THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 14, NUMBER 14. | BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, MARCH 1, 1895. | INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS.

A Meritorious Measure.

A bill has been introduced in the legislature by A. F. Ferris, the member from Crow Wing county, which if it passes and becomes a law will be of vast benefit to many farmers whose meadows were burned over in the fall of 1894. The bill provides that $15,000 be appropriated out of any money in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated, to furnish grass seed for distribution in certain counties afflicted by forest fires wherein the grass and meadows were wholly or partially destroyed. The board of commissioners are constituted a board of examination and adjustment of the applications for grass seed under this act and are required to meet on the first Monday in April 1895 to act on the same and determine who are entitled to benefit and in what amount, but no applicant can be allowed a sum exceeding $50 for this purpose. The auditor is required to give notice before March 10, by posting notices and publishing an official notice one week prior to March 25 in the county paper, that all persons wishing to avail themselves of the benefits of this act must file an application with their town clerk on or before March 25th, in which must be a statement of the number of acres of meadow owned or controlled by the applicant upon which the grass and grass roots were destroyed by said fire and how many acres of said meadows the applicant intends and desires to reseed during the present year. All applications shall be open to public inspection and the bill is so framed that only those who are entitled to this benefit will be able to procure it, and the parties coming under the provisions are bound by oath not to sell, transfer or in any manner dispose of the seed so furnished by the state.

The bill has been reported favorably by the committee on appropriations and will be advanced upon the calendar so that its early passage is almost assured. There are many acres of such meadows in Crow Wing county and it is for the aid of our home farmers thus affected that Mr. Ferris has been working in this matter.

As we go to press we learn that the above bill passed the house under suspension of the rules last night.

This is the first day of spring.

The Hayward trial is almost ended, likewise H. Haywards miserable life.

Next Monday we will have had two years of Grover. Lord help us, have we got to stand two years more?

A petition has been presented to the legislature by Crookston citizens to impeach Judge Ives. Ives is a populist.

A revolution has broken out in Cuba. This is an annual occurrence, in fact, the only genuine sport the Cubans have every year.

A large portion of May has evidently become detached and injected into the last of Febuarary. This is all right if Febuary doesnt try to come to the surface in May.

Postmaster Bissell has resigned. He could not be blamed for wanting to cut the present administration. Congressman Wilson succeeds him in the cabinet. It is hoped that he will make a better cabinet officer than he has congressman.

It is evident that an attempt will be made to get more money to build a state captiol. Tax payers of the state should let legislators know that they will permit nothing of the sort. Two million dollars will build as good a building as is necessary.

Anna Gould paid three million dollars for a husband. Husbands are indispensable in all well regulated families, but in this case the price is too high considering the quality of the article. Most imported ones are usually considerably damaged.

The Cass County Pioneer says that Commissioner Ellis denies saying that Cass did not want organization? If that is true it is evident that Mr. Ellis has a very defective memory or a peculiar way of handling the truth. But then Bro. Olliver is excited and it is possible he may have imagined those things.

The Journal editor seems to have a feeling of resentment against Mayor Halsted, which crops out every time he refers to Mayor Halsted's attempts to stop gambling in the city. Now, we believe that Mayor Halstead is honest in his effort to suppress this vice, although mistakes may be made and innocent parties made to suffer in making arrests.

The Cass County Pioneer's prattle about taxation without representation is all bosh. It is simply a question of expediency. When Cass county is sufficiently advanced in wealth and population to afford separate county officials of its own, it will, no doubt, have them. Until then it is good business sense to have their business transacted by Crow Wing officials.

The Journal this week takes a shy at the game and fish law. It says the law was passed with the idea "that God made fish only for the purpose of giving city dudes a chance to have fun in the summer." Now, this is the utterance of a demagogue. The law was intended to prevent the wholesale depopulation of our lakes and streams by unscrupulous speculators who want to catch fish with nets and spears in the spring by the wagon load. Fishing under the law is free to all from April 15th to December 1st, with hook and line, and all have an equal chance. And no one would be arrested or convicted if they caught fish decently during the closed season for their own use. If the Journal editor will take the trouble to investigate he will find that all who have been arrested and convicted under this law have not trespassed because it was necessary to "keep body and soul together."

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Crow Wing County.

GENTLEMEN:—I herewith submit a Statement of Receipts Disbursements, Assets, Liabilities and Balances during year ending December, 31st, A. D. 1894.

LOUIS TACHE,
County Auditor.

Tabular Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Balances for Fiscal year ending December, 31st, 1893.

	Balance on hand Dec. 31, 1893	Collection during the year	Total of foregoing items	Disbursements as per cancelled vouchers	Balance on hand Dec 31, 1894
STATE FUNDS.					
State of Minnesota	*82 50	$3823 16	$3820 66	$3820 66	....
State School Land Account	303 28	264 78	568 06	560 65	7 41
State School Text Books	103 21	3 17	106 38	....	106 38
Soldiers and Sailors Burial Fund	....	131 25	131 25	131 25	....
Total	$408 99	$4222 36	$4626 35	$4512 56	$113 79
COUNTY FUNDS.					
County Revenue Fund	$1147 27	$18581 82	$19729 19	$17818 46	$1910 73
Poor Fund	321 73	1712 28	2034 01	2028 53	5 48
Road and Bridge Fund	122 03	3309 73	3431 76	3256 00	175 76
Bond Interest Fund	1414 81	11658 59	13038 40	13120 88	*82 48
Sinking Fund	740 66	282 80	1023 46	63	1022 83
Surplus Fund	93 66	....	93 66	....	93 66
Building Fund	4 01	341 00	345 01	10 00	335 01
Redemption Fund	36 06	75 03	111 09	17 88	93 21
Special Poor Fund	361 52	423 10	784 62	691 88	92 74
Total	$4241 85	$36379 35	$40621 20	$36944 26	$3781 90
CITY AND TOWN FUNDS.					
City of Brainerd	....	$10423 46	$10423 46	$10423 46	....
City of Brainerd Sidewalk	....	1089 76	1089 76	1089 76	....
City of Brainerd Paving	....	3512 24	3512 24	3512 24	....
City of Brainerd Sinking Fund	....	1170 29	1170 29	1170 29	....
Town of Mooresville	29 11	50 94	80 05	11 45	68 62
Town of Crow Wing	....	203 84	203 84	203 84	....
Town of Oak Lawn	*2 77	276 07	273 30	273 30	....
Town of Deerwood	....	177 92	177 92	177 92	....
Town of Daggett Brook	....	183 12	183 12	182 43	69
Town of Long Lake	13 66	155 21	168 87	144 03	24 84
Town of Garrison	2 08	290 19	292 27	292 27	....
Town of St. Matthias	....	95 40	95 40	95 40	....
Town of Maple Grove	....	43 94	43 94	25 86	18 08
Total	$47 62	$17672 38	$17714 46	$17602 23	$112 23
SCHOOL FUNDS.					
General School	*82 64	$11598 95	$11596 31	$11600 70	*$4 39
Brainerd Independent District	....	21256 61	21256 63	21256 63	....
School District No. 1	....	540 69	540 69	540 69	....
do No. 2	....	338 62	338 62	338 62	....
do No. 3	....	297 32	297 32	297 32	....
do No. 4	73 49	315 22	388 71	388 71	....
do No. 5	....	230 92	230 92	230 92	....
do No. 6	....	129 12	129 12	129 12	....
do No. 7	....	327 25	327 25	327 25	....
do No. 8	....	404 48	404 48	404 48	....
do No. 9	....	372 41	372 41	372 41	....
do No. 10	....	165 14	165 14	165 14	....
do No. 11	....	185 82	185 82	130 78	55 04
do No. 12	....	304 75	304 75	197 19	107 56
do No. 13	....	189 82	189 82	189 82	....
do No. 14	....	256 15	256 15	256 15	....
do No. 15	....	184 44	184 44	184 44	....
do No. 16	....	139 05	139 05	139 05	....
do No. 17	....	193 88	193 88	189 39	4 49
do No. 18	....	288 27	288 27	288 27	....
do No. 19	....	230 75	230 75	230 75	....
do No. 20	....	133 82	133 82	133 82	....
do No. 21	....	209 83	209 83	209 83	....
do No. 22	....	62 70	62 70	62 70	....
do No. 23	....	160 97	160 97	160 97	....
do No. 24	....	91 52	91 52	91 52	....
do No. 25	....	284 78	284 78	284 78	....
do No. 26	....	214 62	214 62	214 62	....
do No. 27	....	163 94	163 94	163 94	....
do No. 28	....	247 28	247 28	247 28	....
do No. 29	5 46	102 07	107 [illegible]	99 42	8 11
do No. 30	86 03	34 15	120 18	....	70 18
do No. 31	46 31	27 53	73 84	....	73 84
do No. 32	....	123 27	123 27	123 27	....
do No. 33	....	83 00	83 00	83 00	....
do No. 34	....	327 56	327 56	327 56	....
do No. 35	....	12 37	12 37	....	12 37
do No. 36	....	72 78	72 78	72 78	....
do No. 37	....	103 60	103 60	103 60	....
do No. 38	....	37 18	37 18	37 18	....
Total	$163 93	$40442 55	$40601 30	$40274 10	$335 98
TAX COLLECTIONS.					
Tax Collections	$3840 32	$77856 76	$81697 08	$72039 61	$9657 47
RECAPITULATION.					
State Funds	$408 99	$4222 36	$4626 35	$4512 56	$113 79
County Funds	4241 85	36379 35	40621 20	36944 26	3781 90
City and Town Funds	47 62	17672 38	17714 46	17602 23	112 23
School Funds	163 93	40442 55	40601 30	40274 10	335 98
Tax Collections	3840 32	77856 76	81697 08	72039 61	9657 47
Total	$8702 71	$176573 40	$182480 39	$171372 76	$14001 37

*Overdrawn.

RECEIPTS INTO COUNTY TREASURER.

To the credit of the following funds:

GENERAL COUNTY FUND.

Interest on deposits $792 24
Jury fees 24 00
Court fees 9 95
Wolf bounty orders 136 70
Nomination fees candidates 392 74
Tax collections 17226 19 — $18581 82

SPECIAL POOR FUND.

Products sold by overseer poor farm 325 03
Tax collections 98 07 — $423 10

BUILDING FUND.

Amount received from City for connecting jail with court house sewers $341 00
Poor fund tax collections 1712 28
Road and bridge fund collections 3309 73
Bond interest fund collection 11658 59
Sinking fund do 282 80
Redemption fund do 75 03 — $36379 35

POOR FUND.

J W Blake, milk furnished Chas Winterstein $2 00
Lumbermen's Hospital, medical services Mrs Krauser 35 50
Camp & McPherson, medical services poor 352 00
Campbell & Smith, goods for poor 55
M K Swartz, goods for poor 12 95
Losey & Dean, burial Pat Gran and E. Carlson 30 00
Seymour Avery, amount allowed for support 5 00
Campbell & Smith, goods for poor 16 35
Mrs Solomon Johnson, money advanced railroad fare 4 25
Mrs Seymour Avery, amount for support 5 00
Mrs Wm Durham, amount for support 10 00
F B Johnson, drugs for poor 1 25
Wm Barron, appropriation railroad fare E Lynch 3 85
Mrs Seymour Avery, amount for support 5 00
A. P. Farrar, appropriation railroad fare F. Rougley 1 31
Mrs Wm Durham, amount allowed for support 10 00
Wm Barron, appropriation railroad fare Geo Ball 3 85
Lumb. Hospital, board and care Jno Holman 43 00
Losey & Dean, burial two persons 24 00
Koop Bros., groceries for poor 26 42
R F Walters, shoes for poor 1 65
Mrs Seymour Avery, amount for support 5 00
A Angel, groceries for poor 7 15
A Angel, wood for poor 22 75
C M Patek, 14 graves for paupers 42 00
J L Camp, board and care 3 persons 77 00
Mahlum & Valentine, groceries for poor 5 00
Mrs Wm Durham, amount for her support 10 00
Mrs M C Benson, nursing F Rougley 12 00
Losey & Dean, coffins and burial 3 persons 51 00
Mrs Seymour Avery, amount allowed her support 5 00
A Angel, groceries for poor 7 10
Mahlum & Valentine, groceries for poor 9 90
Mrs Wm Durham, amount allowed her support 10 00
Dr A F Groves, medical services poor 26 00
F B Johnson, drugs for poor 2 50
Lumb. Hospital, board and care poor 5 00
Losey & Dean, burial Kiley child 16 00
Jno T Frater, amount appropriated for poor 23 15
S Holmes, amount appropriated for temporary aid 10 00
S & J W Koop, groceries for poor 3 75
L M Koop, goods for poor 4 02
Mrs H Riffenrath, amount appropriated to pay taxes 73 48
Jno T Frater, amount appropriated Mrs Robert's child 16 82
C A Reuss, money railroad fare J McNaughton 15 00
Leslie Travis, railroad fare 5 00 — 1058 55
Refunding Orders No. 29, 30, 31 and 32 3 19 — $1061 74

POOR FARM.

C H Paine & Co., meats poor farm $4 49
Knute Olson, work at farm 3 months 79 00
J A Bixby, overseer poor farm 50 00
Smith & Spencer, goods poor farm 8 00
J A Bixby, overseer poor farm 50 00
J A Bixby, overseer poor farm 50 00
S & J W Koop, groceries poor farm 165 64
Alex Cameron, work poor farm 12 75
W E Everey, work poor farm 10 00
Jack McClentock, work poor farm 7 87
Wm Stearns, work poor farm 3 75
Knute Olson, work poor farm 41 00
Wm Bane, work poor farm 4 50
P Walters, ice poor farm 5 00
Campbell & Smith, goods poor farm 9 70
Cyrus Deaven, threshing poor farm 23 85
Leon E Lum, interest mortgage poor farm 50 00
Knute Olson, work poor farm 15 00
Jack McClentock, work poor farm 3 00
A Angel, groceries poor farm 3 05
J A Bixby, overseer poor farm 50 00
Fred Bane, work poor farm 1 50
Alex Cameron, work poor farm 1 50
Hagberg & Lagerquist, groceries poor farm 4 90
C H Paine & Co., meats poor farm 2 20
R P Nelson, wood poor farm 30 00
A P Farrar, taking sick persons to farm 2 00
Dr A F Groves, medical services farm 51 50
E M Westfall, goods poor farm 2 00
Joel Smith, work poor farm 3 75
J A Bixby, overseer poor farm 50 00
Hagberg & Lagerquist, groceries poor farm 14 76
A Angel, groceries poor farm 15 47
Knute Olson, work poor farm 30 00
Martin Cameron, threshing poor farm 3 01
Mathew Cameron, threshing poor farm 1 88
Jno Cameron, wood poor farm 4 50
Alec Cameron, wood poor farm 52 00
D W Whitford, goods poor farm 4 20
Campbell & Smith, goods poor farm 4 50
Westfall Bros., goods farm 4 90
Wm Heist, blacksmithing poor farm 25 50
Joel Smith, inventory poor farm 3 00
C A Walker & Co., meats poor farm 2 14
Slipp Bros., goods poor farm 4 98 — $966 79

SPECIAL POOR FUND.

First National Bank, appropriation to build barn $401 55
First National Bank, appropriation to build barn 290 33 — $691 88

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND.

Slipp Bros., goods for bridges $20 88
Andrews & Wood, plank for bridges 15 00
Joel Smith, repairing Gull Lake bridges and viewing roads 205 50
S W Gray, road machine 250 00
J J Howe, lumber for bridges 41 72
Harry Patterson, viewing county roads 9 00
Martin Oppergard, road overseer 45-28 9 00
Slipp Bros., goods for bridges 6 10
Con Aldrich, work on Fish Trap bridge 8 00
Louis Wood, custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
Chas Krech, appropriation Gull Lake road 50 00
N M Halliday, appropriation to repair bridge 40 00
Joel Smith, money advanced road work 1 00
R K Whiteley, plats county roads 2 00
Larson & Walters, cement for bridges 2 50
Chas Hess, helping survey road 46-29 4 00
Louis Wood, custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
R K Whiteley, surveying roads 8 00
Sivert Olson, appropriation to repair Deerwood and Brainerd road 50 00
Wheatley & Threadgould, road scraper 7 00
J J Howe & Co, lumber for bridges 59 22
A P Farrar, viewing bridges 3 00
Louis Wood, custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
R K Whiteley, surveying 6 00
J J Howe & Co., lumber for bridges 47 69
H Patterson, viewing roads 11 40
H Patterson, appropriation road 46-29 50 00
H Fellerman, appropriation road 45-28 15 00
H Mahle, viewing roads and bridges 11 40
H Patterson, appropriation freight on road machine 18 75
Joel Smith, viewing county roads 13 50
C G Christiansen, road overseer 16 12
Wm Hoist, drift bolts 12 40
D M Clark & Co., goods for bridges 7 35
Chas A Krech, road overseer 6 00
R K Whiteley, surveying roads 23 50
Jno Pakkall, part appropriation road 45-30 72 00
Alex Hendrickson, part appropriation road 45-30 16 35
Northern Mill Co., lumber for bridges 306 20
Smith & Spencer, road machine 250 00
J S Gardner, viewing roads 8 40
Gustaf Johnson, work on roads 45-30 40 00
Smith & Spencer, part appropriation two road scrapers 12 00
Chas Hanson, help survey roads 3 00
Joel Smith, viewing roads 13 50
Slipp Bros., nails for bridges 2 95
Sivert Olson, road work 10 50
Henry Mahle, helping survey roads 10 00
Frank Petrie, helping survey roads 3 00
Sylvester Heath, part appropriation 45-30 18 54
Andrew Brandt, road overseer 46-29 16 50
Joseph Edwards, part appropriation road 45-30 12 39
Wm Bell, part appropriation road 45-30 8 45
T C Polston, part appropriation road 45 30 15 27
Con O'Brien, part appropriation road 45-30 80 00
Wilmer Holmes, repairing Mississippi bridge 60 00
H Patterson, viewing roads 3 00
Jas Peterson, helping survey roads 2 00
Louis Wood, custodian Mississippi bridge 30 00
R K Whiteley, surveying roads 22 00
Jas Wickham, drift bolts bridges 1 50
Joel Smith, helping survey roads 3 00
Geo A Barclay, repairing Pine River bridge 15 00
J S Gardner, viewing roads 3 00
Sivert Olson, helping survey 45-29 5 00
J Lofquist, helping survey 45-29 3 00
R K Whiteley, surveying roads 54 00
A P Farrar, viewing roads 3 00
C B Kelly, helping survey 2 00
H Patterson, viewing roads etc 28 40
I D Carr, road overseer Bay Lake 7 50
Jno Lind, helping survey 45-29 2 00
G F Edquist, helping survey 45 29 5 00
Chas A Krech, helping survey Gull Lake road 2 00
Louis Wood, custodian Mississippi bridge 30 00
W W Craig, goods road overseer 1 30
T C Pointon, building Grave Lake bridge 40 00
Fritz Grentagen, helping survey Rabbit Lake road 4 00
Fred Grantagen, helping survey Rabbit Lake road 4 00
Robert Dehring helping survey Rabbit Lake road 4 00
Giddeon Matte, appropriation to repair bridge St Matthias 50 00
Louis Wood, custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
Erick Bergrern, helping survey road 5 00
Louis Carson, helping survey road 10 00
L G Sell, helping survey road 4 00
A F Erath, work on roads 4 50
Mrs Lucy Donaldson, release damages road 50 00
Jas Shell, helping survey 46-29 6 00
A P Farrar, viewing roads and bridges 12 90
J F Edquist, corduroying 45-29 25 00
H M Bouck, appropriation to repair Black Grade 25 00
Louis Wood, custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
R K Whiteley, surveying county roads 30 00
H Patterson, helping survey Bay Lake road $15 00
I D Carr, helping survey Bay Lake road 7 00
T C Pointon, balance work Bay Lake road 15 00
J C Peterson, helping survey Bay Lake road 7 00
Louis Wood, custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
L W Bidwell, work Mississippi bridge 4 50
Wm Crawford, work Mississippi bridge 3 13
R K Whiteley, surveying roads 22 00
V Farrell, road work 10 00
N Farrell, road work 9 00
Louis Haglin, road work 8 00
E C Smith, road work 16 00
J M Young, surveying road 6 00
H Fellerman, road overseer 3 00
J S Gardner, viewing roads 6 00
Cameron & Stearns, work on Cunningham road 50 00
H Patterson, viewing Bay Lake road 10 50
A C Guyott, appropriation to repair Daggett Brook bridge 25 00
Joel Smith, repairing Gull Lake bridge 11 70
Louis Wood, custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
C A Hunt, helping survey Bay Lake road 6 00
G A Hunt, helping survey Bay Lake road 2 00
Wm Hunt, helping survey Bay Lake road 6 00
J M Young, helping survey Bay Lake road 6 00
Sivert Olson, road overseer 45-29 6 00
Joel Smith, work Gull Lake road 12 48
Northern Mill Co., lumber for bridges 354 17
Gergen & Purdy, teams furnished commissioners viewing roads 60 50
Refunding Orders No. 29, 30, 31 and 32 5 82 — $3256 00

INTEREST FUND.

Walter Davis $ 40
S & J W Koop 62
T McMaster 30
N H Ingersoll 20 86
R P Nelson 19 50
James Towers 1 23
O B Hamlin 67
Geo D LaBar 307 55
do 84
Jno T Frater 11 31
M McFadden 6 43
H Treglawney 3 04
Geo A Keene 6 06
do 11 82
H J Spencer 1 45
Jared Ingraham 2 26
F W Wieland 3 40
C B Stade 19
Chas A Krech 3 05
M McFadden 1 79
L H Threadgould 78
J M Elder 1 73
Geo A Keene 77 00
Henri Ribble 6 13
Geo D LaBar 50
L S Lowe 94
A E Losey 3 14
L J Cale 1 80
Chas Thompson 42
A H Lewis 31
Geo D Barnard 14 41
J D McColl 13
J T Odegard 3 48
R Parker 06
D M Clark 19
M McFadden 87
A R Cass 42
Alec Gordon 51
R R Wise 1 02
H I Cohen 87
Geo D LaBar 67
D M Clark 71
Harry Treglawney 59
R P Nelson 10 50
A F Ferris 89 50
Chas Thompson 1 39
Geo A Keene 2 21
Geo D LaBar 2 61
Mrs Julia McDonald 2 07
S L Frazier 4 74
J J Howe 13
A E Losey 1 09
A F Ferris 1 23
W A Fleming 15 77
J A DeCaster 26
Miss Minnie Merritt 1 25
Walter Davis 11 60
A P Farrar 4 41
Jno McCarthy 50
New and Towers 49
M Hagberg 1 15
Chas Backer 8 49
A C Wonderlic 2 80
Jno N Nevers 44
Brown, Tracey & Co 21 76
Leon E Lum 18 18
A C Wonderlic 5 60
Jno N Nevers 33
Mrs S L Sleeper 14 53
A F Ferris 51 66
R P Nelson 1 23
H J Spencer 4 98
Interest on bridge bonds, $50,000 issue 3000 00
Interest on court house bonds, $15,000 issue 1200 00
Interest on court house bonds, $30,000 issue 2100 00
Interest on railroad bonds, $100,000 issue 6000 00
Refunding Orders No. 29, 30, 31 and 32 20 53 — $13120 88

SINKING FUND.

Refunding Order No. — $ 63

BUILDING FUND.

L Rasmussen, repairing vault register of deeds office — $10 00

REDEMPTION FUND.

John L Smith, redemption order No. 62 — $17 88

DISTRICT COURT.

S F Alderman, fees clerk court $440 65
W A M Johnston, fees deputy clerk court 75 00
S F Alderman, entering real estate tax judgments 362 25
S F Alderman, entering real estate tax forfeited sale 491 55 — $1369 45

SHERIFF AND DEPUTIES.

H Spalding, fees as sheriff $1021 85
H Spalding, boarding prisoners 1087 83
H Spalding, fees as jailor 600 00
Isabel Spalding, fees as matron 80 00
G H Stratton, fees deputy sheriff 12 50
J W Slipp, fees deputy sheriff 55 00
D D Smith, fees deputy sheriff 50 00 — $2907 18

REPORTERS.

Geo W Moody, stenographer — $247 80

WITNESS FEES AND MILEAGE.

Nels Nelson $4 92
Mrs. Sarah Cross 2 18
A. Swanson 1 12
B. Benson 1 12
A. Anderson 1 12
G. A Renz 111 00
John Abar 2 24
Thos Platt 2 12
J. P Butterman 3 12
J Rosenberg 3 12
Moses Derocher 5 24
Sarah Cross 6 24
Chas. Cross 6 24
Wm Barron 2 12
Frankie Davis 5 24
Annie Karnes 5 24
W J Bain 3 12
Louis Wood 2 24
A Rosenberg 3 12
J L Camp 22 24
L W Burrel et al 7 48
Andrew Brandt 3 40
P Harmon 2 68
Mrs P Harmon 2 68
J G Knebel 2 92
P Sanders 11 04
Chas Shontell 5 96
Fred Norton 5 96
J E Thomas 4 12
F S Kirtland 8 20
Ben Lovely 4 32
Mrs Ben Lovely 4 32
Jno Loddell 5 20
Wm Hage 5 20
Courtney Benson 4 32
Chas Clifford 5 20
Henry Linnemann 3 12 — $278 22

GRAND JURORS.

S Walker $8 20
F S Parker 4 20
W H Bondy 4 20
M K Swartz 4 20
R F Walters 4 20
Giddeon Matte 6 40
C M Patek 4 20
N H Ingersoll 4 20
A T Kimball 8 80
H Patterson 7 40
L J Cale 4 20
N J Palmer 18 60
G H Stratton 4 20
D Archibald 8 00
D E Slipp 4 20
Dr H Ribbel 4 20
A E Losey 4 20
Elijah Adams 4 60
N McFadden 4 20
J J Howe 4 20
Chris Racey 7 00
J H Gibson 7 00
Seth Dinwiddie 9 00
P S Stillings 4 60
W D McKay 4 20
Geo D LaBar 4 20
Geo A Keene 4 20
Wm E Seeley 4 20
Jas S Gardner 4 20
W E Campbell 4 20
A T Kimball 8 80
Thos McMaster 4 20
J M Elder 4 20
Geo N Day 4 20
J M Elder 4 20
Walter Davis 4 20
Geo. Forsythe 4 20
E Y Farrar 4 20 — $202 60

PETIT JURORS.

M F Driver $4 56
H W Welliven 4 56
Frank Johnson 4 56
Nels J Nelson 4 56
G L Peck 4 92
C P Potter 19 60
Sam Martin 16 60
Martin Ovig 4 00
John Risk 4 00
Frank McClellan 18 40
Albert Robins 4 00
Chas B Thompson 12 20
D M Robinson 12 20
Chas Pegg 12 20
Hiram Scott 18 40
D N Northrup 4 00
Chas Moberg 4 00
L H Stallman 12 20
Robt Sturgeon 12 20
H D Simons 12 20
Robt Sturgeon 2 00
Thos Halliday 14 20
Chas Pegg 2 00
W S Hil 14 20
C A Anderson 2 00
H E Richmond 2 00
J F McGinnis 2 00
F S Parker 2 00
A G Trommald 2 00
O B Hamlin 14 20
F W Hall 3 00
J H Warner 3 00
Frank McClellan 18 40
J P Saunders 26 40
James Towers 26 40
L H Stallman 14 20
Henry Bartle 14 00
D M Robinson 14 20
Chas Elliott 14 00
Hiram Scott 18 40
Geo E Campbell 26 40
Jno J McCarthy 14 20
D W Whitford 26 40
M Brossman 2 20
Joe Drapeau 14 20
C P Potter 19 60
C E Peabody 10 20
G H Stratton 10 20
Archie Purdy 10 20
Jno A Cochran 10 20
Fred Luken 10 20
Geo H Merritt 10 20
David Dykeman 14 20
L H Stallman 10 20
Joe Keibler, Jr 10 20
Alex Cameron 10 60
D Archibald 14 00
C B Thompson 10 20
F J Slipp 10 20
I N Farrell 11 20
C H Clute 12 60
F J Hannan 10 20
A A Graham 4 00
P M Lagerquist 4 00
A V Snyder 10 20
F A Bradbury 10 20
J R Smith 10 20
Theo Senyohl 6 00
Jno Falconer 10 20
Jno McCarthy 12 20
O B Hamlin 10 20 — $752 96

CORONER'S JURORS AND WITNESSES.

Richard Parker, juror inquest A Swanson $2 60
Jno A DeCoster, witness inquest Ed Peck 5 68
Thos McMaster, juror inquest Lee Chung 4 18
F E Tiffany, juror inquest Lee Chung 4 18
W Welliver, witness inquest Ed Peck 4 00
J M Aallett, witness inquest A Swanson 2 68
T W Martin, witness inquest Ira Downey 3 88
N H Ingersoll, juror inquest A Swanson 2 36
Wm Bredfeld, juror inquest Lee Chung 4 18
W J Bain, juror inquest Lee Chung 4 18
Jas S Chrysler, witness inquest Ed Peck 5 20
N Nelson, witness inquest Ed Peck 5 20
Nels J Nelson, witness inquest Ed Peck 5 20
Frank Johnson, witness and bringing body Ed Peck 9 00
L N Lowe, juror inquest Lee Chung 4 18
E M Westfall, juror inquest D Swanson 2 36
C E Cole, juror inquest Lee Chung 4 18
Wallace Bain, clerk inquest Ira Downey 2 10
Richard Parker, witness Ira Downey 2 08
D E Slipp, witness inquest D Swanson 2 36
I T Dean, coroner different cases 55 20
Chas Lucas, witness inquest Ira Downey 2 60
Walter Davis, juror inquest Ira Downey 2 06
J F McGinnis, juror inquest Ira Downey 2 06
Jno N Nevers, juror inquest Lee Chung 4 18
H M Dye, clerk inquest Ed Peck 4 60
I T Dean, coroner and viewing remains P Roderman 17 00
I T Dean, coroner and viewing remains Wm Gratty 18 50
I T Dean, coroner 5 00
Wm Bredfeld, juror inquest Ira Downey 2 08
Geo N Day, juror inquest D Swanson 2 36
I T Dean, coroner 5 00 — $200 42

JUSTICE COURT.

WITNESS FEES.

John Favron $1 12
J A Sherry 1 12
P M Lagerquest 1 00
Wm Gustafson 1 00
C Cross 1 12
H W Welliver 4 68
I T Dean 1 12
H E Richmond 1 12
Peter Lewis 1 12
H Abrahamson 1 12
B Benson 3 12
A Anderson 3 12
A Swanson 3 12
J F McGinnis 1 12
G H Stratton 1 00
J Crawford 1 12
L W Burrell 2 24
James Brockway 1 12
C W Grinnell 1 00
Mrs Guillott 1 12
Bridget Mallory 1 12
S M Brickman 98
W L Wright 2 12
Barney Lingnau 3 80
F C Kerr 2 48
L W Chase 2 24
L N Spencer 2 12
Dan O'Donnell 2 12
Ole Peterson 1 12
Henry Allard 1 00
Wm Barron 1 12
Guy Muzzy 1 12
J H Koop 1 12
Lester Metcalf 1 12
S Katz 1 12
Luther Tilden 4 40
Eugene Magnan 2 68
David White 2 80
Joe White 2 80
Joe Laverue 2 68
Sam White 2 80
Silas Hall 1 12
Bessie Curtis 1 30
John B James 1 00
O F Curtis 1 00
Jno J McCarthy 2 12
Jno Roberts 1 12
Ed Hattan 1 00 — $74 12

JURORS.

B S Mallory $1 00
R F Walters 1 00
F C Kean 1 00
G W Stratton 1 00
W D McKay 1 00
Andrew Brandt 2 00
Wm Erb 1 00
Geo Whipple 2 80
Louis Larson 1 00
Geo Abbott 1 00
Frank Veillette 1 60
F W Wieland 1 00
J B Parker 1 12
F S Parker 1 00 — $17 52

CONSTABLE FEES.

F S Kirtland $5 15
Geo C Kirtland 8 10
F S Kirtland 14 75
D H Kinney 3 00
D A Kinney 6 60
do 6 00 — $43 60

PROBATE COURT.

Dr Hemstead, fees insanity cases $27 50
Dr Hemstead, fees insanity cases 8 60
Dr J L Camp, fees insanity 5 30
Dr Geo S McPherson, fees insanity fees 17 20
Henry Spalding, fees insanity cases 234 45 — $293 05

PRINTING AND STATIONERY.

Pioneer Press Co., books and stationery $108 40
M K Swartz, stationery 26 05
Brainerd Dispatch, printing 28 40
do Tribune, do 2 80
do Dispatch, do 27 00
do Tribune, do 6 25
H C Stivers, do 2 60
Brainerd Dispatch, do 384 00
do do 418 90
J D McColl, stationery 2 40
Brown, Tracey & Co., stationery 53 75
A J Halstead, printing 1 50
Brown, Tracey & Co., stationery 87 35
Brainerd Dispatch, printing 29 50
Pennell & Stivers, do 5 50
Brainerd Dispatch, do 6 75
A J Halstad, do 1 88
F W Wieland, do 18 50
Ingersoll & Wieland, do 35 50
A J Halstead, do 5 50
Geo D Barnard & Co., books and stationery 293 40
Ingersoll & Wieland, printing 41 25
Brown, Tracey & Co., books and stationery 429 00
Brainerd Tribune, printing 8 00
do Dispatch, do 21 75
do Tribune, do 4 50
do Dispatch, do 379 40
do do do 225 00
do do do 16 69
do Tribune, do 36 00
F W Wieland, do 275 00
Ingersoll & Wieland, do 68 25
M L Swartz, stationery 8 83 — $3049 53

MISCELLANEOUS.

R H Morford, returning births and deaths $3 00
Louis Nelson, assessing attached territory 110 00
R Raddse, returning births and deaths 1 00
Chas B Thompson, janitor state school 25 00
S B Huff, assessing part Cass county 120 00
Reuben Rearick, assessing part Cass county 124 00
F L McClellan, assessing part Cass county 100 00
A P Farrar, money advanced taking children to Owatonna 70 52
D Archibald, assessing unorganized Crow Wing 80 00
Dr A F Groves, autopsy Ed Peck's dog 50 00
Lum, Fleming, et al., money advanced to protect Northern Mill Co. bridges from fire 300 00
C E Chipperfield, drawing jury September term 3 00
J A Wilson, expressage and postage 3 05
Miss Abbie Everett, taking evidence Jackson case 20 00
J T Sanborn, meals furnished jurors 26 00
N J Guild, justice fees St Matthias 11 20
Brainerd Water Co., water rent quarter ending July 1st, 1894 25 00
W E Seeley, city and Crow Wing county map 187 50
Gergen & Purdy, teams furnished county commissioners 24 50
Geo C Kirtland, justice Crow Wing 16 75
W A Prentice, town supervisor Ft Ripley 6 00
J M Elder, water rent quarter ending April 1st, 1894 25 00
S F Alderman, expressage and postage 1 20
J Knebel, returning births and deaths 2 25
H Hughey, returning births and deaths 2 25
R Morford, returning births and deaths 3 00
City of Brainerd, court fees 115 70
A J Lingnau, justice Long Lake 2 35
A Mahlum, recording for Crow Wing and Cass counties 200 00
Wm Everest, returning births and deaths 3 25
Jno T Frater, expressage and postage 9 80
C G Mooers, team hire grand jury 7 50
W L Whitcomb, justice St Matthias 2 50
Jno Falconer, box for bonds 1 00
J L Camp, returning births and deaths 75 00
C E Chipperfield, drawing jury March term 3 00
Phillip Harmon, justice Daggett Brook 2 72
J J Dow, superintendent Minnesota Institute for Defectives 35 00
Jno T Frater, expressage and postage 17 89
J J Dow, superintendent school for blind account Alba Anderson 20 08
A C Rogers, superintendent Institute for Defectives 18 23
Jno T Frater, expressage and postage 11 65
L Rasmussen, repairing register of deeds vault 10 00
C M Patek, papering county jail 36 07
M Hagberg, oils county jail 7 35
Amorose Tighe, water rent quarter ending October 1, 1893 25 00
N McFadden, goods county jail 9 00
Slipp Bros., goods county jail 13 48
New and Towers, repairing court house fence 9 79
N E Paine, hose court house and repairing hydrant 30 15
F B Johnson, goods court house 2 00
Larson & Walters, wood county jail 26 25
M K Swartz, goods court house 6 16
Wm Guthrie, painting county jail 7 50
R P Nelson, keys court house 75
Silas Hall, cinders court house 4 00
B H Eustis, sawing wood jail 11 20
N E Paine, plumbing county jail 8 10
Larson & Walters, coal court house 235 25
F B Johnson, goods county jail 2 75
P Walters, ice court house 10 00
City of Brainerd, electric lights county jail 7 73
D M Clark & Co., goods court house 8 70
Robinson & Rowley, work county jail 21 87
C B White, wood jail and court house 26 30
F B Johnson, goods county jail 3 25
Hagberg & Lagerquist, oils court house 16 35
F A Farrar, electric lights county jail 23 31
Larson & Walters, wood county jail 128 13
F B Johnson, goods county jail 2 00
N E Paine, plumbing court house 49 57
N E Paine, plumbing county jail 16 75
F A Farrar, electric lights county jail 15 54
Hagberg & Lagerquist, oils county jail 3 30
A Angel, wood county jail 16 25
Andrew Nelson, wood county jail 32 50
F B Johnson, goods county jail 2 85
B A Heustis, sawing wood county jail 16 10
A Angel, wood county jail 2 25
F B Johnson, goods court house 7 75
Campbell & Smith, goods county jail 9 50
Slipp Bros., goods county jail 20 65
M Hagberg, oils county jail 90
Slipp Bros., goods court house and jail 8 20
S F Alderman, member auditing board 6 00
Louis Tache, member auditing board 6 00
S F Alderman, recording births and deaths 34 40
H Spalding, taking boys to reform school 76 40
E H Green, clerk Kennedy's 3 00
Peter Albert, house rent Maple Grove 2 50
Neal Tralson, clerk Collins' 6 00
Alex Gordon, judge Kennedy's 3 00
G W Hall, judge 135-31 22 00
A R Cass, judge Davenport's 6 00
W H Lewis, clerk Pillager 3 00
John A Summers, judge Pillager 12 00
R F Rains, clerk 135-32 3 00
P Huntington, clerk Pillager 3 00
Alex Gordon, judge Kennedy's 6 00
R McDonald, judge 136-30 27 00
J E Myers, returns Long Lake 1 80
Wm Bongs, judge Leech Lake 6 00
Geo Frost, judge Pine River 9 00
James Taylor, Jr., judge Leech Lake 9 00
Joel Smith, posting election notices 12 00
D Archibald, house rent special election 3 90
Refunding Orders No. 29, 30, 31 and 32 19 55 — $3041 32

WOLF BOUNTIES.

Peter Behlmer $15 00
Walter S Archibald 15 00
H C Hughey 15 00
O Peterson 15 00
Gideon Matte 15 00
Henry B Miller 15 00
Joseph Carr 15 00
C G McDonald 15 00
Peter Behlmer 15 00
S G Harris 15 00
Indian Jack 15 00
Wm A Bates 15 00
Fred Templehoff 5 00
Geo Horcht 15 00
Andrew Fladequal 15 00
John Bates 15 00
Andrew Fladequal 15 00
A VanCurler 15 00
Jas Sheridan 15 00
Chas. Tough 15 00
Jacob Nesheim 15 00
C N Troxel 45 00
Mark Chaffins 20 00
Chas Bowman 15 00
John McNichols 5 00
Andrew Anderson 5 00
John Williams 5 00
D Archibald 5 00
W A Warren 5 00
P A Soderburg 10 00
A S Soderberg 5 00
Frank Petrie 5 00
J P Franey 5 00 — $435 00

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

Joel Smith, member board of equalization $21 40
H Mahle, attending commissioner's meetings 21 70
H Patterson, attending commissioner's meeting 22 20
A P Farrar attending commissioner's meeting 25 60
H Mahle, attending commissioner's meeting 9 60
J S Gardner attending commissioner's meeting 35 20
Joel Smith, attending commissioner's meeting 14 40
H Patterson attending commissioner's meeting 19 20
J S Gardner member of auditing board 3 00
J S Gardner attending commissioners meeting 9 60
Henry Mahle, attending commissioner's meeting 6 40
A P Farrar attending commissioner's meeting 9 60
H Patterson, attending commissioner's meeting 12 80
Joel Smith, attending commissioner's meeting 10 20
J S Gardner, member of auditing board 3 00
H Patterson attending two commissioners meetings 12 80
Henry Mahle, attending two commissioners meetings 6 40 — $248 10

SALARIES.

Louis Tache, county auditor $1700 00
Kit H Meekins, deputy " 581 20
W H Onstine, " 104 00
John T Frater county treasurer 695 65
Leon E Lum, county attorney 450 00
M McFadden, judge of probate 558 31
J A Wilson, superintendent of schools 283 33
R P Nelson janitor 270 00 — $4592 50

ASSETS.

Court house and jail including permanent fixtures $57922 45
Office furniture including safes 1165 00
Old county jail lot 500 00
Court house and jail lots 8600 00
Poor farm buildings, stock, etc 12950 00
Two road machines 500 00
Taxes due and unpaid tax lists of 1893 and prior years 49816 45
Liabilities over assets 64545 10 — $196000 00

LIABILITIES.

Court House bonds 8 per cent $15000 00
" " 7 " 30000 00
Bridge bonds, 6 per cent 50000 00
Railroad bonds, 6 per cent 100000 00
Mortgage on poor farm assumed by county 1000 00 — $196000 00

LOUIS TACHE,
County Auditor.

Northern Pacific Bank

Cor. Front and 7th Streets.

C. N. PARKER, President.
J. N. NEVERS, Vice President.
H. J. SPENCER, Cashier.

Money to Loan On Chattel Security

County and City Orders Bought!

Lumbermen's Time Checks Cashed.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

RUNS THROUGH CARS TO

ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, DULUTH, FARGO, GRAND FORKS and WINNIPEG

TO

HELENA, BUTTE, SPOKANE, TACOMA, SEATTLE, PORTLAND

Pullman Sleeping Cars
Elegant Dining Cars
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

No. 5 arrives from the South at 2:15 p. m. Departs going west at 2:20 p. m. daily except Sunday.
No. 6 arrives from the west at 12:25 p. m. Departs going south at 12:45 p. m. daily except Sunday.
No. 11 arrives from Duluth at 7:45 p. m., and departs for the west at 8:05 p. m. daily.
No. 12 arrives from the West at 3:00 a. m. Departs going east at 3:10 a. m. daily.
No. 11, Little Falls and Dakota train, arrives at 30 p. m.
No. 12, Little Falls and Dakota train, departs at 6:30 a. m.
No. 54 carries passengers to Aitken, departs at 10:00 p. m.
No. 55 from N. P. Junction arrives at 4:15 p. m. and departs for Staples at 5:15 p. m.
No. 56 arrives from Staples at 8 a. m. Departs for N. P. Junction at 9:00 a. m.
For Rates, Maps, Time Table or special information, apply to agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd, or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

McCLENAHAN & MANTOR

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Office, Rooms 1 and 2, Bank Block,
BRAINERD, MINN.

Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers

BRAINERD, . . . MINN.

A Georgia raccoon, supposed to be tame and being allowed the privilege of a farmer's house, recently killed five cats and severely wounded three fine dogs.

Lizard wine is said to be a tonic, and a cure for many diseases of the eye. For the brewing of this decoction more than 100,000 dried lizards are annually exported from Pakhoi, in China.

In 1702 an act was passed forbidding King William III. to quit his dominions without leave from the representatives of the country, and this necessity arose from his frequent visits to Holland.

When a gunpowder lighter comes alongside a ship all fires are put out. Matches are carefully stowed away, the cook suspends operations, pipes are extinguished, and the heavy chests are carried on board by hand.

Queen Victoria, at the earnest request of Princess Beatrice, has decided to continue the writing of her memoires, and it is reported that the first volume will soon make its appearance.

Miss Elizabeth Bray Downing, whom it is said, the late John Greenl af Whittier would have married had it not been for his mother's need of his attention, died in West Newbury, Mass., at the age of eighty-five years.

A French railway has lately arranged its telegraph lines so that at a prearranged signal the wires are switched from the telegraphic instruments to telephones, thus enabling the operators either to talk verbally or to communicate by the telegraphic code at will.

A large sum of money was in the pocket of Joseph Grimm of Hammonton, Pa., while he was riding his bicycle along a lonely road. Three highwaymen stopped him, and he threw his watch some distance from him. While the rascals were scrambling for the watch he escaped on his wheel.

The Gladstone majority of forty in the present parliament has fallen to twelve under Rosebery. This is a critical margin, but if an appeal to the country becomes necessary the grand old man is in unusually good shape to make the most important speeches of the campaign.

Writers describing the Coolgardie gold fields in Western Australia speak of 150-pound pieces of quartz, with nuggets standing out from the rock like peanuts. But as water sells for $1.25 a gallon the wealth of the mines is only comparative, even if all that is said of them is true.

Ex-Senator Henry G. Davis of West Virginia has offered to give to the state a suitable site for an industrial home for girls and $50,000 to build it, on condition that the state establish such an institution and make annual provision for its support.

Preparations are being made for the celebration next June of Prof. C. C. Landgell's twenty-fifth anniversary as dean of the Harvard law school. He was appointed Dane professor in the school in 1870, and in December of the same year he was elected to the deanship.

The Japanese city of Osaka will soon have a large watch factory, fitted up with the latest American machinery and under the superintendency of an American citizen. Japan's friendship for this country is not likely to be lessened by our disposition to mind our own business in international affairs.

The keys that are used the most for musical compositions are C major, G major, containing one sharp, and F major, containing one flat, the reasons being that those keys are easier to play on keyed instruments, such as piano or organ, and because keys with few sharps or flats are better adapted for instruments in an orchestra.

A musical critic who has heard Paderewski play parts of his Polish opera declares "that this opera of Paderewski's is going to do more for his fame than his playing has done, and that it will mark an era not only in the great pianist-composer's career, but an era in art itself. It is an absolutely superb work, of great intensity and full of truly human pathos."

Some one who is very near to Bismarck writes that the prince "has his old, venerable, awe-inspiring appearance. His eye is just as fiery and spirited, and he has the same interest in the events of the world. But otherwise he is like Rubens from whom the palette was suddenly snatched, and who had to look on while, year after year, his pictures were smeared over by dilettantes and ruined."

In some recent experiments with the new army rifle one bullet was driven through forty-eight inches of pine, another penetrated oak to the depth of thirty inches, and others were sent with ease through iron plate two-thirds of an inch thick. The time has passed when troops can shoot over the heads of a mob. Either the bullets must go into the rioters or women and children a mile away be the chief victims.

A hundred and fifty years ago every man who pretended to a scientific education was supposed to be able to read and write Latin almost if not quite as well as his own tongue. It was the vulgar language of science and all books intended for general circulation were written in it. In Shakespeare's time it had hardly ceased to be the vulgar tongue of European literature, and when he says that he knew "little Latin" it does not necessarily mean that he knew less than most college graduates know now.

The movement to establish a national park at Appomattox is meeting with much favor in Virginia and elsewhere. It is virtually the place where the civil war ended, and there is no finer instance in military history of the meeting of two great generals who were also gentlemen, one to accept a final reverse in a manly spirit, the other to show equal nobility in securing the fruits of national victory without the slightest feeling of a personal triumph. A group commemorating the grand simplicity of Grant and Lee in that culminating scene of the war would do no harm to the fame of either, or to the pride of American citizenship.

PITH OF THE NEWS

EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

The Latest and Most Important News of the World, Culled From the Telegraph Reports of the Press Associations.

Washington.

Patrick Flanagan was appointed as postmaster at Vesper, Wis.

It is asserted Congressman Springer will be appointed minister to Mexico or to a place on the federal bench.

Secretary Gresham has returned thanks to the Mexican government for the exceptional honors paid to Minister Gray's memory.

Harry C. Osgood, chief clerk to Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Maxwell, was stricken with apoplexy while at work in Washington and died.

Congress will be asked to establish a uniform electrical unit to agree with that adopted by Great Britain, Germany and France.

Senator Chandler calmly announces that the next congress will investigate the administration's gold bond deal, annex Hawaii and build the Nicaragua canal.

Both the president and Secretary Carlisle intend leaving Washington for a rest almost immediately on the adjournment of congress. The president will probably go to North Carolina on a duck hunting trip.

Secretary Hoke Smith has approved the report of the appraisers who examined the lands in the abandoned Fort Bridger military reservation, Colorado. It contains 10,459 acres, and will be opened to settlement under the homestead law.

Personal Mention.

William Scott celebrated his 100th birthday at Delphos, Ohio.

Edward D. Harrigan, aged 18 son of the famous comedian, died at New York.

Gen. John Lindsay Swift, who won distinction in the civil war, died at his home in Boston, aged 67 years.

Congressman W. L. Wilson has been offered the presidency of the University of Texas by the regents.

Henry Irving, the actor is indisposed at London. Influenza is the malady from which he is suffering.

Col. William Miller, central figure in the civil war, died at Texarkana, Tex., aged 71. It was his command that opened the battle at Shiloh.

Oswell C. Woolley, thrice mayor of Jeffersonville, Ind., and one of the first members of the Tammany society, is dead.

Col. J. P. Martin, adjutant general of the department of the Missouri, died at the Chicago Beach hotel yesterday. He had been ill for some time with kidney disease.

"Honest John" Davis, ex-governor of Rhode Island, went to Swansea, Mass., and was quietly married to Miss Mary Etta Pierce. Davis is 65 years old and his bride is 50.

The chain long worn by Count von Moltke as Knight of the Black Eagle, the highest Prussian order, is to be given to Count Waldersee—a great honor to him. The count's wife, before marriage, was Miss Lee, of New York.

It is announced that March 6, will be the date of the wedding between Miss Anna Gould and Count Castellane. The ceremony will be performed twice—by Archbishop Corrigan and by Rev. John B. Paxton. The double ceremony will be out of deference to the count who is a member of the Catholic church.

Unfortunate Events.

Joseph Mickey, a Pana Ill., miner, was crushed to death by falling coal.

William Walburn's house near Muncie, Ind., was wrecked and burned by a natural gas explosion.

Lieut. Fremont P. Peck, was killed at the Sandy Hook proving grounds by the bursting of a rapid-firing gun.

While working at a fire in Akron, O., three firemen were seriously injured by a falling chimney.

Five men are killed by a Pennsylvania line explosion and six others are fatally injured.

Fire which consumed the coal breaker of William Connell & Co., at Connellton, caused a loss of $100,000 and threw 600 employes out of work.

While Eli Seymour and wife of Lewiston, Mich., were at a dance their house took fire and their three children were burned to death.

A railroad engineer's disobedience of orders led to a wreck at Guthrie, O. T. in which one man was killed and a score injured, several seriously.

Dr. Hallowell and family were found at their residence at Fort Wayne, Ind., in a dying condition from the effects of natural gas.

John Smith, aged 12, was shot probably fatally by Alois Wank, aged 10, at St. Joseph, Mo., Wank did not know it was loaded.

James Frazier, and A. B. McQuistion of Roxfard, Pa., were killed by the explosion of a boiler at an oil well a quarter of a mile from Roxfard.

The schooner Ida C. Schoolcraft and William C. Wickam, bound for Richmond, Va., are believed to have foundered.

An explosion of benzine and linseed oil at the Iron City foundry, Pittsburg, Pa., caused a fire that destroyed the works. William Schultz a painter, was fatally burned, and John Bolage, a workman was seriously hurt. The loss was $40,000; fully insured.

Criminal Doings.

Asa Mulford, a farmer, committed suicide at Greenville, Ill., by hanging.

Vencenzo Nino, a New York barber, cut his wife's throat from ear to ear in the presence of their two children.

A man, believed to be a maniac, created terror in Springfield, Ill., by slashing at pedestrians with a razor.

Mrs. Lavania Bohannan, daughter of Congressman Harris of Kansas, committed suicide at Luray, Va.

Chas. Drains was fatally and Thos. Drains badly stabbed by Walter Dickinson in a quarrel at Cementville, Ind.

Prof. Miller of Luxemburg Iowa, was probably fatally shot by a neighbor, who mistook him for a burglar.

Albert Whipple, who wrecked the Crawford (Neb.) bank, is found to have had a remarkable criminal career.

G. R. Morrison, a resident of Detroit, who was inspecting coffee lands in Mexico was killed by bandits.

Huns, Poles and Slavs engaged in a furious fight at Midvale, Pa. Eight men were seriously hurt, one of whom may die.

A mob broke into the jail at Kingston, Mo., and seeking the cell of George Tracy, colored, fired seventeen bullets into his body.

George H. Wilkinson, who had gone to Denver for his health, killed himself after telling his sweetheart his recovery was impossible.

Gus Batiste killed his wife in Algiers, near New Orleans. He was playing cards with several men when his wife entered and upbraided him.

At Detroit Mich., Mrs. Horace Pope and William Brosseau, her accomplice were both held for trial for the murder of Dr. Pope her husband.

Near Charleston, W. Va., Cordelia Hill, shot and instnatly killed her father Robert Hill yesterday, who was unmercifully beating his wife.

The Hebrew cemetery at Indianapolis was invaded by ghouls, who opened several graves and carried off three bodes.

William Miller, a thirteen-year-old Indianapolis school boy took arsenic because he had been whipped for disobedience.

Cordelia Hall shot and killed her father at Rippon, W. Va. The father was unmercifully chastising one of his sons.

Marco Hellman, related to the president of the Nevada bank at Los Angeles, Cal., tried to commit suicide. He was involved financially.

Hamilton Patterson, a steerage passenger, jumped overboard from the steamer Aurania when it was in midocean.

R. L. Hawkins of Van Buren, Ark., was shot and killed by a negro named Turner for putting him out of a railway depot.

Deputy United States marshals after a desperate fight in Knott county, Tenn., made prisoners of seven moonshiners.

A lone highwayman, armed with a shotgun, held up the stage near Orville, Cal. The treasure box was taken and the passengers relieved of their valuables.

John Sexson who, on his own confession, was convicted of killing Hiram McDonald at Thorntown, Ind., now claims that Charles Patterson committed the deed.

During an attempted robbery of a store in Wheatland, Ind., the robbers shot ex-Congressman Niblack's son George. The young man shot one of the burglars dead.

A shooting scrape ocurred in a negro gambling house at Velasco, Tex., in which Walter Armstrong killed Julius McKane and severely wounded Will Clark.

Daniel F. Shea, a well known merchant of Elliot City, Md., was found murdered in his store. Robbery was evidently the principal motive that led to the crime.

Ernest Winters, ten years old, attempted suicide in the parson's public school Hoosack Falls, N. J. The boy was reprimanded by his teacher for disobedience.

Cyrus Brown, a wife murderer of Johnson county, Ind., was condemned to death but was granted a new trial. The second trial resulted in his conviction and he has been sentenced to solitary confinement for life.

Leaving his sweetheart standing at the gate George H. Wilkinson of Denver, who had excused himself to go into the house to get an overcoat, shot and killed himself. Consumption and melancholic were the causes.

Driven to desperation by a brutal assault upon his young wife by ruffians in his very presence, John Pitrowski of Hammond, Ind., shot and killed John Kovajak and sent a bullet into the leg of Kymne Kovkoski, both of whom were members of the gang.

Foreign.

Prince Bismarck is troubled with neuralgia.

The khedive of Egypt will sign a marriage contract with his slave who a few days ago gave birth to a daughter.

There has been a tremendous snowfall in the department of Syracuse, Sicily.

The pope has given 12,000 livre to aid in the relief of the distress in the villages around Rome.

The government forces on capturing the town of San Gabriel, Brazil, massacred the inhabitants.

There were 118 new cases of cholera and 69 deaths in one week in the government of Podolia, Russia.

Lima, Peru, has been surrounded by the insurgents. The government troops are preparing for vigorous defense.

The Khedive of Egypt has married his slave, who recently gave birth to a daughter.

Emperor William has recovered from the cold which has been bothering him.

A heavy snowfall in the upper Rhine districts has blocked railway traffic. The weather is intensely cold in Northern Hungary.

Great Britain, France and Russia are said to have demanded that the porte appoint a new governor-general for Kurdistan.

Lord Acton has been appointed regius professor of modern history at Cambridge university in succession to the late Prof. Zeley.

A representative of William K. Vanderbilt to-day purchased at auction sale at Ellis & Co.'s, London, a pearl necklace with a diamond clasp for which he paid £2,000.

The Bolivia revolution appears to be steadily gaining ground. The president has abandoned his trip to Sucre on account of the discovery of a plot to capture and shoot him.

Patrick Higgins, who was for a long time the go-between for the advanced section of the Fenians in England and America, died in Liverpool in poverty.

The Japanese loaned the steamer Kang Chi to convey to the Che Foo the remains of Admiral Ting, the Chinese naval commander who committed suicide after the surrender of his fleet at Wei-Hai-Wei.

General.

The bill taking the health board of Detroit out of the hands of the mayor was passed by the Michigan house.

Mallory & Heggblade, general merchandise, at Alta, Ia., failed with liabilities about $32,000.

New York state's lower house killed the bill prohibiting the wearing of high hats in theaters.

Cincinnati's board of administration has ordered the Incline Plane Railway company to remove its tracks from the streets.

A large number of Baton Rouge La., people visited the river front to view the unusual sight of ice floating in the Mississippi river there.

A plot to kidnap the eldest son of George Gould from his home at Lakewood, N. J., was discovered and frustrated.

A anonymous circular distributed throughout Omaha charges the grand jury and court officers with suppressing an investigation of many crimes.

A bill has been introduced in the Washington state senate making it unlawful for any male person to wear a queue.

Names of 2,500 violators of the Sunday law were reported to the chief of police at Louisville. Test cases will be brought.

All cigarmakers of Marti City, Fla., went out on a strike because Teacher W. Washburn refused to admit colored children to the free school.

The carriage manurfacturing establishment of McLear & Kendall of Wilmington, Del., was closed on local judgements amounting to $35,000.

A bill has been introduced in the Missouri Legislature allowing gas companies to pipe their products from one town to another.

California's senate judiciary committee favors a bill that no attorney can be disbarred for contempt before having been tried first for libel.

Orlando J. Price and Miss Sinkle, prominent in Cleveland society ran away to Jamestown N. Y., and were married.

A legislative apportionment bill was passed by the Indiana house as was a measure substituting a regency for the soldiers' and sailors' monument commmission.

E. L. Scofield, until recently pastor of the Baptist church of Aledo, Ill., has commenced suit for $200 back salary and the church will fight the case.

The Supreme court of Jefferson City Mo., has issued a decree annulling the consolidation of the Grand Avenue Cable railway and the Kansas City Railway companies.

The prospect of reconciliation with his wife, from whom he had been estranged for years, proved too much for Edward O'Connor and he dropped dead in New York

At Pittsburg, Pa., a proposition to issue $5,000,000 public improvement bonds was carried at the polls by Republicans. Democrats threaten to take the matter to the courts.

The Pettibone company, manufacturers of military band and society uniforms and regalia, assigned at Cincinnati to R. M. Archer on account of inability to collect outstanding debts. The liabilities are placed at $50,000.

At Trenton, N. J., Chancellor McGill has appointed Vice-Chancellor John R. Emory to take testimony in the Drayton divorce case and report his conclusions upon the evidence to the chancellor for confirmation.

The case against Rev. Frank Spalding, principal, and five members of the faculty of the Jarvis Hall Military academy, who were arrested last week for severely flogging two unruly cadets, has been dismissed in the justice court in Denver, Col.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

WORK OF THE MINNESOTA LAWMAKERS.

Condensed Report of the Proceedings in the Senate and House, Comprising a Brief Summary of the Week's Business.

St. Paul, Feb. 22.—The senate did a large amount of work, among the most important bills introduced were the following:

A bill to provide for the appointment of three commissioners to consider and work for the uniformity of legislation in the United States.

A bill to amend law regarding the assessment of personal property.

A bill to revise the laws regarding banks of discount in state.

A bill to regulate business of mercantile agencies and to prevent them making false reports.

A bill providing for the election of town officers of the state.

A bill to amend the law regulating the duties of village assessors.

A bill to amend the law relating to township organization and providing for the election of town officers.

A bill to extend the term of corporations.

A bill to give exclusive jurisdiction to the district courts to entertain an action upon any kind of judgments. cation of 5,000 copies of the proceed-

Staples' bill to provide for the publilings of the Minesota Educational association.

Johns' bill making the complication of the Statutes by Henry B. Wenzel and others prima facie of the laws. Senator Stevens explained the practice regarding complications of statutes, and that, although it contained a few errors, it was of immense value to the state.

Johns' bill to amend section 30, chapter 34, General Laws 1878.

McHale's bill relating to municipal bonds for certain purposes.

Potter's bill to amend law granting additional powers to cities of the state and empowering cities to issue bonds for school purposes.

Sperry's bill to allow town insurance companies to change the location of their business office.

Douglass' bill to amend section 7, General Laws 1887, for the formation and organization of drainage districts for the drainage of wet and overflowed lands for agricultural and sanitary purposes.

The following bills were introduced in the house:

To amend laws relating to interest on tions whereby ballots are marked by judges.

To provide for the discharge of certain sureties of public officers on bonds given by them.

To revise the laws relating to banks of discount and deposit.

Relating to commitments for crime, no confinement to be in any institution not directly under public control.

To amed laws relating to interest on money and usury.

To provide for the recovery of damage caused by any vicious domestic animal, it not being incumbent on the plaintiff to show previous knowledge of the vicious temper of the beast.

To appropriate $15,000 for a road in Itasca county.

To authorize cities to establish public scales and the office of weighmaster.

To re-enact certain portions of the law relating to public printing, whereby provision is made for the printing of laws passd by the legislature.

To amend laws of 1878 relating to collection of taxes.

Defining what shall constitute a newspaper for legal purpose.

Relating to sale of syrup, sugar, molasses or candy and their adulterations.

Regulating the business of mercantile agencies and to prohibit the issuance of false statements.

To amend laws relating to the probate code.

To establish a maximum rate of freight on ore and other class "D" freight.

The following bills were passed:

A bill for an act to amend section 51, chapter 66, General Statutes of 1878.

To prohibit the posting of notices of the existence of chattel mortgages, etc.

To amend section 3, chapter 212, General Laws of 1885, relating to storage and disposal of unclaimed baggage, etc.

To appropriate money for a safe and fixtures in the vault of the state treasurer's office.

To license peddlers and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof.

The senate judiciary reported three salary bills for county and city officials in cities having over 100,000 population. The bills were ordered printed and referred to the delegations from Hennepin and Ramsey counties. The common councl of such cities are given authority to regulate the salaries, but not to allow any larger salaries than are paid at present. They must reduce all salaries except those of mayor and controller for the terms for which they are elected.

The surprise of the morning was a favorable report on S. F. 234, Senator Sperry's baking powder bill. The report came from the committee on manufactures. This bill is of the well known variety. It provides that the constituents of the baking powder shall be printed in its label, and if it contains alum that this fact shall be stamped on the metal boxes in which the powder is sold. The bill, if it passes, will go into effect on Aug. 1, 1895.

The committee on reform schools recommended for passage S. F. 285, relating to the state schools. It proposes to change the name of the "state reform school" to the "Minnesota state training school for boys and girls." All statutes relating to the reform school are consolidated and re-enacted. A full account of its various sections was published when the bill was introduced.

S. F. 235 was reported back from the committee on university and university lands, with a recommendation that it be sent to the finance committee. The bill is the one providing for the erection of a girl's college in connection with the state school of agriculture. The bill carries an appropriation of $50,000.

Bills Passed.

Wyman—An amendment to the factory inspection law.

Masterman—An amendment to the penal code to provide punishment for falsifying log and timber scales.

Culkin—A bill amending section 101, chapter 65, General Laws 1878 relating to writs of attachment in justice courts.

Morgan—A bill to amend section 107, chapter 34, General Statutes 1878, extending right of logging corporations to exercise powers of eminent domain to corporations organized under territorial laws.

St. Paul, Feb. 27.—The special senate committee of fifteen which had examined the report of the expert architects on the plans submitted in the capitol competition, submitted its report in the senate. There were several bills of some general interest introduced, and a resolution was passed authorizing an investigation in the manner heretofore adopted in the disposal of the state's mineral lands. Among the bills was one relating to building and loan associations, a bill to reduce railroad rates on short hauls, and one relating to the issuance of bonds by cities, counties, etc.

Bills Passed—Cronkhite, a bill to provide that stone used in construction of public buildings in the state be quarries and cut within the state. Miller, a bill providing that bicycles and sleighs be added to the list of personal property subject to taxation. Masterman, a bill to provide for the punishment of persons injuring or destroying dams, booms and similar structures.

In the House.

The house put in another busy day and passed six bills; recommended, in committee of the whole, seventeen for passage, and eight new ones were added to the list. There was little discussion, either in committee of the whole or on the third reading of bills, and the house, at the close of the day was well up with its work.

Mr. Staples, Shairman of the committee on public lands, reported back H. F. 82—Feig—to declare forfeited the unearned swamp land grant of the Minnesota & St. Cloud Railroad company. To pass.

Chairman Robbins, of the committee on appropriations, reported favorably on H. F. 305—Mathieson—to appropriate $2,000 annually for the state dairymen's association.

Chairman Ferris, of the railroad committee, reported back S. F. 4—Stevens — a proposed constitutional amendment taxing the earnings of sleeping car and other companies, with the recommendation that it be referred to the judiciary committee.

The reports of the committees were adopted.

St. Paul, Feb. 28.—The senate was in a talking mood and spent the majority of its session in discussing three bills. It decided to reverse the action of the finance committee, which reported favorably on two bills appropriating $13,000 to sufferers from the effects of a cyclone that swept over Meeker and Stearns counties on June 27, 1894. The bills will come up again in the committee of the whole. The Duluth normal school bill was the occasion of some eloquence relaing to the state's educational system and the advisability of building a fifth institution to educate professional teachers The bill finally won and took its place on the calendar. The third subject of debate was an amendment to the Schurmeier elective franchise bill which is to be changed so as to require thirty days' residence in an election district instead of ten.

The senate passed, under suspension of the rules, the house joint memorial reqhesting congress to pass the Olney arbitration bill, or some similar measure. Among the bills introduced was one changing the usury law so as to make the agent who exacts usurious interest as a bonus, or in any other way, guilty of a misdemeanor, and to repeal the law making the usury work a forfeiture of prinsipal to the lender. There was also a bill to extend the operation of the mechanics' lien law so as to include laborers who repair farm machinery, and give them a first lien on the machine. The Ramsey delegation presented a bill to repeal the special law of 1889, under which the municipal court is working. If it becomes a law the court would be reorganized under the former special act, the law of 1889 being amendatory thereof.

Senator Cole proposed an amendment to the usury law which will strike some little terror in the hearts of those gentlemen who are engaged in lending money at rates not favored by the law. The bill makes certain minor changes, and then changes section 6 of the present law. The new section 6 will read: "Any person who, acting as the agent of the lender in any transaction pertaining to the loaning of money, or any person who in any such transaction acting without the employment of an agent, directly or indirectly takes or receives from the borrower any money, goods or things in action, or in any other way as commission, gratuity or otherwise, any sum which, together with the interest contracted to be paid by the borrower for the whole period named in the contract, whether such interest is or is not actually paid, exceeds the lawful rate of interest, shall be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary for a term not exceeding one year, or by a fine not exceeding $500."

In the House.

The house turned off a good day's work. Thirty bills were reported back from committees, and a like number of new ones were introduced. Six bills were passed on the calendar and one under suspension of the rules. The fight of the day was over S. F. No. 1—Ozmun—to amend the military code and appropriate $10,000 for the purchase of service uniforms for the national guard. Mr. Jacobson led the fight against the bill, which was passed by a vote of 79 to 17.

Mr. Douglas introduced a resolution instructing Mr. Feig's investigating committee to inquire into certain sales of state lands, wherein it is alleged the state has been defrauded out of a part of the purchase price. The resolution was adopted, and the committee will find out for the house whether a certain county auditor sold state land for $9 per acre and only turned over $5 per acre; also, whether other valuable land on one of the iron ranges was sold for the price received by the state, or whether there was a higher price paid and a portion of the money diverted.

SIX LIVES LOST.

Fatal and Disastrous Fire at Ho Springs, Ark.

Hot Springs, Ark., Special.—As far as known six people were burned to death and four and a half blocks of the residence and business portion of the city on Ouachita avenue were burned. As far as known six were burned to death, but rumors are rife of others missing, and the number of fatalities may be increased to a score when the death roll is called. Among the dead are Mrs. Mary Sommonson, 70 years old, who was living in the Ledgerwood building; D. W. Wing of Glen Falls, N. Y., who escaped the flames at first, but remembered that he had $1,800 in the hotel, rushed back to get it, and before he reached the door his clothing was on fire and he burned to death in sight of thousands of people. A man named Hill, one of whose arms was paralyzed, from Chicago, is reported dead. A negro, name unknown. Mrs. Maggie Hiscock, housekeeper at the Oaklawn, ran out from the rear door, a sheet of flame, and, shrieking, sank down before help could reach her.

How many were lost remains to be seen. The total loss of the conflagration will reach hundreds of thousands of dollars.

Limb and Rope.

Black River Falls, Special.—Peter O. Syelte, aged sixty-five years, residing in the town of Albion, committed suicide last night by hanging himself with his scarf to the limb of a tree in the forest near his home. Seylte was an honest and respected farmer, and there is no known reason for his action. An inquest will be held.

He Will Hang.

Pine Bluff, Ark., Special.—William Owen was found guilty of murder in the first degree at Harner, Ark., and will suffer the death penalty. He killed his wife.

SCORES THE TRUST.

Important Decision Arising Out of Litigation Among N. P. Bondholders.

Milwaukee, Special.—The stockholders of the Northern Pacific Railroad company gained a point in the United States court to-day, an order being entered by Judge Jenkins permitting Johnson Livingston, Charles B. Van Norstrand and Edward D. Adams, chairmen of committees of bondholders, to be made parties defendant to the suit of the Farmers' Loan and Trust company in the interests of the bondholders represented by them. At the same time the court took occasion to reprimand the trust company for failing to make certain disclosures to the court. The decision is an important one, and promises to add serious complications to the already complicated suit, and to prolong the litigation indefinitely.

Contract Labor Law.

Philadelphia, Special.—An attempt to secure admission at this port of three Belgian iron workers, imported in violation of the contract labor law, was promptly frustrated to-day by the vigilance of the immigration commissioners, and the three men are now locked up on board the ship which brought them, awaiting the disposition of their cases.

Old Duluthian Dead.

Duluth, Minn., Special. — William Jennings, one of the oldest residents of West Duluth, died to-day after a short illness. He was a street inspector. He was fifty-nine years old and leaves a wife and seven children, three being married.

Rosebery Ill.

London, Special.—Lord Rosebery is indisposed and is confined to his bed.

A RELIGIOUS RIOT.

AN INTERESTING BIT OF TESTIMONY IN THE HAYWARD TRIAL.

A Witness Testifies That He Saw a to Stop a Lecture by ex-Priest Slattery and His Wife, an ex-Nun, Which nearly Precipitates a Bloody Fight.

Savannah, Ga., Feb. 28.—This city has had the most exciting night in its history. For five hours the city trembled on the verge of religious riots. The entire white military force of the city, except the artillery, was on duty. There are ten infantry companies and the Georgia hussars, the latter being dismounted. A mob estimated at from 3,000 to 5,000, the greater part being Catholics, had challenged their forbearance to the extreme. But for the coolness of Mayor Meyers and the officers commanding the troops, blood might have been the result. Bayonet charges were made several times to clear the streets, but the mob which had gathered about Masonic Temple, one of the prominent buildings of the city and situated in the heart of Savannah, stubbornly refused to retire.

The cause was the lecture of ex-Priest Slattery and his wife, an exnun, on Catholicism. By 8 o'clock a howling mob of over 1,500 surrounded Masonic hall. In the hall were an audience of about 400, including a number of ladies. The lecturer had hardly begun before brickbats and cobblestones began to rain on the windows. The police had closed all the heavy inside shutters, thus saving the audience from injury, only two or three being injured by falling glass. The rest of the police force was called out and fifty men were soon in front of the hall. The mob made rushes to secure an entrance, but were driven back time after time by the police. Before 9 o'clock the mob had grown to probably between 3,000 and 3,000 people. Window after window in the Masonic temple was crushed. Cries of "Kill him," "Down with Slattery," "Death to the renegade," were heard. Chief McDermott summoned the mayor. The lecture closed at 9:30 o'clock and it was apparent that it meant the loss of many lives for the lecturer and the audience to leave the hall. Up stairs a number of members of secret organizations who had cheered Slattery's declaration that he belonged to them, had gathered around the expriest to defend him as he left the hall. A number, it was evident, had come armed in anticipation of trouble. As the ex-priest was about to leave the hall with his friends the chief of police stopped them and refused to allow any one to go down stairs. Outside Mayor Meyers and Col. William Garrard were in consultation. The mob hissed at the police and hooted at their orders to disperse. The military alarm, eleven taps of all fire bells in the city was sent in, but when it sounded the mob derided it.

"Bring on your military," some of the leaders shouted.

"To hell with them, they can't save Slattery."

Prominent Catholics addressed the mob, advising them to disperse. When the militia arrived they charged the mob, driving them back a short distance. Slattery and his wife were then escorted to their hotel, followed by a howling mob. A detachment of police was left at the hotel to guard them over night. Every door to the hotel was locked and guarded. Mrs. Slattery is booked for a lecture this afternoon and Slattery for one to-night. Threats are made that they will be driven from the city. Prominent Catholics and the priests are using their influence to quell the riotous element and to induce them to pay no attention to Slattery's attacks on Catholicism. There is great fear that to-day may bring further trouble of even more serious character.

A REVOLUTION IN CUBA.

Several Parties in Arms in Different Parts of the Island.

Havana, Cuba, Feb. 28. — It is reported that several revolutionary parties have risen in arms in different parts of the island. The governor general has issued a proclamation suspending the constitutional guarantees. There is great excitement throughout the island. Many well known Separatists have been arrested.

New York, Feb. 28.—The outbreak in Cuba is said to have been hatched here in New York. It is said by members of the Cuban revolutionary party that the date set for the uprising has been known since Feb. 9. Jose Marti, twice banished from Cuban soil because of his hate of Spanish domination, and Gen. Maximo Gomez, who commanded the Eastern wing of the Cuban rebels in the revolution of 1865, left New York two weeks ago. Their arrival in Cuba was to be the signal for the uprising.

Bad for Loggers.

Black River Falls, Wis., Feb. 28. — The soft weather has completely ruined the logging roads in this vicinity and as a result millions of feet of timber will remain on the skidways over summer. The winter has been unusually short, not to exceed thirty days of good hauling weather, and if this is the end of the season, and things look exceedingly so at present, the crop will be at least 40 per cent short of the proposed season's cut.

Election Frauds.

Kansas City, Feb. 28.—Twenty-one indictments for election frauds during the fall election were to-day returned by the special grand jury which has been investigating the charges of corruption made during the past few months.

Died of Her Injuries.

Minneapolis, Feb. 28.—The woman who was burned by the explosion of a lamp last night in an East Side bagnio died at the city hospital to-day. House Physician McClanahan refuses to tell her name, other than that she was known as Lottie.

Coal Discovery.

Duluth, Minn., Feb. 28.—The settlers in a hamlet called Stephen, west of Rainy Lake City, in boring an artesian well pierced a six foot vein of soft coal at a depth of 250 feet.

FREE-FOR-ALL FIGHT.

Scrap With Chairs in the Chicago Republican Convention.

Chicago, Ill., Special.—A free-for-all fight took place at the Republican city convention to-day at Central Music hall. The trouble arose over the discussion of credentials. One of the delegates assaulted another, and immediately a general row followed. The delegates armed themselves with canes and chairs, and pounded each other energetically and indiscriminately. The battle lasted for a quarter of an hour, resulting in many bad bruises and sadly battered hats. Police interference stopped the row. George B. Swift was nominated for mayor by acclamation. He acted as mayor during the interval following Mayor Harrison's assassination and the election of Mayor Hopkins.

An Old Millwright Dead.

Lyons, Iowa, Special.—The body of Berry Graham, one of the earliest of Lyons' citizens, was brought to Lyons to-day from Nebraska, where he has resided for the last few years. He was a millwright. He was well known to many in Minneapolis. He was eighty years old.

A Switchman's Death.

Minneapolis, Special.—In the Kenwood yards of the Minneapolis & St. Louis road last evening Ed Sullivan's body was found cold in death. He was a night switchman, and a train of box cars had evidently passed over him, mangling his body in a dreadful manner.

Gold Brick Swindle.

Birmingham, Ala., Special.—W. A. Dobbins, a hard working farm gardner, was yesterday swindled out of $6,000 by means of the gold brick swindle by a tall well dressed scoundrel.

TUNING A PIANO.

A Business that Requires a Training of About Three Years.

"Plunk —plunk— twang— twang—bang!" You have heard those sounds before, though they look a little unfamiliar when reproduced on paper. They represent the performance of a piano-tuner from an outside and tympanic standpoint. They are the tangible anddisagreeable part of the necessary business of putting in tune an instrument, which alas! too many people spend a deplorably large portion of their lives in putting out of tune.

This business of tuning pianos, which certainly looks rather mysterious as you watch the manner in which the operator pries up first one string and then another, sounding meanwhile a confused jargon of notes, until the puzzled listener does not know an octave from a fifth, is not, however as difficult and mysterious as at first it appears.

All that is required is an exact ear and afew simple tols, viz., a tuning fork (usually a C fork), a long, hammer-like key, and a wedge or mute. The accuracy of the tuner's ear is partly a natural gift, partly the result of long practice.

Even the most unpracticed ear can readily distinguish sound from noise; sound is produced by a regular vibration, while noise is a mixture of sounds thrown together without reference to any law. High notes have a number of vibrations per second, while low notes have a small number. The highest A is calculated to have 3,480 vibrations per second, while the lowest A has only twenty-seven and one-half.

The majority of these tuners have adopted a method of tuning which includes but two intervals—the octave and the fifth. The ordinary square piano has two strings, and most uprights have three strings, to each note, except in the lower octave. The pitch of one of these strings is tuned in the relative of octave or fifth to some previous note. The remaining strings are then tuned in unison with the first string. As the strings approach unison a number of strong and rapid beats or pulsations are perceptable to the ear as they come still closer, the beats become slower, till finally they are no longer to be heard. Then the unison is perfect.

The ear in tuning is guided by progression from a confused sound to strong beats, and then from smooth waves to one continuous sound. Unisons and octaves are always tuned perfect—that is, the beats must entirely disappear. In the fifths, when perfectly tuned, there will be neither wave nor beat.

It takes generally about three years to learn the business, and a good workman will make from $18 to $35 a week. A few women have been employed as tuners, with great success.—New York Record.

Holds a Courtly Office.

It is a curious fact that of all the American women who have married Europeans of title, only one has accepted a courtly office within the gift of the sovereign of her adopted country. The exception is the Duchess of Brancaccio, who previous to her marriage was Miss Elizabeth Field, of New York. The duchess is an intimate friend of Queen Marguerite and gave up her beautiful Naple residence to be near her majesty. Marguerite of Savoy endeavored to make room in her immediate entourage for the sprightly American years ago, when she first entered Roman society. The duke, being a thorough Royalist, favored the proposal, but the quondam Miss Field objected to becoming "a lady in waiting." So the position of "dame du Palais," which involves no menial duties, even from an American standpoint, was created for her benefit. The German Empress intended to confer the same honor on the Countess Maximilian Pappenheim (nee Miss Wheeler of Philadelphia) to aid this amiable and pretty woman in gaining the hoped for social recognition in Berlin society. That was two and a half years ago, but the intrigue of the Bavarian court got the better of her majesty's intentions. The Empress, it is said, now intends to raise to that rank Mme. von Rottenburg, wife of the under-secretary of state and daughter of the late William Walter Phelps of New Jersey. Her majesty was a great friend of Mr. Phelps when that gentleman was American minister to Germany, and this liking she has transferred to the daughter, who resembles her father in amiability, intelligence and courtly demeanor. Frau von Rottenburg no doubt will accept the honor, as it involves no obligation on her part, save attendance at the great court functions.—New York Advertiser.

The Possibilities of Sorghum.

The sorghum crop is one that ought to be more generally grown than it is. The crushed canes, after all the sweetness that can be got out of them is extracted, make a good feed for stock. Joshua Daniel, a Kansas farmer, this past year made 183 gallons of syrup from sorghum grown on six square rods, less than an acre. The sorghum also produced 44 bushels of seed, worth 50 cents a bushel. The fodder, syrup and seed from this plat of ground sold for $73.75, which is more than most Eastern farmers get from an acre of land. There are comparatively few localities in the Eastern states where machinery can be found to work the sorghum into syrup. Such machinery requires that a good many farmers grow sorghum, so as to keep it employed during the season.

A Parlor Easel.

Little Visitor—Why does your mother put such a little bit of a picture on that big easel?

Little Hostess—I don't know; but that easel cost $50, an' I guess mamma doesn't want to cover it up.—Street & Smith's Good News.

March April May

Are the Best Months in Which to

Purify Your Blood

And the Best Blood Purifier is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which Purifies, Vitalizes and Enriches the Blood.

At this season everyone should take a good spring medicine. Your blood must be purified or you will be neglecting your health. There is a cry from Nature for help, and unless there is prompt and satisfactory response you will be liable to serious illness.

This demand can only be met by the purifying, enriching and

Blood-Vitalizing

elements to be found in Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"My mother-in-law, Mrs. Elizabeth Wolfe, at the age of 73 years, was attacked with a violent form of salt rheum; it spread all over her body, and her hands and limbs were dreadful to look at. At the same time, my little daughter Clara, who was just one year old, was attacked by a similar disease, like scrofula. It appeared in

Large Sores

under each side of her neck; had the attendance of the family physician and other doctors for a long time, but semed to grow worse. I read of many people cured of scrofula by Hood's Sarsaparilla. As soon as we gave Hood's Sarsaparilla to Clara, she began to get better, and before the first bottle was gone, the sores entirely healed up and there has never been any sign of the disease since. She is a

Healthy, Robust Child.

Her grandmother took Hood's Sarsaparilla at the same time, and the salt rheum decreased in its violence and a perfect cure was soon effected. It took about three months for her cure, and she ascribes her good health and strength at her advanced age to Hood's Sarsaparilla. It has certainly been a Godsend to my family." MRS. SOPHIA WOLFE, Zaleski, Ohio.

HOOD'S AND ONLY HOOD'S

THE STORY OF THE GUINEA.

England Has Used the Gold Standard Since the Year 1718.

In 1866 it was enacted that all persons might bring their gold and silver to the mint to be coined free of charge. By the mint indentures the gold guinea was coined to be of the value of 20s in silver, but no legal ratio was fixed between the coins; the public was to receive them at such a rating as it pleased. Guineas, instead of being current at 20s, according to the mint inventures, passed current at 22s. The silver coins became constantly more degraded, until at last they were clipped down to half their weight. After the great recoinage by William III., guineas were successively reduced by proclamation, and a treasury warrant fixed that they should be received at the rate of 21s 6d at the treasury. But still all the good silver coin disappeared from circulation as soon as it was issued from the mint.

In its perplexity the government referred the whole matter to Newton, who showed that the true value of the guinea was only 20s 8d, according to the market value of the metals, and that in consequence of this all the good silver was at once exported. He recommended that the guinea should be reduced to 21s by way of experiment. This was accordingly done; but the guinea was still overrated by 4d, and the consequence was that there was no good silver in circulation during the whole of the century. It then became an established custom among merchants that all obligations became payable in gold only; so, ever since 1718 England has become a gold monometallic country, and in public estimation the standard was changed from silver to gold, although the obsolete and effete word of bimetallism lingered on the statute book for another hundred years.

At the great recoinage of 1816, that which had become established by mercantile usage was enacted by law. Gold was adopted as the sole standard, and silver was coined only in limited amounts, and made legal tender for only 40s. Ever since then England has enjoyed the most perfect system of coinage ever devised by the ingenuity of man, and has been perfectly free from all coinage trouble.—Nineteenth Century.

Somewhat Mistaken.

Young Man—Sir, I have come to inform you that I intend to sue for the hand—

Railroad Magnate—But how do I know sir, that you can make my daughter happy?

Young Man—Your daughter? Who said anything about your daughter? I repeat, I have come to inform you that I intend to sue for the hand I lost in your last railroad accident. I want $50,000, sir.

Magnate (after a pause)—As a compromise, would you accept the daughter?

The Right Man to Kick.

Magistrate—Why did you assault that gentleman?

Prisoner—I went to the theater last night, paid a high price for a seat, and my view was completely obstructed by a woman's hat.

"Is he the husband of the woman?"

"No."

"Her father, perhaps?"

"No."

"Then why did you attack him?

"He's the man who built the theater."—New York Weekly.

Eminently Satisfactory.

Medical Examiner — Suppose you should have a patient with some disease you knew nothing about. What would you do?

Student—Charge him $5 for the examination and then send him to you.—New York Weekly.

Infallible.

Reporter—How can you tell whether your signature on a document is a forgery or not?

Bank President—If I can read it it's a forgery, cock sure.

Take Care of That Cold

The season of colds, at least the season accepted as such, being upon us, it is well to remind ourselves that the best authority ascribe the prevalence of these distempers to bad indoor air rather than to severe outdoor air. "Cold air," says a writer in a recent magazine, "does not cause throat and lung diseases, but only bad air. The fact that there is a marked increase in these diseases during cold weather he fits to his theory by declaring that such disorders are produced not by the cold air, but by the indoor life that accompanies the season.

"An open fire in every living room in every house," says another enthusiast on the same subject of ventilation, "would do more to lower the death rate from respiratory diseases than any medication of other existing remedial agency." Barring this, he urges frequent airing of rooms constantly occupied, but also insists that the ventilation be done on principles of common sense. "Steam-heated rooms," pursues this carping critic, "particularly in apartments, usually reach a temperature of 80 degrees. This I may say is amild statement. Any person living in such places endure this or greater heat until it becomes intolerable, and then throw windows open recklessly. The temperature is lowered so suddenly a chill is sure to follow and often serious mischief. Why not take the pains with our lives that the florist does with his plants? The air in a greenhouse is regulated by a thermometer and kept even and pure without a sudden chill or over-heating. It is the high temperature and bad air of our houses that has made us a race of catarrhal wheezers, and not at all, I believe, climatic conditions."—New York Times.

1,000 BUS. POTATOES PER ACRE

Wonderful yields in potatoes, oats, corn, farm and vegetable seeds. Cut this out and send 5c postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., for their great seed book and sample of Giant Spurry. wnu

Northwestern Cattle in 1894.

The cattlemen of Montana have had a very successful year. While the flock owners and the grain raisers are more prosperous, perhaps, than last year, the grower of beef cattle is much better off than he was twelve months ago.

The stock raising business of the state has been undergoing changes of revolutionary nature. The great ranges are being cut into by the progressive farmer, and there has consequently been a tendency to decrease the size of herds. There are not so many so-called "cattle kings" in Montana as there once were. The business is becoming year by year more general. While there are as many cattle on the range, there are more owners to look after them.

As this tendency to distribute the business to many people instead of a few increases, the cattle business will grow in importance. The man who owns 30,000 range animals will not can not give them as good care as the small owner gives to his herd of 600. Upon the attention they receive depends the condition of cattle to a large extent. On the condition of the stock depends their price in the market and the success of the business.

While the prices received this year by the cattlemen were not altogether satisfactory, they were very much higher than last year. A careful estimate of the amount brought into the state this year from the sale of cattle alone places it in the neighborhood of $9,000,000. This enormous amount is distributed to more people than the total of any previous year. The shipments were not much heavier than last year,but the condition of the stock insured better prices.

Not a few Montana cattle were bought for export. This class is the best and demands the highest prevailing prices. In 1893 the stock was in poor condition, but owing to the necessities of the stockmen, caused by the hard times, they were shipped east and sold at most any price.—Helena Republican.

THE official reports show that no baking powder received an award over the Royal at the Chicago World's Fair.

The judge of awards on baking powder writes that the claim by another company to have received the highest award is false; that no such award was given to it.

The Royal Baking Powder is the purest and strongest baking powder made, and has received the highest award at every fair, wherever exhibited in competition with others.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

By Annette Marie Maillard.

CHAPTER XIII—(Continued.)

"Welborne," said Basil, when they had consulted a while, "that would . I think; but your mustache will betray you; here in this quiet village you must be known, even in these few days."

Welborne had his weak point, and this was an immense pride in his long sandy mustache, which had never been shaved since he joined the —th Hussars, a raw recruit. For one moment he hesitated, and then devotedness to his master triumphed. He heaved something like a sigh, and looking sadder than ever, uttered—

"Then sir, it must come off!" And he touched his hat this time, probably in honor of the departing ornament.

"It will soon grow again, Welborne," answered Basil, with human feeling for the sacrifice, as he quietly caressed his own silky one. "But it is now eight o'clock, and by the time it is off, and we have returned, it will be quite nine."

"A good hour, sir," suggested the other.

"It is moonlight, and Mr. Lyon will get off by ten. The house will be all quiet, for, I suppose, no one will sit up for him, or, maybe, one may; at all events night is better than day for this sort of business."

"True," ejaculated Welborne, as gravely as if a murder were in contemplation.

Scarcely a word passed between the two as they cleared the space between Alice's home and the Arches, and in less than the hour, they had returned, Welborne not recognizable with his shaven face, and Basil had so completely disguised his handwriting in a letter for Lyon, that it seemed impossible anything but the most complete success could crown their efforts.

Alice was in her room. Lyon had not dared to place her under restraint but the poor girl's every step was watched by a creature of his when the master himself was not there.

She had quitted her mother's room, and, as usual, before retiring for the night, entered a little study, fitted up by her mother for meditation and prayer—an excellent act, if her other deeds had coincided with this one.

And there, in solitude and grief, she besought for that gift—so often a stranger to the heart—patience in affliction. Here even Lyon left her in peace; and the still hour of the night arrived, he had no further fear, for he knew the girl's truthfulness would prevent her from taking the desperate measure of flight, and only that day, had she promised her mother to obey her dying father's solemn injunction, and never marry without her consent.

Thus tranquilized, after nightfall Lyon relaxed a little of his vigilance, and Alice's mother scarcely quitted her room, her health was so broken.

Nine o'clock struck, and with the last stroke the hall bell rang.

A tall man stood outside the door, "bearing a letter in all haste from Mr. Hume, to his good friend, Squire Lyon, hoping he would lose no time, but come, as he was terrible bad."

This was verbally uttered, and the letter, written by a neighbor, said as much.

There was ad readful roar of ten minutes' duration in Lyon's heart, for this neighbor who wrote, was "a sneaking fellow," he said, "ever trying to creep into poor old Hume's pocket"—the old history of seeing the motes in other's eyes, but not the beams in our own.

Then spake cowardice. The road was lonely, the night advanced, for the country. The messenger spoke of the doctors around the bed, the lawyer summoned, and this vision of harpies conquered all the rest. There could not be much danger in the carriage; he had forgotten that at first; and his crony and spy, his own man should accompany him.

The messenger was thanked and offered "a lift," but he declined, alleging that he had to call at the apothecary's for some "stuff" for the sick man.

This done, he retired, and joined his master, they soon had the satisfaction of seeing the brougham drive rapidly off, with Lyon inside, and his servant on the box beside the groom.

Scarcely had they time to clear the village when Welborne returned—for of course our readers recognize the messenger—to Mrs. Lyon's, and with breathless haste; said he had stopped Mr. Lyon to tell him that the apothecary had not all the "stuff" required and Mr. Lyon told him to return for his medicine chest, which he was to take directly.

Lyon's medicine chest was as well known in the village as Bess, for when she would have been useless, he called upon the sick to offer them the use of its contents.

Basil knew that all the men servants were absent now, and close behind Welborne, he stood hidden in the shade. The woman who answered the door ran away to tell her mistress, and in an instant Basil popped past his man and was ensconced behind a cloakstand in the hall.

The ponderous medicine chest was brought down, and Welborne—but not without much apparent grumbling—took it, and departed.

In half an hour afterwards the house had sunk into silence. One by one Basil counted the women-servants' steps creeping up the stairs to bed; and his heart rejoiced, for he heard "poor Miss Alice," spoken of, so he knew she was there. His heart felt light, boy-like he laughed at the good trick which had so well succeeded, and wondered, in the midst of his mirth, what Welborne would do with the chest.

So strange is it, that in the moments most sublime or painful, of our existence, some ludicrous thought will intrude.

The house was not quiet enough for him to venture out of his hiding-place for an hour, and just as he was doing so, the rapid rolling of carriage wheels startled him. They stopped. It could only be Lyon returning. With one bound he gained the upper story and entered by the first door at hand, found himself in what was termed a housemaid's closet, amidst broms and brushes of every description.

To bolt the door was the work of a moment, and then he stopped his breath to listen. At the hall door he heard a stumble, a heavy roll down the steps, a cry, then voices; then, after a pause, a key in the door, and the entry of Lyon, and his man, speaking in loud tones. He could not resist the temptation of opening the door an inch to listen. He heard enough to convince him that the medicine chest had been left at the door by Welborne, and that Lyon stumbling over it, it had rolled down the steps.

Lyon was one of those perfectly selfish men who care for none but themselves; and not thinking of his invalid wife, he spoke loudly to his companion about the events of the evening; and to Basil's delight, he found that Mr. Hume's cynical neighbor was blamed for the whole, and the question was for what object? The medicine chest spoke volumes. All the contents were forthwith condemned to be burnt as having been tampered with; but in what manner was the question, for they were as yet in ignorance of how it could have been placed on the steps.

Forthwith the maid-servants were awakened and questioned, and poor Basil trembled in his closet.

"Provided," he muttered to himself, "the housemaid does not get the hapless thought into her head of requiring a broom at this untoward moment."

Another hour passed in all the examinations, and Basil heard the voice of Mrs. Lyon beseeching her husband not to make so much noise. "It agitated her, and would inevitably awake her boy," but not a word of Alice.

"Good Heavens," said the lover, growing uneasy, "am I to pass my night in this closet? Being in the house is one thing—with Alice, another. The deuce take the man!

However, there must be an end of everything in existence. Finally, servants, master, all had sunk to rest, and the hall clock struck half-past eleven.

Basil's excitement and nervous hilarity had passed away, and he trembled when he thought that in all this commotion he had heard nothing of Alice. A stern resolution took possession of him—at all risks, even if he entered Lyon's room and forced him to tell—not to leave without knowing what had become of her.

At last he stole from his hiding place. The moon palely peeped in at the lobby window; all the rest of the passage was dark.

"Stop," he cried, looking around. "I must find out where I am. "That"—he pointed towards an angle—"that was my own girl's room, where we have so often sat together; well I know it, even in the dark."

And he crept on tiptoe towards it. All glory to the bootmaker who makes lovers' boots which never creak! He reached the door unheard—listened a moment. A low breathing was perceptible to the ear. He raised a finger, and gently tapped, whilst his heart beat with a wild throb of hope deferred. Still the breathing continued, and he felt grieved that she should sleep so soundly. Louder he knocked—a sort of desperation possessed him. He felt that he scarcely cared now even for discovery. The breathing ceased, and there was a pause, during which he rapped again more distinctly.

"Hello!" exclaimed Lyon's voice. "What's the matter? Who's there?"

Basil heard the bed creak, as if some one were rising, and in an instant he was in his cupboard again. We will not record the energetic word he used as he closed the door.

"Am I to stay here all night?" was the conclusion; with "Confound that Lyon! he's taken possession of Alice's room."

Lyon had a horror of midnight thieves, and across his door was a chain.

Basil heard him unlock the door, and open it to the extent of this chain, as he peeped out, and asked—

"Who is there?"

Again he repeated the question, and then grumbling, relocked it.

"Curse the coward!" said Basil, bitterly. "It is always the most worthless who take the best care of themselves."

Another quarter of an hour elapsed, and he again stepped forth. Stopping at another door, he felt unnerved enough to have almost wept like a woman. Alice's room, occupied by Lyon, sorely perplexed him. Where could she be?

At all risks he would know. He paused at another. A child's faint cry arose. He thought of Lora, and her love for her baby.

"If the child is there, the mother must be with it."

And he passed on to the next. Here he gently rapped—rapped—rapped, and at the third summons a voice—it was husky and terrified—exclaimed—

"Good Lord, who's there?"

Then another was heard—Mrs. Lyon's, loudly calling. The door opened, but the luckless Basil was gone.

From his hiding place he saw the sick-nurse, with her hideous night paraphernalia on her head peep forth, a lamp in her hand; and she summoned the half awake, Lyon, who came forth when he heard a woman's voice—it was a protection—and then he listened to all the surmises about this strange happing; and the sicknurse gloomily aeserted her belief "that it was a Fetch, and the missus wouldn't last long."

Then Lyon, who believed in nothing relating to the world of spirits, sent to summon the men to search the house; and when he saw them arrive, he crept into his room in terror, and chained the door.

The sick-nurse stepped back a moment to quiet her patient; and as the men methodically arranged to begin the house at the bottom, and search it through. Basil just let them pass down-stairs, and then he sprang out of his cupboard.

"Now," he said, "that I know how the rooms are occupied, I'll trust to chance for the rest."

He hastily pushed open a door at the end of the passage, and found that chance, after all, was a better guide than his own intelligence.

CHAPTER XIV.

Alice was in a litlte study. Since her illness, Mrs. Lyon felt herself unable to descend the stairs often; consequently her own little quiet room had been fited up on the landing near her bedroom, and here it was that Alice crept at night, in the still hours, when no one save herself was awake, to commune with Heaven, and pray for him whom she might never happily meet again on earth. There was in her heart, in its every pore, that harbinger too often of woe—presentiment.

Basil entered the room. A cry burst from the white figure moving towards the door with ataper in its hand. The taper fell, and Basil held to his heart the one he had so earnestly sought.

Oh, in that moment how he forgot everything painful. It was a perfect oblivion, for an instant, of all past memories. It was the most intense joy he had ever felt—one in a life; he never could know such another.

There was a glimpse of heaven, perhaps, awarded to everyone once, that they may know what awaits the rightful doer—the weary wanderer's cup of strong drink, to help him on his way.

"For Heaven's sake, Alice, hide me," he whispered. "I have brought the whole household about my ears, and I have much, oh so much to say to you."

"There in the shade, behind that screen," she replied. 'Mr. yon is not with the servants; they will respect me."

There was an intonation—slight, but it went to Basil's heart; it spoke of oppression.

(To be Continued.)

Dressing Ducks for Market.

When about to dress ducks for market keep them without food for twenty-four hours before killing; full crops injure the appearance and are liable to sour, and, when this occurs correspondingly lower prices must be taken than are obtained for choice stock.

Never kill ducks by wringing their necks. Kill by bleeding in the mouth with a sharp penknife, or better a killing knife made for the purpose; hang by the feet until properly bled. Leave head and feet on; do not remove intestines or crop.

Ducks should be scalded in water as near the boiling point as possible without boiling; but it requires more time for the water to penetrate and loosen the feathers than when scalding other poultry. Some parties advises after scalding, to wrap them in a blanket for the purpose of steaming, but they must not be left in this condition long enough to cook the flesh. Two or three minutes is the time recommended. Do not undertake to pick geese and ducks just before killing for the sake of saving the feathers, as it causes the skin to be much inflamed, and is a great injury for the sale. Do not pick the feathers off the head; leave the feathers on for two or three inches on the neck. Do not singe the bodies to remove down or hair, as the heat from the flames will give them an oily and unsightly appearance. After they are picked clean they should be held in scalding water about ten seconds for the purpose of plumping, and then rinsed off in clean cold water. Fat, heavy stock is always preferred.

THE HAYWARD TRIAL

THE MURDERER OF CATHERINE GING ON TRIAL.

Progress of the Celebrated Murder Case at Minneapolis—The Defense Produces Witnesses in Support of the Third Man Theory.

Minneapolis, Feb. 23.—County Attorney Nye resumed his cross-examination of W. W. Hayward, father of the young man accused of the murder of Catherine Ging. He was quite unable to shake the old gentleman's story in any essential particular, although he demonstrated that the witness' memory as to dates and happenings at about the time of the occurrence he described was not the best. It is a remarkable fact that thus far in the case, although both Nye and Erwin are adept questioners, neither has been able to shake the testimony of any of the witnesses on cross-examination. Mr. Nye tried to establish by the senior Hayward that on Dec. 6, three days after the murder, "Elder" Stewart had told him the story that Adry had told Stewart three days before the murder. Hayward senior was unable to remember when this conversation had taken place, except that it was after the murder.

William Yale, a gunsmith, and Robert Weed, a jeweler, testified as to various kinds of cartridges, the weight of bullets, etc.

Mr. Erwin succeeded in establishing that the fatal bullet was of the same weight as one taken from a 38 short cartridge. Blixt had testified that when Harry gave him the cartridges he had declared them to be 38-long. Mr. Nye strenuously, but in vain, objected to this evidence, and Mr. Erwin was jubilant at his success.

Harry Testifies.

At last Mr. Erwin said he had no other witnesses present except the defendant himself. "Call Harry," he added.

With his arms folded and a set expression on his face, Harry Hayward took the stand to battle for his own life.

He said, in answer to the usual preliminary questions, that he was born in Macoupin county, Illinois, 29 years ago, and had lived in Minneapolis for 25 years.

"Now," said Erwin, "Mr. Blixt has testified against you, and Mr. Adry Hayward has testified against you. Have they testified correctly?"

"They have not," responded the witness, setting his teeth.

"Has the testimony of Adry Hayward given here on the stand been true or false?"

"Almost wholly false."

"Do you know any reason why?"

"I do."

"Explain it to the jury."

"I object," said Mr. Nye.

"Sustained," rejoined the judge. "I suppose this is for impeachment."

"Oh, no, your honor, I'm not trying this whole case on the word impeachment. I want the jury to know the feelings of fear which might influence Adry Hayward to testify falsely against his brother. I want them to know the truth."

the particular questions and answers if you choose," said Judge Smith.

"You have heard your father's, mother's and brother's testimony," said Erwin, finally, after consultation with his colleagues, "regarding the discrepancy in your brother's accounts. Did you have any trouble with him about what he said to your mother?"

An objection to this was sustained, and Mr. Erwin asked:

"Did your brother have any fear of you for the reason that you might make disclosures about him?"

"Yes, sir," responded Harry, before Nye could object, but the answer was ruled out.

Adry Was With Miss Ging.

"Now, you have heard Adry say that he had never seen Miss Ging. Did he ever see her?"

Harry said that Adry went riding with Miss Ging and Miss Vedder once. Mr. Nye objected strenuously to anything further on this line, and was sustained by the court.

"Now," turning to the witness on the stand, "I will ask you about all your relations with Miss Ging. State them fully to the jury."

"Well," said Harry, in a reminiscent mood, "I was introduced to Miss Ging, I think, in January, 1894, by Mr. Speaker, at the boarding house. I met her at first, perhaps, as often as once a week. After a while I met her as often as twice a week. Then you might say we began to be getting fairly well acquainted. Things went on in that way during April. We kept getting better and better acquainted all the time; more and more intimate. From July and August on through to December we were what you might call lovers, I suppose."

Harry then went into details regarding his gambling experience. He had played faro in many cities, and had won and lost thousands of dollars. Miss Ging became interested in his gambling, and the first time she engaed in a venture she put in $75. He always divided with her according to the amount she gave him and what sum he furnished. He wanted her to stop, but she refused.

As a whole, from the testimony given by the witness, he has not made any points for himself, and his appearance has told against him.

Minneapolis, Feb. 27.—Harry Hayward, the defendant in the murder trial, resumed the stand at the opening of the court. He had evidently been cautioned by Mr. Erwin not to be too prolix in his evidence, and showed a disposition to condense his testimony. His narrative was resumed at the point where he returned to the Ozark after the theater and first heard the news that there had been an accident. He had difficulty in persuading Goosman, the livery man, who was telephoning about it to police headquarters, who was killed. He thought it was Miss Ging or Miss Ireland, and when finally he learned that it was Miss Ging, he became very much excited.

Hayward described how he was taken to the morgue and shown the dead body, with everybody watching him. He did not know what he did, but said he felt very bad, and knew every one there thought him guilty. He went to Miss Ireland and offered to do anything about the funeral he could. He ordered some roses from a florist, and attended the funeral. On Thursday he and Adry were arrested and put in a cell together. Adry seemed very down in the mouth, and Harry had said to him:

"We're not guilty. What's the use of feeling this way?" but Adry was dispirited, and finally Harry said:

"Adry, what is this? You held her up once. Did you have anything to do with this?"

Adry was silent and refused to talk any more. After that there was no further conversation between them.

This evidence caused a flutter of excitement. It brought in the story which on Thursday had been ruled out by the court to the effect that Adry was the masked highwayman who last April held up and robbed Harry, Miss Ging and Miss Vedder while they were out riding. The fact that the charge was thus brought before the jury this morning will probably lead to a ventilation of the whole episode. Adry, it is understood, will go on the stand and deny the story with an alibi.

The Cross-Examination.

It was somewhat of a surprise to Mr. Nye when Mr. Erwin turned the prisoner over to his tender mercies a short time before court adjourned. He had expected that the examination would take at least the day, and was hardly prepared to go into the examination. The day was an interesting one in the extreme, being filled with the troubles between the witness and his brother. Adry, he said, had proposed all the details of bloody murders. Harry explained that he had been so shocked at his brother's depravity that he had resolved to sound many other people to see if they had such wonderful consciences. Thus it was that he had questioned Waterman and the hackman, and even L. M. Stewart, and he dared the state to put Stewart on the stand. Instead of having threatened to kill his brother with a knife, Adry, he said, had threatened to rip his entrails out; had threatened to kill his father, and had often stated that he was so devoid of conscience that he could kill his father easily and not be troubled about it afterward. All through his evidence it was Adry who had been the fiend, Adry who was the slaughterer, Adry who had a mania for killing people, Adry who was the member of a gang, Adry who was everything, and yet with all this, he went on to tell how he confided all his business to Adry and begged his father to take him back into his employ.

Minneapolis, Feb. 28.—When the trial of the Hayward murder case was resumed it was announced that County Attorney Nye could not be present owing to a funeral in the family, and the defendant, who was still on the witness stand, was turned over to the tender mercies of Assistant County Attorney A. H. Hall for cross-examination. Mr. Hall plunged at once into the questions of the various loans made by Hayward to Miss Ging, the aim of his questions apparently being to show that Harry lent the dressmaker money freely without security and in a loose and unbusinesslike manner. Harry's connection with the loan Miss Ging made on the flour mill at Hamel, and the collection of the loss when it suddenly burned was thoroughly investigated and Harry was asked whether he had not driven out to Hamel with Miss Ging the morning after the fire. This he denied utterly. This and other questions were asked for impeachment purposes, the state proposing to show on rebuttal that Harry is not telling the truth. Harry described how he had turned the lot given him by his father, into cash, first by mortgages and then by disposing of the equity to Mr. Stewart. The proceeds had been nearly $10,000, and this he had partially lost at gambling while the rest he had given to Adry in a sealed envelope and it was put in the safe. He declared that the most money he had ever lost at one sitting was $5,700, at the Twin City Athletic club.

The Hold Up Story

was gone into in the afternoon, and Mr. Hall used inuendo to show that it was Harry who had been the prime mover in that affair. In fact he asked him if he had not told Adry once that he had planned it, that a song was to be the signal, but that the man who did it was such a bungler that the women had time to hide their money and valuables. Harry denied it point blank. He admitted that he did not want the matter reported to the police, but that was on Adry's account. He had kept the watch out of sight for months so that Adry's wife might not see it and thus wonder how he got it after it had been stolen from him. This closed the cross-examination.

Then came the state's triumph. Harold C. Stevens was put on the stand. He swore that on the night of the murder he was in company with a friend, a Mr. Wood, and were coming from the Lake of the Isles to Lake Calhoun on a cross-road, and they saw a buggy coming along at a brisk gait from the lake toward town. He looked in it closely and saw a man sitting in the middle of the buggy who had a light moustache and beard. Here was the man seen by Grindall again. When questioned by the state the witness stated that he saw a young couple on Lake street, and he and his companion walked on the side of the street where there was no sidewalk. He knew the young man whom Miss Brown stated was with her at that time, but stated that he did not recognize him, although he passed very close to the couple. The court put in a question which made it appear strange that he could see the man in the rig and note his features when he could not recognize one of his own friends.

His companion stated that he stood a trifle nearer the rig than his friend and noticed it particularly. The light from an electric lamp shone upon it, but the curtains and top to the rig so darkened the interior that he could not see the man's face. The picture on his mind was that of the light shining on a pair of taut lines. He could not even see the man's hand, it was so dark in the buggy. He could not say what kind of a buggy it was nor describe the horse. He swore that Stevens had never stated to him after the murder that he could see or describe the features of that man who was driving so rapidly on that lonely road. He corroborated the fact of the meeting of the young couple, and stated that when he heard the testimony of the two young people for the defense he thought at once that he and his friend were the suspicious characters referred to.

Murder or Accident.

Newton, Iowa, Feb. 26.—This community was greatly shocked when the news spread that J. R. Zollinger, a prominent merchant and an ex-sheriff, was found dead and had probably been murdered. Mr. Zollinger left his place of business about 9:30 and when he reached home his wife noticed blood flowing down over his face, and, on inquiring what was the matter, he stated that he had fallen or been hit. These are the only words he spoke. A physician was summoned and on examination a large gash was found on his head. He never regained consciousness, but died between 12 and 1 o'clock. It is a very mysterious case, some believing he was waylaid, and the thug failing to bring down his victim, had fled without accomplishing his full purpose, that of robbery, nothing on his person having been taken. Others think he was overcome with a stroke of apoplexy and struck his head against an electric light wire pole. Whichever it was happened within a few rods of his home. Two clubs were found near the spot where the first blood was visible, which makes it look like a case of murder. Mr. Zollinger had been a captain in the army, and his funeral will take place to-morrow, conducted by Masonic and G. A. R. organizations of this city. He leaves a widow, one son and one daughter.

Distinguished Writer Dead.

Washington, Feb. 26.—Samuel Dana Horton, the distinguished writer upon monetary topics, died at the Garfield hospital in Washington last night of Bright's disease.

Gen. Carr Dead.

Troy, N. Y., Feb. 26. — Gen. J. B. Carr died to-day. Gen. Carr was born in Albany Aug. 16, 1828. He served with distinction in the rebellion.

Has Hydrophobia.

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 26.—Josephine Light, a colored woman of this city, is under the care of four physicians who think she has hydrophobia, the result of a dog bite received last December.

J. W. Lawrence Assigns.

Minneapolis, Feb. 26.—Papers in the assignment case of J. W. Lawrence were filed in the district court to-day. Cavour S. Langdon is named as assignee, and the assets are valued at $100,000.

Abolitionist Dead.

London, Feb. 26. — Rev. William Meade Jones, an American abolitionist who for twenty-one years was the minister of Baptist chapel in the White Hall district of this city, is dead.

Fell Under a Car.

San Antonio, Tex., Feb. 26.—Charles Nichols in attempting to get on the front platform of a trolley car in this city yesterday fell under the cars and was instantly killed.

A City Looted.

Paris, Feb. 26.—Dispatches received here from Tangier state that rebel tribes have entered and looted Morocco city, one of the principal capitals of Morocco.

The Elbe's Mails.

London, Feb. 26—The North German Lloyd Steamship company has engaged three German, three English and three French divers to attempt to recover the mails from the foundered steamer Elbe.

Charged With Embezzlement.

Lynchburg, Va., Feb. 26.—Walker G. Hamner, twenty years the trusted teller of the First National bank, was arrested here to-day charged with embezzlement of $23,000 of the bank's funds.

Stamboul Killed.

Oconomowoc, Wis., Feb. 26.—Stamboul, the $2,000 trotting stallion of Andrew Hildebrand of this city was killed by the cars.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS

LAST SESSION OF THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

A Condensed Record of the Proceedings in the Senate and House—Matters of Importance Dealt With.

Washington, Feb. 22.—Mr. Chandler created something of a sensation in the senate by outlining some important steps to be taken by the next congress, including a congressional investigation of the recent purchase of gold by the president of the United State. The speech came unexpectedly as an incident of the debate on the Indian appropriation bill. During the early hours of the day the silver bill made its exit from the senate. Mr. Jones of Arkansas, in charge of the measure, announced that his friends would make no further effort to pass it at the present session. The disposal of the measure was emphasized by the decisive vote of 55 to 12 on Mr. Gorman's motion to take up the Indian appropriation bill, the effect of which was to displace the silver bill and set it back to the calendar. Mr. Wolcott's resolution declaratory for silver, but postponing action, also went to the calendar without final action. Mr. Manderson proposed an amendment, urging an international bimetallic agreement.

The opponents of the new battleships for the navy suffered a crushing defeat to-day when Mr. Sayers' motion to strike out the authorization for the war vessels was lost, first in the committee of the whole on a vote of 43 to 121, and later in the house by a vote of 67 to 199. After Mr. Sayers' motion had been defeated, Mr. Cannon of Illinois attempted to have an appropriation of $23,000,000, and then of $5,000,000 inserted for building the ships authorized, but both propositions failed. Mr. Dolliver of Iowa succeeded in having an amendment adopted providing for the building of two torpedo boats on the Mississippi river.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The senate devoted itself to business, and would have completed the Indian appropriation bill had not an acrimonious discussion arose on the sectarian school question. It brought out a wide range of debate on the separation of church and state, in the course of which the expressions were general that the government should entirely abandon denominational schools. On an aye and nay vote an exception was made in the case of the Indian schools at Hampton, Va., and Lincoln, Philadelphia, on the ground that they were not strictly denominational. The sectarian question was still under discussion when the senate adjourned.

The house devoted most of the day to the consideration of the senate amendment to the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill appropriating $500,000 for the construction of a cable to the Hawaiian islands. Messrs. Ryan, Bartlett and Sickles, Democrats of New York, spoke in favor of the amendment, which was defeated by a vote of 114 to 152, 16 Democrats voting for the cable.

Washington, Feb. 24.—As the session of the senate was about to close Mr. Pettigrew of South Dakota gave a decidedly interesting turn to the otherwise tedious debate on the Indian appropriation bill. It has been discussed for several days, and Mr. Call, in charge of the measure, sought to secure an agreement for a final vote to-morrow. There were numerous objections, and among them one from Mr. Pettigrew, which was emphasized by the brief but pointed statement he made. It was in the nature of a disclosure that a private arrangement had been reached among senators whereby the pooling bill would be taken up at 2 o'clock and held before the senate day and night until passed. The statement came so unexpectedly, and was the sequel to such active work by the friends of the pooling bill that it created something of a sensation among the senators and spectators. Mr. Pettigrew added to his announcement that he would take effective steps to defeat the passage of the pooling bill by objecting to the disposal of the Indian appropriation bill or other measures having precedence. The contract school item of the Indian bill was completed in such form as to provide a 20 per cent reduction from the expenditures of last year.

The house devoted the day to the further consideration of the general deficiency appropriation bill. Most of the time was spent in the discussion of questions of minor importance relating to extra compensation for employes of the house of representatives.

Washington, Feb. 26.—It is seldom that the senate has a more busy and eventful day, or one so disturbed by personal tempests. The pooling bill, which is regarded as one of the most important measures before congress, suffered a signal reverse, if not final defeat, as it will be difficult to revive it after the failure of its friends to command more than twenty-four votes to get it before the senate. Intense feeling was aroused by the effort to take the bill up, and when Mr. Butler, in charge of it, intimated bad faith on the part of Mr. Gorman, the latter responded hotly, criticised the management of the bill, and declared that Mr. Butler was "piqued."

On the Republican side Mr. Chandler and Mr. Wolcott were involved in a sharp personal criticism, as a result of their differences on the pooling bill. In the discussion many senators warned the friends of the bill that it was useless to take it up, as it would be systematically "talked to death." It was announced that Mr. White of California was ready with a five days' speech as a part of ammunition to talk the bill to death. The Indian appropriation bill was passed.

The feature of the proceedings in the house was the fight on the proposition to pay an extra monthly salary to all the employes of the house and senate. It carried in committee of the whole by a vote of 93 to 61, with an amendment to include an extra month's compensation for the individual clerks to members. Notice has been given that a record-making vote will be declared when this amendment is reported to the house.

Washington, Feb. 27.—The senate is now working day and night on the appropriation bills in order to complete them before the session closes. The sundry civil appropriation bill was considered with little interruption or delay. The item of $150,000 for purchasing the historic property of the late James G. Blaine in order to prevent its use for theater purposes occasioned a sharp debate, but was finally agreed to.

The general deficiency bill—the last of the regular appropriation bills—passed the house to-day. Almost the entire day was spent discussing the amendment to pay Great Britain $425,000, the amount of damages agreed upon by Secretary Gresham and Sir Julian Pauncefote to be due that country under the award of the Paris arbitration tribunal on account of the seizure of some twenty Canadian sealers by the United States previous to the modus vivendi of 1892. The amendment was defeated.

Washington, Feb. 28.—Most of the time in the house was occupied in the consideration and passage of the bill providing for a board of conciliation and arbitration (in case conciliation failed) to mediate and settle differences between common carriers and their employes. A bill was also passed to provide for the publication of bulletins of the department of labor, and also one to aid the Baltimore exposition, to be held in 1897. The remainder of the day was devoted to eulogies on the late Representative Post of Illinois.

The senate has given another day to the sundry civil appropriation bill without completing it and without taking up the vital points concerning financial legislation. The important feature of the day was a short, sharp and decisive contest on the sugar bounty question resulting in the success of those advocating the payment of the bounty prematurely cut off by the enactment of the tariff law. The proposed bounty aggregates $5,200,000 as stated in the amendments adopted, but Mr. Mitchell gave it as his belief that it would reach $8,000,000. A point of order was made against the amendment but the senate voted it in order—46 to 13. After that the success of the bounty proposition was assured, although objections were made to load it down with free silver amendments and other propositions. The bounty amendment was adopted—46 to 20.

DONE BY THE LUMBERMEN.

Preparing for the Adjustment of Freight Rates.

Minneapolis, Feb. 28.—The annual meeting of the Mississippi Valley Lumbermen's association convened at Lumber Exchange hall. The committee upon uniform grading made a partial report, announcing that the rules agreed upon would be announced later. They have selected E. M. Warren as chief inspector, who will have his office in this city. W. S. Hill of Minneapolis moved that the prices of all grades of lumber in the list of Jan. 10, 1895, be advanced 50 cents per thousand, to take effect March 10. This was referred to a committee of five.

Mr. Irvine announced the committee on adjustment of freight rates and the division of territory between the white and yellow pine shippers as follows: Minneapolis, W. L. Bassett; Chippewa Valley, J. T. Barber; La Crosse and Winona, W. H. Laird; middle river, John Weyerhauser; lower middle river, J. J. Cruikshank, Jr.; Wisconsin valley, H. H. Foster; Cloquet and Duluth, W. A. Allen; St. Croix valley, G. H. Atwood. Among those present from outside of the city were William Irvine, Chippewa Falls; R. L. McCormack, Hayward, Wis.; E. S. Shaw and G. S. Long, Eau Claire; W. E. Sawyer, David Austin and L. C. Coleman, La Crosse; W. R. Bowen, Fort Madison, Iowa; F. W. Buswell, St. Paul.

DETECTED BY A VALISE.

Booty Taken From the Griswold Bank Shipped to a Fence.

Chicago, Feb. 28.—A portion of the booty from the looted First National bank at Griswold, Iowa, was recovered here to-day, and a supposed member of the gang implicated in that affair, and also the sensational affray at Council Bluffs is under arrest. The suspect is Mark Davis, a Chicago saloonkeeper, who was arrested with about $600 worth of postage stamps in his possession. The Council Bluffs police wired the authorities here to watch for a valise shipped by the American express to Davis, and when that individual, with his bartender, called for the grip, the men were arrested. Examination showed that the valise contained several packages of the stamps supposed to have been stolen at Griswold. Davis, the police say, was implicated in the $9,000 robbery of the First National Bank of Galesburg about fourteen years ago. The theory of the police is that Davis is a member of the gang of Western bank robbers, he playing the part of fence.

FIGHT AT BLUEFEILDS.

A British Vessel Said to Have Disabled an American Vessel.

New York Feb. 28.—A special to the World dated Colon, Feb. 26, says a conflict at Bluefields is reported there. The news is extremely vague, but it is said that a British vessel has disabled an American vessel.

Minneapolis Is After It.

Minneapolis, Feb. 28.— Minneapolis has sounded the first note in the competition for the national Republican convention of 1896. At the Union League meeting last evening a committee was appointed to have the matter in charge and to secure the cooperation of the business organizations of the city. The committee is made up as follows: R. G. Evans, W. D. Washburn, Loren Fletcher, W. P. Roberts, John Goodnow, L. G. Powers, Thomas Lowry, W. H. Eustis, F. N. Hendrix.

Robbed the Mails.

Astoria, Ill., Feb. 28.—Postoffice Inspector Gould of Chicago to-day arrested Nellie Palmer, deputy postmistress, and William Paulmer, aged respectively twenty and sixteen, daughter and son of Postmaster Palmer, for tampering with the mails. When the inspector arrested them the girl denied the charge, but they both afterward confessed. They have been practicing the work for a year and a half past.

A Prisoner Attempts to Commit Suicide With a Poker.

La Moure, N. D., Feb. 26.—Twelve deputy United States marshals, accompanied by Judge Rose, have arrived in La Moure from Jamestown, having heard that the jail was to be broken into and Villars, confined there on a charge of assaulting a woman, was to be lynched. The man, Villars, having heard or imagined something, tried to take his own life by running a poker into his stomach at about the time of the arrival of the special train. Villars is very low. The wound is likely to prove fatal.

Fire at Rutland, Vt.

Rutland, Vt., Feb. 23 — Cranston's block, on Merchant street, this city, was destroyed this morning. The flames were discovered in the crockery store of Vanoon & Tilson, and before they could be extinguished several other firms were burned out and the building was a total loss. The total damage will be $50,000. The heaviest losers besides Vanoon & Tilson are Charles B. Hillard, dry goods; Wheeler & Co. and A. H. Hubbard, watches and jewelry. Grand Army and Equitable Union halls were in the building.

Wisconsin Epworth League.

Appleton, Wis., Feb. 26—At the state convention of the Wisconsin Epworth league the state officers elected were: President, E. W. Chafin, Waukesha; first vice president, W. L. Smithyman; second vice president, J. J. Schneck, Milwaukee; secretary, Rev. W. M. Balch, Mauston; treasurer, N. H. Brokaw, Kaukauna. A new constitution was adopted after a lively discussion. A proposition to establish a state Epworth league training school was rejected after a hard fight.

Murdered Five People.

Halsey, Ky., Feb. 26.—The statement of a negro who died here yesterday has created quite a sensation in this little place. The negro just before he passed away confessed to having committed five murders. Two of them were in Alabama, two in Tennessee and one in Georgia. He said that three of his victims were white women. He also said that one man had been hanged for one of his fiendish acts.

Bloody Battle.

Sergent, Ky., Feb. 26.—According to reports just received here three men were shot to death and a fourth mortally wounded in a fight between the Smith-Cox factions near Osborne's Gap, Dickinson county, Va. The men involved in the difficulty had long been regarded as terrors in the neighborhood in which they resided, and for years the families have been deadly enemies.

Chased by Chinese.

San Francisco, Feb. 26.—Capt. J. L. Hansford was one of the passengers on the steamer Gaelic from Hong Kong via Honolulu. He is returning to England after a long voyage from Hamburg to the Japanese naval station at Yokuska, near Yokohama, during which his vessel was chased by Chinese torpedo boats cruising to intercept the vessel and capture the sink her.

Charged With Murder.

Baltimore, Feb. 26.—John Otto Gersk was arrested charged with the brutal murder about a fortnight ago of Louis Gilman, a butcher. Gilman was driving home late one night and gave Gersk, it is claimed, whom he overtook on the road, a "lift" on his way. Near his home Gilman's head was beaten to a jelly with a coupling pin.

Muscat Captured.

London, Feb. 26.—A dispatch to the Times from Calcutta reports the capture of the greater portion of the city of Muscat by insurgent Bedouins. The sultan fled from the palace, but eventually regained the Eastern portion of the town. The fighting continues.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Believe in a Good-Sized Hell, Anyhow.

A dispatch for Tacoma, Wash., says that five prophets have appeared in that city who declare that the world is coming to an end in 1897. They have issued a warning to the people to beware of a false Christ, who will arrive about that time. They are Rev. Mr. Jefferis, Rev. Mr. Price, H. C. Leuters, Henry Baker and Mrs. Cliff, all evangelists. They declare that nine-tenths of the human race will perish miserably by war, plague, famine, pestilence, earthquake and hail during the next five years. Christ will come with his bride, and Satan will be sealed up in a bottle for 1,000 years. Heaven will hang in midair all that time. They have seen hell, and it is 6,000 miles across, and long enough, to hold all sinners. One of the gentlemen, Mr. Jefferis, was formerly rector of a prominent Episcopal church in Philadelphia.—New York Tribune.

Winding It Up.

Stockholder—You are the receiver appointed to wind up the affairs of the Bushall company, I believe.

Lawyer—Yes, sir.

"What are the prospects?"

"Well, things looked very gloomy for a while, but they are brightening up now."

"Ah! I am glad to hear that."

"Yes, make yourself easy. There is little doubt now that we can realize enough out of it to pay my salary."—New York Weekly.

Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine. The original and only genuine. Cures Chapped Hands and Face, Cold Sores, &c. C. G. Clark Co., N. Haven, Ct.

She Knew.

Suitor—That's all right. I may be poor, but I am certainly deserving.

Miss Coldshoulder—That's why you are poor. It's the undeserving who get all there is in this world.

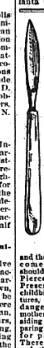
I believe Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my boy's life last summer.—Mrs. Allie Douglass, Le Roy, Mich., Oct. 20, 1894.

Poor Economy.

"They tell me Jones never subscribes to a newspaper."

"Never. That's why he broke his leg jumping backwards from a moving train, and cut his hand off fightin' his own reflection in a lookin' glass."—Atlanta Constitution.

A SURGEON'S KNIFE



gives you a feeling of horror and dread. There is no longer necessity for its use in many diseases formerly regarded as incurable without cutting. The

Triumph of Conservative Surgery

is well illustrated by the fact that

RUPTURE or Breach is now radically cured without the knife and without pain. Clumsy, chafing trusses can be thrown away! They never cure but often induce inflammation, strangulation and death.

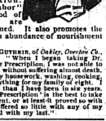
TUMORS Ovarian, Fibroid (Uterine) and many others, are now removed without the perils of cutting operations.

PILE TUMORS, however large, Fistula and other diseases of the lower bowel, are permanently cured without pain or resort to the knife.

STONE in the Bladder, no matter how large, is crushed, pulverized, washed out and perfectly removed without cutting.

STRICTURE of Urinary Passage is also removed without cutting in hundreds of cases. For pamphlet, references and all particulars, send 10 cents (in stamps) to World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

MOTHERS



and those soon to become mothers, should know that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription robs childbirth of its tortures, terrors and dangers to both mother and child, by aiding nature in preparing the system for parturition. Thereby "labor" and the period of confinement are greatly shortened. It also promotes the secretion of an abundance of nourishment for the child.

Mrs. Dora A. Guthrie, of Oakley, Overton Co., Tenn., writes: "When I began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, I was not able to stand on my feet without suffering almost death. Now I do all my housework, washing, cooking, sewing and everything for my family of eight. I am stouter now than I have been in six years. Your 'Favorite Prescription' is the best to take before confinement, or at least it proved so with me. I never suffered so little with any of my children as I did with my last."

NEW LIGHT ON HISTORY.

Henry VIII. as Seen by a Boston Schoolboy.

King Henry 8 was the greatest widower that ever lived. He was born at Anno Domino in the year 1066. He had 510 wives besides children. The 1st was beheaded and afterwards executed.

The 2nd was revoked. she never smiled again, but she said the word "Calais" would be found on her heart after her death.

The greatest man in this reign was Lord Sir Garnet Wolsey. He was sir named the Boy Bachelor. He was born at the age of fifteen, unmarried.

Henry 8 was succeeded on the throne by his great-grandmother, the beautiful and accomplished Mary Queen of Scots, sometimes known as the Lady of the Lake, or the Lay of the Last Minstrel.—Boston Commonwealth.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething.

His Father's First Patient.

A few days ago the little son of a well-known physician was entertaining a playmate at his father's house. As children will, they ransacked every nook and corner of the building. Their curiosity led them to explore the recesses of acloset in which the doctor keeps his instruments and other personal effects, among which is a complete skeleton. The strange boy was frightened when he first beheld the grinning remnant of what once had been a human being and started to run away. The doctor's son, however, had seen the skeleton so often that he entertained for it only that feeling of contempt begotten by familiarity and in a little while succeeded in so allaying the fears of his companion that the youngster began to handle the thing and rattle its dry bones. "Where did your father's get it?" he finally asked. "I don't know," was the reply; "but I guess it wash is first patient, for he's had it an awful long time."—Butte Miner.

Women and Cold Feet.

A man who has made a study of it called the Tribune reporter's attention to what he said was a fact, that women can stand more cold in their feet than men. He said that where a dozen men would be found wearing arctic overshoes more than three times that number of women would be found comfortable with ordinary rubbers and that most of the well-dressed women who shop downtown wear no overshoes of any sort.

PROUD OF HER FOOLS.

Malines Boasts of Her Historic Idiocy.

One of the old monks of Belgium has thus written of what certain cities pride themselves upon.

Brussels prides herself in her nobility, Antwerp in her capitalists, Ghents in the halter (this is an illusion to the submission of that city in the revolt of 1840), Bruges in her pretty girls, Louvain in her learned men, and Malines in her fools.

This last refers to the old story of how burglars once saw a great red light burning the tower of their cathedral, and, getting all the fire pumps going, they prepared for the work of saving their great beautiful church says the Boston Commonwealth. What was their mortification and dismay to find that the light was only the red rays of the rising moon, shining through the delicate stone-work in the cathedral tower.

Icicles

Glistening in the rays of the noonday sun are beautiful exceedingly, but if one of them were thrust down your back how you would shudder. This is precisely what you do when the premonitory chill of fever and ague comes on. Then is the time to take Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a "knocker out" of every form of malaria; also of dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, rheumatism and kidney trouble.

A Cultivated Convict.

Prison Missionary—My friend, are you not repentant for your past misdeeds?

Convict—Repent nawthin! You better go back to school an' finish y'r eddication.

"My friend, I am thoroughly familiar with the Bible."

"Aw, come off! Just you study up the Science of sociology, an' you'll find I am simply a product of environment—that's the sort of a hairpin I am."—New York Weekly.

The Usual Difference.

Lady—I see you advertise "good" butter, "fine" butter, "extra" butter, "best" butter and "gilt-edged" butter. What is the difference?

New Boy (not very well trained—The "gilt-edged" butter is fit to eat; the rest isn't.—Street & Smith's Good News.

Would Feel Homelike.

"And now," said the Fiji chief to the Boston missionary, "have you anything to request before we proceed with the ceremony?"

"Only this," replied the missionary, "please put a few beans in the pot with me."—London Talk.

DROUGHT PROOF FIELD CORN.

Here is something new. Despite 110 days without a drop of rain, Salzer's new Yellow Dent corn yielded on a large acreage over sixty-eight bushels per acre, while the department of agriculture reports the average yield on corn but a trifle over twenty bushels per acre in the United States. Now think of the possibilities of this corn in a good corn season! It will go double this yield then or 136 bus.

If You Will Cut This Out and Send It with 14c postage to the John A. Salzer Seed company, LaCrosse, Wis., you will get free a package of this Drouth Proof Corn and their mammoth catalog who

Traveled 3,000 Miles to Dine.

They are telling of a lady in New York, who on a visit to London some time ago, refused an offer of marriage from a young Englishman. On her return to this country she married one of her own countrymen. Recently she gave a dinner and thought it would be a graceful compliment to send an invitation to her former admirer in London. She was amazed when he presented himself on the evening of the dinner, but this was nothing to her surprise when she subsequently learned that he had departed the following day for England, having taken the journey of nearly 6,000 miles apparently to show that he could not be outdone in the compliment business.—Boston Herald.

Electric Teeth.

A case of electricity generated by a plate of false teeth occurred recently in England. A man feeling a severe pain in his tongue consulted a doctor and dentist neither of whom could find anything wrong. He then went to an electrician, who found that his false teethe were fastered to the composition plate with two metals. They were connected by wires to a galvanometer, which, as soon as the metals were moistened by the saliva, showed a current strong enough to cause ulceration and severe pain. The plate was covered with an insulating varnish, which put an end to the trouble.

Catarrh Can Not Be Cured

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they can not reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O
Sold by druggists, price 75c.
Halls Family Pills, 25c.

Divorces in France.

Divorce has been legel in France now for eight years. The first year the number granted was 1,700, the second, 4,000; in 1894, it was 9,000; the total for eight years is 40,000. The working class supply the largest proportion, 47 per cent; the peasants the smallest, 7 per cent., incompatibility of temper was the cause in 35,000 cases. The most common time for bringing suit is the fifth year after marriage. Geographically Paris leads the list.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve."
Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

All in One Town.

Every man's life, no matter how humble, would furnish an interesting book if cleverly written. You can't always tell by a glance at a man what his past has been. There is a humble carpenter in town who was the prize orator of an eastern college. Not far from the home of the writer of this there lives an ugly, decrepit old woman, who was considered in her youth the handsomest girl in Kentucky. Poems were written about her, men went crazy over her, and duels were fought by jealous admirers. Yet she married a worthless man, who got drunk and abused her. The intensely religious life followed by another man in the town is the result of remorse over having caused the death of a comrade a great many years ago. Young people are interesting for what they are, but the older folks are more interesting for what they have been, if they could be induced to tell the story.—Atchison Globe.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

"J" in the Name of Rich Men.

Is the homely litle crooked letter "J" really a mascot or is it only a coincidence that it is to be found in the given or Christian names of so many millionaires? The recent death of "J" G. Fair has suggested the following compilation of millionaires' name which contain the luck-bestowing letter: J. D. Rockefeller, J. J. Astor, Jay Gould, John M. Seares, J. S. Morgan, J. P. Morgan, J. B. Haggin, J. W. Garrett, J. G. Fair, John Wanamaker, J. W. Mackay, J. G. Flood, J. M. Constable, John T. Martin, and John Arbuckle. None of the above is rated at less than $10,000,000 and several at from six to ten times that sum.—St. Louis Republic.

Kept Both Places.

When the czar was made colonel of the Royal Scots Greys an officer of the regiment said to his orderly: "Donald, have you heard that the new emperor of Russia has been appointed colonel of the regiment?" "Indeed, sir," responded Donald, "it is a vera proud thing." Then after a pause; "Beg pardon, sir, but will he be able to keep both places?"

A Lucky Man.

"Has the cold snap revived business?" asked a friend of a Harlem hardware dealer.

"Wonderfully," was the reply. "Why, yesterday I sold a dozen alcohol stoves to saloonkeepers, and cans for heating water for hot whisky punches are in great demand."

$1,000,000 CURE FOR RHEUMATISM.

Schrage's Rheumatic Cure

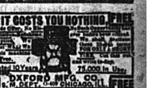
Never Failed. Pleasant, harmless, highest endorsements. Doctors praise it. Cures where all else fails. Free investigation. True Testimonials free. Write to-day. Mail orders filled. Ten Thousand True Testimonials. Bank references everywhere. Take nothing "just as good" on which your dealer makes twice as much. Purifies the blood. No opium or mercury.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO.,
167 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

MONEY

To loan, no delay, on improved city or farm property, on easy payment plan. Send for particulars.

Inter-State Savings and Loan Association,
New York Life Building,
MINNEAPOLIS MINN.



The Poor Man's Chance

HOMES 100,000 ACRES CHOICE Hardwood Farming lands situated along the line of a new railroad now being constructed in central Wisconsin, and near a through trunk line already constructed, for sale cheap to single purchasers or colonies. Special Inducements given to colonies. Long time and low interest. Send for full particulars to NORTHWESTERN LUMBER CO., Eau Claire, Wisconsin.

I suffered terribly from roaring in my head during an attack of catarrh, and became very deaf; used Ely's Cream Balm and in three weeks could hear as well as ever.—A. E. Newman, Grayling Mich.

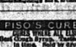
CATARRH

ELY'S CREAM BALM opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, protects the Membrane from Colds, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail.
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

THE SCALPER

16 pages, 5c. All about making money in Grain and Stocks by "scalping the market" on margins of $20 to $1,000. Best method yet. All scalpers make money. Lansing & Co., 112 Quincy St., Chicago.



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Because all have learned that it is the Best in Brainerd. Its uniform in quality. No poor Baking done and sold at a

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Specialty on Pressed Goods. These goods are made in a great variety of colors and designs, are printed in oil colors and are an exceedingly desirable low relief decoration for all classes of rooms.

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Choice Cuts Kansas City Beef.

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ROSTAD, BANE & CO

Brainerd Dispatch.

Official Paper
Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, } Editors and Proprietors.
F. W. Wieland. }

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job printing office in the city.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1894 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no rebates will be given on notices furnished in plate. H. Sverdrup, Journal.
Jos. Gruber, Wadena Pioneer.
A. J. Haines, Tribune.
Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1894.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota, as second class matter.

Local News Notes.

Farmer McCabe went to St. Cloud yesterday.

Lent began Wednesday and society will now take a rest.

The Bodega is being respapered and put up in fine style.

Miss Bessie Robinson has returned from a visit to Mapleton, N. D.

Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Bean returned yesterday from a trip to Minneapolis.

Mrs. P. J. Murphy, of Aitkin, was visiting Brainerd friends this week.

Clerk of Court S. H. Parker went to St. Paul Wednesday on business.

L. J. Cale is in Chicago buying goods for the spring and summer trade.

Mrs N. A. Mott, of Ada, Minn., is in the city the guests of Mrs. N. H. Ingersoll.

Miss Jennie Ruff went to Brainerd today to visit friends, says the Little Falls Transcript.

Mrs. C. J. Merritt and daughters, Misses Nellie and Florene, are visiting in Minneapolis.

H. Theriot will shortly open a dry goods store in the Theriot building on East Front street.

A. G. Anderson has opened a restaurant on Laurel street, next door to the East Side saloon.

W. S. Gray has sold his East Brainerd meat market to Chas. Kerner, who took possession last Monday.

Mrs. Wm. Cressy, of Milaca, was in the city a couple of days this week visiting friends. Mrs. J. N. Nevers.

Ed. Mahan, of Little Falls, was in the city the first of the week. Ed. seems to be as much of a hustler as ever.

Wanted a girl to do general house work. Applicant must be a good cook. Apply to or address W. E. Seelye, Brainerd.

Magnificent new bar fixtures have this week been put into Jas. Dewar's sample room. The room will also be redecorated.

Representative Ferris introduced a bill into the house yesterday to appropriate $2,000 to build a road in Cass county.

The post master at Gull River has received an order from the postal department at Washington to move his office to Sylvan Lake.

Sheriff Spalding went to Grand Rapids last Sunday to subpoena witnesses in the Bellcourt case for the coming term of court.

The Martha Washington supper at the Y. M. C. A. last Friday by the ladies of the M. E. Church was a great success $35 being realized.

Mowrey the jewler does all kind of watch, clock and jewelery repairing. Try him and you will be satisfied. Next door to the post office.

J. M. Elder was in St. Paul the first of the week on business. While there he made arrangements for the use of $50,000 to buy city and county orders.

Anthony Nolan is in St. Paul in attendance at the 15th annual encampment of the Minnesota Department of the G. A. R. as a delegate of Pap Thomas Post of this city.

Mrs. P. Martin, of St. Paul, wife of the auditor of the N. P. railroad, arrived in the city yesterday for a few day's visit with Mrs W. P. Spalding, mother of Sheriff Spalding.

Suits, Pants and Overcoats made to order. I have over 1000 samples of the very latest Fabrics to select from. Call and see them at room 4, Sleeper Block up stairs. P. F. Mauer.

Wm. Harmon & Co. have moved their grocery stock from East Brainerd into the Gardner block on Laurel street, and W. S. Brockway has opened a grocery in the rooms vacated by them.

R. F. Walters is moving his shoe store into the room next to McMaster's grocery, which has just been thoroughly refitted for that purpose. Mr. Walters now has as good a room as there is in the city.

A couple of painful accidents occurred in the Rosser family last week. Miss Jean upset a kettle of boiling water, which scalded one of her legs. Little Jack Rosser, while playing with a hatchet, inflicted a bad wound in one of his knees. Both children are rapidly recovering.—Grand Rapids Magnet.

The calico masked ball by the '49 club at Gardner Hall last Monday evening was a great success in every particular, all present having had a most enjoyable evening. A very large number were masked, and none but those in costume were allowed on the floor until 11 o'clock when all unmasked.

Rev. A. McNulty, secretary of Archbishop Ireland, will deliver a lecture at the Catholic church on the evening of St. Patrick's Day, March 17th. As the speaker is one of the best pulpit orators of St. Paul, it will be a great treat to hear him. Special music for the occasion will be rendered by the choir.

We had an item last week in regard to Coroner Dean being called to Deerwood to hold an inquest. It was a wild goose chase it seems. A child there died and some one imagined its death was not natural and rumors to that effect were wispered about. In order to settle the matter the coroner was called, who on a little investigation ascertained there was nothing in it.

W. M. Wessel, who sells goods for the McFadden-Mullen Co., of St. Paul, met with an accident at Brainerd that will oblige him to carry two of his fingers in a sling for several days. His company gives away a razor-edged bread knife with some fancy goods, and Mr. Wessel had one in his grip. He put his hand in for something and run two of his fingers against the knife, cutting them to the bone.—Little Falls Transcript.

J. H. Kcop left on Monday evening for Chicago. Mr. Koop goes on business connected with the dry good store.

Suits made to order $18.50, pants $4.00, a perfect fit and first class work guaranteed. Call and see me at room 4, Sleeper Block up stairs.

County superintendent of schools J. A. Wilson is in St. Paul this week attending a meeting of the State Teachers Reading Circle committee of which he is a member.

Try Mowrey the jeweler next door to the post office when you want your watch or jewelry repaired. First class work, and all work guaranteed satisfactory.

The pastor of the First Baptist church will speak on "Principle" next Sunday morning, in the evening "Our Club Houses." The 17th of March he will speak on St. Patrick and his work.

Mrs. Sarah L. Sleeper returned from Minneapolis on Tuesday accompanied by her daughter Mrs. J. L. Smith, and Mrs. G. S. Fernald, of St. Paul. Mrs. Smith returned home on Wednesday.

The bill now before the legislature fixing the time of holding court in the 10th judicial district, changes the time for court to convene in this county from the 3rd Monday in March and Sept. to the first Tuesday of those months.

Conductor Baxter left Brainerd last Saturday on his trip to the Hawian Islands. He will go several months in between here and San Francisco, and will sail from the latter city on Thursday March 7th on the steamer Mariposa. He expects to remain on the island about a month.

The poverty social at Mrs. M. McFadden's on Wednesday evening was a very amusing occasion. Some of the rigs that were worn to escape a fine were unique to say the least. S. F. Alderman took the prize for the most appropriate costume. Some of those attending however, were proud and wore all their frills and furbelows hence they compelled to contribute. Refreshments consisting of doughnuts and butternilk and ginger bread and coffee were served. A most enjoyable evening is reported by all attending.

City Attorney McClenahan returned on Tuesday evening from a business trip to St. Paul, Duluth, and other points. While in St. Paul Mr. McClenahan had a conference with Ambrose Tighe with reference to the rental of power for the electric light plant. As is well known the power company has declared its contract with the city by which the city gets 500 horse power for $6,500 a year void on the ground that the council had no rigt to make a contract extending beyond its term of office. An agreement was reached, and there can be none satisfactory to Brainerd citizens except the fulfilment of the contract as it stands. Mr. McClenahan says there are no precedents exactly covering this case, but it seems very strange that a council can make contracts giving away franchises for any period, but cannot make a contract advantageous to the city extending beyond its life. Is a poor rule that won't work both ways.

P. F. Mauer, the well known clothing man will move his office from No. 16 front street to room 4 up stairs in the Sleeper Block March 1.

A Social Event.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Farrar on Tuesday evening gave a reception in honor of their son P. A. Farrar, and his accomplished bride, who had just returned from a wedding tour. They were assisted by Mrs. Potter, the grooms sister, and Mrs. George Forsyth. The room was decorated with American Beauty and LaFrance Roses and, smilax, and presented a very handsome appearance. Light refreshments were served. A continous stream of guests thronged the parlors and reception room from seven until eleven p. m. It was in every way a very elegant and enjoyable occasion.

Arrested for Gambling.

Eleven persons in all were arrested on Wednesday night at Kinkili's and Parson & Swanson's saloon for gambling. They were arraigned in the municipal court yesterday morning and their cases were continued until Saturday morning. The men all claim that they were not gambling, but were only playing cards for the treats, and the proprietors of the places, where they were arrested, are indignant. Of course, if this is true it is to be regretted that the arrests were made, but innocent men often are arrested in the enforcement of all laws, and it seems it can't be helped. We hardly think, however, that there is any spite work in it on the part of the mayor, as has been intimated.

Brainerd Had A Strike.

The men on the landing at the Northern Mill struck last Friday for shorter hours. The men have been working 12 hours a day and then in addition would have to get out and unload all logs brought in after those hours. They wanted the company to put on a night crew of 9 or 10 men to do the extra work, but the company did not see it that way and refused to accede to their demands, hence the men numbering about 50 quit in a body. The company took the men that did repair shop to fill their places temporarily until they could get other men. They brought a large number up from Minneapolis to fill the strikers places, some of whom stayed with them but others worked only a short time and quit, but work is scarce and men wanting places are numerous, hence the company in a day or two was able to fill the strikers place. No violence or intimidation was attempted, and everything passed off as smoothly as if there had been no difficulty.

March.

Our calender year has, in passing through the formative process, seen as many changes perhaps as any of the other institutions by which we live. In the Roman (ecclesiastical) calender, until the year 1752, March was the first month, and the legal year began March 25. In France March was reckoned the first month of the year until 1564, when, by an edict of Charles IX, January was declared the commencing month. Scotland followed France in 1599, but the English delayed the change nearly a century, making the 25th of March as the commencement of the year was not so inappropriate as it might now seem to us, for in that month, in the temperate zone, nature really begins to live again; the trees send forth buds, wild animals come out of their white dens, and the fowl commence their northward journeys. It is, too, the time when the year's outdoor business begins; when the "farmer" is looking for a new country and cheaper land; the business man for a branch. If you want to travel anywhere this spring, for business, pleasure, or visiting, send the Burlington Route as your railroad line if possible. For information concerning the many places accessible by its trains, call on your local ticket agent for maps and time tables, or for more complete information write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul Minn.

DEATHS.

Mrs. Anna Capistrant, wife of Remi Capistrant, of Crow Wing county, died of cosumption at St. Gabriel's hospital on Thursday, aged 23 years. She leaves a child two years old that is seriously ill.—Little Falls Transcript.

Dorothy M., infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Mantor, died on Wednesday, Feb. 27th, of heart failure, and was buried on the 28th.

E. R. Bell received information last Monday of the death of his father, Dr. James K. Bell, who resided in Brainerd about four years, but left here about eighteen months ago. His death took places at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Frank L. Sutton, 1350 Avon street, LaCrosse, Wis., on Sunday last. The deceased was 68 years of age, and was an old soldier, having been captain of Co. C, 192nd Ohio Vols., during the war. He was well known and much respected in this city. The funeral took place Tuesday afternoon.—Journal.

Mr. John Stearns died on Sunday, Feb. 24th, of paralysis, at the residence of his son, J. J. Stearns, in Oak Lawn township, aged 90 years and 6 months. Deceased has been a resident of the city for many years, and had the respect of all who knew him because of his manly qualities and noble Christian character. He has been a member of the Methodist church for years, but for the past few years has been a member of the Congregational church in East Brainerd, because of its nearness to his home. His funeral services were conducted there on Thursday, the 26th, by Rev. G. F. Morton, assisted by Rev. West, of the M. E. church, and Rev. Stapf, of the German church. L. W. Stearns, of East Brainerd, and J. J. Stearns, of Oak Lawn, are sons of the deceased.

Committed Suicide.

Corner I. T. Dean was called to Staples last Sunday night to investigate the death of Pat. Rogers, a Cass county settler living about five miles from Staples on Sec. 20, town 134, range 32. No inquest was deemed necessary by Coroner Dean, as it was a clear case of suicide, judging from the mass surroundings when he was found. Deceased had lived there for the past ten years all alone, having no family. His neighbors say that he seemed despondent lately. He ended his life by shooting himself twice through the body with a No. 32 self acting revolver, and when he was found the revolver lay by his side close to his outstretched hand. He is known to have relatives living in Stillwater, Minn., and the address of John Mangan, 305 Williams street, Stillwater was found on his person. He is supposed to be the uncle of the deceased.

Municipal Court Proceedings.

John Sherring, Robert Monk and I. McKinnon were arrested the latter part of the week for selling whiskey without a license at Lothrop. They were arraigned in the municipal court here on Monday and were discharged on a technicality, but were immediately arrested and held to the grand jury after waiving a preliminary examination. County Attorney Chipperfield conducted the prosecution and Judge Fleming appeared for the defendants.

Jasper Waldrop was arrested on Tuesday on a charge of petit larceny on complaint of Ed. Grundhagen. D. M. Clark & Co.'s tinsmith. Mr. Grundhagen claimed that a $20 gold piece was extracted from his pocket book in the Palace Hotel, and he accused Waldrop who was a fellow boarder of purloining the same. The case was placed on trial in the municipal court on Wednesday before a jury, but was dismissed on motion of to defendants attorney after the state rested. County Attorney Chipperfield conducted the prosecution and Messrs Fleming and Warner appeared for the defense.

Staples Items.

From the World.

Mrs. W. J. Lewis visited relatives at Brainerd the first of the week.

Mrs. A. H. Closterman returned to her home at Brainerd Saturday.

Mrs. Thos. Loftus went to Brainerd Saturday to visit relatives. Her sister, Miss Sadie Reilly, returned with her.

Superintendent Sovereign has had his moustache shaved off, and will easily pass for a priest if he did not get to talking shop—or religion.

Miss Laura Leek, who has been teaching school in the vicinity of Wadena, has been visiting relatives in Staples. She departed yesterday for Brainerd.

A Tale of Woe.

Monday a wohan called at the police station and recited a tale of woe. She gave her name as May Smith, and arrived in the city from Grand Forks over the N. P. She was on her way to Brained, and stopped off here for the purpose of visiting the Salvation Army. She stopped at the Northern hotel and about 8 o'clock went to the barracks to attend services. As she stepped from the building after the exercises she claims that a young man told her that she was going to be held up and robbed. She started to the hotel by way of Fourth and Broadway. When near the corner of these two streets she was met by two young men who demanded her money. She was badly frightened, and produced all the money she had—$7.30. Her description of her assailants would be met on the streets. Chief Gonyea will investigate the matter thoroughly.—Crookston Tribune.

"The Senate."

The senate was called to order by President Fleming.

The following committees were appointed by the president:

Ways and Means—H. L. Casey, chairman, F. G. Hall, E. P. Mallory.

Railroads—C. D. Cohen, chairman, W. A. Spencer, J. A. Carter, C. A. Allbright.

Finance—C. D. Cohen, chairman, J. H. Murphy, Chas. Mitchell.

Judiciary—C. A. Allbright, chairman, W. Peyton, H. L. Casey, E. P. Mallory, J. F. Rieke.

Immigration—L. McPherson, chairman, Wm. Kelly, W. W. Bain.

Game and Fish—W. G. Percy, chairman, A. Gaudlup, Ralph Robinson.

Internal Improvement—Geo. Grewcox, chairman, F. G. Hall, W. A. Spencer.

Log and Lumber—F. G. Hall, chairman, W. W. Bain, J. D. Congdon.

Public Lands—W. A. Spencer, chairman, D. D. Cohen, G. L. Smith.

Resolved, That the present visitors shall be admitted to the floor of this senate on tickets issued by the secretary of the senate, and no others.

The following bills were introduced:

By Senator Percy—To amend Sec. 15, Chapter 124, of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota.

By Senator Allbright—To regulate the use of pound nets in international waters.

Senate went into committee of the whole with Senator Allbright in the chair. S. F. No. 1, a bill for an act making Feb. 12th a legal holiday, was discussed, and recommended to pass. Report of the committee of the whole was adopted, and the senate adjourned until Wednesday evening, March 6th, 1895.

H. L. Casey, Sec'y.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

More About Uncle Josh.

All the Aitkin papers last week spoke in the highest terms of the presentation there of "Uncle Josh" by the Jefferson Dramatic Club, of this city, but the Independent man must have been smitten by the charms of the ladies, judging from his very complimentary references. After speaking of the merits of the entertainment as a whole, the Independent says:

Taking it as a whole, the play was admirably presented, and passed off smoothly, with credit distributed where it properly belonged, but it was Mrs. Nellie Hazen, in the role of "Letty Reynolds," that made the hit of the evening. Bewitchingly beautiful, handsomely attired, and lithe and graceful, moving about the stage with ease and grace, taking her cue promptly and rendering her lines with just the proper pitch of voice the occasion required, her very action, look and gesture being symbolical of her role, and when she left the stage the audience felt that there was a vacuum there until she returned. The solos by S. F. Alderman were well received, and Verne Anderson's selections on the piano won for him much applause. We understand the Jefferson Club intend visiting Aitkin again in about a month, at which time they will present a light opera. We predict for them a packed house.

Teachers' Examination.

Teachers' public examination will be held at the Court House, in Brainerd, on March 5th, 6th, 8th, 9th, 12th and 13th. No private examinations will be granted before April 1st.

J. A. Wilson,
Co. Supt. of Schools.

NEW YORK CITY CONTRASTS.

The Busiest Quarters In the Daytime Are the Quietest at Night.

It is by very force of contrast that the quietest places in New York at night are those which are noisiest by day—to wit, the great shipping and warehouse quarters. From the foot of Forty-second street, on the east, clear around the island to the New York Central railroad slips at the foot of Sixtieth street, on the west, there are during the day the rush of traffic, the clatter of hoggies, the rumble of trucks, the classic apostrophes of the truckmen, the building up and demolition of pyramids of merchandise on the wharves and the quick moving streams of men loading and unloading craft from here, there and everywhere.

But at night all this great belt of activity is quiet and deserted save in an occasional spot where there is an extra rush on some piece of work. The streets are filled with empty trucks and carts. There is the erratic glimmer of lanterns and the faint sound of horses feeding in unoccupied stables. The shadowy figures of watchmen move slowly about, the ship lanterns rise and fall with the tide, and square patches of light mark the ships' companionways and the seattle holes of the canalboats. Across the street the restaurants and saloons are open and sometimes noisy, but along the waterside it is as quiet as the river itself.

The contrast is even greater in the great business blocks along Greenwich street on the one side and those abutting on Water street on the East river, those wonderful sections of the city where the products of the world are not only dealt in, but actually handled; where offices are few and the warehouses bursting with riches. During the daylight hours there is no cease to the movement here—not the movement of people, but the movement of goods. It is not the prestissimo movement either that one sees over the crowded thoroughfares of travel, but the open, largo movement of cargoes on wheels drawn by ponderous beasts of burden. It is the extent, not the rapidity, of the business that is bewildering. It is as though all the world had turned merchant and was trading here. And then, when the dusk comes on, a strange loneliness comes down on everything. The roaring trucks go off, and their absence almost changes the whole character of the locality. Great iron doors are banged to, specks of light show where the shipping clerks are laying out their plans for next morning's first job, the narrow streets take on unaccustomed airs of quiet and are seen to be oven narrower and dirtier than they were thought to be when filled from house to house with moving loads of clean packages, and when the last clerk locks the door and scurries away to the lighted and lively streets it is as though the very spirit of loneliness had taken possession of the place.—New York Sun.

Beware of the Street Car Strap.

A Pittsburger went to his physician a few days ago complaining of a dull ache in his left forearm. He had never had rheumatism, but thought his pain must come from that malady. After describing it the doctor said, "You have been using your office in the cable car, don't you?" "Yes." "You seldom get a seat?" "True enough." "You have formed the habit of holding to the strap with your left hand?" "Since you mention it, I know that is so, though I had not thought of it." "That is the cause of the pain you feel. For an hour a day, more or less, your left arm is held in an unnatural upraised position, and it has begun to tell upon you. You can relieve the ache with this ointment which I shall give you, but a cure can only be effected by ceasing to support yourself by hanging to a strap."

Answers from Eminent Men of History.

"I made an interesting discovery when I was at Niagara Falls," said a tourist. "It was that the hackmen there have a strong sense of humor. One afternoon, when I was returning to my hotel with an empty purse and tired out by the importunities of the thousand and one sharks who infest the village, I stopped to buy a cigar. Thoughtlessly I struck a match against the wheel of a cab. Immediately the driver came ringing up to me and yelled:

"'Hi, there, that'll cost you half a dollar.' I was so nervous that for a moment I thought he was in earnest and stared blankly at him. 'Well,' he added indulgently, 'I'll let you off this time.'

"Then he and the other johns standing around burst into laughter. They appreciated their reputation."

BLOOD RED,

TURKEY RED,

For Cash.

Turkey Red Table Damask For Sale

MONDAY MORNING,

Warranted Fast Colors, Doubled Faced, New Goods, at

25 Cents Per Yard.

A Finer Grade Worth 50 Cents, for Only 28 Cents Per Yard.

A Still Finer Grade at 39c.

The above goods are all New and will be on Sale at these Prices until sold.

The list of last week is still O. K. Ginghams at 3½c, 5c, 6c. and 7 cents per yard.

Bleached 10 cent Muslins for 6½ cents.

Linen Crash at 5 cents per yard.

This Week We add to the list a splendid value in Zephyr Checks, Stripes and Plaids, worth fully 15c per yard. OUR CASH PRICE 8 1-2 cents per yard.

We Forget To classify our Half Bleached and Pure White Table Linen from the looms of Ireland and Germany. Come in and look at the CASH PRICES we make on them.

Since last We ... advertisement we received some new Outing Flannels, and we quote them at 5c., 6c., 8c. and 10 cents per yard.

All at Cash Values.

It Would Delight the heart of any lady to look over our New Stock of WHITE GOODS and Embroideries. All subject to the

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Our Most Convincing argument is, that the goods we sell are all NEW, FIRST-CLASS, and sold at Unanswerable, Unapproachable,

CASH, ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

RESPECTFULLY,

HENRY I. COHEN.

SLEEPER BLOCK.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE

BRAINERD DISPATCH.

J. R. SMITH,

Fire Insurance!

Real Estate,

LOANS

Rents and Collections.

SLEEPER BLOCK. Brainerd, Minn.

L. W. CHASE,

PROPRIETOR

The Bodega.

Sleeper Block, Front Street.

Finest in all Points of any Saloon in the Northwest.

IMPORTED—
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

BILLIARD AND POOL PARLOR In Connection

COME IN AND SEE US.

D. M. McDONALD,

Veterinary Surgeon,

Graduate of McGill Veterinary College.

Office at Gergen & Purdy's Livery Barn. Day or Night calls promptly attended to.

N. Schroeder,

DEALER IN

Wines, Liquors, and CIGARS

Imported and Domestic.

Special Attention Given to Orders for Family Use.

Give me a call when in Detroit and will guarantee good usage.

N. SCHROEDER,

DETROIT, MINN

Professional Cards.

R. K. WHITELEY,

CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR.

Office, Room 2 Sleeper Block.

BRAINERD, MINN.

Money to loan on city property.

J. R. SMITH, Agent.

Re-varnish your buggies once a year at Congdon's.

Have your prescriptions filled at the McFadden Drug Store.

If you want to sell city property list it with J. R. SMITH.

All our Boots, Shoes and Slippers for men, women and children will be sold at cost to save moving.

R. F. WALTERS.

Big "9" 6th St.

Housekeeping outfits on the installment plan at the Hoffman Bazaar.—tf.

The sweetest cakes, nicest cream puffs and those lovely doughnuts at Mahoney's.

D. M. Clark & Co., the only installment store in the city. Goods sold on easy terms.

If you want the finest beef in the city C. A. Walker & Co. has it—fresh killed native beef.

Consult your own interests and demonstrate your wisdom by patronizing the Dispatch for job work and advertising. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Get your harness repaired at D. M. Clark & Co's.

Sherwood's Cough Syrup is sold on a guarantee at the McFadden Drug Store.

Sash and doors at D. M. Clark & Co's.

The Big 9

Is offering everything at cost to reduce stock before moving. Call and see us. R. F. Walters,

Sixth Street.

McCall has the best line of pocket cultery razors and scissors to be found in the city.

The office of J. R. Smith is the headquarters for reliable fire insurance. Room 2, Sleeper Block.

Touch up and varnish your wagons for spring trade, at Congdon's. It will save you money.

D. M. Clark & Co. will take lumber in trade for hardware.

D. M. Clark & Co. will take lumber in trade for hardware.

CONGDON

removes all smoke, dust, etc., and makes old paper bright as new.

Wall paper at D. M. Clark & Co's

Now is the time to buy children's shoes. We have a large stock and will sell them at cost before moving

R. F. Walters,

Big "9" 6th St.

D. M. Clark & Co. will take lumber in trade for hardware.

Mack's Headache powders will cure your headache. Twenty-five cents at the McFadden Drug store.

Buy your meats at C. A. Walker & Co.'s, the finest in the city.

Good native beef, fresh killed, at Lowest Prices in the city at C. A. Walker & Co's.

THE

Wisconsin Central Lines,

RUN

Two fast trains daily between St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chicago, Milwaukee and all points in Wisconsin, making connection in Chicago with all lines running east and south.

Tickets sold and baggage checked through to all points in the United States and Canadian provinces.

For full information regarding routes, rates, maps, folders, etc., address your nearest ticket agent or

Jas. C. Pond,

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—Dealer in—

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS.

Cor sixth and L. ...el.

We keep nothing but the finest goods and Guarantee Satisfaction.

Drop in any time as we will make it pleasant for you.

JAS. H. KELEHAN

A. L. McDONALD,

Backus, Minn.

Dealer in

Hats, caps, Mitts, Moccasins, Boots, Rubbers, Mackinaws, Pants and Overals. Groceries, Drugs and Patent medicines.

Pioneer House and Livery Barn in Connection.

Lowest Prices for Everything. Time Checks Cashed at Back Rates.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Of Brainerd, Minn.

A. F. FERRIS, President
LEON E. LUM, Vice President
G. D. LAGAR Cashier

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - $200,000
Paid up Capital, - - - $50,000
Surplus, - - - - $30,000

Business accounts invited.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST.

NO SQUEAKING.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.

Take no Substitute.

Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

R. F. WALTERS.

Legal Notices.

(First Publication Feb. 1st.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Crow Wing, }

District Court, 10th Judicial District.

The First National Bank of Brainerd, Plaintiff,

vs.

W. H. Wenaway and Thomas Halladay, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of said Court, at his office in the City of Brainerd, in said county, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, within 30 days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint, and will take judgment for said sum of nine hundred and fifty-seven dollars and seventy-five cents ($957.75), with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum, from the 1st day of January, 1894, at the costs and disbursements herein.

Dated Sept. 16th, A. D. 1894.

W. A. FLEMING,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Brainerd, Minn.
Office Room 3, Bank Block, Brainerd, Minn.

WILLIAM H. ERB

—Manufacturer of and Dealer in—

FINE AND HEAVY HARNESS

Horse Furnishing Goods Of Every Description.

Repairing Neatly and Promptly Attended to.

West Side 5th St., Near Front,

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