THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 18, NUMBER 27. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, JUNE 16, 1899. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

MILLINERY!

50c.

On the Dollar

—AT—

L. J. CALE'S Department Store.

TWO DAYS ONLY

Saturday, June 17th, and Monday, June 19th.

Now for a New Hat at just One-Half Price. Trimmed Hats, Leghorn Hats, Walking Hats, Hats for Ladies, Hats for Misses, Hats for Children, Baby Bonnets, Feathers, Quills, Flowers, Buckles. Everything in the Millinery Department will be sold for

50c.

ON THE DOLLAR

Saturday, June 17th, and Monday, June 19th, at L. J. Cale's Department Store. Remember the Days. Special Sales For Cash Only.

Yours for Low Prices and Good Goods,

L. J. CALE

Cale Block, Front Street.

GARDNER OPERA HOUSE.

P. L. LAMBERT, Manager.

ONE NIGHT ONLY!

CANADIAN JUBILEE SINGERS and IMPERIAL ORCHESTRA.

1 IN NUMBER. A Great Musical Treat.

MONDAY, JUNE 19th

ADMISSION, 50 and 35c. Children, 25c

Seat Sale Opens Saturday Morning at Swartz's Drug Store.

SEE THE

BRAINERD LUMBER CO.

FOR

"Low Prices on Lumber."

Farm For Sale.

Farm of 160 acres, five miles east of Brainerd. 19 acres under cultivation and 30 acres of good meadow. Call at Keene & McFadden's or on the place.

25-4t MRS. ALICE CAMERON.

The Best Wagon.

Beck & Remmels are agents for the Climax Spring Wagon, the best wagon for all round work made. Especially adapted for farmers delivering milk to creameries. Farmers should call and look it over before purchasing.

Dry Mill Wood.

Leave orders for Dry Mill Wood at Mrs. Turner's, East Brainerd.

BRAINERD SUPPLY CO.

OLE WOLD, Manager.

If you intend to buy a bicycle call on D. M. Clark & Co., before doing so.

LET THE EAGLE SCREAM

Grand Old Fashioned Fourth of July Celebration in Brainerd.

Magnificent Programme of Sports.

Over One Thousand Dollars Given Away in Purses and Prizes.

Grand Balloon Ascension in the Day Time—Magnificent Firework in the Evening.

Brainerd will this year have a grand old-fashioned Fourth of July celebration, such a celebration as we have never before enjoyed here. Several attempts have been made in past to get up a proper celebration in this city, but the people have not worked together heretofore, and they have been only partially successful. This year all the business men and citizens are not only working harmoniously together, but are doing so with such energy and enthusiasm that a celebration is assured such as was never seen here before. Business men are contributing of their means with generously liberality, and the various committees having the matter in charge are hustling as if their life depended on making the celebration the grandest in the history of the northwest. Every effort is being made to have here on that occasion the largest crowd ever assembled in the city, and lavish preparations are being made to entertain all who come. The transportation committee has not yet reported, but we understand especially low rates will be made from all parts of the northern part of the state, and arrangements are being made to run excursion trains into the city on the N. P. and on the B. & N. M.

The programme of the exercises and sports of the day is completed, which we publish below. The exercises of the day will be commenced by the firing of the national salute at sunrise. At 9 a. m. will occur the grand parade. The procession will form on Sixth street, and the line of march will be as follows: South on Sixth to Pine, east on Pine to Eighth, north on Eighth to Laurel, west on Laurel to Fifth, north on Fifth to Front, west on Front to Fourth, north on Fourth to Kingwood, east on Kingwood to Ninth, south on Ninth to Main, west on Main to Eighth, south on Eighth to Front, and west on Front to Fifth, where the parade will disperse. The addresses and other exercises of the day will occur here from a stand erected in the Y. M. C. A. park grounds. In order to make the parade the grandest ever seen in this city, the following prizes will be awarded:

To the fraternal organization that turns out the largest number in the parade, $25.

For the best representative business float, $10.

For the best trade float, $10.

For the most comical float, $10.

For the best appearing mount, $5.

For the most comic mount, $5.

For the neatest appearing farmer turnout, $10.

For the best Calathumpian display, two prizes, 1st, $10; 2nd, $5.

The exercises at the Y. M. C. A. will consist of music by the two city bands, reading of the Declaration of Independence, and patriotic addresses by speakers of note. It has not yet been definitely decided, but probably Moses E. Clapp, one of the best orators of the state, will deliver the principal address. These exercises will occupy the time until noon.

The afternoon will be devoted to sports at the Swartz Driving Park. The programme is as follows:

Free for all trotting race, $200 purse, 1st, $120; 2nd, $60; 3rd, $20.

Three minute trotting race, purse $75, 1st, $35; 2nd, $25, 3rd, $15.

Green horse trotting race, $50 purse, 1st, $25; 2nd, $15; 3rd, $10; for horses of Crow Wing county only.

Pony race, half mile, $25 purse, 1st, $15; 2nd, $10.

Log rolling contest for purse of $50. Division of purse will be arranged on day of contest.

Base ball game for a purse of $50. The contesting clubs have not yet been selected.

Free for all bicycle race, 10 miles, 1st, $20; 2nd, $12; 3rd, $5.

The above races and prizes are by Mr. Swartz, and will be conducted according to national sporting regulations.

The following additional program of sports has been arranged by the committee on sports, and are open to citizens of Crow Wing county only:

Five mile bicycle race for men, prizes $15 and $10.

One mile bicycle race for men, prizes $10 and $5.

Two mile bicycle race for ladies over 18 years, prizes $6 and $4.

Two mile bicycle race for boys under 15 years, prizes $3 and $2.

One-half mile foot race, prizes $7 and $5.

100 yard dash, prizes $6 and $4.

100 yard sack race, prizes $3 and $2.

200 yard wheelbarrow race, 100 yards and return against time, prizes $3 and $2.

100 yard fat man's race. 200 lbs. and over, one prize, $5.

Arrangements are also being made for a grand balloon ascension and parachute jump by Prof. C. D. Jenkins, the greatest aronaut of the age. This attraction alone is worth going many miles to see.

After supper, between 7 and 8 o'clock, will occur a grand bicycle parade, for which prizes will be awarded as follows:

Best decorated wheel and rider, gent, $5.

Best decorated wheel and rider, lady, $5.

Most comic decorated wheel, gent, $5.00.

Most comic decorated wheel, lady, $5.00.

A grand and magnificent display of fireworks in the evening will close the day. Several hundred dollars worth of the finest fireworks procurable have been ordered, and the display will undoubtedly be one long to be remembered.

From the foregoing programme it will be seen that the celebration will be most elaborate and enjoyable, and we would advise all our readers to come to Brainerd on that occasion and help us celebrate the glorious Fourth. No other place in the state will have better attractions.

COMIC OPERA.

The Beggar Prince Comic Opera Co. Can be Secured for the Week of June 26th.

Manager Lambert has on foot a plan which if it can be made to look feasible will secure for Brainerd a solid week of comic opera by a thoroughly first-class organization at the extremely low prices of 35 and 50 cents. The engagement depends on securing an advance subscription sale of 200 season tickets at $2 each, making a wholesale rate to subscribers only of 33⅓c. and as a further inducement signers are given first choice of the best seats one full day before the general sale opens. These season tickets are transferable and in fact are made use of merely to assure large audiences at the opening performances. If the company is secured the week's programme will be selected from "The Beggar Prince," "Bohemian Girl," "Said Pasha," "The Mikado," "Fra Diavolo," "Olivette," "Chimes of Normandy" and "Giraffe Giraffe."

Elected Officers.

Rushworth Encampment No. 19, I. O. O. F. elected officers on Monday evening as follows: Chief Patriarch, Chas. Hagberg; Senior Warden, J. C. Hessel; High Priest, J. C. Buley; Recording Scribe, D. Wilkins; Junior Warden, Chas Roth.

Crow Wing Tent No. 62, K. O. T. M., elected officers on Monday evening as follows: Commander, John McCullough; Lieu. Commander, Wm. Mahood; Record Keeper, C. D. McKay; Finance Keeper, H. H. Highfield; Sargeant, Harry Simpson; Chaplain, J. C. Smallwood; Master at Arms, Ira White.

SPECIAL Clothing Sale!

All This Month.

For the benefit of the Mill Men and the River Drivers we make the following prices, which ought to interest every man and boy that intends to wear clothes:

Don't Buy Until

You Get Our Prices. Boy's Good Knee Pants Suits, from..... **50c** and up

Men's Good Dark Suits, from..... **$2.50** and up

Men's Furnishing Goods.

10 doz. more Men's 25c Over Shirts, (Each customer limited to two Shirts,) only..... **10c**

25 doz. more Men's All Linen and celluloid collars, choice.. **5c**

10 doz. Men's new all Silk Neckties only..... **15c**

10 doz Men's Fine Colored Bosom Laundried Shirts, **48c**

Men's and Boy's Pants.

5 doz. Men's Good Overalls, only..... **25c**

2 doz. Men's Heavy Cotonade Pants, only..... **50c**

Lot $1.25 and $1.50 Men's Pants, to close **$1.00**

Lot Men's Fine Black Clay Worsted Pants **$2.50**

Lot Boys Good Knee Pants only..... **12½c**

Lot 35 and 40 cent Boys good knee Pants..... **25c**

Hat Sale.

5 dozen Men's Good Linen Hats, only..... **25c**

3 dozen Men's Fine $2 Hats, all styles, only **$1. 0**

Our $2.50 Men's Finest Hats, all styles,.... **$2.00**

MEN'S AND BOYS' SUIT SALE.

LOT 1—Men's Dark and Light Wool Suits, all colors, and not one worth less than $6.50, this sale only..... **$3.95**

LOT 2—Men's Fine All Wool Suits, light and dark colors, square and round cut, every suit a bargain at $10.00 this sale only..... **$7.50**

LOT 3—Men's Fine Black All Wool Clay Worsted Cheviots, and Cassimere suits, worth up to $12.50, this sale, your choice..... **$8.50**

LOT 4—25 Men's Fine All Wool Cutaway Suits, worth up to $15; as we are overstocked on these, your choice.. **$7.50**

LOT 1—Boys Knee Pants Suits, up to 15 years, warranted to wear only..... **95c**

LOT 2—Boys all Wool Navy Blue and Brown Cassimere Suits up to 15 years, this sale, only..... **$1.50**

LOT 3—Young Men's Long Pants Suits, up to 19 years, light and dark colors price not less than $6.50, this sale only..... **$3.95**

LOT 4—Young Men's Long Pants Suits Dark and Light Colors, all new, all wool, and beautiful goods, not one worth less than $10, your choice this sale only..... **$7.50**

The Clothing we sell is the kind which gives the wearer Comfort, Satisfaction and Service.

A. E. MOBERG,

Dry Goods, Clothing & Shoes,

Double Store, Front Street, - Brainerd, Minnesota.

A Bicycle Impossibility.

No Wheel Can Run Alone.

It requires a certain amount of power to propel the easiest running machine. It takes less power though, to drive the

Crescent, Monarch or Stearns Wheels

than any others made. When your wheel breaks down bring it to us for repair, we are fixed for the most difficult job in that line. We also carry Bicycle Sundries.

F. H. CRUENHAGEN, - Laurel St.

CANDY

A Box of Austin's Fine Candies means pleasure and gratification to those who are regaled with the Choice Flavors and Smooth, Creamy, Delicious Consistency of Our Chocolates, Bon Bons, Creams, Caramels, Etc.

C. J. AUSTIN.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Ingersoll & Wieland, Publishers.

BRAINERD, - - MINNESOTA.

Nine-tenths of the born leaders of men are women.

It should be remembered that the gas trust is no light matter.

Surrender is reported in sig.. much oftener than is Aguinaldo.

The cook as well as the dressmaker shows her taste in dressing.

The only man who is fully satisfied with arbitration is the arbitrator.

Don't measure your industry by the things you are going to do tomorrow.

Lots of money slips through the fingers that are used as a drink measure.

A Cincinnati judge recently gave a man ten days for stealing an eight-day clock.

It isn't necessary to make a fool of yourself every time you have an opportunity.

Most things go wrong because men refuse to take women's advice—so a woman says.

In about a year we will send some one to find the man who has set out to find Andre.

An exchange says Rudyard Kipling is growing heavier. Perhaps he should write lighter stuff.

The man who thinks funny things without expressing them is the worst kind of a pessimist.

Occasionally a man knows a good thing when he sees it, but most men are too dignified to recognize it.

Delaware is using whipping posts. To what class of society belong the gentle creatures who administer the lash?

The man who is thoughtfully imbued with the idea that a public office is a public trust doesn't believe in investigating committees.

The question of capital and labor is not troublesome in the Philippines. They have plenty of capitals over there, but not much labor.

The fact that it was neither Friday nor the 13th of the month when the Paris went ashore shows that superstitions do not always work both ways.

It seems that General Funston, who declines political honors, probably conceals an overweening ambition to be allowed to continue to do something useful.

Beatty Balestier, by his persistent threats against Kipling, is making himself unpopular, not alone with the author, but with the whole englishreading world.

That Commissioner Peck's conception of what should constitute an attractive American exhibit at Paris is adequate and popular is shown by his plans to install at the exposition the greatest display of electrical devices the world has ever seen.

The election of Professor Hadley as president of Yale, foreshadowed in earlier reports is rightly regarded as a decisive victory for the spirit of the age, for the liberal and progressive tendencies of our time. It is not, however, necessarily a blow to general and rational conservatism, to the spirit which conserves the essential, the good and the permanent and welcomes the changes necessitated by the march of intellectual achievement and moral improvement. Professor Hadley is a layman and his election reverses an unwritten law that only clergymen should be considered for the presidency of Yale, but it is hardly necessary to say that the religious side of the institution will not suffer from the reversal.

The state board of fish and game commissioners of California once plate a raid upon the great herds of sea lions, which are getting too numerous for the good of the salmon fishery. The sea lion has no commercial value. The average weight of these animals is about 1,500 pounds, but there are not a few of the old males that will turn the scales at two tons. When the salmon, which the state and nation are propagating at great expense at the several hatcheries on the coast, start to run to the spawning grounds the sea lions hasten to the bays and rivers to deprive the spawn-laden fish. Much the same state of things exists in the River St. Lawrence, below Quebec, which is infested with whales and porpoises of no commercial value, but which destroy enormous quantities of useful food fishes.

Admiral Kautz is to return to American waters at once, being scheduled, according to dispatches, to arrive at San Francisco June 24. The gallant sailor is something of a hero himself and his presence on the California coast ought to satisfy the people out there until General Funston gets back.

Sympathetic persons should try not to think of the reception which is awaiting that English envoy who has been ordered to tell Oom Paul Krueger to respect the supremacy of the British government.

THE NEWS RESUME

DIGEST OF THE NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Telegraph Reports — The Notable Events at Home and Abroad That Have Attracted Attention.

Sporting Notes.

Harvard and Yale accept the Oxford-Cambridge challenge for an athletic contest.

Kid Goellet of Rochester and Sam Bowlen, the New York colored boxer, fought a twenty-round draw before the Metropolitan club at Wheeling, W. Va.

George Dixon, champion featherweight, again proved his superiority in his class as a pugilist after fighting twenty-five very fast rounds with Joe Bernstein of New York before the new Broadway Athletic club.

Accidental Happenings.

Fire at Augusta, Ga., causes a loss of $250,000.

The Smith Wagon works plant was destroyed by fire at Pekin, Ill. Loss, $100,000.

The famous old St. Charles theater at New Orleans was destroyed by fire with an adjoining building. The loss is estimated at $75,000.

The keg factory of Edwin Bell & Sons of Youngstown, Ohio, located at Pittsburg, Pa., was destroyed by fire. Loss, $60,000, partly insured.

Fire at Republic, Wash., destroyed six blocks, entailing a loss of $500,000. Further spread of the flames was prevented by blowing up buildings with dynamite.

The school house at Bethesda orphan asylum at Savannah, Ga., established by George Whitfield and John and Charles Wesley, has been destroyed by fire. It is believed the fire was incendiary. The structure will be rebuilt.

From Washington

Receipts of the San Francisco custom house during the month of May were $952,298. Since Jan. 1 the total receipts have been $2,874,739, an average per month of $575,947. This is a big advance over all previous records.

The navy department has ordered the Buffalo to be put out of commission, thus indicating the abandonment of the project of maintaining a regular naval transport service across the Atlantic and by way of the Mediterranean to Manila.

The Spanish legation has been restablished in the handsome quarters formerly occupied by Minister Dupuy de Lome, at the corner of Massachusetts avenue and Eighteenth street. The archives of the legation have been taken from the Austrian-Hungarian legation and set up in the place they formerly occupied.

The war department has prepared a statement showing the number of enlistments in the regular army since the war began. At that time the army consisted of 25,000 men. The enlistments since that time have been about 75,000 men. This would make an army of 100,000, but there were a large number of enlistments made for service in the war with Spain alone, and these men have since been discharged.

Crimes and Criminals.

William Abele was convicted at Baxley, Ga., of assaulting Mrs. Vivey Edgerton and sentenced to be hanged June 30.

Bella Anderson, alias Carrie Jones, charged with kidnapping Marion Clark, was brought to New York from Elizabeth, N. J., on extradition papers.

H. H. Baker of Grand Rapids was found dead in his room in the American house at Kalamazoo, Mich. He had committed suicide by taking morphine. Ill health is the only reason known.

Christopher H. Mooney of New York is under arrest at Montreal on the charge of having misapplied the sum or value of about $22,000, the property of Milmor E. Listenberger of South Bend, Ind.

Dr. Robert Jennings, Jr., a prominent veterinary surgeon of Pittsburg, committed suicide by taking poison. Several weeks ago he had some trouble with his wife, and she brought suit, charging murderous assault. The suit was to have come before the grand jury today.

Frank H. Thus was arrested at Easton, Pa., on a charge of conspiracy to bribe. He gave bail in the sum of $800 for his appearance on June 12. Thus is said to have attempted to bribe Representative Hill t ovote for Quay for United States senator.

People Talked About.

A. V. Rice of Ohio has been appointed a special agent of the census bureau to act as purchasing agent.

President J. H. Angell is to be retired from Ann Arbor, and Dean Henry B. Hutchins is to be elected president.

Henry L. Clinton, for many years a prominent lawyer of New York, is dead. He had been seriously ill for about a year.

Gov. Geo. Brooke has issued orders appointing Senor Gonzales de Quesada special commissioner to Cuba at Washington, with a salary of $5,000.

Lieut. Col. Louis Thompson Morris, U. S. A., retired, died at his home at Philadelphia of Bright's disease and dropsy, aged sixty years.

Dr. Johann Lucas has resigned as president of the Illinois college at Jacksonville. His resignation is to take effect Jan. 1, 1900.

Mrs. Thomas Gilroy, wife of ex-Mayor Gilroy, died at her home in New York. She had been active head for six weeks. Heart disease was the immediate cause of death.

Frederick O. Prince, three times mayor of Boston, and candidate for governor on the gold Democratic ticket in 1896, died from lung disease. He was eighty-one years of age.

At the annual commencement of the New York university the honorary degree of doctor of laws was conferred on the Hon. William R. Day, former secretary of state and peace commissioner.

Foreign Notes.

A special dispatch from Bloemfontein says that the conference between President Kruger and Sir Alfred Milner proved abortive.

The Dutch government has disallowed the anti-Japanese law passed by the last provincial legislature of British Columbia.

The Vienna correspondent of the London Telegraph says the Rigo, the Gypsy musician who eloped with Princess de Chimay, while returning with the princess to Austria, died at Alexandria.

Robert Cox, a member of parliament for South Edinburgh in the Liberal-Unionist interest, is dead. He was born in 1845, was a manufacturer, and favored imperial federation and free trade between Great Britain and her colonies.

Sir Cavendish Boyle, government secretary of British Guiana, was presented to the secretary of state for the British charge d'affaires, Mr. Tower. Sir Cavendish has just arrived from London, and his special mission is to assist in negotiating a treaty of reciprocity for British Guiana.

It is learned at the state department that negotiations are in progress at London between Ambassador Choate and Lord Salisbury relating entirely to the management of a modus-vivendi to avert the danger of hostile collision on the Alaskan border during the present season at least.

Capt. Henry Horn, the well known yachting writer of the London Times, and for many years associated with the Field, died last evening. He was a practical qualified master, and formerly commanded several yachts and sailed in some of the first America's cup races.

Otherwise.

There will be no advance in the price of window glass at present.

The $50,000,000 Chicago plow trust has been abandoned.

The gross earnings of the Soo railway for May were $337,767; increase over same month last year, $2,077.

The United States Brewers' association adopted resolutions opposing the war tax on beer.

The publishing houses of Harper & Brothers and the R. S. McClure company have formed an alliance.

A mammoth sugar combine, comprising the Arbuckle and Doscher interests, and the American Glucose and Refining companies, is being negotiated.

The Northwestern Plow and Implement Association of Chicago has ordered an advance in price of 20 per cent in farm implements.

The warship Iowa has sailed from San Francisco for Port Orchard, where she will be stored on dry dock and thoroughly scraped.

The Chicago Union Traction company, which purchased Chicago's street railways, has been incorporated with a capital stock of $32,000,000.

Ellis H. Roberts, United States treasurer, has issued a call for 5 per cent twenty year funding bonds of the District of Columbia, issued under the act of 1879.

The Addyston branch of the United States Pipe and Foundry company at Cincinnati has posted a notice of an immediate increase of 10 per cent in the wages of its 300 employes.

Indiana farmers are forming local companies of the Farmers' Protective Association, whose object is to boost grain prices by storing for an indefinite period in common elevators.

The American Pastry and Manufacturing company was incorporated at Trenton, N. J., with an authorized capital of $3,000,000. The incorporators are all residents of Jersey City.

The liquid air trust was incorporated at Dover, Del., with a capital stock of $10,000,000. The incorporators assert that with their liquified air they will supplant both the coal and the ice men.

The Goetsch iron mine, four miles south of Ishpeming, Mich., has been bought by A. B. Ulmer and is to be reopened and worked extensively. The mine has been idle seventeen years.

A Topeka, Kan., telegram says State Senator T. J. Anderson says he was offered $20,000 to vote to locate the new insane asylum at Parsons. An investigation of the charges will follow.

Feeling is very bitter at Havana against former Spanish soldiers. A Cuban soldier said that when the reconcentrados were released the intention is to kill all the guerrillas.

A deed of assignment was filed at Louisville, Ohio, by Scanlan & Co., manufacturers of stoves, ranges and tinware. The assets and liabilities are estimated at $200,000.

The deaths at Vera Cruz, Mex., from yellow fever in May were 144 out of 361 cases. The high mortality indicates the virulence of the fever. The heat continues great along the coast.

Work on an electric road which will extend from Cleveland to Indianapolis has begun at Findlay. Sixty-five pound rails are to be used and the road will be equipped so that a schedule of fifty miles an hour can be made.

The Canadian authorities contend that they are willing to refer the Alaskan boundary question to arbitration, but the United States refused. They will publish the proceedings of the commission.

The customs authorities at Digby, N. S., have seized a number of vessels which have been salvaging goods from the wrecked steamer Cambroman. It is alleged that the customs laws have been violated.

Bills taxing express companies 5 per cent, and telegraph and telephone companies 3 per cent on their gross earnings, and a joint resolution permitting the taxing of corporate property on its cash value, has passed the Michigan house of representatives.

The time of holding the national conference of reformers who favor the abolition or reduction of the duties on tariff, etc., has been changed to Dec. 28. The reason for the change is the hope lessness for a union of all reformers for the national campaign of 1900.

The longest electric railway in the world, 153 miles, will be built from Toledo to Dayton. Work will commence at once. A company with half a million capital has been organized by the Lima people. The road will connect with a line already in operation from Dayton to Cincinnati.

FITZ KNOCKED OUT

YOUNG MAN FROM CALIFORNIA DOES THE TRICK.

James J. Jeffries, After Eleven Rounds of Whirlwind Fighting, Wrests the Title of Heavy-weight Champion From the Redoubtable Antipodean — Jeffries the Acknowledged Match of the Man He Defeated — Contest Pulled Off Without a Wrangle and Was Devoid of Brutal Elements.

New York, June 11. — James J. Jeffries, another sturdy young giant, has come out from the West to wield champion pugilists.

At the arena of the Coney Island Athletic club last night he defeated Robert Fitzsimmons, world's champion in two classes — middle-weight and heavy-weight — in eleven rounds of whirlwind fighting. He came to the ring a rank outsider and left it the acknowledged master of the man he defeated. He was never at any time in serious danger, and after the size-up in the early rounds of the contest took the lead. He had the Australian whipped from the ninth round. It was acknowledged that Jeffries would have an immense advantage in weight, height and age, but the thousands who stepped and backed his opponent to win were sure that he was slow and that he would in that respect be absolutely at the mercy of the past master at the science of fighting that he was to meet. He proved, on the contrary, that he was just as fast as the man he met, and beat him down to unconscious defeat in a fair fight. He is a veritable giant in stature and marvelously strong for his immense size. Less than a year ago he appeared in New York a great, awkward, ungainly boy. At twenty-four he has defeated Robert Fitzsimmons, Tom Sharkey and Peter Jackson and if he serves for himself he will probably be able to successfully defend the title

for many years. The defeated man was just as good as when on the crisp morning on the plains of far-away Nevada he lowered the colors of the then peerless Corbett. He was just as active, just as clever, just as tricky and just as fearless of punishment. He went unfathering to his defeat. He was the aggressor even at moments when he was bleeding and unsteadily, and when stunned by the blows he received he reeled instinctively toward his opponent, but found him a different than any he had met and a difficult man to deal with. Jeffries fought from a crouching attitude that was hard to get at. He held his head low, his back was bent down and his left arm was extended. He kept jabbing away with the left and found no trouble in landing it. It was there that his superior reach told. That giant arm served as a sort of human fender to ward off danger. He showed an excellent defense and the ability to use both hands with skill. He is game, too, for he never shrank from punishment. It was a great fight to watch and commenced and ended amid scenes of intense excitement. It was all very dramatic.

The contest was pulled off without wrangle and was devoid of the brutal elements that Chief Devery alleged infested. Never was a crowd handled with greater order and less friction. It was all perfectly admirable.

Fight Starts Promptly.

There was no long delay at the ring, and the big gong sounded almost as soon as the men had been presented and glared. When they squared off Jeffries looked fifty pounds to the good. The opening round was a try-out pure and simple, and not a single blow of an effective nature was landed. The second round began in business like fashion with Jeffries getting in his left. Fitzsimmons then took a turn. But was short. Just as the round closed Jeffries downed Fitzsimmons with a hard straight left on the jaw. The champion came up slowly in a dazed sort of a way and reeled toward his man. The crowd cheered Jeffries, but the gong ended the round. Fitzsimmons rallied in the rest and was aggressive again in the third. Fitzsimmons was bleeding but fighting valiantly. He made the pace, but it was the Californian's round. The fourth was fast but not decisive. Fitzsimmons made his best showing in the fifth. He began the round with a punch that opened Jeffries' left eye and sent a little torrent of blood coursing down his cheek. He forced Jeffries against the ropes, but the Californian slipped away from him. The round was short. Just as the round ended Jeffries was

Back and Fighting.

Fitzsimmons was the aggressor in the sixth, and that, too, was his round. He tried all of his tricks with left and right but was unable to place them right. He closed with a strong right upper-cut, but that, too, was blocked. The seventh might be said to have been Fitzsimmons', but he did no particular damage with his punches. The eighth saw the beginning of the end for Fitzsimmons never regained his balance after that round. Jeffries began the round with a straight left on the face that again brought the blood out of his opponent's mouth. The Corbettsman staggered against the ropes but came back for another facer. There was fear in Fitzsimmons' corner, and Julian yelled to Fitzsimmons to be careful. Fitzsimmons planted one of his lefts on Jeffries' jaw and staggered him against the ropes. Fitzsimmons looked like a beaten man. The round was all Jeffries'. He sent the Australian's head back with a series of lefts, put his right on the body and avoided any serious punishment. Fitzsimmons kept pressing forward all the time, however, but was unable to find his opponent. The tenth was in reality where the fight ended. Jeffries rushed his opponent and downed him with a left swing. Fitzsimmons seemed out, and there was a moment of the wildest excitement. Julian ran along the side of the ring and sprinkled water on his fallen idol. At the end of seven seconds Fitzsimmons staggered to his feet only to go down again. He was up again and Jeffries poised himself

For the Finish.

He shot his left to the body and tried for the head with the right. He was calm and collected, but the time was too short. Again did the gong come to the aid of the man who was then going, staggering and dazed, to certain defeat. There was a frantic effort to revive the champion of champions, but he was clearly gone and his seconds could not restore him. The fate-like gong changed again and the old fighter wobbled out to meet the sturdy young Hercules who awaited him. It was as courageous and gritty a dish as upon the firing line in battle, but it was hopeless. They were together. It was a splendid moment and full of the melodramatic intensity that characterizes a tragedy. Jeffries was as fresh as at the start. There was a moment of sparring and the giant arms of the Californian shot out through the air. It was left and right and all over, Fitzsimmons, limp and unconscious, dropped to the floor. Jeffries stepped back, for he knew the force that had been put behind the terrible blows. The timers called off the seconds that counted out an old ring hero and heralded another, but nobody heard them. The crowd was on its feet howling. There was a rush for the ring, but scores of bluecoats barred the way. Ten seconds are short, and when the tenth had come there was a new roar of excitement to welcome the victor. Julian, Yank Kenny and Everhart gathered up the prostrate man. He was still in a trance. They carried him to his corner and a little blood oozed from his mouth as his head fell forward on his chest. The new hero crossed the ring and shook the hand of his rival, after which he was surrounded by his friends, who hustled him from the ring and into his dressing room.

MAY USE VETERANS.

Chance for Volunteers Who Want to Stay at Manila.

Washington, June 11.—The cabinet, in connection with the possible necessity of enlisting a force of volunteers, discussed a plan for the enlistment of several skeleton regiments in Manila from among the volunteers who desire to remain in the service and the subsequent filling out of these regiments with recruits enlisted in this country. Gen. Otis, according to the plan, will be given authority to select the officers who are to be mustered out. The plan, which commends itself to the favor of the members of the cabinet generally, would form a nucleus of veteran officers and men, seasoned to the climate and familiar with the work to be done. Such a force leavened with veterans, doubtless would be immeasurably superior to a force of raw recruits, undisciplined and unacclimated. The plan was only discussed in connection with future contingencies, and did not trench the stage of completion. The president announced names of the Nicaragua canal commission and there was unanimous concurrence in the selection. The attorney general announced his opinion that the army reorganization bill fixing the maximum strength of the army at 65,000 did not include the enlisted force of the hospital corps, about 2,000 men, so that the enlisted force can be increased by that number.

Up to the time the cabinet met no word had come to indicate that the exodus would relative to the Alaskan boundary had been signed.

DEMAND MORE PAY.

And a Strike May Follow if They Do Not Get It.

La Crosse, Wis., June 9. — The mill hands of C. L. Colman Lumber company handed in a request for 15 per cent advance in wages. The men have not decided what to do in case their request is refused. Mill wages here are up to the limit and some proprietors say they will not pay more to avert a strike.

Sherburne May Lose It.

Sherburn, Minn., June 9.—Minneapolis & St. Louis surveying parties have orders to survey a line five miles north and a second five miles south, which will intersect the Milwaukee about one and a half miles west of this place. This course is probably taken in view of Sherburn's recent action in voting down the proposition to purchase the right of way for the new road through this village.

Seine River Mine Deal.

Duluth, Minn., June 9.—J. S. Hillyer has returned from England, where he proved to deal with English capitalists to finance the Alice A mine in the Seine river country. The deal contemplates that the Alice A will be the biggest proposition on the Rainy Lake fields. A mill with a capacity of 250 tons a day will be put in.

Only One Indictment.

Winona, Minn., June 9. — The grand jury has been discharged, only one indictment having been found. As the arrest has not yet been made this was not given out. No indictment was found against the Blooming Prairie bunco-steerer who was alleged to be short in his accounts.

Cow With Tuberculosis.

Ashland, Wis., June 9. — By order of the state veterinary surgeon a valuable Jersey cow afflicted with tuberculosis was condemned and slaughtered last night. The appearance of the disease here causes much alarm.

Rowan Is Released.

Milwaukee, June 9.—The jury in the case of Joseph H. Rowan, who has been on trial charged with using the mails for fraudulent purposes returned a verdict of not guilty. Rowan conducted a matrimonial bureau.

A Child Drowned.

Verndale, Minn., June 9.—Viola Harrison, the two-and-a-half-year-old daughter of Ed Harrison, fell into a stream and was drowned.

Box Factory Burned.

Bayfield, Wis., June 9.—The Bayfield box factory was burned and is a total loss with no insurance. Loss about $15,000.

Convicts Pardoned.

Pierre, S. D., June 9. — The state board of pardons recommended pardons to date from July 1 for Frank M. Davis, sentenced on a charge of larceny, and John McGlather, sentenced on a charge of robbery.

Robbed of $300.

Barnboo, Wis., June 9. — A saloonkeeper at Cashton, was held up by two masked men and relieved of $300 in cash. A merchant at Newton was also held up recently, evidently by the same party.

CABINET RESIGNS

AFTER AN ADVERSE VOTE IN THE CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES.

Government Interpellated on the Police Outrages at the Pavillion d'Armenonville—Vote Against the Government Stood 321 to 173—The Vote Shows the Existence of a Majority Determined to Rid Themselves of the Premiership of M. Dupuy—Dreyfus Affair Responsible for the Cabinet's Downfall.

Paris, June 14.—Premier Dupuy yesterday tendered the resignation of the cabinet as the result of an adverse vote in the chamber of deputies. President Loubet accepted the resignation and requested the ministers to continue in their respective offices until their successors are named. A meeting of the presidents of the chambers has been called by President Loubet to consult regarding the selection of a cabinet.

The chamber of deputies was crowded and there was considerable suppressed excitement when M. Vaillant, Socialist, representing one of the dioceses of the Seine, interpellated the government on Sunday's "police outrages" at the Pavillon d'Armenonville and demanded to know the instructions the government gave the police in regard to the Socialists, who, he said, defended the republic against the reactionists. The premier, M. Dupuy, replied, saying that he realized that Sunday was a fete day for all republicans, but realized that there had been few incidents and that the only instructions to the police were to maintain order. The government, he continued, had ordered an inquiry for the responsibility of the affair at the Pavillon d'Armenonville and the Rue Montmartre. At the same time, the premier pointed out, the government acknowledged the services of the police, adding that the maintenance of the government was impossible without public order. The chamber, after further debate, adopted, by a vote of 321 to 173, the order of the day, proposed by M. Reus, Radical, which the premier refused to accept. The ministers forthwith left the house amid immense excitement. The text of M. Reus' motion was as follows:

"The chamber is determined to support only a government resolved to defend vigorously republican institutions and to secure public order. Pass to the order of the day."

After the vote was announced the Socialists shouted, "Vive la republique," the ministers left the house and the chamber adjourned.

The successive votes in the chamber of deputies clearly demonstrated the existence of a majority, including members of all parties, who were determined to rid themselves of the premiership of Charles Dupuy. The interpellation of M. Vaillant was simply a pretext adopted to conceal the real cause of the approaching crisis. Socialists and Radicals alike are dissatisfied with what they have considered the contradictory attitude of the Dupuy cabinet in the Dreyfus affair. The Moderates hope to recure the return of M. Meline to power. The Revisionists, Nationalists and anti-Semites hope in their opposition to M. Dupuy to find a more tolerant man in the premier's place. Still another explanation of the voting resulting in the downfall of the cabinet.

Many deputies agree that the Dreyfus affair is largely responsible for the cabinet downfall. All the Royalists and many Radicals demand that their share of the responsibility must be brought home to Gen. De Boisdeffre and Gen. Mercier. At the same time those taking this view have been all along persuaded that M. Dupuy would never proceed to that extreme. Accordingly they seized upon M. Vaillant's interpellation as a means of expressing their distrust of the Dupuy ministry.

REWARDS FOR GALLANTRY.

Shall the Matter of Recommendations Be Left With Gen. Miles?

New York, June 14.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: The department of Eng. Gen. Schwann for the Philippines will mean the dissolution of the board which recommended the rewards given to officers and enlisted men who performed gallant service during the war with Spain. Recommendations for awarding brevets, medals of honor and certificates of merit to officers and men for service against the Filipinos are being received. Before the war it was customary to refer such recommendations to the major general, commanding, but this matter was taken from Gen. Miles and placed in the hands of the Schwann board. It is understood the question of referring the recommendations to Gen. Miles is being discussed.

Stamps for Cuba.

Washington, June 14.—The postoffice department has received from the bureau of printing and engraving a drawing of the special delivery stamp to be used in Cuba. Its size corresponds to that of the special delivery here, and the design has for a centerpiece a mounted bicycle messenger boy, with "Cuba" at the top, and palm branches and two ornamental tablets embracing the number "10" on the side.

Fatal Shooting Affray.

Dresden, Tenn., June 14.—In a shooting gear here Henry Fowler, a well-to-do farmer, was instantly killed. John Fowler, his brother, was fatally wounded, and a man named Reaves was dangerously hurt. The tragedy grew out of a scandalous report connecting the names of Henry Fowler and Reaman's daughter.

Another One for the Taylors.

Middlesboro, Ky., June 14.—Another chapter of crime has been added to the Taylor-Lee feud. Tom Moser, one of the Lee faction, was shot down near his home by unknown parties. This is the second murder within two weeks in connection with the Taylor and Lee feud.

Burned to the Ground.

Vancouver, B. C., June 14. — D. J. Munn's salmon cannery at Terra Nova, Lulu island, was burned to the ground. Loss, $70,000; fully insured.

DEATH AND DESOLATION

OVERWHELMS THE ONCE FAIR CITY OF NEW RICHMOND.

Terrible Destruction Wrought by the Cyclone Almost Impossible of Comprehension — Happy Homes and Prosperous Business Establishments Piled in Promiscuous Confusion—List of the Dead Has Almost Reached the Hundred-Mark and Is Rapidly Growing—Fire Follows the Cyclone And Adds to the Horror of the Tragedy—Relief Trains Sent From St. Paul With Physicians and Supplies—Gov. Scofield Calls for Contributions and Many Towns Promptly Respond—Injured Cared for in St. Paul Hospitals.

New Richmond, Wis., June 15.—Almost unparalleled in its absolute ferocity was the visitation of the destructive forces of the air which overwhelmed New Richmond on Monday at noon. A cyclone storm swept down upon the little city just at 6 o'clock, and as a man would crush an egg shell in his hand the business section of the city, with the residence portions immediately to the south and north, were razed to the ground.

The destruction was sudden and complete. A furrow eighty or a hundred yards wide was literally plowed through the town from southwest to northeast, its greatest extension, and not one stick or stone was left upon another. Happy homes and prosperous business establishments were piled in promiscuous confusion. Frame structures were reduced to kindling wood and brick buildings were dashed to upon themselves in utter ruin. Sturdy stone blocks with massive walls offered no apparent resistance to the irresistable fury of the storm. Huge trees were uprooted or broken, stripped of their foliage, bark and branches and twisted into fantastic shapes.

And in this wreck of human handiwork it could not be expected that human life would be spared. The mournful roll of death is growing rapidly. It has reached almost the hundred mark already, and no conservative estimate places it below that number. It may be half as many more, and there are those who think that it will reach well up to the two hundred when the confusion that now exists is reduced to a semblance of order.

The loss of life among the residents of the city proper is probably already established with reasonable definiteness. The city was filled, however, with farmers from

the Whole Countryside

around the city, and there were many visitors from neighboring villages. It will be several days before they are all accounted for, and there is no escape from the conviction that some of them will never be accounted for other than as missing.

The fire which raged among the ruins during the whole of the night and day following the destruction of the city will unquestionably destroy some of the evidence of the loss of life. Several partially incinerated bodies have already been rescued from the fire, but the ruins of several hotel lines in which it is positively known that some lives were lost were totally destroyed before any effective work was organized to prevent the spread of the flames.

It was "views day" in New Richmond. Gollmar Brothers had set up their tents on the east side of the town, and the whole surrounding country was advised. The result was that there was an unusually large number of people in town. The day had been warm and sultry. The atmosphere was close and oppressive and the sky was heavily overcast with scurrying clouds. It was readily understood that a storm was approaching, and many of the show people hastened to their homes to make secure in advance of the rain.

The first flurry of rain preceded the wind, and all the while the clouds over in the south were assuming a continually more threatening aspect. Those who resided on the south side of the town could see the whirling masses shaping themselves into the fatal funnel. Word was quickly passed

From Mouth to Mouth

that the cyclone was upon the city, but more speedily came the swirling mass. Everybody that was within doors made for the cellars and basements, and the streets were full of belated ones dashing madly for shelter.

The four outermost houses on the south side of the city were the Dayton, Hollenbeck, Wells and McCartney houses. They were the first to suffer. Exposed to the full fury of the blast, they were raised high in the air only to be dashed to earth again and then twisted and strained into fragments. The foundation walls alone remain. This was the fate of every other building in the path of the storm. The absoluteness of the destruction never varied. On and on through three squares of residences and then came the business center of the community. It was here that the loss of life was the greatest.

Squarely facing the rushing tempest stood the first stone building of Ward, Williams & Co., only one story high, but with walls that would have sufficed for a city block, fully eighteen inches in thickness. The south-facing front was driven in, crashing through the floor into the basement, where many had taken refuge, the huge stones crushing several of them to death.

There were other brick and stone buildings along the two squares of Main street given over to business, sending with the three-story Nicollet hotel. All went down in ruins. In almost every basement there were huddled together from half a dozen to a score of persons. In many cases the floors sustained the weight of the ruins of the superstructure. In a number of instances, however, the building was raised clear

From Its Foundations

and dashed down upon the helpless ones.

On the north side of the city were more residences, and these all were wiped out of existence. There was the water tower which supplied the city, and the pumping station, operated by electricity supplied from Somerset, over on the Apple river, five miles away. The water tower was overthrown and the electric wires torn down, thus cutting off all possibility of securing a supply of water to fight the inter-mingled elements of the fire.

Ascending the hill toward the Wisconsin Central tracks, upon the northern limits of the city, the cyclone seemed to rise into the air. It recedicted once or twice and knocked over a few buildings in the town of Stanton, but no further serious damage was done within the radius of communication from New Richmond. It seemed to dissipate itself into the sky where it was formed.

The passage of the cyclone proper was followed by a torrent of rain that was fairly cataclysmal, and the survivors who crept out from the ruins were buffeted by a furious gale of wind, which continued for some time. The city was almost in absolute darkness for a time. Bewildered and helpless citizens were slow in organizing relief measures. Those who were fortunate enough to escape from the destroyed buildings and who knew of others still imprisoned alive or dead beneath the wreck endeavored in little groups to tear away the debris. Many rescues were effected, but in too many other instances relief seemed impossible. The very enormity of the calamity seemed to paralyze effort.

Fire Breaks Out.

To add to the sum total of misery, fire broke out almost immediately, presumably in the ruins of the hardware store of O. J. Williams, its origin is unknown. It spread slowly in spite of the rain, and ultimately involved practically all of the two blocks. From the Nicollet house to the Ward-Williams store. It extended across Main street to the east, but was confined here within a smaller radius. Another fire broke out in the ruins of the houses in the southern end of town, but was not allowed to spread over a very wide area.

Hardly had the cyclone passed beyond the town before the physicians of the city were actively at work administering to the wounded, of whom there was a very large number. The four physicians of the city, Doctors Epley, McKent, Knapp and Wendlandt took the duties of the hour with devotion and untiring zeal. Telegraphic communications in all directions was cut off and there was no way of appealing for help that was so sadly needed.

It was after 2 o'clock in the morning before the first assistance relief came, a train coming from Chippewa Falls on the Wisconsin Central, with Dr. Patrick of Eau Claire and other physicians, who took up the work with the local forces. At 3:30 a train arrived from St. Paul with fifteen or more St. Paul and Stillwater physicians and nurses, and 300 more had the work of relieving the physical sufferings proceeded rapidly. In the early morning the second relief train arrived from St. Paul with food and clothing for the destitute. Later came Chief of Police Goss of St. Paul with a force of officers and a fire engine and crew, and in no the work of succor and relief was well organized.

ST. PAUL TO THE RESCUE.

Injured Victims of the Cyclone Kindly Cared For.

St. Paul, June 15.—Human misery, in awful detail, swayed to pity and moved to tears a surging throng that gathered at the station depot yesterday afternoon to witness some of the fearful work of the New Richmond cyclone. The fruits of that tornado were shown in the thirty two bodies, broken and bleeding, that had been rescued from flame and fire or by the hands of a pitying people whose deepest sympathy went out for the afflicted citizens of a sister state.

St. Paul hastened to the rescue as soon as it was known that rescue was needed. Its physicians and nurses were sent on a special train. Its police department was called in to help guard the wrecked property and its hospitals were thrown open for the unfortunates. Yesterday the mayor of the city and many influential citizens were present to meet the train carrying the first group of wounded and assisted in lifting from the train and carrying to ambulances the maimed bodies of those to whom life yet remained. Every ambulance in the city, every patrol wagon and many private conveyances were brought into requisition to carry to places of comfort the cyclone sufferers.

The first train contained thirty-one wounded men, women and children that were distributed among the hospitals, and one man who died on the way. A later train brought eight more, of whom two died at the hospitals.

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Gov. Scofield Urges the People of Wisconsin to Contribute.

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An offer of aid from Gov. Lind of Minnesota was declined by Gov. Scofield, but appeals for aid were sent to the mayors of St. Paul and cities of Wisconsin. Gov. Scofield himself headed a subscription list with $100. The Madison council appropriated $200 this afternoon. The Chippewa Falls company of the National guard has been ordered to New Richmond to assist in rescue work and to protect property. The cities of Hudson, Chippewa Falls, Cumberland, West Superior and many others quickly responded to the call for aid, money and supplies being liberally contributed.

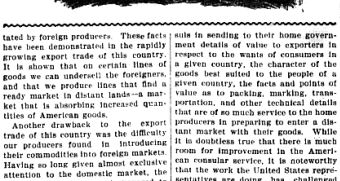
CONSULAR METHODS.

ADMIRABLE EFFICIENCY OF AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.

Their Watchfulness of Great Value in Connection with the Rapidly Expanding Export Trade of the United States.

While so much attention is devoted at this time by the officials of the government in commendation of the rapid strides of the export trade of the United States, not enough credit has been given to one branch of the federal service which has contributed much to bring about the excellent results. That there has been a marked improvement in the consular service of the United States within the past two or three years is generally recognized, not only by observing Americans, but by representative foreigners. It is safe to say, from a careful analysis of the work done by the consular agents and representatives of this government abroad during the past few years, that no no other one cause is due so much that is gratifying to the American people in the growth of their foreign trade.

For many years the exporters of this country were at the great disadvantage of supposing that no trade could be worked up for the producers of this country in foreign markets because, as was assumed, all foreign countries produce goods at lower cost than do the people of this country. While this is true to some extent, and upon certain lines of goods into which labor extends very largely, it has been shown within the past few years that the machinery methods of the producers and fabricators in the United States have produced many lines of goods which are not only made at less cost, but are of a character that cannot be readily imitated by foreign producers. These facts have demonstrated beyond a doubt the growing export trade of this country. It is shown that on certain lines of goods we can compete with the world, and that we produce lines that find a ready market in distant lands—a market that is absorbing increased quantities of American goods.



Another drawback to the export trade of this country was the difficulty our producers found in keeping in their commodities into foreign markets. Having so long given almost exclusive attention to the domestic market, the home producers were not prepared to extend their markets and to meet the peculiar competition of the foreigners, who, from long experience in that direction, had learned to cater to the wants of consumers in distant lands. The American exporters have had no difficulty in learning the wants of the foreigners, and in presenting products in a manner taking to the foreigners not only in respect to the character of the goods exported, but in the manner of packing and delivery.

It is in these directions that the American exporters have been given valuable aid by the improved consular service of the United States. In almost every country there is now stationed one or more consuls of this government—officials who are not only interested in the mere ordinary administrative business of their respective offices, so far as such administration relates to the interests of the United States government proper, but these agents are rendering important and valuable service in finding markets for American products. The consular reports from many countries attest the activity and intelligence of our consuls in striving to learn the wants of the people among whom the agents are stationed, and to keep the producers of this country informed as to the best methods for extending trade among those people. American manufacturers who are bidding for export trade can do no better than make a close study of the reports from the consular agents of the United States, not only in the South American republics, but on the European continent and Great Britain. The manufacturers of this country know full well how meaningless is the constant clatter of the free-trade doctrinaires about the "inability of the American people to sell abroad so long as we maintain a protective tariff in the interests of our own industries." Facts and figures respecting our export trade during all periods when our protective system was most adequately protective, demonstrate how far wrong are the Cobdenites in this matter. While we give the highest and best measure of protection to our domestic industries, those industries are better enabled to produce goods and wares cheaply, and are not only ready to supply the home market at lower prices, but are able to reach out and command markets in foreign lands.

Advices which come to the state department show that the governments of Great Britain and Germany, which are the most active in promoting the export trade of their respective countries, have observed the excellent results in sending to their home governments demonstrations of value to exporters respect to the wants of consumers in a given country, the character of the goods most acceptable to the people of a given country, the facts and points of value as to packing, marking, transportation and other technical details that are of so much service to the home producers in preparing to enter a distant market in the foreign lands. While it is doubtless true that there is much room for improvement in the American consular service, it is noteworthy that the work the United States representatives are doing has challenged the attention of foreigners. This fact will tend to make our government more watchful and attentive to the affairs of our consular agents and representatives. This cannot fail to make for the good of the service, and increase the importance of the American consular service, and at the same time improve the facilities for extending our export trade in many lands.

While German government is not behind in these matters, that government is about to increase its consular force in several countries, and thousands of dollars will be expended in this direction. The German government will shortly send a number of men as it was known that reserve was needed. Its physicians and nurses were sent on a special train. Its police department was called in to help guard the wrecked property and its hospitals were thrown open for the unfortunates. Yesterday the mayor of the city and many influential citizens were present to meet the train carrying the first group of wounded and assisted in lifting from the train and carrying to ambulances the maimed bodies of those to whom life yet remained. Every ambulance in the city, every patrol wagon and many private conveyances were brought into requisition to carry to places of comfort the cyclone sufferers.

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GEN. LUNA KILLED

ASSASSINATED AT THE HEADQUARTERS OF AGUINALDO.

Natives Make a Desperate Stand at the River Zapote, but Finally Give Way to Lawton's Troops After Suffering Severe Loss — They Threatened an Attack on Manila, According to Gen. Otis' Report—American Loss Estimated at Sixty Warships Take an Active Part in the Fight.

Manila, June 15. — Information, believed to be reliable, has reached here of the assassination of Gen. Luna and his aid-de-camp, Lieut. Pasco Ramon, June 8, by Aguinaldo's guards, at the headquarters of Aguinaldo. Luna and Ramon, it appears, went to the headquarters of the Filipinos to confer with Aguinaldo, got into an altercation with the captain of the guards and one of them drew a revolver. The guards then killed Luna and Ramon with their bayonets.

Washington, June 15.—The following cablegram was been received from Gen. Otis:

"Manila, June 15.—Adjutant General, Washington: Lawton's troops had a severe engagement to-day with enemy in strong entrenchments at the crossing of Zapote river, near Bacoir, Cavite province; has driven the enemy with heavy loss; our casualties some thirty. Insurgents in southern section not molested until I ordered attack in strong force on Manila; now scattered and in retreat; doubtful if they make further stand. —Otis."

Manila, June 15.The fighting at Las Piñas continued hotly all day long. Gen. Lawton called out the whole force of 3,000 men, and at 5 o'clock he was only able to push the insurgents back 500 yards to the Zapote river, where they are entrenched. The insurgents resisted desperately and aggressively. They attempted to turn the left flank of the American troops. The American loss is conservatively estimated at sixty. The battle continues.

Manila, June 15.—At daylight yesterday the rebels at Cavite Viejo dropped two shells, from a big smoothbore gun, mounted in front of the church, in the navy yard. The only damage done was splintering the top of the huge shears on the Mole. The gunboats Callao, Manila and Mosquito then proceeded to dismount the gun. After breakfast the rebels opened fire along the beach to Bakoor.

After silencing the big gun at Cavite Viejo the gunboats ran close along the shore, bombarding the rebel position. The rebels replied with a rifle fire and with the fire of some small pieces of artillery. So vigorous was the enemy's fire that at 9:20 a. m. the gunboat Helena joined the gunboats already named, and the Princeton, Monterey and Monadnock, from their anchorages, also dropped occasional big shells among the rebels.

This apparently only served to incite the rebels and they kept up an incessant fire of musketry and artillery for the month of Zapote river, two miles north of Bakoor. The fire of all seven warships was concentrated on this point shortly after noon, when the upper bay presented the appearance of being the scene of a great naval battle.

The insurgents were evidently forced to abandon their guns after holding out for about four hours, only to be confronted by Gen. Lawton's force on land and in their rear, where there was heavy fighting. Beyond the destruction of several buildings along the water front no effect of the bombardment is not shown.

TRIPLE POISONING.

Two Men and a Woman Partake Too Freely of Columbia Spirits.

Ira, Iowa, June 15.—A fatal poisoning case occurred about two miles north of Hinge. A man was hired to do some inside painting in a church and had secured Columbia spirits, such as are used on all work and in hard times. There were about three gallons of the spirits in a cask. The painting men found out this can was in the church, raised a window and took the can to a farmhouse not far from the church. As they supposed it was alcohol, they reduced it with water and sweetened it. Gib Foster, Mrs. Frank Neal and a young man named Parks partook of it quite freely, and in a short time were very ill. They called a doctor from Hinge. It was some time before the doctor could tell what they had been poisoned with. Finally others became sick and a young man named McKeever explained. Then the doctor started to work on the case, but it was too late. The poison had done its deadly work upon Mrs. Neal, Gib Foster and Parks. They died in great agony ten hours after drinking the poison.

Gen. Wood Coming Home.

Santiago de Cuba, June 15.—Gen. Leonard Wood, military governor of the province of Santiago, and his family, who have been visiting here for about three weeks, left this city, accompanied by the personal residential street to "Wood," in compliment to the military governor.

A Wells Boy Drowned.

Wells, Minn., June 15. — Edwin Flynn, aged fourteen, fell from a raft on a pond in the park while at play and was drowned. He was the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. John Flynn.

Suffering From Drouth.

New York, June 15.—New York, New Jersey and the adjoining parts of Massachusetts, Connecticut and Pennsylvania are suffering from the most severe spring drouth that has visited these sections in years.

Village Destroyed by Forest Fires.

St. Johns, N. F., June 15.—The village of By Island, a settlement on the western coast of Newfoundland, was destroyed by forest fires. Sixty-nine houses were burned to the ground and fifty-seven families rendered homeless.

WIPED OFF THE MAP.

Nebraska Town Demolished by a Cyclone.

Omaha, Neb., June 15.—A special to the Bee from Blair says:

At 6:15 last night the town of Herman seven miles north of here, was practically wiped off the map. The storm had been gathering for some hours and people in Blair and the surrounding country had noticed two huge funnel-shaped clouds converging toward that point. The inhabitants had not become seriously alarmed, as the storm seemed to be passing them in a northerly course. But at 6 o'clock it was obvious to all in Herman that their town must bear the entire brunt of the storm. People scurried in all directions and sought shelter of the few cyclone cellars, and instantly the town was a seething mass of debris. After the first violent burst of wind a torrent of rain fell. In Herman there were left standing a school house, the hotel without a roof, which had been moved several feet from its location, and one or two more or less dilapidated houses. The entire business portion of the town is blown into one immense mass of wreckage. Twelve are known to have been killed. It is greatly feared that many more have been killed than those whose bodies have been found. The Chicago fleet on the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha arrived shortly after the disaster, but could proceed no further owing to the wreckage on the track. The train immediately returned to Blair with about ninety-five of the injured, where they are being cared for.

FIERCE STORMS, RAGING FLOODS.

Deaths and Damages Independent of the Great Cyclone.

La Crosse, Wis., June 15. — Four deaths have occurred as indirect results of Sunday night's storm, though they were accidents that might have happened under other conditions. Last night on the Northwestern track, between Medary and Onalaska, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Larson, who were out viewing the wind, fell from a pile bridge and were drowned in sight of twenty-five people. Gus Sutherland and his son Arthur were drowned by the overturning of their boat which was dashed against one of the piles of the bridge.

The Burlington road is the only outlet north and south. No Chicago or Milwaukee mail has come to the city since Sunday morning. Another furious storm commenced soon after 8 o'clock last evening, and if it continues will put the conditions, which were fast improving, back where they were before. The Southern Minnesota division is refusing perishable freight, but expects to send out its passenger trains. A portion of North La Crosse under water and about fifty families have been obliged to flee to higher ground for their lives. Nearly every railroad and wagon bridge within ten miles of the city has been washed out. The mills at Bangor, West Salem and Holman have gone out.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, June 15.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 72 1-2@74c; No. 2 Northern, 71 1-4@72c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 30 1-2 31c; No. 3 yellow, 30 1-2@31c. Oats—White, 26@26 1-2c; No. 3, 25@25 1-2c. Barley and Rye—Barley, 34 @40c; No. 2 rye, 56c; No. 3 rye, 55c.

Duluth, June 15.—Wheat—Cash, No. 1 Northern, 74 1-2c; July, 73 3-4c; No. 1 Northern, cash, 76c; July, 76 1-4c; September, 75 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 71 1-2c; No. 3 spring, 68c; to arrive; No. 1 hard, 78 3-4c; No. 1 Northern, 76 1-4c; oats, 26 7-8@26c; rye, 56 1-2c; barley, 34c; flax, $1.03; June, $1.03; September, 95 1-4c; October, 94 1-2c; corn, 33 3-4c.

Minneapolis, June 15.—Wheat—June closed at 74 1-4c; July opened at 73 3-8c; highest, 74@74 1-8c; lowest, 73c; closed at 74@74 1-8c; September closed at 73@73 1-2c. On track: No. 1 hard, 75 1-4c; No. 1 Northern, 74 1-4c; No. 2 Northern, 72 1-2c.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 15.—Flour is steady. Wheat steady: No. 1 Northern, 77c; No. 2 Northern, 75 1-2c. Oats 27 1-2@28 1-2c. Rye higher: No. 1, 59 @59 1-2c. Barley steady: No. 2, 40c; sample, 36@38c.

Chicago, June 15. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 73 1-2@74 1-2c; No. 3 red, 74@76c; No. 2 hard winter, 76c; No. 3 hard winter, 72c; No. 1 Northern spring, 75 3-4 @76 1-2c; No. 2 Northern spring, 76@ 77 1-2c; No. 3 spring, 74@74 1-2c. No. 2 corn, 34c; No. 3, 31 1-4c. No. 2 oats, 25@25 1-2c; No. 3 oats, 24 1-2c.

Chicago, June 15. — Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $3.65@3.87 1-2; good heavy, $3.80@3.90; rough heavy, $3.55 @3.70; light, $3.60@3.85. Cattle — —Beeves, $4.50@5.50; cows and heifers, $2@5.10; Texas steers, $4@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3.75@5.15. Sheep—Natives: $3.75@; lambs, $4.25@6.10.

Sioux City, Iowa, June 15.—Cattle—Market about steady; beeves, $4.40@ 4.70; cows, bulls and mixed, $3.50@ $4; stockers and feeders, $3.50 @4.50; calves and yearlings, $4@5.25. Hogs—Market 5@10c higher; selling at $3.55@ 3.67 1-2c; bulk, $3.55@3.60.

South St. Paul, June 15. — Hogs — $3@3.70. Cattle—Steers, $3.50@5.40; cows, $3.25@3.85; bulls, $2.50@3.15; stockers, $4.75; heifers, $3.50@4. Sheep —$4.50; spring lambs, $4.25@5.50.

Used Knives and Revolvers.

St. James, Minn., June 15.—A row occurred among the laborers on the Sanborn-Barr railway construction at Butterfield, in which clubs, revolvers and knives were used. A number of people were injured.

Robbed by Hobos.

Renville, Minn., June 15.—A young man named Witt was held up by two hobos on the blind baggage between here and Olivia and robbed of his watch. The robbers were captured and held to the grand jury.

Died in a School House.

Winterset, Iowa, June 15.—S. A. Barron, a well known farmer, committed suicide at Dewar yesterday by entering the village school house and hanging himself to the door. He is thought to have been temporarily insane.

Killed by Fireworks Explosion.

Chicago, Ill., June 15.—Ed Johnson of Minneapolis, traveling for Paris, Merton & Co., Minneapolis, who was injured Friday night here during the fireworks display by a premature explosion, died this morning at 8 o'clock.

The Brainerd Dispatch.

H. B. INGERSOLL. F. W. WIELAND.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND.

Official Paper of Crow Wing County.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota, as second class matter.

Issued every Friday morning from rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper block. Terms, $1.50 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1899 no legal notices to be printed, to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.

Resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Five (5) Cents per line for every insertion.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch.
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.

Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1899.

FRIDAY, JUNE 16, 1899.

AGAIN Brainerd should be thankful she is not in the cyclone belt.

IF Bob Fitzsimmons will only promise not to go on the stage, all will be forgiven him.

JUST think! It hasn't rained a single drop for a whole day. The weather is improving.

SPEAKING about the weather—but what's the use of parading our disgust before the people.

IN another year the demo-pop papers will be shouting of the crime of 73—if the silver barons again put up handsomely.

EX-SENATOR PEFFER, of Kansas, has cut off his whiskers, and come back in the republican fold. And there are others.

THERE might have been some doubt of Page Morris' re-election, but the opposition and abuse of the Anoka Union makes it a sinch.

THE district court of Minneapolis has declared the law passed by the last legislature against riding or driving on a bicycle path as sound constitutionally, and bicycle path trespassers will have to take their punishment if convicted.

THE question as to who will be the republican nominee for governor at the next election is giving the demo-pops a great deal of trouble. No matter, he'll be a good republican and be elected, whether John Lind is the demo-pop candidate or not.

THE Minneapolis papers show a disposition to vigorously oppose Senator Nelson's candidacy for re-election by the next session of the legislature. It will do them no good. Mr. Nelson has the confidence of the people of Minnesota, and Minneapolis politicians cannot prevent his re-election.

THE democratic party seems to be at a loss for an issue on which to make the coming fight for the presidency. Any old issue will do, no matter how absurd and ridiculous, if only sufficient number of voters can be humbugged to win. When a party gets into such a condition it has outlived its usefulness and should die.

THE New Richmond cyclone last Monday is probably the most awful calamity of this character that has ever visited this western country. Universal sympathy will go with the unfortunate victims, who have lost all, but it should not end there. Every citizen should contribute his might for their relief, for any hour he may be similarly afflicted.

BRAINERD is going to have a good, old-fashioned 4th of July celebration. Let every citizen remain in the city and whoop her up in good, old-fashioned style. Show by your action on this day that you have the great privilege of living in the best country in the world, where you enjoy blessings and privileges never dreamed of by mankind in the ages past, and enjoyed at present by no other people.

A Fine Company.

The Marston Dramatic company will play a three nights engagement at the Gardner Opera House, commencing June 23rd. The Duluth News Tribune in speaking of the company says:

Florence Stanley, the beautiful and accomplished leading lady of the Marston Stock company, is an actress of marked ability, possessing a wonderful voice and strong dramatic powers. Miss Stanley is a San Francisco girl, and created quite a sensation in society circles when she made her debut at the California Theatre. The critics were unanimous in their praise, and predicted a bright career for her. In private life Miss Stanley is a charming woman and a bright conversationalist, and makes friends with all who know her by her modest and pleasing manners.

Change of Trains.

A change of time of running trains will occur on the N. P. again on Sunday. The present arrangement was very unsatisfactory to the traveling public, and was especially objectionable to the interests of Brainerd. The N. P. company at all times tries to accommodate the public, and there has been no doubt from the start, but the present unsatisfactory service would be changed as soon as the company saw the effects of it. The old time will be restored. Nos. 5 and 6 will again be put on, but will run daily, Sunday included. Nos. 11 and 12, the Duluth trains, will also be put on again, on about the same time as before. We have not been able to get a new time card and cannot give the exact time. The new coast train will be taken off, as it was found that it did not pay. These changes will be gladly welcomed by all patrons of the road.

New Line of Buggies.

A new line of buggies just arrived, consisting of top buggies, road wagons, two seated rigs, Concords, the best made. These buggies were bought after a personal inspection and are fully guaranted. Call at HESSELL'S and look them over whether you wish to purchase or not.

Is it a burn? Use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. A cut? Use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At your druggists.

Farmers, if you are indebted to the DISPATCH on subscription and have wood for sale you can settle the account by making an exchange.

Three spectres that threaten baby's life. Cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhœa. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry never fails to conquer them.

Dry Mill Wood.

Leave orders for Dry Mill Wood at Nutting's news stand.

BRAINERD SUPPLY CO.
OLE WOLD, Manager.

The Piano Binder.

Beck & Remmels sell the Piano Binder, one of the best manufactured, having less machinery than any other to get out of order, easy running, and a first-class machine. Farmers are invited to call and look it over before placing their orders for any other make.

A blessing alike to young and old, Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry; nature's specific for dysentery, diarrhœa and summer complaint.

One Fare for the Round Trip

to Cleveland, Ohio, via Nickel Plate Road, on June 25th and 26th, with return limit of June 29th, 1899. Three through trains daily. Chicago Depot, Van Buren St. and Pacific Ave., on Elevated Loop. For further information, write General Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago. 4t

Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil.

Free of Charge.

Any adult suffering from a cold settled on the breast, bronchitis, throat or lung troubles of any nature who will call at M. K. Swartz, will be presented with a sample bottle of BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP, FREE OF CHARGE. Only one bottle given to one person, and none to children without order from parents.

No throat or lung remedy ever had such a sale as BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP in all parts of the civilized world. Twenty years ago millions of bottles were given away, and your druggist will tell you its success was marvelous. It is really the only throat and lung remedy generally endorsed by physicians. One 75 cent bottle will cure or prove its value. Sold by all druggists in this city.

No one would ever be bothered with constipation if everyone knew how naturally and quickly Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the stomach and bowels.

A DIAMOND FOR A DOLLAR.

A Limited Special Offer Which Will Last For Ten Days Only.

GENUINE BARRIOS DIAMONDS have a world-wide reputation. It is almost impossible to distinguish them from genuine diamonds cost by the hundreds of dollars each. They are now for the first people. We will forward a GENUINE BARRIOS DIAMOND mounted in a heavy 14k. gold. or stud, to any address upon receipt of price, $1.00 each. Ear rings, screws or drops, $2.00 per pair. Ring settings are made of one continuous piece of stock, giving them the strength of a solid ring. This is a special introduction offer for ten days only. Ring and stud sent to any address upon receipt of $3.00. In ordering ring give finger measurement by using a piece of string—also full particulars. Address plainly,

THE BARRIOS DIAMOND CO.,
180-186 Broadway, New York.

HARD TO EXPLAIN.

It This Had Occurred Anywhere Else Than In Brainerd There Might Be Grave Doubts About It.

If this were published anywhere else than in Brainerd, that is, if the statement given below went the rounds of the press, readers in Boston or New Orleans would not believe it. In the very nature of things men and women will not believe that a simple little pill would have any effect on humanity when the subject is in a serious condition. When it has that effect, when the party is a living witness, perhaps a neighbor, Brainerd people at least cannot possibly deny it—particularly so when investigation is courted. Now ask Mr. James Parker, who lives at 27 Second Ave., East Brainerd, carpenter, and see if he will not corroborate personally what he says publicly.

Mr. Parker says: "Four years ago I was as stout and healthy a man as could be, when I was attacked by the grippe. Every winter since I have had it and have been unable to shake off its effects. My back commenced to pain me across my kidneys with a numb sort of aching which I felt always over the same spot, even when lying in bed. I was also troubled with headaches which I think arose from my kidneys. Early last spring I got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and took them. Since using them I have been much better in general health. I have no more attacks of headache, no more backache, and I regard it as quite wonderful that anything in the shape of a pill could bring about such a change. You may say to others publicly what I have here stated, and I will tell people about it myself."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute. For sale by the McFadden Drug Co., and Johnson's Pharmacy.

Excursion to Cleveland, Ohio,

one fare for the round trip via Nickel Plate Road, on June 25th and 29th. Tickets good returning to and including June 29th, 1899. Chicago Depot, Van Buren St. and Pacific Ave. Address, General Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago. 4t

Notice of Expiration of Redemption Period.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Crow Wing. }

To C. M. MARTIN.

TAKE NOTICE

That the following described piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The North East Quarter of the South East Quarter (NE¼ of SE¼), of Section Thirty (30), in Township Forty-five (45), Range Twenty-Nine (29), which by the Seventh day of May, A. D. 1896, was in the State of the state of Two Dollars and Sixty-Cents, pursuant to a real estate tax judgment entered in the District Court in the said County of Crow Wing, on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1894, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate, for the year 1892, for said County of Crow Wing, and was on the Sixth day of May, A. D. 1896, sold by the State of Minnesota, for Thirty-Seven Dollars and Thirty-Five Cents. That the amount required to redeem such lands from such sale, is the sum of the costs and expenses of the sale, to-wit: Thirty-Seven Dollars and Thirty-Five Cents, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per month from said 6th day of May, 1896, to the time of such redemption, and delinquent taxes, penalties and costs accruing subsequent to said sale with interest thereon to the time of such redemption; and the time within which said land can be redeemed from said sale will expire sixty days after service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in manner prescribed by Section 37, of Chapter 1, General Laws of Minnesota, for the year 1897 and amendments thereto.

Dated at Brainerd this 6th day of May, A. D. 1899.

A. MAHLUM,
2-5 Auditor of Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

Notice of Final Proof.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., } June 12, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. A. M. Johnston, Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Friday, July 21st, 1899, viz: Anton G. Emmons, H. E. No. 13,236, for the Lot 3, Section 18, Township 134, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Michael Sommers, Frank Thomas, Brainerd, P. O. Crow Wing County, Minn., Hiram Abbott, Emil Dugan, Shepard P. O., Crow Wing County, Minn.

M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Notice of Final Proof.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., } May 17, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. A. M. Johnston, Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, July 15th, 1899, viz: Jno. Sch Kantz, H. E. No. 13947 for the SW¼ Section 10, Township 45, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Michael Sommers, Frank Thomas, Brainerd, P. O. Crow Wing County, Minn., Hiram Abbott, Emil Dugan, Shepard P. O., Crow Wing County, Minn.

M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Notice of Final Proof.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., } May 17, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. A. M. Johnston, Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, July 15th, 1899, viz: Jno. Schaefer, H. E. No. 13,946 for the Lot 4, Section 10, Township 45, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: James Eckert, James Grasser, Scenic Park, George Harrison, P. O. address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Notice of Final Proof.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., } May 22nd, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. A. M. Johnston, Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Friday, June 30th, 1899, viz: Jno. Bergin, H. E. No. 13,966, for the NW¼ NE¼, Section 18, Township 45, Range 31.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Peter M. Lagerquist, P. O. address Brainerd, Minn., Sam Williams, John Miller, and Ole Hokanson, P. O. address St. Mathias, Minn.

M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
County of Crow Wing.
District Court, Fifteenth Judicial District.

ROBERT D. HUSSELL, as Receiver of the Security Savings and Loan Association,
Plaintiff,
vs.
ALEXANDER CAMERON and ELIZABETH CAMERON,
Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, That by virtue of a judgment entered in the above entitled action in said Court, on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1899, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of Crow Wing County, Minnesota, will sell at public auction on the hour of 10 o'clock, on Saturday, the 15th day of July, 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Brainerd, said Crow Wing County, Minnesota, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and, decree, situated in said Crow Wing County, to-wit:

The Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of the Southeast Quarter (SE¼) and the East Half (E½) of the Southeast Quarter (SE¼) of Section Twenty (20), Township Forty-five (45), Range Thirty (30), according to the government survey thereof.

Notice is hereby given, That I will by virtue of the same judgment, in case the said real estate does not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy the same, sell at the same time and place immediately following the said sale of real estate, Five (5) shares of stock in the Security Savings and Loan Association of Minneapolis, Minnesota, represented by certificate No. 29,364, being five shares of installment stock, issued to Alexander Cameron on the 22nd of October, 1895, of the face value of $500.00.

O. P. ERICKSON,
Sheriff of Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

HUSSELL, CRAY & JAMISON,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
47 Minn. Loan & Trust Bldg.
4t Minneapolis, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given, That Adaline Chouard executed to the Lombard Investment Company, a certain mortgage which is dated the Twenty-fourth (24th) day of September, Eighteen Hundred and Eighty-eight (1888), whereby she mortgaged unto said Lombard Investment Company, mortgagee and assignee, the premises hereinafter described to Crow Wing County, Minnesota, to-wit: The Southeast quarter of Southeast quarter and North half of Southeast quarter and Southwest quarter of Northeast quarter, all in Section Twenty-six (26), and the Northeast quarter of Section Thirty-five (35), all in Township Forty-three (43), of Range Thirty-two (32), which mortgage was on the First (1st) day of October, Eighteen Hundred and Eighty-eight (1888), recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds of said County, in Book "O" of Mortgages, at pages 312-313, and Serial No. one (1) intuitive, said mortgage and mortgage note were assigned by said mortgagee under date of October Eighth (8th), Eighteen Hundred and Eighty-eight (1888), to Harry J. Deuel, and said assignment was recorded in said Register's office April 19th, 1899, in Book "H" of Mortgages at Page 367. That default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage, and at the date of this notice there is claimed to be due and unpaid on said mortgage debt and obligation Fifteen Hundred and Ninety-four Dollars and Eighty Cents ($1594.80), and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt by said mortgage secured.

Notice is also given, That by virtue and pursuant to the power of sale in said mortgage contained, the said mortgaged premises will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Sheriff's Office in the Court House of said Crow Wing County, in Brainerd, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 17th day of June, 1899, at Ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day to recover the unpaid debt then secured by said mortgage, amounting Twenty-five Dollars (25), the attorney fee named in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the expenses of these proceedings allowed by law.

Dated April 24th, 1899.

HARRY J. DEUEL,
Said Assignee.

CHAS. N. BELL and GEORGE E. BURG,
Attorneys for said Assignee,
Room 51, Gilfillan Block,
5-1 St. Paul, Minn.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption Period.

STATE OF MINNESOTA }
County of Crow Wing. } ss

To RICHARD V. DECOWES.

TAKE NOTICE

That the following described piece or parcel of land, situated in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: SE¼ Section 6, Township 45, Range 29, was on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1896, sold by the State of Minnesota, for Forty-Five Dollars and Ninety Cents, pursuant to a real estate tax judgment entered in the District Court in the said County of Crow Wing, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1895, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate, for the year 1894, for said County of Crow Wing, and was on the 16th day of June, A. D. 1896, sold by the State of Minnesota, for Forty-Five Dollars and Sixty-Six Cents. That the amount required to redeem such lands from such sale, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is the said sum of Forty-Five Dollars and Sixty-Six Cents, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per month from said 4th day of May, 1896, to the time of such redemption, and delinquent taxes, penalties and costs accruing subsequent to said sale with interest thereon to the time of such redemption; and the time within which said land can be redeemed from said sale will expire sixty days after service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in manner prescribed by Section 37, of Chapter 1, General Laws of Minnesota, for the year 1897 and amendments thereto.

Dated at Brainerd this 21st day of May, A. D. 1899.

A. MAHLUM,
25-3 Auditor of Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

Order for Hearing on Claims.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Crow Wing. }

In Probate Court, Special Term, June 3, 1899.

In the Matter of the Estate of Agnes A. Gillis, Deceased.

Letters of administration with the will annexed on the estate of said deceased, issued this day granted unto L. P. White, Jr., of said county.

It is ordered, That all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court, for examination and allowance, at the Probate office in the City of Brainerd, on the following days, viz: Commencing on the 3rd day of June, 1899, and on the first Monday of each month thereafter for six months.

It is further ordered, That six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless, for cause shown, further time be allowed.

It is ordered further, That notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd, in said county.

Dated at Brainerd, the 3rd day of June, A. D. 1899.

By the Court,
MILTON MCFADDEN,
Judge of Probate.

LEWIS E. LUM, Attorney for Administrator. 26-3

Order to Examine Accounts.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Crow Wing. }

In Probate Court, Special Term, June 1st, 1899.

In the Matter of the Estate of David P. Sexton, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of George A. Sexton, Administrator of the estate of David P. Sexton, deceased, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the account of said administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Monday, the 26th day of June, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the Probate Office, in the City of Brainerd, in said County.

And it is further ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd, in said County.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., the 1st day of June, A. D. 1899.

By the Court,
MILNOR MCFADDEN,
Judge of Probate.

Get a wheel at D. M. Clark's. Strictly high grade machines at low prices.

Guns and Ammuition. **C. B. WHITE,** Fishing Tackle.

Contractor and Builder.

HARDWARE

Let us furnish Plans and Specifications for your New House. At the same time get Our Prices on

Sash, Doors and Builders' Hardware.

Paints and Oils. **I. U. WHITE, MANAGER.** Fence Wire.

For Anything in the

Grocery Line

Call on

P. M. LAGERQUIST,

We Carry the finest Stock in the Northwest, and our Goods are always Fresh and up-to-date.

Staple and Fancy Groceries

✱ FLOUR AND FEED. ✱

Lagerquist Block, South Sixth Street.

General Repair Shop

T. A. MARTIN, Proprietor.

Constructing and Repairing Bicycles a Specialty.

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No. 54, Duluth Freight	9:15 a. m.	10:15 a. m.
No. 12, Duluth Freight	3:35 p. m.	3:40 p. m.
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No. 7, Fargo Express	12:35 a. m.	12:35 a. m.
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Electric Lighted and Steam Heated.

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3:30	lv. Pine River ar	10:21
3:54	lv. Backus ar	9:57
4:30	lv. Guthrie ar	9:20
5:10	ar. Walker lv	8:55
6:25	lv. Navy ar	7:35
7:00	ar. Bemidji lv	7:00

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"Money Makes the Mare Go,"

or the horse either, when any portion of it is put into our light and handsome harness. A horse well dressed for the road with one of ERB'S handsome, strong and well made harness can travel over any kind of a road with no danger of a "give away" in any part. Call and see our large line of high grade light and heavy harness before purchasing elsewhere.

W. H. ERB.

Why does the boy hate the beer?

He doesn't—he loves it, because it tastes delicious, brew it is the medicine his dad says he dislikes. Never mind he is to have a drink of the pure article afterwards to take the bad taste away.

Hamm's St. Paul Beer

Drink a beer you know is pure.
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
Tel. 912. St. Paul, Minn.
Agents Everywhere.

FARMERS' WIVES
or any other ladies who wish to work
Can Earn Lots of Money
working for us in spare time at home on our clothes. We offer you a good chance to make plenty of spending money easily, in leisure hours. Send 12c. for cloth and full directions for work, and commence at once. Cloth sent anywhere. Address
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Mfg. Dept.

ESDON ETCHINGS.

Miss Ethel Petral is home on a short visit.

Joe Hanks is home from working on the drive.

Miss Mollie Isles is making a visit in Esdon this week.

The Petral boys are building a pasture fence. A step in the right direction.

A number of our young people took dinner with Mrs. Emma Shew last Sunday.

A good time and a good many out, is what we hear of the dance at Mrs. Goola's last Saturday.

Wm. Chord returned from St. Paul last Thursday. He has made an appointment to preach at the Esdon school house June 25th.

DAME RUMOR.

GRAVE LAKE ITEMS.

The lakes are running bank full from the recent rains.

Geo. Bock lost one of his horses last week by being mired in a swamp.

Millie Heath, Geo. Petre and Ed. Garlinghouse returned from the log drive last week.

It is rumored here that Pete Johnson has sold his farm in the north part of the town.

Millie Heath started for Benton county on Saturday last to visit till haying commences.

Prof. Cass, county superintendent of schools, visited the schools in this part of the county last week.

A notion peddler of doubtful nationality is doing the town and raking in the extra nickels this week.

The dance held at the Gollan farm on Saturday evening was very well attended, and a good time is reported.

Miss Pearl Stearns, who is teaching the Eagle Lake school in place of Miss Cameron, is giving good satisfaction.

Ed. Garlinghouse and Will Ramsdell will start for Willow river this week to work. Your correspondent did not learn the nature of the work.

A gentleman by the name of Chase has purchased the Hans Hansen farm on Grave Lake, and is busy improving the same. He appears to be a hustler.

Mrs. Roll returned from Brainerd last week. She went there to take part in the Memorial Day services and was taken sick from exposure and exhaustion. She is again able to be around.

Wm. Rosenkranz is doing a land office business of late selling land. He has disposed of some five hundred acres to different parties in the last two weeks, all to actual settlers. He is agent for the N. P. Land Co.

One would think by the number of fishermen, and women that are fishing to ship, on the lakes here, that the fish would play out after awhile. As many as eight boats are seen on Noka Lake every day. It ought to be stocked.

X.

KATRINE GLEANINGS.

A. A. Miller commenced sawing this week.

John Peterson is working at the mill this week.

A large, fine looking wolf, passed this way last week.

Arthur Maghan is assisting his uncle, A. A. Miller, at the mill yard.

Hail the size of large marbles fell during the heavy rain of Monday.

Mr. Patrick and friends, of Deerwood, spent a day fishing on Bay Lake.

"There is a time for all things," but if it does not stop raining there is no time to hoe.

G. A. Hunt took a trip across the bay to the P. O. last week. He is improving quite rapidly.

A meeting to discuss the 4th of July problem will be held at the Bay Lake school house on Tuesday night.

R. J. Maghan's team was mired on his return trip from Brainerd, and it took several men to get his wagon on solid ground.

Some parties out serenading with June flower boxes and tin pans, succeeded in getting a response from the man who was lost in the woods. It is hard to tell which was the most surprised.

Quite an excitement was occasioned last Friday by the disappearance from home of Archibald Carr. He is nearly blind, and during the absence of the children who usually accompany him, he attempted to go from his wood pile to the house a few rods distant. He wandered into the woods, and not being missed for an hour was out of hearing by the time he was called. Search was kept up until dark, and the next morning two search parties started to scour the woods in all directions. Fortunately, C. A. Hunt, in crossing the lake to the P. O., had heard some one calling in the woods near Balsam Bay, and learning of Mr. Carr's disappearance he at once started for the spot mentioned in company with Rev. Wilber Hunt and J. Ellsworth. It proved to be the lost man. He had been without food for twenty-four hours, and did not enjoy sleeping with a log for a pillow. He was about three-fourths of a mile from home and had traveled in a circle.

A New Burlington Book.

Railroad companies are great patrons not only of the liberal arts but of that modern classical expression that printing, engraving and photography places within the reach of everyone. The Burlington Route has contributed its share to the sum total of railroad art and its latest addition will rank among the finest specimens of scenic souvenirs ever issued. It is the Burlington's Book of St. Paul and Minneapolis, a rich oblong volume picturing first the magnificent train, then scenes along the route, then St. Paul and surroundings, followed by Ft. Snelling and Minneapolis. In all respects, composition, letter-press, illustrations and binding, it is a dainty volume. Copies of this elegant book can be had by enclosing 25 cents, (postage stamps not received) to Geo. P. Lyman, G. P. A., Burlington Route, St. Paul, Minn. Expenses of remittance can be saved by several persons combining their orders. 27-4

It's a mistake to imagine that itching piles can't be cured; a mistake to suffer a day longer than you can help. Doan's Ointment brings instant relief and permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

MISS HULL, sure cure superfluous hair, moles, etc., by electricity; only positive and permanent remedy; references; 15 years' experience; 301 Merrill block, cor. 4th and St. Peter St., St. Paul.

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Wagon & Carriage Makers
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First-Class Blacksmith and Paint Shop in Connection.

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DAVIS MUSIC HOUSE, BRAINERD.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, the best cough remedy on earth. 25 and 50 cents.
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We have CONSTANTLY ON HAND a Complete Stock of Lumber, Lath, Shingles and Building Material.

SHORT LUMBER OF ALL GRADES, and LOW GRADE OF DIMENSION AND BOARDS at VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

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CLEVELAND BICYCLES

The World's Standard of Excellence.
$40.00, $50.00 and $75.00.

Equipped with their Famous Light Running Durable Bearings, Guaranteed Dust Proof, and Burwell New Detachable Tire and Re-enforced Rim.

WESTFIELDS AT $30.00,

Built at the Cleveland Factories. Equipped with the New Burwell Detachable Tire. Sold with the Cleveland Guarantee.
Call and Investigate.

J. R. SMITH, Sleeper Block.

YOU CAN USE IT 20 DAYS FREE

Ask us to put you one of our High Arm Sewing Machines with Ball Bearings and all modern improvements. This we will do for anyone, only asking that after using it for 20 days, if you are satisfied with it, you pay the express charges, with the expenses of your home, and

TAKE THE MACHINE HOME AND TRY IT FOR 20 DAYS

If you are perfectly satisfied with the machine, and think it is worth to be the express agent, and he will return to you your money back. If you prefer, we will ship or freight and draw on you through your nearest bank, first attached to bill of lading. When you receive your draft, and take machine to your home and find it is just as we claim it to be, you can refuse to pay the draft, and the machine will be returned at our expense. Remember you take no risk. It don't cost you one cent unless you take the machine. We have only one price, and that is the lowest. We make no discount for cash, or on second hand machines, or to agents, or to anyone. Cash buyers, Lodge buyers, Church buyers, Agent buyers, Peddlers, Jobbers, Pool and Syndicate Buyers, Notions, Vacuum Laundries, Automatic Spoolers, Half Arm, Walking Plows, Cultivators, Harrows, Rollers, Cultivator Teeth, Plow Points, Plows, Wagons, Buggies, Harness, Saddles, Bicycles, Tricycles, Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines, Ball Bearing Machines, Rotary Motion Machines, Vibrator Machines, Automatic Shuttles

Frozen Heart,

A THRILLING LOVE STORY.

BY FRANCES WARNER WALKER.

CHAPTER XVI.—(Continued.)

The dinner drew to its close. The flowers began to droop under the glare of the wax-lights, the air to grow oppressive with their perfume. And at a minute, and their lovely hostess would leave them, to the solace they might discover in her absence in their absinthe and fragrant weed—solace so small that they would quickly follow where she led.

Was it accident or design that in this moment her eyes and those of the young lieutenant met? He also felt some reproach, some pity? The question only her own heart might answer, but as the blue eyes rested on that young handsome face, they smiled so sweetly, so graciously, that to win such a smile it were worth the purgatory he had suffered, thought the boy.

The prince scowled, but she deigned him no glance. Perhaps his latest gaiety had displeased her. She rose gracefully, and all followed her example, but she motioned Dameroff that she might leave the room upon his arm, and when, a few moments later, he rejoined the group, who had resumed their seats, the crimson rose which she had worn lent its brilliant color to the glittering gold of his uniform. He wore it more proudly than the prince the decoration of his emperor. Every eye turned upon it. The one vivid spot of scarlet seemed to concentrate unto itself every minor object in the room.

A dark flush swept over the officer's face; then the blood slowly receded, leaving the skin ghastly in its whiteness. That one minute he seemed to have aged ten years. His eyes and those of the young lieutenant met. Once again the same deadly challenge passed between them, as on the night when Carlo had left the side of Beatrice to obey Madame Florence's summons to her box.

The prince sprang to his feet, and the two men stood confronting each other. An insolent smile played about the mouth of Dameroff. The dinner had been a long drawn out torture to him. It was now his turn. The memory of his torture was too fresh to permit him to spare his rival now. All saw a scene was imminent.

"You wear a flower I see," said the prince, and his voice was hoarse with passion. "May I inquire how it came into your possession?"

"Freedom of speech is natural," he retorted. "Yours is the right to inquire and mine the right to leave the inquiry unanswered."

"But I will know." That flower is it the one which Madame Florence wore but a moment ago, which she took from the bunch of roses which were my gift? If so, you have gained possession of it by no honorable means, and I demand that you at once relinquish it."

"You two men were now equally matched in pallor. Carlo had whitened to the lips.

"You scarcely know whom you address." Prince Carnarach, when you accuse a Dameroff of dishonor. I make no boast of ladies' favors, but this rose withers on my breast. Deny it if you dare."

"Say that she gave it to you and you lie." hissed the nobleman in a low, sibilant whisper, more terrible than any louder note.

But scarcely had the words left his lips than lifting a glass half filled with wine, the boy tendelmed with rage and excitement, dashed it in his face.

Arkwright sprang between them.

"Would you make her name the talk of mon talk of St. Petersburg, Russia and all Europe?" he asked.

The question cahned them though they still confronting each other with burning cheeks and eyes fairly leaping with fury.

The prince stooped, for his napkin and wiped the wine from his face. He was speechless from rage. Dameroff lifeg a rose from his pocket and taking therefrom a card threw it on the table before him.

"This is my address," he said.

"You shall hear from me to-morrow," replied the prince. "But for fear of her fair fame we would settle it now and here."

Then, as though nothing had occurred, the gentlemen returned to the drawing room. The countenance of the prince had resumed its old suavity, although his eye gleamed with a sinister light, which betokened small weakness on the part of his right arm when it should grasp the sword on the morrow as he saw not only that the crimson rose had vanished from the lovely breast it had adorned, but that a blue ribbon Dameroff had worn in merit of a certain order in his buttonhole now fastened a strip of profit upon Madame Florence's waist.

Yet, singular to say, his love grew by feeding on its jealousy. Stronger than ever was his determination to win for his wife the woman who could thus brave him. Once his wife, she should suffer due punishment for this hour—a punishment which should begin on the morrow, when he, the most noted swordsman in Europe, should see that Carlo Dameroff expiated his insolence only with his life. Therefore he smiled and murmured languidly in his fair hostess' ear.

The younger man was a poorer dissembler. His cheek was paled and flushed by turns. Madame Florence, too, wore a certain air of constraint unusual to her, and her gaze often wandered toward Dameroff's face.

But he avoided her glance, and rose early to take his leave.

"So soon?" she said, as he approached her.

And as her hand languidly lay an instant in his, she gently pressed it in emphasis of her regret.

"No hour so late, madame, that it would not seem all too early to tear one's self away from your presence," he answered, gallantly, but with a certain coldness in his tone her ear was quick to detect.

What had happened? Something was in the air—such as precedes the thunder storm. Her eyes fell on the rose of his breast.

"You will wear my colors?" she half whispered.

"Yes," he answered, "to the death."

But she little dreamed how the words held literal meaning. That he would be wounded in the impending conflict, Dameroff had no doubt.

The prince's reputation as a swordsman was as well known to him as to others, and his own skill was as nothing compared to it. Yet, singular to say, it was not of the woman for whose sake his life blood would be spilled to-morrow that he thought as he went out from her fair presence into the night.

A voice within him told him that when they brought her the news that he, indeed, had worn her colors "to the death," the lovely cheek would momentarily pale, perhaps, the exquisite bosom heave a sigh, the sweet voice would murmur, "Poor boy! a life for a rose!" and then he, like a rose, he, too, would be forgotten, her smile drying her tears ere they had time to fall.

Wrapped in his furs, he paced the street, the cold, frosty air upon his face. Slowly he seemed awakening from a dream, and out from the dead and buried past there slinped itself a sweet, fair face—a face less beautiful far less learned—than hers on whom his eyes so short a time ago had rested, but lighting into beauty, as a electricity to flame, by the magic fluid called love.

Aye, she had loved him now, when death stared him in the face, the passion which so long had swayed him burst low, and the old days came back to him with cruel force and cruel longing.

He had bartered gold for dross, and the price he had paid had been, first, dishonor—to-morrow, life! Yet to-night was still his, and once more, himself unseen, he would gain, if might be, a passing glimpse of Beatrice Leonard's face.

The season was at its height. The night was young. Doubtless she would be at some gay scene and later would return to her home.

Walking hastily now, he gained the street the house occupied, ascended the stoop, paced to-fore it, to keep the blood warm in his veins.

At last a covered sleigh stopped before the door, and the bells near rang out on sharp, single stroke.

He concealed himself behind a marble-bin, as a thief might hide, but his long waiting was with its reward.

One instant the lamplight streamed full upon Beatrice Leonard's face, as, wrapped her furs more closely about her, she sprang with a slight shiver, from the sleigh, and disappeared within the house, which flew open to receive her and the tall, stately man who followed her.

The doors closed. Once again Carlo Dameroff was alone in the darkness and the night, indeed, for he knew now that to his own hand he had shut out the daylight and the dawn.

He died for Madame Florence—for the beauty which had fascinated and bewitched him but his heart, false and fickle as its lords had been, rose more and forever, day in Beatrice Leonard's own keeping.

CHAPTER XVII

Madame Florence's guests had taken their departure all save one. The prince, near the portals had vanished. Harry Arkwright remained behind. His mouth was stern, and a weary, pain-ridden look was on his brown eyes, which had seemed born but to laugh in. He and his hostess were alone. He rose from his chair and stood before her.

"Florence!" he said.

She glanced up with a smile so bright that one could not fancy it forced from a breaking heart.

"Call the old name," she asked, in tuoiled repeat. "Have I not told you that it and she who owned it both are buried? Have I not warned you that it is treason to resurrect their ashes?"

"Both dead?" he answered, gravely, unheeding her light tone. "Sometimes I fear they are. Really, I feared so tonight. Florence, do you know what your coquetry has wrought?"

She glanced quickly up, forgetting the question in amaze at this man, who dared to her face accuse and reproach her, in one breath, of coquetry and its result.

Yet as her eyes scanned the fresh, handsome face, the tall, muscular young form, holding itself so erect and bravely, her amaze died in admiration of his noble bearing and the courage, which forbade him to utter platitudes of falsehood.

"Really?" she responded, "it must be that my eye is blind, satisfied with flattery that I find your rudeness refreshing."

"Is truth rudeness, Florence? Then I, indeed, must bear the implication. Remember I put to you the question. Do you know the consequences of your rash act to-night? An act which could be dictated only by a'wounded's vanity and stoned for in a manly blood?"

"Of what are you speaking?" she replied.

But, involuntarily, her glance fell to the ribbon on her arm.

His hand followed the glance, and lightly clasped her wrist.

"I speak of this, Florence, and you know it well," he said—"this tiny bit of ribbon, tinted with the blue of heaven, but which has done the work of hell—this and the red rose fashioned by God and cursed by man, with woman's seal upon the curse. Are you aware that the prince and Lieutenant Dameroff fight to-morrow, and that you are responsible for the duel?"

The lovely cheek grew pale. He felt her arm tremble beneath his touch. Her lips quivered. His own glance softened at the signs of womanly weakness.

Then she leaned back in her chair and laughed—a little, low, rippling laugh.

"Fight for a ribbon or a flower? Truly, men's lives on trifles hang. Which, may I ask, is the better swordsman of the two?"

Nothing could exceed the languor and utter indifference of her tone. It would have defied the closest scrutiny to have discovered what was the fact—that her heart was beating madly, suffocatingly and the blood congealing in her veins to ice.

Over Harry Arkwright's face swept a look of intense horror. Before him sat the woman whom he had enshrined in his soul as the one perfect being he had met. He had worshipped her for years. Her pain, her suffering, had been to him acutest torture. She idealized womanhood in his sight. And now she laughed when he told her that one, perhaps two men went for her sake to their death! Laughed! Yet—God help him! he murmured inwardly—he loved her yet; loved her with the blind, worshipping adoration of old. Woman or devil, he would love her still.

"Florence," he said, and his voice rang out clear and stern, "tell me—what made you do this thing?"

"Listen, then, my inquisitor," she replied, as she rose from the table. "My conscience (ah, perhaps you did not know I had a conscience) whispered to me that I had been overrated to the prince, who loved me through his vanity—less kind to the boy, who loved me through his heart. Poor Carlo! He conceals his passion poorly! Therefore, I need not hesitate to speak of it, and, after all, he is but a child. He needs the lesson. Well, as you know, I succumbed him to give me his silver. He did so, murmuring the white words in my ear of passionate regret. As he bent, and freshwinning room my bracelet became entangled in one of the buttons on his sleeve. In disentangling it the clasp broke and it fell to the floor. Instantly he stooped to pick it up, and, snatching the clasp from his coat, tied it together by the silken strand upon my wrist. Poor boy! His silken tassel lost its bright bit of coloring, and he had sacrificed it for my sake. What else could I do than replace it by another? Consequently, the rose took its place. For the moment I felt the lonely forgetful that it was the prince's gift. This is the story. Is it the story of a crime?"

This doubtless was the explanation which, later, she would murmur in the prince's ear. Him it might satisfy. Not so with Arkwright. The cloud lifted not from his brow, and his eyes stared stern. His lips quivered with the anguish at his heart. Could it be that this Circean had stamped upon his soul this exquisite frame its soul?

"Florence," he said, after a moment's pause, "God knows I love you too well to deeply, to be either your censor or your judge, nor will words repair the evil wrought. Can you find no way to prevent this duel being fought?"

Her face hardened, and the smile died.

"I am not the prince's keeper, nor do I control his majesty's guards. You put strange questions, Captain Arkwright."

"At least you will not say I leave them unanswered," he replied, with odd impertinence she as well remembered; "at least, you shall not repeach me that I suggested evils without the means. There is one way in which you can prevent the murder of this boy, for it will be murder, he the world call it what it will. There is a way open by which you may yet enjoy the haunting memory of this night's work, and, Florence, the way is this. Let me go to these men to-night—at once—and say to them: 'The lady for whom you fight to-morrow is my affianced wife. The dispute has been a mistake, an error. As her future husband, I ask you to drop this matter for my sake.' The prince is a gentleman. He will apologize to Dameroff for his hasty words when he realizes that you, indeed, are hopelessly lost to either. Oh, Florence—oh, my love! can you guess the pain which stabbed my heart to-night, when you let those men wish, in your ear their desires, and answered them with the chance you know so well how to throw into your eyes? Give up this false, this artificial life. Remember the old days—the old hours."

"Hush!" she cried, springing to her feet. An instant before she had listened, her flushed cheek resting upon her bare-set heaving, her lips tremulous. But, alas, at the last words, all woman's weakness had fled. "Hush!" she commanded. "You dare bring back that past here? You dare bring Florence Vane in the face of Madame Florence? What living thing, think you, she knew as she hates the girl who bore that name? Go show to the crim, find his portrait when, a little lad, he knelt at his mother's knee. Ask him in his soul he knows that at his door lies that mother's curse. Point to the beggar and the outcast, the rich man feeding by his warm fireside. Tell Dives to look up to Lazarus, and whispering, 'So might I have been,' find content. What these pictures are, bravely, bare and clear, dared in admiration of his noble bearing and the courage, which forbade him to utter platitudes of falsehood.

"Really?" she responded, "it must be that my eye is blind, satisfied with flattery that I find your rudeness refreshing."

"Is truth rudeness, Florence? Then I, indeed, must bear the implication. Remember I put to you the question. Do you know the consequences of your rash act to-night? An act which could be dictated only by a'wounded's vanity and stoned for in a manly blood?"

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But, involuntarily, her glance fell to the ribbon on her arm.

His hand followed the glance, and lightly clasped her wrist.

"I speak of this, Florence, and you know it well," he said—"this tiny bit of ribbon, tinted with the blue of heaven, but which has done the work of hell—this and the red rose fashioned by God and cursed by man, with woman's seal upon the curse. Are you aware that the prince and Lieutenant Dameroff fight to-morrow, and that you are responsible for the duel?"

The lovely cheek grew pale. He felt her arm tremble beneath his touch. Her lips quivered. His own glance softened at the signs of womanly weakness.

Then she leaned back in her chair and laughed—a little, low, rippling laugh.

"Fight for a ribbon or a flower? Truly, men's lives on trifles hang. Which, may I ask, is the better swordsman of the two?"

Nothing could exceed the languor and utter indifference of her tone. It would have defied the closest scrutiny to have discovered what was the fact—that her heart was beating madly, suffocatingly and the blood congealing in her veins to ice.

Over Harry Arkwright's face swept a look of intense horror. Before him sat the woman whom he had enshrined in his soul as the one perfect being he had met. He had worshipped her for years. Her pain, her suffering, had been to him acutest torture. She idealized womanhood in his sight. And now she laughed when he told her that one, perhaps two men went for her sake to their death! Laughed! Yet—God help him! he murmured inwardly—he loved her yet; loved her with the blind, worshipping adoration of old. Woman or devil, he would love her still.

"Florence," he said, and his voice rang out clear and stern, "tell me—what made you do this thing?"

"Listen, then, my inquisitor," she replied, as she rose from the table. "My conscience (ah, perhaps you did not know I had a conscience) whispered to me that I had been overrated to the prince, who loved me through his vanity—less kind to the boy, who loved me through his heart. Poor Carlo! He conceals his passion poorly! Therefore, I need not hesitate to speak of it, and, after all, he is but a child. He needs the lesson. Well, as you know, I succumbed him to give me his silver. He did so, murmuring the white words in my ear of passionate regret. As he bent, and freshwinning room my bracelet became entangled in one of the buttons on his sleeve. In disentangling it the clasp broke and it fell to the floor. Instantly he stooped to pick it up, and, snatching the clasp from his coat, tied it together by the silken strand upon my wrist. Poor boy! His silken tassel lost its bright bit of coloring, and he had sacrificed it for my sake. What else could I do than replace it by another? Consequently, the rose took its place. For the moment I felt so

OUR NEW NATIONAL PARK.

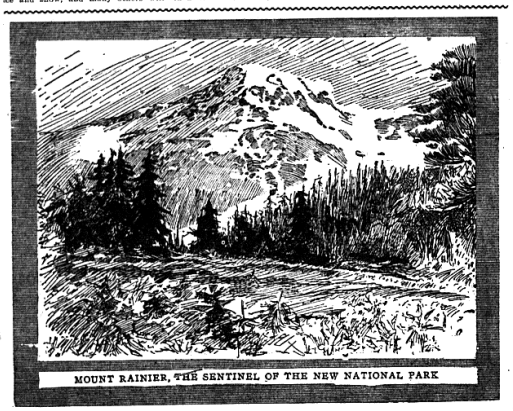
Mount Rainier Now Stands as the Sentinel of the Most Beautiful Park.

(Seattle, Wash., Letter.)

Mount Rainier, the grandest mountain peak in America, is holding up its massive, snow-capped head with added dignity. Its tremendous greatness has been recognized by the congress of the United States, and it now stands as the sentinel of the most beautiful natural park in the world.

On March 2 last President McKinley approved an act to set aside a certain portion of lands in the state of Washington known as the Pacific Coast Reserve, which future generations will call the Mount Rainier National Park. A great transcontinental railway company was forced to return to the government its title to many, many thousands of acres of the eighteen square miles in the newly established park. The land is now under the jurisdiction of the interior department, which will at once take steps to care for it so that the people may fully enjoy the many advantages that it offers.

The improvement of transportation facilities, which is already being considered, will make the Mount Rainier National Park the Mecca for tourists from all parts of the world. It is now, with all its difficulties of ascent, the goal for the world's famous mountain climbers who have not yet reached its summit. Scores of people have climbed its slippery sides over glacier ice and snow, and many others will attempt the ascent within the next few months.



MOUNT RAINIER, THE SENTINEL OF THE NEW NATIONAL PARK

Washington's National Park is undoubtedly the peer of the famous Yellowstone and other parks in this country. In fact, comparison is impossible, as there are no points of similarity between Yellowstone and Rainier. Yellowstone is simply a grand beauty spot with a few hot-water fountains when compared with Rainier, its majestic scenery and boundless attractions for lovers of nature.

Mount Rainier must be named with Fujiyama, St. Elias, Aranat and Blanc. It is more like the mighty mountain of sunny Japan than the supreme peak of the snowy Alps. Unlike Mount Blanc, it is not merely the dominant peak of a chain of snow mountains; it is the only peak in view for hundreds of miles. Mount St. Helens and Mount Adams are similarly isolated and are many miles away to the south. Rainier rises from 7,000 to 8,000 feet above the surrounding mountains in majestic loneliness. It springs out of a valley of wondrous beauty 11,000 feet in seven miles. Eminent scientists and mountain climbers the world over are ready to bear witness to its grandeur. The first view of the mountain to the newcomer is awe inspiring. But its beauty is not confined to the huge peak alone. There are acres of meadow land running clear up to the snow line—veritable flower banks—and in the summer season gorgeous with a brilliancy that can scarcely be described.

There are wonderful glaciers, scarred with grim crevices of unknown depth. These are bordered with evergreen forests, and they present a spectacle of wild beauty that is not equaled elsewhere in the world. On the summit of the mountain is the crater of an extinct volcano, out of which jets of steam and boiling water are continually spouting, giving evidence of terrible and unknown things in the depths of the mighty pile of rock and snow. There are many streams full of ice water dashing over rocks and precipices into waterfalls and then finding their way down to the low lands until they become lost in the rivers that empty into Puget Sound.

The greatest on the list of superlative things that the mountain park affords, however, is the magnificent view from the summit. This summit consists of three peaks, the central and highest being Crater Peak. To the south is Peak Success and to the north Liberty Cap. The billowing tops of successive mountain ranges stretch off in every direction. Below, to the east and south, lie the plains of Eastern Washington and the Columbia river valley, a valley that is known at least by reputation to every person in the country.

To the west and north are the timber covered foothills of the Cascades and the Olympic mountains, the great coast range. Beyond these a light blue haze tells where the old Pacific rolls. Puget Sound lies between like a scroll of molten silver in its emerald setting of green forests of fir and cedar. In several directions, looking like tiny threads of white, the Puyallup, Carbon, Nisqually and Cowlitz rivers can be seen racing on to mingle their waters with the salt waves of the sound. Their glacier sources shine like diamonds when the sun is bright.

In 1883 Professor Zittel, a well-known German geologist, and Professor James Bryce, member of parliament, and author of the "American Commonwealth," made a report on the scenery of Mount Rainier. Among other things they said:

"The scenery of Mount Rainier is of rare and varied beauty. The peak itself is as noble a mountain as we have ever seen in its lines and structures. We have seen nothing more beautiful in Switzerland and Tyrol, in Norway or the Pyrenees, than the Carbon river glacier and the great Puyallup glacier; Indeed, the ice of the latter is unusually pure and the crevasses unusually fine. The combination of ice scenery with woodland scenery of the grandest type is to be found nowhere in the old world, unless it be in the Himalayas, and, so far as we know, nowhere else on the American continent."

There are several routes to the summit, but the only one that has ever proved practical is known as the Paradise valley route. All of the more interesting features of the great mountain and the park that surrounds it can be seen from this road and it will probably be the only one used this summer.

The start under present arrangements is made by stage from Tacoma. For two days the prospective mountain climber travels rapidly over a good road through one of the Washington forests of gigantic trees to Longmire Springs. Timber line is then but six miles away, over a plain trail. The distance can be covered by pack horses or by walking.

Paradise Park, which is a place of beauty beyond description, has been named by untrained mountain climbers. Here muscles are hardened by climbing over the snow fields and glaciers and one becomes generally accustomed to the high altitude. Here also guides are to be obtained, for it is not safe to attempt the ascent without an experienced escort. That strangers have gone to the top of the mountain and returned in safety is no proof that others can do the same. The elements at this high altitude are very uncertain and a storm is likely to blow up at any time. Then the danger is very great for even those who know the mountain thoroughly.

To any one except a hardy mountaineer the ascent requires more than ordinary strength. This is especially true in the case of women, and none of the gentler sex should attempt the journey without at least a month's training by taking long walks until twenty miles or more can be covered without fatigue.

From Paradise Park the climb commences. Two full days are usually required for the ascent, although it has been made by small parties in much less time. Camp should be broken very early in the morning, and with the necessary baggage strapped on pack animals the journey is slowly continued until Camp Muir is reached.

The night is spent at this point, and a second start is made at 4 a. m. on the following day, in order to pass Gibraltar Rock before the sun begins to loosen rocks on the side of the mountain. The route continues past a spur which divides the Nisqually and Cowlitz glaciers, and on to the famous rock, which has proven a stumbling block to so many. The terrors of passing this battle causes the nerves of the novice to tingle. He is ready to be frightened to death by the first real or imaginary danger, and unless secured roped to competent guides is likely to fall to his death.

A REMARKABLE TRIP

Of an Ocean Liner in Trying a New Route.

The steamer Gaspesia, which was first to attempt to reach London by the new route via the Gulf of St. Lawrence and Milford Haven, S. Wales, had three months of such experience as happily but seldom falls to the lot of an ocean liner. The dream of a certain group of capitalists is over, for although the distance is appreciably less by the way proposed, the fate of the ship which came limping back into port ten weeks after every one had given her up will cast a damper upon all future efforts. The Gaspesia left Milford Haven on Jan. 11; she made the south coast of Newfoundland on the 19th, and entered the gulf on the 20th. She should have reached Paspebiac in one day. The trip actually took six. It was Feb. 7 when she started out, with her return cargo and three passengers, in the very worst weather of an unusually bitter winter. She was caught by the ice floes and held helpless. Keen winds raged about her and the rigging froze. The fires were put out to husband coal, and every one on board suffered from cold. Her 75 sailors were clothed only for an ordinary winter passage in the North Atlantic. They did not know when they would be released or whether they might not be driven from a ship crushed like an eggshell to wander over the shifting floe to their death. There are 50,000 square miles of the Gulf of St. Lawrence. The Gaspesia saw a good deal of drifting to and fro with the wind and current. Deliverance came when the famous sealing steamer Kite signaled the Gaspesia and went to her assistance. The Kite likes ice; she was built to resist it, and carries dynamite to blast her way through it. By several days' hard work her crew opened a way for the Gaspesia, and she reached St. John's nearly three months out. She was almost a wreck, and the crew and passengers were quite exhausted. It may be shorter by the new route, but the chances are that ordinary travelers will prefer the old, although Nansen might enjoy the trip as practice.

Arsenical Wall Paper.

The former popularity of arsenical wall paper appears to have quite subsided. However, several cases of alleged poisoning by arsenical wall papers having occurred in Ithaca, Dr. E. M. Chamot, of the chemical department of Cornell university, undertook a series of analyses of wall papers of various colors and patterns, as a result of which he is said to have asserted that nearly all wall papers sold at the present time contain arsenic, some of them in large quantities.

Central American Floral Curiosity.

A strange flower has been found on the Isthmus of Tehuantepec. It grows on a small tree and gives forth a perfume only at noon, but this is not the queer part, for in the morning it is pure white, at noon red and in the evening blue.

A woman may say all sorts of unkind things about her husband, but she is not true blue if she lets any one else say them.

THE DUTIES OF A WHIP.

His Influence Is Greater Than That of Most Cabinet Ministers.

There is nothing more curious in English politics than the position of a successful whip, says the London Spectator. He is as completely unrecognized by the constitution as the cabinet is and is usually paid either as "patronage secretary to the treasury" or through some sinecure office, but he is, most efficient, one of the most important wheels in the political machine. He writes no reports; he exercises no patronage of any moment; he is responsible for no measure, and he is rarely one of the speakers relied on by the government. The public seldom knows anything about him, and he is, as a rule, only criticized in the newspapers when he has made a blunder; but he has more influence in shaping the internal policy of the country than any cabinet minister outside the two or three who really rule. He is the true "power behind the throne," and many a project has been baffled, many a grand programme drawn up, because a whip has shaken his head or has urged that on such and such a matter "something must be done."

His business is not merely, as the public imagines, to warn members of important divisions, and so keep the party together and enable business to get on, or even, as Sir William Hayter once defined it, to conciliate the real masters by persuasive words, small concessions, pleasant arrangements, or whispered promises of political or social advancement. He performs those functions, it is true, and is lucky if in performing them he does not become something of a cynic, and doubtful of the perfectibility of human nature; but he has a higher function than that. It is his business to gather up in intimate conversations the true sense of the house of commons, and especially of his own party in it, to understand why a proposal will not "go down," to detect the half-formulated wish of a majority, to penetrate, in fact, to that inner wall which so often controls the conscious will, and which is possessed not only by most strong individuals, but by all great corporations. He confides his opinion to the cabinet, and especially to the premier, and unless the head of her majesty's government is a man of very resolute and independent judgment, or the cabinet possesses within itself a born whip, his report has a greater weight than almost any speech or even vote. The first contingency, which practically reduces the use of the whip to the smaller business of legislation, is not, however, so common as one would expect, the strong premier being often aware that he is a little out of touch with the average members, and sometimes distrusting his own social knowledge. Both Sir Robert Peel and Lord John Russell are said to have felt a certain deficiency in this latter respect, akin, perhaps, to Lord Melbourne's, who, man of the world as he was, could not comprehend why members cared so much about the things they asked for. The second contingency is less frequent, but it occurs. Lord Palmerston, for example, always put in the cabinet, if he could, Mr. Vernon Smith, a man whom the public, and in a lesser degree the house, considered a well-dressed fribble. He was not a fribble, by any means, but a cool-headed, observant man of the world, with a weak will, but possessed of a power which Lord Palmerston, who understood men, had early detected. He had some faculty in him, probably based on sympathy with the average political mind, which enabled him to tell almost unerringly what the house of commons was thinking and would think, and his chief trusted, and, after his manner, nobly repaid, his friend's acumen. In the absence of such a man within the cabinet, a good whip who can be trusted to know in a crisis what the majority think, what is wanted, possible or impossible—the house at this moment wants impossible, because contradictory, things in China—is invaluable, and wields a secret authority which has often serious effects upon the course of events.

How Pekin Is Guarded.

The outer great wall of Pekin is about twenty-seven miles in circumference. It was built centuries ago of mud and bricks. Each brick is as big as a family Bible, and the interstices are filled up with mud and stones. The whole has long settled into a solid cement. Save for some damage done in one or two quarters by recent floods, this great wall is still intact. The gates number thirteen. They are big, significant, though finely arched, being only twenty feet high. At night they are closed with great doors sheathed with iron, and no one can pass in or out.

Good Souvenir.

It is a matter for congratulation that the Reina Mercedes, formerly of the Spanish navy, has reached this country in safety. She will be an interesting, ornamental and useful souvenir of certain stirring events.

Deserted.

"I am wedded to art," said Parley. "Well," said Criticus, gazing at Parley's picture, "I'd get a divorce if I were you. She has deserted you."—Tit-Bits.

She Nags Him.

"It appears that Tompkins married a tartar." "That's a horse on Tompkins." "It's certainly a steady nag."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Kept Moving.

Aguinaldo may have wept, but he didn't stop to do it.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Hannibal H. Ames, Hutchinson, Minn., rotary engine; Mathis Pink, Chaska, Minn., coupling and drafting device; Reuben E. Freeman, Fergus Falls, Minn., steering mechanism; James D. Hatcher, Minneapolis, Minn., platting machine; Unvin Q. Hayes, Grand Forks, N. D., steam generator; Laurence P. Leonard, Wascca, Minn., dental matrix clamp; Norman McAuley, Hill City, S. D., quartz mill; Emma R. Rice, Zumbrota, Minn., dust pan; John H. Forster, New Ulm, Minn., snap hook member (design); John Taylor, Joliette, N. D., attachment for threshers;

Merwin, Lothrop & Johnson, Patent Attorneys, 910 Pioneer Press Bldg., St. Paul.

Nothing to Brag Of.

First Soldier—You ain't got nothin' to brag of. I was one of the men in front of them.—Syracuse Herald.

It Works Like a Grain Binder.

The only way to bind corn in the reasonable, sensible, horizontal way; that is, as nearly after the principle of a grain binder as is possible. Those who have used the Deering Horizontal Corn Binder know that binding corn by machinery is no longer an experiment. This machine has roller and ball bearings; it is light for two horses and free from side draft, and it does not scatter loose ears all over the field.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight and New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

An able man shows his spirit by gentle words and resolute actions. He is neither hot nor timid.—Chesterfield.

A Story of Sterility, SUFFERING AND RELIEF.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 69,165]

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—Two years ago I began having such dull, heavy dragging pains in my back, menses were profuse and painful, and was troubled was leucorrhœa. I took patent medicines and consulted a physician, but received no benefit and could not become pregnant. Seeing one of your books, I wrote to you telling you my troubles and asking for advice. You answered my letter promptly and I followed the directions faithfully, and derived so much benefit that I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound enough. I now find myself pregnant and have begun its use again. I cannot praise it enough."—MRS. CORA GILSON, YATES, MANISTEE, MICH.

"Your Medicine Worked Wonders"

"I had been sick ever since my marriage, seven years ago; have given birth to four children, and had two miscarriages. I had falling of womb, leucorrhœa, pains in back and legs, dyspepsia and a nervous trembling of the stomach. Now I have none of these troubles and can enjoy my life. Your medicine has worked wonders for me."—MRS. S. BANNIGAN, NEW CASTLE, PA.

HEALTH AND BEAUTY.

A Book That Should Be in the Hands of Every Woman.

Mrs. McKee Rankin, one of the foremost and best known character actresses and stage artists of this generation, in speaking of Pe-ru-na, says: "No woman should be without a bottle of Pe-ru-na in reserve."—Mrs. McKee Rankin. Mrs. Thina Wike, 1108 Iron street, Akron, Ohio, says: "I

Mrs. McKee Rankin.

would be in my grave now if it had not been for your God-sent remedy, Pe-ru-na. I was a broken down woman, had no appetite; what little I did eat did not agree with my stomach. It is now seven years past that I used Pe-ru-na and I can eat anything."—Mrs. Thina Wike.

Every woman should have a copy of Dr. Hartman's book entitled "Health and Beauty." This book contains many facts of especial interest to women. Dr. Hartman has treated more ailments peculiar to women than any other physician in the world. This book gives in brief his long and varied experience.

Send for free books on catarrh. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

Ancient American Sleeping Cars.

L. Xavier Eyma, a Frenchman, who came to this country in 1847, wrote an article in L'Illustration of Paris, published July 22nd, 1848, giving his experiences on the railroads of the United States. He says that at that time the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road had a length of seventy leagues, and that the cost of the road was 4,110,744 francs, the receipts 3,988,456 francs and expenses 1,061,741 francs. He also gives considerable space to the interior arrangements of the sleeping cars used at that time, and says that, "they are actually houses where nothing is lacking for the necessity of life, and are divided into compartments and sleeping rooms, some for men and some for women." Each room held six beds or rather little couches in three tiers along the sides. He winds up his account by saying that valuables are not particularly well taken care of, as in America there "were no such things as sneak thieves."

Read the Advertisements.

You will enjoy this publication much better if you will get into the habit of reading the advertisements; they will afford a most amusing study, and will put you in the way of getting some excellent bargains. Our advertisers are reliable; they send what they advertise.

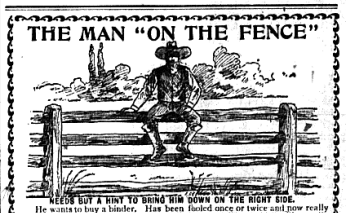
How They Are Alike.

"Why is Aguinaldo like a man who relies on his knowledge for a living?"

"Dunno. Why?"

"He always carries his capital around with him."—Chicago Times-Herald.

THE MAN "ON THE FENCE"



NEEDS BUT A HINT TO BRING HIM DOWN ON THE RIGHT SIDE.

He wants to buy a binder. Has been fooled once or twice and now really wants to know what binder he can be relied upon—what machine will actually "live up" to the claims made for it by its makers. Here are some hints:

50,000 more Deering machines were sold last season than in any previous year.

4,000 employes are working day and night in the Deering factories.

85 acres of ground are covered by the Deering factories—twice as large as any other in existence.

Deering machines have the only perfect ball and roller bearings.

Deering machines are the lightest draft grain and grass cutters ever built.

These are strawy. They tell which way the wind blows. They should be helpful hints to the man on the fence.

DEERING HARVESTER CO., - - CHICAGO.

FARM LANDS FOR SALE

DO YOU WANT A HOME?

60,000 ACRES OF GOOD FARMING LANDS IN WASHBURN AND BARRON COUNTIES, WISCONSIN, to be $3.00 to $6.00 PER ACRE.

Long time and easy payments to actual settlers. Come and see us or address,

W. R. BOURNE, Mgr., SHELL LAKE LUMBER CO., SHELL LAKE, WIS.

PRICES ON BINDING TWINE.—Real Binding Twine, 15c lb; Standard Binding Twine, 12c lb; 60 ft. Manila Binding Twine, 9½c lb; Our Giraffe Extra Manila, 9½c. Equal to any sold at 10c and more. This Extra Giraffe Manila is the best twine on the market, and is sold at 10c and more. Our Standard Twine is equal to any sold at 12c and more. Our Manila is equal to any sold at 10c and more. Prices quoted are net cash with order. No discount allowed. Put up in 50-pound sacks which we cannot break. We gua rantee these prices, subject to stock. You may have to pay more, so do not delay ordering. Order at once. This is your only safe course. Prices may advance, our stock may be exhausted, and numerous other things may happen in a week. Send in your orders at once. We can ship immediately. We reserve the right to limit the quantity of twine ordered by any one person, firm or corporation. We have more than we can use ourselves, and we want to give our former friends the first chance. We know of nothing that can be gained by waiting, and you may lose money by so doing. It is to your profit to buy of us.

T. M. ROBERTS' SUPPLY HOUSE, Minneapolis, Minn.

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN." MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES

SAPOLIO

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Local News Condensed.

Hoffman negotiates chattel loans.

Summer Corsets, per pair, 20 cts.
HENRY I. COHEN.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder. at Dr. Ribbel's.

Special Dress Goods Sale this week, 50, 25 and 10 cents per yard.
HENRY I. COHEN.

W. H. Crowell will on Monday remove his law office to the rooms just vacated in the First National Bank block by P. J. Murphy.

Dr. Forbes will preach at the M. E. church in Deerwood on Tuesday evening, June 27th, at 7:30. All are cordially invited to attend.

While others are advertising to sell cheap shoes cheap, we will sell a good shoe cheap.
Big 9 Shoe Store, 6th street.

Hoffman's second ☞ store will buy your furniture, trade you new goods for old or sell you complete house-keeping outfits on installments.

Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Blackburn celebrated the 6th anniversary of their wedding at their home four miles west of town on Wednesday afternoon and evening.

Mrs. Ben Lovely was adjudged insane on Wednesday by Judge McFadden, and on Thursday Sheriff Erickson and wife took her to the asylum at Fergus Falls.

The Iron Moulders Union No. 226, I. M. U. of N. A., will give a Labor Union Smoke Social at Walker Hall this (Friday evening). An enjoyable evening will be spent.

A fine musical treat is in store for Brainerd people at Gardner Opera House next Monday evening, when the Canadian Jubilee Singers and Imperial Orchestra will appear.

The ladies of the M. E. church will serve ice cream on Tuesday evening, June 20th, on the lawn of Mrs. J. E. Rhodes' residence, corner Fifth and Kingwood streets, or in the house if the weather is damp.

Dresskell's orchestra went to Walker to play for the dance at the Pameda, given in honor of the visit of the editorial excursion. The Prof. reports that the editors were enjoying themselves hugely.

Mrs. Flora Erickson was before the municipal court yesterday charged with conducting a disorderly house. She denies the charge and has retained Lawyer Warner to conduct her defense. The trial will occur to-morrow.

Mrs. Julia McDonald, Mrs. E. O. Parks and Mrs. W. H. Bondy entertained their lady friends at an afternoon coffee on Tuesday at the residence of Mrs. McDonald on Seventh street north. A most delightful time was enjoyed.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian church will serve refreshments the day and evening of the 4th of July in the Dressen building on Sixth street south. There will be strawberry short cake and cream, coffee and sandwiches, also ice cream, etc.

Mrs. Elizabeth Cockburn, who took a quantity of corrosive sublimate a week ago last Thursday, mention of which was made in these columns, with suicidal intent, died on Sunday evening, about 6 p. m., aged 63 years. The funeral services occurred at the family residence on Tuesday the 13th, at 2 p. m., Rev. Carver officiating.

It hardly seemed possible but Brainerd still exists and things move on in the accustomed way, notwithstanding the fact that the three great thought-moulders of the city, Editor Halsted, of the Tribune, Editor Beard, of the Arena, and Editor Ingersoll, of the DISPATCH, are out of the city on the annual excursion of the Northwestern Editorial Association, at Walker. Messrs. Halsted and Ingersoll are accompanied by their wives, while Miss Mulligan, of the Arena, also accompanied the excursion.

Scotch Lawns, fast colors, new goods, per yard, 4 cents.
HENRY I. COHEN.

A Pioneer Gone.

On Saturday afternoon at 3 p. m., L. N. Lowe, one of the oldest residents of Brainerd, died at his home in this city aged nearly 71 years. Mr. Low was taken sick with dropsy last December, and several times since has been near death's door, in fact for several weeks his death was hourly expected. He rallied, however, and lately has been able to ride about town. On Saturday he was stricken with heart disease and died almost immediately.

Mr. Lowe was one of the pioneers of this city. He came here in 1872, when there was not half a dozen houses in the town. He was born in Randolph, New Hampshire, in July 1828, where he lived until he had grown to manhood. In 1851 he was married to Miss Harriet Hodgden, and to them was born three children, Alderman F. E. Lowe, of this city, Leslie H. Lowe, of Fargo, and Mrs. J. C. Rosser, of Crookston, all of whom survive him. In 1855 he removed to Sharon, Wis., where he was employed as an engineer on the Northwestern road. During the war he was appointed a first lieutenant by Gov. Oglesby, of Wisconsin, but was never called into active service. He continued to reside in Wisconsin until he came to Brainerd in 1872, and for over 15 years has had charge of an engine on the N. P. Since retiring from the road Mr. Lowe has employed his time caring for his farming interests here and in North Dakota. He was a man of sterling character, honest and upright, and had the respect of all who knew him.

The funeral services were held at the family residence on Monday afternoon, Rev. G. W. Gallagher officiating.

Special Prices this Saturday on Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Capes.
HENRY I. COHEN.

A Fine Trip.

Dr J. L. Camp left Brainerd on Tuesday night for a trip through Europe. The doctor will be accompanied by Dr. Chas. Wheaton and Dr. Beckman, of St. Paul. They will sail from New York on the 20th on the magnificent liner, Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse," of the Hamburg-American line, the finest and fastest steamship in the world. The party will visit Paris, Berlin, Copenhagen and Stockholm, attending a meeting of the European Medical Association at the latter city. At Copenhagen the doctor will visit Swen Torgersen, for several years employed by Dr. Camp in this city. Dr. Beckman, of the party, is an experienced European traveler, visiting Europe every year. He speaks French, German and the Scandinavian languages fluently, which will be a great aid to the party. His wife and daughters are now in Paris. Dr. Camp confidently expects to have a most enjoyable trip.

Special Dress Goods Sale this week, 50, 25 and 10 cents per yard.
HENRY I. COHEN.

The Flints.

Prof. Herbert L. Flint, the great hypnotist, assisted by Grace Marion Flint, who is heralded as the only lady hypnotist, are amusing large audiences nightly at Gardner Opera House. The Flints are certainly the best hypnotists that have ever visited this city, and give a very laughable and amusing as well as instructive entertainment. They will be here every night during the week. Admission prices only 10, 20 and 30 cents.

Big Sale on Ladies' and Children's Shoes on Saturday, this week.
HENRY I. COHEN.

K. of P. Memorial Exercises.

Wednesday was "Memorial Day" of the order of the Knights of Pythias. White Cross Lodge No. 30, of this city, observed the day by appropriate exercises. At 2 p. m. the lodge turned out in a body, and headed by Dresskell's City Band and accompanied by the ladies of the Rathbone Sisters, in carriages, marched to Evergreen Cemetery, where they decorated the graves of the fallen brothers with wreaths and flowers.

Summer Corsets, per pair, 20 cts.
HENRY I. COHEN.

PERTINENT PERSONAL NOTES.

Harry Edwards went to St. Paul Tuesday morning.

Rev. Father Lynch was a St. Paul visitor on Tuesday.

Mrs. Clotilde McCullough is visiting in Minneapolis.

Miss Nellie Howe went to St. Paul on Tuesday morning.

C. N. Parker left for Mt. Clemente, Michigan, Tuesday morning.

Engineer Smith, of the B. & N. M., went to Minneapolis yesterday.

Wm. Bartle, of Staples, visited his parents in this city over Sunday.

Miss Minnie Hanft, of Minneapolis, is in the city, the guest of Prof. Hanft.

J. J. Howe, Sr., and Frank Howe went to Minneapolis yesterday on business.

Miss Millicent Mahlum returned home from Macalester college on Saturday.

Geo. LaBar went with the editors to Walker on Tuesday returning on Thursday.

Mrs. Werner Hemstead and son returned from a visit at LaCrosse on Saturday.

Mrs. C. A. Wilkins went to Bertram, Minn., last Saturday, for a visit to her old home.

Miss Daisy Milspaugh returned from Macalester college last Friday for the summer vacation.

Mrs. Geo. Sargeant left this morning for Minneapolis, where she will visit friends for two weeks.

I. N. Smith and wife, of Staples, were in the city on Wednesday to attend the Smith-Paine nuptials.

Miss Rose Koop left Brainerd this morning for St. Paul and Winona, where she will visit friends for two weeks.

Con. G. Poppenberg left Brainerd for Chicago on Wednesday, where he expects to secure employment as a machinist.

Mrs. Judd Wright, Mrs. Loren Cooley and Mrs. A. J. Forsyth left Brainerd on Saturday last for Tacoma to visit friends.

Miss Annie Johnson, of Duluth, arrived in the city on Sunday to visit Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Moberg and family for some weeks.

Miss Ruth, who has been employed in the office of John Willis for some time past, returned to her home in Paul on Wednesday morning.

Miss Flo Halsted left Brainerd on Wednesday morning for Wheeling, W. Va., where she will visit relatives during the summer vacation.

Misses Marion and Ruth Barber, of Minneapolis, arrived in the city yesterday to spend the summer with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. L. P. White.

Miss C. M. Rich left Brainerd on Wednesday morning for Alexandria, Minn., where she will visit for a month, and then go to her home in Minneapolis.

Mrs. J. W. Slipp left Brainerd yesterday morning for Minneapolis, where she will visit for a few days. She will then go to Boston, where she will meet her sister, Mrs. Lashan, and from there she will go to New Brunswick to visit her old home.

P. H. Irish, who has been attending the medical department at the University, and who has been spending the past two weeks with his brother, E. M. Irish, left Monday night for the Yellowstone Park, Wyoming, where he has accepted a position.

Messrs. S. F. Alderman and E. O. Webb and Misses Bertie Robinson, Mayme Mitchell and Nellie Merritt, composing the Zodiac Quartette, went to Walker on Tuesday with the editorial excursion. Messrs. Alderman and Webb were accompanied by their wives.

Hon. Geo. N. Lamphere, editor of the Moorhead News, and late democrat candidate for state auditor, and M. J. Dowling, editor of the Renville Review and ex-secretary of the National League of Republican Clubs, were in the city on Tuesday on their way to Walker to attend the editorial excursion.

Mr. L. F. Peabody and wife, of Albert Lea, Minn., arrived in the city on Monday, and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Peabody and family. Mr. Peabody was a resident of Brainerd in the early days, being employed as engineer on the N. P. the first year the road was built west from Duluth. Mr. and Mrs. Peabody will remain here for three or four weeks.

Summer Corsets, per pair, 20 cts.
HENRY I. COHEN.

The Smith-Paine Nuptials.

On Monday evening, June 14th, 1899, at nine o'clock, the wedding of James Horison Smith and Frances Jane Paine was solemnized at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Annabella Paine, on 6th street south, Rev. C. F. Kite, of St. Paul's Episcopal church pronouncing the words that made them man and wife. The wedding was a very quiet affair, only close personal friends and relatives of the contracting parties being present. The parlors and dining room were tastily decorated for the occasion, the parlor decorations being red and white roses, and the dining room pink carnations. The ceremony occurred exactly at 9 o'clock. Miss Minnie Hanft, of St. Paul, presided at the piano, and rendered the wedding march from Lohengrin as the bridal party entered the parlors. The groom was attended by W. A. M. Johnston, while Miss Lillie Paine, the bride's sister, was bridesmaid. On entering the parlors the groom was escorted by Mr. Johnston, the bride by her brother Jacob Paine, and the bridesmaid and the bride's mother completed the wedding party. The bride looked lovely in a wedding gown of white organdie, trimmed with Valenciennes lace and ribbons. Rev. Kite in a solemn and impressive manner then conducted the marriage ceremony, the beautiful rites of the Episcopal church being used. Mr. Jacob Paine, the bride's eldest brother gave the bride away. After the ceremony the newly wedded pair received the congratulations of the assembled guests.

A sumptuous wedding supper was served, the attendants being the following young girls, former pupils of the bride, dressed in white: Misses Lulu Hockridge, Christie Pearce, Louise Esmay, Edith Anderson, Mamie Cullen and Mamie Canan. It was a novel and pleasing feature.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith are two of the most popular young people of this city. Mr. Smith has resided here for several years, and by his genial and pleasant ways has become a favorite with all his acquaintances. He is an enterprising young business man, honest and upright to a fault, hence has the confidence and respect of all. The bride is one of Brainerd's most popular and accomplished young ladies. Born and reared in this city, she has a large circle of acquaintances, and none know but to admire her. She graduated from the high school here, and for the last four years has been one of the most efficient and capable teachers in the city schools. That their wedded life may be filled with blessings and joy is the wish of their hosts of friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith will be at home to their friends after June 25th, at 73 Sixth street south.

Special Prices this Saturday on Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Capes.
HENRY I. COHEN.

Arrested For Murder.

Sheriff Geo. Hardy, of Cass county, on Wednesday arrested Chas. Clapp and Edward Coyle, lumbermen, charged with the murder of Geo. Barclay last fall. Two men have already been indicted for the same crime, and are now in the Ramsey county jail awaiting trial. Yesterday Mr. Hardy, accompanied by County Attorney Hartshorn, passed through the city with the prisoners enroute from Walker to the residence of a Cass county justice for preliminary examination. There is a justice at Walker, but as he released the other men charged with the crime who were afterwards indicted by the grand jury, the officers have concluded to try the justice near Motley. W. A. Fleming, of this city, went to Motley last night to conduct the case of the defendants at the examination.

Scotch Lawns, fast colors, new goods, per yard, 4 cents.
HENRY I. COHEN.

Marston Stock Co.

Theodore Marston, manager of the dramatic company bearing his name, which will be at Gardner Opera House for three nights, June 22nd, 23rd and 24th, is a soldier as well as an actor, having served Uncle Sam as major of volunteers during the late war with Spain. Mr. Marston is a character comedian and plays the part of "Yohnny Yohnson," the young emigrant just landed, in the great sensational comedy drama, "Slaves of Fortune," which is the opening bill Thursday night, June 22nd, and wears the same uniform in the last act of this play that he wore while in the service. Admission, 10, 20 and 30 cents.

CHURCH NEWS.

The clergy of the city will meet Monday at 2 o'clock in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A. and listen to a paper by the Rev. C. F. Kite. The meeting was not held the 12th inst. owing to engagements of several regular attendants.

Public worship will be held at the Presbyterian church Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Morning subject, "Like the Palm Tree;" Evening, "The Claims of Religion."

The pastor of the M. E. Church will preach Sunday morning on "A Call to Decision;" at 8 p. m. he will preach on the subject: "The Faithful Saying." Epworth League at 7 p. m. The public is cordially invited to all these services.

The M. E. church was beautifully decorated on Sunday night with potted plants, ferns, flags and guns, for Children's Day. The programme "Peace or War" was well rendered to a well filled house.

Rev. H. B. Bortel, who has received a unanimous call to the People's church, East Brainerd, on Sunday will preach at 10:45 on "The Kingdom of God," and at 8 p. m., "Waiting on the Lord." Sunday school 12 m., Junior C. E. 4 p. m. Senior C. E. 7 p. m. Regular prayer meeting Wednesday night at 8 o'clock.

St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Rev. C. F. Kite, Rector. Third Sunday after Trinity, June 18th 11 a. m.

Hymn 476.

Venite ..... Danks
Te Deum ..... "
Jubilate ..... "

Hymn 633.

Kyrie ..... Gilbert

Hymn 438.

Sermon—"That Joy Is an Aim and Is the End of the Christian Religion."

Hymn 397.

7:30 p. m. Hymn 418.

Gloria ..... Danks
Magnificat ..... Lambert
Nunc Dimitis ..... "

Hymn 31—Tune Chesterfield.

Address—"Ever Learning and Never Able to Come to the Knowledge of the Truth.—II Tim. 3, 7.

Prayer Hymn 15—TuneSt. Leonards

Recessional Hymn 398.

Big Sale on Ladies' and Children's Shoes on Saturday, this week.
HENRY I. COHEN.

New H. & L. Officers.

At an adjourned meeting Friday evening Hook & Ladder Co. No. 1, elected the following officers:

Foreman—C. H. Paine.
1st Ass't—S. R. Adair.
2nd Ass't—P. B. Johnson.
Secretary—Frank G. Hall.
Treasurer—A. L. Hoffman.

Delegates to attend State Fire convention at Austin—P. A. Furrar and H. McGinn.

Big Sale on Ladies' and Children's Shoes on Saturday, this week.
HENRY I. COHEN.

Fourth of July at Long Lake.

A 4th of July celebration will be held at the foot of Long Lake, southeast of town, on the farm of G. H. Sinclair. An elaborate programme of sports and other amusements has been arranged. Appropriate exercises will be held, including addresses and singing. The list of sports includes base ball by local nines, foot, wheelbarrow, sack, boat, and other races, and dancing will be indulged in both afternoon and evening. A basket picnic dinner will be one of the pleasant features. Everybody is cordially invited, and assured a good time.

RE-CON-STRUC-TION,

of our business is planned. Before doing so, we will make a sweeping reduction in the price of everything in our stock of reliable shoes. Men, women and children can buy a good shoe at the former cost of a poor one. Children's and boys' shoes we have a large variety of and a deep cut in the price will be made to move them. We always mean what we say and do it too. Call and see for yourself.

Big 9 Shoe Store,
R. F. Walters, 6th street.

We are the Exclusive Agents for the Celebrated 1899 ...

FEATHERSTONE BICYCLES.

See that your Wheel is marked on the name plate—Model A, B, C, D, E or F.

A. L. Hoffman & Co.

GARDNER OPERA HOUSE
F. L. LAMBERT, Manager.

3--Nights Only--3

Commencing ....

Thursday, June 22

Special Engagement of the ....

Marston Stock Co.

COMEDY and DRAMA.
Change of programme each evening. THURSDAY NIGHT the great sensational comedy drama,

Slaves of Fortune.

Special to the Ladies--FREE.

Our opening night, THURSDAY, all Ladies Free, when accompanied by a person holding Reserved Seat Ticket.

PRICES:
10, 20 and 30cts.

The McFadden Drug Co.

Wishes to call the attention of the public to the elegant wall finish which they have in stock called

Cementico

This is without exception the finest wall finish ever put on the market. Is fully guaranteed, and comes in different tints. Can be used by anyone. Put up in 5 lb packages, at only 50 cents per package. We also have a fine large Brush, the retail price of which is $1.00. We are selling them at 60 cents to purchasers of CEMENTICO....

McFADDEN DRUG CO.

WHERE'S the LEAK?

I can find it and stop the damage. What I'll charge for the work will be economy, not expense. Don't be afraid I'll refuse a small job, and don't be afraid I can't do a good one.

F. J. MURPHY,
First National Bank Block.

Lots...

For Sale in

New Towns

On the Fosston Extension of the Great Northern Railway....

Apply to Agents on the Ground, or

A. A. WHITE,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Wanted, Berry Pickers.

To call and register themselves for allotments to pick from. Picking will commence on or before the middle of this month. Present indications are for a good crop. Call early and register. Berry farm above the dam.
CHARLES AHRENS.

Money to Loan.

We have clients who desire to loan some money in Crow Wing county on improved farms. Parties desiring to borrow apply to
LINDBERGH & BLANCHARD,
25-8t Little Falls, Minn.