THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 14, NUMBER 36. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 9, 1895. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS.

Northern Pacific Bank

Cor. Front and 7th Streets.

C. N. PARKER, President.
SAM. WALKER, Vice President.
J. N. NEVERS, Cashier.

Money to Loan
On Chattel Security

County and City Orders Bought!

Lumbermen's Time Checks Cashed.

Thos. F. Oakes, Harry U. Payne, Harry C. Bates, Receivers

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

RUNS

THROUGH CARS

TO

ST. PAUL,
MINNEAPOLIS,
DULUTH
FARGO
GRAND FORKS
and WINNIPEG

TO

HELENA	Pullman Sleeping Cars
BUTTE	Elegant Dining Cars
SPOKANE	TOURIST SLEEPING CARS
TACOMA	
SEATTLE	
PORTLAND	

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

No. 4 arrives from the South at 8:15 p. m. Departs going west at 8:30 p. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 6 arrives from the west at 11:30 p. m. Departs going south at 12:45 p. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 11 arrives from Duluth at 7:40 p. m., and departs from the west at 8:05 p. m. daily.

No. 12 arrives from the West at 8:00 a. m. Departs going east at 8:10 a. m. daily.

No. 11, Little Falls and Dakota train, arrives at 10 p. m.

No. 12, Little Falls and Dakota train, departs at 6:30 a. m.

No. 24 carries passengers to Aitken, departs at at 10:00 p. m.

No. 25 from N. P. Junction arrives at 4:15 p. m. and departs for Staples at 5:15 p. m.

No. 24 arrives from Staples at 8 a. m. Departs for N. P. Junction at 9:00 a. m.

For Rates, Maps, Time Table or special information, apply to agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd, or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
ST. PAUL MINN

CALL AT

The Dispatch

FOR JOB WORK.

All Work

Guaranteed.

JAS. H. KELEHAN

—Dealer in—

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS,

Cor sixth and L ural.

We keep nothing but the finest goods and Guarantee Satisfaction.

Drop in any time as we will make it pleasant for you.

JAS. H. KELEHAN

THE BEST

FAMILY MEDICINE

She Has Ever Known. Words of Praise from a New York Lady for

AYER'S PILLS

"I would like to add my testimony to that of others who have used Ayer's Pills, and to say that I have taken them for many years, and always derived the best results from their use. For stomach and liver troubles, and for the cure of headache caused by these derangements, Ayer's Pills cannot be equaled.

When my friends ask me what is the best remedy for disorders of the stomach, liver, or bowels, my invariable answer is, Ayer's Pills. Taken in season, they will break up a cold, prevent la grippe, check fever, and regulate the digestive organs. They are easy to take, and are, indeed, the best all-round family medicine I have ever known."—Mrs. Mary Jonesor, 308 Rider Avenue, New York City.

AYER'S PILLS

Highest Honors at World's Fair.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla Cures all Blood Disorders.

POST-OFFICE

NEWS DEPOT!

Books, Papers, Tobaccos, And Confectionery.

Best Line of Foreign and Domestic

CIGARS.

H. FOX, - Proprietor.

WHAT YOUR THUMB TELLS.

Square Type.

The thumb is an unfailing index of character. The square type indicates a strong will, great energy and firmness. Used chiefly by the Spatulated Type, the thumb of those of advanced ideas and practicability. Both of these types belong to the busy man, or woman; and Demorest's Family Magazine presents specimens of new ideas, and engravings in a small space, so that the record of the whole world's doings for a month may be read in half an hour. The Conical Type indicates refinement, culture, and a love of music, poetry, and thought. Demorest's Monthly will delight all these with its rich store of literary attractions and beautiful illustrations. The Artistic Type indicates a love of beauty and art, and Demorest will please in the magnificent oil-plates of roses, 16x24 inches, reproduced from the original paintings by Prang, and other exquisite floral pictures in family and home adornment, which will be given to every subscriber to Demorest's Magazine for 1895. The cost of this superb work of art was $30.00; and the reproduction cannot be distinguished from the original. The Philosophic Artistic Type indicates entire pictures in miniature in each number of the Magazine, and the articles are so profusely and superbly illustrated that the Magazine is, in reality, a delightful of art works of the highest order. The Practical Type gives the thumb of the thinker, who will be deeply interested in those departments which, in Demorest's Magazine, in every one of its numerous departments, which cover the entire artistic and scientific field, chronicling, in fact, fancy, and fad of the day. Demorest's Family Magazine, and the long and crowned Queen of the Monthlies, Send in your subscription with the cost only $2.00, and you will have a dozen Magazines in one, a Prang $30 Panorama Masterpiece, Publisher, 15 East 14th Street, New York. Through all its various departments, in fact, in fashion pages, and in articles on family and household matters, will be of superlative interest to those who have subscribed for Demorest's Family Magazine. Thumb, which indicates in its small size, abandonment of self, and in smooth, rounded outline, the kindly and sympathetic nature. Usually to the smaller style thumbs, should subscribe for Demorest's Magazine. If you are unacquainted with this publication, send 10 cents, and we will admit that seeing these VIRTUES has put you in the way of securing, by mailing, the Magazine everything to satisfy the literary taste of the whole family.

Horses Owners!

If you have a horse with sore feet or troubled with any disease of the hoof, use the Hygia Hoof Packing. Geo. Woodling keeps it.

Furniture and Fixtures for Sale.

I desire to sell the furniture and fixtures of the Central Hotel, corner of Laurel and Sixth Streets and will make a bargain on it.

GEO. KUOCH.

Sheep Taken Up.

Came into my enclosure two sheep, which the owner is requested to call and take away, after paying charges.

A. OLSON.

How's This for a Record.

Sherwood's Cough Syrup has been manufactured and sold in Brainerd for over 20 years on a positive guarantee and not a bottle has been returned.

Post-Office News Depot.

Books, Papers, Cigars, Tobaccos and Confectionery.

H. FOX, Proprietor.

The Latest Sensation.

The surprisingly low rates offered by the Nickel Plate Road to Boston and return account Knights Templar Conclave and a choice of forty routes Tickets on sale August 19th to 25th, inclusive; longest return limit; service strictly first-class. Sleeping car space reserved in advance. For further information address J. Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE TO THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.

Take no Substitute.

Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

R. F. WALTERS.

BUSINESS MEN'S PICNIC.

The Excursion to Leech Lake on Tuesday Was a Great Success.

One of the most pleasant occasions in the memory of the Brainerd people was the excursion to Leech Lake on Tuesday under the direction of the business men. All day Monday a drizzling rain descended much to the discomfiture of the originators of the trip and those who had set their hearts on going, and probably resulted in keeping a hundred or more people from enjoying what was really the most pleasant day's outing of many seasons.

Tuesday morning broke bright and clear with the sun shining, and before the party reached its destination old Sol had dried the rain from the trees and ground, in fact, if the day had been especially ordered, it could not have been more perfect. The time for leaving had been announced for 7 o'clock, but as is invariably the case on such occasions, there was some delay, and it was 8 o'clock when the train left the Brainerd & Northern Minnesota depot. The cars were backed down to Kindred street and First Ave., where the majority of the excursionists got aboard, the street cars being crowded and many walked to the train. There were seven coaches and necessary cars for boats and provisions. The ride through the new section of country opened to civilization and settlement by the building of the B. & N. railroad was enjoyed by the 342 men, women and children who were on board, and as very few had been over the line before, there were constant exclamations of delight as the train bore its load of human freight past the many beautiful lakes which dot the country to the north, on many of which the road runs almost at the water's edge. Along the route here and there are settler's cabins, with a patch of ground neatly cultivated, showing that civilization is closely following the building of the railroad. A short stop was made at Parker's, and also at Barclay's, the latter place being where the road crosses Pine River. At the latter place Geo. Barclay has built a mammoth hotel, and also runs a store and saloon in the same building. Mr. Barclay was there years before the railroad was thought of and carried on his business in log buildings, but keeping up with the times in improvement he has now as fine a building would be expected in a town of 5000 people. He also has a fine farm, although there is no town at the station, the country is fertile and quite well settled in that vicinity. The excursion train pulled into Lothrop a little after 10 o'clock, and here the train stopped for fifteen minutes, the band playing for the edification of the people who had turned out to welcome the excursionists. Lothrop is an original town, probably the only one of its kind in the United States to-day. It is built in the midst of a swamp with business buildings put up of logs here and there where a dry spot could be found, without regard for regularity, and in many instances resting on piling. But the people of Brainerd who did not go have heard all about Lothrop from those who did and we will not attempt a description.

Lothrop is six miles from the lake and as the work of ballasting the track has just begun, the train was run very carefully over this piece of road, consuming thirty minutes. Once at the grounds the people swarmed from the train like so many bees from a hive, and soon the point land selected for their reception was occupied by the pleasure-seekers. The two steamers, the Monarch, owned by Frost & Shaw, and N. Dally's boat, were tied up to a dock at the grounds and accommodated many who wished to visit the agency. An arrangement had been made for the Indians to come in force, and agree to the picnic grounds and give canoe races and dancing, but for some reason unexplained the Indians failed to come, and sent couriers to inform the people that exhibitions would be given at the reservation. The committee had also arranged to feed the tribe of red men, and give suitables prizes to winners of games. Probably one-half the excursionists availed themselves of the opportunity to go over to the agency, and they were highly entertained, witnessing the weird dances of the aborigines. Here also took place the game of ball between the grocers and barbers, the former winning out victorious by a score of 12 to 2, the barbers claiming, however, that the grocers took advantage of them by picking up three athletic young bucks who almost knocked the cover off the ball every time they came to bat.

The excursion train left the lake on the homeward trip at 6:30, arriving at Brainerd at 9 o'clock without an accident of any description to mar the pleasure of the day.

Special Service to Cleveland.

The fast train on the Nickel Plate Road leaving Chicago at 1:30 p. m., arriving Cleveland 11:50 p. m., is the best day train between Chicago and Cleveland. Give it a trial and be convinced. Uniformed colored porters in charge of day coaches. Lowest rates to all points. For further information address J. Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams Street, Chicago, Ill. 39

A harness, lap robe and whip, all for Six Dollars, at Geo. Woodling's harness shop.

The finest line of whips in the city at Geo. Woodling's, and prices way down.

COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS.

Proceedings of the Board of Crow Wing County Commissioners, Meeting Held August 6th, 1895.

Proceeding board county commissioners, Crow Wing county, meeting held August 6th, 1895.

All members present.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved as read.

Motion was made and seconded that petition of citizens of Townships 42-26 and 45-25, to lay out a road, be granted, and Commissioners Farrar and Patterson were appointed to obtain releases of damages and have same surveyed.

Board adjourned until 2 p. m.

The following bills were allowed:

John Bubar, viewing roads	$5 50
Annie Nesheim, release of damages in 44-29	10 00
J. F. McGinnis & Co., goods poor farm	6 70
Brown, Treacy & Co., stationery	1 49
Pioneer Press Co., stationery	38 00
Joel Smith, planks for roads	13 30
Joel Smith, viewing roads	3 50
S. J. Alderman, drawing jury	3 00
Knute Olson, work at farm	22 00
G. S. McCulloch, overseer farm	50 00
Brainerd Plumbing Co., 100 feet hose court house	14 00
Slipp Bros., goods court house	8 80
Slipp Bros., goods poor farm	6 25
City of Brainerd, electric lights August	7 77
W. W. Craig, goods for poor	5 00
James Rhoades, repairing wagon, farm	2 50
N. E. Paine, plumbing court house	13 50
Peabody & Baker, meats for poor	3 00
Michael Seagen, constable St. Matthias	6 50
M. McFadden, expressage	1 39
H. I. Cohen, goods poor farm	2 80
I. T. Dean, viewing remains D. McDonald and an unknown at Leech Lake	22 00
Losay & Dean, burial unknown person	12 00
Brainerd Dispatch, printing	65 37
Blegmeyer Bros., stationery	4 50
W. S. Megquier, boarding prisoners	74 77
Joseph Knerr, juror Daggett Brook	1 00

The following appropriations were made from road and bridge fund, viz:

$100, south Bay Lake road, between Sections 30 and 31, and Round Lake in 45-28, Robert Magnan to expend same, subject to approval of Commissioner Patterson.

$15 to repair corduroy on Section 26, Town 45-29, same to be expended by L. E. Garrison, subject to approval of Commissioner Patterson.

$100 to repair roads in 44-29, to be expended as follows, viz:

$25 at crossing of Nokasippi Lake. $25 on hill, Section 18. $25 on corduroy, Section 19, and $25 on corduroy, Section 30.

Petition of citizens of Town 43-30 to change boundaries of School Districts 19 and 39, was rejected.

Valuation of Lot 9, Block 4, Parker's Addition, was on motion reduced to $150 for 1894.

Motion made and carried that auditor draw an order for $2,500 from interest fund in favor of First National Bank of Brainerd, to pay interest on bonds due Sept. 1st.

Alfred Hudson was allowed $15 for release of damages and removing fence on Section 11, Town 43, Range 32, and an appropriation was made from road and bridge fund for same.

The following bills were allowed:

H. Spalding, fees in state case	$116 80
J. W. Holsapple, constable fees Daggett Brook	7 20
W. J. Palmer, assessing Cass county	500 00
Louis Nelson, assessing attached territory	120 00
D. Archibald, assessing unorganized territory	95 00
Wm. Barron, mileage in case State vs. Corbett	10 00
J. L. Camp, medical services rendered poor	37 00

Liquor bond of A. Barclay, in the sum of $2,000, was accepted, and license granted.

The following committee was appointed, with power to act, in regard to work on Pine River road: Commissioners Farrar, Bubar and Smith.

Board adjourned until the first Tuesday in September.

LOUIS TACHE,
Co. Auditor.

Be a vote of 17-to 1 the council of West Superior has impeached Mayor Starkweather.

PUTTING horse flesh up in cans for use as food is a new industry which has just been started in this country, and will undoubtedly grow to large proportions. Portland, Oregon, was the city to first start horse flesh out over the United States in this style.

Choice of Routes

To Knights Templar Conclave, Boston, via The Nickel Plate Road, embracing Chautauqua Lake, Niagara Falls, Thousand Islands, Rapids of the St. Lawrence, Saratoga, Palisades of the Hudson, Hoosac Tunnel and ride through the Berkshire Hills by day light. Tickets on sale August 19th to 25th, inclusive; lowest rates; quick time and service unexcelled, including palace sleeping and dining cars. Address J. Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago, for further information.

CASS COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

Proceedings of the Board of Cass County Commissioners, Meeting Held August 5th, 1895.

Proceeding of board of Cass county commissioners, meeting held Monday, August 5th, 1895.

All members present.

Petition of citizens of Towns 133-29 and 133-30, to open a road, was granted, and Commissioners Hardy and Bryant appointed to open same.

The following bills were allowed, viz:

M. S. Kendall, road work		$32 00
J. A. Gilberg,	"	12 00
James Johnson,	"	8 25
Geo. Dowald,	"	8 25
Henry Dowald,	"	8 25
D. W. Welsh,	"	8 25
G. W. Seeley,	"	7 50
Wm. Shackel,	"	6 00
W. H. Haynor,	"	3 00
John E. Olson,	"	28 50
John Olinger, building bridge		45 00
L. Larbar, road work		27 00
G. W. Hall,	"	24 00
R. D. Oliver,	"	12 90
Eugene Seeley,	"	25 50
James Simpson,	"	6 75
A. Bacon,	"	18 00
Jacob Hensen,	"	19 50
Amos Wilson,	"	14 00
John Britton,	"	21 00
James Cure, building bridge		37 50
J. H. Baker, blacksmith work		5 05
Aug. Miller, road work		34 50
Jerome Trafton, road work		34 50
G. W. Hall, building bridges		57 00
Andrew Barch, road work		1 50
Brainerd Dispatch, printing		5 00
A. W. Miller, road work		30 00
Julius Patterson,	"	14 00
Wm. Crawford,	"	9 37
Albert Swift,	"	12 75
J. A. Summers,	"	3 00
Hal. Pond,	"	3 00
Bert Camp,	"	2 62
Eugene Randall,	"	6 00
Edward Haywood,	"	19 50
Jacob Hensen,	"	4 50
Geo. Manning,	"	10 50
Geo. Cole,	"	36 75
Willie Horn,	"	36 00
Joseph Collett,	"	9 00
Ed. Collett,	"	12 00
Wm. Blackburn,	"	4 50
A. French,	"	6 00
Fred Haywood,	"	13 50
Ed. Collett,	"	4 50
Robt. Gregory,	"	12 75
Dan Noland,	"	9 75
A. French,	"	7 50
Geo. B. Gregory,	"	38 62
Sam Brinegar,	"	33 00
Ed. Collett,	"	5 25
Wm. Blackburn,	"	27 00
Robt. Manning,	"	13 50
John Bryant,	"	4 50
Sam Hix,	"	3 37
Josiah Hix,	"	12 75
Al. Young,	"	49 50
Geo. Collett,	"	5 25
Frank Cole,	"	3 00
Geo. B. Gregory,	"	7 50
Ike Manning,	"	4 50
Geo. Collett	"	9 75
Hal. Pond,	"	9 00
Geo. S. Cole,	"	18 00
L. Severson.	"	6 00
Geo. L. Hardy, 1 meeting and roads		3 80
W. W. Bryant, 1 meeting and roads		17 20
J. J. Ellis, 1 meeting and roads		19 60

Motion made and seconded that all road work being done by road overseers be stopped until further orders.

Moved and carried that the full board go and view proposed roads in the vicinity of Stony Brook, and report at next meeting.

Board adjourned until the first Monday in September.

LOUIS TACHE,
Co. Auditor.

It cost the tax payers of Aitkin county over $1500 for the prosecution of the Christello brothers, who received a life sentence for murder there last week.

A Real Journey.

Perhaps a couple of decades ago it was that Jules Verne, that ingenuous juggler with geographical facts and scientific probabilities (and impossibilities) described in vivid style the supposed voyage of a wonderful submarine vessel driven by electricity. A faint shadow of his gorgeous picture has been given us by some electrically guided torpedo boats, but the story still remains a fancy rather than even a probability. However romantic it might be to voyage "twenty thousand leagues under the sea," were that a possibility, it would be far more profitable and interesting to take a journey of seven thousand miles (and return) through the prosperous and populous states of Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Minnesota, South Dakota, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming and Montana, observing people, their variety, their industrious people, their growing cities and towns, studying their resources in crops, timber and mines, and noting what has been done in a generation to transform the wilderness into a cultivated country, the home of nearly fifteen millions of people. The traveler would return with his mind stored with material for a score of books, and could choose history, statistics or poetry as his theme. Such a journey could be made by taking a trip over the lines of the Burlington Route, which traverses or penetrates all the states named above, and reaches nearly all their principal cities. Your home ticket agent can supply you with tickets via this route to Chicago, Peoria, St. Louis, Omaha, Kansas City, Denver, and hundreds of other places East, South and West. For more particular information, address W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

HE WAS A MAD BIRD.

The Sparrow Thought a Joke Was Being Played Upon Him.

"You never saw such a mad sparrow in your life as one I saw one spring day," said Van Tope. "This sparrow was building a nest, and he flew down beside a goodly lot on the pavement, where he found what he probably supposed was a beautiful, straight piece of straw. It happened to be a string, however, and the other end of it was caught on a nail in the box.

"But the sparrow wist not that it was so, and he grabbed the end of the string and started gayly away. Of course he soon brought up with a round turn, as the sailors say, and found the piece of string jerked away from him. He lit on the ground and looked around to see what impudent and envious sparrow had tackled him for his string. He looked as though he was ready to lick any sparrow in that block who should set claim to his string. After standing around as if daring the other fellow to knock a chip off his shoulder, and the other fellow not showing up, he grabbed his string and started off. Again he was yanked back by the string, and when he lit he fairly danced around in his wrath. You could just imagine him calling that other sparrow all sorts of names. He hopped around the goods box to find him and lit on the edge to peep in. After waiting a reasonable length of time for his tormentor he started off again, and again was yanked back.

"This seemed to get to him. He was dead sure some other sparrow was putting up a game on him, and no one could imagine him saying that he did not care so much for the dod rotted string, but that he hated to be fooled with in this way by some young bantling of this year's hatch. Then an idea struck him. He flew off and got Mrs. Sparrow. He told her about the matter, and after giving her instructions from a neighboring tree he posted himself on a limb just above the box and sent for Mrs. Sparrow to dally with the string. You could see he wanted the teaser to play his pranks on the old lady. He would be watching him and then would swoop down and just thump the feathers off that sparrow. I could see him chuckling at the thought of the fun he would have.

"The old lady started away with the string, and she, too, was yanked back. Mr. Sparrow was keeping an eye upon her, and when he failed to see the mysterious tormentor appear he was obviously very much surprised. He got down and walked all around the string and scratched his head. Then he got mad and commenced to jaw at Mrs. Sparrow. It was awfully natural. She protested that it was not her fault. Had he not himself been treated the same way? Well, with that they both grabbed hold of the string and started off, but with no better luck than before. Then the sparrow flew at that string and commenced to worry it. He pecked at it and tugged at it and dragged it around while he got red in the face and used every blackguard sparrow language, but he could not get away with it.

"Finally Mrs. Sparrow, with female tact, came to the rescue and said that after all she did not believe that was a good string for their business, and they did not want the string anyway. Mr. Sparrow agreed with her and said he believed at first the blamed thing wasn't any good, but he thought he would take it home for her to see anyhow. And with that they flew away. It's my opinion there are lots bigger fools in the world than sparrows."—Washington Star.

The Village Blacksmith.

Progress is seldom picturesque. Science and sentiment disagree. It is, however, with a certain lingering regret that we contrast the walk with all the old time ways and customs swept away one by one. Even the blacksmith's forge, with its glowing embers and its comfortable sense of its huge bellows, will be missed. But it is doomed now—doomed by the success of the electric welding and heating apparatus, which will bring a bar of iron to white heat almost instantaneously. It is one of the peculiarities of the nineteenth, and manifestly one of its advantages, that it is possible to heat a horseshoe or rod of iron without affecting any part of the tongs which hold it. It has been demonstrated in a most definite manner that the work can be done not only more quickly but more economically than by the old fashioned process. This is sufficient. The village blacksmith must follow the rest and become an electrician.—Family Magazine.

Politeness In Company.

"It isn't polite to sleep in company," said a proper aunt to a little boy whose head was bobbing wearily when she called.

"Ain't it?" he said, starting up. "Why, last night when you left me with Mr. Hall and sister she said 'Go, dear, and take a nice nap on the other sofa.' And just as I was dropping off I heard him say, 'What a nice, quiet, healthy boy Bobbie is!'"—Newark Call.

Negro Burial Societies.

The burial societies are numerous. It is the ambition of every colored person to belong to one of these pernicious funeral, and this is got by pooling their interests. The dues of the burial societies are much larger than those of the matrimonial associations, being usually $1, and when a member dies there is a fund of $200 or $300 to be paid out and to furnish flowers and carriages and pay the expenses of a band. It is usual to hold all funerals on Sunday, too, so as to secure a larger attendance.—Savannah Letter in Chicago Record.

Only an Emperor.

William II is not the only German emperor who has dabbled in music. The Emperor Charles VI was congratulated on his skill by the composer Fuchs, who said to him, "What a pity, sire, you are not a conductor!" To this Charles VI replied: "Well, it can't be helped. I am only an emperor and must make the best of it."

At Koop's.

SPECIAL SALE

Until August 25th.

Summer Goods

At Astonishingly

LOW PRICES

In All Lines Carried In Our

MAMMOTH ESTABLISHMENT.

We Have Filled Our

Bargain * Counters

With Complete Lines Of

Dress Goods,
Wash Goods,
Sateens, Challies,
Laces, Parasols,
Shirt Waists,
Hosiery and all other Lines.

Clothing

FOR

MEN and BOYS and FURNISHING GOODS

ALL TAN SHOES

For Men, Women and Children.

Your Cash Will Buy the Goods CHEAPER of us than anywhere else in the City. A Call at Our Store Will Convince You. REMEMBER THE PLACE

KOOP'S DRY GOODS STORE,

KOOP BLOCK, BRAINERD.

Legal Notices.

[First Publication July 26th.]

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Crow Wing. }

In Probate Court, Special Term, July 25th, 1895. In the matter of the estate of H. W. Simms, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of D. H. Simms, administrator with the will annexed, of the estate of H. W. Simms, deceased, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of said administrator, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the persons entitled thereto by law:

It is ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Monday the 19th day of August, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the County Court House in said county.

And it is further ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested in said estate, by causing a copy of this order to be published for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd in said county.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., this 25th day of July, A. D. 1895.

By the Court,
MILTON M'FADDEN,
Judge of Probate.

(SEAL.)

[First Publication Aug. 9th.]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of One Hundred and Twenty-Two Dollars, which is claimed to be due and to become due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Frank Cole, of Pine River, Minn., Mortgagor, to Sarah A. Billings, Mortgagee, bearing date the 25th day of June, 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, and for the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, on the 8th day of August, 1892, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book "E" of Mortgages, on Page 351.

And the said Mortgage, together with the debt thereby secured, was duly assigned by said S. W. Billings, Mortgagee, to O. W. Thayer by written assignment dated the 1st day of October, 1892, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 1st day of October, 1892, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book "F" of Mortgages, on Page 139, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The Southeast Quarter of Section Thirty-Two, in Township Forty-Three, Range Thirty-One, in Crow Wing County, Minnesota, at public vendue, with the appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Crow Wing County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in said County of Crow Wing, on the 1st day of October, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., at that date at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of One Hundred and Twenty-Two Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-Five Dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 5th, A. D. 1895.

O. W. THAYER,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

LINDERMAN, BLANCHARD & LINDERMAN,
Attorneys.

[First publication Aug. 9th.]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Nine Dollars, which is claimed to be due and to become due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Frank Gabrio, a single man, mortgagor, to Sarah A. Billings, mortgagee, bearing date the 25th day of November, 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Crow Wing and State of Minnesota, on the 2nd day of December, 1892, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book "E" of Mortgages, on Page 420, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter and Lots Five, Six, Seven, Eight and Nine, all in Section Seven, Township Forty-three, Range Thirty-two, in Crow Wing County, and State of Minnesota, at public vendue, with the appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Crow Wing County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in said County of Crow Wing, on the 1st day of October, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., at that date at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Nine Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 5th, A. D. 1895.

GEORGE W. THAYER,
Mortgagee.

LINDERMAN, BLANCHARD & LINDERMAN,
Attorneys.

[First publication Aug. 9th.]

Summons.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Crow Wing. }

District Court, Fifteenth Judicial District.

W. S. HAYNES, Plaintiff,
vs.
EDWARDS, STAFFORD, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the Plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the County aforesaid, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of Two Hundred Sixty Dollars, together with the costs and disbursements herein.

Dated July 25th, A. D. 1895.

LEON E. LUM,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Brainerd.

Professional Cards.

R. K. WHITELEY,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Office, Room 2 Cooper Block,
BRAINERD..... MINN.

McCLENAHAN & MANTOR

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Office, Rooms and 2, Bank Block, Brainerd, Minn.

D. M. McDONALD,

Veterinary Surgeon,

Graduate of McGill Veterinary College.

Office at Gergen & Purdy's Livery Barn. Day or Night calls promptly attended to.

FIRST

NATIONAL BANK

Of Brainerd, Minn.

A. F. FERRIS, President
LEON E. LUM, Vice President
G. D. LABAR, Cashier.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - $200,000
Paid up Capital, - - $50,000
Surplus, - - $30,000

Business accounts invited.

N. Schroeder,

—DEALER IN—

Wines, Liquors, and

CIGARS

Imported and Domestic.

Special Attention Given to Orders for Family Use,

Give me a call when in Detroit and will guarantee good usage.

N. SCHROEDER,
DETROIT, MINN

WILLIAM H. ERB

—Manufacturer of and Dealer in—

FINE AND * HEAVY HARNESS

Horse Furnishing Goods

Of Every Description.

Repairing Neatly and Promptly Attended to.

West Side 5th St., Near Front,

BRAINERD, IMINN.

L. W. CHASE,

PROPRIETOR

The Bodega.

Sleeper Block, Front Street.

Finest in all Points of any Saloon in the Northwest.

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

BILLIARD AND POOL PARLOR

In Connection

COME IN AND SEE US.

L. P. WHITE, Jr.

Real Estate Agent,

Improved and Unimproved Property

FOR SALE.

In various parts of the City

HOUSES for SALE

Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers.

BRAINERD, . . . MINN

The number of sheep in the United States in 1889 was 35,935,364, this estimate not including the spring lambs that were slaughtered in that year, to be duly served up with mint sauce.

If the Taylor brothers are not convicted of the murder of the Meeks family, a great many people will feel inclined to modify their hostile opinions of lynch law.

Gold was first coined in England in the eleventh century, and the first round coins were not made until 100 years later. Herodotus says that Croesus was the first ruler to order gold coins to be made.

The first coining of money is attributed to Pheidon, King of Argus in the year 895 B. C. Coined money was first used in Western Europe 29 years before the opening of the Christian era.

Maria Barberi, the girl under sentence of death in New York for killing her betrayer, is said to be very far from prepossessing in appearance. But this fact does not mitigate the offense for which she did the killing.

The army of China is to be reorganized, and its war department should not overlook the merits of the bicycle. A Chinese host on wheels would eclipse anything Fabius ever accomplished in the art of retreat.

Africa will now be opened up vigorously by the successful party in England, and as a member of parliament Stanley will have a chance to make a fresh mark on the history of the Dark Continent.

As bicycling becomes more fashionable and universal, the anxious look denoting the bicycle "face" is likely to be transferred to the faces of those who are unable to procure wheels.

In the high schools of Japan the English language is placed on the same footing as the Japanese and its study is compulsory. The Japs are as good at looking after the future as they are in keeping up to date in current affairs.

During the time of the Crusades, when several expeditions were made to procure possession of the Holy Land, heraldry, which had been used in a rude form for centuries, was greatly perfected, and came into general use.

So still lies the ptarmigan, so perfectly is the tone of summer plumage in keeping with the stunted vegetation of its mountain fastness, that the keenest eyed hunter might pass through a flock of them without being aware of their presence.

Sir George Mackenzie, an old Scotch writer, said that in his opinion arms had taken their origin from the example of the patriarch Jacob, who, when blessing his sons, gave them marks of distinction, which the Twelve Tribes bore on their ensigns.

The average age of Lord Salisbury's new cabinet of nineteen members is fifty-eight, which may be accepted as the figure representing the highest efficiency in statesmanship. It gives a fair margin on either side for exceptional strength and talent.

In Amsterdam recently a merchant was sentenced to two years' imprisonment at hard labor for speaking disrespectfully of the Queen Regent in the lobby of a theatre. The sturdy Hollanders have a pointed way of reminding a man that he ought to be a gentleman.

The governor of Texas has issued a proclamation prohibiting prize fighting in any part of that state. This raises Texas and her governor immensely in the eyes of decent people everywhere. The barbarism of prize fighting must be stamped out everywhere.

An ambitious resident of Jackson, Mich., proposes to go over Niagara Falls in a swing attached to a double balloon contrivance something like a huge dumbbell. To drop over the falls in that manner would be a tame performance in comparison with the drops of parachute experts, who jump from ten times that height.

It would appear to any reasonable mind that there are crimes enough in the world without presenting their counterfeits on the stage to familiarize the public with their horrible appearance. The action of the San Francisco judge in restraining a play based upon Durant's alleged crimes will be generally indorsed.

Bishop Potter's determination to spend his summer vacation in one of his church missions will undoubtedly bring him due reward hereafter, but at present it is securing him a valuable amount of advertising which is suggestive in its implication that such action on the part of a clergyman is a marvelous occurrence.

It appears that a man in Superior has invented a bicycle which is a tricycle, or a tricycle which is a bicycle it is hard to tell which from the current descriptions. The peculiarity about the machine is that both hands and feet can be used in its propulsion, and if it will admit of the rider assuming an upright position while "scorching," it will indeed be a boon to the community.

Fish-hatching in China is sometimes conducted with the aid of a hen. The spawn is collected from the water's edge, and placed in an empty eggshell. The egg is then sealed with wax and placed under a setting hen. After some days the egg is carefully broken, and the spawn emptied into water well warmed by the sun. There the little fish are nursed until they are strong enough to be turned into a lake or stream.

It is the theory of not a few naturalists that the increase in insect pests that plague the farmer and horticulturist is due to the slaughter of birds. In the Arnold Arboretum, near Boston, where birds are undisturbed, sixty-six varieties have taken up their home, and among the number are many orioles and thrushes. If state legislatures were so constituted as to be of any account they would give attention to the conversation of birds and other useful animals.

PITH OF THE NEWS

EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

The Latest and Most Important News of the World, Culled From the Telegraph Reports of the Press Associations.

Washington.

Mr. Piola, the Swiss minister at Washington, has informed the department of state that Siam has given notice of adherence to the Red Cross treaty of 1864.

The secretary of the interior has approved clear list No. 14, of lands selected by the State of Nevada, in part satisfaction of a grant of 2,000,000 acres in lieu of the usual school grant. The list is of 23,243 acres.

Personal Mention.

Sam Jones, the revivalist, smokes fifteen cigars a day.

Judge John D. Caton, ex-judge of the Illinois supreme court, died, aged eighty-four.

Col. Sibley, formerly president of the Little Rock & Memphis railroad, died in British Columbia.

Edmund Smith of Philadelphia, ex-director of the Pennsylvania railroad company, died suddenly in New York.

Miss Rebecca Ming of Mendham, N. J., is in her ninety-seventh year, and has never been attended by a physician.

Few women are more popular in society than Lady Betty, the wife of Gerald Balfour, the new chief secretary of Ireland.

Prof. George L. Chipman, late of Harvard university, has been elected to the principality of the academy department of Shurtleff college at Alton, Ill.

Leon Meunier, one of the proprietors of the Courier des Etats-Unis, New York, and its former managing editor, died suddenly and unexpectedly in Paris.

John C. New, editor and proprietor of the Indianapolis Journal and formerly consul general for the United States in London, has been suffering from rheumatism for two weeks past in London. He is now slightly better.

John Quincy Adams, a descendant of the famous Adams family, which furnished a president of the United States, was found lying dead on Quay street near his home at Niagara Falls, Ont.

One-year-old Prince Edward, duke of York, who will be king of England some day, is even more popular in England than Marion Cleveland is in this country. His photographs adorn hundreds of shop windows in London.

James Whitcomb Riley says that much of the dialect poetry in the newspapers to which his name is attached was not written by him. The editors have a way of crediting him with any unidentified verse of the kind they come across.

The Casualty Record.

Miss Julia Nolan, aged 18, was killed by a gasoline explosion at Jeffersonville, Ind.

Henry Roak, a prominent Seneca Ill., business man and owner of Roak's hall, was drowned in the Illinois & Michigan canal.

Senator Stewart of Nevada met with a painful accident at Washington. In alighting from a car, his knee caught into the handle rail and the kneecap was dislocated.

Lorin Ervin a bicyclist of considerable local fame in Plano, Ill., while riding on a race track ran into a post and fractured his skull. His recovery is doubtful.

Two men named Jaltas and Selk were run down on a handcar by a Chicago & Northwestern special train between Gurnsey and Deep River, Iowa, and both were killed.

While engaged in target practice at South Milwaukee this morning Christ Ewald accidentally shot and killed Mrs. Andrew Bergerson, the wife of a neighbor.

Two negroes and a white man, names unknown, were killed in a wreck on the Manitoba Central at Helena. A dozen cars were demolished. A wheel broke on one of the cars causing the wreck.

Henry Smith, a retired painter, living at Haledon, N. J., was stung on the hand by a bee last night. He died almost immediately. The sting had reached a nerve that communicated directly with the brain.

During a cloudburst at the head of Garden Creek, Wyo., four persons were drowned—two children belonging to a family named Harris, and a Mrs. Newby and daughter, late of Nebraska.

Walter Austin and Willie Gould were drowned on one of the principal streets of Fort Scott, Kas., during the flood. Heavy rains have caused all the streams in that section to overflow and heavy loss of property is reported.

A fire starting in the basement of the six-story brick, 19-21 West Twenty-second street, fronting on 28 and 30 West Twenty-third street, New York, gutted the establishments of Scharles Bros., dealers in toys, and Jacquin & Co., dealers in French millinery. The loss was $20,000.

An accumulation of gas caused an explosion in the cupola of the top mill blast furnace at Martin's Ferry this morning, and pieces of iron, coke and cinders were blown 200 feet in the air. Samuel Cashnich, a filler, was fatally burned, and James Carman was badly injured by flying missiles.

Criminal Doings.

Victor Adams, the slayer of Justice Boker, was lynched by a mob at Madera, Cal.

Isaih Gauthier shot to death his sweetheart, Celina Causigny, at Montreal, Que.

Henry Bradshaw, a wealthy but insane farmer, killed his wife, his daughter and himself at Paris, Tex.

Sanford Duncan, a pioneer of Stillwater, Ok., was murdered by some unknown person.

Z. T. Lewis, the Urbana (Ohio) forger, was seen on the streets of Marysville, Ky.

Dr. Thomas Edgar Rogers, aged thirty-four, of Waco, Ga., was brought to Atlanta charged with making counterfeit $10 gold pieces.

One Chicago policeman has been sentenced to a year in the penitentiary for intimidating voters, and five others were fined.

Robert C. Scott, ex-tax collector and treasurer of Jacksonville, Fla., has been arrested, charged with embezzling more than $9,000 of the city's funds.

Several members of the Mafia, who only recently came to Louisville from New Orleans attempted to murder Michael Deslo, an Italian interpretor but they were foiled.

Six Democratic members of the Toledo council who refused to obey the mayor's official call for a joint session of the council and aldermen were arrested.

Scions of two Kentucky families did battle at Marietta, Ky., over a love affair. Charles Enlow is dead and Charles Duffin, the other combatant, will not recover.

H. W. Langenour, a member of the California state legislature, who disappeared from Woodland, after drawing $10,000 from a local bank, is said to have gone to Chicago with a woman not his wife.

To escape arrest a pickpocket leaped from an excursion train two miles west of Mascontah, Ill., last night when the train was going forty-five miles an hour.

Mrs. Cora Stapleton shot her brother at Brazil, Ind. The woman attracted much attneion recently through her declarations that her husband was a witch.

A prisoner in the Colorado prison at Denver gives away a plot to break out when it was discovered all the prisoners were armed with iron bars, knives and pistols.

The ticket office at Taswell, a station on the Air Line road, thirty miles from Jeffersonville, Ind., was robbed of $500 worth of tickets and some money.

At the mouth of Hart creek in Lincoln county, W. Va., an unknown man was murdered. This is the locality where the Broomfield-McCoy factions held forth. Many have been killed by bushwhackers there.

Charlie Burwell, colored, about sixty-five years of age, was lynched at Meridian, Miss. It was thought that he was concerned in the Farmer outrage which occurred within a stone's throw of where he was executed.

Luther Waterman, alias "Black Diamond," tried to wreck a Detroit, Lansing & Northern train at Lowell, Mich., failed, pleaded guilty when arrested and was railroaded to the penitentiary with a thirty-year tag.

Secret service detectives have found at Buffalo a satchel containing $28,000 worth of bogus stamps which belonged to Mrs. McMillan, alias Mrs. McKay of Hamilton, Ont., who is now in jail awaiting trial for participating in a stamp counterfeiting scheme.

Link Pitts, who claimed that he was robbed at Sunnydale, Kan., is now the co-respondent in a divorce suit filed by O. C. Hart against his wife Ida. The farmers who lost their money through Pitts say they do not believe he was robbed.

Eugene Blumenthal, a brother of the playwright, Oscar Blumenthal, committed suicide in New York by taking poison in his room in the Great Northern Hotel. Blumenthal had been ill for some time and unable to procure employment.

A warrant has been issued at Los Angeles, Cal., for the arrest of Charles E. Mayne, formerly a wealthy real estate dealer in Omaha on a charge of having been criminally intimate with Elsie Shipton, the younger of the two Shipton girls, whom Mayne brought from San Francisco as his wards.

Foreign Gossip.

The returns are not all in, but it is certain that Gen. Pierolo, has been elected President of Peru.

The Earl of Verulam is dead at London. He was a lord in waiting to the queen.

The Cuban insurgents have been defeated with heavy loss in the Sagua district and the insurgent leader Rodriguez was killed.

The Chinese government announces new plans for the reorganization of the army and navy which will be speedily put in operation.

The directors of the Russian petroleum companies say in the Novoe Vremya that they have not arrived at an agreement with the American petroleum syndicate to partition the petroleum market.

Serious street disturbances have occurred at Lisbon, Portugal, in consequence of rumors that priests have been guilty of child stealing. In a number of instances priests have been attacked by mobs and several of them have been injured.

Miscellaneous Items.

Saw mill employes at Iron River, Wis., strike and become disorderly.

Miss Carrie Vaughn of Gladwyn, Pa., put out in a boat and rescued John Gallagher.

The Carnegie works at Pittsburg are building steel freight cars and hope to drive out wooden cars.

The Standard Oil company has bought 2000 acres of land in Ohio to develop for oil fields.

Samuel Smelsen a Winamac, Ind., farmer, has been poisoned, presumably from eating pickles.

A verdict has been rendered against Sam Small, the evangelist, in a libel suit in Virginia.

Thirty dogs, some of them valuable hunting animals, were poisoned at English, Ind.

The sale of the Oregon Pacific railway has been confirmed by the court at Portland.

Gov. Culberson of Texas, has issued a proclamation forbidding the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight.

Cincinnati authorities are forcing electric wires underground by chopping down the poles.

Crop conditions continue favorable along the line of the Northern Pacific.

Bishop John P. Newman of Omaha opened the series of Saratoga summer lectures.

Frank Young, a barber at Lacon, Ill., has a daily capacity of eighty-five grains of morphine. He was adjudged insane.

The coalheavers on the fueling docks at Cleveland, Ohio, struck for higher wages. A settlement was at once made by granting an increase of 1 cent per ton.

Maj. E. C. Lewis of Nashville was elected director general of the Tennessee Centennial exposition, which will be held in 1896.

O. E. Sanders and Isabelle Sanders, divorced for four years, remarried at Wichita, Kan., for the sake of their little daughter.

A county Democratic convention in Ohio split and ex-Gov. Campbell presided over the gathering held by the bolters.

Mrs. Frank Rehr of Boquet, Pa., gave birth to a child that weighed but two pounds and two ounces. The child is fully developed and doing well.

Guards on Blackwell island, New York, captured a sea serpent. It was twenty-five feet long and had all the ear marks of a genuine salt-water monstrosity.

Charles L. Doebler and wife were re-united at Lansing, Mich., after a separation of twenty-two years, during which time each believed the other was dead.

M. P. Trout, commissioner of Sumner county, Kan., was held to the grand jury for having agreed to vote to give a county newspaper the official printing in exchange for its support.

The non-union men are being forced to leave the coal fields at Bluefields, W. Va., by the strikers, who threaten personal violence to those who won't quit work.

The puddlers of the Oliver Iron and Steel Company at Pittsburg struck because the firm refused to sign the scale. As a result twenty furnaces are idle.

A San Francisco paper says the Central Pacific has temporarily avoided a receivership by making arrangements with the foreign bondholders to extend the time of payment on the bonds now due three years.

The review of copper and copper mining for the year 1894, made by the United States geological survey, has been completed. It says that copper mining suffered from the general depression of the year.

Thomas Carroll of Bridgeport, Conn., has gone to Cuba under contract with the insurgents to furnish a large supply of high explosives which he has the secret formula for making.

The Reading (Pa.) Iron company increased the wages of its puddlers to $3 a ton, an advance of 25 cents. The 275 employes of the company's rolling mill also received a 10 per cent advance.

A basket containing a baby girl, wrapped in shabby clothing, was found on the doorstep of W. D. McDonald's residence in Creston, Iowa. A note in the basket stated the baby was of respectable parentage.

At the request of the governor of Illinois Charles W. Lape resigned as a member of the state board of railroad and warehouse commissioners. Ex-Congressman George W. Fithan received the appointment to the vacancy.

Policemen are so much needed in New York that the commissioners are considering the advisability of advertising for able-bodied, intelligent young men to take places. Out of 1,500 applicants six months ago only 100 were qualified. There are now over 500 vacancies on the force.

Another palatial cottage is to be added to those already built at Newport. Robert Goelet intends to begin the construction almost immediately of a new villa, which, it is said, will be more magnificent than that of his brother, Ogden Goelet, and possibly even than that of Cornelius Vanderbilt.

MINNESOTA IN BRIEF

INTERESTING EVENTS OF THE WEEK IN MINNESOTA.

Important Occurrences in the North Star State Day by Day—A General Resume of the Week's Doings Arranged for Rapid Reading.

Sunday, July 28.

C. A. Violet, who has been running a small grocery at Glencoe for the past year has made an assignment.

A gun club has been organized at Northfield officered as follows: Henry Fay, president; W. F. Schillings, secretary; A. T. Ames, treasurer.

A special election has been called at Bird Island for August 6 to vote on the question of putting in a system of waterworks.

The village of Glencoe has purchased a block of ground for the purpose of making a park in the town and an attempt will be made to sink an artesian well in the same.

The flax fiber company are pushing their building at Northfield to completion. They have workmen busy pulling the flax which is an excellent crop, and some is coming in to the factory.

Fred Young, a painter, living a mile east of Princeton in an altercation over a boundary line, shot and seriously wounded Andrew Ostderg. The charge of shot entered the left side and arm. Ostderg is in a serious condition. Young was bound over to await the action of the grand jury.

Monday, July 29.

Albert Papenburg, a section hand, was killed by the cars on the Northwestern road near Eagle Lake, Blue Earth county.

J. C. Gjertsen, of Minneapolis, has made arrangements to go into the general merchandise business here in the near future at Oliva.

William Powers, charged with selling liquor without a license at Amboy, Blue Earth county last winter, was to-day convicted in the district court.

Joseph Shotley, an Indian, died at Cloquet aged 80. He spoke four languages Indian, French, German and English. He was an uncle of Louis Reil.

The wife of W. E. Seelye died at Brainerd having suffered for some time with cancer. She was held in high esteem among her host of friends. She was in her 41st year. The remains will be taken for interment to Champlain, near Anoka, her old home.

A Mrs. Benfield, the wife of a laborer at Duluth bought a half-ounce vial of laudanum in a drug store. She started out on Superior street and drank the poison before she had gone a block. Her actions soon attracted a gentleman who asked her "what was the matter." She told him she had taken poison and pulled from her stocking the bottle that she had concealed there. She was taken to the police station and it is uncertain whether she will live or not. Mrs. Benfield lives at Ironton a Duluth suburb and has been drinking hard for the last five days or more.

The Southern Millers' Association held their annual session behind closed doors at the Spalding at Duluth. There were about 25 members present. The following officers were elected: R. D. Hubbard, Mankato, president; L. R. Hurd, Superior, vice-president; H. S. Kennedy, Mankato, secretary; A. C. Loring, treasurer. It was decided to establish a permanent headquarters of the association at Minneapolis. At the conclusion of the meeting the Duluth and Superior millers entertained the visitors by taking them on a boat ride around the harbor.

Tuesday July 30.

A farm laborer named Hans B. Larson, was drowned while bathing in the Lac qui Parle river at Dawson.

J. A. P. Selander, while in his paint shop at Clinton was taken sick with painters' colic and died in thirty minutes. He leaves a wife in Sweden and three sons in Minneapolis.

Paul Gigge, of Bird Island, a young man of twenty, was adjudged insane by the court and ordered sent to St. Peter. His insanity is of the emotional type and no reason can be assigned for his unfortunate condition.

The Granville Enterprise will change hands Aug. 1, having been purchased by Thos. H. Prowse, of St. Paul. Mr. Prowse was, until recently proofreader on the Call and is a thorough newspaper man. The Enterprise is one of the best paying papers in this part of the state.

Wednesday, July 31.

H. C. Akers' hardware store at Mankato was burglarized. Knives, razors, and other small cutlery were taken. Loss about $100.

The funeral of Pierre Bottineau occurred at Red Lake Falls. An immense cortege escorted the remains to St. Joseph Catholic cemetery.

Another road race is being arranged for to take place at Winona early in August. The course will be around Lake Winona, and will be eight miles in length. It will be a handicap race. About twenty prizes will be given.

Oscar Schmidt, of Winona, while going home was held up by footpads within two blocks of his home. The men's faces could not be seen. Fortunately Schmidt had but $4 with him. He was thoroughly searched and gone through in professional style. The police are looking into the affair.

Four hoboes went to C. M. Smith's gun store at St. Cloud, and two of them engaged him in a discussion outside. During the debate two of the four robbed the cash drawer of $12 and escaped through the back door. The police was given a description of the fellows, and three of them are now in custody.

J. N. Nash, one of the wardens of the state game and fish commission, has been at Winona for a week past looking up violations of the state game and fish laws and seeing that some of their provisions are complied with. He has ordered fish-ways to be built over dams at Rollingstone and Pickwick. He also captured a trout line 250 feet long in the Mississippi here.

As Mitchell Lawrence was returning from Waterville on a spirited horse, a band of horse trading Gypsies, with their wagons, tents, fires and music, so frightened the passing horse that he became wild and unmanageable, and ran amuck a wire fence, cutting his neck half off near the body, and fell stone dead from loss of blood after going two or three rods. The rider had the calf of one leg torn into shreds.

Thursday, Aug. 1.

The city council of St. Cloud is figuring on building a lock-up for city prisoners.

H. R. Welch and Gustav Koch were fined at Sauk Rapids for shooting two prairie chickens. The penalty and costs amounted to about $38.

Mrs. Rosalie Shardon, aged 75 years, died at Stillwater. She was one of the early residents of this country. She leaves a son Michael, and a brother, Joseph Perro.

Fire destroyed two elevators at Crookston. The Minnesota and Dakota and Corser& Co's. Three box cars were also consumed. There were 1,000 bushels of grain in the Minnesota and Dakota house. It is supposed tramps set the fire.

Newspaper day in Mankato has been postponed from Aug. 7 to Aug. 1 on account of the meeting of the United Typothetae and Northwestern Editorial Association. The Mankato Commercial Club, L. P. Hunt, chairman, has issued notices of the change.

Christian Hill, of Ravenna, was arraigned before Justice Pringle upon a charge of adultery with Mrs. Caroline Brantz, on the 19th inst., the latter's husband being the complainant. The case was adjourned until Aug. 12, the defendant furnishing a bond of $200 for his appearance.

The swine plague is raging in the town of Kilkenny, south of Montgomery. J. R. Stratton, V. S., inspected hogs and ordered 32 killed. One man lost 35 hogs. Portions of spleen and lungs have been sent to Dr. C. N. Hewitt with full description. A large number have died. The disease was brought from Omaha, Neb., by a hog that was got for breeding purposes.

At Brainerd the hearing in the case of the Salvation Army members who blocked the streets was finished and the fine placed at $25 each or 30 days in the jail. They are Captain Carter, Lieut. James, Sergt. Secay and Orderly Welder. They gave bonds to appeal to the district court here. Kate Raymond's case of assault was deferred to the fall term. W. Q. McClellan was attorney for the city and W. B. McIntyre, of Minneapolis, for defendants.

While at work in a well near Clarkfield Oscar Dahl, a prominent young man of this village, was overcome by foul gas and died before he could be brought to the surface. He was raised almost to the top before becoming entirely overcome, when he fell 30 feet to the bottom. It took three hours before the body was recovered. Fred Anderson, his partner in business, came very near losing his life in attempting to descend into the well after Dahl.

Friday, August 2.

The 3-year-old child of Oscar Rudine of Dassel died from the effects of a dose of rough on rats.

Wm. Ploof of Wykoff, an engineer, sustained a badly broken arm as a result of an accident with his engine near Fountain. His son a few days before had some fingers amputated as a result of a similar accident.

The Ironton Structural Steel plant, situated at Ironton, a suburb of Duluth, will commence operations next week. The whole plant will be in operation and will employ at least 150 to 200 men. R. J. McCabe, of New York, president of the company, will be here Aug. 5.

Herman Middestadt of Burns, died of heart disease while sitting talking to a brother from St. Paul. He was a prominent farmer and town supervisor. He died just as Dr. Dunham, of Anoka, and Dr. Whittemore, of Elk River, entered the room, he having felt ill for several days and sent for physicians.

Deputy Warden, Lemon of Stillwater has gone to Ohio, with Chas. Layman, alias Chas. Eschbauch, indicted in Miami county for horse stealing and for whom an extradition warrant has ben issued by Gov. Clough. He was sent here from Minneapolis to serve three years for horsestealing.

Charles Walker who was being held in jail at Faribault to await the action of the November term of the district court for breaking into a priest's house in Northfield and stealing wine, took a walk out of his place of abode yesterday. He made a hole through the roof in broad daylight. He has not been captured yet.

About a month ago a Polander by the name of Fred Lembeck, who lives at Sauk Rapids, gave his brother's wife a terrible beating. Since then he has been in hiding, but Monday night he tried to make an outgoing freight. The sheriff, in whose hands a warant had been placed sometime ago, got wind of the fact and caught him. He was taken to Sauk Rapids for a hearing.

P. R. Jorris, of the firm of Jorris Brothers, of Wykoff was seriously injured by a runaway team. The tongue of the wagon dropped, frightening the team, and Mr. Jorris and John Kirwin, one of his agents, were thrown out, Jorris receiving a sprained hip and injuries about the back and shoulder, which are very serious, but probably not fatal. Kirwin was but slightly hurt.

Ira Washburn of North Redwood agent of the Great Western Elevator Company, has been dismissed from the service of the company, the latter claiming that Washburn is short in his accounts between $1,100 and $1,200. Washburn has confessed to the shortage, but says that it is only between 800 and 900 bushels of wheat. The shortage covers a period of two years. The Fidelity and Casualty Company is Washburn's surety, and now has charge of Washburn, with a view of making the shortage good.

A man was arrested at St. Cloud by the police who had sold two dozen souvenir spoons to a second hand dealer by the name of Michael Borsky. The fellow had tried to sell them to several jewelers, but could not find a purchaser. He got $4.50 for them, while their true value was about $40. The officers think the spoons were stolen either at Minneapolis or St. Paul. The police also have a suspicion that some of the spoons are part of the jewelry stolen from Brewer Orth some time ago, as one of them was marked with the initials C. O.

Saturday, Aug. 3.

John Chisholm of Brainerd was killed at Cross Lake while unloading logs.

Supt. Pendergast is greatly pleased with the progress made at the summer schools in Minnesota.

Chester Knopke, an employe in Youmans Bros.' mill at Winona, was seriously hurt to-day. He will probably lose an arm.

The horses of O. L. Noggle, a farmer in the town of Oak Grove, ran away with a mowing machine, and he was frightfully cut up. His recovery is doubtful.

Burglars entered the saloon of A. Guyer at Waseca and stole a cash register and its contents valued at $200. No trace of the thieves has been found.

The cornerstone of the new Swedish Lutheran church was laid at Red Wing. A large number of visitors were present from surrounding towns. This church, when completed, will be the largest in the city.

The firm of Fandel & Nugent, one of the largest and most prominent business firms of St. Cloud, was dissolved. The dry goods department goes to F. Fandel and the grocery department will be owned and operated by M. J. Nugent.

J. Simmons, an aged and respected farmer of Milton township, was killed Monday last on a return trip from visiting his sick son-in-law, A. J. Norton, of Ellington. A dog ran out from the road side, frightening his team and throwing Mr. Simmons out of the wagon, breaking his neck.

At a meeting of the Southern Minnesota Medical association, held at Rochester, the president's address was made by Dr. J. B. McGaughey, a paper was presented by Dr. Franklin Staples, "A Few Suggestions From Practical Observations in Obstetrics," and one by Dr. D. B. Pritchard on "Report of Cases." All of these gentlemen are Winona physicians.

The St. Cloud police have in custody two men who were trying to obtain livery rigs by false representation. One of them gave his name as Fred Harrington. When searched by the officers they both had loaded revolvers, but not a cent on their persons. The police are of the opinion that they intended to get the rig, commit robbery by holding up somebody and then fly the country, as they are very tough looking characters.

Strength of Metal and Timber.

Cast iron weighs 444 pounds to a cubic foot and a one-inch square bar will sustain a weight of 16,500 pounds; bronze, weight 525 pounds per cubic foot, tenacity 36,000; wrought iron, weight 480 pounds, tenacity 50,000; hard "struck" steel weight 490, tenacity 78,000; aluminum, weight 168, tenacity 20,000. For equal sizes the metals are, of course, stouter than the woods; but, when we consider equal weights of the two materials, some varieties of wood will prove stouter than ordinary steel. A bar of pine just as heavy as a bar of steel an inch square will hold up 125,000 pounds. Wood is bulky. It occupies 10 or 12 times the space of steel. The figures are given in Scientific American, July 6th, and Professor R. H. Thurston as the authority.

The orbital motion of the earth around the sun causes the former to perform a revolution of nearly 600,000,000 miles in a year, or somewhat less than 70,000 miles an hour, which is more than 1,000 miles a minute. Here, then, our second carries us the long distance of 19 miles. The mighty ball thus flies about a mile in the nineteenth part of a second.

SILVER MEN MEET.

MISSOURI FREE SILVER DEMOCRATS HOLD A CONVENTION.

Ex-Congressman Bland Presides at for Gunboats—England Sends Instructions to Its Council General to Fully Investigate.

Pertle Springs, Mo., Aug. 8. — The free silver Democratic convention met to-day and the white metal advocates carried the day. The convention adopted a resolution increasing the state committee, which puts the silver men in control. Ex-Congressman Bland was temporary and permanent chairman of the convention. The resolutions adopted are as follows:

"From the beginning a policy formulated by Thomas Jefferson, and firmly established by Jackson, the Democratic party has been the party of bimetallism, favoring the free coinage of both silver and gold at the national mints and opposed to farming out to banking corporations the government's sovereign power of issuing and controlling the money of the people. The act of 1873 demonetizing silver was surreptitiously passed without the approval of knowledge of the American people, and from the time when the effect of this act in fastening upon the country the single gold standard was understood, the Democratic party has consistently and persistently urged that the grievous wrong be righted. Failure to accomplish this has resulted in the steady appreciation of gold and a corresponding fall in the price of commodities produced by the people; a heavy increase in the burden of all debts public and private; the enrichment of the money-lending class; paralysis of industry and impoverishment of the people and unexampled distress in all gold standard countries. Experience has shown that while under the gold standard there may be an occasional revival of business activity, accompanied by enhanced prices of a limited number of commodities, such revival is due to artificial and temporary causes and cannot permanently alleviate the sufferings due to the falling of prices brought about by the appreciation of gold and an inadequate supply of primary or redemption money.

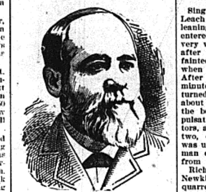
"Duty to the people requires that the party of the people continue to battle for bimetallism until its efforts are crowned with success; therefore, be it

"Resolved, That we, the Democratic party of Missouri, in convention assembled, demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold into primary or redemption money at the ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the action or approval of any other nation; and,

"That we are irrevocably opposed to the substitution for metal money of a panic-breeding, corporation-credit currency, based on a single metal, the supply of which is so limited that it can be cornered at any time by a few banking institutions in Europe and America.

"That we are opposed to the policy and practice of surrendering to the holders of the obligations of the state the option reserved by law to the government of redeeming such obligations in either silver coin or gold coin.

"That we are opposed to the issuing of interest-bearing bonds of the United States in time of peace; especially are we opposed to placing the treasury of the government under the control of any syndicate of bankers and the issuance of bonds to be sold by them at an enormous profit for the purpose of supplying the federal treasury with gold to maintain the policy of gold monometallism."



Richard Parks Bland.

Sketch of Mr. Bland.

Hon. Richard Parks Bland has been for a generation one of the most conspicuous figures in American public life. He was born in Kentucky sixty years ago, was orphaned at an early age and had to work in the summer that he might attend school in the winter. By pluck and pertinacity he succeeded in studying law and being admitted to the bar. From 1855 to 1865 he lived successively in Missouri, California and Nevada, applying himself to law and mining operations. In 1865 he permanently took up his home in Missouri, and in 1873 entered congress. He has been regularly returned ever since. In 1877 he introduced the bill with which his name will always be associated in monetary history—the bill which became the Bland act of 1878. It provided for unlimited coinage of silver, but was so amended by the senate that the coinage was limited. Mr. Bland is honest and sincere in his convictions and thoroughly represents his constituents.

The Royal Baking Powder, as every cook knows, is always to be relied upon. It is one of the greatest aids she has. She is always able with the least trouble to make the very finest biscuits, cakes, muffins, and crusts. Many a cook's reputation has been made by the delicious things she has been able to make with it.

Judge McCallum Dead.

Cherokee, Iowa, Aug. 8.—Judge D. D. McCallum of Sibley, Iowa, died at the sanitarium at an early hour this morning of cancer.

Leaves a Big Family.

Biwabik, Minn., Aug. 8. — Enoch Weir, a Fin, a section hand on the Iron Range road, was run down by the express train this morning and received injuries from which he died. He leaves a wife and eight children.

A Road to Coon River.

Madison, Wis., Aug. 8.—The Washburn, Bayfield & Coon River Railway company filed articles of incorporation from Bayfield to Coon river, a distance of 70 miles. The capital stock is $1,000,000.

Texas Fever.

Topeka, Kan., Special.—Today the state sanitary board was summoned to Ottawa to inspect a bunch of diseased cattle upon the farm of J. C. Welch, four miles from the city. The board found that out of thirty-four head, four had died and a number were sick. After a thorough examination the board pronounced the disease to be Texas fever.

President Samuel Spencer, of the Southern Railroad company, to-day denied the report that his company has purchased the Columbus Southern railroad.

Yellow Fever.

Washington, Special.—Advices to the surgeon general of the marine hospital report thirteen deaths from yellow fever at Vera Cruz, Mex., for the week ended July 25.

Duchess Dead.

West Point, N. Y., Special. — The Duchess de Castelluccia of New York died at Cranston hotel of heart disease.

The Tailors' Strike.

New York, Special.—There has been no change in the situation to-day of the tailors' strike.

J. W. Landers of Arcadia, Neb., who went to Boston to endeavor to find Mrs. Gardiner, the Christian Endeavorer delegate who mysteriously disappeared, has given up in despair.

Disappointment in love caused Valente Aragon of El Paso, Tex., to blow his brains out to-day. He was at the house of Victor L. Ochoa, the notorious Mexican revolutionist.

Congressman Hilborne, who returned to San Francisco from Hawaii to-day, has placed himself on record as opposed to the annexation of the islands to the United States.

MANITOBA PUNISHMENT.

The Cat and Whipping Post as Used Up There.

Brandon, Man., Aug. 7.—The boy, George Gordon, sentenced on the 30th day of May last to three months' imprisonment and to receive five lashes with the cat-o'-nine-tails, for assaulting a young girl, was whipped this morning in the jail yard. The prisoners, seventeen in number, were marched out and formed a line just in front of the triangle, which had been prepared for the purpose. Gordon was then called out, and, after stripping himself to the waist, was strapped to the triangle by two of the prisoners. When everything was in readiness the man who was to handle the cat stepped forward and took his position by the triangle and began swinging the cat about his head, and as the turnkey called out: "One, two, three, four, five," the lashes were delivered. After the ordeal was over Gordon's back presented a sorry sight. Besides the officials there were only a few citizens present.

THE ELECTRIC LINE.

Murderer Leach Goes Over It for Warmer Regions.

Sing Sing, N. Y., Aug. 7.—Richard Leach was electrocuted to-day. Leach, leaning on the arm of Chaplain Weil, entered the chair at 11:15:50. He was very weak, and almost immediately after he sat down in the chair he fainted. He was in this condition when the fatal shock was turned on. After the current had been on one minute and fifty-seven seconds it was turned off and the doctors gathered about the chair and began to examine the body. There was no sign of pulsation or heart beat and the doctors, after conferring for a minute or two, declared that a second shock was unnecessary, and pronounced the man dead. The body was removed from the chair.

Richard Leach killed Mary Hope Newkirk, his mistress, after frequent quarrels, on account of the attentions paid to the woman by her uncle, S. H. Moore. The crime was committed on Sunday, Nov. 18, 1894, Leach cutting the woman's throat with a knife, severing the jugular vein.

The statistics show that there is used in the manufacture of the Royal Baking Powder more than half of all the cream of tartar consumed in the United States for all purposes. The wonderful sale thus indicated for the Royal Baking Powder—greater than that of all other baking powders combined—is perhaps the highest evidence of the superiority of this article, and of its indispensableness to modern cookery.

CORBETT-FITZSIMMONS.

Gossip About the Coming Battle of the Big Pugilists.

Dallas, Tex., Aug. 7.—In connection with the Corbett and Fitzsimmons fight for the pugilistic championship of America, D. A. Stuart of Dallas is being watched by the many thousands who are interested in the coming mill. He is president of the Texas Athletic association, and on him, more than any one else, depends the meeting of these two men. Stewart

D. A. Stuart.

is a millionaire, has the backing of the most powerful Texan politicians and lawyers at his command, and it is believed that in spite of all opposition the big battle will take place in Dallas. Mr. Stuart is having erected a vast amphitheater for the contest. It will seat over 52,000 people. Only one larger than this was ever constructed. The erection of the amphitheater will cost over $200,000. In other words, it will cost that much money to put Corbett and Fitzsimmons into the ring at Dallas. Stuart has never failed in an undertaking of this kind, and his friends are certain of his success in this one.

THE WORLD TO END.

The Holiness Sect at Tabor Are Preparing for a Close.

Tabor, Iowa, Aug. 7.—The Holiness people have been holding meetings in this city the last week. They claim to have had a divine presentment that the world will come to an end in ten days. The Holiness adherents have worked themselves into a frenzy and their meetings are attended by hundreds of people. Some of their leaders announce positively the early destruction of the world, and many of their followers are making preparations for the exit.

Peter Hoffman has been arrested in Hammond, Ind., for making and passing silver counterfeit dollars.

Typothetae Convention.

St. Paul, Aug. 7.—The formal occupation of St. Paul by the representatives of the employing printers of the country began this morning, when the delegates to the ninth annual convention of the United Typothetae, or some of them, arrived. The committee of arrangements very wisely concluded that nothing of a formal nature could be accomplished on the opening day, and so no formal programme was made, beyond the reception tendered the delegates this afternoon.

Montana Land Commissioners Dissatisfied With a Statement.

Butte, Mont., Special.—Thomas G. Morrill, president of the state board of land commissioners, has made a statement in reply to the Associated Press report from Washington as to the cost and alleged dissatisfaction with the examination and classification of mineral lands within the Northern Pacific grant by the government commissioners. He declares the statement of Commissioner Lamoreux is a gross misrepresentation. Instead of costing the government 25 cents per acre for classification, the actual expense so far has been 1 1-5 cents per acre, and the work has been eminently satisfactory to the people.

By Force of Arms.

New York, Special.—The national officers and directors of the Ancient Order of Hibernians met at the Continental hotel and passed resolutions which are thought to be deeply significant of the future policy of the organization in the United States on the question of the method for forwarding the cause of Irish independence. The resolutions are said by well informed Irishmen to mean that the A. O. H. indorses the Irish revolutionary movement which seeks Irish independence by force of arms.

Refuses to Be Fired.

West Superior, Wis., Special.—Rev. Starkweather refuses to vacate the office of mayor, and President Howe has not yet attempted to qualify. The question of which is chief executive confronts the city, and in the meantime pay rolls and other city business is neglected. Mr. Starkweather says he will not give up without taking the matter to the supreme court, and was at his office in the city hall this morning, but after consulting his attorneys disappeared from the public.

KENT CONVICTED.

Verdict of Murder With the Death Penalty.

Fargo, N. D., Aug. 8.—The jury in the case of Myron R. Kent of Mandan, who has been on trial for the past two weeks on the charge of murdering his wife, brought in a verdict of guilty, with the death penalty fixed. Kent's attorneys gave notice of a motion for a new trial. The verdict is a great surprise, as it was thought that the jury would acquit or disagree.

NEGROES INFLAMED.

They Want to Avenge the Outrage at Spring Valley.

Chicago, Aug. 8.—Two colored women, Mrs. Mary Stanton and Mrs. Lizzie Dixee, refugees from Spring Valley, arrived in this city to-day, and the reports they give out of the treatment of the colored people at that place have inflamed the negroes of Chicago to the highest pitch. Mrs. Stanton is a widow since the attack made by the Italians on the colored men at Spring Valley, her two sons have disappeared and she believes that both were killed. Mrs. Dixee has heard nothing from her husband since that time and believes him dead. Both women say in spite of statements to the contrary from Spring Valley, that the reports of the outrages have in no way been exaggerated. The mass meeting of colored men reconvened. The stories told by the two women inflamed them to the highest pitch, and all manner of violent threats were made against the Italians at Spring Valley. For the first time during the day the idea to move on Spring Valley took definite shape and committes were appointed to raise funds to secure arms.

Spring Valley, Ill., Aug. 8.—The situation is very quiet in the city. The negroes are making no effort to come back. The reports about armed negroes coming from Peoria and Chicago to avenge Sunday's affair caused no unusual excitement here. They would not only have the Italian miners to deal with, but every white miner in the city as well, numbering in the neighborhood of 5,000.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 8.—A colored man from Chicago arrived to-day and said that he had been informed that the bodies of thirty-four colored people had been found in the woods near Spring Valley. The story is not be lieved.

IS IT OFF?

Latest Reports Respecting the Great Northern-Northern Pacific Deal.

New York, Aug. 8. — For two or three days the belief has been growing in railroad and financial circles, and to-day it takes still stronger form, that negotiations between James J. Hill and the reorganization committee of the Northern Pacific railroad are either terminated or have come to such an abrupt stand-still that nothing but the most radical modifications of the terms can bring about a renewal. It is stated that Mr. Hill left New York with a positive rejection of the proposition made by the committee, and it is not believed that proposition will be so modified as to meet his approval.

St. Paul, Aug. 8.—J. J. Hill denies that negotiations are off, but says that the Northern Pacific must be reorganized before his plans are pushed further.

For thirty years the Royal has been the standard for purity and strength in baking powders, and has been placed at the head of every board of official examiners, whether State or National.

WILL DEMAND REDRESS.

An American Citizen Shot by Mexican Officials.

Phoenix, Ariz., Aug. 8.—Gus Tribolet returned yesterday from Mexico, bringing affidavits from a score of individuals to the effect that his brother Robert, who was shot by the Mexican authorities for participation in the Nacosari stage robbery, was not in the vicinity at the time, and moreover was an American citizen. Documents will be sent to the state department and a claim for redress against his brother's slayers pressed.

Starkweather Vacates.

West Superior, Aug. 8.—Rev. Starkweather, who was impeached a few days ago by the common council, attempted to preside at the meeting today. Mr. Howe, now acting mayor, ordered the police to eject Mr. Starkweather, but before the police arrived he left the chair and Mr. Howe presided over the meeting. A resolution was adopted ordering the city officials to take orders from Mr. Howe as mayor of Superior.

A Long Deadlock Over.

Ashland, Wis., Aug. 8. — Chief of Police John Boyd was removed by Mayor McClintock yesterday and Thomas Telford appointed. The latter has been confirmed by the council. This ends a fight between the mayor and the council.

Miss Flagler's Case.

Washington, Aug. 8.—Acting District Attorney Taggart said to-day that the case of Miss Flagler, who shot and killed the boy, Ernest Green, last Saturday, would be taken up by the grand jury on Sept. 9.

The office of the government board of management of the Cotton States exposition will be established at Atlanta to-morrow.

THEY WERE FIREBUGS.

The Chicago Bedding Company Firebugs Under Heavy Bonds.

Kenosha, Wis., Aug. 8.—All defendants in the alleged arson and conspiracy case of the Chicago Bedding company were bound over for trial today. Block and Isaac Robinson are to give bonds in the sum of $8,000 each; Louis Jacobson and George S. Perren, $5,000 each; Abe Levine, $500; Schaefar, $1,000. The trial comes off at the September term. The evidence is strong against all parties.

MILLIONS FOR RANSOM.

A Fortune Now Locked Up in the Bank of England.

Oconomowoc, Wis., Special.—N. C. Ransom of this city recently returned from Connecticut and Massachusetts, where he has been collecting the genealogy of the Ransom family back to the seventeenth century. A fortune of £18,000,000 lies waiting the heirs in the Bank of England, but heretofore no direct effort has been made to look up the records. Last week Lawyer Williams of Milwaukee started for Europe to find additional proof, when a formal claim for the fortune will be made. Mr. Ransom's family consists of a wife, two sons and a daughter, Capt. A. E. Ransom of Albert Lea, Minn.; Herbert A. Ransom of Milwaukee, Wis., and Mrs. D. E. Marsh of this city.

Kentucky Candidates for Governor Arrange a Debate.

Louisville, Ky., Special.—After several conferences, it was decided last night that the joint debates between Gen. Hardin and Col. Bradley, Democratic and Republican nominees for governor, should open in Louisville on Monday, Aug. 19. There are to be 12 debates in all, in different parts of the state. Gen. Hardin will open the debate, being allowed one and a quarter hours, and Col. Bradley one and a half hours, Gen. Hardin closing with a quarter of an hour's rejoinder.

An Editor Horsewhipped.

St. Joseph, Mo., Special.—E. V. Williams, editor of the Stanberry Herald, and F. A. Weimer, editor of the Stanberry Sentinel, have been indulging in a newspaper quarrel. To-day, Mrs. Weimer, accompanied by her husband, went to the Herald office and horsewhipped Williams, while Weimer struck his rival over the head with a revolver.

A Slave From Boyhood.

(From the Red Wing, Minn., Republican.)

"I am now twenty-four years old," said Edward Swanson, of White Rock, Goodhue County, Minn., to a Republican representative, "and as you can see I am not very large of stature. When I was eleven years old I became afflicted with a sickness which baffled the skill and knowledge of the physicians. I was not taken suddenly ill but on the contrary I can hardly state the exact time when it began. The first symptoms were pains in my back and restless nights. The disease did not trouble me much at first, but it seemed to have settled in my body to stay and my bitter experience during the last thirteen years proved that to be the case. I was of course a child and never dreamed of the sufferings in store for me. I complained to my parents and they concluded that in time I would outgrow my trouble, but when they heard me groaning during my sleep they became thoroughly alarmed. Medical advice was sought but to no avail, I grew rapidly worse and was soon unable to move about and finally became confined continually to my bed. The best doctors that could be had were consulted, but did nothing for me. I tried various kinds of extensively advertised patent medicines with but the same result.

"For twelve long years I was thus a sufferer in constant agony without respite, abscesses formed on my body in rapid succession and the world indeed looked very dark to me. About this time when all hope was gone and nothing seemed left but to resign myself to my most bitter fate my attention was called to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Like a drowning man grasping at a straw, in sheer desperation I concluded to make one more attempt—not to regain my health (I dare not to hope so much) but if possible to ease my pain.

"I bought a box of the pills and they seemed to do me good. I felt encouraged and continued their use. After taking six boxes I was up and able to walk around the house. I have not felt so well for thirteen years as during the past year. Only one year have I taken Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I am able now to do chores and attend to light duties.

"Do I hesitate to let you publish what I have said? No. Why should I? It is the truth and I am only too glad to let other sufferers know my experience. It may help those whose cup of misery is as full to-day as mine was in the past."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They build up the blood, and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Ancient Scandinavian Horns.

Every midsummer day a unique concert is given in Copenhagen, such as the whole world can not show the like of. There are kept in the Copenhagen Museum a number of ancient Scandinavian horns, more than 3000 years old, called "Luren." Of this collection fourteen are in good condition. They have an elegant shape, and the flat metal plates at the mouthpiece show good technical perfection and a developed taste for art. They are in different pieces fitted together. They were found buried in moorland, and their good preservation is believed to be due to the turfy water. They are of very thin metal, and generally 8 feet long. They were always found in pairs, the one in tune with the other. A few years ago it was found out by Dr. Hammerich that they could still be blown or played upon. Their tones resemble those of the tenor horn and they have a soft but powerful sound. Some are tuned in C and E sharp, others in D, E or G and these tones form an accord, but no "scale." The midsummer concert is held as follows: On a balcony in the court of the princely palace in which is kept the Northern Museum, two members of the royal "capella" blow tunes on two of these primeval horns. An enormous crowd fills the court, the streets, the marble bridge, and the neighboring square as far as it is possible to hear the sounds.—London Daily News.

Electricity for Railroads.

The adoption of electricity as motive power on the suburban branches or lines of various railways has led to the supposition that in time all lines, long or short, will be run by electricity. That, however, has been strenuously denied, on the ground that it would be impracticable for general traffic use. Be that as it may, the St. Paul & Duluth will, as ever, be found in the fore-front, giving as many patrons the luxury of a comfortable ride in the latest equipment through the most picturesque territory, and providing the best of facilities between St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, West Superior, Stillwater, the Interstate Park, Taylor's Falls and other important Northwestern points. It is this that has made the Duluth Short Line so extremely popular. At handsome terminals close connections are made with all trains running in all directions, and the time cards are arranged with a view to suiting the convenience of the business men as well as the pleasure of the tourist. For maps, circulars and the new folder, apply to ticket agents or to W. A. Russell, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

A Great Incentive.

Nick—The German kaiser does a good deal of lecturing.

Nock—Well, you know he has a good many subjects.—Harlem Life.

Laugh and Grow Fat!

You shall do both, even if you are a slab-sided, pallid, woe-begone dyspeptic, if you reinforce digestion, recover the power of food into rich and nourishing blood, and recover appetite and sleep by the systematic use of the great renovator of health, strength and flesh, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which also remedies malaria, kidney and rheumatic trouble, nervousness constipation and biliousness.

Her Ideas.

He—My views of bringing up a family are—

She—Never mind your views, I'll bring up the family. You go and bring up the coal.—Halifax Herald.

To Cleanse the System

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers use Syrup of Figs.

Death of Modesty.

They buried her in her bathing suit,
A victim of the sea,
Who died of shame when a big wave come—
Her epitaph "R. I. P."—Louisville Truth.

Mothers appreciate the good work of Parker's Ginger Tonic, with its reviving qualities—a boon to the pain-stricken, sleepless and nervous.

Many of the new houses now in process of construction in Paris include special offices for the housing of bicycles.

When you come to realize that your corns are gone, and no more pain, how grateful you feel. All the work of Hindercorns. 15c.

His Family Skeleton.

Mrs. Tupenny—Did you know that the Uppertens have a family skeleton?

Mr. Tupenny—Oh, yes; she's out there on the beach now.—Louisville Truth.

Trying to Be Funny.

He—I much prefer tennis. Horseback riding is too sedentary.

She—Not the way you ride.—New Rochelle Life.

Unmistakable.

Lawyer—And you say the man?

Witness—I would know him. A barber's chair.—Sing Sing Counter.

Latin is no longer to be a compulsory subject in the Woolwich and Sandhurst examinations.

Japan has a written history extending over 2,500 years.

Impure Blood

Manifests itself in hives, pimples, boils and other eruptions which disfigure the face and cause pain and annoyance. By purifying the blood Hood's Sarsaparilla completely cures these troubles and clears the skin. Hood's Sarsaparilla overcomes that tired, drowsy feeling so general at this season and gives strength.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the only true blood purifier prominently in the public eye today. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure habitual constipation. Price 25 cents.

The Shadow of a Crime.

By BERTHA M. CLAY.

PROLOGUE.

Upon a Heap of Stones.

"Josh, I can't go much further, my limbs are giving way under me."

"Rest here a minute, father, on this heap of stones, perhaps you'll feel better presently."

The speakers were a man and a boy who, together with a little girl, were wending their weary way over the bleak, wind swept Wiltshire downs in the direction of London. In all directions the eye wandered over a great undulating track of stuble fields, from which the corn had not long been cleared here and there relieved by a patch of grass land. In summer time, when covered by a mass of golden grain, the landscape was a charming one, but on that bleak October evening, with low, heavy, black clouds driven across the sullen gray sky by moaning fitful gusts of wind that chilled the poor pedestrians to the bone, it was as cheerless a prospect as one could imagine.

Away, a long way down in the hollow of the road, a few houses could be dimly seen, but they were at least two miles from where they stood, while behind them no habitation was in sight.

They were tramps. The man was a wretched looking object; the few miserable rags that hung about left exposed his chest and arms and knees; his naked toes peeped through the broken uppers of shoes that were held on to the feet only by means of pieces of string; a beard of a fortnight's growth rendered yet more repulsive the corpse-like face with its hollow cheeks and sunken eyes, yellow skin over which the wind blew the long, shaggy gray hair, surmounted by a battered and almost crownless hat.

The boy like his father was ragged, shirtless, and also shoeless. A shock of red hair was the only covering of his head; his face was tanned and freckled by exposure to the atmosphere and had the wolfish look of hunger upon it. Had it been cleaned and the hair arranged, some people would have called it handsome, but it had a sullen, evil expression, that, while it might have fascinated would, at the same time, have repelled. He might have been about nine or ten years of age.

The girl was not more than five. A petticoat and a thin cotton frock were all the clothing that protected her from the keen wind. A white, wan face, blue with cold, and with a patient look upon it; and you have the third and the last of the group.

The man sat down upon the heap of stones the boy had pointed to, or rather dropped upon them, with a groan.

"Josh," he said, faintly, "I am dying!"

"Not so bad as that, father," said the boy; but there was no sympathy in his tone—it was hard and indifferent.

But at those awful words the little girl crept closer to him, with a look of fear in her eyes.

"Is there nowhere you can get any help?" said the man, and his lips seemed scarcely capable of forming the words.

"Who do you think would give us help?" said the boy with a bitter sneer that made him look positively diabolical. "There aint a casual ward nearer than Marlborough, nor a workhouse. Perhaps you think they'd give you a bed and some port wine at one of the farm houses?"

"Let me go," said the little girl, "I'll run down to the houses and beg 'em to come."

"Yes, little Lucy, go," said Josh, squatting down upon the stones beside his father. "She'll get more pity than I should; they'll be more likely to do something for her. Cut off, Lu, and be sharp about it. Give 'em plenty of sobs, and say he's the best father on the face of the earth."

Before he had finished speaking the poor little thing was trotting away in the direction of the houses we have before mentioned, and in a few minutes the tiny figure was but a mere speck in the gloaming.

"What a hard young brute you are to let that child go," groaned the dying man.

"If I'm hard and a brute, it's you that's taught me to be so," answered the boy sullenly.

"Don't speak to me like that. I tell you I'm dying," sobbed the man.

The boy made no reply; never even looked up, but began playing with the stones.

"Josh," said the man, again raising himself feebly upon his elbow. "I know I've been harsh and cruel to you, and that it is much by my fault that I am in this state now. But you don't know what I have gone through how I have been wronged, what has made me what I am. Josh, instead of lying here, dying as I am—as I am—upon a heap of stones on the roadside, I ought to be riding in my carriage; and you, instead of being homeless and shoeless, and a miserable vagabond, ought to be at Harrow or Eton; but for one man—one man, who robbed me of my birthright—my stepbrother, he turned my father's heart against me with lies. I was disinherited, and he got all that was mine; that was yours, Josh, would you like to be revenged upon that man that made you and me beggars?"

The man told the story with many gasps, but quivered with excitement that reanimated for a moment the expiring flame of life.

Gradually the boy's stolid apathy had melted and he had fixed his sunken eyes upon the spectre.

At the last question, he clenched his small fist and answered between his clenched teeth:

"I should like to kill him."

"Ha, ha! you're a good boy. I've got his name written down and where he lives; you shall have it; some time or other you may have a chance, you may—you may."

He fumbled among his rags, and after a minute drew forth a dirty scrap of paper, which the boy eagerly clutched, then he fell back with a faint groan and the boy stooped over him thinking that all was over, but the short, quick breathing told him that his father still lived.

The cold, dreary night was fast closing in, and the low sailing clouds grew darker and darker; the distant uplands mingled with the horizon, and a dim grayness was veiling the whole earth. Down in the hollow, whither the child had gone, a light or two began to twinkle.

Not a sound was to be heard save the rustle of the wind as it swept over the stubble and through the hedges, bringing with it the first of a sleety rain.

Roused out of his apathy by the story he had heard, the boy began to realize the horror of the situation. He knew his father had been suffering from a low fever and an aguish cold for many weeks, and that he had been growing weaker and weaker every day.

"Father, father," he whispered, in a voice that trembled with fear, "how do you feel?"

There was no answer, only a gasp.

The boy lifted his hand; it was cold and clammy and lay a dead weight in his.

With an irresistible impulse of terror he sprang up and looked wildly up and down the road.

There was not a sound to be heard save now and again the rustling of the wind; there was no creature in sight.

How he wished he had not sent little Lucy away; she would have been some company, and it was horrible to be alone.

For a few moments he stood in the middle of the road, looking up and down in the vain hope of some human creature passing that way, but no one came.

Then fearfully he went back to the heap of stones.

His father was lying shrunk in a heap just as he had left him He stooped down and called:

"Father! father!"

Not even a gasp this time; and he could hear no sound of breathing.

Timorously he laid his hand upon the face. It leaped back again as though it had touched a hot iron, for instinctively he knew that he had touched death.

Then, with a cry, he started off and ran down the road towards the village as fast as his trembling limbs would carry him.

Darker and darker grew the night, until the clouds seemed to rest upon the earth and all was one blank dimness, save where a light twinkled here and there in the hollow below.

Over the heap of stones where the dead man lay the wind swept whisperingly, as though trying to rouse him, and brought with it a white sleet that presently began to die upon him like a shroud

But its bitter blast could chill him no more; he was beyond the reach of cold, and hunger, and heat, and thirst. "After life's fitful fever he slept well."

That poor shrunken heap of mortality that every one would now shrink shudderingly from had once upon a time been a fine handsome young fellow, for whom women broke their hearts and forgot duty, honor and God.

He had been born and reared in luxury, and had grown up without ever knowing what it was to have a want ungratified; and at five-and-thirty years of age he lay down to die upon a heap of stones of cold and hunger.

The Old, Old Story.

CHAPTER I.

Fourteen years have passed away since that autumn night, and our readers must suppose themselves transported, on one calm, warm, summer's evening to that cockney's paradise, Hampstead Heath.

Those who know this place only by report sneer at it as the resort of St. Gile's on bank holidays, and the chosen ground of donkey drivers; and have a vague notion that it is a barren, dried waste, quite unworthy the attention of refined people.

And yet the lover of the picturesque may travel many miles in this or any other land before he will find a more beautiful spot, a more charming landscape than he may behold from the northern side of the heath, looking toward Harrow and Hendon and Finchley, with their rising expanses of wood and grass and corn land.

Even the hand of the destroyer, that in time would have made the place a mere sand-pit, has added to its natural beauties by creating an undulating surface of valley and hillock, which when covered by the golden broom, the purple heather and the green bracken, presents a picture of exquisite beauty.

No contrast can be more grateful to the Londoner than to escape from his wilderness of brick, his close, heavy atmosphere, and, mounting to those bracing heights, cast himself upon the soft, springy turf, or lounge upon one of the wooden seats beneath the shelter of overhanging trees, and give him up to the luxury of sunlight, and fresh air and scenery.

On the evening we have chosen to conduct the reader to the spot, the air was ringing with the shouts and laughter of children, as they chased one another up and down the hollows and among the brambles and the tall ferns, and many grown-up people were strolling in all directions, enjoying the sweet, soft atmosphere and the mild warmth of the declining sun.

Among the latter were a youth and a young girl, who, after a while, seated themselves upon a piece of rising ground looking northward and commanding one of the finest prospects that the Heath can boast.

But they did not seem to bestow much attention upon the landscape because they were insensible to its beauties, but just then they were in deep conversation that engaged all their thoughts.

The youth might have been twenty, certainly not more; he was a fine, handsome young fellow, with dark eyes and hair, a complexion glowing with health and a frank, open expression of face that would win him friends wherever he went.

His companion looked about eighteen or nineteen, a fair-haired, blue-eyed girl, extremely pretty, with a slight, yet, for her age, well proportioned figure.

Both, by their dress and bearing, evidently belonged to a superior class of society.

"Godfrey," the girl was saying, "even if we were not so absurdly young, there are so many things to render it impossible."

"Oh, we needn't get married for a year or two," said the boy. "When I am twenty-one I shall be a rich man."

"Oh! it is no money question," answered the girl quickly. "As if I should ever think of that."

"What is it then, Rosy?"

"You cannot know your own mind at twenty; a few years hence you will see some one you could have loved better, and then we should both be miserable."

"I shall never see any one that I can love as well as you, Rosy. I feel quite sure of that; and if anything were to happen to separate us I should never marry."

An elder who had heard this mere boy with such words would have smiled, yet he could not but have been impressed by the intensity of the conviction with which they were spoken.

"You forget what I am, my birth, Godfrey; do you suppose that your uncle would ever consent to your marriage with a nameless orphan that his wife had taken from the workhouse?"

"He adopted you, reared you as his own daughter, educated you as a lady; what objection can he offer?"

Rosamond shook her head; young as she was, she had truer instincts in regard to human nature than her companion.

"A year hence I shall be my own master, and not accountable to anybody," he replied, impetuously.

"But I shall," she answered gravely. "Oh, Godfrey! do you think I could fly in the face of my dear benefactor, who rescued me from misery and who has been a father to me? As much as I love you—and I do love you, dear—I could not be ungrateful to him; I would rather die."

He pressed her hand and furtively raised it to his lips. Then he was silent for a few moments.

"Rosy," he said presently, "I never quite understood your story. Would you mind telling it to me, if it would not pain you?"

"Oh, no!" she answered, quickly; "I should like you to hear it. You will then better understand my position and your own. My earliest recollections are of a squalor and mystery that you cannot conceive; of living in some wretched rooms almost destitute of furniture; of my father coming home in a state of intoxication and beating my mother—he never touched me; then of wandering about the country begging; of sleeping in sheds or out in the fields under hedges and haystacks. All is confused, however, till one dreadful night when my father dropped down upon a heap of stones and said he was dying and Josh—that is my brother—sent me running off to ask for help. I met a man before I got to the village, and sobbed out my story to him, and I remember he seemed to pity me very much, and took me up in his arms and was carrying me back when I saw Josh coming toward us; as soon as he caught sight of me he called out that father was dead. Then we were taken back to the village, and slept for the night in some outhouse, and next morning were taken off to the workhouse. But Josh would not stop there, and ran away on the second day. I had not been in the workhouse more than a week when Mrs. Mendlicott, who was on a visit to a friend in the neighborhood, came there and"—

"Attracted by your sweet face, and having no children of her own, brought you away with her," put in Godfrey. "Yes, I know all the rest. It was but an experiment at first; if you had not proved tractable and refined and all that Mrs. Medlicott desired, you would ultimately have been relegated to the position of an upper servant; but as you far exceeded her expectations she adopted you and gave you her own name."

Rosamond's eyes filled with tears at these reminiscences.

(To be Continued.)

A BLIND SURGEON.

Performs Difficult Operations Though He Has Seen Nothing Since Birth.

When James R. Cocke, of Huntington avenue, was two months old, both of his eyes were ruined by a blundering doctor, who administered a wrong medicine. Since then he has been totally blind. He is now thirty-two years of age, and he is consulted in difficult cases by the most eminent of the regular physicians of Boston. He has performed the present week two very delicate and difficult surgical operations, and in both cases the patients are doing well. He locates a disease by his sensitive touch, and he tells the colors of goods in the same way, singular as it may appear. A lady who had eight or ten samples of dress goods, each about three inches square and of different colors and shades of colors, handed them to Dr. Cocke the other day, and he at once told accurately the color and even the shade of quality of each, and selected the samples of best quality. When handed several national bank and government currency bills, he at once told the denomination of each, and the color, whether green or black. He tells the complexion of a person by touching the skin. It is difficult to believe that a blind man could do this, but he he is seen to do it, and accurately, too.

Dr. Cocke went among Buffalo Bill's Indians the other day, and designated their character by their voices, spoken in the Indian dialect. He has three diplomas from colleges of this and foreign countries and four certificates of commendation from institutions where he has taken special courses of study. He went through a course of study under the famous Weir Mitchell.

Before Dr. Cocke was 21 years of age he was employed by a large tobacco house to select the raw tobacco for them. He never failed in getting the best quality and the most desirable color—all by the touch. From this source he earned over $3,000, which paid his expenses at a university in Tennessee, where he stood at the head of his class. From the Tennessee university he entered a medical school, where he was to the fore all through the class. He has taken special studies in five other institutions, a part of them in Europe. To attain all that this remarkable man has accomplished in the higher classics and professional studies of the college required a large and firmly knit brain, perseverance and self-reliance to an unusual degree.

The two women patients that he operated upon last week are both doing well. In one case a large tumor was removed; the other was a still more difficult and delicate case. When lifting out the tumor, Dr. Cocke found that he had twenty-four forceps holding veins and arteries. He tied blood vessels quickly and removed the forceps. He takes up and ties severed arteries in difficult cases more rapidly than any of the clear-seeing surgeons. He has no idea of the appearance of the moon and planets and stars, nor of the sun; and night and day are all the same to him, except the stillness of the night does not escape his attention. He is a hard working and unflagging student. He has a typewriter, to whom he dictates. His wife writes medical prescriptions in Latin. —Boston Correspondence of the Hartford Times.

A Convert to Bloomers.

Miss Susan B. Anthony, the famous and veteran woman suffragist, has come out for bloomers. She has come out strong. And she has proved the faith that is in her by wearing them herself. Miss Anthony returned home last week from a long trip through the west, where she has had a busy and delightful time of it since last April. She exhibits, actually with pride, a photograph of herself wearing a divided skirt and seated astride a mule. This spectacle was witnessed in the Yosemite valley and distracted attention from the other grand features of the scenery. Miss Anthony said she was decidedly in favor of the divided skirt, and could never have staid on that mule's back without it. Then she totally and finally committed herself to bifurcation by adding: "When the new woman undertakes her new work she will certainly adapt her dress to the occasion. If she is to work around machinery she will not wear long, flowing robes, but will dress suitably to her calling. I am decidedly in favor of bicycle riding for young ladies, and I think they will soon rid themselves of the troublesome skirt and adopt a costume better fitted to the wheel." The "smartest man in Rochester," as Miss Anthony is very often called here, has never been in the slightest degree mannish in her costume. She has always set a good example to woman reformers in the matter of clothes and has really been one of the very best dressed women in Rochester. That this is one reason for the respect in which she is held by everybody there can be no doubt, and all her friends are in mortal terror lest she may think it a conscientious duty to be a pioneer of her sex in the matter of trousers, as she has been in the matter of suffrage. But there is not the least danger that Miss Anthony will ever "rid herself of the troublesome skirt," or ever wear any but the most becoming bonnets. A very level headed and womanly woman, the last woman in the world to make a guy of herself, is Susan B. Anthony.—Buffalo Express.

The American Quick Lunch.

The prevalence of indigestion in America has been variously accounted for, iced water and sweets being two of the favorite explanation. But, as a matter of fact, it is not so much what one eats as the way in which one eats it which works the mischief, and in America the way is a standing affront to the art of gastronomy. For in what other country than America, as a writer in the "Critic," very pertinently asks would the legend "Quick Lunch" prove an attraction to the hungry man?

A foreigner (especially if he were a British workman) would regard it in the light of an insult. A Frenchman will do anything in a hurry except eat, and, in consequence, his digestive apparatus seems to think that the time spent at table is not wasted. The writer in the "Critic," declares that it is the commonest thing to see men bolting their food at a lunch counter, not to get back to business, but in order to loaf about the streets till the midday interval is spent. Even those who enjoy more leisure show a similar disregard for the high art of dining, and an American lady has been heard to say that she thought the nicest way to live would be to go to the pantry when you are hungry and take a bite of something, but that to sit at the table was a sheer waste of time. "Ten minutes for refreshments," in fact, was her idea of rational reflection. Here, at least, is one of the things which we manage better in the effete old mother country. Record breaking is all very well, but it is a bad ideal to aim at where speed in eating is concerned. Here, at any rate, the policy of Mr. Gladstone is above reproach.—London Globe.

The most magnificent gift ever given by a subject to a sovereign was Hampton Court, in the county of Middlesex, erected by Cardinal Wolsey, and, with diplomatic judgment, presented by him to Henry VIII. when it became apparent that the splendor of the building had awakened that grasping sovereign's cupidity.

RUMORS OF RIOTS.

CHINESE CONTINUE THEIR ATTACKS ON THE MISSIONARIES.

An Appeal Is Made by Foreigners the Convention, Which Adopts Resolutions Favoring the Free Coinage of Silver at 16 to 1.

Hong Kong, Aug. 8.—In an interview to-day with some of the survivors of the Ku Cheng massacre they declared that the outrage was carried out in the most diabolical manner, and that it was evidently premeditated and carefully arranged and entirely unprovoked attack made upon the occupants of the missionary station while they were asleep. The bodies of the victims were buried at Fu Chow.

There are rumors of further riots at places nearer Fu Chow than Ku Cheng. This district includes the stations of the Church of England at Zenana, the American Methodist stations at Fu Khian, Lu Yong, Ning Talk, Hochiang and Huighwa.

Shanghai, Aug. 8.—The Mercury of this city to-day publishes a dispatch from Foo Chow, saying that the position of the Europeans is critical, owing to the open hostility of the natives and native officials. It is added that if an outbreak occurs that the native officials will be unable to cope with the mob. Fu Khien province is said to be in a state of rebellion, and the missions at Fung Fuk, in that province, have been burned. The Europeans and Americans have telegraphed for gunboats to protect the foreign settlement.

London, Aug. 8.—The officials of the foreign office have cabled instructions to the British minister at Pekin, R. N. O'Connor, to demand the safety of all British subjects in the disturbed districts and to insist upon a full inquiry into the massacre. In addition, Mr. O'Connor has been ordered to see that the culprits are punished and that independent inquiry be made into the Ku Cheng massacre by a British consular court.

Washington, Aug. 8.—The state department has just received the following cablegram from United States Consul General Jernigan:

"Nixon, United States consul at Foo Chow, wires: 'American mission property at Yun Fu has been burned. Details of Ku Cheng massacre horrible. House stealthily surrounded and sleeping ladies and children speared to death. Situation unsettled.'"

MARKET REPORTS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

Chicago, Aug. 8.—Wheat — August, 67c; September, 68c; December, 70c; May, 74 1-2c. Corn—August, 40 5-8c; October, 38 1-8c; November, 36 1-4c; December, 36 1-4c; May, 34c. Oats—August, 20 1-2c; September, 20 3-4c; October, 20 7-8c. Pork—August, $9.25; September, $9.32 1-2; October, $9.40; January, $10.15. Lard—August, $5.90; September, $5.95; October, $6.02 1-2; January, $6.07 1-2. Ribs — August, $5.45; September, $5.52 1-2; October, $5.60; January, $5.30.

Chicago, Aug. 8.—Hogs very slow; prices generally unchanged; no prime heavy here; light, $4.80a5.40; mixed, $4.60a5.10; heavy, $4.35a5; rough, $4.35a4.60. Cattle—Natives steady; rangers weaker; steers, $3.60a6; cows and bulls, $1.50a3.75; Texans, $2.25a4.50.

Minneapolis, Aug. 8.—Wheat — August closed at 66c; September opened at 64 5-8c and closed at 64 1-8c; December opened at 66 1-4c and closed at 65 1-2c. On track—No. 1 hard, 67 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, 66 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 65 3-4c.

Milwaukee, Aug. 8.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat unsteady; No. 2 spring, 68 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, 72c. Corn dull and weak; No. 3, 41c. Oats very dull; No. 2 white, 25 1-2c; No. 3 white, 24 1-2c. Barley nominal; No. 2, 46c; sample, 46c. Rye steady and more active; No. 1, 45c. Provisions steady; pork, $9.30; lard, $5.90.

St. Paul, Aug. 8.—Hogs steady to 5c higher; only fair demand; quality pretty good. Cattle steady; receipts were liberal and demand good, and a good clearance will be made.

There is no baking powder which produces such sweet and tasteful food as the Royal Baking Powder.

PUSHING MATTERS.

The Burlington Crowding Work on Its Western Extension.

Starbuck, Wash., Aug. 8.—The Burlington railroad is coming West and there are reasons for the belief that it is coming in a hurry. A new route running nearly midway between the Northern Pacific and the Union Pacific, through a wild and unsettled country is now being explored and surveyed with all possible haste by the engineers of the company, who are working many miles south of the route usually considered available for the Burlington road. From one of them it was learned that it proposes to locate a line up the valley, working east toward the Wyoming line and probably crossing it in the northern part of Fremont county, opposite the National Park, unless a better route through the rockies can be secured by crossing into Southern Montana.

A herd of cattle belonging to S. I. Kein, east of Guthrie, Okla., has developed Texas fever, and a dozen or more have died and many more are sick.

NOT GAMBLING.

An Important Decision as to Operations on 'Change.

Chicago, Aug. 8. — A decision of great importance to stock exchange speculators was rendered to-day by Judge Tuley, who held that speculation on 'change is legitimate business transaction, and cannot be classed as gambling.

Socialist Dead.

London, Aug. 8.—Frederick Engels, head of the international socialist movement, is dead.

Kidnapper Arrested.

Buffalo, N. Y., Special.—George Allen, one of the men who kidnaped Lawyer O. O. Cottle for ransom two months ago, was arrested at the Mansion house to-day. He retained Hugh Pentecost, the onetime preacher, for his attorney, and Pentecost tells a remarkable story. The crime that was committed by Allen and one Emery, was one of the most daring ever perpetrated here. Lawyer Cottle was inveigled into taking a buggy ride to look at some property and when ushered into a vacant house, was overpowered and thrust into a cell, handcuffed and chained by his ankles to a post, gagged, and then, under threats of death compelled to write a note to his wife asking for $5,000 immediately.

Fitz Makes Horseshoes.

Philadelphia, Special.—In a horseshoe-making contest in this city today Pugilist Bob Fitzsimmons broke the record by forging thirty horseshoes in twenty-seven minutes. His opponent was John Corbett of this city, who made the same number in twenty-seven minutes and twenty seconds. Fitzsimmons was unlucky at the start as the first two pieces of iron he selected broke in half.

Ingalls for Free Silver.

Caldwell, Kan., Special.—Hon. John J. Ingalls addressed about 1,500 people to-day at the Cesikaska Veteran association. After paying tribute to the old soldiers and the cause they represent he closed by declaring in favor of the free coinage of silver.

The Coulterville stage was held up six miles from Merced, Cal., by a masked robber. He secured the Wells-Fargo treasure box, with valuable contents.

The civil guard at Jovellanos, Province of Matanzas, surprised the insurgent band of Chief Fraga and killed one and took three prisoners.

Australian Telegraphy.

A clever bit of telegraphy has been done in Australia. Through the co-operation of the telegraph authorities in all the five colonies on the mainland of Australia, a very interesting experiment was lately made in the long-distance transmission of telegraphic messages. The points selected were Rockhampton and Broome, in Roebuck Bay, Western Australia. Broome on the northwestern coast of Western Australia, and is the point where the cable of Java, and so from Europe, is landed in that colony. It is also the furthest point north in Western Australia to which the telegraph has yet been carried. At the time appointed all the instruments on the intervening stations between Rockhampton and Broome were connected, and thus a continued circuit was made between the two points. The signals received in Rockhampton from Israelite Bay, about 4,000 miles away on the south ern coast of Western Australia, are described as being as clear and sharp as if they had come from across the street. In the line between Israelite Bay and Broome there was a defect which sometimes impaired the distinctness of the signals. But the experiment was decidedly a success, for perfectly readable signals were exchanged and a conversation was carried on, between the telegraph masters at Rockhampton and Broome, which, following the route of the wire are 6275 miles apart.

A Quarter's Worth of Gas.

The Consolidated Gas Company of this city, has adopted the nickel-in-the-slot meter. In England these penny gas machines are very popular with the poor as well as those who live in lodgings. The prepayment meters introduced here, however, are not of the penny pattern. A silver quarter is the coin required to release the illuminating fluid. For 25c 200 feet of goes through the meter, moves out rate of $1.25 per 1000. The gas need not be used continuously. A special indicator on the face of the dial, which is supposed to show how much gas gas goes through the meter, moves out to a 200-foot mark as soon as the coin is deposited. As the gas is used this indicator returns to the zero point. Meters of this class are placed in the consumer's room or flat, so that the number of feet still to be burned may be seen at a glance at the dial. The machine is so arranged that two, three or four quarters may be placed in the slot, and thus 400, 600 or 1000 feet of gas purchased. The meter will register and give credit for 200 feet of gas every time a coin of the proper dimensions is placed in the receiver. Less than 300 meters are now in use, but as they are growing in popularity the number is bound to increase, especially in bachelor apartments and folding-bed and condensed milk flats. —New York Cor., of the Pittsburg Dispatch.

Photography in Municipal Engineering.

An interesting use of photography is noted in the last annual report of the city engineer of Rochester, N. Y. To meet the requirements of construction his department has found it necessary to prepare 196 photographic negatives, 390 prints and 156 lantern slides. Photography was used for many purposes. In the first place, for a record of old structures, which may have had an important place in the early local history. Second, as a record of construction, for the purpose of study, and also for the purpose of spurring the inspectors and contractors to greater care. Flashlight pictures are taken of the inside of completed sewers, so that the details of the work can be examined at leisure. Many photographs are made for the law department to be used in cases of suits for personal injury by reason of defects in walks or pavements. Copies are pasted into substantial albums, and are of constant use in discussion with aldermen and other officials, as well as taxpayers. On one occasion it was necessary to educate the public of the city to a better comprehension of the question of beauty in bridge designs. The engineer prepared a lecture on city bridges and illustrated it by 140 lantern slides made from photographs. The slides were selected to show existing structures which are failures, in direct comparison with successful and beautiful specimens of bridge building. The lecture had a good effect, and the engineer had the satisfaction of selecting a bridge that was artistic as well as useful.

Discovery in Naval Ship Building.

The announcement of an important discovery in naval ship building has been made before the German reichstag. During a discussion in committee on the question of the construction of a ship to replace the Preussen, the admiral said that successful experiments with new armor plating had been made at Messrs. Krupp's works, where a hardening process had been discovered which gave extraordinary results and was the means of considerably increasing the resisting power of the plates. Valuable experience had also been gained from the naval operations in the China-Japanese war. Of all the foreign officers who had applied for permission to accompany the Chinese fleet Germans alone had been allowed to make a more minute inspection of the Chinese ships, which, it should be noted, possessed a much greater power of resistance than the Japanese vessels.

The cook should examine carefully the label of the baking powder and see that she is not imposed upon. If the grocer sends anything but the Royal, send it back, as one cook did five times until she got the Royal. The only safe way is for the cook to have the finest things to work with, and the Royal is not only the finest but the most economical to use because it goes much further.

She Lacked the First One.

"Bridget, I want a pound of steak, a bag of salt, two ounces of pepper, a loaf of bread and a pound of butter. Do you think you can remember them all, or shall I write them down?

"Sure, mam, I kin remember one by the other. When I hev bread, I know I want butter, and when I have steak I want pepper and salt."

"All right. Go, and don't be long."

Bridget was not long. She was back in a very short time, but with an empty basket.

"Why, where is the dinner, Bridget?"

"I couldn't remember wan of them, mam."

"Why, I thought you could remember each article by the one before it."

"Faith, mam, I had nothin' to remimber the furst one by."—Harper's Bazar.

Seasoning of Stone.

Stone, like lumber, requires seasoning, and is often not so solid as generally supposed. A cubic foot of compact granite, for instance, weighs about 164 pounds, while a cubic foot of iron weighs 464 pounds, thus plainly indicating that there must be considerable space between the atoms of the most endurable stone, for air, moisture, etc. The seasoning of stone is well understood, and it should enter into the calculations of every architect.

An Industrious Clock.

In the tower of the Christian Science temple, corner of Falmouth and Caledonia streets, there is a clock which strikes four notes for the quarter hour, eight for the half, twelve for the three-quarters and sixteen for the hour, followed by the number of the hour. Thus, at 11 o'clock at night there are twenty-seven strokes. Then all is quiet until 6 o'clock in the morning, and close-by residents are allowed to sleep.—Boston Post.

How It Was Arranged.

'Remember, Maud, I am no more
Plain Charlie Brown, but 'Mr.'
Unless you will consent to be
My wife and not my Sr."
And Maud consented then and there,
And Charlie Brown then Kr.
—Halifax Herald.

HORR AND HARVEY.

SUMMARIES OF THE RECENT SILVER DEBATE.

Each of the Participants Reviews the Discussion Which Was Carried on for Ten Days, and Gives His Ideas of the Result.

Chicago, Aug. 8.—Following is the summing up of the Horr-Harvey debate made by the principals themselves: The summary by Roswell G. Horr is as follows:

The object of this debate was to determine if it would be wise for our nation to throw open its mints to the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 when the civilized nations of the world refuse to join in such action. My opponent proposed to prove that such course is advisable, and undertook to do it on the lines laid down in "Coin's Financial School." I denied the advisability of such action, and attacked the teachings of that book from the title page to its close. The debate is finished, and how does the case stand?

Mr. Harvey admits that the book is pure fiction. He repudiates its motto by declaring that it does not mean what it says. His statement that primary money only is the measure of value he has not even attempted to sustain, though his proof has been called for repeatedly. His statement that the people of the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries were in the most "degraded condition of serfdom and slavery" on account of the lack of metallic money has been completely demolished.

He based his whole argument on the proposition that the silver dollar was in 1792 made the only unit or measure of value. I have shown conclusively that our forefathers attempted to establish bimetallism and provided for two units of value, one of gold and one of silver, always naming gold first, and that up to 1834 the silver standard alone was used. That after that the gold standard came into use, and that since that the silver dollar has never for a day been used as the measure of values in the United States. No nation has ever succeeded in actually using two standards at the same time.

The Law of '73.

Mr. Harvey next based his case upon the assumption that the law of 1873 was a crime, and stated that it had its origin in fraud and its birth through bribery and corruption. He planted himself upon four propositions to prove his case:

First, he claimed that the congress of the United States was purchased; that the passage of the bill was procured by the money of capitalists of this and other nations. Secondly, he stated that the bill passed both houses all right, and was changed by some clerk in its enrollment. He next claimed that it was not changed by a clerk, but that the dirty work was done in conference committee.

He then showed that none of his other statements were true, but that the work was done by passing a "substitute bill."

He introduced no evidence in support of either proposition, and he stands convicted of making every one of those charges without any proof that would be received in any ordinary court of justice. If the congress of the United States was bribed to pass a bad bill, then the bill must have first passed in bad shape. Now, if that be true, then there would be no need of a clerk to aid to do the dirty work. If it was done by the enrolling clerk, then it follows that congress passed the bill as it ought to have been, and consequently they could not have done what he says they were bribed to do. Again, if congress passed the bill all right and the enrolling clerk enrolled it correctly, then the bribery could apply only to the members of the conference committee.

Production of Gold.

Mr. Harvey quotes the European geologist Suess to show that the world can produce only about as much gold as is required for consumption each year outside of coinage. He conceals the fact that Suess wrote his essay several years ago, and that the production and coinage of gold in the last three years proves absolutely that Suess was entirely wrong. The facts are that during the last three years the world has produced $470,000,000 of gold, and during those three years it has coined, exclusive of recoinage, over $380,000,000. Mr. Harvey should have known these facts. Why did he quote Suess when he should have known that the actual facts proved the statements of Suess to be false?

Mr. Harvey endeavored to prove decreasing wages in the United States since 1873. He introduced only one statement in support of his position; that was the evidence of a single man for one trade in the city of Omaha. On the other hand, to prove that they are advancing, I introduced the investigation of the United States commissioner of labor, and Mulhall, who show that the average annual wages in manufacturing industries have risen from $288 in 1870 to $560 for each person in 1890.

Unable to produce any table of wages that shows a fall since 1870, Mr. Harvey in the latter part of his debate tries to show the falsity of my position that in fixing the original measure of value human toil was largely taken into calculation. Did he succeed? No.

American Indebtedness.

Mr. Harvey gave the foreign indebtedness of this country as more than three times the real amount. He has been repeatedly called upon to tell when and how that vast sum reached us. No such enormous amount could have come without some record of the transaction. He has utterly failed to account for the arrival of this vast sum; which is a confession that his statement is groundless and only used to misrepresent the condition of this country. His entire table of debts is composed of a doubling up of real debts, and is a slander on the actual condition of the American people.

Mr. Harvey virtually admits that the action which he proposes will put this nation on a silver basis and drive gold out of this country. His statement that the gold dollar should be cut down until its value be no more than the commercial value of the silver in the standard dollar, is a complete admission of this point. Hence I have a right to assume that his plan contemplates such a result.

I showed conclusively that this would work injury to seventeen million people who work for wages. I also showed that the injury would extend to all pensioners, savings and other bank depositors, and the holders of insurance policies, aggregating twelve million of people, and to every person in the United States who has any money except gold coin. What was Mr. Harvey's reply to disprove my statement? Not one word. On the contrary, he has shown that benefits will come to no people except silver mine owners and insolvent debtors.

I submit to the people of this republic that they should never permit threats of revolution to induce them to adopt wholesale repudiation. The civilized world is clearly on my side of this issue. I protest against any attempt to lead this republic into the camp of the half-civilized and barbarous nations of the world. Let us rather remain and work in harmony with people who have large experience and sound business sense.

Mr. Harvey's Views Regarding Free Coinage Are Not Changed.

The following is W. H. Harvey's summary.

The debate settles in my judgment the following propositions:

First—That gold and silver is the money of the constitution. Mr. Horr did not controvert this, and I left it with Daniel Webster's statement to that effect. The main strength underlying this proposition is a knowledge of the merits of bimetallism as disclosed by the whole debate. As token money, silver performs none of the functions intended by the constitution. Since this debate the press dispatches report the supreme court of Ohio as deciding that a municipality cannot issue bonds payable in gold alone; that such bonds should be payable in either gold or silver. If that court has done so it has clearly decided rightly. There is no doubt in my mind that the United States supreme court would declare unconstitutional the act of 1873. The circulation of silver as token money is wherein it has worked a deception. What the United States supreme court would do now is more doubtful, as I am inclined to believe that they are as a whole as much under the influence of the bondholders as the supreme court of 1860 was under the influence of the slaveholders. A test case would now probably result in a Dred Scott decision. I do not mean to express prejudice, but in view of the events of the last two years I cannot help but believe that official despotism has already set in, and that most of our public officials are now unconsciously the willing servants of the money-lending power. If a majority of the supreme court are thus infected, as I fear, it could not take the broad statesmanlike view of this question that is required.

Second—That the silver dollar was the unit of value in our coinage system fixed by the act of 1792. Mr. Horr admits this. See pages 59 and 61 of official report.

Third—That silver and gold both were the measures of value of all other property until 1873, and the debtor had a right to pay in either metal. See Mr. Horr's answer to Mr. Motsinger on page 100.

Coinage of Dollars.

Mr. Horr stated that Jefferson did not stop the coinage of silver dollars in 1806 and direct that all silver seeking the mints be coined into 50-cent pieces and less because of the scarcity of small money, as stated in the "School," but virtually receded from this claim, on page 144. The exportation of silver dollars was not on account of a premium on silver over gold, but because our silver dollars circulated as money in other nations where their familiarity with the dollar would cause it to do so, whereas they were not familiar with our fractional coins, and thus the latter more readily stayed with us.

Mr. Horr said that when gold or silver was the unit the quantity in a dollar could not be worth either more or less than a dollar, more or less than itself, and criticized my statement in the "School" that it could be worth more. I passed it at the time as I did many other things that had no substantial bearing on the subject under discussion. I refer him now to recent market quotations in New York, when gold bullion was selling at a small premium, which was accounted for at the time by purchases made by a gold syndicate to prevent gold from seeking the mints. I also refer him to the silver unit I gave him, the old coin dealers' quotation on which is $7.

Mr. Horr's frequent references to a change in the ratio prior to the formation of this government is answered by this: That this change was not to make less money, but to make more money. In no instance is it known that silver was disturbed by increasing the size of the coins. These changes were made in the gold coins and were made to make more money. When these changes were made in the legal ratio the commercial ratio soon conformed to the legal ratio.

If Mr. Horr had followed me in the logical arrangement of the debate as indicated by the book we were discussing I would have been enabled to furnish data more fully and justifying points in the "School" attacked by him. And I had so intended, but after the discussion of the crime of 1873 he seemed to wholly abandon the regular order of debate and went to all parts of the "School," and at one time went to another book I had written, "Up to Date," and hurled propositions at me that were clearly out of the regular order of the debate. This required me to use few words in the many brief answers that I made to him. I did so because I did not want his statements to go wholly unanswered at that time and risk losing an opportunity to answer him fully. I would, however, have answered all of them fully, as I did some of them afterwards, if he had let them come in their proper order.

Regarding Debts.

One of these topics was debts. The public knows how I abbreviated my answers. I can only say now that it is admitted by the other side that our long-timed debts, including national, state, municipal, corporate, and including farm and home mortgages, amount in round figures to $20,000,000,000. It is also admitted that this does not include current business accounts and notes, nor the enormous sum that hangs over the army of debtors who have gone out of business since the repeal of the last bankrupt law, and that may still be within the statute of limitations. Neither does it include debts due from individual to individuals that are not on record and cannot be classed as debts coming under the head of business or traders' debts. Nor does it include debts coming under the following heads: Pawnbrokers, chattel mortgages, partial payment sales, maritime debts, overdrafts, judgments and taxes.

If I had had time in the debate I would have justified by detail and with authorities the $40,000,000,000 at which I had estimated the aggregate indebtedness of the people of the United States.

Labor Saving Inventions

would lessen the necessary toil of men, and was a promise of a day to come when, with little labor, all would be provided for and humanity as a whole would be benefited. Has it had that result? All will answer that it has not. The lines of demarkation between the rich and the poor are more marked than ever, and the percentage of people who devote all their time to a struggle for existence is greater now than at any time known to modern history. This will not be denied by any but the selfish few whose wants, being supplied, know nothing of the wants of others.

We are sufficiently advanced now in this respect to provide all the people of the world with the comforts of life by one hour's work each day by each individual, while the remaining hours not devoted to sleep would be used in the promotion of human happiness and the advancement of the human race. That the passageway to a new era is blocked by a defect in our civilization should be admitted by all.

A Commercial Age,

where inventions, education and all forms of human skill and ingenuity are made to promote the personal ends of men or combinations of men. Such an age promotes selfishness in all things. It follows that it is not only lawful but desirable to monopolize to one's self property of any and all kind, no matter how unnecessary it may be in promoting the real comforts of the person in possession. In all such instances it is held in utter disregard to the discomforture or wants of others. To own a farm which one, with reasonable assistance, can till and beautify, make grand and refined with the work of genius, is the civilization of humanity. To own thousands of acres, as does Lord Scully in this state, inhabited by tenants whose labor supports him in riotous living is a law born of property interests and not of humanity.

If this era of selfishness that made it possible for selfish men, wise in their own interest, to demonetize silver and increase the value of their holdings, as measured in other people's property. And, as money is a thing every one must have, dealers in money have thus been enabled to mortgage the producers of the world to them, which, by its own self-operation, will bring on a crisis. If the people will act unselfishly intelligent in this crisis we will learn secrets in the science of civilization heretofore hidden from us that will result in the dawn of a new era in the history of the world, and the passing from the present crude and commercial age into a newer and brighter civilization beyond.

NEW LIBERAL LEADER.

Herbert H. Asquith Will Probably Succeed Lord Rosebery.

London, Aug. 4. — Herbert H. Asquith, whose popularity is rapidly increasing in England, is looked upon as the coming leader of the Liberal party. Mr. Asquith has risen faster and higher than any other man of his time. It was in the course of the proceedings before the Parnell commission that he was first heard of. This was less than seven years ago,

Herbert H. Asquith.

when he was thirty-seven years old. Before that time he was known only as a rising young barrister, but the considerable part he took in this great state trial brought him into prominence. It was not until two or three years after he first became a member of parliament that he began to go much in society, where he has become such a favorite. Mr. Asquith is a widower with five children. As England's home secretary he has been very popular.

Compromise Rejected.

Philadelphia, Aug. 4.—By a unanimous vote the employes of Judge Bros.' big carpet mills in this city decided to refuse the compromise offered them by that firm, to sign the advance scale on Sept. 1, instead of December.

Coxey for Governor.

Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 4.—The Populist state ticket complete is Jacob S. Coxey for governor; John H. Crofton, lieutenant governor; George Harper, treasurer; William Baker, attorney general; E. D. Stark, supreme judge; William A. Gloyd, public works.

F. E. Wilson, alias C. E. Waits, William A. Black, C. C. Woods and F. H. Woodward, awaiting trial at Pueblo, Colo., on a charge of forgery, is said to have operated throughout the West and Northwest.

TAYLORS GUILTY.

They Are Convicted of Murder in the First Degree.

Carrollton, Mo., Aug. 4.—"We, the jury, find the defendants, William P. and George Taylor, guilty of murder in the first degree." Such was the verdict rendered to-day in the notorious Meeks murder trial. It took but one ballot to decide the Taylor brothers were guilty of the heinous crime charged against them, and that the penalty for the butchery of Meeks, his wife and two children on Jenkins' Hill, on the night of May 10, last, should be at the limit. In an instant nearly 1,000 people who crowded the court room broke forth in a volly of cheers that were only silenced by threats of arrest by Judge Rucker. Sentence will be deferred for the present.

An Autograph of Chatterton.

A very rare manuscript poem with the autograph of Thomas Chatterton, who died by suicide in 1770, has this week been on view in one of the leading auction rooms in London. This interesting relic has long been the property of the Lefroy family, one of whose members, the late Sir Henry Lefroy, bequeathed it to his son, Col. Lefroy, present owner. The poem, which consists of ninety-nine verses, is prefaced by a short announcement by the author to the effect that it relates to "a transaction that happened in Bristol the second year of Edward IV., and deserves to be commemorated as one instance of the severe treatment that Prince show'd those who opposed his coming to the crown."—London Realm.

His Pedigree.

Cammann—Is that a blooded horse you've just bought?

Quinn—Oh, yes; I've forgotten who sired him, but I know he's damned by everybody about the stable.—Harlem Life.

Don't Drag Your Feet.

Many men do because the nerve centers, weakened by the long continued use of tobacco, become so affected that they are weak, tired, lifeless, listless, etc. All this can easily be overcome if the tobacco user wants to quit and gain manhood, nerve power, and enjoy vigorously the good things of life. Take No-To-Bac. Guaranteed to cure or money refunded by Druggists everywhere Book free. Address the Sterling Remedy Co., New York City or Chicago.

A Queenly Virtue.

Mrs. Cleveland sets a shining example in always being on time. She does not think it quite nice to enter the theater or church or any place late and disturb every one just for the sake of attracting attention. Mrs. Cleveland also makes a toilet in less time than almost any other woman prominent in Washington. She frequently returns from a long drive fifteen minutes before an appointment, and when the guests arrive she is there to greet them in a pretty house gown and as fresh as a rose.

FITS—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after the first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The Largest Valves.

A Troy firm is making ten of the largest valves ever manufactured in the world. They are for the waterworks system in Allegheny City, Pa. Their weight is 50,000 pounds each, and they will stand a pressure of 200 pounds to the square inch. Their dimensions are: Length, 16 feet; height 9 feet; width 5 1-2 feet.

Likely to Win.

Dime Museum Manager—Want a position here, eh? Huh, What are you remarkable for?

Hungry Tramp—I'd like to take part in an eatin' match.—New York Weekly.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve."

Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

Why the Ocean Raged.

"Mother, this book tells about 'angry waves of the ocean.' Now what makes the ocean angry? Is it because it has been crossed so often?"—Philadelphia Lutheran.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething.

The French Pay the Highest.

At this moment, when the French budget is being discussed in the Chamber, and when the ministry proposes new taxes in order to face the deficit of 56,000,000 francs for the year 1896, it may be interesting to note that France is the country which now pays the highest taxes. It has also the largest debt of all at the rate of 662 francs per head of its inhabitants. The rate is 441 francs in England; 365 in Austria-Hungary; 350 in Italy; 351 in Spain; 162 in Russia; 270 in Germany, and 146 francs in the United States. The standing national debt of France amounts to 25,000,000,000 francs to which must be added the special debt contracted by the departments the cities and the communes or townships.—New York Tribune.

Brains Count.

Floor Walker—The boss is pleased with your sales of mourning goods.

Clarklets—It takes brains to do it; when a widow asks if they will fade, I sort of give her to understand they will take a very beautiful lavender shade after six months.

Manchester-by-the-Sea, Mass., the oldest of the thirty-four Manchesters in the United States, celebrated its 250th anniversary on Tuesday.

GREAT BOOK FREE.

When Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., published the first edition of his work, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, he announced that after 680,000 copies had been sold at the regular price, $1.50 per copy, the profit on which would repay him for the great amount of labor and money expended in producing it, he would distribute the next half million *free*. As this number of copies has already been sold, he is now distributing, *absolutely free*, 500,000 copies of this most complete, interesting and valuable common sense medical work ever published— COUPON No. 111 — the recipient only being required to mail to him, at the above address, this little COUPON with twenty-one (21) cents in one-cent stamps to pay for postage and packing *only*, and the book will be sent by mail. It is a veritable medical library, complete in one volume. It contains over 1000 pages and more than 300 illustrations. The *Free Edition* is precisely the same as those sold at $1.50 except only that the books are bound in strong manilla paper covers instead of cloth. Send NOW before all are given away. They are going off rapidly.

CHEAPEST POWER ON EARTH.

The Waterloo Gasoline Engines are sold on their merits, and power guaranteed. Furnished with either tube or spark igniter, or both, to suit customers. We build Portable, Stationary and Traction Engines of any H. P. required. We also build a complete Pump and Engine for fire protection.
Send for circular and prices to
WATERLOO GASOLINE ENGINE CO.,
Minneapolis, Minn.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CTS. 25 CTS.

N. W. N. U. No. 32—1895.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
·DR·
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Woman's Greatest Charm.

I am quite sure that men regard "sweet simplicity" as the greatest charm in women, and especially in girls. This does not mean simplicity in the simpering sense, but an absence of that affected air of boldness and mannishness which has lately been assumed by too many really loveable girls. Then, too, sincerity in expression is one of the characteristics that charm men. To be sincere and candid the girl in society need never be abrupt nor self-assertive.—Ethel Ingalls in Ladies' Home Journal.

A Double Mistake.

On one occasion, when Mr. Gladstone was prime minister, he had asked Sir Henry Parkes, then on a visit to London, to breakfast. Henry Irving was among the guests invited to meet him. Mr. Irving arrived first, and Mrs. Gladstone, mistaking him for the Australian statesman, said: "Oh, Sir Henry, I'm so glad to see you." Great was Mr. Irving's surprise, which, however, passed away when he discovered that Mrs. Gladstone was not making an announcement of a knighthood.—Westminster Budget.

W. H. GRIFFIN, Jackson, Michigan, writes: "Suffered with Catarrh for fifteen years. Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me." Sold by Druggists 75c.

Animal Shamming.

In military stables horses are known to have pretended to be lame in order to avoid going to military exercise. A chimpanzee had been fed on cake when sick; after his recovery he often feigned coughing in order to procure dainties. The cuckoo as is well known, lays its eggs in another bird's nest, and to make the deception surer it takes away one of the other bird's eggs. Animals are conscious of their deceit, as shown by the fact that they try to act secretly and noiselessly; they show a sense of guilt if detected; they take precautions in advance to avoid discovery; in some cases they manifest regret and repentance. Thus bees which steal hesitate often before and after exploits, as if they feared punishment. A naturalist describes how his monkey committed theft; while he pretended to sleep the animal regarded him with hesitation, and stopped every time his master moved or seemed on the point of awakening. —London Exchange.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has no equal as a Cough medicine.—F. M. Abbott, 383 Seneca street, Buffalo, N. Y., May 9, 1894

His Little Way.

"I understand you have been very successful in your business," said the burglar.

"Yes," replied the kidnapper, "I know how to take people."—Harlem Life.

Coe's Cough Balsam

Is the oldest and best. It will break up a Cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

A Conscientious Flirt.

Prude—Well, why did you refuse him after you had taken him away from the girl he was engaged to?

Flirt—Oh, I haven't quite reached the point where I will receive stolen goods.

Metal Wheels for your Wagons

Any size you want, 20 to 56 inches high. Tires 1 to 8 inches wide—hubs to fit any axle. Saves Cost many times in a season to have set of low wheels to fit your wagon for hauling grain, fodder, manure, hogs, &c. No resetting of tires. Catl'g free. Address Empire Mfg. Co., P. O. Box 23, Quincy Ill.

DAVIS CREAM SEPARATORS

Combined Separator, Feed Cooker, and Churn Power.

Simple, Practical, Effective, Durable, Cheap and Good. Complete Dairy in itself. Saves Time, Labor and Money. Book Mailed Free, write for it. AGENTS WANTED. DAVIS & RANKIN BLDG. & MFG. CO., Chicago, Ill.

LEWIS' 98 % LYE
POWDERED AND PERFUMED
(PATENTED)

The strongest and purest Lye made. Unlike other Lye, it being a fine powder and packed in a can with removable lid, the contents are always ready for use. Will make the best perfumed Hard Soap in 20 minutes without boiling. It is the best for cleansing waste pipes, disinfecting sinks, closets, washing bottles, paints, trees, etc.

PENNA. SALT M'F'G CO.
Gen. Agents, Phila., Pa.

ALLEN'S IRON TONIC BITTERS

The most elegant Blood Purifier, Liver Invigorator, Tonic and Appetizer known. It builds up and fortifies the whole system, invigorates the liver, aids digestion and cures dyspepsia. The first Iron Tonic Bitters ever advertised in America. Get the genuine.

J. P. ALLEN, Druggist and Chemist, ST. PAUL, MINN.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

HOUSEKEEPERS!—When you are buying goods you want a good assortment to select from. We make purchases for non-residents at city prices, charging a small commission. Experienced buyers. Send 2c-stamp for particulars. N. W. Purchasing Agency, 312-14 N. Y. Life Building, St. Paul, Minn.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

LIQUORS RETAIL AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED. Per Gallon.

America's finest production of RYE AND BOURBON WHISKEY, 8 years old $2.00
BRANDY, 10 years old, warranted pure and excellent quality $1.50
PORT WINE from France, rich and mellow and guaranteed absolutely PURE $1.50
BLACKBERRY BRANDY. XXX MARYLAND, home made and ONE of THE FINEST ever put on the market $1.50
AMONTILLADO SHERRY, imported from Spain, dry and rich $1.75
HOLLAND GIN, XXX, direct from Holland, made from pure Juniper Berries, 7 years old $2.00
ANGELICA WINE, California's Finest Production $1.50
ALCOHOL $3.00

No charges for Demijohns or packing. CASH in full must accompany all orders for above goods. No orders for less than one gallon accepted. Money can be sent by Express, Drafts or Postal Notes. Send for one gallon of any of the above Liquors and convince yourself that you buy pure Liquors retail at wholesale prices. PRICES QUOTED ON ALL OTHER LIQUORS.

STEARN BROS. MERCANTILE HOUSE,
32 First Avenue South, Minneapolis, Minnesota.
Reference—Any Business House in Minneapolis.

Cabled Field and Hog Fence, Cabled Poultry, Garden and Rabbit Fence, Steel Web Picket Lawn Fence, etc. Quality first class. PRICES LOW. Catalogue FREE. De Kalb Fence Co., 121 High St., De Kalb, Ill.

GET YOUR

Fly Paper

AT

C. D. JOHNSON'S

Drug Store.

Insect Powder,

Strictly Pure.

C. D. Johnson, Druggist,

HAS IT TO SELL.

No. 4, Cale Block, Front St.

All Take Notice.

If you want to jolly it up call and see our mammoth stock of

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware and Sterling Silver NOVELTIES

At the Latest Designs in the market. See our Loose and Mounted DIAMONDS and the GOLDEN ROD SOUVENIR SPOONS;

MRS. F. G. SUNDBERG,

CORNER FRONT AND SIXTH STREETS

M. HAGBERG.

Wholesale and retail

GROCER,

HAS A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

Staple & Fancy Groceries, Flour Feed, Provisions, Etc.

M. HAGBERG,

Odd Fellows' Block.

C. B. WHITE

—DEALER IN—

HARDWARE,

I. U. WHITE, Manager

A complete line of Builders' Hardware, Sash, Doors Mouldings, Nails, Paper, Paints, Oils, Varnishes Wall Finish, and Brushes.

Guns Ammunition & Sporting Goods

CONTRACTING & BUILDING

Plans, Specifications and Estimates furnished.

All kinds of Shop and Wagon work promptly attended to.

Walker Block, Laurel St.

J. C. CONCDON

CARRIES THE

Finest and Most Complete Line of Wall Paper

Outside the Twin Cities

Specialty on Pressed Goods. These goods are made in a great variety of colors and designs, are printed in oil colors and are an exceedingly desirable low relief decoration for all classes of rooms.

WILL DISCOUNT ST. PAUL PRICES.

ROSTAD & BENSON,

—PROPRIETORS—

Scandinavian Meat Market,

Fifth Street, Near Stratton House.

Choice Cuts Kansas City Beef.

Everything Usually Kept in a First-Class Market. Free delivery.

ROSTAD & BENSON.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Official Paper Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

H. H. Ingersoll, P. W. Wieland, Editors and Proprietors.

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job printing office in the city.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1895 no legal notices or other printing to be done by the county, or with the issue of warrants on the same, for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no rebates will be given on notices furnished in plate.

All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Three (3) Cents per line for every insertion.

H. C. Stevens, Journal.
Ingersoll & Wieland, Dispatch.
A. J. Haskell, Tribune.

Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1895.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

Local News Notes.

Smith & Winslow, insurance.

Smith & Winslow, real estate.

Smith & Winslow loan money.

Smith & Winslow rent houses.

Miss Sadie Reilly is visiting Staples friends.

A heavy rain storm visited this section last night.

Jas. Chrysler, of Maple Grove, has been granted a pension.

A new stock of whips just received at W. H. Erb's harness shop on Fifth street.

D. M. Clark & Co's new hearse has arrived; also a full line of undertaking goods.

Fred Davis, of Mankato, has been visiting his former Brainerd friends during the week.

Mrs. W. J. Smith left on Thursday for a months' visit with relatives at McGregor, Iowa.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Pennell left on Wednesday for a two week's visit at Hamilton, Ontario.

There will be preaching both morning and evening at the Congregational church on Sunday.

A new cement sidewalk is being laid in front of Mrs. Grandelmyer's property on Front street.

The ladies of the Congregational church give a lawn social this evening at Mrs. Walter Davis' home.

Miss Etta Tuttle, of Boston, is visiting with C. N. Parker and family, having arrived on Saturday last.

Miss Annie Campbell left last Friday at noon to visit her sister, Mrs. Herd, of Minneapolis, a few days.

Misses Ella and Agatha DeLambert and Miss Maud Hurd, of St. Paul, are visiting Brainerd friends.

A. F. Ferris has been drawn as a grand juror in the United States court to be held at Minneapolis Sept. 3rd.

Prof. A. E. Fritz, who is to teach in the city schools the coming term, was in the city from St. Cloud over Sunday.

A new bell will soon grace the Catholic church, the people of that congregation having decided to purchase one.

Mrs. M. Hagberg and son returned from Duluth last evening having accompanied Mr. Hagberg to that city on his way east.

Mrs. W. H. Cochran, of Pittsburg, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. T. McMaster, for some weeks, left for her home yesterday.

The chicken season opens Sept. 1st, three weeks from Sunday next. Some of the anxious hunters will do well to make a note of this fact.

The W. C. T. U. will hold a lawn social on the eve of August 21st, at the Y. M. C. A. park. A further notice will be given next week.

The Troy Laundry has been removed to its new location, corner of Eighth and Main streets, and things are in shape for a rushing business. If you want good work give the Troy a call.

John Shannon and Sam Hatfield were arrested at Lothrop on Tuesday and brought to this city charged with grand larceny in the second degree, their examination being adjourned ten days.

The man who was killed by No. 6 near Pillager two weeks ago, was August Keenast, an inmate of the Becker county poor house. He was deaf and had wandered away from the farm.

There will be solemn and impressive services at the Catholic church on Sunday morning at 9:30, when 61 children will receive first communion. There will be music and a sermon appropriate to the occasion.

C. B. McArthur, of White Earth, has been in the city during the week, having the remains of his mother and sister disinterred and taken to the above place for their final resting place. The gentleman formerly lived at Crow Wing.

John Erikson and Miss Mary Martenson were united in marriage on Thursday, August 1st, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Torkelson, on Tenth street north, Rev. E. Grevander, pastor of the Swedish Baptist church, performing the ceremony.

Street Commissioner J. W. Jones met with a serious accident on Saturday last, having his arm broken near the shoulder and being otherwise bruised up. Mr. Jones was driving home on Oak street and his horse became frightened at a dog and ran away, throwing him out against a fence with the above result.

The Brainerd fire department has received $233.11 as its proportion of the proceeds of the state tax on state and outside insurance companies for 1895. The departments of the state got one-half of the 2 per cent tax on premiums paid to Minnesota companies. The entire amount was $66,092.27, and $34,046.87 was divided among the fire departments.

Deaths.

Harry, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Brackner, died on Thursday of meningetis. The funeral occurs today.

Berty, the three-months-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Nels R. Larson, died at Long Lake on Friday last of cholera infantum. The funeral was held on Sunday.

Flora, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Decoster, aged four months, died at Daggett Brook on Sunday of cholera infantum. The funeral was held on Tuesday.

Ellen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Errickson, aged two years, died on Friday last of whooping cough. The funeral was held on Sunday, Rev. Grevander officiating.

The seven-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Peterson died on Thursday of cholera infantum, the funeral occurring the same day, Rev. L. S. Stapf officiating.

Gilbert Walker, the six-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Walker, died on Monday, August 5th, 1895, of cholera infantum. The funeral was held from the house on Tuesday, Rev. Pentreath officiating.

Wm. Stevens, aged 37 years, died suddenly of heart failure on Sunday last at his home near Gull River. The remains were brought to this city and the funeral took place from D. M. Clark & Co.'s undertaking rooms on Monday, Rev. D. D. McKay officiating. Mrs. Stevens died some four months ago.

B. F. Durgan died at his home in this city on Monday, August 5, 1895, of cancer of the liver, after an illness of some duration, at the age of 56 years and 10 months. The funeral services were held on Wednesday afternoon 2:30 from the M. E. church, Rev. R. C. Opie officiating. The deceased has been a resident of this city for some years, coming here from Kansas, in 1891, during which time he was employed by the N. P. Company. He was born in Boston and lived there until his 19th year. A wife, two sons and a daughter are left to mourn his death. The deceased was an old soldier, and about twenty of the members of Pap Thomas Post, G. A. R., attended the funeral in a body.

If you want hardware, furniture, carpets, crockery or glassware, call on D. M. Clark & Co.

Good Show Coming.

"The Burglar" drew two big houses at the Academy of Music Sunday, and a better attraction has not graced the stage of that popular theatre this season. A comedy-drama of more than passing interest is the "Burglar" a play that is wholesome. The play was handsomely staged and is presented by an unusually capable company headed by Eugene and Anna Boyle Moore, two artists of unquestioned ability. The comedy work is exceptionally well done. Little Gertie Carlisle captured the audience at once with her wonderful acting and delightful singing.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Sleeper Opera House, Monday evening, August 12.

Get a nice lamb roast for your Sunday dinner at Ed. C. Bane & Co's market.

From the Detroit Record.

Miss Whittaker, head nurse in the Brainerd Sanitarium, is making an extended visit to this city. She is a guest at the Minnesota.

Dr. Courtney, wife and little daughter, came up from Brainerd to spend Sunday. They were guests at the Minnesota, and in the afternoon, in company with Dr. and Mrs. Carmas, went for a drive into the country.

Horace Walker, wife and child, returned from a visit to relatives in Milwaukee and Waukesha last Tuesday. We regret to learn that the health of his father, who now resides in Milwaukee, has not improved since he left Detroit.

Do you want to store your furniture or stove? If so, call on D. M. Clark & Co.

Special Excursion to Boston.

The Knights Templar Conclave will be held in Boston from August 26th to 30th, inclusive. Tickets will be on sale via the Nickel Plate Road from August 19th to 25th, inclusive. Rates always the lowest; through trains; drawing room sleeping cars; Niagara Falls and Saratoga without additional expense. For additional information call on or address J. Y. Calahan, Gen'l Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago, Ill

A Great Free Show

next week at the corner of Sixth and Main streets. The Shaker Concert Co. will give a series of refined and grand free exhibitions.

These gentlemen are in Fargo, N. D., at present, and are drawing immense crowds there. The Fargo press speaks very favorably of them. Their entertainments are free with a charge of five cents for seats.

Special Train Excursion to Boston

via the Nickel Plate Road for accommodation of Knights Templar daily from Chicago August 19th to 25th inclusive. Lowest rates; most liberal transit limit; side trips to Chautauqua Lake, Niagara Fall and Saratoga without extra expense. Before purchasing your tickets call on or address J. Y. Calahan, general agent, 111 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

To Detroit and Return $1.50.

Special excursion to the most beautiful lakes in the Northwest on Sunday, Aug. 11th. Train will leave Brainerd at 7:05 a. m. Large delegations of the citizens from St. Cloud, Little Falls, Staples and Wadena will be in attendance. The St. Cloud Union Band will furnish music for the occasion. The Brainerd ball team will play a game with the White Earth reservation team, which promises to be a novelty. For tickets or further information apply to C. M. Sweitzer, or N. P. R. R. office.

We have a fine lot of spring lambs. If you want a nice leg of lamb, or lamb chop for Sunday give us a call.

Ed. C. Bane & Co.

C. N. PARKER'S PROPOSITION.

The Council Will Consider the Matter of Calling a Special Election at Their Next Meeting.

The city council met in regular session on Monday evening with a full board present, and after reading the minutes of the last meeting the council adjourned until Wednesday evening, at which time the meeting was called to order with all members present.

Reports of the different city officers were read and accepted.

The clerk was instructed to issue an order for $40 to each of the five fire companies, to pay expenses of delegates to the state fire convention. A motion was made and carried to divide the $233.11 received from the state auditor for state fire appropriation equally among the five companies.

The communication from Mayor Halsted, stating that Patrolman Quinn had resigned and that he had appointed Henry Hurley to fill the vacancy, raised quite a discussion, but Mr. Hurley was finally confirmed. It was the opinion of several of the aldermen that the police force was adequate without appointing another man, and especially so in the point of economy.

The following claims were audited:

City employes pay roll	$724 13
Street pay roll	237 00
Electric light pay roll	240 70
J. A. Sanborn, boarding prisoners	14 41
Tribune, printing	38 18
Oliver Burnett, killing dogs	29 00
G. H. Stratton, sanitary police	41 58
Slipp Bros., supplies	14 70

Several other bills, ranging from one to five dollars, were also allowed.

A motion was made and carried that the street commissioner be instructed not to use his own team on street work.

The superintendent of electric lights made a report to the council, stating that both armatures were now in order. Incorporated in the report was a statement that a number of citizens had asked that the domestic rates on lights be reduced to 25 cents each per month, the consumer to pay for all lamps burned out.

Geo. Keough was granted a liquor license and the bonds approved.

The city clerk was instructed to reply to a communication from the Ashland Co., in regard to a stone crusher, and requested to get prices and terms.

C. N. Parker made the following proposition in writing to the council regarding the purchase of the electric light plant:

To the Honorable, the City Council of the City of Brainerd:

GENTLEMEN:

Referring to the matter of my oral communication to you on the 17th of last month, relative to proposal to purchase the city's electric light plant:

I now desire to place my proposition before you in definite words and in tangible shape, so that there shall not be any misunderstanding as to the scope and details of the proposition.

In case the electric light plant is sold to me, I propose to organize and incorporate a combination of capital under the name of "Brainerd Public Works Company," a Brainerd institution with management and headquarters in this city.

With particular reference to the sale and purchase of the electric light plant, my proposition is as follows:

1. To unite the electric light property with the properties which I now own and control and with the properties on which I now hold an option, including the electric railway, the telephone system, the Brainerd dam and lands and rights therewith connected.

2. To incorporate the Brainerd Public Works Company on a basis of $500,000.00 capital, bonded in that amount; said bonds to be based on the consolidated properties, and for convenience hereinafter designated "consolidated bonds."

3. To set aside $200,000.00 of these consolidated bonds as a reserve fund to be used in the purchase of additional property when necessary to strengthen the original properties.

4. To use $300,000.00 of these consolidated bonds in the purchase of the original properties above mentioned, and in making immediate improvements.

5. In buying the electric light plant, I would pay as the purchase therefor the sum of $60,000.00, in manner following, namely:

I would place in the hands of a trustee the first $40,000.00 of bonds out of said $300,000.00 consolidated bonds, to provide for the payment of the $40,000.00 bonded indebtedness now existing against the plant and a first lien thereon. The remaining $20,000.00 electric bonds, so called, are not a lien on the plant; and I would require the city to give me the option of paying into the city treasury, as soon as the consolidated bonds are negotiated, a sum of money equal to said $20,000.00 electric light bonds, so called, and accrued interest, thus paying one-third of the purchase price.

If it is decided that the electric light plant shall be sold to me, it will be necessary, of course, for the city and myself to enter into a contract for such sale and purchase, the form of which contract can be hereafter determined.

6. If the electric light plant is agreed to be sold to me, on the conditions above set forth, I propose to build a new flume, new gates and to erect a new, substantial and suitable fireproof power house, and also to make other improvements involving an almost entire reconstruction of the plant, to increase its capacity and place it in first-class condition; and will guarantee that arc street lights and 16 candle power incandescent lights used by the city in public buildings will be furnished at prices not exceeding $8.00 per month for such arc street lights and twenty-five cents per month for such incandescent lights; and that the price of commercial and domestic lights will not be increased.

7. My whole proposition, however, is made with the proviso that for the next three (3) years, beginning with the year 1895 the assessed valuation of the water-power property and franchise for purposes of taxation shall not exceed $15,000.00, the electric street railway $10,000.00, the electric light plant $10,000.00 and the telephone system $2,000.00; and that the taxes now standing against the water-power property and franchise for the years 1892, 1891, 1892 and 1893, be settled on the basis of an assessed valuation of $15,000.00 per year. I am aware that this council does not have the authority to regulate the assessments or abate a portion of the back taxes, but the city council can recommend the proper steps to the board of county commissioners and use its best endeavors towards the accomplishments of these ends.

8. A further proviso affecting my whole proposition above outlined is the condition that the city council shall pass an ordinance granting me the authority to erect and maintain a gas plant, with the usual privileges connected therewith, for the purpose of supplying gas to consumers in the city for a period of twenty years.

9. I am aware of the legal provision that the city's electric light plant can not be sold until after a favorable vote by the legal voters of the city. This will necessitate the holding of a special election for that purpose. The expense of holding such special election need not deter the city council from considering my proposition, as I am willing to meet the entire expense thereof, and I hereby include that condition in my proposition, that is to say, I will pay the cost of all necessary printing and the fees of the judges and clerks of election for the day's work necessary to be performed by them.

C. N. PARKER.

Brainerd, Aug. 5th, 1895.

Messrs. Lum and Fleming were selected to act as attorneys for the city, with Ald. Lanson, Smith, Geo. Gardner, Adair and Rienthal, to confer with Mr. Parker in regard to drawing up contract and agreement and to report at next meeting.

The police committee were instructed to investigate condition of city jail.

The matter of closing up the old Crow Wing road was referred to the street committee.

Council adjourned.

Go to D. M. Clark & Co. for sash, doors, glass, paint, etc.

Brainerd Wins Two Games.

The game of base ball last Saturday afternoon at Athletic Park resulted in an easy victory for Brainerd by a score of 10 to 3, Staples only scoring one in the fourth and two in ninth. "King" Hill was in the box for Brainerd and held his opponents down to 8 hits, while Brainerd secured 12 hits off of Condon, including six doubles and a fine three-bagger. Hill and Frary led at the bat, the former making a single and a three-bagger, and the latter two two-baggers. Two or three of the boys made two hits. Burquin and J. Page made 8 of the runs, each getting in four scores. For Staples Condon and Willard carried off the batting honors, each making two hits, one of Willard's hits being a two-bagger, and he made two of the three runs. Hill and Frary was the battery for Brainerd, and Condon and Visner for Staples. Following is the score by innings:

Brainerd	2	0	0	0	2	0	6	x	–10
Staples	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	–3

Earned runs, Brainerd 12, Staples 1; two base hits, Frary 2, W. McCarty, Hill, Howe, Floof, Willard; 3-base hit, Hill; base on balls, by Condon 4; struck out, by Hill 3, by Condon 6; left on bases, Brainerd 5, Staples 6; double plays, Burquin to J. Page to B. Page, and Hill to B. Page to J. Page; time, 1:50; umpire, Dr. Groves.

SECOND GAME.

Sunday afternoon the same teams played another game and Brainerd won again, the score standing as 8 to 7. Darling was in the box for Staples, and proved an easy mark, the boys touching him up for 20 hits, including eight doubles. Frary and Quinn led at the bat for Brainerd with four hits, each making two singles and two doubles, closely followed by Hill with a single and two doubles. Billy McCarthy again distinguished himself as one of the best outfielders in the Northwest, by making one of the prettiest catches ever witnessed here after a long run. Jack Page was in the box for Brainerd and put up a good game, holding his opponents down to 10 hits, for a total of fourteen bases. All the home boys played a fine game and batted like fiends. Bush and McGregan carried off the batting honors for Staples, the former making three singles and the latter two doubles. J. Page and Frary was the battery for Brainerd, and Darling and Visner for Staples. Following is the score by inning:

Brainerd	1	3	2	0	0	2	3	2	6 x–18
Staples	0	2	0	1	1	1	1	0	0—6

Earned runs, Brainerd 16, Staples 3; two base hits, J. Page, Frary 2, Hill 2, B. Page, Quinn 2, and McGregan 2; passed balls, Frary 1, Visner 3; base on balls, off J. Page 1, off Darling 1; struck out, by J. Page 7, by Darling 4; left on bases, Brainerd 8, Staples 6; double plays, Brainerd 1; time, 1:45; umpire, Mitchell.

Celebrated majestic ranges at D. M. Clark & Co's.

Ho for Detroit.

Sunday, Aug. 11th, round trip $1,-50. Everybody can go at this rate. The Brainerd ball team will play the White Earth reservation team in the afternoon. The St. Cloud Union Band will furnish music for the occasion. Special train will leave Brainerd at 9:05 a. m. Secure your tickets now, of C. M. Sweitzer, or at the McFadden Drug Co. store.

Gun Club Practice.

The members of the Brainerd Gun Club held their regular weekly practice shoot on Wednesday and made the following score at 15 singles:

Voss	1 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 1–6
White	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1–10
LaBar	1 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0–8
Case	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1–10
Tacy	0 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1–6
Bubar	0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1–7
Master	1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 0 1–8
McIntosh	1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1–8
Courtney	1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1–9
McCabe	0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1–7
Smith	1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1–9
Wendt	1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1–9
Kirkwood	1 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 1–6

Besides the regular event the special events were shot, one for a prize smoking set and one for a sack of flour. The shoot for the set was at 25 singles, and was won by J. R. Smith. The following is the score:

Voss 13, White 21, LaBar 18, Casey 21, Tache 13, Bubar 8, Mantor 20, McIntosh 20, Smith 24, Westfall 15, Courtney 16, McCabe 16, Kirkwood 15, Walker 21.

The sack of flour was won by H. L. Casey on a score of 9 out of a possible 10.

For Sale Cheap.

House and lots next to Mrs. B. A. Ferris' residence on Kingwood street. Must be sold at once to settle an estate. Apply to Keene & McFadden.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Sleeper Opera House August 12.

A good all around company presented Augustus Thomas' comedy-drama, "The Burglar," at the Queen's last night to a splendid house. Mr. Eugene Moore portrays the principal role, that of Wm. Lewis, the burglar, and he gave a fine interpretation of the character, his depiction of mental agony in the first act, and the sorrowful quiet death scene in the last, being good examples of histrionic ability. Mrs. Anna Boyle Moore, in the role of Alice, put all that silent sorrow that is characteristic of a blighted life, and was the recipient at the close of the second act of a number of bouquets from over the footlights. Little Gertie Carlisle gave a beautiful and natural embodiment of "Elzina" and completely won the audience by her artless acting and clever singing. The humorous portions were well handled, and without doubt the production is one of the most delightful of the season and is deserving of standing room audiences throughout the week.—Montreal Gazette.

D. M. Clark & Co. have still on hand twenty-five misfit carpets.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to express our sincere thanks to the kind friends who tendered aid and sympathy during the illness and after the death of our son Gilbert. Their kindness will ever be cherished in grateful remembrance.

MR. AND MRS. C. A. WALKER.

Notice.

Public teachers' examination will be held on the 23rd and 24th of August, and on the 30th and 31st of August, 1895.

J. A. WILSON,
Co. Supt. of Schools.

For Knights Templar.

Low rate excursion to Boston via Nickel Plate Road. Tickets on sale August 19th to 25th, inclusive. Lowest rates; through trains; palace sleeping cars; unexcelled service, including dining cars and colored porters in charge of day coaches. For particulars address J. Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.

Bids for Work.

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids will be received by the Trustees of School District No. 16, in Garrison township, until August 16th, 1895, to furnish inside of school house in said district, and paint the outside. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids received. Specifications can be seen by applying to

J. F. DYKEMAN,
Clerk Dist. No. 25.

34-3t

The Knights Templar conclave will be held at Boston, Mass., during next August, and it will be of interest to Sir Knights and their friends to note that arrangements have already been successfully accomplished by the Nickel Plate road, providing for the sale of excursion tickets over direct line going and returning or by circuitous routes, viz: going one line and returning another. By so doing many of the following notable resorts may be visited without additional expense. Chautauqua Lake, Niagara Falls, Thousand Islands, Rapids of the St. Lawrence, Saratoga, Palisades of the Hudson and the Hoosaac Tunnel. The above arrangements will no doubt make the low rate excursion tickets offered to the Nickel Plate Road very popular. Call on or address J. Y. Calahan, Gen't Agent, 111 Adams streets, Chicago.

Whips of all kinds and any quality at Erb's, on 5th street.

For first-class work in paper-hanging and wall decorating call on Wm. Guthrie. Prices reasonable.

Lost—A red Irish setter dog between Brainerd and Gull Lake. Leave word at this office or at Dresskell's jewelry store.

Money to Loan

on improved farm and city property. Smith & Winslow, Sleeper block.

Canned salmon, sardines, etc., nice and fresh, just received at E. C. Bane & Co's.

All kinds of painting and paper-hanging done promptly and in a first-class manner by Wm. Guthrie.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder, at Dr. Ribbel's.

If you want a good whip of any kind, go to Erb's harness shop on 5th street. A new stock just received.

Housekeeping outfits on the installment plan at the Hoffman Bazaar.—tf.

See J. M. Elder for hay stumpage on Northern Pacific and St. Paul & Northern Pacific lands.

You Don't Have to

Suffer with Headache when Mack's Headache Powders will cure you in a few minutes. Sold by all druggists.

The finest cuts of meat at all times can be obtained at the City Meat Market, Sixth street.

At Koop's.

Pants for workingmen! The all wool Malones. Every pair warranted for six months. Popular price $3.00. Will be sold at $2.50.

Chas. Maynard. F. Briggs.

PALACE BARBER SHOP,

One Door West of Koop's.

SPECIALTIES.

Hair Cutting, Shaving, Shampooing, Baths, Etc. Ladies' Hair Dressing. Razors and Shears Sharpened.

BRAINERD - MINNESOTA.

HENRY I. COHEN

SAYS!

Right To Your Face:

We Tell You It Pays To

Trade With Us For Cash,

And People Are Finding It Out Every Day.

Can You Believe Otherwise When We Sell You

ALL THIS MONTH

Everything in the Store at

Reduced Prices.

Men's Sox at 8, 10 and 19 cents.

Women's Stockings, 10, 25, 39 and 45 cents.

Children's Hose, Extra Weight, 9 cents per pair.

Men's Shirtings, 6, 8, 10 and 12½ cents a yard.

Calicoes, Ginghams, Percales, Ducks, Dimities, Lawns, Muslins, Organdies and Crepons as advertised last week.

Corsets, 48, 69, 89, 95 cents and $1.12.

Kid Gloves all lumped at 75 cents per pair.

Cream and White Laces at One-Half Off.

Colored and Black Henriettas as advertised last week. These are Very Cheap.

Bleached Sheetings, 6, 8½ and 9 cents.

Brown Sheetings, 5, 7 and 8 cents.

Double Width Pillow Casings and Sheetings at City Quotations.

Towels and Crashes at CITY PRICES.

Handkerchiefs, 4, 5, 8, 10 and 12 cents, and up.

Ladies' Muslin Underwear Very Cheap. On Sale on Center Counter.

Black Goods are Humming at the Prices we quoted, and we can give you a Nice Stock to Select from.

Don't forget this fact, and stick a pin in right there. We can and do undersell any competition, because we sell strictly for CASH.

HENRY I. COHEN,

SLEEPER BLOCK, - FRONT STREET.

PAINE'S

CITY * PLUMBING * SHOP,

No. 46, South Sixth Street.

Sanitary Plumbing

Steam Heating

A full stock of Brass Goods and Iron Pipe Fittings always in stock. If you want a Water Line or anything in our line call and see us. We will use you well.

FOR

Fine Job Printing!

Of Every Description, Call at the

Dispatch Office!

Rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper Block.

A FINE NEW

PIANO

$185. AND UPWARDS.

ON EASY PAYMENTS.

Stool and Scarf Included.

AN ELEGANT

ORGAN

$65. AND UPWARDS.

With Stool and Book.

BAND INSTRUMENTS, SHEET MUSIC, AND EVERYTHING IN THE MUSIC LINE.

These Instruments are not the inferior class so often advertised, but FULLY WARRANTED. Write for Catalogue.

W. J. DYER & BRO. ST. PAUL, MINN.

W. J. DYER & BRO. St. Paul Steamboating Co. Packet Co. Barge Line.

W. J. DYER & BRO. R. & M. W. Trans. Co. ST. PAUL.

Try our Sailing Catalogue. Sent Free. Address as above.