainerd, Minn.

A. F. FERRIS, President.
LEON E. LUM, Vice President.
G. D. LABAR, Cashier.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - $200,000
Paid up Capital, - - $50,000.
Surplus, - - - $30,000.
Business accounts invited.

WORK FOR US

a few days, and you will be startled at the unexpected success that will reward your efforts. We want many men, women, boys, and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Now is your time. $45.00 profit on $75.00 worth of work is being easily and honorably made by and paid to hundreds of men, women, boys, and girls in our employ. You can safely engage with us at work no matter where you live, as we have a reputation and capital which protect you from the start. Those who take hold of the business at once will make money rapidly. It will not do to wait. Some one will secure the agency for your town, and others will be sorry they did not act promptly. Grasp the opportunity. Write us at once for full particulars, which are sent free. Address,

TRUE & CO., Box No. 400, Augusta, Me.

(First Publication Sept. 22.)

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } District Court
County of Crow Wing. } 10th Judicial District.

Probate Court, Special Term, Sept. 18, 1893.

In the matter of the estate of Ernest L. Strauss deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Ernest L. Strauss, deceased, late of the county of Burleigh and State of North Dakota, being granted to Ernest L. Strauss.

It is ordered, that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to present the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the nineteenth day of March, 1894, at the city of Brainerd, in said county, at 2 o'clock p. m., at a special term of said probate court, be and the same is hereby appointed for the court house in the city of Brainerd, in said county, be and the same is hereby appointed, for the hearing and place when and where said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given by publication of this order once a week for three successive weeks in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., this 18th day of September, 1893.

By the Court:
Hon. Daniel McFadden,
Judge of Probate.

(First Publication Sept. 29.)

Receivers Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } District Court
County of Crow Wing. } 10th Judicial District.

In the matter of the receivership of Hans E. Hanenkrat, insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that Herman Rosenblatt of the city of Brainerd, in said county and state, has been duly appointed receiver of the estate of Hans E. Hanenkrat, insolvent debtor, of said city, has been, by order of said court, duly made and dated August 28, 1893, duly appointed receiver as required by law, and has taken all the prescribed and required oath and given the bond required by law. That the principal place of business of the estate of the said debtor is in the city of Brainerd, in said county and state of Minnesota, for the year 1893, and said receiver has duly qualified as such receiver.

All persons having claims against said insolvent debtor are notified to file the same, properly verified, with the undersigned receiver, within 30 days after the date of this notice. Creditors will file with the undersigned receiver their claims within 30 days after the same is made by statute and the rules of said court provided.

Dated this 28th day of September, 1893.

HERMAN ROSENBLATT,
Receiver.

Dated at Brainerd, Minnesota, September 28th, 1893.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } District Court.
County of Crow Wing. } 10th Judicial Dist.

In the Matter of the Receivership of The Minnesota Wear Power and Supply Company,
Insolvent.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I have filed my petition praying for the discharge of me, in the office of the Clerk of said Court, in and for said county, and that the 6th day of November, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at the said court house in the city of Brainerd, in said county, before the undersigned, the judge of said court, in said county, for an order of said court discharging me from all further duties, liabilities and responsibilities connected with said trust as such receiver in said matter.

Dated October 6th, 1893.

W. A. FLEMING,
Receiver.

(First publication Oct. 6th).

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

Land Office at Duluth, Minn., }
Sept. 26th, 1893. }

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. F. Alderman, Clerk of District Court at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, November 11th, 1893, viz:

ZOTIQUE CAPISTRANT,

H. E. No. 10578 for the s½ ne¼ Sec. 17, Twp. 46, Range 31.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Eugene Magnan, Phillip Magnan, Frank Pelkey, Damon Pelkey. P. O. Address of all, St. Mathieu, Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

A. BARTO, Register.

Ripans Tabules.

Ripans Tabules are compounded from a prescription widely used by the best medical authorities and are presented in a form that is becoming the fashion everywhere.

Ripans Tabules act promptly upon the stomach and intestines, dyspepsia, habitual constipation, offensive breath and headache. One tabule taken at the first symptom of indigestion, biliousness, dizziness, sick after eating, or depression of spirits, will surely and quickly remove the whole difficulty.

Ripans Tabules may be obtained of nearest druggist.

Ripans Tabules are easy to take, quick to act and many a life

The Dispatch!

FOR JOB WORK.

All Work

Guaranteed.

Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIRLAND, Publishers.

BRAINERD, - - - MINN.

Rio reminds one of the Kilkenny cels, which had been skinned so often that they liked it. Rio has been shelled so often that by this time she must be accustomed to the process.

In 1884 the patent office granted 1,200 patents protecting inventions in the field of electricity alone. In that year 3 per cent of all the patent claims busied themselves with electricity.

The "angry tree," a woolly plant found in Eastern California and Western Arizona, cannot be touched without it exhibits signs of vexation by ruffling its leaves and giving forth an unpleasant, sickening odor.

A scientist who has investigated the matter states that the men who are employed in the Paris sewers are as healthy as the average person, and no other 800 men in that city are so free from zymotic diseases.

On the side of Old Rag, a spur of the Blue Ridge mountains, near Luray, Va., about three-fourths of the way up its side glows a strange and beautiful light. Every effort to reach it or to solve the mystery has failed.

Medieval infantry were either pikemen or archers. On the continent the archers generally used the crossbow; the English archers preferred the long bow, which proved its superiority at Crecy, Poitiers and Agincourt.

Sarah Bernhardt witnessed the first bombardment of Rio Janeiro and pronounced it "perfectly exquisite." If Sarah ever catches a glimpse of the infernal regions her first exclamation will probably be "Superb!"

Baron Hirsch's $5,000,000 worth of faith in American securities that are not paying at present is a valuable pointer to panicky Americans. The baron is not in the habit of making investments in stocks and bonds solely for sanitary purposes.

The first infantry drill regulations of modern times were compiled by Maurice of Nassau during the rebellion of the Netherlands. He also improved the cavalry to such an extent that during an engagement he could execute changes of front with large bodies at a time.

An Arkansas town had a shower of frogs the other day that produced a great deal of consternation. Frogs, however, are not an unmixed evil. Their hind legs, delicately browned and dished up on toast form a very toothsome repast. Arkansans are, therefore, to be congratulated rather than commiserated.

Three tramps in London, one of them an American, had gone to sleep one warm night on the Thames embankment. A constable insisted on their moving on, when they caught him up and threw him into the Thames. The American afterward gave himself up, being unable to bear the remorse. His confession was unnecessary since the constable swam ashore.

Chicago ought to erect a monument in honor of Mrs. O'Leary's cow. If that historic cow had not kicked over the lamp that started the fire that burned Chicago, she would have lost a great deal of free advertising, and would to-day be out a prosperous town on Lake Michigan instead of the magnificent metropolis she now is. Mrs. O'Leary's cow was Chicago's benefactor, and well deserves a monument.

The limit of vision varies with elevation, condition of the atmosphere, etc. On a clear day an object raised one foot above a level plain can be seen at a distance of 1.31 miles; one 10 feet high, 4.15 miles; one 20 feet high, 5.86 miles; one 100 feet high, 13.1 miles, and one a mile high (as the top of a mountain), almost 96 miles—to be exact 95.23 miles.

A medical exchange figures that the United States has the highest death rate from diphtheria, 480 in 10,000. According to the same authority Holland and Sweden come next with 440 each.

The "angry tree," a woody plant found in Eastern California and Western Arizona, cannot be touched without it exhibits signs of vexation by ruffling its leaves and giving forth an unpleasant, sickening odor.

London has a donkey show every year. It is conducted by very important personages for the benefit of the costermongers. Prizes are given for all sorts of excellence, but the highest prizes are awarded to the donkey showing the best care, the object of it all being to make the coster kind to his donkey. The affair is always a great success, the donkeys and donkey carts looking smart with their roses and ribbons, and some of the donkeys showing coats like velvet. There were sixty-seven entries at the show held last week.

There is a large bowlder lying in a field near Foremark, Eng., which is known throughout Derbyshire as "Hangman's Stone." The exposed portion of the bowlder rises about six feet above the surface of the surrounding field and has a narrow ditch or indentation running across the top. The mark, so tradition says, was made in this way: A sheep thief in the dead of night, while leaning against the bowlder to rest, placed his booty above on the flat surface of the stone. The man had the sheep tied with a rope and in its efforts to escape the creature slipped on the opposite side and the rope, catching under the thief's chin, choked him to death. The indentation in the rock was made by the friction of the rope while the dying man was engaged in an effort to extricate himself.

It Was Rough.

First Author—You look hurt.

Second Author—I am.

First Author—What is wrong?

Second Author—That miserable editor looked over the last manuscript I took him, rubbed his fingers down the worn edge of the sheets and then asked me absent-mindedly: "What's its circulation?"—Vogue.

THE WEEKLY NEWS DIGEST

EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

The Latest and Most Important News of the World, Culled From the Telegraph Reports of the Press Associations.

FROM THE CAPITAL.

The public debt increased $834,793 in September.

Carroll D. Wright, commissioner of labor, is also to be made head of the census bureau.

This year's deficit in the postal revenue threatens to be eight or ten millions—double the amount expected.

It is declared that no bill repealing the 10 per cent state bank tax will be approved by the house banking and currency committee.

Postmaster General Bissell is determined that the patronage policy shall not be exercised in the railway mail service. Changes in the service are to be governed by the merit system.

According to a treasury statement which has been issued by Secretary Carlisle, the total amount of money in circulation in the United States Oct. 1 was $1,701,930,918. The average circulation per capita, estimating the population at 67,300,000, is therefore $25.29. The net increase in circulation during September was $21,377,247, the greatest item of increase being gold coin, viz., $14,829,741.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

John Wanamaker is engaged in active evangelistic work in Philadelphia.

Erastus Wells, ex-congressman and the first to operate an omnibus west of the Mississippi, died at St. Louis.

Mark Twain has returned from a long trip abroad looking far from well. His usually robust complexion is colorless and his face looks thin and sickly.

The Rev. Amory H. Bradford of Montclair, N. J., has received a call to Westminster Chapel, London, the largest Congregational meeting-house in the world.

George W. Childs has bought the log cabin in the Michigan logging camp at the world's fair and will have it removed to the grounds of his country place near Philadelphia.

Rev. Benjamin Jewitt, M. A., LL. D., late vice chancellor of the University of Edinburgh, died recently. He was appointed to the regius professorship of Greek on the recommendation of Lord Palmerston in 1855.

Col. James Alleyn, for the past fifteen years manager of the Western Union Telegraph company in New Orleans, and a prominent member of the Army of the Tennessee Association of Confederate Veterans, died aged fifty-five years.

In Trinity church, Boston, recently, in the presence of the highest dignitaries of the Protestant Episcopal church in this country, including Bishop Whipple and a multitude of people, among them many distinguished persons, Rev. Dr. William Lawrence was consecrated seventh bishop of Massachusetts.

Chairman Wilson, of the ways and means committee, is about as serious a man as one can find in congress; yet he is the father of two boys who are attaining considerable reputation as humorists. Though just out of school they have taken up the writing of jokes for Puck and other comic papers with great success, and one of them is earning enough money in this way to finish his education without calling upon his father for assistance.

CASUALTIES.

Jeremiah Gifford was so injured by a cow at Adrian, Mich., that he died.

Richard Doble was gored to death by a bull near Burlington, Ia.

James Ingram was fatally crushed by a horse falling on him at Darwin, Ill.

Mrs. Mary Pictred was beheaded by a train at Dayton, Ohio.

Harry Whitney died at Adrian, Mich., from injuries received by a fall when attacked with epilepsy.

A heavy frost at Emporia, Kan., destroyed all the garden truck in the vicinity.

Ralph Smith, aged 13, accidentally shot and fatally injured George Mason, aged 16, at Columbus, Ohio.

Fred Pierce, a lawyer at Little Bay, Ark., was accidentally shot and killed by his room-mate, John Reilly.

A building 70x110 feet collapsed at Indianapolis, burying Samuel Harris and Michael Ronan in the ruins. Both were seriously hurt.

Mobile, Ala., is flooded by water blown from the Gulf of Mexico during a heavy storm. Great damage results and loss of life is probable.

It is estimated that from eight to twelve hundred lives were lost along the Louisiana coast by the recent storm.

Railway lines in the Indian Territory and Northern Texas are suffering greatly from the badly swollen water courses.

Neal Roy and Louis Nirohr, glass workers, were drowned at Monongahela City, Pa. They were crossing the river in a skiff and it capsized.

The three-year-old boy of William Ferris of Georgetown, Ky., met with a horrible death while playing with his little sister in an empty icehouse. He lighted a match, which ignited the straw, and he was soon enveloped in flames. His sister escaped and informed her mother, who hurried to the scene, but too late to reach the unfortunate child, who soon died in great agony.

Nellie Ryan, a prominent young lady of Hudson, Wis., was struck by a yard locomotive at the union depot. One leg is broken in two places, one arm broken and back and head seriously bruised. She is unconscious and cannot survive.

A party of seven were out sailing, near the entrance to Coos bay, at Marshfield, Ore., were capsized by a gust of wind and four of the party were drowned. Their names are B. M. Delouney and two children, and John Wickland. Two ladies and a child held on to the boat until rescued.

CRIMINAL.

A Michigan physician is suspected of having murdered his three wives.

Three Chinamen were riddled with bullets by robbers at Butte City, Mont.

John Nearhoof was arrested for embezzling $2,700 from M. Homer & Sons of Tyrone, Pa.

Robert Whisner, confidential clerk in the pension office at Topeka, Kan., who forged a check, has been arrested.

Burton C. Webster, a New York bookmaker, was sentenced to nineteen years' imprisonment for manslaughter.

While in the act of burglary, Warner Brown, negro, was killed by 16-year-old Will Downs, at Waco, Tex.

The Starr gang headed a mutiny in the Fort Smith, Ark., prison. One convict was fatally wounded.

Train Robber Hardin was taken before a justice at Salem, Ill., and sent to jail in default of $15,000 bail.

Herman Banners, a wealthy resident of Denver, was murdered on the Cherokee strip by claim jumpers.

Dr. Foglesong has been sentenced to solitary confinement for life at Hillsdale, Mich., for poisoning his wife.

Daniel Bauer, a Cincinnati alderman, has been indicted by the grand jury for soliciting bribes for his influence.

Jim Keenan, the old base ball player, was fined $10 in a Cincinnati court for beating his wife.

Stephen Perry, claiming to be from Chicago, was arrested at Winchester, Ind., for cattle stealing.

George McFadden, a negro, was lynched at Moore's Crossroad, S. C., for assaulting a 16-year-old white girl.

John W. Bell, a prominent attorney of Plymouth, Ohio, has disappeared and is said to have left a shortage of $30,000.

Thieves shot, robbed and threw Hans Nelson in the river near Dubuque, Iowa. The water revived him and he crawled out.

Daniel Thompson shot and killed John O'Harrow, near Marshall, Ill. The victim was sitting in a store when murdered.

Three negro miners, who shot a white youth near Pittsburg, Kan., are in danger of being taken from jail and lynched.

J. C. Thomas, superintendent of Cincinnati parks, has been arrested on a charge of selling stone and other city property.

The county of Clinton, Ill., has offered a reward of $400 for the arrest and conviction of the murderers of Henry Hellwood and Frank Winkeljohn.

The Rev. J. B. Rowell, a Baptist minister, committed suicide at Grand Rapids, Mich., by shooting himself. He was 24 years old. His faith had been tried recently by reading works on modern theology.

A fight occurred at the fourth annual convention of the Missouri State Federation of Labor, in session at St. Louis, between Delegate Julius Friedman and Sergeant-at-arms Connelly. Friedman was struck in the face and thrown out of the hall.

FOREIGN GOSSIP.

A panic in a Mexican church results in death to ten people.

Police and anarchists had a rough-and-tumble fight in Manchester, Eng.

The Canadian government will impose a further restriction on Chinese entering Canada.

A special dispatch from Barcelona says that a dynamite bomb was found recently under the palace wall.

Laborers at Auburn, Me., had a street fight, forcing pedestrians to flee into places of safety. No one was killed.

Men calling themselves Joe Carter and Harry Christy of Chicago swindled Little Rock, Ark., people out of several hundred dollars and fled.

Anarchist Pallos, who threw the bombs at Barcelona, Spain, has been sentenced to death by the court-martial.

Canada decides it can take no action on Chinese immigration, as it might be regarded as infringing on treaty rights.

Rosario has been captured by the Argentine government troops. All the rebel leaders were made prisoners of war.

Adam Kieffaber, a farmer of Mexico, Mo., shot and killed himself because of despondency over financial affairs.

A tin pail filled with America silver coins dated previous to 1854 was found hidden in the woods near Perth, Canada.

In a street duel with pistols in the City of Mexico, between Fernando Crozes and Francisco Ibanez, the former received a dangerous wound. A young lady who was on the street was also wounded.

The Republique Francaise published recently a long article, in which it claims to prove that Russia was absolutely justified in opposing the passage of Romanian war ships through the Dardanelles.

The quarantine declared at Cadiz against the Russian war ships there has been removed. The government has authorized the port authorities to give the Russian sailors free access to the shore, and to prepare to entertain them with a series of fetes.

The Paris correspondent of the London Times telegraphs that the tension in the mining districts is becoming dangerous. The first bloodshed is recorded at Drocourt, where, in resisting the orders of the gen d'armes to disperse, several men were trampled under the horses' feet, cut with sabers or prodded with lances.

The Dominion Coal company has already shipped 500,000 tons of coal from its Cape Breton mines, and the Whitney syndicate expect the year to show the largest export in the history of the island. The shipment of coal from the "Old Sydney" mine is 35,000 tons ahead of last year to date, and the output this year will be the largest in the history of the colliery.

The Berlin Cologne Gazette declares that the United States government has asked a syndicate of Paris bankers to take $10,000,000 3 per cent bonds, on which they are to advance a certain sum of money. The bankers consented on the condition that they should have the right to sell the bonds at a price mutually agreed upon. There was no question of a new loan and the negotiations still continue.

OTHERWISE.

Colorado silver mines are in a fair way to resume.

The Union Pacific withdraws from the Western Passenger association.

Window glass manufacturers of Indiana have decided on a second reduction in wages.

Efforts to bring Gov. McKinley and Lawrence Neal together in joint debate have failed.

John Towns, supposed to have been murdered near Kingston, Ont., has been heard from in Oregon.

Not a freight train on the Ohio Valley road is moving, the brakemen and switchmen being on a strike.

Fully 10,000 men are idle in the Mahoning valley, Ohio, and many are suffering for the necessaries of life.

Residents of Muncie, Ind., have asked for state aid in the fight of the town against small-pox.

Steps have been taken in Michigan to test the right of women to vote at school and town elections.

Idle departments of the Amoskeag mills at Manchester, N. H., will start up immediately.

The rush of harvesters into the Chautauqua, N. Y., grape belt has been so great that 5,000 have been unable to find employment.

One thousand marriages are annulled by the decision of a Texas judge holding the filing of licenses in blank is void.

The Rev. B. O. Hypes, Springfield, Ohio, Methodist, is to be sued for making grave charges against a Catholic priest.

Texas has perfected arrangements for filing suits to recover over 1,000,000 acres of school lands under the act of 1883.

At Benwood, W. Va., the big Riverside steel plant, employing 1,000 hands, has resumed operations after three months' idleness.

Twenty lasters in the employ of Snedicer & Hathaway, shoe manufacturers of Detroit, quit work on account of a reduction of wages.

Commercial travelers have organized a national league at New York. A membership of 300,000 is expected in a year.

Mrs. Robinson swam the Embarrass river near Oakland, Ill., to get help for her wounded husband and died from the exposure.

Judge Cox, of the criminal court of Indianapolis, filed a complaint in his own court against Edgar A. Brown, judge of the circuit court, citing him for contempt of the criminal court.

John D. Rockefeller, the Standard Oil magnate, has completed the purchase of 450 acres of ground at Tarrytown Heights, N. J., at a cost of $450,000. He will begin operations immediately to erect the handsomest country mansion in this country.

THANKS, AWFULLY.

Buenos Ayres, Special.—The presiden has issued a manifesto thanking the people for rallying around the government in the recent trouble. The members of the government, he says, are honest and impartial men, and therefore there was no reason for revolt. It is learned that several hundred colonists have been killed during the attack on Santa Fe. The federal cavalry is still pursuing the rebels.

BAD FIRE.

Little Rock Ark., Special.—Fifteen business houses, together with one residence, were destroyed by fire at Fulton, Ark., this morning. The total loss will reach $50,000, with insurance of about half that amount. The fire was of incendiary origin. Most of the stores destroyed were two-story frame structures and burned very rapidly.

WILL BE SHOT TO-DAY.

Madrid, Special—The would-be-assassin of Gen. Martinez Campos has been informed that he will be shot to-day. Pallas received this information without emotion.

FIFTY THIRD CONGRESS.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SPECIAL SESSION OF CONGRESS.

Condensed Record of the Business Being Transacted by our National Law-makers—Routine Report Day by Day.

Washington, Oct. 5.—In the senate the first open suggestion of a compromise on the repeal bill was made and attracted the closest attention on both sides of the chamber. Senator Butler of South Carolina, in an impassioned speech against the passage of the bill, made compromise the salient feature. In reply to the question which he said had been asked over and over again as to when a vote would be had on the bill, Mr. Butler said: "Compromise, compromise is the solution of the struggle here." At the conclusion of Mr. Butler's remarks Mr. Blackburn (Dem. Ky.) addressed the senate in opposition to repeal, and said that if he were obliged to choose between a gold and silver basis for the financial standard of the country, he would prefer a silver one. He hoped some acceptable compromise would be reached. Mr. Blackburn closed his speech by stating that while he allowed no one to exceed him in friendship for, and loyalty to, silver, he would not engage in any obstructive tactics in opposition to the bill. The people demanded action, and they were entitled to know their fate.

In the house under call of committees Col. Oates reported the bankruptcy bill, Mr. McCreary reported the substitute for the Everett bill, amending the Geary exclusion act, and Mr. Wheeler reported favorably a bill requiring railways passing through territories to establish stations at all town sites located by the interior department. The debate on the elections bill was taken up by Mr. Compton of Maryland, in support of the repeal.

Washington, Oct. 6.—In the senate Mr. Hill (Dem. N. Y.) gave notice that at some future day he would move to amend the rules providing that upon any roll call (other than one to expressly determine the presence of a quorum) any senator who is paired may announce such pair, and his presence and the announcement shall be entered in the journal and the senator so present and paired but not voting shall be counted as present, for the purpose of making a quorum. The repeal bill was then taken up. Mr. Call of Florida technically resumed the floor and on motion of Mr. Voorhees the senate proceeded to the consideration of executive business. The senate remained in executive session until 5:15 p. m. and then adjourned.

Interest in the elections debate is not sustaining expectations in the house. It is flagging instead of increasing. To-day the only speeches that attracted any attention were those of the colored man, Mr. Murray of South Carolina and Mr. Mooney of Mississippi. Mr. Murray was accorded unusual attention, largely, perhaps, out of curiosity on account of his color. The public gallery was packed to the doors with negroes who applauded his utterances.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Congressman J. A. Tawney of Minnesota addressed the house for more than an hour on the subject of the repeal of the federal election laws, making what such Republican leaders as Henderson and Hepburn of Iowa, Boutelle of Maine, Grosvenor of Ohio and Burrows of Michigan pronounced the best speech yet made on the Republican side during the progress of the debate. He was listened to with marked attention. There was an unusually large attendance of members on both sides of the house, and more came in from the cloak rooms and lobbies during the progress of the speech. Even Speaker Crisp, who had resigned the chair early in the afternoon and was engaged in his private room, came out and listened attentively to the Minnesota representative. As he concluded he was congratulated by every Republican member on the floor. Altogether, it was as favorable a debut into the arena of national politics as Representative Tawney and his friends could have wished for him. The elections repeal bill was discussed by several others on both sides of the house.

In the senate Mr. Blackburn of Kentucky submitted an amendment to the bill repealing the silver purchasing clauses of the act of 1890. It strikes out the Voorhees substitute, leaving the bill as it passed the house, and then provides for the free coinage of silver of American production. The secretary of the treasury is authorized on the first day of each month to establish the seignorage to be charged for the following month, which is to be the difference between the market price of silver bullion and the mintel value after coinage. This seignorage is not to be coined, but is to be sold by the secretary of the treasury for gold, to be used for the purpose of maintaining the parity of gold and silver. This is the amendment which Mr. Blackburn in his recent speech said he would propose with a view of reaching a compromise. The debate on the repeal bill was continued by Senators Call, Allison and others.

Washington, Oct. 10.—Repeal senators are preparing to use heroic measures at the all-night session Wednesday. A report is in circulation that Vice President Stevenson will call Senator Washburn to the chair at a certain stage of the proceedings. A motion to proceed to vote on the pending amendments will be made. If filibustering begins Washburn will refuse to recognize the obstructionists and put the question, thus starting the vote. The day in the senate was devoted to further discussing the repeal bill.

In the house Mr. Aldrich of Chicago opened the debate on the election bill with a vigorous defense of the Republican attempt to check the "Democratic frauds" in that great city and put down the "Carter Harrison ring." Mr. Dolliver of Iowa, one of the Republican orators of the Northwest, followed with a brilliant speech. Mr. Coombs of Brooklyn supported the bill. Then came Mr. Boutelle of Maine, against the measure.

Washington, Oct. 11.—The Tucker bill to repeal all existing federal election laws was passed by the house by a vote of 200 to 101, party lines being strictly drawn for and against. Senator Hill of New York, who is the author of a similar bill in the senate, was on the floor while the vote was being taken. Quite a jubilant demonstration was made by the Democrats when the result was announced. The Republicans finding that the Democrats had their own quorum present were stopped from filibustering by the iron-clad order under which the house was operating beyond demanding an aye and nay vote on the Burrows and Lacey amendments. The Democrats admitted that the bill was defective in that it failed to repeal statute 5528, which inferentially permits troops at the polls, but the modification could not be made under the order, and the correction will have to be made in the senate.

The affairs in the senate have reached a crisis, and within the next twentyfour hours the same decisive action will be taken on the repeal bill. The senate to-day began its continuous session, which will last until a vote is taken. This may occur early in the evening, or might not be reached until to-morrow morning. Repeal men are confident, while the friends of silver expect to force a compromise.

MORE STRIKERS.

Charleroi, Oct. 11.—Three thousand more men joined the ranks of the strikers to-day. Gendarmes and lancers patrol the district, as disturbances are feared.

INSURGENT VICTORY.

Dio de Janeiro, Oct. 11.—One of the forts in the bay surrendered to the insurgent fleet to-day.

FIFTEEN DEATHS.

Brunswick, Ga., Oct. 11.—Twenty-two new cases of yellow fever were reported here to-day, and fifteen deaths.

GIVE UP THE CASE.

Gary, S. D., Oct. 11.—Mark Kinyon, who went to Minneapolis a few weeks ago for treatment has returned. The doctors pronounce his case—consumption of the bone—hopeless, and he has come home to die.

EXONERATED.

Yankton, S. D., Oct. 11.—The coroner's jury in the case of Ole Nelson, the deaf mute who was struck by a Milwaukee & St. Paul train last Saturday and died soon after, gave the verdict of accidental death, charging no blame to the railway employes.

MINERS ARE OUT OF WORK.

Ashland, Wis., Oct. 11.—The situation of the unemployed on the Gogebic range at Hurley is becoming serious. Bread riots have already occurred, and the problem of providing for the unemployed miners on the range is becoming more serious every hour. The riots that have occurred are only a prelude to the coming storm, an indication of what is to come, unless extraordinary efforts are put forth by those in charge of public affairs. At least 500 people this side of the Wisconsin Central line are out of employment. At Elmwood and across the Michigan line the number is at least 1,000. There is no prospect of work for them. It is estimated that one-half of these people have families. A special election will be held in the town of Vaughn during the present month to vote on the question of raising money to feed the unemployed. It is proposed to raise about $10,000. There is not much doubt that the tax will carry at the polls. Almost a bread riot occurred in Iron Belt yesterday. Over 100 men congregated and threatened to loot the village store provided they were not given work. They were finally talked into adopting pacific measures and no damage was done.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—Wheat steady; cash, 64c; December, 67c; May, 74 1-2c. Corn higher; cash, 39 1-8c; December, 39 5-8c; May, 43 1-8c. Oats steady; December, 28 1-2c; May, 31 5-8c.

Minneapolis, Oct. 11. —Wheat — May opened at 68c; highest, 68 1-4c; lowest, 67 3-4c; closing, 68 1-8c; October closed at 59 1-4c; December opened at 60 5-8c; highest, 61c; lowest, 60 1-2c; closing, 61c. On track—No. 1 hard, 60 3-4c; No. 1 Northern, 59 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 57 1-2c.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—Cattle—Top natives, $5.50a5.60; medium, $5a$.40; others, $4.50a4.95. Hogs—Mixed and packers, $6.10a6.45; light, $6.50a6.60.

St. Paul, Oct. 11.—Hogs 10c lower; quality medium to fair; yards cleared early to packers at $5.85a6.05. Cattle—Prime steers, $3a3.50; good steers, $2.50a3; prime cows, $2.40a2.75; good cows, $1.25a2.25; common to fair cows, $1a2; light veal calves, $3a4.25; heavy calves, $1.50a3; stockers, $1.25a2; feeders, $2a2.25; bulls, $1a2.

MURDER AND ROBBERY.

San Antonio, Tex., Oct. 11.—Marcus Koenigheim, one of the oldest, wealthiest and most highly respected Jewish citizens of San Antonio, was murdered and robbed some time last night, his dead body being found at 5 o'clock this morning with a bullet hole through the head lying in the hall at the foot of the front stairs of his palatial residence. Mr. Koenigheim has been for many years one of the most prominent jewelers and pawnbrokers of this city. In the back of the lower hall of his residence he had a large iron safe which was opened with a key. In this safe he had a large stock of money and jewelry, amounting in value to fully $25,000. This was looted.

MORE ARRESTS.

London, Oct. 11.—A dispatch from Vienna says that arrests continue to be made at Prague in connection with the recent young Czecheriots. The criminal inquiry is now proceeding, and each day the hearing results in new arrests. The number of prisoners to be tried on the charge of treason and felony increases. Of the 200 young Czechs who were present at the banquet on the night before the state of minor seige was proclaimed, hardly one will escape arrest or trial for lese majeste.

MOTORMAN KILLED.

Cincinnati, Oct. 11.—At a point where the Mount Auburn electric railroad crosses the Big Four railway about a mile beyond St. Bernard, an electric car attempted to cross and was struck by a Big Four passenger train this morning. The front platform of the car was just on the rail when it was struck. Motorman Louis Case was killed. Not one of the five passengers was hurt and very little damage was done to the car. The accident was due to the foolhardiness of Conductor William Montgomery, who signalled the motorman to cross.

KILLED HIS PARTNER.

Topeka, Kan., Oct. 11.—At Norton last night Walter Connors made a murderous assault upon his business partner, Eugene Kennedy. He struck him three times with a hatchet, inflicting fatal wounds on the head. Connors afterward cut a fearful gash across his own throat with a cheese knife. He is supposed to be insane. The firm of Connors & Kennedy is the largest general merchandise establishment in Northwestern Kansas. Both men are well known.

WORK FOR THOUSANDS.

Wheeling, W. Va., Oct. 11.—To-morrow will usher in the most satisfactory week which the Middle Ohio valley has seen from an industrial standpoint since last July. Between Steubenville and Bellaire, Ohio, including this city, Martin's Ferry, Bridgeport and Bentwood, in a distance of fifteen miles along the Ohio river, not fewer than 10,000 men will find employment, which they have not had in several months.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Kansas City, Oct. 11.—A warrant was sworn out last night by Coroner Stevens of Kansas City, Kan., for the arrest of Floyd Davis, a young farmer who lives near Connor station, on the Missouri Pacific railway, charging him with the murder of Albert Barkett, a companion who lived near him. The trouble occurred on Aug. 15, and was occasioned by a dispute over a penny in a penny-ante poker game. Barkett died from the injuries he received at Davis' hands on Sept. 20. Davis has fled.

FOUND A BODY.

London, Oct. 11.—It is reported from Amsterdam that the body of a woman has been found in Amstrel, Holland, which has been identified by friends of her family as that of Maria Schmitz, one of De Jong's supposed victims.

SHOT HER SON.

Little Rock, Ark., Oct. 11.—Near Yellville Mrs. Frank Rice, wife of a farmer, shot and killed her six-year-old son. The boy found an old pistol and gave it to his mother. She, supposing it was empty, playfully pointed it at the child and fired with fatal results.

CLERK KILLED.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—Alexander S. Smith, clerk at the Occidental hotel, was shot and killed last evening by George H. Goddard. The tragedy was the outcome of a quarrel over an unpaid board bill. The murderer has escaped.

TO FIGHT THE TRUSTS.

St. Paul, Special.—There seems to be a possibility of something definite accruing from the anti-trust combine movement inaugurated in the last legislature. Acting in accordance with the provisions of the joint resolution passed by the legislature, Gov. Nelson called a convention in Chicago three months ago, and it was a representative gathering that greeted him when he took the chair as presiding officer of the convention. The principal thing accomplished at that time was the adoption of a resolution providing for a permanent organization, and authorizing Gov. Nelson, as the chairman, to call the delegates together when his judgment dictated. It was also provided, in order that the organization should not be too unwieldy, that each state should be entitled to three delegates. In conformity with these conditions Gov. Nelson yesterday called the delegates to meet at the Palmer house in Chicago at 10 o'clock Oct. 16. He named as permanent delegates to represent Minnesota Hon. F. F. Davis of Minneapolis. Hon. J. A. Tawney of Winona and Hon. H. F. Stevens of St. Paul.

BISARCK SINKING.

Berlin, Special.—The Vossische Zeitung says that it has received telegrams reporting a very serious change in Prince Bismarck's health. The Tageblatt has received a telegram from Schwarzburg announcing on the authority of the Lardes Zeitung, which has relations with the government, that Prince Bismarck is gradually sinking. In regard to the reported sale of Prince Bismarck's memoirs, it is said that an offer was made for them, but that it was declined by Count Herbert in his father's behalf.

ARKANSAS MURDER.

Pine bluff, Ark., Special Teleg—Charles Phillips shot and killed Dan Bynum today near here, alleging that Bynum was intimate with his wife.

FOUND THE SKELETON

Grand Forks, N. D., Oct. 9.—A murder mystery was unearthed here to-day by the discovery of the bleaching skeleton of Paul Lee, a wealthy farmer, in the woods about two miles from the city. Lee was one of the pioneer farmers here and had amassed considerable property.

It is understood that Lee had not lived happily with his wife, and about two years ago he left for an extended visit at his old home in Norway. Returning in December last he found that during his absence his wife had secured a divorce on the grounds of desertion, and soon after had married a man who had been employed by Lee. He visited his home to effect some settlement with his former wife about property, having decided to leave the husband in possession of his former wife. Neither the woman nor her new husband would speak to him or allow him in the house. He returned to East Grand Forks and stopped several days at a boarding house, drinking heavily. He disposed of a quarter section of land, receiving $500 in cash. He then went to a saloon, where he purchased a jug of liquor, telling the barkeeper of his troubles. Lee remarked that he was going back to Norway and leave his property here.

Nothing had been seen or heard of him since until to-day, when a skeleton was found in the woods, which, upon investigation, proved to be the remains of Lee. A hole in the skull told the story of his death. The empty jug lay by on the ground. A search failed to find any money. It is believed that he was murdered for his money. The coroner will investigate.

EDITOR SUICIDES.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—What promises to develop into a sensational suicide occurred to-day on the railroad tracks at the foot of Monroe street. From papers found on the suicide's body he is believed to be Henry Kershaw, editor and manager of the New Orleans Commercial. Early this morning the police at the central detail station saw a well dressed man standing on the railroad tracks, apparently engrossed in deep thought. A long freight train was approaching and as it drew near him the man threw himself upon the track and placed his neck across the rail. Police Lieut. Hayes and two patrolmen hastened from the station but were too late. The train reached the man before they had crossed half the intervening space and severed the suicide's head from the body.

PEACE IN BRAZIL.

Washington, Oct. 9.—President Peixoto of Brazil has consented to dismount the guns in Rio de Janeiro, and Admiral Mellos, commander of the insurgent fleet, has agreed not to fire on the city so long as the guns remain dismounted. This word was received from Commander Picking, of the United States cruiser Charleston, now in the harbor of Rio de Janeiro, last night. The agreement was, it is believed, brought about through the efforts of the representatives of the foreign powers at Brazil. For the last week the foreign ministers have been trying to bring about an agreement to save the Brazilian capital from destruction at the hands of the rebels, and, according to the foreign official dispatch, they have been successful, for the present at least.

AFTER A BLACK DEVIL.

Fort Scott, Kan., Oct. 9.—The family of Miss Agnes Barr, the girl who was outraged in this city Saturday, succeeded in suppressing the tale of intense brutality until this morning. The negro horribly lacerated the girl's body, struck her with his fist, kicked her in the side and stomach, and when leaving dragged her to the door and compelled her to kiss him good by, saying he would probably never see her again. A colored man giving the name of Asa Claley expressed a satchel to Kansas City an hour after the assault, and suspicion rests upon him. Several posses numbering 1,000 men are searching for the criminal. A negro is reported surrounded by a mob of several hundred men in the woods near here. The sheriff with twenty-five officers has started for the scene.

SHOOTING AFFRAY.

Minneapolis, Oct. 9.—What may prove a fatal shooting affray took place in South Minneapolis last night when Thomas Lawler, a bricklayer by trade, shot and seriously wounded Louis J. Schlink, a butcher. Schlink, who is a prosperous young man and unmarried, was at the residence of Lawler's divorced wife, helping move a piano, he said, when Lawler, whom it is said was drunk, fired four shots through the window at Schlink, one of them taking effect in the back, and may prove fatal, should inflammation set in.

VIGILANT WINS.

New York, Oct. 9.—Bowling along under a fair wind, the American cup defender Vigilant crossed the line at Sandy Hook lightship Saturday afternoon a winner in the first of the international races for the America's cup. The Valkyrie arrived home almost eight minutes later, and both were at once taken in tow by their respective tenders and hurried to their places of shelter off Bay Ridge. It was a magnificent contest from every point of view, and demonstrated, for that day at least, the superior construction of the center-boarder over the cutter, as well as the superior yachtsmanship of the men who handled the English boat. There will be another race this afternoon.

DROWNED.

Kaukauna, Wis., Oct. 9.—John Phillips has been missing since Thursday. This morning his body was found in a stream that runs back of the Kaukauna water power canal. It is supposed that he fell from the bridge while crossing over Thursday night and was drowned. He was a resident of this city for fifteen years, and was well-to-do. He leaves a large family.

ESCAPED.

Tacoma, Wash., Oct. 9.—Superintendent Dickinson, of the Northern Pacific, has received a dispatch stating that Charles Jones, alias Charles Kincaid, who was the leader of the Northern Pacific train robbers captured in Montana, escaped from the officers. A posse has gone in pursuit.

DEFAULTING TREASURER.

Omaha, Oct. 9.—Late last night Barrett Scott, the defaulting treasurer of Holt county, reached O'Neill in custody. He was turned over to the county authorities and his bond fixed at $24,000.

WANTED IN MINNESOTA.

Detroit, Special.—Since early Monday morning Stonewall J. de France, presumably an insurance agent, has been under arrest in this city. The police at first refused to have anything to say in regard to his arrest, which, until today, they have kept a secret. It is learned, however, that a peace warrant was sent to this city about two weeks ago and the police were asked to arrest De France and hold him until further notice. After a good deal of questioning the head of the police department said that De France was wanted for forgery in Minnesota, and that he might be wanted in Minneapolis. In regard to the amount of the forgery he would not talk. From other sources it was learned that the amount involved was $38,000, and that the Flour City National bank was the one which had caused his arrest. The bank began an attachment suit against De France for all the property owned in this city, and also that belonging to his wife. Officers from St. Paul are on their way here to take the prisoner back, so a telegram from that city says.

STATE MEDICS MEET.

Minneapolis, Special.—The Minnesota Academy of Medicine met in annual session at the West hotel last evening and the following officers were elected: President, Dr. P. H. illard, St. Paul; vice president, Dr. K. Hoegh, Minneapolis; secretary and treasurer, Dr. R. O. Beard, Minneapolis. Dr. Tomlinson, superintendent of the St. Peter insane asylum, read a paper on "The Relation of Insanity to Organic Visceral Diseases." The paper was followed by a discussion.

A COSTLY SUIT OF CLOTHES.

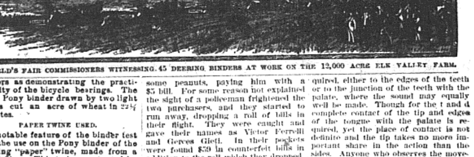
Britton, S. D., Special.—John Thompson, arrested for stealing a suit of clothes from Culver's store, was fined $60 and costs.

A FAMOUS TOUR.

FOREIGN COMMISSIONERS VISIT THE GREAT FARMS AT LARIMORE.

They See Forty-Five Deering Self-Binders, Manned by 150 Men, Moving in the Same Direction at the Same Time.

Forty-five Deering Twine binders, forming a procession half a mile in length and steadily moving through a waving sea of wheat—such was the sight that greeted the foreign commissioners to the World's Fair during their recent famous visit to the bonanza farms of North Dakota. This imposing spectacle was witnessed on the great Elk Valley farm at Larimore, N. D., a farm comprising 12,000 acres or nearly nineteen square miles, 10,000 acres of which formed one unbroken, fenceless field of wheat. To witness this sight the distinguished spectators, comprising fifty foreign diplomats, World's Fair commissioners and representatives of the foreign press, together with an equal number of Americans eminent in World's Fair, railroad and commercial circles, had undertaken the discomforts of a thousand mile journey from Chicago: and the exclamations of delight and surprise, and the cries of "bravo" that rang out on the air showed that their expectations were vastly more than realized. From St. Paul through Minnesota and North Dakota they traveled as guests of the Great Northern railroad, and the farther north they traveled the warmer and more cordial was their reception. Here at Larimore they found the climax of interest and the height of hospitality. They were met at their train and escorted to carriages by what seemed to be the whole population of the little city of Larimore, headed by O. H. Phillips, the mayor, Gov. Shortridge and N. G. Larimore, the proprietor of the great farm which they were to see. Silently, and almost breathlessly at first, they viewed the mighty phalanx of machines; then quickly alighting from their conveyances they followed the machines on foot, eagerly peering into their mechanism, as if bent on finding the secret of their perfect, automatic, almost noiseless action. For an hour or more they followed the machines, asking innumerable questions of Mr. Larimore and his sons, when their attention was called to scientific tests of draft that were being made under the supervision of Mayor O. H. Phillips and Mr. C. H. Olmstead. The machines tested, the Deering Pony binder and the Deering Ideal mower, were remarkable because embodying the ball and roller bearings, such as are used in bicycles and bicycle sulkies. Twelve tests were made on each machine with a registered Caterheld & Eickmeyer dynamometer, each representing the draft involved in cutting a 6 foot swath, 100 feet in length, in twenty to twenty-five seconds of time. The six cutting tests with the binder showed an average of only 298 pounds of draft. Six tests followed in which the machine was run in gear over the tops of the stubble just cut. This test, which is known as "rolling draft", showed an average draft of 207 pounds. The Deering Ideal mower, a new machine also fitted with the bicycle bearings, showed a cutting draft in heavy grass averaging only 126 pounds, and a rolling draft of only 92 pounds. The remarkably low draft—about half the draft of ordinary machines—shown by these figures for both machines was carefully noted by the astonished



WORLD'S FAIR COMMISSIONERS WITNESSING 45 DEERING BINDERS AT WORK ON THE 12,000 ACRE ELK VALLEY FARM.

visitors as demonstrating the practicability of the bicycle bearings. The same Pony binder drawn by two light mules cut an acre of wheat in 22½ minutes.

PAPER TWINE USED.

A notable feature of the binder test was the use on the Pony binder of the Deering "paper" twine, made from a wood fiber. This twine, patented by William Deering & Co., bids fair to prove a Waterloo to the twine trust, as it is said that it can be made and sold at prices considerably below those now paid for the hemp and sisal fibers.

At the close of these tests the commissioners, together with a party of spectators, were tendered a good, substantial prairie chicken dinner by Mr. Larimore. Toasts followed, Gov. Shortridge, Mayor Phillips and Rev. J. H. Keeler delivered eloquent addresses of welcome. Appropriate responses were made by D. M. Deperalta of Costa Rica, Mr. Grinevsky, the assistant Russian commissioner, Don Alberto Gomez Ruano of Uruguay, Mr. Harry Vincent of Costa Rica and Judge Atwater. Mr. Larimore also spoke. He said that by using the best methods and machinery he had reduced the cost of raising and marketing wheat to between $4.50 and $5.00 an acre.

MR. APPLEBY SURPRISES THE COMMISSIONERS.

Mr. John F. Appleby, the inventor of the Appleby Twine binder, whose presence was a surprise to the commissioners, told the history of his early struggles and the final universal adoption of his invention. He paid a glowing tribute to Mr. William Deering, to whose enterprise he said the world was indebted for the introduction and general adoption of the machine. Said he: "In 1879, when the Deering company made seventy-five of these binders, people smiled knowingly and predicted failure. The next year when Mr. Deering made 3,000 of the machines, the manufacturers of the old reaper and the wire binder said he was crazy. If he was crazy all the manufacturers of harvesting machinery who have been forced to follow his example have also become violently insane. [Laughter] and the millions of farmers who now use the invention are fit candidates for a lunatic asylum." [Laughter and applause.]

The excursionists left for Alton and the great Dalrymple farms at 4 p. m., where they witnessed threshing machines at work on a crop of wheat that was cut from 77,000 acres by 190 Deering binders—a make that is used exclusively by the Dalrymples. From Alton they journeyed to Fargo, where they were royally received and shown the marvelous result of the western pluck, which in a season of hard times had built a solid city of brick and mortar on the bed of ashes that had lain smoking there only ninety days before. From Fargo, the guests returned to Chicago brimful of enthusiasm over the wonders they had seen.

RIVER ABOVE THE RAILS.

The Unique Piece of Engineering Necessitated by a California Landslide.

Making a mountain stream run over and above a railroad track is a unique piece of engineering that the Southern Pacific company is shortly to commence near Wright's station, in the Santa Cruz mountains. Last spring, says the San Francisco Examiner, there was a big landslide at the northern end of the long tunnel near Wright's station which caused a blockade of the Southern Pacific Coast road for a number of weeks and caved in about a hundred feet of the tunnel. The moving side of the mountain as it came down the canon filled up the bed of a large mountain stream to such an extent that it was five or six feet higher than the track, while before it was several feet lower. The creek is dry in the summer, but during the rainy season, unless its course is diverted, the mountain torrent will sweep over the road so as to make its operation at that point impossible.

The officials first entertained the idea of carting away large quantities of dirt to lower the bed of the stream to its old level. But that plan was abandoned because of the great expense it would entail, and it was then decided to extend the tunnel northward 200 feet and past the point where the stream crosses the track by an arch of solid masonry. Plans for this stone tunnel have been completed. The arch will be twenty feet high and composed of huge blocks of stone that will stand the wear and tear of the weather for years. On the inside it will have the same width and heighth as the tunnel proper, and will be constructed in such a manner that the stream of water flowing over it will not percolate through. The top of the arch, when finished, will be about fifteen feet above the present bed of the stream, so the latter will have to be raised up to its level. This will necessitate filling in for a distance of several hundred feet. As the stream flows over the top of the stone arch it will have a fall of no less than twenty feet on the other side of the track. It will be a precipitous fall, and during the winter time, when the volume of water is large, will make a very pretty waterfall. The officials are inclined to think it will be the largest artificial waterfall in the world.

COUNTERFEITING.

The Extent to Which It Is Carried on by Immigrants.

One great benefit that the people of this country as a whole derive from national currency is the difficulty which counterfeiters have in imitating the paper and engraving used in its manufacture. A counterfeit bill is very seldom seen in New York city, for example, and is never willfully presented in any large store. It is not difficult for the newest immigrant to learn the distinctive marks and touch of our paper currency, and the Chinese, who only learn the appearance of the figures denoting the amount of the bill, are practically infallible in their judgment of good money. The United States secret service is well organized so far as the running down of counterfeiters is concerned, and the certainty of detection and punishment is so great that the regular professional American crook has given up the making of counterfeit bills as a bad job.

Yet, curiously enough, a small band of Italians have persisted in the criminal practice of making and uttering counterfeit silver dollars and counterfeit bills. Taken as a whole, the Italian immigrants must be placed among the most desirable that land in this country. As a rule, they are temperate, frugal and hard-working; if their Southern blood does sometimes get hot where women cause the quarrel, it is an excusable fault. Why the Italian criminal should take to counterfeiting is an unsolved mystery, but the fact remains that a great majority of the counterfeiters in this neighborhood are Italians.

The latest case of counterfeiting in which Italians have been engaged was discovered yesterday at New Haven. For some time past bad $2 and $5 silver certificates have been common in that part of Connecticut, and the local banks were compelled to issue descriptions of the false money. The $5 counterfeit was found much oftener than the $2 one, and, according to the banks, was a pretty good imitation. The irregularity of the colored figures and the moth-eaten appearance of the portrait of Gen. Grant were the two blemishes by which the note was shown to be bad.

About 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon two Italians approached an Italian fruit vender in New Haven and purchased some peanuts, paying him with a $5 bill. For some reason not explained the sight of a policeman frightened the two purchasers, and they started to run away, dropping a roll of bills in their flight. They were caught and gave their names as Victor Ferrelli and Gerces Gietl. In their pockets were found $39 in counterfeit bills in addition to the roll which they dropped, and which contained eleven $5 bills.

More important than the capture of these counterfeiters themselves was the discovery of some papers which gave a clue to their quarters in Mulberry street in this city. So that there are hopes that the whole gang will be captured and an end put to their criminal operations. It is a pity that workmen clever enough to counterfeit paper currency should not see that it does not pay. Sooner or later they are certain to be caught and sent to prison. No gang of counterfeiters can carry on its work successfully for more than a few weeks at a time in any part of this country.—New York Evening Sun.

CENSUS TAKING IN INDIA.

Curious Occupations Which Hindoos Admit They Follow for a Living.

Census blanks recently distributed by the English government in India for the purpose of ascertaining the size of the population have just been returned to the home office, and among them are as curious documents as were ever collected in a similar undertaking.

Under the head of "profession, occupation, etc.," a number of Hindoos admit candidly that they are "professional debtors," "constant borrowers," or "men of secret resources." Others have put themselves on record as thieves, village thieves and brigands. Some of more modest aspirations call themselves tavernkeepers, visitors of taverns, traveling storytellers, mendicants, pensioners on their sons-in-law, or simply idlers.

One Hindoo says that "he cannot work because he is a fool." Others confess to a more serious occupation, such as "expounder of oracles," "eye examiner," "sorcerer," "storm prophet," "tam-tam player," "doctor of Greek medicine." Another says that he conducts a marriage bureau for young domestics, a second declares that "he is making a business of marrying off his daughters for money," which latter is undoubtedly a very lucrative field.

One profession which seems to be very remunerative is that of "hiring out as professional court witnesses," and is followed by several Hindoos.

Lolling the Tongue.

This disagreeable habit in horses is very often met with. A horseman, writing to the National Stockman, says it is caused by sharp teeth. He adds: The inside edges of the molars are rough and sharp, and continually rasp the tongue, causing him to drop his tongue, spoiling the looks and oftentimes the sale of the horse. In the first place it will do no good to apply any of the patent bits or appliances until the teeth are filed. Get some competent person to file the inside edges of the molars, then procure two pieces of leather long enough to slip over the rings of the bit. File on each side of the horse's mouth so that one end of the leather projects to the end of the horse's nose. Drive a few tacks through the lower ends; rivet the upper ends to the stay of the bridle so that the tacks will fit directly on the side of the mouth on which the tongue protrudes, and you will have a device which will cure him. I once owned a mare that lolled her tongue when tired. She produced a fine colt which developed the same habit. I broke him of the habit in the manner described.

Piscatorial Item.

Pastor—Thomas, don't you think your parents would feel very sorry if they knew you were fishing on the Sabbath?

Thomas—Yes, sir; but not half so sore as I'd feel if they found it out.

MAN'S INCONSISTENCIES.

As Enumerated by One of His Loving, but Critical Sisters.

A man can take his life in his hand and go boldly into the trackless prairie to meet a herd of savage buffaloes, or he can traverse the horrows of an African jungle without a shudder in his body. But he cannot enter a fancy wool shop to match a special hue without breaking into a violent perspiration, and finally rushing away without fulfilling his task.

A man can suffer the amputation of a limb in heroic silence, but he cannot endure a mustard plaster on his chest without shrieking aloud for mercy, says the Cincinnati Enquirer.

A man can bear the deprivation of his wealth with the calmness of a stoic, but he cannot lose his collar stud on the bedroom floor without a violent outburst of temper.

A man can endure the pangs of hunger on a desert island with a brave spirit, but he cannot eat his bride's first pudding without a smothered ejaculation.

A man can smile grimly under the tortures of the rack, but he cannot tread on a tin tack with his bare foot without a big howl.

A man can walk forty miles a day and arrive fresh and bright at the end of his journey, but he cannot nurse a baby half an hour without complaining that he is utterly worn out.

A man can calculate to the uppermost farthing the cost of the Suez canal, but he cannot estimate the price of a woman's bonnet without egregious errors.

A man can possess the physical strength of a Samson, but he cannot help to take down the pictures for the annual spring cleaning without feeling completely exhausted with his labors.

A man can beard the savage tiger in his lair without a quiver of his muscles, but he cannot bring an unexpected friend to dinner on a washing day without trembling in every limb.

A man can suffer death at the stake with the dignity of a martyr, but he cannot chase after his hat in a public road without looking ridiculous.

A man can wait many years in proud silence for the public appreciation of his work, but at a domestic crisis he cannot get up and light the fire every day for a week without feeling that he is fit for immediate canonization.

A man will go through fire and water to win the girl of his heart, but he will not allow her to see him with a four days' growth on his chin.

DIFFICULT OF PRONUNCIATION.

Some Combinations of Vowels in English Which Stagger the Foreigner.

For making the s and z the tongue has to be partially applied to a portion of the palate next the teeth, says the Contemporary Review. Not only, however, must the contact be complete, but its place is indefinite. To make sh and zh the contact has to be made, not with the tip, but with the upper surface of the tongue, and must be an incomplete contact. Though for making the liquids the tip of the tongue and the sides of the tongue are used, yet the requisite is not any exact adjustment of the tip, but an imperfect contact with the palate. For the th the tip is used, along with the edges of the tongue, but no perfect adjustment is required, either to the edges of the teeth or to the junction of the teeth with the palate, where the sound may equally well be made. Though for the t and d complete contact of the tip and edges of the tongue with the palate is required, yet the place of contact is not definite and the tip takes no more important share in the action than the sides. Anyone who observes the movements of his tongue in speaking will find there occur no cases in which the adjustments must have an exactness corresponding to the extreme power of discrimination which the tip possesses; for speech this endowment is useless. Even were it useful it could not be shown that it has been developed by survival of the fittest; for though perfect articulation is useful, yet imperfect articulation has rarely such an effect as to impede a man in the maintenance of his life. If he is a good workman a German's interchanges of bs and ps do not disadvantage him. A Frenchman who, in place of the sound of th always makes the sound of z, succeeds as a teacher of music or dancing, no less than if he achieved the English pronunciation. Nay, even such an imperfection of speech as that which arises from cleft palate does not prevent a man getting on if he is capable. True, it may go against him as a candidate for parliament, of as an "orator" of the unemployed (mostly not worth employing). But in the struggle for life he is not hindered by the effect of being less able than others to maintain himself and his offspring.

NOT IN THEIR LINE.

Texas Cowboys Have No Time for a Parlor Car.

Two Texas cowboys recently had the novel experience of riding over the Missouri, Kansas & Texas road, says the Atlanta Constitution. But they seemed to feel uncomfortable from the time the train pulled out from the point that they got on out in the brush. When they got in the Wagner sleeper, one of them said to the other:

"Bill, you'll have to take you spurs offen your hoofs if you expect to put your boots on the top of that seat."

Bill did so, and then seemed pained and surprised when the porter told him that passengers were not expected to put their feet on the plush-covered seats. He toyed with his gun until the porter retired. Then he rolled a cigarette it and the conductor showed him where the smoking receptacle of the vestibuled train was he seemed annoyed.

At supper time, when all the passengers on the buffet gave their orders and the two cowboys gave theirs, telling the porter to bring them "all there was on the programme and be sure to bring them plenty of sardines," they handed the porter a $5 bill and were surprised when he asked them for 15 cents more.

Both of them said, "That settles it. If we stay in this here concern that nigger will have our whole roll before we get to the next station. No wonder the gang hold up the trains, but I am surprised at 'em goin' after the mail when they would have such a soft snap with the coon in the high toned corral. If ever I was to go into the train robbery business I would go coon huntin' first and git the black scoundrel that wanted four bits for slickin' up our boots." They quit the train at the next wayside station.

Ducks for Breeding Purposes.

One drake and five ducks is the proportion of sexes, and a flock of ten ducks should supply all the eggs that may be required for next year. As long as grass is plentiful and the ducks have a wide range they need cost nothing at this season, but as soon as it becomes necessary to feed them the flock should be reduced to a minimum, as they are voracious. Young ducks will bring as much now as at any time during the remainder of the year, and it will be an advantage to sell them. The old ducks will prove the best layers for next year.—Farm and Fireside.

A Cry For Pure Food.

Alum and Ammonia Baking Powders Must Retire.
Honest Legislation to Protect the Consumer
Against Hurtful and Impure Food is Coming.

The Price Baking Powder Co.

intends keeping up the agitation against the use of Alum and Ammonia in Baking Powders.

Labeling Ammonia and Alum powders "Absolutely Pure" no longer deceives the people.

Neither will the use of purchased certificates by so-called Government chemists avail.

There is no such official as Government chemist.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

is a pure cream of tartar powder. Its purity has never been questioned.

THE SMALL CHANGE POCKET.

It Breeds Profligacy, and There Should Be a Crusade Against It.

"A 'Congress to abolish the Small Change Pocket' would be an appropriate way in which to wind up the series of meetings under President Bonney," remarked a sad-eyed man yesterday. "There is nothing in the world that tends more in the direction of profligate expenditures.

"The Sherman law has had the major part of the burden of hard times laid upon its shoulders, but no greater evil to the prosperity and financial well-doing of humanity exists to-day than the little receptacle on the right-hand side of a man's coat, where the stray nickels, dimes, quarters and halves find their way when a large bill is changed.

"From the moment the coins drop into the pocket they might as well be charged up to dead loss, for the owner loses their identity right then and there, so far as value is concerned.

"It is so easy, when passing along through the streets, in the shops, or the many places where there are opportunities to spend money in little driblets, to dip into this pocket, and it is cleaned out before one has any notion of it. To the change pocket also I lay the blame to a considerable extent of the increase of the drink habit. Many a man has indulged himself in a cocktail simply because he had the price so handy, whereas had he kept it in a purse he might have thought twice before drinking."—Chicago Tribune.

They All Saw It Move.

Mrs. Burton, with her husband—Sir Richard Burton, the famous traveler—and two ladies, had driven out of Trieste to a village dance, and were sitting in the carriage listening to the band.

Suddenly, at the top of a roof, I caught sight of a rat, which appeared to me to be spellbound by the music.

"Look!" I said. "Don't move, but watch that rat, fascinated by the music."

So we all sat and watched it, and thought it most interesting that rats should be susceptible to music like lizards and snakes.

We all saw it move; we all saw its head turn and its tail move, and we kept still, not to frighten it away. The next day, feeling so much interested in the affair, we sent to inquire about it. The rat, it turned out, was made of painted tin, and fixed to the top of the house. So much for imagination.

Invitations to Church Weddings.

On receipt of an invitation to a church wedding it is proper to mail, at any time before the ceremony, visiting cards, representing the persons invited, to the persons issuing the invitation, whether or not you attend the ceremony, writes Mrs. Hamilton Mott in the Ladies' Home Journal. If a reception card is inclosed, a written acceptance or declination of both invitations should be sent at least a week before the wedding. For afternoon "At Homes" cards should be left for "Teas," though for evening receptions it is not usual to leave cards—a card-case not forming a necessary part of an evening costume. And finally it may be said that some prompt acknowledgment should be made to every form of social invitation, or the recipient will be guilty of a breach of etiquette.

How to Keep Butter Sweet.

It is the easiest thing in the world. Simply put it in clean jars and cover with strong brine. This will keep pure butter a year fresh and sweet, as we know by experience. It is almost equally good to put it in oak casks, headed tight. This is equivalent to canning fruit. The brine in the case of the jars acts as a heading, keeping the air out. But butter should be made well; we have never experimented on poor butter. Work out the buttermilk till you have only pure "beads," clear as rain water; but do not work so much as to break the grain, in which case you have a tough, heavy article in winter and grease in summer. Such butter we advise no one to try to preserve.

A Woman Planter.

A planter's wife was left with a Mississippi river plantation, under a $23,000 mortgage, and a family of five children, just ready for school and college. The two years' illness of her husband had given her a grasp of the business. After his death, when the commission merchant came up to "close her out," the improved condition of the place and the wisdom of her plans caused him to say: "I'll advance all the money you want this year." At the end of three years she had paid the mortgage, sent her sons and daughters to college, and her plantation was universally confessed to be the best improved one in the county. Not very long after she married the young man whom she had placed in charge of a store she opened.

A New Kind of Creditor.

"My dear," said a lady to her husband, as she was looking over the newspaper, "what are preferred creditors?"

"They are the—the—the creditors who never send in their bills. Leastways that's the kind that I prefer."

In the City of Mexico the street railway furnishes funeral cars.

London has over 1,000 "haunted" houses.

A giraffe sells for $5,000.

THERE'S DISCOMFORT, pain and griping, with the usual pills. Take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, and there's nothing of the kind. You regulate the dose according to your needs—one little Pellet for a gentle laxative or corrective, three for a cathartic—but it's all perfectly easy and natural. And the help that comes in this way, *lasts.*

These tiny, sugar-coated granules are the smallest in size and the easiest to take. They absolutely and permanently *cure* Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Billious Headache, Dizziness, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels.

For the worst cases of chronic Catarrh, for Catarrhal Headache, impaired taste, smell, or hearing, and all the troubles that follow Catarrh, there's nothing so prompt to relieve and so certain to cure, as Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Its proprietors offer $500 reward for any case of Catarrh which they cannot cure.

HE TOOK A CORBETT POMPADOUR.

First He Wanted His Hair Cut in the Tenth Avenue Style.

"Crop it as close as you can all over," said a rural visitor as a barber on upper Broadway tucked a towel around his neck preparatory to cutting his hair.

"All right, sir, but that is the Tenth avenue style."

"Is it? Well, then, trim it square across behind."

"Certainly, sir, just as you say; but that is the way they do it on the Bowery."

"Well, s'pose you let a little cowslick in front so I can sleek it down."

"Like Ollie Teall, you mean?"

"Who is he?"

"Scion of society."

"Well, I don't hanker much after society myself, although my girls give two or three big parties every winter. None of the neighbors can equal them for splendor, either."

"Well, how would you like a nice quiet Van Allen cut; that is, high in the neck, with a dry shampoo? They are all the rage now, you know."

"And who in the thunder is he?"

"The new minister to Rome and the political lion of the hour."

"No, I reckon you'd better just give me a plain Jim Corbett pompadour. Probably he ain't a social scion or a political lion like them other fellows you speak about, but everybody up in our neighborhood has heard of him, and his style goes with us."

Then an expression of contentment stole over his face; he closed his eyes and the barber proceeded to throw his hirsute.—New York World.

SEDITION IN DOLL'S CLOTHES.

Consternation Caused in Alsace by the Gay Dress of a Baby's Plaything.

The little province of Alsace has had a hard time in many respects since it was conquered by the Germans, says the Youth's Companion. Every possible precaution is taken to guard against any demonstration of the French national spirit, and though the children are allowed to learn the language of their ancestors they are not allowed to be taught it by French governesses. The following story shows the extent to which the government formerly carried its practice of watching the people: A few years ago a little girl was seen playing with a doll which was dressed in red, white and blue. The suspicions of the officials were aroused, for it was certainly dreadful to see the power of the German empire so badly threatened. The child was tracked to its home and there the officer found that the doll was a present. He went immediately to the lady who had given it to the child, and obtained the address of the store where the dangerous plaything was bought. It was a modest little place, but the officer found it at last, and then discovered that the doll had been made and dressed in Leipsig. This was a surprise, but the matter did not end here, for the manufacturer in Leipsig was officially requested not to send any more red, white and blue dolls to Alsace.

An Outcast Dog's Gratitude.

A ten-year-old little girl had fallen into the Tiber that day (July 24) from the parapets of the Ponte Margherita. The crowd who witnessed the accident merely ran hither and thither on the bridge and the banks calling for some one to help the child—nobody daring to do so. Two policemen spent the time in making inquiries as to whether "it was a case of murder or suicide?" The child, meanwhile, was visibly drowning, when a dog—a workman's miserable dog, destined to end a wretched day in the Stabularia Municipale (lost dogs' yard)—leaped barking into the Tiber, under the eyes of all the screaming but useless crowd. The poor beast, accustomed to feed upon street offal and to sleep in any shed it could find, swam out to the little girl in peril, caught her dress and drew her to the shore. When he saw her in safety the dog bayed and jumped for joy, licking the child's face and hands. It appears they had been friends. The child had known the dog in a manufactory at Prati di Castello, and the poor animal was grateful to her for some crumbs or caresses. The crowd then tried to catch the dog, to see how an animal more brave than so many men was made. But it ran through their midst and disappeared.—Zoophilist.

I Cure Dyspepsia and Constipation. Dr. Shoop's Restorative Nerve Pills sent free with Medical Book to prove merit for 2c stamp. Druggists, 25c. Dr. Shoop, Box W., Racine, Wis.

The bookseller's lists contain the titles of over 600 cook books.

Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine. Cures Chapped Hands and Face, Tender or Sore Feet, Chilblains, Piles, &c. C. G. Clark Co., New Haven, Ct.

The Mississippi Valley has an area of 1,500,000 square miles.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth, Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething.

Chicago is said to have a per capita indebtedness of $25 75.

Never buy whiskey for medicinal purposes unless you know the bottlers of it to be reliable, as most whiskies sold under celebrated names are spurious, cheap articles, whose bottlers cannot afford to have their names on the labels.

Uncle Sam's Monogram Whiskey is bottled by the oldest and largest firm in the Liquor line in the Northwest and the favor with which it has been received is the best proof of its superior quality. Ask your druggist or retail dealer for it.

The score of a base ball game at Brenham, Tex., was 111 to 11.

Silver Dollars.

You will save a great many in buying a watch from The Syndicate Watch Co., 312 Nicollet Avenue Minneapolis, Minn. The largest wholesale Watch Co., in the west and deals direct with the consumer. Send for catalogue, (mailed free,) to consult prices.

A resident of Barton county, Mo., has a beard seven feet long.

We will give $100 reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.
F. J. CHENEY & CO. Props., Toledo, O.

There are 242 life-saving stations on the coasts of this country.

Don't Leave Port,

Don't go on a long land journey, don't start as emigrant for the far west, if unprovided with that defender of health and conqueror of sickness, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which will defend you from sea sickness, nullify fatigue and ill health caused by travel and change of diet, and counteract malaria. Peerless is it for dyspepsia, rheumatism, liver complaint, nervousness and debility.

In France women are station agents.

ST. JACOBS OIL CURES PAIN, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, SPRAINS, BRUISES, SWELLINGS, BURNS.

CHAPTER VIII—(Continued.)

Lady Rosedene came in, and they had luncheon together; then, while she rested in the quiet, pretty parlor, where fair Elsie had made such brief sunshine, and Alan went to see that the horses had been fed, Francis Vane and his daughter walked across the garden into the church-yard, and stood by the green grave. He laid his hand on the fair bright head.

"Hyacinth, your mother lies here. I often fancy I see a soft, white cloud above the grass, and that she rests upon it. Tell me, do you love Alan Branston?"

"With all my heart, father," she said. And he knew, from the quiet, self-contained tone how intense that love was.

"I should like to give you one warning, child. You have experienced no love save mine; and mine has been true. I loved your mother while living, and have loved quite as dearly dead. The grave in which she lies is more to me than the living, beating heart of any other woman. But, Hyacinth, my dear child, you must not expect such a love—neither so deep, so true, nor so strong. It does not often fall to a woman's lot."

"It is mine, father," she declared, in a tone of quiet conviction.

He looked sadly at her.

"You must not expect too much," he said; "the love we give and receive on earth is not like the love of heaven. Do not set all the hope of your life, child, on your love."

"Did you do that, father?" she asked. And he answered:

"Yes, it is because I did it that I can warn you."

She smiled as she rejoined:

"Some great poet has written that 'no warning avails in love.' No warning will avail. Whether my love makes or mars my life matters little. I have given my life with it."

A sunbeam fell on the green grave as she spoke. It was as though the dead would fain have warned the living. And then father and daughter returned to the house.

CHAPTER IX.

The glad days of the happy winter passed away brightly, and the home of the solitary student was brightened by the love and joy of the young lovers. His life was cheered, too, by the constant kindness of the squire. Great baskets of game, hot-house fruits, and that which he valued more than all, huge parcels of books, were sent by Alan Branston. It was characteristic of him that he was never so pleased as when lavishing kindness on Francis Vane. He established a rule that he should be allowed to send what he liked to Hyacinth. Francis Vane made some gentle remonstrance; but he was overruled.

"You live out of the world, and I live in it," he answered. "I see what Hyacinth wants, and you do not. I shall think you do not believe in my love for her unless you allow me to send what I will."

The father ceased to remonstrate, and the gallant young lover lavished costly gifts on his beautiful fiancee.

Francis Vane had a small legacy left him, and he gave it all for his daughter's trousseau. He intrusted it to Mrs. Morley, who was only too delighted to assist. The most wonderful week of Hyacinth's life was the one she spent in London, shopping with Mrs. Morley. So the winter months were fully occupied, and some of the brightness of old times came over the house.

It was marvelous how many excuses Alan found for going to Sweetbriers; he rode or drove over regularly, on one pretext or another. Mr. Vane and his daughter became so accustomed to see him that when he was not there the day seemed robbed of its brightness.

The snowdrops, the violets, the yellow crocus, the primroses, all came up. The stern face of winter gave place to the smile of spring. The hedges bloomed with pink and white hawthorn, the dark branches were covered with leaves, meadows were full of life, and when fair sweet May came round Lady Rosedene filled her house again with visitors. She had not found a new beauty, and she must have a pleasant group of friends to welcome her. She invited Hyacinth, who gladly promised to visit her. Said her ladyship:

"You must bring some of your pretty new dresses, Hyacinth. You must do honor to the squire's choice."

When Alan Branston heard that she was going to Dene Hall, he besieged Lady Rosedene until she extended her invitation to him.

She had a presentiment of coming evil, for she said to him:

"Come if you like; but I think you had better spend your time in making Elmsthorpe Grange ready for your wife."

She laughed as she spoke, and he laughed as he answered that he would far rather spend his time in making love to his wife who was to be.

It promised to be a very pleasant and harmonious party. Hyacinth looked forward to it with the greatest delight. She was to go on the second of May, Alan on the fourth. Francis Vane parted with her, fearing no ill, knowing that he would soon lose her altogether. Yet that night, as he sat watching, it seemed to him that a strange cloud rested over his wife's grave.

Hyacinth Vane said to herself that she should always love Dene better than any other place, because it had been the scene of her love story. It was pleasant to linger in the gardens and grounds, to look round the rooms, and remember all that happened there. Lady Rosedene was delighted to see her. She was in excellent spirits.

"People may well call my house attractive," she said, "I have two of the loveliest women in England in it now; and the wonder of it is that you are such foils to each other. You are fair as the northern lily; and my new guest is dark as any Spanish signora—the most beautiful brunette I have ever seen; all other women look plain beside her. Still I prefer fair women."

When Hyacinth went down into the drawing-room, she was better able to judge. Many old friends greeted her, every one was pleased to see the fair young face; Hyacinth saw a superbly beautiful woman, with large liquid eyes, full of fire and passion, and a mouth like a rose. She was a picture of loveliness, on whom no man could look unmoved.

Hyacinth had never seen any one like her. She wore a dress of black velvet, cut so low as to show the marvelous neck and shoulders, with their warm tint, and the bare rounded arms, on which shone rich bands of gold. She carried a richly-jeweled fan, and wore diamonds in the masses of dusky hair that sat like a crown on her head. And her brilliant face had the imperial beauty men in olden days gave to the goddesses they worshipped.

She read the wonder in the tender earnest eyes, and smiled. There was more character in her smile even than in her face—it came slowly, and was, to a keen observer, cruel. Lady Rosedene introduced Hyacinth to her. Lady Fraser smiled again, and in her turn looked intently at her golden-haired rival.

Hyacinth thought the sound of her voice very sweet. She watched her in wonder. She had never seen any one so superbly beautiful, and so superbly dressed.

Lady Fraser was older than herself by some years, and the contrast between the fair, fresh, golden-haired girl and the beautiful dark-eyed woman was curious in its way.

She fascinated Hyacinth—it was a certain fact that, if Lady Fraser once took the trouble to smile in any face, she made the owner of it captive at once. There was no power to resist; she possessed a marvelous gift of fascination.

She smiled a little at the young girl's unconscious homage.

"We shall see what we shall see," said Lady Fraser.

On the fourth of May Alan Branston came, and when he reached the Hall Lady Fraser had gone out into the grounds. She had found for herself a pleasant seat behind the plumed lilac-trees. There a soft western wind, a sweet perfume reached her without the warmth of the sun's rays. There was no one amongst the visitors whom she thought it worth her while to conquer, so she had given her morning to the study of some poems.

Presently, on looking up, she saw a stranger who interested her—a tall, handsome man, young, with a brave bright face, and dark earnest eyes—a man who was evidently a gentleman, from his erect, easy carriage and courtly manner. Who was he?

She answered her own question. It was the squire, of course—Alan Branston—Miss Vane's lover; and a goodly lover he was, in Lady Fraser's eyes. As they passed by the group of lilac-trees, engrossed in each other, and forgetting the world, she heard Alan say:

"I see no beauty in any face but yours, my love. Other faces are all blank to me."

They walked on; but with the sound of the words in her ears an evil spirit entered the beautiful woman's heart. She laughed aloud—a cruel laugh.

"What nonsense," she said to herself. "I will teach him that other faces are not all blanks. My face shall not be a blank to him. So that is the child's lover. Well, he is a gallant one, tall and handsome—simple, too, if he thinks hers the only face on earth worth looking at."

She was a woman of insatiable vanity. She had been so much worshipped all her life for her marvelous beauty that she considered the heart of every man she met her lawful prey.

She had but little trouble in winning them. A gleam from her splendid eyes—a touch of her white jeweled hand—a whisper from her musical voice—a smile from her beautiful lips—and the weak hearts of men went out to her, no matter what bound them. She had never had the least trouble in making a conquest. The strongest and wisest men had fallen before her like the leaves from the trees.

She was cruel. It was play to her to take a man's heart in her soft white hand, and after toying with it for a time, crush it, as she would have crushed a rose-leaf. Her vanity was insatiable—nothing ever daunted her. If she liked any one, or thought the conquest of any particular person would add to her reputation as a beauty and winner of hearts, she pursued that person to the bitter end. The gentle heart of a loving wife might break, the love of a fair fiancee might all be turned to gall and bitterness—Lady Fraser merely laughed. All that her victims won in return was a few smiles, a few tete-a-tetes, a week's fidelity, and then they had to make room for another.

It was dull, according to her notions, at Dene; there were several men, but none whom she cared to win. The handsome young squire, however, took her fancy, and she smiled as she said to herself that she would win him.

"Such boy-and-girl love—such nonsense—only one face in the world for him! It is high time he saw two. It will do him good—educate him. A flirtation with a woman like myself is the best possible education for one like him. It will do the girl good, too, if he talks to her in that way. She will begin to think herself an angel." She had nothing particular to occupy her during the next few weeks, and it would not do to get out of practice. If there had been a handsomer or wealthier man at Dene hall, she would not have troubled Alan; but he looked so handsome and so gallant, added to which there was the irresistable fact that he belonged to some one else, that it would be a little amusement for her, relieve the tediousness of her visit, to captivate him. It would be amusing, because at first he would doubtless rebel. After all, if she chose to educate him and show him that life held more for him than he knew at present, it concerned no one. When she had had her fair share of amusement, she would be leaving Dene, and perhaps should not see him again. She would not wish to see him—a few weeks were quite enough for any poor moth.

She laughed softly to herself as she thought how the fair-haired girl would be lost in a maze of wonder and doubt, and how rejoiced she would be to win her lover again.

She walked back leisurely to the house.

"Yes," she said to herself, "I have nothing better to do. I will try if I can win him."

And she dressed with unusual care, smiling as she did so to think how easy her conquest would be.

CHAPTER X.

"He is worth winning"—that was Lady Fraser's verdict after she had passed an evening in Alan's society.

True, he had devoted himself to Hyacinth; but she had had time to note the beauty of his face, the grace of his manner; and Lady Rosedene had told her that he was wealthy beyond the ordinary run of squires—so wealthy, in fact, that Miss Vane was the envy of all the young ladies in the county.

Lady Fraser opened her beautiful eyes. Surely she could desire no better husband than this handsome young squire, who was wealthy enough to gratify every whim? Still marriage was an affair of the future. She had not that to think about yet.

Very soon she had attracted his attention, as she felt sure she should. She had startled him out of his calmness. He had looked into the depths of her splendid eyes, and for one half moment had lost himself. He had admitted to himself that her beauty was wonderful; and then he had turned with redoubled love to Hyacinth. It was like rest in the sweet moonlight after the overpowering light of day.

"He will not forget me," said Lady Fraser to herself. "He knows now that there is another fair face in the world, and he will be puzzled soon as to which is the fairer."

When the hour of retiring came, Alan wished her good night. Once more those wonderful eyes of hers were raised to his, and seemed to pour a flood of electric light into them. Sweet Hyacinth, standing near, saw the look, and shrank from it.

Lady Fraser went to her room well content.

"He will think of me," she said to herself; "and to-morrow he will be anxious to see me again. He will have more to dream of to-night than a baby face and golden hair."

She lay back in the easy chair in her dressing-room while her maid brushed out the long silken dusky hair. She looked over an album filled with photographs, and smiled, as she thought that she should in all probability add Alan's to the number.

The first she glanced at with a light laugh—the original had simply ruined himself for her sake—believed in her, asked her to marry him; then, when she had laughed at him, had thrown up his commission and gone to the bad.

"How he loved me," she said to herself; "but how foolish he was!"

The next portrait was that of a fair-haired clergyman. She laughed again as she remembered the tragedy of his despair. They told her that he died cursing her. It mattered little to her whether he did so or not. Then came the sad face of a young Frenchman, whose eyes seemed to look at her with the weariness of passion and despair.

"I never liked him," she thought; "I should never have cared to know him; but that white-faced little countess professed to believe him so loyal to her."

Then came a soldier with a bronzed face and fearless look. He had led his regiment against a fire few would have cared to meet—he had fought desperately; but on the day that this beautiful woman smiled in his face, and told him that she had no more thoughts of marrying him than she had of turning Mohammedan, he went home with the soft sweet laugh ringing in his ears and shot himself.

(To Be Continued.)

A DIZZY FAKIR.

He Never Weakened When the Man Pulled Off His Coat.

A fakir had a lot of German silver rings spread out on a little table just across the street from the depot, and was declaring in a loud voice that he would warrant each one to cure rheumatism if worn on the finger for a month, when a stout-backed and determined-looking man walked up to him and said:

"You were at Cartersville about a month ago?"

"Yes, sir, and I'm going back there next week. The people of Cartersville are crying for my rings. Who wants the next. Five different sizes and all warranted to afford permanent relief to the wearers."

"I bought this 'ere ring of you down at Cartersville," continued the man, with a gleam of danger in his eye.

"Not the slightest doubt of it, my dear sir, and I'm glad to know it has done you a power of good. Gentlemen, this is the last chance you may ever have to get one of these electro-magnetic anti-rheumatism rings. Every one guaranteed as represented or money refunded. Relieves rheumatism in five minutes and works a complete cure in four weeks."

"You are a dog-goned liar," shouted the stout-backed man as he pealed off his coat.

"Gentlemen, fellow-citizens of the United States," shouted the fakir. "Here's a man who bought a ring from me a month ago. It was a guarantee ring, but something is wrong with it. Instead of saying so, however, he calls me a liar—not a plain liar, but a dog-goned liar."

"So you are—a liar and a fraud."

"Gentlemen, come closer. My honor is at stake. My first impulse is to annihilate this man, but I never act on impulse. I know that he is in error. I know that I can convince him of the fact. Later on he will beg my pardon for his rudeness. Now, then, tell this crowd what's the matter with the ring."

"It hasn't helped my rheumatism the least bit."

"Have you worn it steadily?"

"I have."

"And on your honor you have not been benefited?"

"Not a spark."

"Let me see it. Ha! Gentlemen, here is the keynote to the mystery. Our firm manufactures three different sorts of these rings. There are the rheumatic ring, the consumption ring and the catarrh ring. By accident a consumption ring got mixed up with the rheumatic rings and was sold to this man without my detecting it. No wonder it has not helped his rheumatism! It wasn't made to. It has cured his case of consumption, however, as you can all see by his looks, and he ought to be grateful for that. Look at him, fellow citizens—a man positively cured of that dread disease, consumption, kicking because it does not also cure the rheumatism at the same time and for the trifling matter of fifty cents!"

The crowd began to murmur and the stout-backed man to go down into his boots and the fakir capped the climax by shouting:

"But human nature is ever thus! I expect to meet one such man in every crowd. Here, sir—here is a catarrh ring, and here is a rheumatic ring—both free gifts to you. Wear them and be cured. Be cured of three awful human ailments for the small sum of half a dollar, and then come back and kick because our firm hasn't yet begun to manufacture an electric ring to knock out fever and ague and straighten out a pair of bow legs and grow hair on a bald head at the same time!"—Louisville Commercial.

PARTING GIVES PAIN.

An Agonizing Scene Enacted by Two Sweethearts.

It was 5 p. m. and George Montgomery had been spending the afternoon with sweet Lillian Luray.

"Good-by, darling," he said, fondly, as they stood at the door.

"Good-by, George," she murmured, nestling her head in the time-honored place.

"Good-by."

"Good-by."

"In every parting, dearest, there is the image of death," he whispered, holding her close and kissing her passionately, "and we may never meet again."

"Oh, George, darling," she said, clinging to him almost fiercely.

"Who knows, my own, what may happen between this hour and when we meet again?"

"Oh! George, my love, say that you will come back to me; to your own little loving Lillian. George; the same beautiful and brave George you have always been."

"Trust me, Lillian, darling; trust your George."

"Oh, darling," she said, strong in the faith which women have, "I do trust you. How could I love you so if I did not?" and she kissed him fondly.

"Then I shall come again, Lillian, my own."

"But when, George? When?" she asked anxiously.

"At 8 this evening, darling."

"Oh, George," she wailed, "will it be so long as that? So long, so long?"

He took her in his arms tenderly.

"Darling," he whispered, "I will make it 7:30."

And it came to pass as he had spoken.

Smokeless Powder in Battle.

The recent gigantic maneuvers in Galicia were conducted on a scale never attempted before. They are said to have given observers a much higher idea of the Austro-Hungarian army than hitherto obtained, for it must be confessed that the history of this century down to the latest date has little in the way of campaigns to give people a sense of trust in the armies of the Hapsburgs. Three days of mimic fighting developed a lot of new facts. It seems that smokeless powder alters the whole theory of the handling of troops in battle. The experiments were on a pretty flat ground, without rivers or much cover, and although there were two army corps on each side, with a six-mile frontage to form in, it was found that only one corps could be used at a time. Even this had to be minutely divided in action. The all-important point now in actual warfare will be to escape observation and sneak upon the enemy in small bodies, whose only sound of command is a low signal whistle, and this is evidently going to restore to minor individual commanders those chances for personal glory which have been steadily diminishing since Napoleon's time. Another very notable discovery is that cavalry has next to no chance at all against the new small-bore repeating rifle in the hands of infantry. This is seriously important, because of late there has been a decided cavalry cult, and all the big powers have been increasing that brand of the art of war, especially Russia.—New York Times.

Italian soldiers are allowed cigars as a part of their daily rations.

In 1730 whole provinces of China were given up to the cultivation of the poppy.

AROUND A GREAT STATE.

INTERESTING EVENTS OF THE WEEK IN MINNESOTA

Important Occurrences in the North Star State Day by Day—A General Resume of the Week's Doings Arranged for Rapid Reading.

Thursday, Oct. 5.

Frank Pettit, aged 15 years, a son of Jonas Pettit of Smith Lake, had one arm cut off by the cars.

A report has been received at Renville that five threshing rigs burned between Clara City and Sacred Heart. The fire was caused by incendiaries.

The Red Wing stone works, which closed down this summer, have resumed work. A reduction of ten per cent in wages has been made.

A man named Chappelle, engaged with a threshing crew near Quincy, tipped his machine over an embankment while driving from town, breaking his neck by the fall.

Charles Baker, a convict employed in the prison blacksmith shop at Stillwater, attempted suicide by driving a sharpened file into his body. His injuries are not fatal. Baker was a three-year man, sent from Minneapolis.

T. H. Kvelqual of Clitherall, Gov. Nelson's uncle, was thrown from his buggy at Fergus Falls and so badly injured that Mrs. Kvelqual was summoned home from Chicago. He is recovering slowly.

Six parties were arrested at Fergus Falls for selling liquor without a license. A St. Paul detective worked up the cases, and has dragged a number of business men in as witnesses. The grand jury will consider the cases next month.

Friday, Oct. 6.

Gov. Nelson commutes the sentence of wife murderer Beaver.

Fire in Browntor burned a house and livery barn belonging to H. J. Altnow, and eight horses owned by A. J. Smith.

The trial of Frank Murphy for the murder of Thomas Rich on June 28, at the Mississippi house, Winona, has begun.

Burglars entered the hardware store of Aug. Neil at Sauk Rapids, and secured revolvers, razors, etc., amounting to $60. No clue.

Hon. John Byers of Hastings is appointed on the state public school board to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Dr. Dodge.

Mrs. L. Crevier and Miss M. McManus were thrown from a carriage at Spicer. Mrs. Crevier's arm was broken and Miss McManus had an ankle and wrist badly sprained.

The Winona & Southwestern railway company has been unable as yet to pay the half yearly interest, due Oct. 1, on their $2,118,500 first mortgage 6 per cent bonds.

Theodore Witt, employe of the Manufacturing Investment company's mill at Appleton, was struck by a piece of block from a circular saw and sustained a fracture of the skull. He was taken to the hospital. He cannot live.

Saturday, Oct. 7.

Gov. Nelson issues a call for another anti-trust convention in Chicago.

During the month of September the La Grange flour mill of Red Wing broke all previous records in its history by grinding 98,000 bushels of wheat and producing 21,000 barrels of flour.

Tams Bixby, private secretary to Gov. Nelson, has suspended Chas. H. Dart, treasurer of Meeker county. Cause, malfeasance in office, discovered by Deputy State Examiner West a few days ago.

On complaint of G. Krebs, Charles Weisgerber was arrested at Winona for horse stealing. He borrowed the horse ostensibly to go to a town in the vicinity to collect money due him to pay for the horse, but in five weeks had not been seen or heard from until arrested to-day.

The Knox Lumber company was incorporated at Duluth with $80,000 capital, and will build a mill at Ely. The incorporators are S. G. Knox, Robert Whiteside and John Whiteside. A contract has been taken by the Marinette Iron Works company of Duluth to build the entire machinery plant.

Eric Truesdon, a Swede, and a stone mason by trade, living in Afton, was in Stillwater, recently, and bought a gallon of alcohol. Returning home he went to a low resort in Afton village, where he caroused for a time. In the morning he was found unconscious in the rear of the place with the tines of a rusty pitchfork sticking in his body and $120 in cash, which he was known to have, missing.

Sunday, Oct. 8.

Jacob Brown was instantly killed at Pipestone while attempting to take a belt from a threshing machine. He leaves a wife and child.

While examining a gun at Pine City which was supposed to be empty, L. Sellers had his arm torn off near the elbow by its accidental discharge.

Sheriff Hill and Chief of Police Sullivan of Moorhead arrested twenty gamblers. They were taken before Justice Barnard and fined $20 and costs each.

Suit has been commenced against the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway by the widow of the late F. Struck, who was recently killed at Faribault for $5,000 damages.

The old band of St. James has resumed, after a suspension of about two months, satisfactory arrangements having been made by Mr. Armstrong whereby he is enabled to again take up the business.

Louis Chapelle, owner of a steam thresher, was found dead by the side of the road about nine miles north of Dover. Chapelle was supposed to have been thrown from his cart, as his neck was broken.

The county commissioners of Meeker county met to appoint a county treasurer to serve during the investigation. They appointed the suspended treasurer, much to the surprise of a great many. People are wondering what the governor will do in regard to the appointment.

Monday, Oct. 9.

By the explosion of a lamp at Canby Mrs. Michael Hanson was badly burned and her house and most of her household goods destroyed.

Ivar Simonson was kicked by a horse at Kenyon and the frontal bone smashed, part of the brain coming out. Death is momentarily expected.

Two men were arrested at Carlton by Sheriff McKinnon, who had a bay horse and a black mare in their possession, supposed to have been stolen. They gave their names as A. J. Alexander and William Welsh.

A man giving his name as Dan Noble and who says he came from Nova Scotia, where he has a family, was knocked down and robbed of $22 in the railway yards at St. Cloud. He has a bad cut on the back of his head.

While Dr. M. B. Salisbury and his three-year-old son, Roy, of Le Sueur, were emptying a straw tick in the barn of a neighbor, W. H. Stewart, Roy was accidentally shot by Mrs. Stewart, who fired a 22-caliber rifle at a mark on the barn, unaware that any one was inside. The ball passed through the wall of the barn and pierced the skull of the little fellow near the temple. The boy cannot live.

Tuesday, Oct. 10.

Fire in Rothchild & Khan's millinery house at St. Paul does $30,000 worth of damage.

Two stock trains came together on the Northern Pacific main track at St. Cloud, demolishing one car. The passenger train was delayed two hours. No one was hurt.

The committee appointed by the Red Wing council some time ago to ascertain and report on the matter of voting bonds to build a bridge across the river has made a report in favor of holding a special election to vote on the issuing of bonds.

In the Great Northern railroad yards at St. Cloud several tramps attempted to go through a fellow hobo. He resisted, and as a result one of his assailants fired at him at close quarters. The bullet struck him in the forehead and glanced upward, taking away a section of the scalp. He lost his valise in the melee.

Wednesday, Oct. 11.

Martin Lewis was found dead in bed at Goodhue.

Dover has a new hotel, erected by Calvin Carter.

W. A. Black of St. Cloud, who was short in his accounts with McGregor Bros., will settle the case, his father paying the shortage.

H. J. Anderson of St. Cloud has deeded Urbanski, the man crippled last year in his saw mill, an eighty-acre farm. Urbanski sued for damages and failed to get a verdict.

A three-year-old son of L. S. Overholser of Osage was shot accidentally by a six-year-old brother, who was fooling with a shotgun. His lower jaw was shot off. The child is dead.

A brilliant meteor flashed over Rushford and exploded with a terrific report a mile or so west of there. Its brilliancy exceeded that of a powerful search light.

Burglars attempted to rob the post-office at Jackson on Saturday night. They drilled partly into the safe, then abandoned the job, but robbed the till of $1 in change.

A monstrosity was born last week to Mrs. Mat Hammerding, a farmer's wife, Luxembourg. The child is said to have no arms, and the face and upper part of the body resembles a frog.

An attempt was made to burglarize the Carlton County bank at Carlton. The burglars pried the side window open, removed the iron bars and got into the vault by drilling a hole through the door. The combination safe was not touched. They evidently gave it up. One suspect has been arrested. Nothing was stolen.

A NEW PERSPECTOGRAPH.

A Clever Little Invention of Use in the Arts.

The oft-felt wish of many of our artistic readers, to be able to enlarge original drawings without much trouble, has hitherto remained ungratified, but now they will certainly rejoice to hear of a clever little invention by the aid of which many technical difficulties may be overcome.

We allude to the perspectograph, of which, in its simplest form, the leading feature is an elastic band, on which a small bead is threaded. As this bead fits so tight that it can only be moved when the elastic is stretched to the utmost, we must consider it to be firm wherever fixed. One end of the elastic is secured between two metal plates, forming a sort of button, and the other runs into the movable center of an ordinary pencil case, which turns to prevent the twisting of the elastic when in use. The button, the small original and the sheet for the copy are fastened with drawing pins on the drawing board, the two former to the upper left part. Then the pencil is taken in the hand and guided to follow the movements of the bead over the outlines of the original.

Curious as the work seems at first, the hand soon becomes accustomed to the involuntary motion, and begins to feel as if it were drawing with the bead itself rather than with the pencil, while the effect is both useful and interesting.

The directions and instrument are equally easy, the actual length of the elastic having nothing to do with the proportions; the position of the bead alone determines the size of the copy. Say, for instance, the original measures 8 1-2 inches high and we wish the copy to be 22, all we have to do is to measure these distances and place the pencil at 22 inches and the bead at 8 1-2. When thus arranged it is impossible to obtain other proportions, whatever the relative position of the original copy or paper may be.

The above-described instrument can, however, only be used for large designs, as the bead embraces too much space to allow of very fine lines, so for photographs, miniatures, small engravings, etc., a somewhat finer apparatus is preferable. By its aid the finest as well as the thickest lines can be produced. In place of the bead we have a strip of metal, with a point as fine as a needle, capable of tracing the smallest curves or features; this is fixed between two parallel elastic bands, whose ends are fastened with a spring to two metal disks, ending in the pencil case and the motive power of the needle, otherwise the rules are the same as for the single thread apparatus.

The new perspectograph is a patented German invention.—Season.

HE KEPT HIS WORD.

One of the Tragic Episodes Noted During the Cherokee Rush.

"We were all waiting to hear that starting gun go off, and, though there was a lot of cussin' going on, it was done under the breath, and things were quiet like and hushed," said a returned Cherokee boomer. "I was standing on the platform and wondering how it would all end when I saw a man shake his partner's hand and start to run into the open space. Somebody yelled, and a soldier who was standing near me looked up and saw the sooner running. He called on him to halt, but that sooner was in a hurry and didn't stop. Then I saw the soldier pull up his gun and take aim. Just then the sooner's partner rushed up to the bluecoat and shouted: 'Don't you fire at him; he's my brother, and if you hurt him I'll fill you full of lead.'

"The soldier never as much as winked, but just pulled the trigger of his gun. I saw the flash and I knew the sooner was hit, because he tumbled on his face. The smoke had hardly cleared away when there was another crack of a rifle, and the soldier dropped, with blood pouring out of a hole in his head. The sooner's brother had kept his word. The train started then, and I don't know whether they caught the murderer or not."—Kansas City Times.

OUR MUSTACHED WOMEN.

An English Charge That Western Ladies Are Imitating Eulalia.

Years ago, when a severe illness left the Princess of Wales a little lame, a good many unmitigated snobs affected what was known as the Alexandria limp. The Infanta Eulalia's visit to Chicago has had even more ridiculous results, for the ladies of that wonderful city which sprung into existence as though by white magic, are striving to follow the Spanish princess not only in her acquired taste for cigarettes, but also in the Southern adornment of the tiniest and daintiest and downiest mustache, which she owes to nature. Hair producers, warranted not to injure the most delicate skin, will be at a premium in the Wild West, until this latest tyranny of snobbishness be over past.—Ladies' Pictorial.

Master on Board.

If all the stories of kings and emperors are to be believed, the inference must be that they respect no one so much as the man who has the courage of his own opinions. Admiral Greig joined the Russian navy when a boy, and rose to the command of the Black Sea fleet, which the czar reviewed from time to time.

One fine day his majesty expressed a wish to enjoy a cruise in the flag-ship. The admiral accordingly set sail, and all went well until a sudden tempest broke, to the great discomfort of the imperial party.

The emperor entreated the admiral to put back, but the wind was contrary, and the admiral could attempt nothing of the sort. The emperor then succumbed utterly to seasickness, and peremptorily ordered a return.

"I acknowledge that his majesty is ruler of all the Russias," said the admiral, "but I am master on board. You may tell his majesty that his commands cannot be obeyed."

The ship was actually driven within sight of the Asiatic coast, but only when the storm abated could his autocratic majesty's orders be obeyed.

On finding himself safe on land, the czar begged the admiral's pardon for his impatience, and presented him with the usual gold snuff-box, set with diamonds, and suitably inscribed.

Up to Date.

Mabel—Oh, doctor, won't you come in the parlor and look at my little doggie? I think he wants to see you, because he keeps sticking his tongue out all the time.

Doctor Pathick—Dear me! that seems serious. What do you call little doggie?

Mabel—Well, Fido, generally; but this hot weather his name is Pants.—World's Fair Puck.

That Joyful Feeling

With the exhilerating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness, which follows the use of Syrup of Figs, is unknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old time medicines and the cheap substitutes sometimes offered but never accepted by the well informed.

The first lightning conductor was invented, not by Franklin, but by an obscure Bohemian monk in 1754.

Two men of San Jose, Cal., recently waltzed, it is claimed, 19 consecutive hours.

Praise Is Good

For any medicine you hear about, but to be made well by its use is still better. My only regret is that I did not take Hood's Sarsaparilla earlier. I have for many years suffered with an irritable itching all over my body and my left leg swelled and became so sore I had to give up work. Physicians prescribed for me for scrofula, but did not cure me. Hood's Sarsaparilla gave me immediate relief, when I began to take it, and I am confident it has driven all disease out of my blood and given me

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

a perfect cure. In the future, Hood's Sarsaparilla will be my only medicine." W. O. DUNN, 21 Lampson Court, Kansas City, Mo.

Hood's Pills cure Constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

BRAVE MEN FROM MINNESOTA.

The Memorable Record They Made Under a Scorching Sun at Gettysburg.

The state of Minnesota, through a board of commissioners authorized by the legislature, has erected a monument on the battlefield of Gettysburg to commemorate the deeds of the First infantry, to be dedicated in the early part of October, says Harper's Weekly. There have been wonderful charges in the great battles of the world, charges that still thrill the soldiers of the nations, charges that through succeeding generations have won and still shall win, the admiring recognition of the tactician, the noblest lines of the historian, the rich and splendid imagery of the poet. Yet from the loins of this young commonwealth sprang a regiment of men who made a charge more wonderful in its daring, more terrible in its result, more rich in its legacy of loyalty than any that preceded it—the most heroic charge of history. The hot July sun was zenith-high upon the field of Gettysburg that direful day in the midst of the fiercest battle of the centuries. Gen. Hancock, reaching the spot where the Union line was being forced backward, halting his furiously-ridden horse, called out:

"What regiment is that?"

"The First Minnesota."

"Charge those lines!"

A charge into eternity that order meant. At double-quick, without discharging a gun, with the concentrated fire of the Confederate army pouring a leaden rain of death upon them—at double-quick, then at full speed, they charged into the enemy's advancing ranks. Gen. Hancock saw that a five-minutes' respite meant the arrival of re-enforcements and a turning of the tide of battle. He sacrificed this noble regiment in those fearful five minutes, and the position was held. The charge saved the day, but 82 per cent of the men who made the charge were left on the field. Nearly every officer was dead or mortally wounded. Of the 262 men who made the charge, 215 were shot down by the bullets of the enemy; 47 were still in line. Judge Lochren of Minneapolis, now commissioner of pensions, in his description of the charge, of which he was one of the very few survivors, says:

"The annals of war contain no parallel to this charge. In its desperate valor, complete execution, successful result and its sacrifice of men in proportion to the number engaged, authentic history has no record with which it can be compared."

The Editor of the "Sun" an Advocate of Life Assurance.

Mr. Charles A. Dana, editor of the Sun, has carried $50,000 of life assurance with the Equitable for a number of years. In evidence of his satisfaction he has authorized the publication of the following particulars:

$52,821 50. New York, July 10, 1893.
Received from the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, Fifty-two Thousand Eight Hundred and Twenty-one Dollars and Fifty Cents, in full of all claims, including profits, under Policies Nos. 211,432 and 212,944, on the life of Charles A. Dana, now surrendered, said policies being in favor of himself and not assigned.
—Charles A. Dana.

This receipt furnishes an admirable text for the following remarks:

It illustrates the fact that men of affairs—shrewd business men—at financial centers believe in the life assurance issued by the Equitable.

It illustrates the value of life assurance per se.

Had Mr. Dana died at any time during the existence of the assurance, his heirs would immediately have received $50,000 in cash.

But the Tontine policies of the Equitable have other advantages. For example, Mr. Dana was given the choice of a number of methods of settlement; the following are two of them:

Instead of drawing cash, he might have converted his policies into an annuity which would have given him an annual income for life of over $8,000. Or

The amount of his assurance would have been increased from $50,000 to $89,800, with no further premiums.

WILKES & THORNE, Managers,
207 Pioneer Press Building,
St. Paul, Minn.

N. B. Agents of unquestioned ability and integrity can hear of something to their advantage by addressing the above managers.

Not Much of a Remedy.

Prof. Snore is very absent-minded. His wife rushed into his studio and exclaimed:

"Just think! I've swallowed a pin. What shall I do?"

"Ah, well," he replied, "don't worry about it. Here is another pin," taking a pin out of the lapel of his coat and handing it to her.

Do not "gather" butter in a solid mass in the churn; at least do not do it until the buttermilk is drained off, the butter granules washed thoroughly with water and the salt added and allowed to dissolve. After that "gather" it if you wish.

From the American aloe tree is made thread, needles, ropes, cables, paper, clothing, soap, sugar and brandy.

In 1892 $16,500,000,000 worth of property was insured against fire.

Allen's Iron Tonic Bitters is Not a whiskey drink. All genuine have the signature, J. P. Allen, Druggist, St. Paul, Minn.

One spider thread is composed of several hundred separate filaments.

HIGHLY ENDORSED.

The Professor of Physiological Chemistry at Yale College says: "*I find Kickapoo Indian Sagwa to be an extract of Roots, Barks and Herbs of Valuable Remedial Action, without any mineral or other harmful admixtures.*"

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa is the grandest Liver, Stomach, Blood and Nerve Remedy Known. Cleanses, Purifies, and Renovates every part of the human system. All Druggists, $1 a bottle—6 Bottles for $5.

"August Flower"

I had been troubled five months with Dyspepsia. I had a fullness after eating, and a heavy load in the pit of my stomach. Sometimes a deathly sickness would overtake me. I was working for Thomas McHenry, Druggist, Allegheny City, Pa., in whose employ I had been for seven years. I used August Flower for two weeks. I was relieved of all trouble. I can now eat things I dared not touch before. I have gained twenty pounds since my recovery. J. D. Cox, Allegheny, Pa.

We will send you the MARVELOUS and UNFAILING French Preparation, CALTHOS FREE by MAIL, and a legally executed guarantee that CALTHOS will STOP all Discharges, CURE Varicocele and RESTORE Lost Vigor. *Use it & pay if satisfied.* Von Mohl Co., Importers, Cincinnati, Ohio.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY. Primary, Secondary or Tertiary Syphilis permanently cured in 30 to 60 days. We eliminate all poison from the system, so that there can never be a return of the disease. You can be treated at home for the same price and under the same guarantee, but with those who prefer to come here we will contract to cure them or refund all money and pay entire expense of coming, railroad fare and hotel bills, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in Mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Syphilitic Blood Poison that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. A legal guarantee to cure or refund money. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

Second-Hand **TYPE**

About 2,000 pounds of Benton-Waldo's Self-Spacing Bourgeois in first-class order in fonts of 50 pounds or more.

A few Iron News Stands at Half-Price.

Northwestern Newspaper Union ST. PAUL, MINN.

25 DOSES 25¢ THE GREAT COUGH CURE — TAKE THE BEST — SHILOH'S CURE. 25¢ 50¢ & $1.00

Cures Coughs, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough and Asthma. For Consumption it has no rival; has cured thousands where all others failed; will cure you if taken in time. Sold by Druggists on a guarantee. For Lame Back or Chest, use SHILOH'S PLASTER. 25cts.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. Have you Catarrh? This remedy is guaranteed to cure you. Price 50 cts. Injector free.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND — The Best Waterproof Coat in the WORLD! SLICKER

The FISH BRAND SLICKER is warranted waterproof, and will keep you dry in the hardest storm. The new POMMEL SLICKER is a perfect riding coat, and covers the entire saddle. Beware of imitations. Don't buy a coat if the "Fish Brand" is not on it. Illustrated Catalogue free. A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

DELICATE WOMEN Or Debilitated Women, should use **BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR.**

Every ingredient possesses superb Tonic properties and exerts a wonderful influence in toning up and strengthening her system, by driving through the proper channels all impurities. Health and strength guaranteed to result from its use.

"My wife, who was bedridden for eighteen months, after using *Bradfield's Female Regulator* for two months is getting well." J. M. Johnson, Malvern, Ark.

Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga. Sold by Druggists at $1.00 per bottle.

THE READY PRINTS WE FURNISH ARE ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE BEST PRODUCED ON THE GLOBE.	OUR SERVICE ESPECIALLY OUR NEWS LEADS THE WORLD SEND FOR SAMPLE SHEETS AND PRICES.

It's a "Daisy"

We desire to call the attention of newspaper men especially, and the public in general, to the inside pages of the Sentinel. They contain 26 columns of live, readable, carefully selected, ably edited and finely illustrated reading matter. We defy any paper on earth, printed at home but using the ready-set plate matter to get up four pages of as interesting matter as this. The Sentinel desires to thank the Northwestern Newspaper Union for its liberal and enterprising efforts to keep in the lead and serve its patrons so well and so faithfully.—Fairmont Sentinel, July 7, 1893.

Northwestern Newspaper Union, St. Paul Minn.
S. Dakota Newspaper Union, Aberdeen S. Dak.
N. Dakota Newspaper Union, Fargo, N. Dakota.

SECOND-HAND TEN-HORSE POWER ENGINE —AND— TWENTY-HORSE POWER BOILER For Sale Cheap. NEARLY NEW.

Located at Aberdeen, South Dakota. Address Northwestern Newspaper Union, ST. PAUL, MINN.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water.

WANTED Men to travel. We pay $50 to $100 a month and expenses. STONE & WELLINGTON, Madison, Wis.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest. CATARRH Sold by Druggists or sent by mail. 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

Dairying is the one industry which has held up through hard times. Butter is not bulled and beared by boards of trade like other farm products, and so its price is steady and not affected much by speculative successes or failures.

Sleeper Opera House!

J. R. SMITH, Manager.

ONE WEEK COMMENCING OCT. 9TH.

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IN REPERTOIRE OF STANDARD PLAYS

Prices 25, 35 and 50 Cents.

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This is What We Carry:

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Also Skates, Glass, Rope, Tools of all Kinds, Guns, Ammunition, Sporting Goods, Cutlery, hand sleds. Sled and wagon shop work of all kinds done promptly. Call on us.

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REGULAR MEALS 25CTS.

BOARD $4.00 PER WEEK.

Meals cooked to order at any time, Day or Night, at VERY reasonable prices.

KATZ BROS.,

—DEALER IN—

STOVES AND TINWARE,

Shelf Hardware, Nails, Etc.

New store just opened at McColl's Old Stand on 7th Street. New Stock LOW PRICES and Fair Dealing.

Great Bargains in Cooking Stoves.

Call and See Us.

THE UNION

BI-CHLORIDE OF GOLD CO.

Of Brainerd, Minn.

Cale Block, Front Street,

W. J. BAIN, Manager.

For The Cure of

The Liquor Habit

OPIUM AND TOBACCO.

Correspondence Solicited. Our business is carried on in a Strictly Confidential Manner.

HAGBERG & LAGERQUIST

Wholesale and retail

GROCERS,

HAS A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

Staple & Fancy Groceries, Flour Feed, Provisions, Etc.

HAGBERG & LAGERQUIST.

Odd Fellows' Block.

C. D. JOHNSON,

DRUGGIST

I keep a Full Line of Fine Toilet Soaps.

Our stock of PERFUMERY is the largest and most complete in the City.

ALL KINDS OF PATENT MEDICINES, Stationery, Fine Cigars, Toilet Articles etc.

ARCTIC SODA WATER.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded and all Orders correctly filled.

CALE BLOCK, EAST FRONT STREET.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Official Paper Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, } Editors and Proprietors.
F. W. Wieland, }

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job printing office in the city.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

Local News Notes.

Pipes at cost at C. H. Paine's.

H. A. Hatch, of Owatonna, is in the city to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Kelcher have a new girl baby at their house.

Geo. D. LaBar and C. E. Dickinson are Chicago visitors this week.

Sheriff Wright, of Todd county, is in the city today on legal business.

A. Olson, the Front street tailor, is attending the world's fair this week.

Mrs. Caroline Racy, of Dagget Brook, aged 41 years, died yesterday.

Miss Mable Fulton returned from an extended visit in the East on Monday.

Redding & Reilly have moved into new quarters in the Walker building on Laurel street.

Mr. J. G. Paine, a capitalist of Toledo, Ohio, is in the city looking after business interests.

H. C. Miller and wife, of Staples, passed through the city yesterday on their return from the world's fair.

J. J. Howe & Co. started up their saw mill on Wednesday. It will probably be kept running for two weeks.

The auditor's sale of lands upon which taxes were delinquent prior to 1889 occurred yesterday and today at the court house.

Mrs. N. M. Paine left today for her old home at Nunda, Ill, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Laura Goff, who has been visiting here for some weeks.

Rev. Mordeu and P. Knudson returned Wednesday night from Carlton where they have been attending meetings connected with the Presbyterian church.

Mrs. C. E McMullin and baby came up from Brainerd Monday afternoon. Charlie had rented the house on 6th street recently vacated by W. S. Tracy, and they have commenced housekeeping there.—Staples World.

Mrs. E. M. Westfall is enjoying a visit from Mrs. E. M. Scoville and Mrs. H. A. Towne, of Minneapolis, her mother and sister, who arrived on Tuesday. The ladies are on their way to California.

Ed. Breheny reports that he was held up by a man on the East Brainerd bridge Tuesday night, but that he succeeded in convincing the fellow the best thing he could do would be to make tracks, which he did.

Hope Hose Company No. 1 will give a grand ball at Gardner Hall on Thanksgiving night. Although the announcement is somewhat in advance the members desire to keep the date before the public until the event occurs.

A new school house is to be built in school district no 29, the officers of that district having received a loan from the state for that purpose. The new building will be erected on Chas. Kretch's farm he having donated the site.

Thursday morning fire broke out in a house owned by Cora Cary, on Second street south, the department responding promptly to the call, but the fire had gained such headway before it was discovered that the building was practically ruined.

Geo. W. Foster, proprietor of the Merchants Hotel, informs us that he will move to Brainerd soon to engage in business. He was down last Friday to look the ground over. As soon as he vacates the hotel, F. J. Closterman will take possession.—Staples World.

District court will convene in adjourned session on Monday at 2 p. m. for the purpose of placing the two Chinamen, now lying in the county jail indicted for murder, upon their trial. The petit jury called for the September term will be required to be in attendance.

The board of education held a special meeting on Wednesday evening, nothing but routine business being transacted. Another room in the Harrison school was ordered opened and additional seats purchased for the new rooms recently opened. A new oak side walk was also ordered laid in front of the Lincoln school on Sixth street.

Rev. E. G. Sanderson, who has occupied the pulpit at the Methodist Church in this city during the past two years returned from the conference at Minneapolis on Tuesday, and is preparing to take his departure for a new field of labor, the conference having assigned him to Vernon Centre, Blue Earth county. Rev. Cleveland West has been given the Brainerd pastorate, he having been stationed at Paynesville.

In our last issue was an item relating to the trouble which recently befel J. W. Porter, of Crow Wing. Since that time we have been able to get at the particulars and find that Charles Clifford and Porter were arrested on the same charge. Clifford's examination was held on Thursday last, and he plead guilty to stealing certain articles from the house of Wm. Hoge, and was fined $100 or ninety days in the county jail by Justice Kirtland. Porter's examination was held the following day before the same justice and he was held to await the action of the grand jury in the sum of $500 bonds. He has not yet secured the necessary bondsmen, and is in the custody of Sheriff Spalding.

This Sale of DRESS GOODS which we advertise will cause a sensation.

HENRY I. COHEN.

First class fluting done at the Troy Laundry.

Joe Cohen was in the city yesterday on business.

Mrs. C. E. McMullin returned to Staples on Monday.

Miss Lillie Wilson returned from Chicago on Tuesday.

Miss Alice Harley is teaching school at Grave Lake.

Judge Holland is holding a term of Court at Aitkin, this week.

Mrs. H. Hibble is in Chicago and will remain their the balance of the month.

I. Seymour and family left for St. Paul yesterday noon which will be their future home.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Koop returned from the world's fair city on Tuesday after a week's visit.

Joe Scriver, formerly a resident of Brainerd, has been in the city visiting relatives during the week.

Jasper Carlton and wife left Tuesday morning for Chicago via. Duluth where they will visit the world's fair.

A. L. Hoffman, J. M. Hayes and C. H. Paine are among the Brainerd visitors at the world's fair this week.

Mrs. Wm. Gergen returned from Stevens Point, Wis., on Wednesday, where she has been visiting for some time.

Al Thabes left on Saturday last for Minneapolis, where he will enter the medical department of the state university.

Judge Chipperfield expects to start for Chicago on Monday next and will also visit his parents who live at Canton before he returns.

The Y. P. S. C. E. of the Presbyterian church, will give a ten cent, literary entertainment at the church this evening. All are invited.

G. L. Thorpe, of Ada, was in the city for a time Tuesday. Like all comers he thinks Brainerd is as prosperous a town as there is in the northwest.

Tim Byrnes, of Minneapolis, well known in political circles was a passenger on Tuesday mornings train for Aitkin to attend the term of court there.

W. H. Kelly, foreman of the Dispatch for some time past, has accepted a situation in St. Paul, and left for that city on Thursday noon, accompanied by his family.

Miss Annie Cutler, of Tyrone, Penn. who has been visiting her sister, Mrs S. H. Robson, in this city, for several weeks, has gone to Staples to visit her brother for a short time.

Mrs. Eliza Wedham, who has been living with her daughter, Mrs. Bert Hyanes, departed this morning for Clayton, Ill., where she will spend the winter with another daughter.—Staples World.

City Clerk Farrar received a check for $113 from Brigadier Fielding, of Chicago, on Monday, which was in payment of the fine imposed on Albert Trudgeon and others of the Salvation Army for obstructing the sidewalk in July, 1892.

Prof. E. K. Cheadle visited his Northfield friends this week. He plans to go to Lewiston, Montana, at an early date, where he will engage in the practice of law, having formed a partnership with Rudolph von Tobel of that city.—Northfield News.

Judge W. A. Fleming, Leon E. Lum and W. S. McClenahan have been attending court at Aitkin this week, and they all speak in the highest terms of Hon. J. M. Markham's new hotel, The Foley, which has recently been opened in that city.

The Ladies Aid Society of the First Congregational Church will be held at the residence of Mrs. B. A. Ferris on next Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 18th; assisted by Mrs. A. F. Ferris, Mrs. D. McDonald, and Mrs. Justin Smith. Gentlemen are cordially invited to be present. Supper 25 cents.

On Wednesday evening James R. Smith and Fred Blatner each suffered the loss of an overcoat, some thief having taken them from the rack at the City Hotel while they were at supper. Two fellows were arrested at Aitkin yesterday supposed to be the one's wanted, but an investigation proved their innocence and they were released from custody.

A warrant was sworn out for the arrest of Gus. Siekkeen by Annie Waskwillo on the charge of seduction under promise of marriage Monday morning and the examination was set for 2 o'clock on Monday afternoon, at which time the parties appeared and the defendant waived examination and was bound over to await the action of the grand jury in the sum of $300

S. S. Watkins, of St. Paul, superintendent of the state fish hatcheries, was in the city on Tuesday for the purpose of looking over the ground at Lake View where it is proposed to put in a bass hatchery by the state fish and game commission. The lake which is to be used for this purpose is located just south of Long lake and lies entirely within the bound of Sheriff Spalding's property. The reason that this place was selected for the raising of bass fry, for distribution throughout the state, was because it was free from all kinds of fish which feed upon and destroy the young fish as soon as they are hatched, and in consequence the lake will not have to be cleaned before the bass are planted there. Mr. Watkins was very much pleased with the surroundings and as soon as he returns from a business trip to Chicago will proceed to stock the lake. The bass will be taken from Long and Hubert lakes by means of seines and placed in Bass lake and a watchman will be stationed there to see that the fish are undisturbed. A lease will be made by Mr. Spaulding with the state for the lake for from three to five years.

Call and examine the nobbiest line of overcoats in the city at J. F. McGinnis & Co.'s

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Bold Burglary.

C. B. White's gun store was robbed last night of three Winchester rifles and two large revolvers, the value of the goods taken being about $100. The job was done by throwing a brick through one of the large windows on the side where the guns are displayed, after which the articles were taken out with ease, and the only wonder is that the entire lot of guns, valued at about $600 was not taken. The brick which was used was still inside this morning when Mr. White came down town to open up. The police heard nothing of the occurrence when it was going on, and the job was a good deal similar to the one done at McGinnis & Co's a short time ago, when the whole front of their store was knocked in by the negro without disturbing the policemen.

The Annual Fair.

The annual fair to be given by the members of St Francis Catholic church will be held at the rink on Oct. 25, 26, 27 and 28th. The ladies will have a fancy work table and supper will be served every evening from 6 to 9 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to the public.

J. L. Smith, of Minneapolis, was in the city on business yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Goff, of Staples, came down Wednesday for a visit with friends and relatives.

A Good Company.

The Jessaline Rodgers company has been playing every night this week at the Sleeper opera house, and with the best of satisfaction to those who have attended and witnessed the performances although the audiences have not been large. The company is a good one, far ahead of the average and all those of our readers who are lovers of this class of amusement should not fail to attend during the balance of their engagement which terminates on Saturday night. This evening the popular play, Pearl of Savoy, will be presented, and on tomorrow afternoon the matinee will be East Lynne. On Saturday night the company will close with Carrots, or the Days of '49. The plays presented have all been first class and the Brainerd public can rest assured that they will be well repaid by attending the closing performances.

Don't say you know nothing of our SPECIAL OFFER on DRESS GOODS. Read our advertisement.

HENRY I. COHEN.

Stolen Horses.

Chief Barron is in receipt of a communication from Wm. McKinnon, sheriff of Carlton county, under date of October 11th, which says that he has two men in custody there with a team of horses, which he has every reason to believe were stolen at or near Brainerd. The men followed the railroad track all the way from this place to Carlton, shipping the buggy on ahead. While there the men stole a quantity of stuff from a livery barn and are being held to answer to that charge. The horses are young, the mare being three years old, black, and weighs 1150, while the horse is four years old, bay, and weighs 1350, both hind feet being white. If any one in this vicinity has lost a team it would be well to communicate with Mr. Barron at once, as the men can only be held a short time on the charge against them.

First come, first served, at our Sale of Dress Goods, commencing Saturday this week.

HENRY I. COHEN.

Call and examine the nobbiest line of overcoats in the city at J. F. McGinnis & Co.'s

A Guilty Pair.

On Wednesday morning Chief Barron received a telegram from Staples with instructions to arrest and detain a man and woman who were aboard the Duluth train answering to a certain description. The man when arrested gave the name of Herman Shernder and said the lady was his wife. They were escorted to the county jail under protest, of course. It seems that on Tuesday night they stopped at the Jones hotel in Staples and during their stay went through the pockets of a pair of pants belonging to J. Barber, of West Superior, taking about $68 therefrom, the latter gentleman occupying an adjoining room. The pair stoutly protested their innocence but just before the train left yesterday morning the man turned over the amount to Sheriff Spalding to give to Mr. Barber, it being understood that no prosecution would follow and that they would be allowed to proceed on their journey, which they did. As the money changed hands Shernder stated that he hated to give it up for people would think he had actually stolen it and he didn't want that impression to get out.

We MUST reduce our stock of DRESS GOODS. Take advantage of our offer.

HENRY I. COHEN.

A Monstrosity.

Reports from the town of Luxenberg, Stearns county, state that a human monstrosity was born in that town last week to Mrs. Mat Hammerding, a farmer's wife. It is said to be devoid of arms, and the face and whole upper portion of its body resembles more or less closely that of a frog. The curiosity is attracting considerable attention and is the subject of a great deal of talk in the neighborhood.—St. Cloud Journal-Press.

The latest novelties in gents' neckwear at J. F. McGinnis & Co.'s

Adjourned Council Meeting.

The city council met in adjourned session on Monday evening with a full board present excepting President Williamson and Alderman Sanborn.

The city clerk and chief of police made their reports for the month of September, which were accepted. The reports showed 51 arrests made, and the amount of fines collected was $688.30.

The city engineer made his report on the street paving, stating that it had been completed. The report was accepted and a motion was made and carried that an order for $820.11 be drawn in favor of Fielding & Shepley, balance due them on the paving contract.

The following claims against the city were allowed:

Pay roll city employes	$659.13
Pay roll electric light plant	293.83
Pay roll street employes	96.37
Work on city jail	84.12
J A Sanborn, boarding prisoners	44.60
Greer & Paine	18.00
Reene & McFadden, insurance	150.00
D M Clark & Co	27.00
T McMaster	28.12
J J Howe & Co	45.43
Brown Tracy & Co	25.50
Minn. Electric Co	60.00
N W Gen. Electric	109.45
W M Dreskell	22.17
Tribune	13.80
R K Whiteley	30.00

Numerous small bills ranging from 25c. to $1.25 were also audited.

The bill of Larson & Walters for $25 for street sprinkling was referred to finance committee.

Bills of M Maloney, $5 for burying dead horse, and Kelehan & Brosman, $24.50 for brick used in repairs on city jail, were referred to the health sewerage and police committee.

Bill of S. P. Alderman $11.10 for fees in city cases was referred to the city attorney.

The amount of $202.84, being the state fire appropriation, was ordered divided equally among the fire companies of the city.

The fire committee reported recommending that the request of Jerome Kelcher to build a wood shed in the fire limits be not granted, which report was adopted.

Report of the health, sewerage and police committee on the communication from James New was accepted. The matter was in regard to violation of Ordinance No. 70. A statement from various property owners was read which stated that they were satisfied with the plumbing in their buildings.

The matter of shipping the old dynamo to Eau Claire, Wis., was referred to the electric light committee with power to act.

The report of the grand jury in regard to the city jail was read and filed.

Application and bond of O. B. Hamlin and Hillskotter & Gray for liquor licenses were read, bonds approved and licenses granted.

Council adjourned.

The prices we will make on Dress Goods will astonish you. Come in and be astonished and pleased.

HENRY I. COHEN.

Notice to Water Consumers.

Water rent for the fourth quarter of 1893 will be due Oct. 1st to 10th, and must be paid within that time. We cannot wait until the 20th for this rent, as the collector's quarterly report must be made on Oct. 10th.

BRAINERD WATER CO.,
Room 17, First National Bank Block

Call at D. M. Clark & Co.'s store and inspect their stock of hardware, crockery, lamps, furniture, carpets, wall paper and everything else in that line. Their prices have been cut to meet the bad times.

Have your photograph taken at McColl's studio, over the postoffice. Our finest cabinets $4 per dozen.

Teacher's Examination.

Public teachers examination in the Court House in Brainerd, Friday and Saturday, Oct. 27 and 28.

J. A. WILSON,
3-w Co. Supt. Schools.

Subscribe for the DISPATCH. All the news for $1.50 per year.

The latest novelties in gents' neckwear at J. F. McGinnis & Co.'s

A large stock of pipes are being closed out at less than cost at C. H. Paine's.

If you want fine artistic job work leave your order with the DISPATCH. Our work is unexcelled.

Helps For Hard Times.

Christmas presents for nothing—handsome and valuable ones, too.

This sounds good these hard times and the problem seems to have been solved by the Weekly Pioneer Press, of St. Paul, Minn. An examination of their extensive premium supplement, just issued, shows a large and tempting assortment of elegant premiums offered to subscribers.

The premiums are all sent post-paid and are guaranteed to be as represented.

The Pioneer Press is one of the best weekly papers in the country and has a large circulation.

Send postal card for free sample copy and premium supplement, to The Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

Watching the Hunters.

A fellow up in Becker county killed a deer last Sunday, and Monday he put up $53 to square himself with the state. It is said the people up in the deer country are on the watch for men who kill deer this month. That is right.—Battle Lake Review.

We Shall Throw Open

Saturday Morning,

OUR DOORS, for the Biggest SPECIAL SALE of

DRESS GOODS,

Ever attempted in this city.

This sale will continue

For 10 Days.

During that time, we will sell our entire selection of

DRESS GOODS at COST.

This is without reserve, and includes our FINEST GOODS as well as the CHEAPEST. "You know how well we keep our promise."

HENRY I. COHEN.

Items of Interest.

Souvenir spoons at Sundbergs.

Ripans Tabules cure headache.

Bunker Hill School shoes at Bredfeld's.

McColl's baby pictures are the talk of the town.

Re-varnish your buggies once a year at Congdon's.

Call in and see McGinnis & Co.'s great reduction sale.

C. B. White carries the finest line of loaded shells in the city.

Silverware, useful and ornamental at Mrs. F. G. Sundberg's.

Largest line of children's shoes at Bredfeld's. Bed rock prices.

Silver inlaid flat ware (warranted) twenty-five years at Sundberg's.

Children and misses Russett shoes in colors at Bradfeld's. Sold at bottom prices.

When you want a large picture have it made a McColl's gallery, over the postoffice.

Horses, cows, ponies, wagons, buggies and harnesses for sale on time at Hoffman's

Picture frames and pictures to frame, a large variety, and fine goods at McColl's.

Housekeeping outfits on the installment plan at the Hoffman Bazaar.—tf.

Touch up and varnish your wagons for spring trade, at Congdon,s. It will save you money.

Do not forget that Veon is making another "Hustle" in the jewelry line. Your custom will be greatly appreciated. The lowest possible prices will rule, and no sharp practices or misrepresentations will be made in any case. Please call.

For a Stewart surface burner, Howe Ventilating base burner, or Monitor wood parlor heater of the latest and most approved pattern, call at D. M. Clark & Co.'s store and inspect their stock. They carry the latest variety of heating and cook stoves ever shown in this city.

Views of buildings, out of door groups, etc., a specialty at McColl's gallery.

You are especially invited to call at Veon's, in Gardner's block, and examine his jewelry and get his profit-shaving prices. Do not forget about this.

Call and examine the nobbiest line of overcoats in the city at J F Mc Ginnis & Co.'s

The office of J. R. Smith is the headquarters for reliable fire insurance. Room 4, Sleeper Block.

The latest novelties in gents' neckwear at J. F. McGinnis & Co.'s

Mule Found.

Came to my place, about September 25, one mare mule about 8 years old, black, weight about 900. Owner can have the same by proving the property and paying the cost. Charles Cossette, St. Mathias.

Special Notice.

All parties knowing themselves indebted to us are requested to call at McGinn & Bailey's store and settle.

C. H. PAINE & Co.

Another Reduction in world's Fair Rates.

Commencing Saturday, August 12, the Northern Pacific railroad will inaugurate the sale at all coupon ticket offices in Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba, of excursion tickets to Chicago at the uniform rate of one fare for the round trip, plus two dollars additional.

These tickets will be on sale daily until further notice and are limited to 30 days from date of sale.

These are the lowest rates yet announced and coupled with the splendid through Pullman sleeping car service, both first-class and tourist, operated by the Northern Pacific railroad to Chicago, offers the residents of the Northwest the best possible facilities to visit the world's fair—one of the wonders of the age. tf.

HARNESS SHOP

CORNER LAUREL AND SIXTH STREETS.

Don't be led to the slaughter but call at this establishment and get your wants supplied of everything in the line.

Harness, Nets Whips, Curbs

BRUSHES, BRIDLES, SADDLES, COLLARS.

D. W. WHITFORD.

Fine Outfits Made a Specialty

The Brainerd Mercantile Co.

Wish to call the attention of the public to the fact that they are doing

A STRICTLY CASH BUSINESS

And Selling Goods

AT STRICTLY CASH PRICES,

Which means that it will be money in your pocket to call and get our prices before purchasing elsewhere.

All Goods Warranted First-Class.

T. McMASTER,

—DEALER IN—

FINE TEAS AND COFFEES.

We carry a full line of

Fresh Groceries.

Lumbermen's Supplies a Specialty

CORNER SIXTH AND FRONT STREETS. - BRAINERD, MINN

Caught Cold

This is the time of the year

We are Catching Cold.

And now's the time we are talking

Sherwood's Cough Syrup,

To our Customers, as it is a SURE Cure for Coughs, Colds and hoarseness,

25c. A Bottle at

The Pioneer Drug Store,

Frank B. Johnson, Successor to N. McFADDEN. Prop.

Always on Hand.

A well Assorted Stock of

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks,

Jewelry and Silverware.

Bi-Chloride of Gold Cure for Broken Down Watches,

Repairing of All Kinds a Specialty.

MRS. F. G. SUNDBERG,

CORNER FRONT AND SIXTH STREETS.