THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 13, NUMBER 44. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1894. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS.

Northern Pacific Bank

Cor. Front and 7th Streets.

C. N. PARKER, President.
J. N. NEVERS, Vice President.
H. J. SPENCER, Cashier.

Money to Loan On Chattel Security

County and City Orders Bought!

Lumbermen's Time Checks Cashed.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

RUNS THROUGH CARS TO

ST. PAUL,
MINNEAPOLIS,
DULUTH
FARGO
GRAND FORKS
and WINNIPEG

—TO—

HELENA
BUTTE
SPOKANE
TACOMA
SEATTLE
PORTLAND

Pullman Sleeping Cars
Elegant Dining Cars
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

No. 5 arrives from the South at 2:00 p. m. Departs going west at 2:20 p. m. daily except Sunday.
No. 6 arrives from the west at 12.55 p. m. Departs going south at 1:15 p. m. daily except Sunday.
No. 11 arrives from Duluth at 7:55 p. m., and departs for the west at 8.15 p. m. daily.
No. 8 arrives from the West at 3:30 a. m. Departs going east at 3.40 a. m. daily.
No. 11, Little Falls and Dakota train, arrives at :30 p. m.
No. 12, Little Falls and Dakota train, departs at 6:05 a. m.
No. 54 carries passengers to Aitken, departs at at 10:00 p. m.
No. 55 from N. P. Junction arrives at 3:30 p. m. and departs for Staples at 4:30 p. m.
No. 56 arrives from Staples at 10 a. m. Departs for N. P. Junction at 11:10 a. m.

For Rates, Maps, Time Table or special information, apply to agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd, or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

N. Schroeder,

—DEALERS IN—

Wines, Liquors, and CIGARS

Imported and Domestic.

special Attention Given to Orders for Family Use.

Give me a call when in Detroit and will guarantee good usage.

N. SCHROEDER,
DETROIT, MINN

MAGNETIC NERVINE.

Is sold with written guarantee to cure Nervous Prostration, Fits, Dizziness, Headache and Neuralgia and Wakefulness, caused by excessive use of Opium, Tobacco and Alcohol; Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, causing Misery, Insanity and Death; Barrenness, Impotency, Lost Power in either sex, Premature Old Age, Involuntary Losses, caused by over-indulgence, over-exertion of the Brain and Errors of Youth. It gives to Weak Organs their Natural Vigor and doubles the joys of life; cures Leucorrhoea and Female Weakness. A month's treatment, in plain package, by mail, to any address, $1 per box, 6 boxes $5. With every $5 order we give a Written Guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circulars free. Guarantee issued only by our exclusive agent.

FRANK B. JOHNSON,
Successor to N. McFadden, Druggist, 36 Front Street, Brainerd, Minn

LADIES DO YOU KNOW

DR. FELIX LE BRUN'S

STEEL AND PENNYROYAL PILLS

are the original and only FRENCH, safe and reliable cure on the market. Price $1.00; sent by mail. Genuine sold only by

LE BRUN'S

G & G AS A PREVENTIVE **CURE**

M. L. SWARTZ, Druggist, Brainerd, Minn.

Mrs. J. H. HORSNYDER, ... Ave., Santa Cruz, Cal., writes:

"When a girl at school, in ... Ohio, I had a severe attack of ... fever. On my recovery, I found myself perfectly bald, and, for a long ..., I feared I should be permanently ... Friends urged me to use Ayer's Hair Vigor, and, on doing so, my hair

Began to Grow,

and I now have as fine a head of hair as one could wish for, being changed, however, from blonde to dark brown."

"After a fit of sickness, my hair came out in combfulls. I used two bottles of

Ayer's Hair Vigor

and now my hair is over a yard long and very full and heavy. I have recommended this preparation to others with like good effect."—Mrs. Sidney Carr, 1460 Regina st., Harrisburg, Pa.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for several years and always obtained satisfactory results. I know it is the best preparation for the hair that is made."—C. T. Arnett, Mammoth Spring, Ark.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Professional Cards.

McCLENAHAN & MANTOR
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office, Rooms and 2, Bank Block,
BRAINERD, MINN.

J. H. WARNER
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Room 5. Hartley Block.

R. K. WHITELEY,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Office, Room 11, Bank Block.
BRAINERD .... MINN

SNOW & SNOW.

We would be glad to tell you how to save your money and make it earn you good pay if you will call.

Do you know that your house is liable to burn? We would like to pay you for it if it should.

We will attend to any legitimate and honorable business for you, if you will pay us. See?

Room 11, Bank Block

Something Good in Silverware;

we don't mean choice cakes or fruits, but the ware to hold them, all in solid silver, rich, elegant and beautiful. The whole range of table silver is here, including knives, forks, spoons, sugar bowls, water sets, etc., all in the most tasteful, novel and artistic designs. Silverware is costly because somewhat high in price, and cheap because you buy it for a lifetime. What wears so long should be bought with judgement and care. The fall in the value of silver places solid ware within the reach of all. We have a full line.

WM. M. DRESSKELL,
Jeweler.

AGENTS WANTED on salary and commission for the only authorized BIOGRAPHY OF JAMES G. BLAINE, by GAIL HAMILTON, his literary executor, with the co-operation of his family, and for Mr. Blaine's Complete Works, "TWENTY YEARS OF CONGRESS," and his later book, "POLITICAL DISCUSSIONS." One prospectus for these three BEST SELLING books in the market. A. K. P. Jordan of Me., took 112 orders from first 110 calls; agent's profit, $196.50. Mrs. Ballard of Ohio, took 15 orders, 13 Seal Russia, in one day; profit, $26.25. E. N. Rice, of Mass., took 27 orders in two days; profit, $47.25. J. Patridge, of Me., took 43 orders from 36 calls; profit, $75.25. E. A. Palmer, of N. D., took 53 orders in 3 days; profit, $98.25. EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY given. If you wish to make LARGE MONEY, write immediately for terms to

THE HENRY BILL PUB. CO.,
Norwich, Conn.

$500 Reward.

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. Sugar coated. Large boxes containing 30 pills 25c. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by the John C West Co. Chicago, Ill. For sale by M. L. Swartz Druggist Brainerd Minn.

Babies that are fretful, peevish, cross, or troubled with Windy Colic, Teething Pains, or Stomach Disorders, can be relieved at once by using Acker's Baby Soother. It contains no Opium or Morphine, hence is safe. Price 25 cents. Sold by

ELKHART CARRIAGE and HARNESS MFG. CO.

Republican Judicial Convention.

A Republican Judicial Convention for the Fifteenth judicial district of Minnesota will be held on Tuesday September 25th, 1894, at 10 o'clock a. m., in the City of Aitkin, Aitkin county, in said state, for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for judge of the district court in and for said district.

Aitkin	4	Hubbard	2
Cass	3	Itasca	4
Crow Wing	6	Wadena	4

Total 23

By virtue of a resolution passed by the committee calling said convention, the delegation already chosen in any county is authorized to fill any deficiency in the number of delegates under the above apportionment.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., August 20, 1894.
A. J. HALSTED, Chairman Com.
WM. SPENCER, Secretary.

THESE ARE WINNERS.

The Republicans of Crow Wing County Nominate a Strong Ticket.

Delegates Are Also Elected to the 46th District Legislative Convention—Judicial Delegates Are Named.

THE NOMINEES.

Auditor - Louis Tache
Treasurer - J. T. Frater
Sheriff - H. Spalding
Register of Deeds, - - A. Mahlum
Clerk of the Court, - - Sam H. Parker
County Attorney, - C. E. Chipferfield
Surveyor - R. K. Whiteley
Judge of Probate, - - M. McFadden
Supt. of Schools, J. A. Wilson
Coroner - - I. T. Dean
Court Com'r - M. McFadden
County Com'r Dist. No. 2, - - J. S. Gardner
County Com'r Dist. No. 4, - - A. P. Farrar

The Crow Wing county republican convention was called to order at 3 p. m. this afternoon by Chairman Halsted for the purpose, as stated in the call, of electing six delegates to attend the judicial convention at Aitkin on Tuesday next, and to elect ten delegates to the 46th legislative convention at Little Fall, and also to place in nomination candidates for the various county offices.

The convention was organized by the election of Rev. Geo. H. Davis as temporary chairman and Jas. McMurtry as secretary. A motion was then made and carried that a committee of five on credentials be appointed by the chair which was acted upon and the following gentlemen were named: Joel Smith, G. S. McPherson, A. T. Kimball, Chas. Hagberg and J. C. Smallwood.

The committee retired and after deliberation brought in a partial report showing they were unable to settle the matter of the bolting delegation for the Fifth ward and the convention accepted the report, and on motion a committee consisting of J. S. Gardner, J. Arnold, D. D. Smith, James Towers and J. L. Berg, were appointed to consider the matter and make a report. The committee retired and the committee on credential then reported the following delegates as entitled to seats:

Kennedys—G. E. Campbell.
Davenports—Chas. A. Kretch.
Pine River—A. T. Kimball.
Maple Grove—M. F. Driver.
Fairbanks—A. Leighton.
St. Matthias—John H. Gibson,
Garrison—D. Dykeman.
Crow Wing—Joel Smith.
Ft. Ripley—J. L. Berg and Jerry Root.
Deerwood—H. Patterson and Gus. Calvin.
Oak Lawn—G. S. McCulloch.
Dagget Brook—H. Abbot.
Long Lake—Henry Bouck.
Bay Lake—J. M. Young.
First Ward—Chas. Hagberg, J. S. Gardner, Fred Stropp and Wm. Erb.
Second Ward—T. McMaster, D. D. Smith, Geo. H. Davis, James McMurtry, J. Kiebler, G. S. McPherson and John Cochran.
Third Ward—John Arnold, J. P. Anderson, J. C. Smallwood and Sam Cooley proxy for A. Brockway.
Fourth ward—James Towers proxy for Thos. Crawford, Henry Anderson, John Larson and M. Peterson.

The special committee appointed reported the delegates elected from the Fifth ward entitled to seats as follows:

M. Hagberg, Archie Purdy, P. Olson Henry Mahle and D. Doran.

The report was accepted by the convention.

Motion was made and carried that Leon E. Lum select six delegates to represent Crow Wing county in the 15th judicial district convention.

M Hagberg offered the following resolution which was carried:

Resolved that this convention is favorable to the candidacy of A. F. Ferris for member of the house of representatives and that he be allowed to select ten delegates to represent Crow Wing County in the legislative convention at Little Falls.

According to the above action Mr. Ferris announces the selection of delegates as follows: N. H. Ingersoll, F. S. Parker, Chas. Krech, D. Doran, A. E. Pennell, R. H. Paine, John Larson, John T. Frater, J. L. Berg and M. McFadden.

The convention then proceeded to the nomination of county officers, and the name of Louis Tache for auditor was presented by H. Patterson, that of John Frater for treasurer by J. S. Gardner, Henry Spalding's name for Sheriff by D. D. Smith and A. Mahlum's name for register of deeds by Joel Smith. There was no opposition to any of these nominees and they were nominated in turn by acclamation.

For clerk of the court Harry Brooks was nominated by Joel Smith, S. H. Parker by J. McMurtry and F. A. Farrar by J. S. Gardner. The first ballot was informal and stood as follows:

Brooks 12
Parker 20
Farrar 8

A formal ballot was taken which resulted in nomination of S. H. Parker by the following vote:

Parker 26
Brooks 12
Farrar 2

For county attorney C. E. Chipferfield was nominated by G. S. McPherson and W. A. Fleming by D. Doran the informal ballot being as follows:

Chiperfield 31
Fleming 8

Motion made and carried that C. E. Chiperfield be declared the nominee of the convention.

R. K. Whiteley was nominated county surveyor by acclamation.

I. T. Dean was nominated for coroner by acclamation, as was M. McFadden for court commissioner.

Milton McFadden was nominated for judge of probate by acclamation.

Prof. J. A. Wilson was nominated for superintendent of schools by acclamation.

The delegates from the 2nd commissioners district nominated J. S. Gardner for re-election and those from the Fourth ditrict re-nominated A. P. Farrar.

A. J. Halstead was re-elected chairman of the county committee and the convention adjourned.

A democratic county convention will be called for Oct. 6th at the conrt house in this city.

The Populist Ticket.

The populists of Crow Wing county have placed the following ticket in the field:

Auditor .... Chas. Banks.
Treasurer ....
Register of Deed ....
Sheriff .... Fred Wehrle.
Clerk of Court .... A. G. Gallup.
County Attorney ....
Judge of Probate ....
Supt. of Schools ....
Surveyor .... Lyman Arms.
Coroner .... Charles Cross.
Commissioner, 2d Dist., J. T. Sanborn
Commissioner 4th Dist... J. McCarthy

The convention that produced the above ticket met at the court house on Saturday evening last, and was celled to order by A. F. Ludwig who was made chairman of the evening, and Geo. Herren was chosen secrtary. As the convention was of the mass order, and consisted of some 50 representatives of the party it did not take long to get the practical business of the meeting before the audience, which was done by the nominating of Charles Banks for auditor by J. A. Elliot, and Mr. Banks was elected by acclamation. The office of treasurer on motion of Mr. Elliot was left open, as was also that of register of deeds. Nominations for sheriff were called for and the name of Fred Wehrle was placed before the convention by W. W. Winters, the name of Ole Errickson by N. N. Halladay, and it looked for a few moments as though J. P. Barney, who was known to be an aspirant by the printed cards in circulation, was not down on the programme but his name was finally presented by David L. Hamilton. The motion to elect by ballot carried and the chair appointed W. W. Winters and M. F. Holmes as tellers. Mr. Elliot then moved that slips of paper be left on the desk in front of the audience and convention and that all those who belonged to the people's party and wished to vote walk up and get one. After the vote was taken the chair announced that Fred Wherle had received 26 votes, J. P. Barney 15 and Ole Errickson 12, and declared Mr. Wehrle the candidate for sheriff notwithstanding the fact that he lacked one vote of having a majority of the votes cast.

Mr. N. N. Halladay then stated that as long as the party had no lawyer in the ranks he would present the name of W. A. Fleming for endorsement as county attorney, but Mr. Elliot amended the motion to leave the place blank and it carried. For superintendent of schools and court commissioners no nominations were made. For surveyor Lyman Arms was placed in nomination which met with the approval of the convention. For clerk of court there were two aspirants, now converts to the populist ranks, and they were both in attendance presumably pressing their claims among the slate makers, the gentlemen being A. G. Gallup who was named by Geo. Herren, and Ed. Lynch whose name was presented by Peter Vaartz. A ballot was ordered the result being 17 votes for Lynch and 23 for Gallup, and the latter gentleman was declared the nominee.

Charley Cross was then placed in nomination for coroner by J. W Martin and he had no opposition.

For county commissioner in the Second district J. T. Sanborn received the nomination and in the Fourth district John McCarthy was honored.

Delegates to the populist legislative convention to meet at Little Falls at some future time were then named as follows: Chas. Banks, John Atkinson, W. W. Winters, N. N. Halladay, H. C. Hughey, S. M. Dwinwiddie, and Geo. Herren, the delegation to go uninstructed.

Resolutions were offered pledging faith to the state ticket, endorsing the nomination Kittle Halvorsen for congress, and pledging the convention to stand by the county ticket and "work for it with all our might and see that it is elected."

The convention then adjourned.

At Night always have Acker's Baby Soother at hand. It is the only safe medicine yet made that will remove all infantile disorders. It contains no Opium or Morphine, but gives the child natural rest from pain. Price 25 cents. Sold by

20 Minutes

spent in our store every morning and afternoon, will enable you to enjoy **HOURS** when you get your goods home and look them over to see how cheap they are.

Still pegging away at the

3½c. Ginghams

which you can buy at the same terms as announced in last week's issue of this paper

Between 10 & 11 a. m and 2 & 3 p. m.

About 10 pieces left of the

Bleached Yard Wide Muslin at Five Cents Per Yaad.

Next Monday Morning

and continuing until sold, we will place on sale 10,000 yards, yard wide, L. L. Brown Sheetings at the unheard of price of

4 Cents Per Yard.

THINK OF THIS!

We want to whisper a little matter to you, NOT a Secret, viz: we carry the largest stock of

NEW DRY GOODS,

At New Prices in this city.

N. B.---Our very extensive purchase in CLOAKS for FALL AND WINTER for Ladies, Children, and Misses are ready for inspection.

We want your trade this season and will sell you good goods Cheaper than Ever Before.

HENRY I. COHEN.

C. B. WHITE, CONTRACTOR & BUILDER

This is What We Carry:

Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Wood Stock and

Builders' Hardware,

Also Skates, Glass, Rope, Tools of all Kinds, Guns, Ammunition, Sporting Goods, Cutlery, hand sleds. Sled and wagon shop work of all kinds done promptly. Call on us.

I U. WHITE, Manager.

No. 32 Laurel St.

TREES IN THE TOWN.

They Add Value to Property—A Few Remarks on Street Lighting.

A love of the beautiful is inborn in man. Trees are a source of never failing enjoyment to dwellers in the town, and no town can be beautiful without them. How refreshing their shade in summer, and the dreariness of winter is rendered less desolate by their presence. Sentiment aside, trees have a direct value. A tree shaded avenue is a much more desirable place of residence than one which lacks their adornment. Property is more valuable on this street, and landlords demand and receive a higher rate of rent. The houses are more pretentious, the lawns are green and smoothly shaven, and beds of flowers and bunches of shrubbery bear witness to the friendly rivalry among the dwellers to excel in the beautiful. A comparatively small outlay would do much to beautify our town. Once planted and properly guarded from destruction, trees require little care and in a few years will amply recompense us for trouble and money expended.

The lighting of streets at night is a subject of great importance to the people of a community. The benefits are many and far outweigh any question of cost or economy. How many accidents that have caused loss of life and limb are due to insufficiently lighted or wholly dark streets! How many crimes have been committed under cover of darkness that would never have been perpetrated had there been light to reveal the robber or assassin to his intended victim! The development of electricity has made it possible to light our streets at night at a small expense. No costly plant is required, and the outlay for labor to put up the wires is nominal.

The lighting of the business section is not enough. It is good so far as it goes, but it does not go far. The personal safety and convenience of every citizen demand that our streets shall be so illuminated that he may leave his home after dark without danger of breaking his limbs or having his head smashed by some enterprising footpad.

(First publication Sept. 14)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. } District Court, 15th Judicial District.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BRAINERD, Plaintiff,
vs.
N. W. WHEATLEY AND THOMAS HALLADAY, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is on file in the office of the clerk of said court, at his office at Brainerd, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, within 20 days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service: and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you and each of you for the sum of nine hundred dollars ($900) with interest thereon from the 27th day of June, 1894, at the rate of ten per cent per annum, together with the costs and disbursements herein.

Dated Sept. 10th, A. D. 1894.

W. A. FLEMING,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Brainerd, Minn.
Office Room 8, Bank Block, Residence 5th Street.

A Multitude of Counsel.

The opinion is rapidly gaining ground that a remedy which has proved efficient in the hands of the skillful practioner, a remedy prepared by him as the result of years of observation and experience, for the treatment of disease in individual cases, may, if placed by the same practitioner within the reach of the reading public, be instrumental in curing many who otherwise have remained ignorant of it. "True" you say, "but there are so many remedies, how are we to choose?"

Let us suggest one remedy for your investigation, THE COMPOUND OXYGEN TREATMENT of

Drs. Starkey & Palen,

Write for their book of 200 pages, a treatise on Compound Oxygen, with numerous testimonials and records of surprising cures. Book sent free.

Drs. Starkey & Palen, 1529 Arch street, Phila., Pa.; 120 Sutter street, San Francisco Cal. 66 Church street, Toronto, Can. Consultation free.

Legal Notices.

(First Publication Aug. 10.)

LAND NOTICE.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn. } August 4, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. F. Alderman, Clerk of District Court at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, Sept. 15, 1894, viz: PETER WEPLA, H. E. No. 13668, for the NE¼, Sec. 24, Twp. 45, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Thomas C. Pointon, Jacob Shew, George Bock, August Lusso, P. O. address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

(First publication Aug. 17.)

LAND NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT ST. CLOUD, MINN., } August 16, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. F. Alderman, clerk of the District Court at Brainerd, Minn., on Friday, Sept. 28th, 1894, viz:

OLE C. OLSON,

H. E. No. 13881, for the w½ se¼, se¼ se¼ Sec. 30, Twp. 45, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz:

Peter Johnson, Louis Nelson, Andrew Bloom, Andrew Anderson, P. O. address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

THEO. BRUENER, Register.

(First publication Aug. 31.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. } District Court, 15th Judicial District

In the matter of the assignment of Albert Rosenberg, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the assignee in the above entitled proceeding, having fully completed his trust, will apply to the above named court at a general term thereof, at the county court house, in the City of Brainerd, in said county, on the 21st day of September, 1894, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order discharging said assignee from all further duties, liabilities and responsibilities connected with the trust.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., August 28th, 1894.

D. D. SMITH, Assignee.

McCLENAHAN & MANTOR, Attorneys for Assignee, Brainerd, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. } District Court, 15th Judicial District

In the matter of the Assignment of Andrew E Vron, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given, that the assignee in the above entitled proceeding, having fully completed his trust, will apply to the above named court, at a general term thereof, at the county court house, in the City of Brainerd, in said county, on the 21st day of September, 1894, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order discharging said assignee from all further duties, liabilities and responsibilities connected with the trust.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., August 28th, 1894.

D. D. SMITH, Assignee.

McCLENAHAN & MANTOR, Attorneys for Assignee, Brainerd, Minn.

(First publication Aug. 31.)

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by E. C. Smith and Susan J. Smith, his wife, mortgagors, to Minnesota Saving Fund and Investment Company, mortgagee, dated August First, 1889, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Crow Wing in the State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of August, 1889, at 4 o'clock P. M., in book "K" of Mortgages on page 1, conveying and mortgaging the following land and premises, situate in the County of Crow Wing and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lots three (3) and four (4) block two hundred seventy-one (271) First Addition to Town of Brainerd, according to the plat of said Town now on file or of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Crow Wing County.

And whereas, by reason of said default, the power in said mortgage has become operative, and the mortgagee has paid out the sum of thirty-six and 1-100 Dollars ($36.01) for taxes past due on said premises, and there is now claimed to be due and is due at the date hereof on said mortgage and the debt secured thereby and for taxes, the sum of Four Hundred, Eighty-three and 1-100 Dollars ($483.01) and no action or proceedings at law has been instituted to recover said mortgage indebtedness or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale therein contained, and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of said above described premises by the Sheriff of said Crow Wing County at public auction at the front door of the court house in the City of Brainerd, County of Crow Wing State of Minnesota, on Saturday the 13th day of October, A. D., 1894, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to satisfy the amount which will then be due on said mortgage and the debt secured thereby, together with the amount paid for taxes and the costs and charges of foreclosure and Fifty Dollars ($50.00) attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated at Minneapolis, Minn., August 28, A. D. 1894.

MINNESOTA SAVING FUND & INVESTMENT COMPANY, Mortgagee.

FRED B. SNYDER, Attorney for Mortgagee, Minneapolis, Minn.

First publication Sept. 14.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Two Hundred, Sixty-seven and 50-100 Dollars principal and interest which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alva M. Bratt and Emily Bratt, his wife, mortgagor, to Peter Johnson, mortgagee, bearing date the 23rd day of April, 1891, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Crow Wing and state of Minnesota, on the 27th day of April, 1891, at 9 o'clock a. m. in Book E of mortgages, on page 320, and no action or proceeding has been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is hereby given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter of the north-east quarter, the lots numbered seven and eight, and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-seven, and the south-west quarter of the northwest quarter of section twenty-six, township forty-three, range 32, containing one hundred and fifty-three and 20-100 acres, in Crow Wing county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Crow Wing county, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in said county and state, on the 27th day of October, 1894, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Two Hundred, Sixty-seven and 50-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Sept. 4th, A. D. 1894.

PETER JOHNSON, Mortgagee.

LINDBERGH, BLANCHARD & LINDBERGH, Attorneys.

(First publication Sept. 7.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. }

District Court, Fifteenth Judicial District.

Charles Scott, Plaintiff,
vs.
N. W. Wheatley, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed with the clerk of said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the City of Brainerd, in said county, within 20 days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of three hundred, nine and 27-100 dollars ($309.27) with interest, besides the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated, September 7th, A. D. 1894.

W. A. FLEMING,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Brainerd, Minn.
Office Room 8, Bank Block. Residence 5th Street.

MINNESOTA

State Normal Schools

—AT—

Winona, Mankato, St. Cloud and Moorhead.

These schools are organized for the training of teachers for the public schools of the state.

ORGANIZATION—Each school comprises two departments—the Normal department and the Training Department or Model School.

The Normal Department embraces;

(a) An Elementary Course for teachers of rural districts and elementary grades.
(b) An Advanced Course for Teachers of advanced grades.
(c) A Professional Course for teachers who have completed the required academic work elsewhere.
(d) A Kindergarten Training Course (at Winona, St. Cloud and Mankato.)

ADMISSION—Graduates of high schools and colleges, and teachers holding county superintendents' first and second grade certificates are admitted without examination. All others are required to pass an entrance examination.

EXPENSES.—Tuition is free to all who pledges themselves to teach in Minnesota. Text books are furnished at a rental of $3 per year. Provision is made in each school for economical living. The average cost of furnished rooms with board is about $3 per week. The Ladies' Home at St. Cloud offers board, furnished room heat and light at $3 per week. The new dormitory at Moorhead for same accommodations $3.50 per week.

DIPLOMAS.—By a recent act of the legislature a diploma becomes a state teachers' certificate of the first grade.

The next school year opens at Winona August 31; at Mankato August 30; at St. Cloud August 28; at Moorhead September 4th.

For free catalogues and circulars, giving full information address the presidents as follows:

IRWIN SHEPARD, Winona.
EDWARD SEARLING, Mankato.
JOSEPH CARHART, St. Cloud.
LIVINGSTON C. LORD, Moorhead

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Of Brainerd, Minn.

A. F. FERRIS, President.
LEON E. LUM, Vice President,
G. D. LABAR, Cashier.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, -	$200,000
Paid up Capital, - -	*$50,000.*
Surplus, - - - -	*$30,000.*

☞ Business accounts invited

J. R. SMITH,

Fire Insurance!

Real Estate,

LOANS

Rents and Collections.

SLEEPER BLOCK.

Brainerd, - - Minn.

BICYCLES No agents. We sell from catalogue at Wholesale Prices. Ship for examination before sale. Ours at $44 same as agents sell for $75, ours at $55 same as agents sell for $100, ours at $80 wood-rims, 25 lbs., same as any $125 wheel. 12 styles $16 to $80.

ACME ROADSTER $55

Guaranteed same as agents sell for $75 to $100.

ACME ROAD RACER, 25 lbs. WOOD-RIMS, $80.

Perfect lines, perfect steering, perfect adjustment. Guaranteed same as agents sell for $125 and $150. Written warranty with every machine. Every time you buy a bicycle through an agent you pay $25 to $50 more than our wholesale price for same quality. It costs about as much to sell bicycles through agents and dealers as it does to make them. Let prudence and economy suggest the better way and buy from us direct at wholesale prices. Illustrated Catalogue free.

Acme Cycle Company,
ELKHART, IND.

Legal Notices.

(First publication Aug. 31.)

Order to Examine Accounts.

State of Minnesota, County of Crow Wing. } ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, August 30, 1894.

In the matter of the estate of Annie Kramer, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Watson S. Hills, administrator of the estate of Annie Kramer, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard by this court on Monday, the 24th day of September, A. D. 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the probate office in the court house in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd in said county.

Dated the 30th day of August, A. D. 1894.

By the Court, MILTON McFADDEN,
(Seal) Judge of Probate.

W. A. FLEMING, Attorney for Administrator.

(First publication Aug. 24th)

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default has been made in the conditions of the mortgage hereinafter described, by failure to pay the interest and premium thereon, which was due on the last Saturday in December A. D. 1893, in the sum of five dollars ($5.00) and a like sum of interest and premium which became due and payable on the last Saturday of each and every month since that time, none of which several sums have ever been paid.

The mortgagee pursuant to the provisions of said mortgage, elects to and does declare the whole amount of said debt, both principal, interest, and premium, due and payable, by reason of such defaults.

No action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt or any part thereof. Said mortgage contains a power of sale on default, and has been duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, where the land therein described is situated.

Names of mortgagors: Andrew Wallace and Catherine Wallace, husband and wife.

Name of mortgagee at the time of the execution of said mortgage: The "National Building Loan and Protective Union" a corporation of the state of Minnesota. The said corporation, on May 25, 1891, duly amended its articles of incorporation and by-laws, among other things changing its name to "The Pioneer Savings and Loan Company," and by that name has ever since been and now is known.

Date of mortgage: October 1st, A. D., 1889.

Date when and where recorded: October 10th, 1889, at 8 o'clock P. M. in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, in book I of mortgages, on page 33.

Amount due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice: Four Hundred, Eighty-one and 50-100 Dollars ($481.50).

Description of mortgaged premises: Lot No. seven (7) in block No. six (6) in the town of East Brainerd, according to the plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota.

Time of sale: Saturday, October 6th, 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Place of sale: The front door of the court house in the City of Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, That by reason of the facts above set forth, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises therein and above described, and said premises will be sold at the time and place aforesaid, pursuant to law and to the power of sale in said mortgage contained, to satisfy the amount that shall then be due thereon, and the expenses of such foreclosure and sale including $50.00 attorney's fees as therein stipulated.

Dated August 22nd, A. D., 1894.

THE PIONEER SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY,
(Formerly named National Building Loan and Protective Union), Mortgagee.

GEORGE D. EMERY,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Minneapolis, Minn.

(First publication Aug. 24th)

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing, }

In Probate Court, Special Term August 20th, 1894.

In the matter of the estate of Charles J. Moberg, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto P. M. Lagerquist of said county.

It is ordered, That all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office, on the following days, viz: On the first Monday in each month commencing on Monday September 3rd, 1894.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, That notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the Brainerd Dispatch a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd, in said county.

Dated the 20th day of August A. D. 1894.

{SEAL.} By the Court,
MILTON McFADDEN,
Judge of Probate.

NEW STAGE LINE!

BRAINERD —TO— CROSS LAKE.

Commencing Monday, January 1, 1894.

Stage leaves Brainerd for Cross Lake on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 3 o'clock p. m.

Passengers, Baggage and Express Carried.

Charges Reasonable,

J. E. WHITE, Prop.

BAKERY

—AND—

Confectionery Store!

6th St., near Roller Rink.

Ice Cream by the Dish or Quantity.

Hot Rolls every Day.

Bread, Cakes, Pies.

Fruit, Candies and Lemonade.

Give us a call and we will endeavor to give satisfaction.

MRS. M. A. ORTH.

L. W. CHASE,
PROPRIETOR

The Bodega.

Sleeper Block, Front Street.

Finest in all Points of any Saloon in the Northwest.

IMPORTED—
WINES, LIQUORS
AND CIGARS.

BILLIARD AND POOL PARLOR
In Connection

COME IN AND SEE US.

JAS. H. KELEHAN

—Dealer in—

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS,

Cor. sixth and Laurel.

We keep nothing but the finest goods and Guarantee Satisfaction.

Drop in any time as we will make it pleasant for you.

JAS. H. KELEHAN

THE

Wisconsin Central Lines,

RUN

Two fast trains daily between St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chicago, Milwaukee and all points in Wisconsin, making connection in Chicago with all lines running east and south.

Tickets sold and baggage checked through to all points in the United States and Canadian provinces.

For full information regarding routes, rates, maps, folders, etc., address your nearest ticket agent or

JAS. C. POND,
Gen. Pass. Ag't, Milwaukee, Wis.

CALL AT

The Dispatch!

FOR JOB WORK.

All Work Guaranteed.

L. P. WHITE, Jr.

Real Estate Agent,

Improved and Unimproved Property

FOR SALE,

In various parts of the City

HOUSES for SALE

Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WINLAND, Publishers.

BRAINERD, MINN.

Hamilton Disston, the great saw-maker, controls about 2,000,000 acres of fine fruit lands in Florida.

William Morris, the English poet, says "Any woman can learn mathematics, but it takes a lot of skill to manage a house well."

A member of Company C, Sixth Vermont regiment, who had been through the war, recently saw his own grave in the national cemetery at Antietam.

Sir Andrew Clark, the general physician in the largest hospitals in London, says that seven out of every ten persons there owe their ill health to drink.

First Li-Hung Chang lost his yellow jacket, and now Admiral Ting has been degraded for cowardice. China is having a heap of trouble with her commanders.

Electricians are hard at work trying to devise some means for capturing and controlling the immense electrical force expended in every thunderstorm. This is really shocking.

The master in chancery who was appointed to examine into Northern Pacific affairs completely exonerates President Oakes, but accuses Henry Villard of "making illegal gains."

The most adventurous journey ever made by a woman has just been completed by Mrs. Littledale, who, with her husband, started from Constantinople and crossed Asia, coming out at Shanghai.

A contribution for the fire sufferers comes from far-off Turkey. The sultan has sent the sum of 300 Turkish pounds with his sympathies and best wishes. The sultan is a gentleman, and will please accept assurances of our most distinguished consideration.

A dispatch from Iron Mountain, Mich., says that the forest fires in that section are of incendiary origin. Incendiaries who are not ready to continue their fire-making experiments after death will consult their own interests by keeping away from the Northwest just at this time.

At Milledgeville, Ga., next Thursday a monument will be unveiled to the memory of Brigadier General George Dole, of the Army of Northern Virginia. He was killed at the battle of Cold Harbor, Va., July 2, 1864, after making a brilliant record as a commander.

There is some talk in the newspapers of the appointment of a receiver for the whisky trust. There is no need of this. The same old staff of receivers which have been receiving for years are as numerous as ever, and are still engaged in their bibulous vocation.

The only son of Deibler, "Monsieur de Paris," the French executioner, is now the chief aid of his father in his unsavory calling. By special enactment, the young man, who was born in 1863, is relieved from further military duty in times of peace, owing to the "high works" which he is called upon to perform.

An encouraging indication of an awakened public conscience in Tennessee is the fact that a number of indictments have been found against parties suspected of being implicated in the recent lynching of the six negroes in that state. We have no idea that anybody will ever be punished for the crime, but the indictments are some concession to public sympathy.

There is a rumor afloat that Mrs. Nellie Grant Sartoris is to be married again, and this time to an American, one Major Kyd Douglas, who was a confederate officer on Gen. Stonewall Jackson's staff. Folks in this country will be glad that Gen. Grant's daughter is to choose an American for her second husband, even if he is an ex-confederate.

Miss Alice Sanger, who enjoys the distinction of being the only woman ever employed in the executive mansion in a clerical capacity, has been transferred to the postoffice department. She has been employed at the White House since the beginning of the Harrison administration, during which period she acted as stenographer to Maj. Halford. She is an excellent stenographer and typewriter and a most efficient all-around clerk.

The total weight of the ironwork in the Eiffel tower is 7,767 tons, and the foundation of each of its four independent legs are sunk to a depth of fifty feet. It is constructed of iron throughout, the pieces of that metal used in its construction being 112,000. The exact height of the great iron skeleton is 984 feet, and it is to be the property of the builder for twenty years beginning with 1889, after which time the sole ownership reverts to the City of Paris.

Rev. Osmond Fisher, in a very reliable work entitled "Physics of the Earth's Crust," says that, "the rate of increase in temperature as the distance beneath the earth is augmented is, on the whole, an equable one and may be taken to average about one degree for each fifty-one feet." Figuring on this last statement as the most reliable we find that at a depth of thirty miles below the surface all known metals and rocks are in a state of white-hot fusion.

There has been a great deal of criticism of women bicyclers in the Eastern press of late, and some of the critics have not hesitated to say severe things concerning the figure which the average woman cuts astride a wheel. No accounting for taste; but there is at least one respect in which the average woman who rides a bicycle sets a good example to the average man. She sits erect, while the man bends over his wheel, to the great detriment of his chest, and looks more like an ape than like a lord of creation.

A New York druggist recently defended his store against burglars by dashing ammonia in their faces. One of them suffered such intense agony that he jumped through a plate glass window; his cries attracted a policeman, but before he arrived at the station his head had swelled to nearly twice its natural size and he was a pitiful looking object. It is doubtful if such brutal treatment is justifiable even against burglars. The pharmacopeia affords some drug that would be equally effective and less painful.

AROUND THE GLOBE

DIGEST OF THE NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

All Important Occurrences of the Past Week, Boiled Down and Arranged for Rapid Reading, From Home and Abroad.

Personal Mention.

Serah Lewellen, aged 70, and Miss Lizzie Truitt, aged 50, were married at Muncie, Ind.

Rudyard Kipling is said to have been jilted by six London girls in succession before he wooed and won his American wife.

The remains of Rev. Charles S. H. Dunn, D. D., who died in London, Eng., have been brought to Bloomington, Ill., for burial.

The engagement of Miss Grace Roosevelt, daughter of John A. Roosevelt, to Appleton Clarke of New York is announced. Miss Roosevelt held the lawn tennis championship of America for two years.

Sig. Schiaparelli, the eminent astronomer, has declared that the extraordinary brightness of Mars is no new phenomenon. It is, in his opinion, caused by the reflection of sunlight from the clouds of the planet.

Prof. Henry Morse Stevens of Cambridge, England, has been chosen professor of modern European history at Cornell and has accepted. It is said that his acceptance is largely influenced by a desire to use the President White library at Cornell which offers exceptional advantages in his specialty, the history of the French revolution.

Cleveland is one of the eight presidents who never attended college, the others being Washington, Jackson, Van Buren, Taylor, Fillmore, Lincoln and Johnson. The other fifteen, including Grant, who was a West Pointer, were all college-bred men. It is a curious fact, however, that neither Yale, Dartmouth nor Columbia has furnished one.

Oliver Wendell Holmes has not hesitated to express his pride in the fact that the year of his birth gave to the world four of its greatest men—Tennyson, Darwin and Gladstone in England, and Abraham Lincoln in this country. And when his own name was added to the list the doctor modestly added: "Oh, I sneaked in, as it were."

Unfortunate Events.

Ten icehouses burned at Hamilton, Ohio, with a loss of $30,000.

Charles Bush, aged 20, was killed by lightning at Kalmazoo, Mich.

Wind destroyed thousands of bushels of peaches at St. Joseph, Mo.

The German church at Plum Grove, Ill., was destroyed by lightning.

Nelson Woods was killed by a dynamite explosion at Knoxville, Tenn.

Lafayette Peck of Roadhouse, Ill., was killed by lightning while visiting in the country.

Mrs. Jacob Smith and son was killed by a bolt of lightning at Whitehall, Mich.

Christian Schall, a farmer, living near Alliance, Ohio, was killed in a runaway accident.

Mrs. Eliza M. Steers, of Anne, Ill., fell downstairs and received injuries from which she died.

Alfred Strong, 8 years old, was run over and killed by a trolley car at Brooklyn, N. Y.

W. B. Gilman, the Wabash fireman injured in the wreck at Saunemin, Ill., Friday has died.

John Ingalls was killed by a Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway train near New Hampton, Ia.

Steve Sullivan, an ex-pugilist of Chicago, fell under the train at Dwight, Ill., and lost an arm.

While a crowd at Nashville, Tenn., was watching a rope walker, a sidewalk fell and a score of persons were injured.

Oscar Johnson, living near Sycamore, Ill., 17 years of age, died of lockjaw. He had fallen piercing his thigh with the tines of a fork.

A Vandalia freight train was wrecked near Peoria, Ill., by running into a herd of cattle, and Engineer J. C. Williams was killed.

Frank Martell, a wealthy stock ranch owner at Greenwood county, Kas., was drowned in the Neosho river, near Burlington, Kas.

D. W. Bishop, of New York, who inherited the bulk of the late Catherine Wolfe's fortune, had a narrow escape from being drowned at Manhattan beach while bathing.

W. S. Knapp, an old citizen of Mason City, Iowa, was instantly killed by a Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul train while attempting to cross the track with a team.

By the explosion of a gasoline stove at Winfield, Ill., Miss Regina Kopp, domestic in the family of the Rev. J. Welderhold, received burns from which she died. The loss on the house is about $3,000.

Lightning struck the Monmouth while the steamer was enroute from the Atlantic highlands to New York city. Capt. Martin was slightly injured and the passengers were greatly alarmed for a few minutes.

Criminal Doings.

George Kunzel, 61 shot and killed himself at Clinton, Ia. He has three children living in Chicago.

A. A. McComb, was arrested at Jeffersonville, Ind., for passing counterfeit coin.

Harry G. Cleveland, formerly a clerk in the Akron, Ohio, postoffice, has been arrested, charged with forgery.

The men who lynched six negroes in Tennessee are detected and will be arrested, it is promised.

William J. Sigsbee committed suicide at Quincy, Ill., after being married two weeks.

John Lurik, the anarchist Pole at Ottawa, Ill., who murderously assaulted the city marshal and another man, was held in bonds of $5,000.

Judus Snyder, trustee of Cool Spring township, Ind., has been removed from office because of a $2,000 shortage in his accounts.

Charles Stevens, a young man living near Warren, Ind., was arrested and taken to Tennessee to answer a murder charge.

A neat but unsuccessful attempt was made to swindle Rush Culver, receiver of the United States land office at Marquette, Mich., out of $424.

The body of James Mooney of Pike county, Ill., was found in the river near there. He had been murdered presumably for his money. There is no clew to the murderer.

Joseph Grace in the county jail at Jeffersonville, Ind., on a charge of criminally assaulting his 12-year old daughter Florence, attempted suicide with a pocket knife.

Thirty-four men are to be tried at Pekin, Ill., for taking part in the attack on Little's coal mine June 6, in which two men were killed and the mine destroyed by fire.

Dr. H. S. Humphrey has been held to trial at Lansing, Mich., $1,000 bail, on a charge of manslaughter preferred by Julia Cosgrave of Nashville, Tenn. The case grows out of an alleged criminal operation.

Clarence W. Clark, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and next in rank to Chief Arthur, is lying at the point of death at Philadelphia from a pistol wound inflicted by his divorced wife.

During the celebration of mass in a Catholic church at Bucharest a lunatic who brandished a long knife rushed up to the altar and tried to murder the priest. He was seized and disarmed before he could do any harm.

A stage was held up seven miles south of Congress, Ariz., by two masked highwaymen. Six passengers were in the coach. They were relieved of all their valuables, the bandits securing $500.

Cattlemen swooped down upon three sheep camps on the mesa west of Paracrate, Col., shot and dangerously wounded a herder named Carl Brown, drove off the other herders and ran the sheep over the cliffs along Roan Creek.

Bert Swigley and his sons, with Harvey Terrill, a young man, were digging potatoes near Wabash, Ind. Terrill lagged behind, and Jake Swigley, aged 14, struck him a sharp blow on the head with the sharp edge of a potato digger. Terrill is unconscious, and the doctors fear he will not recover.

Foreign Gossip.

Turkish brigands sacked the Antoura railroad station at Kayit.

Baron Erlanger, the German banker, died at Genoa, Italy.

Investigation shows that the cholera is spread by the pilgrims to Mecca, which is a nursery for the disease.

Muley Mohammed, the eldest son of the late sultan of Morocco, has been proclaimed emperor by the rebel tribes of the South.

There is a deficit of nearly $2,000,000 in the revenues of the Dominion of Canada for the fiscal year ending June 30 last.

The Paris L'Autorite says that the emperor of Germany is trying to organize a conference of the powers with view of bringing about a general disarmament.

Nicaragua's president promptly complies with a demand by the United States government that exiled Americans be returned to Bluefields and given a fair trial.

An official dispatch from Pretoria, capital of the Transvaal republic, South Africa, says that the chief leader of the insurgent Kaffirs, after continued fighting, has surrendered to the Boer commanders.

The Republic of Columbia has presented Nicaragua with a second protest, claiming sovereignty over the Mosquito reservation under old Spanish titles. It is reported that President Nunez is to go to Bogota in order to calm the rising troubles there.

The Paris Republique Francaise says it regards the reports that it is the intention of the Japanese to attack Shanghai has proof that Great Britain is seeking a pretext to intervene in the war between China and Japan. But this, the paper adds, the United States, France and Russia will not permit.

A dispatch to the London Times from Berlin says that an article recently published in the Vienna Politiche Correspondebz advocating a dual control by Great Britain and Germany over Samoa, has attracted great attention in Berlin. The dispatch adds that the proposal is unfavorably received and it is firmly insisted that only a German protectorate is possible.

The London Times publishes a long letter from Lord Brassey warmly supporting the project of establishing a Canadian mail route to Australia. Lord Brassey says that such a route is earnestly to be desired, and that no hesitation should be shown if the earl of Jersey, who was Great Britain's representative at the recent colonial conference in Ottawa, recommends that the proposed Canadian service (mail and cable) to Australia should be subsidized.

Otherwise.

Jackson refuses to follow Corbett's example and sign for a fight at Sioux City.

The forty-fourth anniversary of the admission of California to statehood was celebrated at San Jose.

The American Society of Irrigating Engineers at Denver elected James P. Maxwell president.

Members of the grand council of the Improved Order of Red Men met in Binghamton, N. Y.

The fifth annual convention of the Postoffice Clerks' National association opened at the American house, Boston.

Charles Broadway Rouss, a New York dry goods merchant, has contributed $1,000 for the relief of forest fire sufferers.

T. J. O'Neil, Democratic candidate for congress in Kansas, has refused to withdraw in order to secure fusion with Populists.

In an interview General Master Workman Sovereign of the Knights of Labor says strikes are illegal and strikers are criminals.

Knights of Labor executive board adopted a resolution calling on local assemblies to aid in the effort to impeach Olney.

Mr. Debs goes to the convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen to work for the defeat of Grand Master Sargent.

New York stockholders will ask a receiver for the Colorado Irrigation company, whose affairs are said to be honey-combed with fraud.

A bill making 2 cents a mile the maximum rate will be urged at the coming session of the Indiana legislature by Indianapolis merchants.

At Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Judge Shiras decided contracts exempting railroad corporations from liability from fires are not against public policy.

Seven thousand visitors aided the people of Grand Junction, Col., to celebrate peach day. Specimens of astonishing size were exhibited.

Adjt.-Gen. Orendorff of Illinois was notified that Co. I, Sixth infantry, at Morrison, has been paid $1,778.08, the amount due for strike services.

It is announced in St. Louis that Miss Beatrice Maguire, niece of Archbishop Patrick John Ryan of Philadelphia, is studying for the comic opera stage.

By a large majority the New York constitutional convention struck out the limitation of the amount which may be recovered in case of death by accident.

The annual report of the Rio Grande road make a good comparative showing. Net earnings for the year decreased $1,532,069.

A child of Ben Thornton, a colored detective of Indianapolis, was refused admission to a public school, and the board of education has been appealed to.

Col. William B. Haynes has declined the nomination for congressman from the Thirteenth Ohio district tendered him by the Democratic convention held at Sandusky, Sept. 4.

Ex-Gov. Zulick of Arizona has written a letter to the president, vigorously protesting against the return to Arizona of Geronimo and his Apaches, now prisoners at Mount Vernon barracks, Ala.

W. C. Sawyer, bicyclist, at Springfield, Mass., made an unpaced mile in 2:07 1-5, beating the world's record.

Capt. Frietsch of Milwaukee arrived safely at Queenstown, having crossed the Atlantic alone in his little schooner Nina.

The New York constitutional convention in committee of the whole has adopted a resolution changing the term of governor and lieutenant governor from three years, as at present, to two years, and providing that in all cases the state engineer shall be a practical civil engineer.

The steamer Haiten Republic, which figured so conspicuously in the late smuggling trials at Portland, Or., and which has been held by the government for over a year under libel, has been sold at auction by the United States marshal. The vessel was bid in by Capt. John Ross, her former master, for $15,000.

Telegraphic Communication.

"What my friend Rogers has said about unseen presences," said C. R. Walden, "reminds me of a peculiar affinity between a sister of mine and me. We are usually several hundred miles apart, and yet our minds are in constant communication. I can, at will, call up a view of her household, see just where she is and what she is doing. If she is ill I know it in a moment, and have before now taken long journeys when I learned in this way that she was ill. My sister can keep track of me in the same way, and frequently I receive letters at places where I did not tell her that I would be. At one time I was about to enter into a business contract. The next morning, after talking the matter over, I received a telegram from my sister telling me to make no contracts until I received a letter from her. I waited, and the following day the letter came saying that she had seen me, and that something told her that it would be disastrous. It so affected me that I declined to close the agreement, and I afterwards found that had I done as I first intended it would have resulted in my losing every dollar that I had."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

BRECKINRIDGE LOSES

THE CONTEST IN THE ASHLAND DISTRICT IS DECIDED.

Congressman Breckinridge Is Defeated at the Primaries by Mr. Owens—The Credit for the Result Is Given the Ladies.

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 18. — W. C. Owens has defeated W. C. P. Breckinridge and E. E. Settle for the Democratic nomination for congress from the Seventh, better known as the Ashland, district.

For months the district has been agitated in the most bitter personal manner. It was not a political, not a factional fight; it was a moral contest for months and months, and during the last few days it became intensely personal; so much so that the nomination was not the only issue. Col. Breckinridge was fighting for life, and he never before made such speeches or displayed such executive ability in organization. He marshaled every man he could command, but he could not command the women. They had no votes, but they were the controlling element in the fight. At the Owens headquarters they say in their rejoicing, "The ladies did it."

W. R. Owens.

The ladies could not get ward workers to their prayer meetings or other meetings, but their organization of committees of one generally got promises at home out of voters, who needed no watching on entering the booths. With the saloons closed, the women praying and the best influences all aroused, there was a quiet election with excitement and bitter feeling at their highest pitch. The greatest surprise of the day was the good order everywhere. There were some personal encounters, but not as many as usual at closely contested elections. There was, however, great precaution to prevent trouble. Old friends and neighbors have been having their inning, and they wanted only the voting now. If the Breckinridge men had enforced their challenge strictly, as they had expected, there would have been trouble. So closely had the canvassing and polling been done, that the challengers knew how almost all the Democrats stood, and they could have prevented many from voting. It was generally understood that the Republican managers favored Breckinridge, and they thought in the event of his nomination their candidate would not be hopeless. Very few Republicans, however, voted.

W. C. P. Breckinridge.

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 18.—There is nothing definite in the way of returns. The Owens men claim the election of Owens by 410 plurality, while the Breckinridge men claim his plurality is only 169. It is believed by many well posted Owens men that Breckinridge will contest the election, but he declines to talk for publication. The official count will be held to-morrow, and as a majority of the election committee favors Breckinridge it is expected that advantage will be taken of every contested vote to seat the colonel.

PEARY'S PARTY.

The Arctic Explorers Arrive at St. Johns, N. F.

St. Johns, N. F., Sept. 18.—The steamer Falcon, Capt. Henry Bartlett, has returned here, bringing back the whole personnel of the Peary expedition of last year except Lieut. Peary, Hugh Lee, a companion, and Matthew Penson, a colored servant, all of whom remain at Bowdoin Bay for another year, hoping to accomplish the work of the expedition which is still left unfinished. The first incident of note was the birth of Mrs. Peary's baby, on Sept. 12, 1893, a month after the Falcon left last year. During October last fearful storms swept over Falcon harbor, smashing the naphtha launch and washing away large quantities of oil intended for lighting and heating purposes. The various scientific observations were most successful. They were taken by Mr. Baldwin.

Lynch Suspects Jailed.

Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 18.—Frank H. Berry of Rosemark, Frank Tucker, W. C. Thompson and Jim Walker of Kerryville, were jailed to-day under indictment for alleged complicity in the lynching of six negroes near Millington on the night of Aug. 31.

Shot While Hunting.

Jackson, Minn., Sept. 18.—A sixteen-year-old son of Hon. Alex Fiddes was accidentally shot while hunting, and is not expected to live.

Learning to Embalm.

Minneapolis, Sept. 14.—About seventy-five undertakers of the state and the Dakotas assembled this morning at the Minneapolis College of Physicians and surgeons. N. P. Hohenschuh of Mason City, Iowa, occupied the morning session in explaining the use of the arterial system for embalming purposes and the destruction of disease germs and the care in the sanitary conditions of bodies when being shipped. In the afternoon Mr. Hohenschuh explained the venous circulation and gave a practical illustration of embalming.

For Early Closing.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—The Retail Clerks' association has begun anew the work of organization among the salesmen and saleswomen of the city, with the object of reviving the agitation which was started a year ago to close the stores earlier in the evening and to keep them closed all day Sunday.

Murderer Acquitted.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 14.—G. N. Henson, proprietor of the Citizens' Bank and Trust company, who has been on trial since Monday for the killing of J. B. Wert, who, he claims, had ruined his wife and destroyed his domestic peace, was to-day acquitted by the jury.

Gen. Logan's Sister.

Murphysboro, Ill., Sept. 14.—Mrs. Anna Rogers, sister to the late John A. Logan, took morphine yesterday with suicidal intent. It is thought her life will be saved. Despondency is supposed to be the cause.

Will Tour America.

London, Sept. 14.—Gen. Booth, commander-in-chief of the Salvation Army, sailed this afternoon for Quebec. He will make an extended tour through the United States and Canada.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

Peculiar Experience of a Missouri Horse Thief.

Yankton, S. D., Sept. 18. — W. H. Leonard, alias W. H. Johnson, was in Yankton to-day. Leonard enjoys the unusual distinction of having been under sentence of death for murder alleged to have been committed in Kansas while he was in jail in Yankton for horse stealing. Leonard was born in Clay county, Mo., the birthplace of the James and Younger brothers, and when eighteen years of age fell in love with a farmer's daughter. He had no means and the girl refused to marry him until he could provide her a home. To do this he stole a horse and buggy and sold it, but before the wedding could be effected he was arrested, tried and sentenced to three years' imprisonment in the Iowa penitentiary. He served his time and removed to Elk Point, this state. In April, 1883, he came to Yankton, hired a livery team and drove to Creighton, Neb. From there he started West. He tried to sell the team, and was finally brought back to Yankton and indicted for horse stealing. He was in jail here from April to November, 1883, when he was released on his own recognizance. From Yankton he went to Missouri, stole a horse, was again convicted and sentenced to five years in the Jefferson City penitentiary.

Here began the strangest part of his career. In the Jefferson City penitentiary he became acquainted with many noted criminals, one of whom disclosed to him the details of a railroad robbery on the Santa Fe road, near Garden City, Kan., in July, 1883, in which one man was killed and two or three wounded. Leonard thought he could use this information to secure his release from prison, and he devoted himself to rehearsing the details of the robbery as described by his fellow convict until he could describe the incidents connected therewith as readily as though he had actually participated in the robbery. He then made a statement of pretended confession, in which he implicated himself in the robbery, but declared he had no hand in the killing of the express messenger. As anticipated, he was taken to Garden City and indicted for murder. He was tried, convicted and sentenced to hang. One man testified that Leonard was the man who shot him, and others testified that Leonard was the man who did the killing. His protestations of innocense and affidavits from Yankton declaring that at the time the Santa Fe train was held up and robbed Leonard was an inmate of the Yankton county jail were in vain. Gov. Humphreys of Kansas and the railroad company wanted Leonard hanged, and the jailer in whose charge he was at Yankton was sent for to identify him, if possible. When Henry Bradley, the jailer, arrived at the penitentiary he found 900 convicts drawn up in line. Out of this number he had no difficulty in placing his hand on his old prisoner. This delayed the execution of the sentence still further, and when Gov. Lewelling was elected he became convinced of Leonard's innocence and pardoned him, after he had been for seven years under the sentence of death for a crime that he did not commit. Leonard is but thirty-four years of age now, and says that hereafter he will avoid criminal pursuits and settle down to honest life.

FOR CONGRESS.

Fourth District Populists Nominate F. H. Clarke.

St. Paul, Sept. 18.—The Populists of the Fourth district met here Saturday night and nominated F. H. Clarke of Ramsey county for congress. An attempt was made to endorse Darragh, the Democratic candidate, but this failed. The platform in part is as follows:

"We believe that the Democratic and Republican parties have abandoned the basic principles of their faiths, and are no longer the parties of Jefferson and Lincoln, but are the pliant tools of corporations and trusts.

"We believe that the salvation of our country demands radical changes; that the government should issue its own money, direct to the people, without the intervention of banks; that silver should be remonetized and free coinage adopted; that the people should be allowed to vote directly for their presidents and senators and upon all important laws; that the contract system of constructing public works should be abolished and all workmen be employed by the government and paid directly from the treasury; that the government should own and control all public utilities; should take possession of and run the Union Pacific railroad at once, and should purchase at a fair value all desirable railroads as soon as practicable and operate the same.

"We believe that the government of this country ought to be a government of the people, for the people and by the people, as it was originally intended, but it has been treated by the men who are at its head as a thing apart from and above the people, an oligarchy run by a plutocracy, and that through its corrupt workings and class legislation it has made the people of this republic a nation of beggars, tenants and slaves.

"We pledge ourselves, if permitted to gain control of our government, to restore it to the people and make it responsive to the public will."

Political Testament.

Paris, Sept. 18.—The Gaulois says that the Comte d'Haussonville has in his possession and will shortly publish the political testament of the Comte d'Paris, head of the royal house of France, who died a few days ago at Stowe House, England.

Verdict of Guilty.

Hastings, Minn., Sept. 18.—The jury in the case of John Ivan, for the killing of Policeman Albert Jacobson on the evening of July 10, returned a verdict finding the defendant guilty of murder in the first degree.

Cholera at Tacoma.

Tacoma, Wash., Sept. 18.—Capt. W. R. Bridgeman, of the United States man-of-war Baltimore, died here of Asiatic fever, not cholera, contracted recently in China.

Washington, Sept. 14.—An account of the scientific exploration of the ruins of Niffer near ancient Babylon, which is being made by American scientists under the auspices of the Babylonian exploration fund which was subscribed by Philadelphia in 1888 has been furnished the state department by Minister Terrell.

The work of excavating began in 1887 and has been continued by Dr. Peters, and Dr. Hilprecht, only the former being now engaged. From 150 to 250 Arabs are constantly employed. In the number of tablets, brick inscribed vases and in the value of cuniform texts found, the American enterprise is said to rival the explorations of Layard at Nineveh. Dr. Hilprecht, the distinguished assyrian scholar of the university of Pennsylvania, remains at the museum at the request of the Turkish government to translate inscriptions and arrange the tablets and other relics dating back to 4,000 B. C. Many tons of tablets, sarcophagi, and the like have already arrived at the museum at Constantinople and the sultan, in recognition of the services of the American professors, has promised that the University of Pennsylvania shall receive one of all duplicate antiques. Minister Terrell says that this enterprise has revealed an antiquity of the human race nearly ten centuries older than science had knowledge of before. The religion, government, habits of life, and to a great extent the customs of men who lived 4,000 years before Christ are revealed by the inscriptions which are now beingt translated here and arranged by Prof. Hilprecht.

Thus far, 20,000 inscribed tablets of clay and stone have been discovered, bearing inscriptions which include promised to pay debts, deeds, contracts and records of important public and private events. One tablet seen by Minister Terrell was a promise to pay borrowed money with interest in sheckels, in the reign of Cambyses.

MORTON IS NOMINATED

BY THE NEW YORK STATE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

He Receives Over Five Hundred Votes and the Nomination is Made Unanimous — Gov. Flower Not a Candidate for Renomination.

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 20.—The Republican state convention nominated Levi P. Morton for governor and Charles T. Sexton for lieutenant governor. Both nominations were made on the first ballot and were then made unanimous.

Congressman S. E. Payne, chairman of the committee on resolutions, presented the platform, which extends greetings to the Republicans of Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Oregon, Vermont and Maine "for their prompt and just judgment of an incompetent Democratic administration." The state Democratic administration is denounced for extravagance. National affairs are referred to as follows:

"The Democratic president of the United States and the Democratic chairman of the ways and means committee of the house of representatives have announced that war against the protected industries of the country has but just begun, and that it is to be prosecuted to the bitter end. On behalf of the wage earner, the agriculturist, the business man and of every sacred interest in the Empire State of the Union, the Republican party of the State of New York, in convention assembled, accepts this challenge and pledges itself to defend against all assault the rights of the workingman and his employer, both wantonly invaded by reckless demagogues."

Then follows an arraignment of the Democratic administration, declaring:

"Its most important achievement thus far has been fitly characterized by the chief executive as one of perfidy and dishonor. It has rewarded the largest contributors to its campaign fund by the bestowal of foreign missions; denouncing trusts, it permitted one of them to formulate its tariff bill; promising a continuance of the vigorous foreign politics established by the lamented James G. Blaine, it substituted a 'policy of infamy' when Hawaii was freely offered up; denouncing the Sherman act as a 'cowardly makeshift,' it was enabled to repeal the silver purchasing clause of the act only by the help of Republican senators; arraigning protection as a 'fraud upon labor,' it passed a mongrel protective measure, so tainted with scandal that it barely escaped the veto of a Democratic president; advocating free raw materials and an extension of our foreign trade, it destroyed all the profitable reciprocal agreements made by president Harrison; pledging itself to the payment of 'just and liberal pensions,' it treats the Union soldier as if the Grand Army badge was the badge of beggary and brigandage, pledging retrenchment, it exceeded at the last session of congress the expenditures of the corresponding session of the last Republican congress by $27,000,000 in the face of decreasing revenues and after it had added $50,000,000 to the public debt; while pretending to be in favor of individual freedom, it hastened to enact an odious income tax force bill, empowering deputy collectors to enter the homes of citizens and compel them by threats of official summons and heavy penalties to disclose their private affairs.

"We denounce Northern Democratic congressmen for permitting Southern members to protect the chief products of their section, while removing, or largely reducing, protective duties on the products of the North, thus permitting the South by legal enactment in time of peace to destroy our prosperity and accomplish what it failed to do by illegal enactment in time of war. We denounce the federal administration for surrendering in annual revenue $8,000,000 on wool and imposing a burden nearly ten times greater by levying a tax on sugar, the commonest household necessity.

"We favor an honest dollar, and oppose any effort toward the removal of the tax on state bank issues or the free coinage of silver to lower our currency standard, and we favor an international agreement which shall result in the use of both silver and gold as a circulating medium."

The administration of Gov. Flower is denounced, and especial reference being made to his veto of the bill to provide funds for police investigation in New York city.

Gov. Flower Not a Candidate.

Albany, N. Y., Sept. 20.—Gov. Flower to-day declined to be a candidate for renomination for governor. He made known his determination after a long interview with Senators Hill and Murphy. When Senator Hill left the executive chamber he went direct to the residence of Hon. John Boyd Thacher. This is said to have a great deal of significance, as Mr. Thacher has been mentioned as a candidate for governor. Gov. Flower later said: "This is an important year for the party. Republican victory in November would be likely to mean a perpetuation of Republican control for many years in this state and Republican success in the nation in 1896. Our ticket must have the earnest, aggressive support of every Democrat to insure Democratic victory, and that man should be nominated for governor who can certainly command that support. As for myself, I need not assure the Democrats of New York that I will be found, as I have always been in the past, battling in the ranks for the success of the ticket which my party shall nominate."

Wants a Divorce.

Minneapolis, Sept. 20.—The wife of Phil Scheig, the gay defaulter of Minneapolis, now serving a sentence at Stillwater for his wholesale stealings from the Bank of Minneapolis, is in position to testify. She has begun proceedings for a divorce, the grounds being that Scheig committed a felony, as the records of the district court will show, and has served the papers upon him in his lonely cell. Mrs. Scheig was formerly Miss Emma Barge, the second daughter of Jacob Barge.

Youthful Desperado.

Connellsville, Pa., Special.—Bernard Toker, a cokeworker was shot and killed and his wife Mary fatally wounded yesterday afternoon by Frank Morris, an eighteen-year-old boy. The deed was committed at Toker's home, six miles from here and the motive was robbery. Morris then fled to the mountains. To-day a man named Hatchill was riding horseback from the scene of the tragedy when he encountered Morris, when ordered him to dismount. Hathil refused and Morris shot him twice, inflicting serious but not fatal wounds. Morris is hiding in the mountains near here, and is evidently trying to reach the railroad and make his escape out of the country. County Detective Frank Campbell took a posse out this afternoon to surround the young desperado. The boy is desperate and a dead shot.

Killed for a Hog.

Pineville, Ky., Special.—News was brought to this place to-day of a murder committed yesterday over in Clay county, about twenty miles from here. John Ballett, and Gillis Sismore became engaged in a difficulty over a train for a hog. They started away but Ballette renewed the quarrel, and threatened to shoot Sismore with a Winchester. The man was shot five times. Ballett made his escape.

The Postmaster at Hill City, S. D., in Trouble.

Deadwood, S. D., Special.—Joseph Hare, postmaster at Hill City Pennington county was arrested on the charge of embezzlement, an inspection of the books of his office, showing that he was short in his accounts. He was brought to this city and had an examination before United States Commissioner McLaughlin, who held him in bonds of $5,000 to appear before the next United States grand jury. Postoffice Inspector G. C. Fospess, made the arrest. Hare has for a number of years edited a weekly paerp at Hill City.

THEY STAND BY ELY.

Report of the Investigating Committee at Madison.

Madison, Wis., Sept. 20.—The report of the Ely investigating committee was submitted to the full board of university regents at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon signed by the full committee. It finds Dr. Ely had no connection with the printers' strike; did not advise or abet strikers and walking delegates or make demands on proprietors that their offices should be made union. It further finds that there is no foundation for the charge that Dr. Ely believes in strikes or boycotts or any of the other charges that were made by Supt. Wells; that the charge that "a sort of moral justification for attacks upon the life and property is supported by the teaching or practice of the University of Wisconsin" is absolutely false.

The committee say they are surprised to find that during the last eighteen months nearly 200 books and articles have been published by the professors and students on various subjects. The report states that without doubt some things were written not only on social economics but other subjects with which many people could not agree, but the committee is mindful of the fact that many universally accepted doctrines of to-day were but a short time ago denounced as visionary, impracticable and pernicious.

The committee state that they cannot for a moment think of recommending the dismissal of a teacher, even if some of his opinions should in some quarters be regarded as visionary. Such a course would be equivalent to saying no professor should teach anything which is not accepted by everybody as true. They say they would feel themselves unworthy of the positions held if they did not believe in progress in all departments of knowledge. They believe the great University of Wisconsin should ever encourage that continual and fearless sifting and winnowing, by which alone truth can be found. In closing the report the committee says:

"We regret that our appointment for such an investigation should have been necessary, but would state that we entered upon it with the sole desire to ascertain the truth regarding the charges preferred. We are pleased to say that the result is a complete vindication of Dr. Ely and the teachings and practices of our university."

RED TAPE IN THE WAY.

Settlers in the Burned District Cannot Cut Pine.

Washington, Sept. 20.—Commissioner Lamoreux, of the general land office, has been receiving many communications from homesteaders in the burned districts of Minnesota and Wisconsin concerning pine lands which they have taken, but which have not been finally titled, or in which the title does not rest with the settler. Homesteaders are prohibited from cutting the pine until they acquire complete title. To this they make no objection, except in cases of fire, when the pine must be cut at once or it will lose its value for lumber. In any section where the fire has raged and the bark of the trees is burned, they must be cut the following winter or the worms at once begin their ravages, and by the second winter the trees are almost, if not wholly, destroyed.

The settlers have been inquiring of Commissioner Lamoreux whether the department cannot grant them permits to cut timber on their lands so that it may be saved. The commissioner says that such permission cannot be granted, and congress must act before the settlers, whose titles are not yet perfect, can cut and save their timber. It is expected a bill will be introduced and an effort be made early in the next session of congress to grant the homesteaders the relief they are asking. Commissioner Lamoreux made a tour of the burned district while he was in the Northwest. He says that there will be extensive lumbering in that section this year, as the owners of all timber lands where the flames swept the country know that they must cut the injured timber in order to save it.

BATTLED WITH GAMBLERS.

Pinkerton Detectives Encounter Lively Resistance.

Chicago, Sept. 20.—A pitched battle between Pinkerton men and the attaches of Harry Varnell's gambling den, at Madison and Clark streets, was fought yesterday afternoon during a raid on the place. Varnell's is one of the largest gambling houses in the city, and was well filled when a score of detectives, headed by "Mat" Pinkerton, entered the place. The occupants of the house armed themselves with chairs and other weapons and charged the intruders. Drawing their clubs, the officers resisted the attack, and for fifteen minutes the air was filled with chairs, clubs and profanity.

Many of the combatants were knocked down and badly pounded, but none were dangerously hurt. An immense crowd of people gathered, attracted by the row in the heart of the city. The detectives finally conquered, making numerous arrests, and the Varnell people retaliated by causing the arrest of Mat Pinkerton. Varnell is ex-warden of the county poor house, and has served a term in the penitentiary for "boodling."

Lena Olson's Slayer.

St. Paul, Sept. 20.—Gov. Nelson yesterday promulgated his proclamation offering a reward of $250 for the apprehension of the murderer of Lena Olson, the woman whose body was found on the beach at Duluth. A man named A. A. Austin is supposed to have killed the woman for her money.

For a Conference.

Cleveland, Sept. 20.—F. H. Zerbe, a prominent Massillon coal operator of this city, telegraphed to President John McBride at Columbus to-day asking the latter to come to Cleveland at once. When seen by a reporter Mr. Zerbe would not say why McBride had been sent for, but it is very probable that the operators desire to make some more efforts to settle the strike with their men, who have now been out eight months. If this effort fails, colored miners will be employed.

ALLEGED BOODLERS.

Two of Them Are Placed Under Arrest in Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Special.—Henry G. Van Ryn, Charles L. Lesser, the architects, and Hugh J. Sullivan and Joseph Meyers, the contractors of the new county almshouse, were arrested this afternoon on warrants issued on complaint of Fred G. Isenring, chairman of the board of supervisors, on the charge of defrauding Milwaukee county out of $10,000. The arrests are the first of a batch to be made as a result of the recent investigation into the charges of fraud in connection with the almshouse contract. The investigation committee has collected a mass of evidence at its secret meetings, and Chairman Fillmore, of the committee, and Chairman Isenring, of the board, are confident they can secure a conviction of all of the alleged boodlers. The almshouse contract is alleged to be the most notorious jov ever engineered in this country.

One of Those Smart Cashiers.

Kingman, Kan., Special.—F. A. Parsons, ex-cashier of the defunct Farmers and Drovers' bank and at present receiver appointed by the federal courts, is under arrest for receiving deposits after the bank was insolvent.

Severe Storms in Spain.

Madrid, Special.—The southwest and Mediterranean towns of Spain have been visited by severe storms. The towns of Gata and Javea have been flooded, many lives have been lost, a number of houses have been destroyed and several vessels in the Bay of Gata have been wrecked.

Postponed for a Week.

St. Paul, Special.—The meeting of the state drainage commission, which was to have been held next Monday for the purpose of opening bids on additional work, has been postponed for one week to allow the bidders more time to make their estimates.

FIGHT WITH BANDITS

ATTEMPT TO HOLD UP A SANTA FE PASSENGER TRAIN.

One of the Men Gives the Scheme Away and Detectives on the Train Fire Upon the Robbers—One Is Shot and Another One Caught.

Gorin, Mo., Sept. 20.—The Colorado & Utah express on the Santa Fe was held up by robbers at 3:30 a. m. today. Owing to the fact that the railroad and express officials had a spy on the trail of the bandits when they stopped the train they met a hail of buckshot and bullets. They were novices in the art of train robbery, and brutal ones at that, for they shot "Dad" Prescott, the engineer, before they even gave him a chance to hold up his hands. His wounds, it is believed, will not prove fatal. The raid was planned three weeks ago, but not put into execution until this morning. The men were farmers, and one of them gave the plan away. Consequently the train has carried a number of detectives for the last three weeks. The informer had agreed with the detectives to stop the train by putting a torpedo on the track.

Out from between two high embankments, just a mile from Gorin, sped the train. Then came the crack of the looked-and-longed-for signal. A moment and a shrill, sharp whistle gave token that the engineer had heard, and almost before his hand left the valve, across the tracks, not fifty yards away, swung a red light. A grinding of the wheels along the rails told the air had been applied, and within twenty seconds from the explosion of the torpedo the train was at a standstill. Out from the dense undergrowth north of the track came four forms. The face of each was hidden by a black mask. One, more agile than the rest, rushed to the engine almost before his companions could reach the express car. He carried a rifle, and when within ten feet of the tender, brought it to his shoulder, pointed it at "Dad" Prescott, the white-bearded engineer, and as he shouted "Hold up your hands," he pulled the trigger. His aim was true, and "Dad" fell to the floor of the cab, with a bullet in his right breast, but was not fatally injured.

With one bound Detective Kinned gained the top of the tender, and, bringing his gun to his shoulder, sent a shower of shot almost in the face of the masked individual. How on earth the fellow ever managed to move six inches is a mystery. But he did, and made for the woods.

The shot which laid Engineer Prescott low was the signal for a fusillade, and was echoed from bank to bank, and through the woods. It was also the signal for a hasty retreat to the shelter of the timber on the part of the greatly surprised individuals whose faces were hidden by masks.

Not until they reached timber did they answer; then they only fired two shots. But their aim was not good, and although men were leaning from the car windows and pulling triggers as fast as possible, while others had jumped to the ground and were after them on foot, they failed to hit a man. The officers then gave chase and captured two of the men. They are Charles Abrams and Lincoln Overfield, the former being the one so badly wounded. He cannot live.

The other men are known and will no doubt soon be arrested. All the men are farmers and live near Arabella, Mo.

THE THREE EYED PEACOCK

Li Hung Chang Loses His Feather—Tatoati Scheming.

London, Sept. 20.—A dispatch from Shanghai says that an imperial edict has been issued depriving Viceroy Li Hung Chang of his three-eyed peacock feather because of his mismanagement of the Corean campaign. Tatoati Shang, it is reported, is intriguing against Li Hung Chang through the emperor's favorite teachers. The Pall Mall Gazette's Shanghai correspondent says the Japanese are rapidly advancing upon Monkden. The correspondent also says it is reported that Viceroy Li Hung Chang has been deposed.

"If Christ Came to Congress."

Washington, Sept. 20.—The recently published book entitled "If Christ Came to Congress," has been detained in the mails, pending an investigation by the postoffice department of the alleged obscenity of the publication. The author is M. W. Howard of Alabama, who expects to be nominated for congress by a Populist convention held today. First Assistant Postmaster General Jones has charge of the question. He has little doubt of the merits of the case, but he has hesitated to pass on the book, as any action would serve as an advertisement. Mr. Jones says that in the meantime the question of detaining the books rests with the postmasters who receive them.

Iowa Crops.

Des Moines, Sept. 20. — The Iowa weather crop bulletin, issued to-day, says: No material damage has resulted from the frost. Corn is generally safe. Fully 60 per cent of the crop is in shock and cutting is still in progress. More than the average fall plowing is done. There will be an increase of acreage of fall wheat and rye; the early seeded is up and looking unusually well. Pastures are again furnishing feed for stock. Late potatoes are showing marked improvement. Latest threshing returns give promise of a total yield of 120,000,000 bushels of oats.

A. N. Ferris Burned Out.

Pipestone, Minn., Sept. 20. — In a strong wind this morning the house of A. N. Ferris burned to the ground. Not a thing in the house was saved and the family had a narrow escape from being burned.

Struck by Lightning.

Owingsville, Ky., Sept. 20.—The residence of Marshal Corey, a prominent farmer living near this city, was struck by lightning this morning and Corey, his wife and daughter were killed.

Fight Between Rival Duluth Companies Brings Down the Price.

Duluth, Special.—The retail coal trade is more demoralized than it has ever been here, and standard sizes of anthracite are selling at $5.50 a ton, delivered to any part of the city. All the companies are said to be in the fight, and the quantity of coal sold is something astonishing. The fight may be over any day. Coal receipts for both Duluth and Superior for the season to date have been 1,030,000 tons, nearly 500,000 tons less than they were at the same date a year ago. It is expected that total receipts for the year will amount to about 1,750,000 tons, a quarter of a million less than last year. The advance in coal freights to 50 cents a ton and the small buying by the railroads are the causes of the decrease.

Helmholz's Funeral.

Berlin, Special.—The funeral of Prof. Herman Von Helmholz, who died on Saturday last, took place to-day and was largely attended. Conspicuous among the assemblage were men prominent in the scientific world. Emperor William and his mother, Empress Frederick, were represented at the ceremonies. Wreaths to be placed upon the coffin were received from every country in Europe.

Red Hat for Satolli.

New York, Special.—A special from Rome says it is stated that the pope will hold a consistory in December at which Mgr Satolli will be nominated cardinal. It is expected that Cardinal Gibbons and possibly Archbishop Corrigan will be present at the consistory.

Will Repair the Adams.

Washington, Special.—The navy department has recived word of the arrival of the Adams at San Francisco, eighty-one hours from New Whatcom. The vessel was injured during her recent service in Northern Pacific waters and will have to undergo repairs.

CHANGE OF POLITICS.

Louisiana Sugar Planters Join the Republicans.

New Orleans, Sept. 19.—The sugar planters' convention to-day at Washington artillery hall was a large and very enthusiastic assemblage. The hall, one of the most commodious in the city, was crowded to the doors while the session lasted, and there were present not only the leading planters of Louisiana, but some of the most representative men of New Orleans.

The bolters from the Democratic party had everything their own way, and resistance to the programme was but feebly made. The convention went over to the national Republican party in a body. There was considerable speechmaking in which prominent figures on the floor took part, and the walls of the hall were freely ornamented with placards bearing mottoes of Republican doctrines. A representative body was entrusted with the resolutions, which were adopted by an overwhelming vote of the convention. The resolutions indorse the platform of the recent meeting in this city; expresses belief in the doctrine of protection to all American industries; declares that the people had never asked congress for a bounty, but that when the bounty was passed it was regarded as a pledge for fifteen years, and caused the mortgaging of plantations and the expenditure of immense sums of money in the purchase of modern machinery and in the making of elaborate improvements for the manufacture of sugar; urges the organization of clubs, committees and conventions throughout the state with a view of electing members of congress who will stand by the national Republican party in the organization of the house; and, finally, declaring that "the causes which have led to the inauguration of this movement are of a financial and industrial nature, and that the character and standing of its leaders be a sufficient guarantee that they will ever advocate good government for the whole people of this state." It demands fair elections and an honest count, and expect at the hands of Gov. Foster fair representation for the planters on all boards of registration and elections.

The president is directed to appoint a committee of thirty-five with full powers of the convention to be known as the state committee of the national Republican party.

DEEP WATERWAYS.

International Convention to Secure a Deep Water Route.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 19.—The movement to secure deep waterways to connect the great lakes with tide water is likely to receive considerable impetus from the international deep waterways convention, which opened here to-day. Two hundred delegates are present. The delegation from the United States is headed by Capt. J. S. Dunham of Chicago, who officially represents the board of trade of that city. The chief project for consideration is that just launched by a number of prominent Canadians, including Mayor Jones of Toronto, Ald J. Shaw, Hon. John Hallan, O. W. Shepard and E. A. Macdonald. The Georgian Canal company, as the corporation is styled, was recently organized with a capital of $10,000,000. The company proposes to construct a ship canal from Nottawasaga bay, an inlet of Georgian bay, Lake Huron, through the Peninsula of Ontario to Lake Ontario via Toronto. The projectors have sought to secure the co-operation of the Canadian government with the United States in the construction of the canal, which is to be sixty-six miles in length, 200 feet in width and twenty-two feet waterway. It is claimed that the new route will throw open the lakes to transatlantic shipping and shorten the course of navigation between Toronto and Chicago by 394 miles. The delegates were welcomed by J. Enoch Thompson, chairman of the committee on deep water-docks.

FATAL FLAMES.

Several Lives Lost in a Fire in Washington.

Washington, Sept. 19.—The most fatal fire of recent years in Washington was the burning of the mattress factory of Stumph & Brothers, to-day. Four bodies are at the morgue, charred and crushed beyond recognition, one is dead at the hospital, three injured men are at the hospital and there may be others buried in the ruins, as several of the workmen are unaccounted for. Two of the dead at the morgue are known to be William H. Tennyson, an old man employed in the factory, and Willie Ashe, a boy of thirteen years, and James F. Vaughn, a clerk, died at the hospital. Four others who are missing, are Henry Fowler, Philip Ackerman, Robert Heitzel and an old man who had been employed in the factory but a few days, and whose name is not remembered by his employer. Those at the hospital are A. J. Harske, both legs broken; may die. Arthur C. Bevins, internal injuries and fractured wrist. Harry Bacon, internal injuries.

Will Be Arrested.

Chicago, Sept. 19.—An Inter Ocean special from Milwaukee says: Frederick T. Day and William Plankinton, president and vice president, respectively, of the defunct Plankinton bank, will be arrested to-morrow on a warrant chargeing them with having received deposits when they knew that the bank was in an insolvent condition. At least this is now the programme of the district attorney.

Important Electrical Decision.

St. Louis, Sept. 19.—In the United States district court here to-day, Judge Hallett's decision in the case of Wellington Adams et al. vs. The Lindell Railroad was handed down. It is in favor of the defendants. Though local in title, this suit directly affected practically every patentable feature of all the electric street railway motors now in use. Adams claimed priority of invention, and his claim was not only contested by the actual defendant, but by the General Electric company, which was also represented by counsel.

New Agency Buildings.

Chamberlain, S. D., Special.—Arrangements have been completed by Contractor Owens of Pierre, for the shipment of about 800 tons of building material to this point over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad. A short time ago Mr. Owens secured the contract for the construction of several buildings at the new location of lower Brule agency, among them a fine brick school house, and this building material is to be used in the construction of the buildings mentioned. From this point the material will be carried to the agency by the steamer Last Chance. The shipment of the material via this place will make busy times for the workmen and mechanics for some time to come. Many men will be employed in the construction of the new buildings.

Don't Want to Go Back.

New York, Special.—Julius and Siegfried Siegel, the Vienna bankers now awaiting extradition on the charge of forgery and the misappropriation of $100,000, want to withdraw their expressed willingness to return to their native country to stand trial. United States Commissioner Alexander states that he cannot receive the withdrawal, and refers the petitioners to the secretary of state.

Peru's Revolution.

New York, Special.—A special from Lima, Peru, says cablegrams from the south announces that the forces of Pacheco Cospedes have revolted. Many were killed and wounded and forty joined the constitutional forces. The rebel forces of Seminario in the north are being energetically pursued by the government troops.

Wants a Disarmament.

Paris, Special.—L'Autorite says that the emperor of Germany is trying to organize a conference of the powers with a view of bringing about a general disarmament.

America Leads the World

The Crowning Glory of the Age.

Man's enterprise culminated at the World's Columbian Exposition. The memory of it will be a marvel for all time. The fame there acquired will live for years. The manufacturers of

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

appreciate the award to them of highest honors at the Exposition. The significance of the compliment, the splendid character of the indorsement, cannot be underrated. It stamps Dr. Price's as without a peer among the baking powders. The jury of awards, an exceptionally intelligent body, was headed by the Chief Chemist of the United States Department of Agriculture. They found **Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder** strongest in leavening power, perfect in purity, and of uniform excellence.

"Foremost Baking Powder in all the World."

Clergymen's Marriages.

Marriages seem a great failure in the case of curates. One of them writes of the sad lot of his class as follows: "When vicars in charge of fashionable suburban parishes insist on having only young and unmarried curates it may, in the opinion of mere worldly men, be very nice for girls, but is it very good for the church? Why do married vicars invariably advertise for unmarried curates? Are their own marriages all failures? My case is a common one. I am a curate and want work. But I am too old, being no less than thirty-seven years of age, and I am married, so, of course, must stand aside. That I have enough income to live on, is lucky for me, but does not alter my case. My father served as a curate nearly all his life, and I thought I might at least be permitted to do the same; but the action of the bishops in ordaining men wholesale during the last twenty-five years has enabled the majority of vicars to reject all who, like myself, are old, or married, and so we are left in the sad position of your humble servant, who signs himself OUT OF WORK."—London Telegraph.

Bobby's Bad Box.

Mrs. Suburb—Bobby, I wish you would weed this flower bed.

Bobby (whimpering)—If I sit here in the hot sun, a-pullin' weeds, I'll get all sunburned, and my skin will be so sore I can't sleep.

Mrs. Suburb—That's easily remedied. After you get through with the flower bed you may pull all the plantain weeds out of the lawn and bring them to me. Plantain leaves are good for sunburn.—Good News.

Karl's Clover Root Tea.
The great Blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the Complexion and cures ... 25c., 50c., $1.

There is a tide in the affairs of men which if not skillfully dodged at the proper time drowns them.

Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine.
Cures Chapped Hands and Face, Tender or Sore Feet, Chilblains, Piles, &c. ... New Haven, Ct.

"There's a divinity doth hedge a king." Yes, and there are divinities that hedge on a horse-race, too.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth.
Be sure and use that old and well tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething.

The flounder is a fish that requires plenty of seasoning, and even then is flat.

Hall's Catarrh Cure.
Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

The only way it pays a person to be his own lawyer is to keep his own counsel.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve."
Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

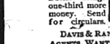
In the bright lexicon of speculation there is nothing so uncertain as a sure thing.

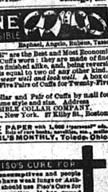
Home Again!
After a brief absence the cheerful visitor, dyspepsia, returns again. Our traditional mother-in-law is nothing to it. To prevent repeated visits use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Also seek the aid of this comprehensive remedy for malaria, liver and kidney trouble, debility and nervousness. Question those who have been troubled with these and kindred ailments. They will testify in behalf of the Bitters.

Mrs. Mormon of Missouri recently gave birth to three boys and a girl. Why so much girl?

What availeth it if a girl wear white kid slippers and nobody sees them?—Oil City Blizzard.

Sometimes there is a good deal of pride in telling how big a sinner you used to be.


FREE! THIS KNIFE! Fine Steel. Keen as a razor. Good, strong handle. Mailed free in exchange for 25 Large Lion Heads cut from Lion Coffee Wrappers, and a 2-cent stamp to pay postage. Write for list of our other fine Premiums. WOOLSON SPICE CO., 450 Huron St., TOLEDO, O.


Davis International Cream Separator, Hand or Power. Every farmer that has cows should have one. It saves half the labor, makes one-third more butter. Separator Butter brings one-third more money. Send for circulars. DAVIS & RANKIN BLDG. & MFG. CO. AGENTS WANTED. Chicago, Ill.

LINENE REVERSIBLE
Raphael, Angelo, Rubens, Tasso
The "LINENE" are the Best and Most Economical Collars and Cuffs worn: they are made of fine cloth, both sides finished alike, and, being reversible, one collar is equal to two of any other kind. They fit well, wear well and look well. A box of Ten Collars or Five Pairs of Cuffs for Twenty-Five Cents. A Sample Collar and Pair of Cuffs by mail for Six Cents. Name style and size. Address REVERSIBLE COLLAR COMPANY, 77 Franklin St., New York. 27 Kilby St., Boston.

MARRIAGE PAPER with 1,000 "personal" ads.; lists of rare books, novelties, etc., mailed free. GUNNEL'S MONTHLY, Toledo, Ohio.

PISO'S CURE FOR Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c. CONSUMPTION.

HINDOO CHILD MARRIAGES

A Brahmin's Daughter Must Marry Very Early or Her Reputation Suffers.

The Brahmin has to get his daughter married before she attains puberty. This custom has crept into religion. The Hindoo religion strictly forbids single life for woman or man; especially must the woman be married. Hence there are no old maids in India. Sometimes one may meet an old "cranky" bachelor, who has remained unmarried because he was too poor to marry, or because his character was not good; but even these are seldom found except in the lower classes. If a man is not married at the latest by his twenty-fifth year his reputation suffers. It is believed that those who have a son go to heaven, when the son, after the death of his parents, performs the spiritual rites. However this may be, whether they go to heaven or not, this severe rule tends to a strict cultivation of home life.

Owing to this rule, if a Brahmin's daughter attains pluberty before marriage the father is disgraced; he loses his caste and no one will marry the girl. Thus when a poor man has more than one daughter it is a misfortune for him. The Hindoo father himself has to find out a suitable husband for his daughter, so he goes to a gentleman who has a son. He first makes inquiries about the family, the property, the health the education of the boy. Then he asks the father of the boy to marry his son to his daughter. The father of the boy asks for dowry, and the amount of this is fixed according to the means of the man who asks for it and not of the man who gives it; that is to say, if the father of the boy is very rich he asks thousands of dollars. Hence the Hindoo father of a girl has to spend much for the marriage of his daughter, for he always wishes to see her married into a rich family.—Forum.

DOCTOR'S FEES

In the Case of Royal Patients They Are Sometimes Enormous.

Some of the fees paid by royalty have been eminently befitting the giver and taker. The late physician to the Prince of Wales received for four weeks' attendance at Sandringham, during the illness of his distinguished patient from typhoid fever, not only the usual title of baronet, but a fee of £10,000. Sir Morell Mackenzie is reported to have received more than twice this amount for his treatment of the late Emperor Frederick of Germany. Dimsdale, a prominent practitioner of London, in 1762, was called thence to St. Petersburg to vaccinate the Empress Catherine II., for which he received not only the equivalent of $50,000 but an extra $10,000 for traveling expenses, the title of baron, and a life pension of $2,500 yearly. His Royal Highness the Nawab of Rampur, India recently paid an English army surgeon £50,000 for a three-months' occasional attendance in an ordinary attack of rheumatism. The late Sir Andrew Clark, Gladstone's physician, often charged $1,000 for running down from London to Liverpool, and the late Sir William Gull commanded equally high rates for similar services. A Russian surgeon charged a wealthy notable of Odessa $6,000 for opening an abcess of the hip, the time occupied being about ten minutes. And, better still, while on the same visit he took a chance shot at another patient in the shape of a similarly simple operation, for which he received nearly $1,500 more. certainly enough extra to pay the fee of the railway porter on his homeward journey.

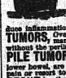
But in all this it is not so much the doing as the knowing how to do it. When the French peasant said that there were not ten francs' worth of paint on Rosa Bonheur's "Horse Fair," he was incapable of valuing high art. "Five dollars for amputating the leg," said the surgeon, "and nine hundred and ninety-five for knowing how"—and the victim was thankful accordingly.—Dr. Shrady in the Forum.

Congenial Sport.

Banks—What is your favorite game?
Tanks—The one where you roll the balls in lively, and every one yells "setenfupagin."

Money which is "coming to you" does not always arrive.

THE DISCOVERY OF AMERICA



by Columbus brought enlightenment to the world. New fields of enlightenment in this century are in the lines of science. The triumph of Conservative Surgery is well illustrated by the fact that RUPTURE or Breach, is now radically cured without the knife and without pain. Clumsy, chafing trusses never cure but often induce inflammation, strangulation and death. TUMORS, Ovarian, Fibroid (Uterine) and many others, are now removed without the perils of cutting operations. PILE TUMORS, however large, Fistula and other diseases of the lower bowel, are permanently cured without pain or resort to the knife. STONE in the Bladder, no matter how large, is crushed, pulverized, washed out and perfectly removed without cutting. STRICTURE of Urinary Passage is also removed without cutting in hundreds of cases. For pamphlet, references and particulars, send 10 cents (in stamps) to World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES CATARRH PRICE 50 CENTS, ALL DRUGGISTS

A BATCHELOR'S INVOCATION.

When all my plans have come to grief,
And every bill is due,
And every faith that's worth belief
Has proved itself untrue;
And when, as now, I've jilted been,
By every girl I've met,
Ah! then I flee for peace to thee,
My darling cigarette.

Hail, sorceress! whose cloudy spells
About my senses driven
Alone can loose their prison cells
And waft my soul to heaven.
Above all earthly loves I swear,
I hold thee best; and, yet,
Would I could see a match for thee,
My darling cigarette.

With lips unstained to thee I bring
A lover's gentle kiss,
And woo thee, see, with this fair ring,
And this, and this, and this.
But ah! the rings no sooner cease
(Inconstant, vain coquette!)
Than, like the rest, thou vanishest
In smoke, my cigarette!
—Commercial Gazette.

MEANEST OF ALL.

The Tale of a Peculiar Boy.

"That old house has a history," said Uncle Bob.

As they came around a bend in the road that had before shut out their sight the house in question, Uncle Bob stopped and gazed musingly at the gloomy and seemingly deserted structure.

"It looks haunted," ventured Nephew Dick.

"It is," answered Uncle Bob.

"Real ghosts?" demanded Nephew Tom.

Uncle Bob finished his long look, and then went on:

"No; it is haunted by the memory of the meanest boy who ever lived."

"He must have been a terror, then!" exclaimed Dick.

"He was."

"What did he do that was mean?" questioned Tom.

Was None of His Affair.

"He never did anything that wasn't mean," replied Uncle Bob.

He seated himself on the grass and the two boys followed his example. They knew that a story was coming, and Uncle Bob always told stories that were worth hearing.

"That chap was so mean," resumed Uncle Bob, "that he couldn't possibly do an act that wasn't mean. More than than each act had to be meaner than the one that went before it."

"Who was he?"

"His name was James Hogg. He and I were schoolmates in this very town. We weren't playmates, though—thank heaven! I am afraid I haven't always been as careful of my companions as I might have been, but I never had anything to do with Hogg simply because I couldn't bear the sight of the fellow. If you've ever had a live snake in your hand, you can imagine what it felt like to feel the touch of Hogg.

"His folks were as poor as could be. They were always behindhand in their rent, and all they had in the house wasn't worth a $50 bill.

"When the Hogg boy was nine years old, his father died. There was only one thing Mrs. Hogg could do, and she did it—took in washing.

"It was a hard way to make a living, but like a good woman she kept at it and endeavored to make both ends meet, for she believed she had one of the finest sons in the world, and she was determined to keep him in school a number of years, if she wore herself into the grave accomplishing it.

"James Hogg wasn't a bright boy in the usual sense of the word. There was only one study in school that he took to at all—arithmetic. He was always ahead of the rest of the boys at figuring out any problem given him.

"When he reached the study of compound interest, that boy became almost delirious from study. He would stay in at recess and figure out on his slate such sums as 'How much will $1,479.632 amount to in six years, three months and four days at 6 per cent interest, compounded semi-annually?'

"We boys used to laugh about it and predict that he would soon become a mathematical maniac. Then we heard that James had gone down to Squire Thompson's office and was poring over title deeds, mortgages, foreclosures, writs of ejectment and a lot of other similar things.

"By this time he was fourteen years old, and, as soon as he had mastered compound interest he decided not to go to school any more. His mother wanted him to study a couple of years more, but he wouldn't do it.

"He made up his mind to work, and the best thing he could get to do was hiring out to a farmer. He was a big, healthy boy who could do almost a man's work, and so he got $12 a month. In a year this amounted to $144. He had spent just $4 of it in buying two second-hand suits of clothes from another boy. That left $140 in the bank, to which a little interest money was added.

"About this time, Mrs. Hogg, who was worn out, became ill. Finally she sent a neighbor over to the farm where James worked. She begged her son to let her have $10 for doctor and medicine.

"'Does she think I'm a fool?' James demanded, when the neighbor made his mission known. 'I have to work for my money, and I have to keep in good health to be able to work. If she wants to get sick, let her do it, but she must foot all her own bills.'

"And James stuck to that decision.

If His Mother Wanted to Be Ill It

"He got more pay the second year, and at the end of that time he had over $300 in the bank—besides, of course, the interest. He never lost sight of that part of his money, and always had his interest figured down to a cent before dividend day came around.

"But the bank rate of interest was now too small to suit him, and he began to look about for an investment that would pay him 6 per cent. He found the chance. A farmer wanted to borrow $300 for a year. James made careful inquiries, and found that there was very little chance of the farmer being able to repay the money. Then he loaned it and hugged his first mortgage to his breast. Of course, as he was a minor, the mortgage wasn't made out in his name, but the bank president, who was a mean man himself, acted as his guardian.

"The next day after the signing of the mortgage, the same neighbor made another pilgrimage to James. Mrs. Hogg was ill again, with slight prospect of ever recovering her health. She must go to the poorhouse if James didn't send her some money.

"Did he do it?" queried Nephew Dick.

"That isn't the kind of a boy I'm telling you about," rejoined Uncle Bob, who then continued his narrative:

"James could have realized on his mortgage and made his mother comfortable, but he didn't do it. She went to the poorhouse, still unwilling to believe that her son was as mean as others tried to paint him.

"Well, that mortgage ran along for the year, and the farmer couldn't pay. James foreclosed and the farm was put up for sale. Nobody seemed to want it just then, so James had to take it in exchange for the mortgage."

"And then he took his mother out of the poorhouse and gave her a home on the farm?" Nephew Tom eagerly interposed.

"That isn't the kind of boy I'm telling you about," retorted Uncle Bob rather sternly. "After getting his third year's wages in the bank and figuring up the interest, James threw up his job and hustled around until he found a man who would take the farm at a monthly rental. Then James managed to induce a city bank to loan him $800 on his farm. That was his way at all times. He wanted to make a double profit out of everything.

"With is $800 he went to the city. He was gone four years—or until he was of age. What he did during that time was never clearly known in this town. But the bank president, who still acted as his guardian made not a few trips to New York. When James came back to us at the age of twenty-one he was reputed to be worth $25,000, and that was very likely an underestimate.

"He had changed a great deal. He was no longer surly, but on the contrary was as pleasant to every one as could be. He had plenty of money to lend everybody who could give a good mortgage."

"Did he take his mother out of the poorhouse?" interposed Nephew Tom.

His First Piece of Property.

"That isn't the kind of a boy Uncle Bob is telling us about," flashed from Nephey Dick.

"Well, we found the James Hogg had changed in other ways besides smiling. He no longer wanted double profit out of his investments—he wanted at least four profits on anything he undertook. And, before long, his victims saw that he was getting it, too.

"Such sorrow as came to this poor place, and all through the greed and hatred of this meanest young fellow who ever lived! Let me give you one instance, boys, of his grasping ways. A young doctor came to town to start a practice. He had some money, but not enough to buy a house outright. In an evil hour he got the balance from James Hogg. Hogg, a little while after was taken ill. He sent for the young doctor. It was a long illness. The bill amounted to $70, but when the young doctor presented it, Hogg looked sharply at the young man and said:

"'Let me see, do you expect to meet your mortgage when it falls due?'

"'Why—why, I hope to.'

"'But you're not sure, eh? Now see here, doctor; the best thing you can do is to receipt this bill and make me a present of it. If you don't and you're not prompt in your payments of interest and principal on the mortgages, I may feel inclined to make things go hard with you.'

"The doctor, did as he was ordered. But he got even; he was the only man, so far as I know, who ever did get even with James Hogg. He called the attention of the poorhouse authorities to the fact that Hogg could be legally made to pay for his mother's support. Hogg was accordingly ordered to pay $4 a week. That almost broke his heart, but after a couple of weeks it occurred to him to take his mother out of the poor-house and make her act as his housekeeper. He worked her almost to death, and never a cent of wages did she get.

"Then he entered upon a whole career of mean things.

"He contrived to oust his former guardian from the presidency of the bank and took possession himself.

"He got the farm of every debtor who didn't pay up.

"He wrecked the bank but kept within the law and escaped punishment.

"He got a mortgage on the little church and made the congregation pay double the amount loaned.

"He heard in advance that a new railroad was coming through this section, bought up a lot of farms from ignorant farmers and sold the land to the railroad for several times what he had to pay for it.

"He got a share in the railroad and managed to drive most of the other stockholders out of it.

"He got control of all the stores for miles around by freezing out his rivals, and then made the people pay the highest price for everything they got.

"He got control of the undertaking business, so that his victims found it a costly thing to even lie down and die.

"He—but I could go on all day telling you all the mean things he did. I can't remember a single good action of his.

"He kept a great deal of money in the house, but was too mean to hire a watchman or even buy a dog. One night, a burglar got into the house, and in the struggle that followed James was killed."

"And what became of all his fortune?" demanded Nephew Dick, who always kept his eye on main points.

"Oh! his mother got all that, but, poor soul, she was so broken-hearted and feeble that she couldn't enjoy it, and died two years after her son. There was no more heirs then, and so the state got the money."

"Then the money finally did somebody good, didn't it?" persisted Nephew Dick.

"I don't know, my boy. I don't know what kind of a legislature we had that year."

TALKED TO THE MAID.

The Offense for Which the Mistress Cuttingly Snubbed a Caller.

A man of the world was wont to call, not infrequently upon a young widow, says the Illustrated American. One day the pretty maid at the front door announced that her mistress was out of town. On some pretext, however, the man entered. He also talked to the maid. Some days later, knowing that the lady had returned, he called again. He was a bit surprised when a strange maid met him at the door and showed him to the little reception-room. While she carried his card up the stairs he reflected that she was not so dainty as her predecessor, and she was not so pretty, though her uniform was similar and her cap was as stiff and her apron as spotless. He was realizing how much more the women is to the dress than the dress is to the woman, when the maid returned and announced promptly: "Mrs.—— is not receiving." The man of the world bit his lip—it was the first time he had ever been denied admittance—and moved toward the door. The maid held it open for him, and as he passed through it she blurted out: "And she says, if you please, sir, the maids receive in the kitchen, sir."

Modern Quick-Firing Gun.

A naval correspondent who was present at a demonstration in England of the powers of the improved Maxim gun, speaks of it as being "a terrible exhibition of the murderous power of the new weapons. The storm of bullets from them cut the water like the rain on the advancing edge of a tropical squall. With one of those guns a gunner of very moderate skill can, at 500 yards range, cut down an ordinary park paling almost as neatly as a workman can do the business on the spot with an ax, and it is not therefore astonishing that the targets, small though they were, quickly disappeared." Though he had been present at every naval gunnery demonstration for many years, he had never seen such splendid shooting. He adds: "To the horrible noise made by a Maxim I know of nothing that is comparable, except, perhaps, the sound made by steam blowing off at enormous pressure from the safety valve of a big boiler. The water in the jackets of the barrels of the guns quickly boiled, and the redundant steam was almost as conspicuous as the smoke from the discharges."

An Easy One.

"Now," said the medical professor at the quiz, "tell me whether this is a male or female skeleton."

"Female," replied the man at the foot of the class.

"Right, but how do you know?"

"I saw the jaws work just as you spoke."

MINNESOTA IN BRIEF

INTERESTING EVENTS OF THE WEEK IN MINNESOTA.

Important Occurrences in the North Star State Day by Day—A General Resume of the Week's Doings Arranged for Rapid Reading.

Thursday, Sept. 13.

J. G. Armson, one of the leading young men of Stillwater was married last night to Miss Anna Krenz. The groom is manager of Staples Roller mill and elevator.

Burglars entered the Great Northern station at Hallock last night and attempted to blow open the express safe. They were apparently not professionals, as the job was a very clumsy one, they did not get anything of the contents.

A lad named Saugstad, and two other lads, of Crookston all about 12 years old, were fooling with an old bun barrel, loading it with powder and setting it off. The whole charge entered young Saugstad's face. He will lose one eye, and is in a very critical condition.

The most horrible death that ever occurred in the southern part of Redwood county happened on th farm of Edward Root. He was cutting corn with a binder and the 10-year-old son of James Eye was riding one of the horses, which became frightened. Root lost the reins and Robert was caught on the binder. His throat was cut from ear to ear, and he was dead when found. Root escaped unhurt.

John DeGrass, a rather humble citizen of Duluth, has just returned from the east where he has been endeavoring to establish his claim to an estate in Spain worth millions. DeGrass says he has been working incessantly on the matter for eight years and had spent all the money made in lumbering on his hobby. He has now, he says, proofs that leave no doubt of his right to the estates in question, and in three weeks he will leave for Spain to claim his own.

Friday, Sept. 14.

Fire totally destroyed the new two-story residence of Frank Raymond at Pipestone. Loss $2,000; no insurance.

Augustus Barlow, Sr., an old settler and business man of Kasson aged 75, died this afternoon at the home of his son.

A house at Anoka owned by Timothy Hunt, of Chamberlain, occupied by James Smith, burned. Loss $700; insurance, light. Cause, a defective chimney.

Frank Kline, a farmer living near Redwood Falls disappeared last evening. Fifty men are engaged in searching the woods in the neighborhood of the river where he was last seen.

Father Connolly, who was convicted and sentenced to state's prison from Duluth last winter and was released by the supreme court of Minnesota, will not be tried again. County Attorney Dwan decided to-day not to prosecute further. Connolly spent several months in the Stillwater prison.

An Indian named Besseau was seriously stabbed in the neck by a white man named Hugh King in a drunken row at Deer River. The United States district attorney's attention was drawn to the fact of Indians drinking here some time ago. No attention was paid to it. Indians have been drinking her for two days.

Mrs. John Schulizson, wife of a wealthy farmer living at Millersburg, six miles west of Dundas, committed suicide to-day by hanging. Mrs. Schultzson. is the wife of John Schultzson, who was thrown from a wagon last winter and had his neck broken. A son of the woman came in for dinner and found his mother hanging by the neck to a rope tied to a rafter in a log house. She had been dead two hours.

Saturday, Sept. 15.

Three men in the postoffice at Roiette at the point of revolvers relieved the postmaster and a friend of $75.

U. S. Grant, convicted of forgery and sentenced to six years, escaped from Brown county jail. It is believed he received aid from Redwood Falls.

Fire destroyed the threshing machine of Julius Hopp and about 800 bushels of wheat of Heron in Loudon, near Sleepy Eye. The loss is nearly $1,500; slightly insured.

One of the largest log sales made this season was made at Stillwater, Musser, Santry & Co. selling 4,000,000 feet to Joseph Zimmerman of Gettenburg, Iowa.

The meeting of the state drainage commission, which was to have been held at St. Paul next Monday for the purpose of opening bids on additional work, has been postponed for one week to allow the bidders more time to make their estimates.

W. D. Martin of Redwood Falls was around town exhibiting a few samples of gold quartz found on his farm, about two miles south of the city. The quartz shown by Mr. Martin is of a very fine quality and compares very favorably with the quartz taken from a mine on the Minnesota river, about four miles from Redwood Falls.

Mrs. G. C. Orcutt of Minneapolis, who has been visiting relatives at Faribault during the last two weeks, died of spinal meningitis, aged about thirty-two years. Her husband is a business man of Minneapolis, and they have been married nearly one year. She formerly lived in Faribault.

Sunday, Sept. 16.

St. Olof college at Northfield, opened this week for the fall term.

Near Sleepy Eye the threshing outfit belonging to Julius Hopp burned with a lot of wheat stacks. Loss over $1,000, with little insurance.

A tornado visited Stillwater and Oak Park. At Oak Park the Turnbull mill was totally unroofed and trees broken but no other damage was done.

Herman Gelsee, postmaster at Millersburg, skipped to parts where he is not known. He is charged with having appropriated $500 worth of merchandise belonging to the Thepold Mercantile company, Faribault.

The cooper shop belonging to the Interstate Milling company at Little Falls was totally destroyed by fire. The loss is $1,500; was no insurance. The Van Burkirk Bros.' machine shop, adjoining was damaged $300; no insurance.

The citizens of Delano have contributed $125 in cash for the fire sufferers and a large lot of clothing is promised and will be forwarded in a few days. The ladies' committee is also taking up a cash subscription for the same cause.

Monday, Sept. 17.

Jacob S. Clee fell from a load of hay at Nicollet and in the fall broke his neck.

A sixteen year-old son of Hon. Alex Fiddes of Jackson was accidently shot while hunting and is not expected to live.

Day K. Smith, of Duluth, president of the Duluth Transfer and Terminal Company, died after a lingering illness of diabetes.

Wm. Forrester, a farmer living three miles outh of Echo turned his cattle loose, left his grain in stack and skipped for parts unknown with his family. He is in very hard circumstances.

Tuesday, Sept. 18.

S. M. Owens and Ignatius Donnelly meet and bury the hatchet.

Subscriptions for the Hinckley sufferers are still coming in, but more supplies are needed.

Miller & Neller's flour mill at Eagle Lake was burned. Loss $6,000; insurance, between $2,000 and $3,000.

The hardware store of A. Haimmerston at Cokato was entered by thieves, who carried away cutlery valued at about $50. No clue.

Andrew Severson was found dead beside the railroad track near Zumbrota. His death is a mystery. He was a well-to-do farmer, aged seventy years.

Thomas McCoy released from the county jail at Stillwater on order from the district court was rearrested at the door by the sheriff of Pine county and taken there to answer to the charge of grand larceny.

Wednesday, Sept. 19.

An effort is being made to have a new trial in the Ivan murder case at Hastings.

The Bow String Indians left Deer River well filled up with whisky, and when near Ball Club lake Bob Moseman fell out of a trader's wagon, heavily loaded with supplies. The wheels went over his legs breaking both of them.

Through the explosion of a kerosene lamp at St. Cloud Ed. E. Bain's residence was totally burned, and John S. Swenson's badly damaged. Loss about $2,000, fully covered by insurance. Two firemen were badly scorched, fighting the flames with a bucket brigade.

Gust Anderson, employed by Hennessey Bros. & Cox, at St. Cloud was arrested by Sheriff Hammerd on requisition papers from Wisconsin. Anderson is wanted at Warsaw for seduction and Sheriff Salzman, of that place, took the prisoner in charge at the Minnesota line.

GREENWICH OBSERVATORY.

The Old Institution to Have Some Splendid New Instruments.

Greenwich Observatory, which at one time was rather discreditably behind several other similar establishments in different parts of the world, is rapidly moving to the front. It is now about to make a move forward in two very important particulars, and two splendid instruments will very shortly be added to those which it already possesses, and another step taken in a general scheme of reorganization which will make Greenwich Observatory somewhat worthier of its fame, not only in point of efficiency, but in appearance and as a great public institution. That scheme contemplates the opening up of a new main entrance, the sweeping away of a number of shabby little temporary shanties and workshops, and the concentration of the work carried on in them and the official apartments of the observatory in a handsome new building, one wing of which as just been completed and another is about to commence. Between these two wings a central tower will at the same time be carried up, to be presently surmounted by a spacious dome, covering a splendid photographic telescope now in course of construction by Sir Howard Grubb, of Dublin, to serve as a complement of the 28-inch equatorial just lately added to the observatory. For this instrument Sir Henry Thompson very generously gave £5,000, and it is expected to be ready for use toward the end of next year, by which time it is hoped that the portion of the new physical observatory now about to be commenced will be ready for its reception.

As is generally known Greenwich is engaged in co-operation with other great observatories in photographing the whole heavens, and thus far its portion of the business has been exceptionally well done, partly, it is thought, from the fine open position of the observatory, and the stillness of the air as compared with some other institutions. Sir Henry Thompson's new instrument for the work will have a 26-inch aperature and a focal length of 22 feet 6 inches. "This telescope," to quote from the Astronomer Royal's last report to the Visitors, "will be of exactly double the dimensions (aperature and focal length) of the astrographic equatorial which has proved so successful, and it will be mounted on a very firm stand which will allow of complete circumpolar motion without the necessity for reversal on the meridian, which has been felt as a drawback in the astrographic equatorial." This suburb telescope will be mounted in a 30-foot dome, and it will put Greenwich on as good a footing for the photographing of the stars and their spectra as the new equatorial that has just been brought into use has put the observatory as regards visual observation.—London Daily News.

Two Kinds of Pies.

There is a certain class of restaurants very numerous in the lower part of New York and on the avenues, where the bills of fare announce: "Pies, all kinds, 5c; home-made pies, 10c." The name "home-made pies" is supposed to be very attractive to people whose taste is offended by the machine-made pie turned out by the bake shops, and who have memories of the pies their mothers used to make. In serving the pies the experienced waiter rarely asks a man what kind he will have. He simply sizes up his customer, and decides how much money he wants to spend on his luncheon, and brings the 5c or the 10c pie accordingly.

But the name "home-made pie" is only a name. Both kinds of pie are made by the same factory, composed of the same materials, flavored with the same spices and baked in the same oven. The only difference is that the so-called "home-made is bigger than the other. There are a great many bakeries in New York that furnish pies to restaurants, but the greater mass of the pies eaten in New York restaurants are made by two big pie factories. They make pies and nothing else, and employ big crews. These two factories manufacture more pies than all the small bakeries in town put together. Only a few of the high-priced restaurants bake their own pies.—New York Mail and Express.

Music by the Pound.

That's a jolly idea that they have in Berlin, of selling sheet music by the pound. You go in one of the shops where music is sold in this way and give them the list of the pieces you want and they select them and lay them out in a pile and weigh them out—so many pounds, and so many marks and pfennigs. Or, if you can afford, say, three pounds of dramatic, twelve, one pound of dramatic, twelve ounces of comic, and four ounces of devotional, or any other arrangement that suits your fancy. It is a great boon to the musician who is poor—not to speak of the poor musician—because under this system Wagner and Brahms and Dvorak will cost him no more than the insignificant and forgotten Smithkowski, and the deluded and soft-headed Srewlooski. And Wagner for the piano, of course, being bought by the pound can be played by the pound with good grace.

Luxury in America.

I believe, apart from hot breads and ice-waters, that Americans have more luxury, man for man, than we have, and know how to be comfortable as well as ourselves. That they enjoy life all round is another thing. They are a nervous people and they must be gadding; they are mentally active—shall I say electrical?—and they must be worrying themselves; and a certain class would be less dyspeptic if they took more time to eat, ate at home and swore off from pie, pickles, green tea, preserves and cocktails. But then a certain class of Englishmen would be better if they drank less beer and came later to "the line of saturation." Also we may as well take home to ourselves the fact that the average intelligence is higher in America than here, as in Australia than here.—Gilbert Parker, in St. James Gazette.

A Frenchman's Snail Ranch.

A provincial farmer living near Anet has decided to increase his income by cultivating snails. He has at present 180,000 of the interesting and shiny creatures penned up in a waterproof shed, and where they are being fattened for the Paris market. They eat as much green fodder per day as two cows would consume, and their pet dainty is cabbage leaves, which imparts to their flesh the delicate pea-green tinge so admired by epicures. Whether this farmer is going to add largely to his income by this new departure remains to be seen, but a certain class of French people do greatly esteem snails. Snail pie is considered excellent, but some people prefer them simply boiled, and extract them from the shell with a little silver implement resembling a nut pick, only somewhat larger.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

FOR THE FARMERS.

USEFUL INFORMATION ON FARM TOPICS.

Some Pointers About Gathering and Storing Winter Vegebles Utilizing Corn Stalks for Feed—Poultry Hints.

A correspondent writes in Farm and Home:

If you raise many vegetables do not put all of them in the cellar in the fall, but build a dry, frost-proof pit for part of them. One can be cheaply made and with but little trouble. Cabbage will come out as brittle as when first gathered, and beets, turnips, carrots, etc., will keep in a fine condition until May.

Pull the onions as soon as the tops die down, and leave them on the ground exposed to the sun. Onions require a cool, dry place, well ventilated. Most cellars are too warm. If it is necessary to keep them in the cellar make a shelf of narrow boards with space enough between the boards to allow the air to circulate; place it against the north wall of the cellar. Spread the onions on this shelf about six inches deep.

One of the best methods to preserve onions in fine condition is to spread clean straw about a foot on the floor of the garret or loft; upon this spread the onions about eight or ten inches deep and cover with two feet of straw.

Onions are a very wholesome food. They are much raised as a domestic remedy in case of colds, coughs and lung trouble. Physicians in front rank claim that a free use of them will prevent "la grippe." They are a healthful and beneficial stimulant to the kidneys; the red variety is considered the best for this purpose.

Beets are very tender and are injured by frost. They are usually fully matured by the middle of October. About ten days before you wish to gather them cut off the tops. They may be plowed out, if care is taken not to bruise or injure them. Store them in boxes or barrels in the cellar and cover with damp sand or soil to keep them from wilting.

Turnips, carrots, vegetable oysters and parsnips, should be packed in barrels and covered with damp sand or soil. This is the only sure method to preserve these vegetables in good condition. Turnips should be kept in the coolest part of the cellar. The flavor of parsnips is improved by freezing and it is a good plan to leave a quantity of them in the ground until spring to be gathered as needed.

Celery should be taken up late in the fall just before hard freezing. Pack the roots in wet sand in a deep box. Celery should be kept in a dark, cool cellar. Should the plants begin to wilt, water the roots without wetting the stalks or leaves, and they will revive.

Winter radishes should be pulled before severe frost and packed in damp sand or soil. They are mild but effective diuretic, and every family should have a supply of them. They should be soaked in cold water an hour or two before using.

Pumpkins should be gathered as soon as the first light frost has killed the vines. If stored in a cool, dry place, where they will not touch each other, they may be kept until the first or middle of January.

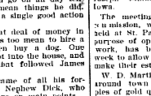
Squashes should be carefully handled. If the stems are broken, or they receive the slightest bruise, they will rapidly decay. Pumpkins and squashes are mild cathartics and should be frequently used. An infusion of pumpkin or squash seeds is an effective diuretic.

Herbs should be gathered on a dry day, just before they come into full bloom. Spread them in the shade to dry; when they are perfectly dried, remove the stems and pack them in glass jars and screw on the top, or they may be kept in dry boxes.

Just before frost pull up the tomato vines that still contain green or partly ripened fruit and hang them in the cellar, where they will ripen. Pull the vines up carefully so that as much of the earth as possible will adhere to the roots.

Utilizing Corn Stalks for Feed.

My way of utilizing corn stalks for feed is to begin cutting the corn as soon as the stalks and lower half of the blades begin to turn brown, says a



Rack for Feeding Corn Fodder.

writer in Orange Judd Farmer. If cut too green the corn will be light in grain although the stalks will make better fodder. What will be gained in superior forage will be lost in the grain. Make shocks sixteen hills square or if the corn has been drilled, cut sixteen rows one way and sixteen steps the other. With a strong rope, to one end of which is attached an iron ring, draw the top of the shock together and securely tie with binding twine. If this work is properly done they will stand the winter. We pay for cutting 10 cents a shock, the price depending somewhat upon the heaviness of the corn.

In about a month after cutting, or at most six weeks, the corn will be ready for husking. If the farmer has plenty of room, bind the fodder in bundles as husked and haul to the barn. but if shed room is limited stand the fodder back in place and let it there remain until needed for use.

Many farmers do not like to see fodder because the stalks are a great nuisance in the stable. The best way to give to stock is by means of a rack made of fence rails as shown in the illustration. This rack is made as follows: Take large wooden forks 4 feet long and set them in a row 10 feet apart and one foot in the ground. In these lay a long pole. On each side dig a trench 8 inches deep parallel to these forks and 2 1-2 feet distant. Set the rails in these trenches and lean across the pole alternating from the different sides. If they are large enough there will be ample space for the stock to pull the fodder through. The length of the rack can, of course, be regulated to suit the needs of the builder. By placing this rack between two lots it will serve as a fence, and mules can be on one side and calves on the other. The rack will last for several years if made of good material and by placing it northeast and southwest it will answer as a wind-break. Haul the fodder in as needed and keep the rack full. By feeding a little grain and hay night and morning the stock will be kept fat all winter. They will leave good hay and eat the fodder in preference.

I find from experience that 10 head of horses and 2 cows confined in a lot will consume on an average two shocks per day of heavy corn fodder. As the expense is only for the cutting, the animals are thus kept for 20 cents or less than 2 cents per day per head. Let my brother farmers try this as an experiment the coming winter and they will find that when spring comes their stock will not only be fat, but they will have some corn and hay for sale. They will also be surprised to see how much better their ground works, because it was not tramped all winter. I think winter pasturing corn ground is one of the most expensive practices a farmer can follow.

Seasonable poultry Hints.

Give the hens intended for breeders sweet, nourishing food, and keep them in motion, but do not overfeed with corn in any form, for very fat fowls are poor breeders and are more liable to lay soft shelled eggs.

If you have not plenty of pine needles on hand, do not fail to lay ina stock this fall, for they make excellent nests all the year round, and are particularly good for the sitters in the spring. They are clean, cool, and being free from anything green, are no attraction for the hens to scratch in for food.

The symmetry of the stock and the size and color of the eggs can be influenced largely by care in selection of eggs for hatching using only those which are large, dark, and from well formed fowls.

Keep the houses clean, and when space is limited and the fowls can not get out much, be all the more particular, and do not overstock. A flock of eight or ten is about right and can be nicely managed and kept in good thrift. Clean off under the roosts each morning, and scatter dry sand on the boards at each cleaning. Rake and stir up the ground at every cleaning, so that the bottom will be fine and dry for the dusting of the fowls.

The tools handiest for cleaning are a large sheet iron bucket of the capacity of two ordinary pails, a piece of clapboard about two feet long for cleaning off the roost board, and a garden rake for taking up the feathers and litter from the bottom of the house. With the use of these it is but little work to keep a house clean.

Using Fowl Manure in the Garden.

People often ask how to make use of fowl manure in the garden. It is one of the most powerful manures that we have, and if applied carefully, cannot fail to show good results. The fact of its being so strong causes us to use it with caution, and the way it is found to answer best is to mix it with fresh loam, sifted so as to divide it into fine particles, and apply it as a top dressing; the roots will quickly find it, and rain or watering will carry the nutriment down to the lower roots, so that nothing will be wasted. Manures of this kind ought to be kept in a covered shed, as the rain soon carries off the nutritive qualities. The only difficulty with it is that it is impossible to get it in sufficiently large quantities, as besides the flower garden, it is sometimes used for top dressing such things as tomatoes, cucumbers or any gross-feeding vegetables that are getting exhausted without cropping. It has been applied extensively to such crops as these, using clear, turf loam, chopped up roughly, and a barrowful of loam to about a gallon of fowls' manure, ramming it firm. It makes fine, healthy and clean plants. In the flower garden care must be taken not to use this manure too freely, or the plants will run to leaf instead of flower; this is the reason why it should be applied as a top dressing, for then it can be used more or less freely, according to the strength of the plant.

Deep Plowing.

In horticulture as well as agriculture there has always been a difference of opinion, says Meehan's Monthly, as to the value of stirring the soil deep. The discussion is another illustration of the point often made, that differences of opinion frequently come from not understanding what each side of the disputation means. If we have six inches of rich surface soil and plow twelve inches deep, supposing that could be done, all this rich surface soil is thrown to the bottom and the poor soil brought to the top. This would undoubtedly be an evil, as plant food is always in the best condition for assimilation by the plant when it is near the surface, so that oxygen can act on it.

To bury the food out of the reach of oxygen is literally to starve the plant. But deep soil is certainly an immense advantage to any plant whether grown by farmer or gardner. What is known as subsoiling, that is loosening of the subsoil, while still retaining it as subsoil, leaving the upper surface where it was originally, near the surface, is one of the very best practices in either farming or gardening. If the question should be stated, is it right to bury good surface soil deep below the surface? there would only be a negative side to it.

Top Dressing Winter Wheat and Rye.

Instead of hauling the barnyard manure to the field as made, many formers pile it up in the yard, and after the wheat or rye is sown top-dress the field with the thoroughly decomposed material, which is usually spread directly from the wagon, entailing less labor and a more even distribution than by any other plan. There is, however, a question about making this application after sowing. Those who have tried both plans in the same field and upon the same crop, prefer to apply the manure just previous to the last harrowing, or at least before drilling, as this insures not only a more even distribution but a fining of all lumps and the covering with soil of a large per cent of the manure, placing it nearer the growing plant, where the soil will absorb the fertility, instead of allowing it to escape, as much of it does when simply scattered over the surface. The more thorough the harrowing the better the effect of the manure.

Winter Feeding of Pigs.

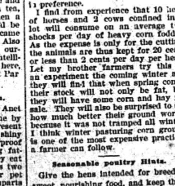
Feed pigs one pound of corn or corn meal to 20 pounds of skim milk. This will give a nutritive ratio of 1 to 8, which is a very suitable one for winter feeding in warm and dry pens. They should have some exercise. As the porkers approach the time when it is proposed to sell them, increase the proportion of corn meal to skim milk. During the last few days of feeding the porkers, no exercise should be allowed. Bran or oats are neither so well adapted to the feeding of pigs as cornmeal. Pigs, like calves, enjoy a little oil meal, an ounce or so a day per pig. If they incline to get too fat, reduce the corn; if too lean, increase it. There is no certain rule nor certain ration, the feeder should be the judge of what is most economical and best for the animal.—I. P. Roberts, Cornell Exp. Sta.

Keeping Tools in Repair.

The advent of warmer weather suggests the repair of plows, harrows, wagons, planter, seeder and the overhauling of all tools and machines that will be needed during the spring and summer, and putting them in good repair. The simple repairs the farmer can make himself; but one should also remember that while it is a good rule to do on the farm all the work that can be done to advantage, "every man to his trade" is also a good rule, and the help of the carpenter and blacksmith may well be invoked. Repairs should not be made until they can be well made. When the farm machines and implements are put in good repair is the proper time to give them a coat of paint. One can now buy ready-mixed paints of many colors, and any one with usual intelligence ought to be able to apply paint to farm machinery.

Photograph of a Kicking Horse

Capt. J. B. Dumas, now in Tunis, and who is one of the most remarkable horsemen of our army, sends us what we consider a most wonderful instantaneous photograph, which we reproduce herewith. It represents a horse in the act of kicking. The atti-



tude is real, since it is registered by photography; but what an extraordinary attitude it is! No painter would dare to reproduce it. The kick represented herewith was obtained with a 3 1-2-year-old horse—an Anglo-Syrio-Barbary one—sixteen hands high, possessing great talent and a remarkable conformation. His character is restive, and he uses with the greatest energy all the warnings to keep out of the way that his intelligence can suggest to him. Capt. Dumas had to put him through a course of training. The horse now performs the most varied evolutions in the open field. At first the animal was given to rearing, and so his master exercised him in kicking. The training that he has undergone permits of obtaining at will the kick represented in the photograph.

It's Hood's that Cures

The combination, proportion and process by which Hood's Sarsaparilla is prepared are peculiar to itself. Its record of cures is unequalled.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Its sales are the largest in the world. The testimonials received by its proprietors by the hundred, telling the story that Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures are unparalleled in the history of medicine, and they are solid facts.

Hood's Pills cure Constipation, Indigestion.

A Safe Knife.

Customer—This penknife you sold me is so soft that the blade is dull before I get through sharpening a pencil.

Street Vender—Yah. Dat is so ven you gomes to sharpening de point against your thumb you von't cut yourselfs.—New York Weekly.

Must Come From Brooklyn.

Spencer—Jones says that he considers New York the finest city in the world.

Ferguson—Does he? Well, ask him whether he came over the bridge or by ferry.

He Read the Papers.

Sunday School Teacher—Now, who can tell me what kind of a sling it was with which David overcome Goliath?

Tommy Traddles—Please, ma'am, it was a gin sling, with "knock-out" drops in it.

Easily Relieved.

He—Do you think that marriage is a failure?

She (a prospective bride)—No. Hardly a failure. Just a temporary embarrassment.

RAISE HOGS.

A Little Advice to the Farmers of Minnesota and North Dakota.

History is always repeating itself. The individual who is wise enough to profit by experience is one that meets with the greatest success in his undertakings. In the year 1891 the corn crop throughout the West and Southwest was practically a failure. What was the result? The farmers generally sold off all their hogs, big and little, fat and thin, stock sows and blooded boars, everything was rushed madly onto the market, creating an over supply at the time, and depreciating the price of hogs to 3 cents live weight. At the time Carl Judson, ex-secretary of the state agricultural society, attempted to stop the wild stampede to sell the immature and seed hogs by calling the attention of the farmers of the Northwest, through the public press, to the fact that hogs could be thoroughly and profitably fattened on wheat barley and rye, and that the wild rush to sell off the stock hogs would result in a hog famine that would put hog prices far above any commodity of the farm. Mr. Judson's prophecy was fulfilled to the letter. As soon as the immature hogs were sold the market advanced until the high tide was reached at South St. Paul in February, 1893, when live hogs sold at $8.25 per cwt. Hogs have been high ever since, and are selling at this time at from $4.90 to $5.50 per cwt. Had the farmers of Minnesota heeded Mr. Judson's warning it would have been millions of dollars in their pockets, but, alas, they paid no more attention to it than to the wind, and when hogs had advanced to $8.25 they were buying pork for home use and rushing about insanely to purchase, at exorbitant prices, stock hogs to make a new beginning. Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and Missouri are the great hog raising states. In these states the corn crop is a dismal failure, and the farmers are selling off and disposing of all their hogs, brood sows and boars, and for the reason that they have no wheat and barley to substitute for corn, but our Minnesota farmers, if they have as much sense as the Almighty gives to geese, will take advantage of the situation and have hogs in abundance for the market next year when the hog producing states are short and prices high. The farmers of Minnesota and the Dakotas have a market outlet at South St. Paul for more hogs than they can produce. Even now the pork packers are purchasing hogs at St. Jo, Mo., to keep their large packing houses busy.

As a further proof of the situation in the great hog-raising states, we print the following from the Chicago Evening Journal of the 20th inst.:

"A farmer near McCallsburg, Iowa, knocked about seventy five hogs in the head because he had nothing to feed them. This is the first year in the history of Story county that the corn crop was a failure. The past two weeks has practically settled the corn question this year, it being estimated that the yield will not be one-half of former years."—From Pioneer Press, August 24.

Victoria in Camp.

The queen is 75, but new sensations still attend her. The night she spent recently in camp at Aldershot brought her nearer to the experience of a campaign than ever before. After the dinner which she gave she made the remark that it was the first time she had sat down to dine with her generals. After dinner, when the queen and her guests went into the grounds for the "tattoo," the sight was memorable, even for her large-seeing majesty. The night was still, and out from the pine woods in the darkness marched four regiments of soldiers, each carrying in his hand a torch. The soldiers themselves were hardly visible in the blaze of light they bore with them, as from four directions they marched in four divisions to the airs of England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales. The Empress Eugenie had joined the royal party to see the gay scene, and was in the best of spirits. Those who have seen her lately contradict with energy the story so widely spread about that nothing remains of her beauty.

How to get inside information—Use a stomach pump.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

ARCHIBALD Business College
16 FIFTH STREET SO., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
The best is the cheapest. Cheap tuition means cheap instruction. Attend the best. We furnish first-class instruction in Bookkeeping, Actual Business and Office Practice, Com. Law, Arithmetic, Grammar, Correspondence, Penmanship, Shorthand, Typewriting, and English branches. Address A. R. ARCHIBALD, Principal.

At Campbell & Smith's!

A Special Exhibit and Sale OF

CLOAKS, SUITS,

And Tea Gowns,

Oct. 3, 1894.

Perfection of Fit---Exclusive Styles.

One of the Largest Manufacturers of Ladies Suits and Cloaks in New York will be Represented at our Store on above mentioned date showing their products. Such a line never before Exhibited in Brainerd.

Orders Taken by Measure and Perfect Fit Guaranteed.

The samples shown comprise all The Latest Novelties in Silk and Woolen effects, and many others. Remember the date.

Wednesday, Oct. 3d, 1894.

CAMPBELL & SMITH.

THE UNION

BI-CHLORIDE OF GOLD CO.

Of Brainerd, Minn.

Cale Block, Front Street.

W. J. BAIN. Manager.

For The Cure Of

The Liquor Habit

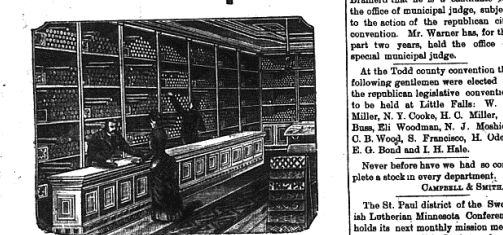
OPIUM AND TOBACCO.

Correspondence Solicited. Our business is carried on in a Strictly Confidential Manner.

J. C. CONCDON

○○○ CARRIES THE ○○○

Finest and Most Complete Line of



Wall Paper

Outside the Twin Cities

Specialty on Pressed Goods. These goods are made in a great variety of colors and designs, are printed in oil colors and are an exceedingly desirable low relief decoration for all classes of rooms.

WILL DISCOUNT ST. PAUL PRICES.

ROSTAD, BANE & CO.,

---PROPRIETORS---

Skandinavian Meat Market!

Fifth Street, Near Stratton House.

Choice Cuts Kansas City Beef.

Everything Usually Kept in a First-Class Market. Free delivery.

ROSTAD, BANE & CO.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Official Paper Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, } Editors and Proprietors.
F. W. Wieland. }

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper Block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job printing office in the city.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1894 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no rebates will be given for printing furnished in plate.

N. H. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch.
A. J. BALDWIN, Tribune.

Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1894.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota, as second class matter.

Local News Notes.

H. C. Miller, of Staples, was a Brainerd visitor on Tuesday.

The funnest comedy of the season "The Turkish Bath."

Day and evening classes at the Brainerd Business College.

Miss Sarah L. Sleeper returned from Minneapolis on Wednesday.

Mrs. Reardon, mother of Geo. Reardon of Long Lake, died this morning.

Mrs. A. Leonard and children left on Monday for a trip to Montreal, Canada.

If you would buy a *good* cloak very *cheap* come and inspect our line.

CAMPBELL & SMITH.

The latest advice is that the whole river above Brainerd will be cleaned of logs this fall.

☐The Turkish Bath contains more laughter than any comedy ever produced in Brainerd.

Miss Sophia Moe returned from Minneapolis on Wednesday, where she had been visiting relatives for some time.

A nine months' old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Hill died on Tuesday of cholera infantum, the funeral occurring on Wednesday.

The Salvation Army will conduct a meeting in the Clute school house two miles east of Lester station, Thursday evening, Sept. 27.

Mr and Mrs. Otto Wassirieher, of Bay Lake, celebrated their silver wedding anniversary on Tuesday, the 18th inst. A number of guests from abroad were present.

E. J. White has sold his farm and stopping place on the Pine river road to P. G. Bolin for a consideration of $2,000. Mr. White will remove with his family to this city.

The house and grounds known as the Gleason property on Sixth street south, was sold on Saturday last to F. C. Bolin, of the Cross Lake Logging Co., and the gentleman will take possession Oct. 1st.

The Salvation Army will give a great "Drunkard's Demonstration" in their hall on Saturday evening, Sept. 29, representing in character two homes before and after the conversion. Admission 10 cents.

A new England supper will be given in the Y. M. C. A. rooms by the ladies of the Episcopal church on next Tuesday evening from six until eight o'clock. Supper twenty five cents. All are cordially invited.

Auditor Tache has received the registers, poll lists and other blanks necessary to be used at the coming election in November, besides a quantity of pamphlets containing the new election law for the use of clerks and judges of election.

J. H. Warner desires us to announce to the voters of the city of Brainerd that he is a candidate for the office of municipal judge, subject to the action of the republican city convention. Mr. Warner has, for the part two years, held the office of special municipal judge.

At the Todd county convention the following gentlemen were elected to the republican legislative convention to be held at Little Falls: W. A. Miller, N. Y. Cooke, H. C. Miller, C. Buss, Eli Woodman, N. J. Moshier, C. B. Wood, S. Francisco, H. Odell, E. G. Bond and I. H. Hale.

Never before have we had so complete a stock in every department.

CAMPBELL & SMITH.

The St. Paul district of the Swedish Lutheran Minnesota Conference holds its next monthly mission meeting in the Swedish Luthern church here at Brainerd, Sept 25th and 26th. It begins with preaching Tuesday evening at 7:45. On Wednesday afternoon from 2:30 to 7 o'clock a discussion will be held over the words: "Thy Kingdom Come." In the evening the new pastor of the Brainerd Church, Rev. P. M. Nelson, will be installed, the vice president of the conference, Rev. J. Fremling, officiating. We hope to see a large attendance at all of these meetings. All are welcome.

Do not forget the exhibit and sale of Ladies' suits and cloaks Oct. 3d at

CAMPBELL & SMITH.

Samuel Simpson, who has charge of the logging operations for the Minnesota Logging company, is up in the woods north of Brainerd, making preparations for the work of the winter and says he is a lumberman. He has located several camps and has men at work building in six of them. There will be between fifty and sixty men in each of the camps and substantial cabins will be erected for them. A large store house is being built at the junction about fifty-two miles out from Brainerd and supplies for the winter are being hauled in. Nearly all of the steel has been received and about half of the track on the main line has been laid. Outfits for the camps will be ready as soon as the camps are ready to receive them. Men are already applying for work and there will be no difficulty getting force enough to fill out of the crews.

Some special values in black and fancy silks. Come in and see them.

CAMPBELL & SMITH.

DEFAULTER AND FORGER.

F. W. Wheatley, Treasurer of the Brainerd Building and Loan Association

Is a Much Wanted Man.

As was stated in this paper last week, N. W. Wheatley, has been found to be a defaulter and forger and is now a fugitive from justice, and his strange disappearance is accounted for. Mr. Wheatley was one of the best known men in Brainerd, has held some of the highest positions of trust and until recently was held in high esteem by his associates and fellow citizens. Early in July Mr. Wheatley went to Duluth for the purpose, as he stated, of disposing of his stock in iron mines on the Mesaba range, he owning a 24th interest in a certain mine there. Failing in his endeavor there he went to Chicago where he finally effected a sale, he having been heard from at that place August 15th. But as he did not return suspicions were aroused, and the Brainerd Building and Loan Association, of which he was treasurer and which office he has held since the society was organized in 1887, began an investigation and found a state of affairs which surprised them. It was discovered that notes which the association supposed were paid and which were entered as paid on his book, had been renewed by Wheatley and the money appropriated to his own use. Orders issued by the secretary on the treasurer were taken by Mr. Wheatley, the parties being told there was no money to pay them with, and then entered on his books as paid and the money taken and squandered in real estate transactions. The amounts stolen in this and other ways is as follows:

S. Lind	$505 62
Mrs. J. W. Thompson	891 25
J. Thompson	891 25
Fred Allen, note	1000 00
Ang. Darrel	50 00
Total	$3338 12
Cash taken	4365 00
Notes held by First National and N. P. Banks	7000 00
Total	$14703 12

Besides the embezzlement of this amount it has been found that he has forged the name of Thos. Halladay to two notes one of $400 and one of $500 held by the First National Bank, the notes having been renewed as recently as June 25, 1894.

The treasurer's bond to the association for the past year had been neglected, his previous bondsmen being Werner Henstead and W. D. McKay for $3000, and there is a question as to whether these men can be held for the amount. Mr. A. G. Mitchie, the secretary of the association admits to the directors that he had known of Wheatley's shortage for over a year and showed a letter under date of April 5th, from Wheatley to him in which the former admitted his trouble but wanted a little time to turn himself in. Mr. Mitchie in explanation says Wheatley threatened to kill himself if he was exposed, and said he could straighten up everything if he was allowed a little time to call his iron land interests. With this explanation Mr. Mitchie says he thought it was best to keep quiet and did so.

Mr. Mitchie has signed all of his real property, building stock, etc. over to the association, and we understand that Mr. Halladay, president of the association has done the same, although they had no part in the transaction, nor received any of the missing cash. All of Mr. Wheatley's property has been attached and also $2,500 due him on sale of his Mesaba property. It is understood that the shortage will not cripple the association as under the circumstances they will realize a sum on the sale of real estate.

In the meantime Mr. Wheatley is in hiding in some remote corner and it is only a question of time when he will be arrested and brought before the bar of justice to answer for his crimes.

Marriage Announcement.

The announcement is made that Mayor Werner Henstead will be united in marriage on Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 26, to Miss Maggie Johnson, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. McGinnis, on Seventh street north, Rev. Father Lynch officiating. The couple will leave for a short wedding trip and on their return will take up their residence in this city. Mayor Henstead and his prospective bride have the best wishes of the entire community in which they are both well known. The wedding will be a private affair.

Your Last Chance.

Saturday is the last day you will have a chance of getting one dozen of Drysdale's Queen photos for one dollar.

"A Turkish Bath."

This excellent comedy will be presented in Sleeper Opera House next Wednesday evening. It will be an exceedingly fine show, and we would be glad to quote Minneapolis papers in regard to the entertainment if time permitted. All who attend will be well pleased.

Mrs. Walter Davis went to Minneapolis on Wednesday.

Police Officer Hurley and family are visiting in Minneapolis.

Rev. D. Morden has resigned his pastorate in this city and will remove to Hennepin county.

Wm. Germinder's house on Tenth street south was totally destroyed by fire on Tuesday night.

The populist legislative convention has been called to meet at Litte Falls on Thursday, Sept. 27th.

Mayor Homsted's mother left for Papilion, Neb., on Tuesday to spend the winter with relatives.

At a special meeting of the council last night the contract for grading on the Sixth street extension was let to Shep. Murphy.

Mrs. F. W. Wieland and Mrs. Fannie E. Smith give a coffee this afternoon at the residence of the former, 143 Sixth street south.

Business of the Court.

District court opened on Monday morning with a light calendar, Judge Holland presiding. The grand jury was in session until yesterday afternoon and indictments were brought in against the following persons:

Sam. Leland, grand larceny in second degree.

Louis Germin, assault in second degree.

D. F. Carrol, grand larceny in the second degree.

James McCabe, assault.

A. Gerbeck, practicing medicine without a license, four indictments.

John Donovan, assault in the second degree.

N. W. Wheatley, grand larceny in the first degree and forgery in the second degree, three indictments.

The cases have been disposed of as follows:

Louis Germain plead guilty and was sentenced to forty days in jail or a fine of $40.

The Leland case was tried and resulted in an acquittal for the defendant. This was the case where Sam. Leland was charged with robbing Jas. Curo of $80.

The case of Jas. McCabe for the shooting of Wm. Murray was continued.

In the civil action of the First National Bank against L. J. Cals the plaintiff secured a verdict.

Leesard vs. Nelson, verdict for plaintiff.

State vs. Olson, assault, verdict of guilty and sentence of 30 days imposed.

State vs. James and Alex. Dixon, larceny, verdict for defendant.

The following report was made by the grand jury which is published by order of the court:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Crow Wing. }

District Court, 15th Judicial District.

To the Hon. G. W. Holland, judge of District Court in and for the Fifteenth Judicial District of the State of Minnesota.

The grand jury of the county aforesaid would respectfully submit the following report:

That they have examined and visited the county jail in and for said county, and that they found the same in a first-class condition.

That the court house and grounds connected with the same have been duly inspected and they are in a good condition.

We desire to bring to the attention of the court and its officers the fact that the executive officer of the city of Brainerd are not enforcing the laws of the state and ordinances of the city regarding the sale of liquor. That saloons are allowed to run and are running on Sunday and after midnight is a notorious fact though no specific complaint has been made to us. We feel that the present administration is not doing its duty in suppressing the illegal sale of liquors, and its executive officers deserve censure if not punishment for not doing so.

Dated Sept. 22th, 1894.

LYMAN P. WHITE,
Foreman.

Attest, F. A. FARRAR, Clerk.

Council Proceedings.

The council met in regular session on Monday evening, Ald. Lowe, Moriarty and Parker being absent. Bills were allowed against the city as follows:

Felix Graham	$ 4 07
T. Harris	1 10
O. P. Erickson	67 76
R. K. Whitely	2 00
Tribune	48 31
Jas. Bacon	15 31
N. E. Paine	14 17
Geo. Moody	8 00

Bill of Gull River Lumber Co. was referred to street committee and the bill of A. E. Miller for officially killing twenty dogs at $1.00 each was disallowed.

Ordinances 118, 119 and 120 were ordered laid over until the next meeting.

Motion made and carried that the assessment rolls for the extension of Sixth street be adopted as presented.

Bids for building Sixth street bridge and filling in ravine were opened and action deferred until next meeting.

Ald. Paine, Sanborn and Ferris were appointed special committee to attend to matter of grading and filling on Sixth street extension.

Day and evening classes at the Brainerd Business College.

Brainerd Wins.

The St. Paul Dispatch gives the following account of Sunday's game of base ball at White Bear:

The second of the series of three games between the Brainerd and Stillwater base ball clubs for the state championship was played at White Bear yesterday before an audience of about 600 people, and resulted in a victory for the boys from Brainerd, who simply toyed with their opponents. The first game of the series was won by the Brainerd team, and by winning yesterday the championship is settled without the necessity for playing again.

The game opened yesterday with Stillwater at the bat, and the prison city team made one run on a couple of scratch hits and an out. In the second inning another run was secured in about the same way, and then a couple of blanks were dealt out. By the aid of a base on balls, careless fielding and one hit, two more runs were made in the fifth inning, and in the seventh and eighth innings Flyle let up on his swift pitching sufficient for the Stillwaters to make one run in each. That was the best they could do with the little, sticky twisters from the northern city, and, although no record of base hits was kept by the reporter, not more than eight or nine hits were made off his pitching during the entire game. The battery work of Flyle and Farrar for the Brainerds was excellent, and, when the fact is considered that this is their first season of ball playing, and both are only 18 years of age, their work was of the phenomenal order.

The Brainerd men started out by hitting the ball hard in the first inning, but it was in the second that Pitcher Duggan was knocked out of the box. In addition to hitting the ball whenever it came within reach, they were presented with half a dozen bases on balls, and when the inning was at an end the score showed that eight runs had been secured. Another pitcher was tried in the third inning but he, too, went down, and young Larkin, of St. Paul, was put in the box. Larken did much better work, but it was too late, and at the end of the eighth inning the game was called to allow all hands to catch the train. The score by innings was as follows:

Stillwater	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2
Brainerd	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	2

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Candidate For Sheriff.

I wish to announce to the voters of Crow Wing county that I am an independent republican candidate for the office of sheriff and as such solicit the support of all honest voters at the coming election, regardless of the ass that edits the Brainerd Journal.

WM. WILLIAMSON.

Brainerd, Sept. 21, 1894.

Prairie Schooners Used to be the best mode of conveyance. Overland between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago. Today the best conveyance is the North-Western Limited.

RESOLUTIONS.

We the republicans of Cass county Minnesota, in convention assembled, declare our belief in the principles of the republican party, and we believe in those principles regardless of who the threat to carry into effect the principles for which the democratic party has contended, and we cordially invite all voters who have become convinced that our principles and beliefs are right to join us.

We believe that an international agreement looking to the coinage of silver at an equitable ratio with gold should be promoted by our government, but we do not believe that our government should take sixty cents worth of silver from the mine owner and coin it into a dollar, then give that dollar back to the mine owner, which is free trade.

We believe that freight rates in the northern part of this state are entirely too high, and request our representatives to do everything in their power to cause the same to be lowered. It now costs more to ship a bushel of wheat from Fargo to Duluth than from Duluth to to New York, including all elevator charges. There is discrimination against Duluth and the farmer and manufacturer.

We believe that all property including lands owned and not used by railroads should be taxed like other property.

We demand that all corporations organized or doing business in this state shall be examined by the public examiner who shall compel an honest administration of their affairs, as we believe that corporations without supervision have become a menace to the people.

We condemn the taxing of the people for any unnecessary expenditure at the present time, including the building of a new state capitol as an extravagance wholly designed to benefit the city of St. Paul.

We condemn the nomination of a judge of our or any judicial district through any political trade. We believe the judiciary should be kept out of politics, but we condemn the so-called non-partisan convention held in this district as being a political scheme in which the people had no voice and took no interest, gotten up by a democratic candidate to secure the nominee of the so-called convention.

We believe in an inheritance tax far greater than the tax proposed by the constitutional amendment to be voted on this fall, as it is a tax that falls wholly upon the rich who do not bear their share of the burden of taxation.

We believe in the protection of the honest laborer both in the matter of wages, hours of work and health, and we believe such protection is afforded by a protective tariff and the rigid exclusion of undesirable immigrants.

WM. H. HALLETT.
T. J. NASH.
C. E. GRIFFITH.
Committee on resolutions.

Brightest and Light is that of the Sun and the best lighted train between Minneapolis St. Paul and Chicago is The North-Western Limited.

Two exceptional bargains in boys underwear at 25c. and 50c. The pop price.

CAMPBELL & SMITH.

Notice to Water Consumers.

Water rent for the fourth quarter 1894 must be paid by October 10th. *There are no exceptions to this rule,* and the supply for consumers who have not paid by that time will be shut off.

BRAINERD WATER CO.

Room 17, First National Bank Block.

FOR SALE—One 40-32 Winchester rifle with rear Lyman sight, fine as silk and a bargain.

Address. M. B. PAINE.
100 Lumber Exchange, Minneapolis.

North Dakota was admitted as a state in 1889, but the traveling public admits every day now that the best line between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago, is The North-Western Line.

Not for Carl.

When we got to Brainerd on our way to St. Cloud we were somewhat alarmed to find all Brainerd waiting at the depot with the brass band and bells. We did not know whether our fame had preceded us, or whether the reception was intended for Carl Taylor who was on his way to the populist convention, and were greatly relieved to find it was meant for the Brainerd base ball club which had lost two games at Superior.—Aitkin Age.

Missionery Lecture and Socialbe.

On Wednesday evening Sept. 26, at 8 p. m., Mrs. Conditt, a lady who has been around the world and visited all the mission fields of the Presbyterian church, will lecture in the Presbyterian church of this city. Mrs. Conditt will speak of the manners, habits, and customs of the various nations which she visited.

All are invited. An admission fee of 10 cts. will be charged, and refreshments served at the close of the lecture.

Day and evening classes at the Brainerd Business College.

$1 Per Dozen.

Remember next week is your last chance to get a dozen of Drysdale's popular Queens at $1 per dozen.

Good native beef, fresh killed, at Lowest Prices in the city at C. A. Walker & Co's.

A Decided Novelty.

On Wednesday September 26th the greatest of all American comedy successes "A Turkish Bath" will hold the boards of the opera house. Bright winsome little Marie Heath is still the particular star of this unapproachable musical eccentricity, and she comes to us most highly recommended by the press and public. The play contains a well defined plot and a number of highly interesting scenes and clever specialities, and with such a play and such a cast it is safe to presume "A Turkish Bath" will test the seating capacity.

To Exchange.

160 acres fine farm land north of Fort Riply, 60 acres under cultivation, for Brainerd property. No incumbrance.

J.-R. SMITH,
Sleeper Block.

Geo. Woodling will repair your harness neatly and promptly.

Mr. Timothy Foley arrived in the city last night says the St. Cloud Journal Press, and this morning left via Park Rapids for the mouse of Foley Bros. & Guthrie's railroad building operations on the Brainerd and Northern. The company's first contract was for a road about 40 miles in length. This was later extended by the contract for 14 miles additional and now they will build 14 or 15 miles of spurs from the main track into the adjacent heavy timber.

The building now being done is very heavy work, deep cuts and heavy fills being the order, and the additional spurs to be put in with the completion of the main line, it is estimated will take until freezing time.

Any one desiring a good harness can have the same by getting it made at the harness shop. Geo. Woodling guarantees satisfaction in all respects Come and see.

Longest in the world is the Mississippi, but the shortest railroads should be taxed like other property.

River Road line between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago is The Northwestern Line.

Paint brushes, a new stock, just in at C. B. White's.

Re-varnish your buggies once a year at Congdon's.

Largest Body The office of J. R. Smith is the headquarters for reliable fire insurance. Room 2, Sleeper Block.

Of fresh water in the world is Lake Superior and it is best reached from Minneapolis and St. Paul by the Northwestern Line.

Wall paper at D. M. Clark & Co's

McCall has the best line of pocket cultery razors and scissors to be found in the city.

Gypsine and Alabastine wall finish in all tints at C. B. White's.

If you want the finest beef in the city call at C. A. Walker & Co. has it—fresh killed native beef.

Sherwood's Cough Syrup is sold on a guarantee at the McFadden Drug Store.

Touch up and varnish your wagons for spring trade, at Congdon's. It will save you money.

A full line of T. L. Blood & Co's paints just received at C. B. White's

Buy your meats at C. A. Walker & Co.'s, the finest in the city.

Get your harness repaired at D. M. Clark & Co's.

Have your prescriptions filled at the McFadden Drug Store.

Over 62 people live in the United States and many of these **Million** are daily delighted with service of the North-Western Line between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago.

Furniture at D. M. Clark & Co's.

Silverware, useful and ornamental at Mrs. F. G. Sundberg's.

Bargains in hammocks and croquet sets at McCalls.

Housekeeping outfits on the installment plan at the Hoffman Bazaar.—tf

If you are thinking of painting this spring, get prices on paints, varnishes and brushes at C. B. Whites. A fresh stock just opened.

CONGDON

removes all smoke, dust, etc., and makes old paper bright as new.

Sash and doors at D. M. Clark & Co's.

Home Seekers' Excursions.

On Sept. 11th and October 9th the Chicago, Burlington & Northern R. R. will sell at very low rates Harvest excursion tickets from all its stations to the following terrtior: All points in Kansas, Nebraska and Southwest Missouri: All Missouri River points from Sioux City to Kansas City, inclusive; All points in Colorado, Wyoming and Utah, Tennessee, Mississippi and Louisiana (except Memphis and New Orleans), Arkansas, Indian Territory, Oklahoma and Texas (except Red River points, Ark.); All points in Idaho except west of Nampa; All points in New Mexico, except on Southern Pacific and Atlantic & Pacific Railways; points on the Southern Pacific from Lafayett to St. Charles, La., inclusive. Twenty days limit for return trip.—4w.

Crooked-est River In United States is the line between Minneapolis, St. Paul and all Missouri River cities from Sioux City to Kansas City inclusive is the North-Western Line.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

JONAH MEGHAN, Pub.

You are hereby notified that pursuant to tax judgment rendered in the district court in the county of Crow Wing, state of Minnesota, the east 50 feet lots 21, 22, 23, block 105, assessed, in your name, was sold for taxes May 4th, 1891, and the time of redemption from said sale will expire within sixty days after service of this notice. The amount required to redeem from said sale is $61.37 with interest as may accrue from and after this date and cost of service of this notice.

Hard Times Prices.

$10-Best Set Teeth-$10

Applied to Gums. ODONTUNDER NO PAIN.

For Painless Extraction of Teeth, No Going to Sleep.

A FINE GOLD FILLING, $1.50.

A GOLD ALLOY FILLING, 50 CENTS.

DR. H. RIBBEL, Bank Block.

Hard Times Prices.

M. HAGBERG.

Wholesale and retail

GROCER,

HAS A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

Staple & Fancy Groceries, Flour Feed, Provisions, Etc.

M. HAGBERG,

Odd Fellows' Block.

C. D. JOHNSON,

DRUGGIST,

No. 4, Cale Block, Front Street.

Electric Belts, Sponges, Toilet Articles

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

FINE CIGARS, STATIONERY.

ELEGANT SODA WATER!

LARSON & WALTERS,

---DEALERS IN---

Anthracite and Bituminous Coal,

Hard and Soft Wood,

Lime, Cement and Plastering Hair!

CROSS CREEK LEHIGH COAL,

The only genuine Lehigh Coal in the market. Office and yard at corner of Eighth and main streets, at N. P. Track.

Orders for Ice Taken Here..

Always on Hand.

A well Assorted Stock of

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks,

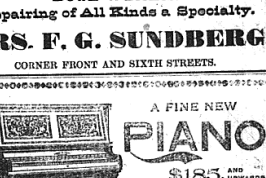
Jewelry and Silverware.

Bi-Chloride of Gold Cure for Broken Down Watches.

Repairing of All Kinds a Specialty.

MRS. F. G. SUNDBERG,

CORNER FRONT AND SIXTH STREETS.



A FINE NEW PIANO $185. AND UPWARDS. ON EASY PAYMENTS.

Stool and Scarf Included.

AN ELEGANT ORGAN $65. AND UPWARDS. With Stool and Book.

BAND INSTRUMENTS, SHEET MUSIC, AND EVERYTHING IN THE MUSIC LINE.

These Instruments are not the inferior class so often advertised, but FULLY WARRANTED. Write for Catalogue.

W. J. DYER & BRO. Dyer & Bro. Building, Cor. 3d & Robert Sts. P. O. Address: W. J. DYER & BRO. 12 & 13 W. Fifth St. ST. PAUL.

FOR

Fine Job Printing!

Of Every Description, Call at the

Dispatch Office!

Prices the Lowest.