THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 20, NUMBER 10, BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 15 1901. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

City Meat Market

E. C. BANE, Prop.

Choice ....

KANSAS CITY BEEF

Always on Hand.

....ALSO....

Pork, Mutton, Lamb, Poultry, and Everything kept in a First Class Market....

Ground ✳ Bone

To make your hens lay.

The Big Store

Shoes ! Shoes !

Our Pants Sale was a big success. So we have have decided to have another large sale for . . .

FOR TEN DAYS ONLY

but this time its SHOES. You need a pair soon anyhow, so you will save money by taking advantage of this sale commencing

Saturday Feb. 16th, Ending Feb. 26th.

CASH TALKS PRETTY LOUD.

Children's Shoes, sizes 2 to 5 at	19c
Children's Shoes, sizes 5 to 8 at	39c
Misses Shoes sizes 9 to 12 at	50c
Misses Shoes sizes 12 to 2 at	85c
Boys Shoes sizes 9 to 12 at	75c
Boys Shoes sizes 12 to 2 at	$1.00
Boys Shoes sizes 2 to 6 at	$1.00
Mens Heavy Working Shoes	$1.00
Mens Fine Shoes upward from	$1.50
Ladies Fine Shoes	$1.00

Don't Forget The Date.

MRS. B. KAATZ & SON

203-205 Kindred Street, East Brainerd.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption from Tax Sale of Absolute Property.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Crow Wing.

To PHILA RICHARD:

TAKE NOTICE.

That the tract of land assessed in your name, situate in the County and State of Crow Wing, State of Minnesota, and described as follows to-wit: NE¼ SW¼ of Section 34, Town 47, Range 29, was purchased at a tax sale provisions of Chapter 125 of the General Laws of the year 1895, at the sale of forfeited lands, pursuant to real estate tax judgment amounting to Thirty four dollars and 17 cents, entered in the District Court in said County of Crow Wing on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1900, in proceedings to enforce the payments of taxes upon said real estate delinquent in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven (1897) and for any prior year or years for said County, which said sale was duly confirmed in said county, on the 19th day of May, A. D. 1900, said for the sum of twenty-four dollars and no cents, said sum being the highest and therefor said the amount required to pay the costs to accrue upon redemption, namely the sum of Forty Dollars and 73 cents, being all of the original taxes, interest, penalties and costs due thereon, and that the time for redemption of said land will expire sixty days after the service of this notice, and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Dated February 15th, 1901.

A. MAHLUM,
10-3 Auditor of Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of the letters remaining uncalled for, for the week ending Feb. 7, 1901. When called for say "Advertised."

Alger Roland	Anderson H A
Anderson Mrs Louisa	Anderson O W
Berkwin Hilbert	Bain Thos
Brown Mrs Emma	Brown Frank
Brown George	Brown A Amos
Eddes Carrie	Finley Mrs Mary
Gunderson Miss Minnie	Hobgeling Edward
Jones Mrs Agnes	Johnson Oscar
Johnson J Jacob	Johnson A P
Keefe Mrs Ed	Larsen Miss Minnie
Larson P M	Lepper A Box 592
Ledbank Nelson	Lytle Geo
McCarthy Mrs J H	McAdam Lena
Mattson Marinus	Mathias C
Miller Chas A	Moulier Ed
Owen A D Box 1011	Owen Mrs E W
Parker Thos	Pederson Geo C
Porter A W	Rice Jas
Robertson Jas	Russell J D
Shadbear H B	Sprout John
Tuman Henry	Tobin W J
Wilder Jesse	Walsh W C
Wilder Jesse	Wilhelm Rein
Williams F C	Williams Jay

N. H. INGERSOLL, P. M.

Uncle Sam has the earth. Hessel has the tools to work it.

New Medical Book.

Dr. Humphreys' pocket manual on the treatment and care of the sick in all diseases sent free. Address the Humphreys' Medicine Company, corner William and John Sts., New York.

ROCK WANTED.

Any one who wishes to furnish about one hundred cords of building rock to St. Joseph's Hospital in this city may send his bid in for same before Feb. 15th, 1901. The rock must be delivered on hospital ground before June 1st, 1901.

Farm for Sale.

My farm of 160 acres, at Lake station, on the B. & N. M. R'y, one mile from city limits; also cattle, horses and farm machinery; also, house and lot in city. Will sell cheap for cash, on account of my children not being able to get an education in the Brainerd public schools. Apply to W. B. Clark Box 1056, Brainerd, Minn., or at the farm. 7-4.

Does It Pay to Buy Cheap?

A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the more severe and dangerous result of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes if possible; if not possible for you, then in either case take the ONLY remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles, "Boschee's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but allays inflammation, causes easy expectoration, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try one bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. For sale by all druggists in the city. Get Green's Price Almanac.

R. G. VALLENTYNE APPOINTED RECEIVER

For The Brainerd Co-Operative Building and Loan Association.

On Monday, the 11th inst, Judge W. S. McClenahan appointed R. G. Vallentyne receiver for the Brainerd Co-operative Building and Loan Association to wind up the business of the association. His bond was fixed at $5,000.

The application for the receivership was made in December by John W. Olson, of Two Harbors, Minn., who claims to own forty shares of the stock of the association valued at $2,000. The hearing for the application was set for Jan. 21st, but was continued until Monday, when the case was heard in chambers by Judge McClenahan, Leon E. Lum appearing for Mr. Olson, and P. J. Murphy for the defendant. Judge McClenahan granted the application of plaintiff and made an order appointing Mr. Vallentyne receiver, and directing the old officers to turn over the books and papers and property of the association to him, and render an accounting of their administration of affairs.

Mr. Olson in his complaint alleges that the business of the association has for the past two years been conducted by R. K. Whiteley as president and A. G. Michie, as secretary, without any right or authority whatever, and they have unlawfully and illegally transacted the supposed business of the association, and that the property belonging to the association has been dissipated and largely suffered to become a loss to the stockholders, of whom there are but four, the other three being non-residents of the state. That there have been no directors of said association for the past year and no officers elected. That there is real estate in the county belonging to the association sufficient to pay the stockholders in full if rightly managed. That they have sold real estate and cancelled stock without authority, and that the association had a large mortgage on the property of Mr. Michie which is unpaid, and which Mr. Michie and Mr. Whiteley without authority satisfied, and that Mr. Whiteley has been indebted to the association for several years and no effort has been made to collect same.

Mr. Michie and Mr. Whiteley in their answer for the association allege that they are the legal officers of the association duly elected, have served without pay, and transacted only such business as they were legally and rightfully required to do.

Change of Ownership.

Bruce Nimmo, a druggist of experience, has bought an interest in the Corner Drug Store of H. Spalding, and will hereafter be associated with Mr. Spalding in the business. Mr. Nimmo is a druggist of long experience, having managed the Laceum Drug Store in Duluth for several years, and before that conducted a large drug business of his own. He is also a genial and courteous gentleman to meet and will be a welcome accession to the ranks of Brainerd business men. Mr. Nimmo has rented one of the W. C. Smith houses on Third street north, and has moved his family here.

SEVERAL towns in the state with public libraries have been able to "hold-up" Andrew Carnegie for a neat sum for the benefit of their libraries, and St. Cloud is now going after the distinguished philanthropist. What's the matter with the Brainerd Public Library? Get a hustle on you after Andrew, you can't do worse than lose.

Hundreds of lives saved every year by having Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the house just when it is needed. Cures croup, heals burns, cuts, wounds of every sort.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

Has world-wide fame for marvelous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Boils, Sores, Felons, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions, Infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c at McPadden Drug Co. and H. P. Dunn & Co.

A BRILLIANT SOCIAL FUNCTION,

Was The First Annual Ball of The Elks at Gardner Hall Last Evening.

Brainerd society turned out en masse last night to attended the first annual ball of the local lodge of Elks at Gardner Hall.

The hall was most elaborately decorated for the occasion, and when the festivities were at their heigth it presented a most inspiring appearance, the magnificent costumes of the ladies and their smiling faces and floral decorations enhancing the beauty of the scene. The decorations of the hall were purple and white, thousands of yards of bunting of these colors being used. The ceiling was entirely covered with white bunting, with a strip of purple around the room next to the wall, and huge streamers of purple were festooned from the four corners of the room to the center of the ceiling, where a huge elk's tooth was suspended. Refreshment booths made of alternate stripes of white and purple bunting, gracefully festooned and adorned with palms and other potted plants occupied the corners next to the stage. The stage was also draped by alternate stripes of white and purple bunting and plants and flowers, and was occupied by the orchestra. Above the stage was the motto of the order "Cerves Alces," and the elk's head, the emblem of the order. The famous Metropolitan orchestra of St. Paul furnished the music.

Dancing commenced at 9:30, but the attendance was so large that it was not the most enjoyable until near midnight, when large numbers who came as spectators had retired. Light refreshments were served at the refreshment booths during the entire evening while the dance was in progress.

All who attended enjoyed themselves to the utmost, and the Elks can congratulate themselves that their first annual ball was the event of the social season.

Kuhles & Stock, the St. Paul cigar manufacturers, through their salesman, E. E. M. Smith, did the handsome thing on Thursday by sending, express prepaid, 200 of their finest cigars to the committee of arrangements in charge of the Elk's ball to be used on that occasion, with their compliments. The Elks and their friends enjoyed the cigars last evening in the smoking room adjoining the dancing hall and all united in voting this popular cigar firm "the best ever."

MARRIED.

That some people do not consider marriage a failure, although once tried and found wanting, was demonstrated on Monday, when George Weaver and Mrs. Minnie Sutton, of this city, were granted a license to marry. The bride had the same day been granted a divorce from her former husband on the ground of desertion, but nothing dismayed she was ready to again try married life, and Judge McPadden was summoned to the clerk's office by phone to tie the marital knot. The Judge did the job in his own happy manner, and the happy couple went on their way rejoicing.

Truman A. Cate, Jr., and Miss Emma M. Bedore, parties living near Lake Edward, in the northern part of the county, were granted a license to marry yesterday morning, and at 1:30 repaired to the residence of Rev. A. H. Carver, of the Presbyterian church, who united them in marriage.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting for the election of officers of the Crow Wing Agricultural Society will be held on Monday, Feb. 25th, at 10 a. m. at the office of J. M. Elder, on Sixth street. It is desired to have every farmer and business man in the county present at the meeting.

WERNER HEMPEHAD, President.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder, at Dr. Hibbel's.

FOUND DEAD.

Mysterious Death of a Lady at Bay Lake—The Coroner Investigates.

Mrs. Downie, a resident of the town of Bay Lake, was found dead in an unoccupied house belonging to Ira Torrey, about a mile from the Bay Lake post office, on Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. Downie and her husband have not lived happily together, and she left home some time ago, and has lived with different relatives in that vicinity for short periods ever since. The last seen of her was two weeks ago, when she left the residence of a neighbor to go to her daughter's, a Mrs. Taylor. It is thought she went to the house where her remains were found, and tried to keep house for herself. The house contained no furniture to speak of but an old cot, and she was found lying on the floor with all her clothes on except her shoes. It was thought that there was an order of laudanum about the room, as if she had used it to end her life. This is at present mere conjecture, and will be until Coroner Reimestad, who went to Bay Lake today, makes an investigation, when the cause of her death will probably be established. The remains were frozen stiff and had probably been there ever since she was last seen about two weeks ago. She was found by her son-in-law, Mr. Taylor, and two other Bay Lake residents, who were searching for her. It is probable the woman was out of her mind, as she has been acting queerly lately according to the neighbors.

Found Dead in Bed.

Anders O. Moe, a settler who lived two miles south of Pequot, was found dead in bed on Saturday last, by neighbors. Coroner Reimestad was summoned and brought the remains to this city. A post mortem examination revealed the fact that Moe had died of heart disease, and his body was returned to Pequot for burial.

Deceased was a bachelor and has lived on his claim alone for several years. He had not been dead a great while before being found as he was seen the day previous by a neighbor. He was found lying on the bed with all his clothing on except his shoes. He was 39 years of age, and has no relatives other than a sister living in Houston county.

Suicided.

Arthur Hagberg yesterday received a telegram from Superior, Wis., informing him that his cousin, Frank Honnett, had committed suicide by shooting himself through the head. Deceased lived here several years ago with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Honnett, and was 19 years of age. He had asthma and ended his life to escape the suffering of the disease. His father was at one time in the grocery business here with Mr. Hagberg under the firm name of Hagberg & Honnett. The remains will be brought to this city for burial in Evergreen cemetery, Mr. and Mrs. Honnett having several children buried here.

Energy all gone? Headache? Stomach out of order? Simply a case of torpid liver. Burdock Blood Bitters will make a new man or woman of you.

Important February Sale

Special Sale for two weeks at Prices so unusual that no wearer of hosiery can afford to miss this sale.

100 dozen Ladies Fast Black Hosiery, Sale Price only **4c.**

100	dozen ladies' Fast Black Seamless and extra heavy hose, sale price, per pair, only ..... Better values than you can buy elsewhere for 15 cents.	10c
50	dozen Ladies Fine Fancies, Stripe and Polka Dot, sale price, per pair, only	19c
100	dozen Misses, Boys and Children's Fast Black seamless ribbed hose considered a special good thing at 20 cents all sizes, sale price, per pair, only	10c
100	dozen Men's good Seamless half hose, Ribbed tops, sale price, per pair, only	4c
100	dozen Men's Fast Black Seamless Hose, sale price, per pair, only ..... Better goods than you will buy later at 15 and 20 cents.	10c

Special Embroidery Sale

ALL THIS MONTH.

Sale price 6c., 10c., 12½c. and 15c. 6000 yards all new goods at less less than you can buy elsewhere.

1-4 Off Table Linens and Napkins All this month one-quarter off. **1-4 Off**

1-4 Off DRESS GOODS SALE All Black and Colored Dress Goods until February 23, 25 per cent discount. **1-4 Off**

1-30 off Cloaks and Overcoats. All Ladies', Misses' and Children's Jackets, Capes, Furs, etc., also men's and boys' overcoats, 33⅓ per cent discount. **1-30 off**

Ladies' Dressing Sacks Sale Price only **98c**

98 Cents will buy lot ladies fine fleeced lined wrappers, trimmed and sold up to $1.65, choice now **98c**

NEW SPRING GOODS---Just Arriving. With all these extra inducements this month will be a good time to make your purchases.

A. E. MOBERG,

32 and 34 Front St. Brainerd.

SCENES OF POMP

FIRST PARLIAMENT OF THE NEW REIGN OPENED BY KING EDWARD IN PERSON.

ROYAL FAMILY IS PRESENT

Drove From Buckingham Palace to Westminster Along a Route Guarded by Thousands of Troops—Speech From the Throne Covers All Questions of Importance but Contains Nothing Out of the Usual.

London, Feb. 15.—The first parliament of the reign of King Edward VII was opened during the afternoon by the king in person. His majesty was accompanied by Queen Alexandra, the Duke of York and Cornwall and many others of the royal family.

The last occasion of this kind occurred in 1883, when the queen opened parliament, and since the death of the prince consort, nothing like the day's pomp has been witnessed in London in connection with the opening of the legislature. Not since the wedding of the Prince of Wales and the Princess Alexandra, has the elaborate state coach been seen in the streets of London. In this coach the king and queen and Princess Victoria rode from Buckingham palace to the palace of Westminster.

The route of the royal party which lay through the Mall, was guarded by 4,000 soldiers. Thousands of Londoners packed St. James park, bordered the route of the procession and filled windows, stands and vocta. The cortege was short but spectacular. The royal coach, drawn by eight cream-colored Hanoverians, with postillions in red and gold liveries, and footmen leading the horses, which were covered with trappings of morocco and gilt, was preceded and followed by the Life Guards in full uniform, with silver breast plates and red plumed helmets and a small escort of gentlemen-at-arms in historic costumes, immediately surrounded the vehicle.

Five carriages of state, containing uniformed officials and ladies-of-the household, each drawn by six horses with postillions and outriders, led the procession. Next came the massive state chariot, the occupants of which could be plainly seen through the plate glass windows, the king, who was in full uniform, saluting constantly and the queen bowing on all sides.

The procession speedily traversed the short route to its accompaniment of roars and shouts, and reached the royal entrance to the palace of Westminster, beneath the Victoria tower, at the appointed time.

After proceeding to the robing room, where they remained a few moments, their majesties advanced to the house of lords, the robed procession following. His majesty was then enthroned and immediately made his first speech, as follows:

The King's Speech.

"My Lords and Gentlemen: I address you for the first time at a moment of national sorrow, when the whole country is mourning the irreparable loss we have so recently sustained, and which has fallen with peculiar severity on myself. My beloved mother during her long and glorious reign has set an example before the world of what a monarch should be. It is my earnest desire to walk in her footsteps.

"Amid this public and private grief, it is satisfactory to me to be able to assure you that my relations with the other powers continue friendly.

"The war in South Africa is not entirely terminated, but the capitals of the enemy and his principal lines of communication are in my possession and measures have been taken which will, I trust, enable my forces to deal effectually with the forces by which they are still opposed.

"I greatly regret the loss of life and expenditure of treasure due to the fruitless guerrilla warfare maintained by Boer partisans in the former territories of the two republics. Their early submission is much to be desired in their own interests as, until it takes place, it will be impossible for me to establish in those colonies the institutions which will secure the equal rights of all the white inhabitants and protection and justice for the native population.

"The capture of Peking by the allied forces and the happy release of those who were besieged in the legations, results to which my British troops and my naval forces largely contributed, have been followed by the submission of the Chinese government to the demands insisted on by the powers. Negotiations are proceeding regarding the manner in which compliance with these demands is to be effected.

"Gentlemen of the House of Commons: The estimates for the year will be laid before you. Every care has been made to limit their amount, but the naval and military requirements of the country and especially the outlay consequent upon the South African war, have rendered an inevitable increase.

"The demise of the crown renders it necessary that retrenchment shall be made for the civil list. I place unreservedly at your disposal the hereditary revenues which were so placed by my predecessor and I have commanded that the papers necessary for a full consideration of the subject shall be laid before you."

BRAND NEW FAKE.

Allowed Somewhere Table Linen Sold by a Female Irishman.

A new trick to sell cheap table linen at good prices was discovered the other day by a woman who lives in a New Jersey suburban town. The man who practices it seems to find it profitable, for when last heard of he had been working it industriously for six months.

He turned up in a buggy at the woman's house and displayed to her half a dozen table covers. They were of German woven linen, heavily starched and glazed to conceal their flimsiness and coarseness of texture.

"I've just landed from the steamer Brittanic," explained the man in a very fair imitation of an Irish brogue, "and I managed to bring over with me from the old country a few tablecloths of the best Irish linen that ever saw the light here. They're me only capital, and I'm selling them off meself to get enough coin to start me in a little business. I'm able to sell them cheap, because bringing them as me own property I got them into the country without paying duty. If you know good linen, here's a great chance for a bargain."

It happened that the woman did know something about linen, and when the man named for his inferior wares a price at which the best Irish linen would not be cheap she told him what she thought about his stock in trade and declared that she didn't believe his tale.

He went away without making a sale, but the woman he didn't succeed in fooling wasn't surprised when a few days later her neighbors began to show to her bargains in table linen purchased from a clever Irishman who had managed to cheat Uncle Sam's customs.

A short while ago the Jersey woman was visiting in a small town in Pennsylvania. One afternoon her hostess called her in consultation on a linen bargain offered by a man who had "just landed from the Brittanic." It was the same man, and he had the same goods.

"You've been telling that tale a long time," said the Jersey woman. "It must pay well."

"I don't know what you mean," blustered the pseudo Irishman.

When the Jersey woman explained, he admitted that the trick did pay very well.

"It isn't many women who know good linen when it's new," said he, not in the least embarrassed, "though most of them think they do."

THREE GENERATIONS.

Grandson of Admiral Selfridge, Sr., Appointed to a Cadetship.

President McKinley has made it possible for three generations to be represented in the navy by the appointment of the grandson of the oldest living retired rear admiral to a cadetship at the Naval academy. There was only one vacancy at large at Annapolis this year, for the president, and he has filled it by selecting the younger son of Rear Admiral Thomas O. Selfridge, Jr., with instructions to report for entrance next May. The young man's grandfather is Rear Admiral Thomas O. Selfridge, who was retired from active service in 1866 and is now nearly 100 years old. He leads the list of retired officers, and the naval register shows he was in the navy in 1815. His son, Rear Admiral Selfridge, Jr., was retired three years ago for age. Still another brother is Lieutenant Commander Selfridge. Several years ago Admiral Selfridge, Jr., had a son at Annapolis who would now have been a lieutenant had he remained in the service. No family in the history of the navy was ever so well represented.

When told of the recent appointment of another Selfridge to the navy an old admiral remarked: "It would have been possible years ago for one of the Selfridges to have commanded a fleet with the son as captain of a ship and another brother watch officer. And in those days when promotion was so slow the father might have complained to the son that it was his turn to go to sea in command rank and not that of the parent."

Should Be Henrietta.

The new town of Henrietta, I. T., where Troop A of the Eight cavalry and Marshal Bennett and deputies are now stationed to keep down any possible uprising by the Creek Indians, came by its name in a peculiar manner. For that reason its name is not spelled Henrietta. The town site is on the land allotment of an Indian by the name of Henry. When the Frisco decided to establish a station at this point, Henry asked to be allowed to name the town. Permission was granted. He took his own name of Henry and added his wife's first name of Rita, and the result is Henryetta, although the Frisco road persistently uses the usual spelling. H-e-n-r-i-e-t-t-a, on its tickets and maps.

Colored Canned Tomatoes.

Attention is called by the London Lancet to the fact that canned tomatoes are now being extensively colored in order to make them look attractive, and as if made from ripe fruit. Among the colors so employed are coal tar colors and cochineal. The subject of artificial coloring and preservation of foods is now receiving great attention in England.

New Kind of Salamander.

Professor C. H. Eigenmann, has discovered a new type of cave salamander, an active creature about four inches long, with protruding eyes and a tail longer than its body, speckled brown and yellow, and the peculiar formation of its feet enables it to climb vertical walls of glass and even move like a fly across the ceiling.

SALVATION ARMY PLAY.

Major Winchell Has a Troupe of Lasses on the Road.

HE WROTE THE DRAMA HIMSELF.

His Purpose, He Declares, is to Bring Men and Women Who Do Not Pray to the Stage—Opposition to His Daring Project.

Major W. W. Winchell, commanding the Illinois division of the Salvation Army, has started on the road with his wife and a troupe of 16 Salvation lassies with the avowed purpose of "playing the state" in his drama, "The New Homestead." The major plays the leading part.

The company is now playing one night stands in some of the smaller towns, says the New York Journal, but the major said before he left that he intended to stage his production in the best theaters of the state. The purpose of the play, as stated by Major Winchell, is to bring men to Christ by way of the stage.

Those who have seen the play say it is good and that the religious playwright is proving himself an actor of power.

"The New Homestead" tells the story of a suffering family and its rescue by the Salvation Army.

The place is San Francisco; the time is the present. Jones, the father of a family, is employed in a big mill. The hands are about to strike. A strange scene represents the agitation of the strike. Jones is loyal. He says he will take the wages due him and stand by his employer. He does so.

Months pass by. Jones can get no work. Poverty darkens his home. The wealthy mill owner by whom he stood is his landlord. Ungratefully he evicts the family, who cannot pay their rent. The Salvation lassies find the destitute ones on the street, take them to the "shelter" and ultimately place them on a "new homestead" in the San Francisco colony, where they are happy and prosperous forever after.

A typical Salvation Army drama, it does not sound interesting, and the "plot" is decidedly lacking. But the scenes showing the life and work of the Army are especially strong and are rendered with a zim and fervor which are very taking. Major Winchell has several "specialty" people with him and introduces their turns between the acts.

He has written two other dramas in which he will play the leading role. They are entitled "The Priesthood of Life" and "Jonah."

The great opposition has arisen to the major's daring project goes without saying. There is talk of getting Commander Booth-Tucker to interfere, to Peoria, which is the headquarters for the Illinois division, of which he is commanding, there has been much criticism of the step. But the major stoutly defends the movement and declares that he believes it is going to be a wonderfully successful means of reaching the hearts of the public.

"My opponents and denouncers say that the stage is bad and that nothing but bad can come from it," he said. "Let's drive out the bad plays and produce good ones in their stead, and we shall win the souls of many who come to see them.

"The people are bound to see plays, and I propose that some of these plays at least shall be filled with religious teachings exemplified in realistic scenes from life."

Say Japan Must Fight Russia.

Prince Kinoye, president of the house of peers, was recently interviewed by the Japan Herald in regard to the prospects of a Russo-Japanese collision. He said in part: "The situation is coming to what has been long anticipated. No doubt is entertained of Russia's designs on Manchuria. Korea will be at her mercy, once let the Russians cross that river which marks the Korean boundary. They will hurry to Seoul, then all will be at an end. If their advance in Korea is to be stopped, it must be stopped now. The time has come. Even if Russia went from Manchuria there is still Korea, over which Japan and Russia must settle their account. A collision is inevitable—either way. The control of Manchuria by Russia and of Korea by Japan would avail nothing. That would be a temporary arrangement and of no avail. Russia must go from Manchuria."

A Remarkable Fox.

Peter Owen, a Dutchess county (N. Y.) Nimrod who hunts foxes in season for the bounty, made a most remarkable discovery while removing the hide of a fox that he shot recently. In his attempt to pull the skin over the head of the corpse he was surprised to find that it stuck about the neck. An examination revealed a leather strap and ring encircling the neck, the skin and flesh of which had completely grown over the collar, hiding it entirely from view. The fox was of the silver gray species. It evidently had been in captivity and the collar placed about its neck while young, at which time it is presumed to have escaped.

Bicycles in Siam.

The king of Siam rides an American bicycle of the latest and most improved model. The wheel is a great success there, though the first entry bicycle was taken to Bangkok only five years ago by an American dentist named Carrington. He made a great sensation on his trips around the city. The natives thought it a wonderful invention, and many who had the money to invest imported wheels and learned the art of riding.

Question Answered.

Yes, Foley's Kidney Cure still has the largest sale of any medicine in the civilized world. Your mothers and grandmothers never thought of using any thing else for indigestion or biliousness. Doctors were scarce and they seldom heard of Appendicitis, Nervous Prostration or Heart failure, etc. They used August Flower to clean out the system and stop fermentation of undigested food, regulate the action of the liver, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when feeling dull and bad with headaches and other aches. You only need a few doses of Green's August Flower, in liquid form, to make you satisfied there is nothing serious the matter with you. For sale by all druggists in the city. Get Green's Prize Almanac.

A Misunderstanding.

Misunderstood symtoms of disease lead doctors to treat something else when the kidneys are out of order. Foley's Kidney Cure will bring you health when other medicines have failed. Take no substitute. H. P. Dunn & Co., McFadden Drug Co.

Roosters often crow over eggs they did not lay. Same with people who sell an imitation Honey Mountain Tea, made famous by the Madison Medicine Co's advertising. 35c. McFadden Drug Co.

Hoffman negotiates chattel loans.

Reduced Rates To California Via the Milwaukee's "Sunshine Route."

On February 12th and 26th each Tuesday thereafter until April 30th, C. M. & St. P. Ry will sell settlers tickets from St. Paul and Minneapolis to points in California at $32.50.

For full particulars write J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, or see C. M. & St. P. Ry ticket agents.

J. T. CONLEY,
A. G. P. A., C. M. & St. P. R'y.

Fatal delays are caused by experimenting with cough and cold cures. Foley's Honey and Tar will prevent a cold from resulting in Pneumonia. H. P. Dunn & Co., McFadden Drug Co.

Take Rocky Mountain Tea. See it exterminate poison. Feel it revitalize your blood and nerves and bring back that happy, joyous feeling of boyhood days. 35c. McFadden Drug Co.

Bicycles repaired at Hoffman's.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

Has world-wide fame for marvelous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Boils, Sores, Felons, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions, Infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c at McFadden Drug Co. and H. P. Dunn & Co.

Skates sharpened at Hoffman's.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder, at Dr. Bibbel's.

W. L. Yancy, Paducah Ky., writes "I had a severe case of kidney disease and three of the best physicians in southern Kentucky treated me without success. I was induced to try Foley's Kidney Cure. The first bottle gave immediate relief and three bottles cured me permanently. I gladly recommend this wonderful remedy." H. P. Dunn & Co., McFadden Drug Co.

The oldest installment house in the city. Household furnishings and bicycles on easy payments. A. L. Hoffman & Co.

Piles of People

testify to the merit of Banner Salve in curing piles. It is guaranteed. H. P. Dunn & Co., McFadden Drug Co.

Uncle Sam has the earth. Hessel has the tools to work it.

Frost Bites and Chilblains

quickly cured by Banner Salve, the most healing remedy in the world. H. P. Dunn & Co., McFadden Drug Co.

ON CERTAIN TERMS.

Leaders Willing and Urge the Boers to Surrender.

Cape Town, Feb. 3.—The Boer leaders are willing and strongly urge the Boers to surrender provided the British offer those in the field these terms, namely, that after giving up arms all shall be allowed to return to their farms and the rebels shall not be punished. Prominent burghers say that Louis Botha in the Transvaal and Christian Dewet in the Free State should be made members of the governor's council in order to watch the interests of the burghers.

Boers Cut the Railroad.

Lourenzo Marques, Feb. 3.—The railroad has been cut by the Boers 53 kilometers from here.

What He Objected To.

At the farewell to Dr. Gunnison in Worcester, Mass., it is said that the Rev. Mr. Phalen, the Unitarian preacher, and the Rev. Mr. Wilcox, the well known Congregationalist, met. The three divines, as all scholars will do, got to bantering each other. The pastor of the Church of the Unity said he lived near enough to the Congregational church to hear the clock strike.

"Well," said Mr. Wilcox, "we give you good time, I hope."

"Oh, yes," responded the Unitarian. "It is not your time we object to; it's your eternity!"—Worcester Spy.

FOR SALE

Lots 10, 11 and 12, Block 172,

On Corner of 4th and Grove Streets, one of the most desirable east front residence locations in Brainerd, part on time if desired. Price..... $400

John L. Smith,
110 Temple Court
Minneapolis.

THE MOST
PRECIOUS
Thing is Your And Your Ability to SEE.

E. S. HOUGHTON,
LOCAL OPTICIAN, 6th St.

Graduate from the Detroit Optical College, treats all defects of the Eye sight and fits glasses scientifically and accurately. He corrects Emmetropia, Hypermetropia, Aphakia, Myopia, Astigmatism, Presbyopia, Asthenopia, Strabismus, and Headache caused by defect in sight.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.

Sleeper Service To Kansas City Via "The Milwaukee" Line.

First class Pullman sleeper from Twin Cities every day via C. M. & St. P. Ry. to Kansas City. Leaves Minneapolis 7:50 A. M., St. Paul 8:00 A. M. and arrives Kansas City 7 o'clock next morning. Direct and most comfortable route to Kansas City, the Southwest, and California. Pullman tourist sleeper also from Twin Cities every Wednesday, running through to Los Angeles, Calif. Apply to ticket agents or write J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn., for lowest one way and round trip rates to all points south and west.

Working Overtime.

Eight hour laws are ignored by those tireless, little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always at work, night and day, curing Indigestion, Billiousness, Constipation, Sick Headache and all Stomach, Liver and Bowel troubles. Easy, pleasant, safe, sure. Only 25c at McFadden Drug Co. and H. P. Dunn & Co.

Notice To Water Consumers.

On and after this date, whenever it is necessary to shut off the water to stop leaks, make repairs, or for any other purpose, the pump house whistle will blow four times a half hour before, and again four times 15 minutes before the water is shut off, to warn all consumers of the fact, instead of serving personal notice, as at present.

MINNESOTA WATER CO.

Does It Pay to Buy Cheap?

A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the more severe and dangerous result of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes if possible; if not possible for you, then in either case take the one remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles, "Boschee's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but allays inflammation, causes easy expectoration, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try one bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. For sale by all druggists in the city. Get Green's Prize Almanac.

The Popular Buffalo Route

This summer on account of the 1901 Pan-American Exposition will be the Nickel Plate road. Countless thousands will visit this, one of the greatest expositions of modern times. The Nickel Plate road will be the popular line. The excellence of its service is well recognized by the traveling public, and the reputation of its train employes in their uniform courtesy to passengers is well known. When you go east see that your tickets read via the Nickel Plate road. Write, wire, phone or call on John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

Frequent Coughing

inflames the lungs. Foley's Honey and Tar stops the coughing and heals the lungs. The ordinary cough medicines which are simply expectorants, will not do this, as they keep the lungs irritated in throwing off the phlegm. H. P. Dunn & Co., McFadden Drug Co.

Career and Character of Abraham Lincoln.

An address by Joseph Choate, Ambassador to Great Britain, on the career and character of Abraham Lincoln—his early life—his early struggles with the world—his character as developed in the later years of his life and his administration, which placed his name so high on the world's roll of honor and fame, has been published by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway and may be had by sending (6) cents in postage to Frank A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill. 7-3.

After exposure or when you feel a cold coming on, take a dose of Foley's Honey and Tar. It never fails to heal a cold if taken in time, take nothing else. H. P. Dunn & Co., McFadden Drug Co.

A Fireman's Close Call.

"I stuck to my engine, although every joint ached and every nerve was racked with pain," writes C. W. Bellamy, a locomotive fireman, of Burlington, Iowa, "I was weak and pale, without any appetite and all run down. As I was about to give up, I got a bottle of Electric Bitters and, after taking it, I felt as well as I ever did in my life." Weak, sickly, run down people always gain new life, strength and vigor from their use. Try them. Satisfaction guaranteed by McFadden Drug Co. H. P. Dunn & Co. Price 50 cents.

RHODES & PAINE,

Wagon Carriage Makers
Corner of 6th and Laurel Streets.
First-Class Blacksmith and Paint Shop in Connection.

Full line of carriage and wagon material always on hand and for sale, including wheels of all grades.
Give us a Call and we will Guarantee Satisfaction as to Price and Work.

Ladies, Boys and Gentlemen.

GET A practical knowledge of Sign & House PAINTING.

Gold and Silver Letering Bronzing, Graining, Carriage and Show Card Painting, Kalsomining, Mixing Colors, Contracting, Varnishing, Etc., from our Painters Book. Our book of 22 years experience in sign and house painting is so simple that even boys can teach themselves the painter's trade in a short time. 25 illustrated alphabets are included in our book. This great teacher and money saver will be mailed postpaid for 50 cents. Val Schreier Sign Works, Milwaukee, Wis.

We Have It.

FOR THAT LAME BACK. FOR THAT RHEUMATISM.

MATT J. JOHNSON'S

Great BLOOD & RHEUMATISM CURE

A Harmless Cure No Poisonous Drugs. 6088 Cures all Blood Troubles and Rheumatism

S. F. BOTOR, Prescription Druggist, cor. W. Superior St. Duluth, Minn.

Matt J. Johnson Co., Fort Superior, Wis.

I can have nothing but words of praise and admiration for your 6088. Cured me of Rheumatism that has been annoying me for nearly two years, and in consequence I have been pleased to recommend it to all my customers who are similarly affected. Our sales are rapidly increasing because it is a meritorious medicine. S. F. BOTOR. Your Friend.

We guarantee our remedy to be free from all opiates, salicylates or poisonous drugs. Use half a bottle and if not satisfied return and money will be refunded by

McFADDEN DRUG CO., AND H. P. DUNN & CO.

Call and Get Receipt Blanks Free.

S. & J. W. KOOP,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Flour and Feed.

Brick Manufacturer.

Railroad Ties Bought For Cash.

Goods Promptly Delivered to all Parts of the City.

NORTHERN PACIFIC

ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS DULUTH AND POINTS EAST & SOUTH

BUTTE HELENA SPOKANE SEATTLE TACOMA PORTLAND CALIFORNIA JAPAN CHINA ALASKA KLONDIKE

Westbuled Trains—Dining Cars.

TIME CARD—BRAINERD.

	Arrive.	Depart.
EAST BOUND:		
No. 3, St. Paul Express	10:05 p. m.	1:05 p. m.
No. 15, Duluth Express	8:10 a. m.	8:20 a. m.
		p. m.
No. 57, Duluth Freight	9:10 p. m.	9:50 a. m.
No. 59, Aitkin Freight	8:00 p. m.	9:30 p. m.
WEST BOUND.		
No. 4, Fargo Express	10:05 p. m.	1:20 p. m.
No. 16, Pacific Express	11:35 p. m.	12:05 a. m.
		p. m.
No. 58, Aitkin Freight	4:00 p. m.	5:10 p. m.
No. 56, Superior Freight	4:00 p. m.	5:10 p. m.

Get Permit at Ticket Office for 54, 57 and 58.

Trains 3, 4, 15 and 16, daily.

L. P. & S. BRANCH.

No. 38, Little Falls, Sauk Center & Morris		7:35 a. m.
No. 11, Morris, Sauk Center & Brainerd	5:00 p. m.	

Daily Except Sunday.

W. D. McKAY, Agt., Brainerd, Minn. | Chas. S. Fee, G. P. A. St. Paul, Minn.

Pullman First-Class and Tourist Sleeping Cars.

For Anything in the

Grocery Line

Call on

P. M. LAGERQUIST,

We Carry the finest Stock in the Northwest, and our Goods are always Fresh and up-to-date.

Staple and Fancy Groceries

FLOUR AND FEED.

Lagerquist Block, South Sixth Street.

C. B. WHITE,

DEALER IN

Stoves and Storm Sash,

Also Guns and Ammunition,

All Hunter's Supplies,

If you need anything in these lines give us a call. All work and orders promptly attended to.

I. U. WHITE, Manager.

PROHIBITS FIGHT

PERMANENT INJUNCTION ISSUED AGAINST THE JEFFRIES-RUHLIN CONTEST.

IS DECLARED A NUISANCE

Proposed Contest Held to Be a Prize Fight for the Championship of the World and Not a Boxing Match for Points—Such Events a Moral Wrong, a Crime Before the Law and a Menace to Society.

Cincinnati, Feb. 15.—Judge Hollister has granted a permanent injunction against the Jeffries-Ruhlin prize fight planned to be held in Saengerfest hall Friday night. The promoters will postpone the contest until after they can carry the case to the circuit and supreme courts.

Judge Hollister sustained the contentions of the state on all points at issue. He not only held that courts of equity had jurisdiction against public nuisances, but also that prize fights are public nuisances and that the proposed contest between Jeffries and Ruhlin was to be a prize fight for the championship of the world and not a boxing match for points. The decision was severe in language as well as decisive in its holding. It held the proposed event to be a public nuisance, a moral wrong, a crime before the law and such a menace to society as should be restrained even in courts of equity.

In reviewing the testimony Judge Hollister complimented Manager Brady, saying that his evidence commanded the respect of the court, but he was severe on Manager Madden as an "insincere and evasive witness," whose testimony regarding the difference between prize fights and boxing contests could not be given credence."

The conclusion of Judge Hollister's decision was in emphatic and vigorous language. He stated that he had doubt as to jurisdiction of a court of equity in such cases at the beginning of this hearing, but now [illegible] whatever. Then he [illegible] "vicious few" of the [illegible] event and ordered that a [illegible] injunction be issued [illegible] against the defendants [illegible] holding any performance at Saengerfest hall [illegible] which Jeffries and Ruhlin would contest for the championship.

Judge Beck, leading counsel for the defendants, gave notice of an appeal and took exceptions to both points of law and fact in the finding of the court.

When Mayor Fleischmann was informed of the injunction he said:

"The sheriff is the officer of the court and if he calls on me for assistance I will give him the entire police department. The court's decision practically acts as a revocation of the license for a boxing permit. I do not think troops will be ordered here."

MAY NOT NEED MILITIA.

Local Officials Asked if They Can Enforce the Decree.

Columbus, O., Feb. 15.—Upon learning Judge Hollister's decision Governor Nash at once placed himself in telegraphic communication with the mayor and other local officials of Cincinnati in order to learn whether they could enforce the decree of the court without the aid of militia. Upon this correspondence, he said, depends his future action.

MITCHELL IN AMERICA.

English Pugilist Would Like to Meet Corbett in the Ring.

New York, Feb. 15.—Charley Mitchell, the English pugilist, has arrived here on the Majestic. He said to a reporter that he had not come over especially to look for a fight, but he said he was not averse to taking on any of the big fighters. He would like to get in the ring with Corbett, he said.

"My visit here is for pleasure and to take a look about. Of course I might make a match if opportunity were afforded. I shall be here for some months. I shall remain in New York for some days and then go out to the Pacific coast.

"Prize fighting in England is dead. It is not because we have lost interest in the sport, but because we have not any good men."

GOT MORE SNAKES.

Thirteen Members of the Band Brought to Muskogee.

Muskogee, I. T., Feb. 15.—Marshal Bennett has arrived here with 13 members of the Snake band under arrest.

The members of the band now under arrest, numbering 50, will have a preliminary hearing before the United States commissioner on the 25th. Marshal Bennett states that he has secured all the papers of the organization of the Snakes, but as yet has been unable to arrest Latah Mekko, the Creek chief, who is scouting back and forth between the Choctaw and the Creek Nations.

To Prohibit Prize Fights.

Springfield, Ills., Feb. 15.—A bill has been introduced in the lower house of the Illinois legislature to prevent prize fighting in Illinois. Under the present statute the governor is unable to use troops unless called upon by the sheriff, but under the bill just introduced the governor is given specific power to call out militia "to prevent prize fights or sparring exhibitions."

NO DISORDERS OCCUR.

Royal Wedding Takes Place at Madrid Without Trouble.

Madrid, Feb. 15.—In the chapel of the royal palace, in the presence of the royal family and all the aristocracy and officialdom of Spain, Don Maria de las Mercedes de Bourbon y Hapsburg, Princess of the Asturias, was wedded to Prince Charles Bourbon.

The wedding ceremony proceeded with perfect tranquility. Thousands of spectators in the neighborhood of

INFANTA MARIA DE LAS MERCEDES, PRINCESS OF THE ASTURIAS.

the palace and filling the south grand court within the railing were quite orderly. They were watched by detachments of cavalry, who also kept order throughout the city.

A state of siege has been proclaimed here.

Serious Rioting at Valencia.

Valencia, Feb. 15.—Rioters have taken the Jesuit college by assault. The doors were broken in and the police, on charging, were received with a storm of stones. One person was killed and numbers were wounded.

TO CANADIAN NORTHERN.

All Northern Pacific Lines in Manitoba Are Leased.

Winnipeg, Feb. 15.—Premier Roblin has returned from the East where he had been on railway business. The following definite details of the railway contract, which has just been signed with the Canadian Northern by Premier Roblin on behalf of the Manitoba government, are given out:

The government has leased in perpetuity from the Northern Pacific its Manitoba system, paying the following rental: First 10 years, $210,000 annually; second 10 years, $225,000; third 10 years, $275,000; thereafter $300,000 with the option of purchase at $7,000,000. This would make 4 per cent on a capitalization of $20,000 per mile.

The question of the control of rates does not appear to be quite as satisfactory as at first announced. The company allows the government to fix rates in Manitoba and between points in Manitoba and Lake Superior. In case of dispute the matter is to be determined by the chief justice of the province, whose decision shall be final. The company agrees to reduce all passenger rates in Manitoba to 2 cents a mile, which is the present rate. The company also agrees to complete its line to Port Arthur by the first of next October, and will also construct or secure the construction of a line from Sprague, a point on the Rainy River road, to Duluth.

BOERS DRIVEN OUT.

Said to Have Occupied Phillipstown for a Short Time.

London, Feb. 15.—The Evening News prints a dispatch from Cape Town, dated Thursday, Feb. 14, which says:

The government here is advised that General Christian Dewet and Former President Steyn entered Cape Colony and occupied Phillipstown. The British attacked them yesterday and drove them out of the town with loss.

Van Wyksvlei was occupied Monday by 300 Boers, who were retreating from Calvinia.

The Boers are reported in force 24 miles west of Carnarvon.

A Boer convoy of 65 wagons and 45 prisoners has been captured north of Amsterdam.

Forty yeomanry who were escorting a convoy near Willowmore, about 125 miles from Port Elizabeth and the same distance from Mossel bay, were surprised by a body of Boer invaders, who captured the yeomanry and burned the wagons. The men were released 20 miles away and allowed to return to Willowmore.

Minnesota Modern Woodmen.

St. Paul, Feb. 15.—The Modern Woodmen held their state camp in this city Wednesday and succeeded in finishing up all their business. State Consul Whiteman's report dilated upon the growth of the order. In two years Minnesota gained 15,623 beneficial members, making a record of 53 per cent. State officers were elected for the ensuing year.

May Purchase the Maine.

London, Feb. 15.—The British admiralty has chartered the Maine to attend the Mediterranean fleet as a hospital ship. If the experiment is successful she will be purchased by the government.

For Representation at Buffalo.

St. Paul, Feb. 15.—Senator Johnson has introduced a bill in the legislature for an appropriation of $50,000 to provide for the expenses of a state commission at the Buffalo Pan-American exposition.

PAPER MILLS BURNED.

Big Plant at Kimberly, Wis., Badly Damaged by Fire.

Kimberly, Wis., Feb. 15.—Fire started in the print mill of the Kimberly & Clark company's plant, destroying that building, together with others adjoining. The finishing rooms, print mill, three machine rooms and a number of other buildings are a total loss. The estimated loss is placed at from $400,000 to $500,000, fully covered by insurance. The plant will be rebuilt. The origin of the fire is a mystery, having, it is supposed, started under the floor of one of the machine rooms.

The Appleton fire department responded to a call for aid and rendered valuable assistance in fighting the flames. Owing to the high wind the firemen encountered great difficulty in their work. Chief L. E. Anderson of the Appleton fire department was suffocated during the fire. He was overcome by the smoke and before he could be rescued was dead.

While assisting at the fire D. F. Cowie, superintendent of the plant, was severely injured. Several ribs were broken and Mr. Cowie was badly bruised.

The Kimberly paper mills rank among the finest equipped for a plant of the size in the West and were built in 1893 at a total expenditure of $1,200,000, including the improvement of water power and the erection of homes for the employes at a village which sprung up at this point. The plant is known as a complete paper mill, including pulp, sulphite and paper departments.

HORSE THIEF AND MURDERER.

Convert at a Revival Confesses Having Committed Many Crimes.

Indianapolis, Feb. 15.—A special to The Sentinel from Brazil, Ind., says: During the services conducted by Evangelist Updyke Monday night among the number who made a confession of faith was James Todd, who says he has stolen 98 horses and killed 3 men. Todd has been attending the revival services at the Christian church for several nights and it was noticed that he sat and wept throughout the services. On Monday night he signified a purpose of becoming a member of the church and after the services he visited Evangelist Updyke, where he made the confession which startled the minister.

Todd related that he had led a wild career for many years in Texas, but now repented his sins and wanted to be reconciled to his Maker. After making the confession Todd felt comforted and requested the evangelist to make known his confession to the world and that he was willing to answer for them.

EVIDENCE FOR DEFENSE.

Doctors Testify in the Hamilton Murder Case.

Minneapolis, Feb. 15.—Dr. William B. Murray, who was called to the West hotel when Leonard Day was killed, was the only witness of the morning in the Hamilton trial.

His cross examination by the state did not materially change his testimony, when he told the details of what he saw and heard at the hotel billiard room.

Murray says that it is impossible that Hamilton should have made any confession to Rooney because if he had so made it he, Murray, who believed Hamilton was innocent, and so was watching him as a protector, would have heard the same confession.

Dr. Charles Erdman, who made an examination of the wounds on Day's body at the autopsy, testified that the cut on the head could not, in his opinion, have been inflicted with the same instrument as the cut with which the subclavian artery was severed.

GOMEZ A WITNESS.

Called to Give Testimony Regarding Postoffice Frauds.

Havana, Feb. 15.—Additional local interest has been given to the postoffice fraud cases by the summoning of General Maximo Gomez as a witness. It seems that one of the clerks in the auditor's office told General Gomez last March that there were irregularities in the matter of allowing duplicate vouchers.

The friends of General Gomez assert that he has explained the condition of things to the military authorities and they contend that he deserves the credit attaching to the exposure of the frauds. This is cited as a strong argument in favor of his presidential candidacy.

General Gordon Robbed.

Chicago, Feb. 15.—The Record says: General John B. Gordon, who is delivering a course of lectures on the Confederacy, was robbed of his overcoat in a pocket of which were papers which entitled the former Confederate general to transportation over all the principal roads, and checks and papers which he values at $4,000.

Recruiting for the New Regiments.

Chicago, Feb. 15.—Recruiting for the new Twenty-ninth Infantry, U. S. A., has begun here in accordance with the provisions of the new army reorganization law. The work of recruiting will take two months. The new regiment will be held at Fort Sheridan for some time while being whipped into military form.

Incendiary Destroys an Elevator.

Granite Falls, Minn., Feb. 15.—What was known as the Pillsbury elevator at this place was burned during the day with 5,000 bushels of wheat and two cars on the Milwaukee track, one loaded with wheat. The fire is thought to have been set by some one.

Lots

For Sale in all Parts of

Brainerd..

Catch on

Before the

Spring Move

Apply to

L. P. White

Do You Want

A piece of

FRESH BEEF

Then come and see us. We can give you the finest kind of steaks as well as other meats. If you once try us you will never go elsewhere for your meat.

C. E. PEABODY,

Sixth Street South.

Telephone Call, 65-3.

R. J. HOLDEN,

Proprietor of the.....

BUFFET

Sample Rooms

In the Sleeper Block, Front Street.....

Choice Wines and Liquors, Fine Imported and Domestic Cigars.

Our Friends and the Public Generally are Invited to Call and see us At Our New Place.

R. J. HOLDEN.

DON'T BE FOOLED!

Take the genuine, original ROCKY MOUNTAIN TEA Made only by Hoskins Bros. Chemists, Denver, Colo. It cures all stomach troubles, makes you feel like a new person, 35 cents, 4 packages, 1 dollar. Except in Denver, not sold in Colorado. Ask druggists.

Right weight, just grade and highest market price for grain, at Hassel's corner 4th and Front streets.

Be Sure to Remember

That the popular Pan-American Exposition Route this summer will be the Nickel Plate road, the shortest line between Chicago and intermediate points and Buffalo. No excess fare is charged on any of its Peerless Trio of fast express trains and American Club meals, ranging in price from 35 cents to $1.00 are served in all its dining cars. Palatial through vestibuled sleeping cars and modern day coaches with uniformed colored porters in attendance on the wants of passengers. The acme of comfort and convenience in traveling is attained through the superb service and competent equipment found on the Nickel Plate road. Write, 'phone or call on John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago, Ill. 7-3.

The Brainerd Dispatch.

H. H. INGERSOLL. F. V. WIELAND.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND.

Official Paper of Crow Wing County.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota, as second class matter.

Issued every Friday morning from rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1900 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.

All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Five (5) Cents per line for every insertion.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch.
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.

Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1900.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1901.

MRS. NATION'S hatchet caused the closing of all saloons in Topeka. Carrie can consider herself endorsed.

THE McKinley counties of the democratic state of Missouri have gained 425,871 people in the decade 1890-1900 and the Bryan counties 1,610. This is American politics in a nutshell.

BRAINERD is behind the times. Many other towns throughout the country have developed hair brained cranks to imitate Mrs. Nation, but this town moves on the even tenor of the way as though Carrie and her hatchet never existed.

THE Minneapolis Times threatens to go after every senator who does not vote in favor of the Hurd oil bill, which has already passed the house. The senators, however, will undoubtedly vote as they please without consulting the Times.

EX-KING Milan of Servia, died in Vienna the first of the week. He was a dissolute, dissipated character, and it is the general opinion that the world is better without him. What a contrast to the life of Victoria, whose death was universally deplored. Milan's death most forcibly demonstrates the fact that it does not pay to live other than uprightly.

THE final proceedings in the election of Wm. McKinley as president, and Theodore Roosevelt as vice president, occurred in the house of representatives Wednesday, when the senate and house met in joint session and counted the electoral votes and the acting vice president announced the result and declared Wm. McKinley elected president and Theodore Roosevelt vice president.

THE annual Indian scare news from Walker is being sent out to the daily papers of the cities. This time the correspondent says the Indians are rallying around a squaw who claims to have been commissioned by Carrie Nation to take care of the Kansas woman's crusade in that vicinity and smash the rum shops of Walker, Cass Lake and other near by towns. Imagine an Indian destroying good whisky.

EVERY two years as regularly as the legislature meets a bill is proposed and introduced for the pardon or parell of the Younger brothers, the Northfield robbers and murderers, and as regularly the bill is killed. It is hoped the present session will be no exception to the rule in regard to the disposition of the bill. The Youngers should be allowed to spend the balance of their days in prison.

THE loss of a package containing $40,000 at Manila, Iowa, on Saturday night, which was stolen from a truck on which the express was unloaded to be transferred to another train, calls to mind the robbery in this city some years ago, at which time $15,000 disappeared in the night after being unloaded from the Duluth train and no trace of it was ever found, although the railroad and express company exerted every energy to round the robbers up.

THE Brainerd Arena of Feb. 1st, contained a clipping from the St. Paul Dispatch with some remarks meant to be sarcastic concerning a bill introduced by Hon. A. F. Ferris providing for cases in which a judge of the district court is interested. In its anxiety to criticize Mr. Ferris the Arena failed to ascertain what the bill was, and that it was introduced first by Senator McCarthy, of Itasca county, and had been approved by the judiciary committee of both senate and house, who probably are as well able to pass on its merits as the editor of the Arena.

RAILROAD SPOTTERS.

THE SECRET SERVICE THAT ONE BIG SYSTEM MAINTAINS.

Members of It in Every Department From Yardmen Up—Curious Complications When Spotters Unknown to One Another Cross Lines.

"Probably the most perfect spotter system achieved by any private corporation," says S. H. Adams in Ainslee's, "is that of one of the big eastern railroads, which is to some extent modeled on the secret service system of some of the eastern governments, though by no means so complex.

"So farreaching and so direct, however, are its lines of communication that the president of the organization is himself kept constantly informed of the trend of affairs and the changes of sentiment among the employees of every division and subdivision of the whole railway system, and that without the knowledge of any other persons but his own special corps of clerks and secretaries.

"Nobody but himself knows the entire personnel of the wonderful service that he has perfected. His agents are drawn from every branch of the road's operating staff. They are engineers, freight brakemen, passenger trainmen, conductors, signalmen, yardmen, station agents, track walkers and even division officials. Should that road have a strike—and strikes are far less likely to occur than they were before the present system was put into operation—the president will have detailed warnings of it from all the storm centers long before the first mutterings find cautious utterance in the newspapers.

"While it also acts as a defense against thefts by employees, this system is intended primarily to prepare, so to speak, a diary of the disposition, character, working efficiency and sentiments toward the road of the men who constitute the vast human machinery of the corporation. The feeling which culminates in a general strike is not the result of one act alone, but a slow growth made up of many grievances, real or fancied.

"To keep track of the shifting mental attitude of his employees is the aim of this railroad president. If a certain division superintendent has made himself unpopular with his subordinates, information to that effect comes by underground wire to the central office, and the matter is taken under advisement. If the newest fireman on the road attempts to stir up discontent by inflammatory talk, his views soon reach the official ear. Every leading spirit in the employees' organization is known to the president, who also knows whether, in case of trouble, the man is to be reckoned upon as a conservative or a radical.

"Sometimes this works out the man's career in a manner quite incomprehensible to him. For instance, Night Watchman Brown is shifted without cause that he can fathom from one division to another. How should he know that rumors of trouble in that division have reached the presidential ear and that he himself, being down in the president's little book as a speaker of weight and a counselor of conservative methods, has been shifted over to act as unconscious agent in checking a dangerous tendency?

"Some of the admiring coworkers of the head of this system declare that in two minutes' reference to his collected funds of information he can unroll the family history of the woman who washes the windows of car No. 41144X and tell whether, in her estimation, he himself is an oppressor of the downtrodden or a perfect gentleman.

"Where so many invisible lines radiate from the same office it is inevitable that some of them should cross. Curious complications result from contact between spotters as unknown to each other as they are to those whom they watch.

"Several years ago at a time of general labor troubles a certain railroad got no less than five reports from its confidential men informing them that an employee who was several degrees higher in the secret service of the road than any of them, and they but known it, had been making incendiary speeches.

"This was true. Matters had so shaped themselves that the man accused had to appear as a radical in order to gain admittance to inner councils where the important questions would be finally decided. To the chagrin of the authorities they were obliged to transfer him. Had they not done so the suspicions of the men who make the reports would have been aroused. That spotters should know each other as such is held to be highly undesirable. There is always the chance that they might work in conjunction instead of acting as checks on each other."

The Flight of Time.

A masked man confronted me with a pistol in a lonely spot on the dark coast. "Cough up your chronometer," he demanded gruffly.

I fumbled for my 18 carat timepiece, thinking that my last hour was at hand. When I dared to look up, he had vanished with his plunder.

Even then, such is the incongruity of the human mind, though rejoiced that my time had not yet come, I regretted in my heart that it had gone. — New York Sun.

Profits of Ignorance.

"Why don't you bookstore clerks know more about books?"

"Madam, we don't dare be intellectual, for customers would ask us so many questions that we couldn't make any sales."—Chicago Record.

To a youth of 20 middle age is from 40 to 45. To a young man of 40 middle age is from 55 to 60.—Somerville Journal.

SAMPSON AHEAD

PRESIDENT AGAIN SENDS CERTAIN NAVAL APPOINTMENTS TO THE SENATE.

MESSAGE ACCOMPANIES LIST.

Urges Congress to Give the Same Recognition That Has Been Given Dewey and His Men to Sampson and the Men of the North Atlantic Fleet. Schley Goes Up Three Points, Taking Rank Next After Sampson.

Washington, Feb. 15.—The president has sent the following nominations to the senate:

Rear admirals to be advanced in rank from the 11th day of February, 1901: William T. Sampson, five numbers to take rank next after Rear Admiral John A. Howell; Winfield Scott Schley, three numbers to take rank next after Rear Admiral Sampson, when advanced.

Accompanying the appointments the president sent a special message to congress, urging that the same recognition that had been given Dewey and his officers and men for his services in Manila bay should be given Sampson, commander of the North Atlantic fleet, and his men for services in and about Cuba.

MADE NO PROGRESS.

First Conference on the Revenue Reduction Bill Held.

Washington, Feb. 15.—The first conference on the revenue reduction bill was held during the day, the Democratic members attending as well as the Republicans. It led to a general discussion of both measures. But they were not taken up in detail, nor was the conference of any result in the way of agreement. No exact time was fixed for reassembling. From the fact that no progress toward agreement was made on details or on the bills as a whole, it is apparent both sides are standing by their positions and there is no sign thus far of a break. Conferees are receiving many telegrams from various interests, urging a reduction of one kind and another be retained.

TO FIGHT CONSUMPTION.

Anti-Tuberculosis Conference Opens in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 15.—The anti-tuberculosis conference called by the governor general, Lord Minto, assembled in Ottawa during the day for the purpose of discussing and deciding upon measures effectively to combat the disease and prevent its further spread in Canada. The conference will ask the provincial governments, municipal councils and boards of health for legislation that will encourage the notification of all cases of tuberculosis; endeavor to stop expectoration in public buildings and conveyances; improve ventilation, lighting and sanitation in institutions where working people gather; aid in stopping the spread of the disease through milk and meat of animals, and prevent the coming into Canada of tuberculized immigrants or tuberculized cattle.

WILL CONGER ACCEPT?

Minister to China May Be Candidate for Governor.

Des Moines, Feb. 15.—A special from Washington says Minister Conger has cabled Congressman Hull he will accept the nomination for governor if tendered him, but cannot make a fight for it. Some politicians believe that Conger alone can pacify the Gear and Cummins factions. It is generally believed, however, that the fight has progressed too far. Cummins, Foster and Perkins having announced themselves as candidates, to permit the taking up of Conger. Congressman Hull says he does not know as he will present Conger's name to the convention.

MAKES TWO REPORTS.

Presbyterian Committee on Revision of Confession of Faith.

Washington, Feb. 15.—The Presbyterian committee appointed to consider the revision of the Westminster confession of faith has completed its labors and adjourned. Two reports will be presented to the general assembly. The majority report will recommend a supplemental explanatory statement of doctrine.

WILLARD HONORED.

Minneapolis Lawyer Made Chief Justice of the Philippines.

Washington, Feb. 15.—A Minneapolis man, Charles A. Willard, has been appointed chief justice of the supreme court in the Philippine islands. The appointment came through the Taft commission.

The bureau of insular affairs received a cable message from Manila to tender the position to Mr. Willard. He has accepted and will receive $7,000 per annum.

Less Than $3,000 Stolen.

Sioux City, Ia., Feb. 15.—General Superintendent Averill of the United States Express company has issued a statement that the amount of money stolen in the Manila (Ia.) robbery a week ago was less than $3,000. Payment on a number of drafts was stopped.

DEAF MUTES CAN HEAR.

Marvelous Test of New Device Applied to a Boy.

NOT ONLY HEARD, BUT SPOKE.

By Means of an Electrical Headpiece Orris Benson For the First Time in His Life Knew What Music Was. The Invention Has Proved Successful Whenever Tried.

Orris Benson, a bright boy of 17, deaf, dumb and blind from infancy, never heard the sound of the human voice or the strains of music until the other afternoon. To him, says the New York Herald, the outer world has been as mysterious a void as to the famous Helen Keller, though, like her, he has been taught much solely through the sense of touch.

In the presence of several of New York's most distinguished aurists Orris Benson clamped to his head a little device such as a switchboard attendant wears in a telephone exchange, and in less than ten minutes a new world had opened to the boy. For the first time since babyhood he was hearing and actually repeating audibly after his instructor such simple words as "mamma," "papa," "hello," "horse" and "house." Orris Benson, at the age when most boys go to college, was learning to lisp the language of the nursery.

By a short electrical wire the headpiece was connected with a phonograph, and into the brain cells where music had been known only as a name rolled the martial strains of Sousa's "Stars and Stripes Forever."

The boy started in his chair as if shocked by a galvanic battery. His sightless eyes moved in their sockets pathetically like those of a wondering child. His hands, long accustomed to do the work of eyes and ears alike, instinctively clutched at the clamped headpiece as if to solve the mystery of this new and strange sensation.

For an instant an expression almost of pain passed over his features, then, with a look of strained intensity, the lad settled back in his chair and for the first time in his life listened. His nimble fingers sought those of his instructor, and in the sign language of touch he said:

"Yes, I can hear it; but what is it?"

"It is music, a military march. How do you like it?" dashed back the supple fingers of the instructor.

The strained expression relaxed into a childlike smile of enjoyment, mingled with mystification, the boy's fingers spoke again, and the teacher, glancing at the experts, who sat eagerly watching the experiment, said:

"He tells me that the sensation is very pleasant."

Before Orris Benson removed the little electrical device and went back into the world he knew—the world of darkness and of silence—he had heard the sound of his own voice and the voices of others, he had listened to the tinkling rhythm of a guitar, and he had learned to speak falteringly the four words of babyhood that are lisped at a mother's knee in the world where there are sound and sunlight and maternal love.

There are said to be not less than six millions of human beings living who are deaf mutes. The electrical device tested with such remarkable results is one which its inventor, Miller Reese Hutchison, believes will enable all of them to hear sound and not less than 80 per cent of them to acquire a practical use of articulate language.

He has already experimented upon 4,000 deaf mutes in the institutions of New York, Alabama, Michigan and other states, and he says he has not yet found a case where he has utterly failed to convey the sound of spoken words in at least a rudimentary degree. His instruments are now in use in the New York institution for the instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, where they have shown results that are gratifying to the principal, Enoch H. Currier.

Against Martial Playthings.

The South African war having created a great demand on the part of toy dealers for leaden soldiers, a number of Parisians have organized a society to oppose the manufacture and sale of the martial playthings. The League Against Leaden Soldiers is the name of the new organization, and Emile Zola is its president. The circular sent out by the league states that the members desire to combat the prevailing practice of French parents who perpetuate the military spirit which is so prevalent in the republic by buying toy soldiers for their children.

English Birth Rate Declining.

Mr. J. Holt Schooling, after investigations covering the whole of the last quarter of the nineteenth century, declares that there has been a steady decrease in the British birth rate, England having fallen to the lowest birth rate of any first rate power, France alone excepted. One result of this loss of "birth force," as Mr. Schooling calls it, is that in every day of the five years 1894-8, 500 to 600 fewer children were born than would have been born had the 1874-8 birth rate remained operative during 1894-8.

Her Heart Was Sad.

The story is told that some months ago, when the Boer war was at its worst, Queen Victoria was sitting with some of her great-grandchildren, as she loved to do. The children were playing about, when two of them began to quarrel over their toys, as children will. The queen looked sadly at them for awhile; then she said to them softly: "Do not quarrel, my children. There is too much quarreling in the world already," and burst into tears.

Extraordinary!

We want to show you how much we appreciate your patronage in the past, and how pleased we are with the business we did in the last year. We want to show you how liberal and up-to-date store can be, and during THIS SALE we will.....

Give in Spot Cash . . . To Your Church

(This means the Church of which your are a member or attendant)

5 Per Cent of all our Cash Sales.

This Offer together with the list of Bargains that follow, is, we think, as liberal and offer as ever was made. EACH CUSTOMER IS TO CHOOSE WHICH CHURCH, one-twentieth of amount bought should go to in Cash. The offer is open to all the Churches of Brainerd and vicinity, and its our wish that all should get a part of this money. It is not a premium in merchandise, seldom amounting to much in value, but it means 25c to your church on every $5.00 worth we sell you during this sale. When you make a purchase during this sale you will receive a sale slip of the goods, and total amount paid. Give this to the proper church authorities, and at the end of the 30 days they can bring same in and receive the 5 per cent on all checks they hold in SPOT CASH.

Sale Commences Feb. 15th

And Lasts until March 15th, 1901.

Below are a few of the Bargains we are going to sell goods at during this sale:

Muslin Underwear.

$2.00 Night Gowns	$1.63
1.75 Night Gowns	1.25
1.50 " "	1.15
1.00 " "	.77

Outing Flannels.

12½c and 15c qualities for	9c
10c qualities for	7½c
8c qualities for	6c
5c qualities for	3c

Ladies' Muslin Skirts.

$1.75 Ladies Skirts	$1.37
1.50 " "	1.15
1.25 " "	.95
1.00 " "	.75

Shoes. Shoes.

During this sale we will sell you a fine up-to-date Ladies Shoe worth $2.50 for $1.50, all sizes and guaranteed to be an A No. 1 Shoe, called the American Beauty. We will also make special prices on all our shoes for men, ladies, boys, girls and children. We have at present one of the nicest line of shoes in the city.

Hose. Hose.

35c Ladies Fleeced Lined rib topped moco foot	25c
35c Ladies Cashmere hose	25c
Boys' and Girls' stockings	
35c stockings, fleece lined	25c
25c stockings " "	17c
20c stockings " "	13c
15c stockings " "	10c

Mens' Hose.

35c fine Merino hose	25c
25c Cashmere Hose	19c

Ask to see our 19c Ladies' Fleeced Lined Vest worth 35c.

Groceries.

Fine Granulated Sugar, per lb	6¼c
California Prunes	5c
California evaporated peaches	10c
Evaporated apples	8c
2 lb can corn	8c
3 lb can tomatoes	10c
2 lb can fancy peas	10c
Choice table peaches, per can	14c
Choice table pears, per can	10c
2½ lb can egg or gage plums	10c
1 lb can extra preserved red raspberries	9c
Roasted coffee, per lb	15c
Best uncolored Japan tea per lb	48c
Choice rice per lb	6½c
Full cut cheese, per lb	15c
Best rolled oats, per lb	3c
10 bars Kirks soap	25c
1 lb can Sailor Band salmon	8c
1 lb pure soda	5c
5 lb sack table salt	5c

Call on us during this Sale at The Department Store of

L. J. CALE,

7th and Front Sts, Cale Block, Brainerd.

THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 20, NUMBER 10. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1901. PAGES 9 TO 12 INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

A LONDON CRIMINAL.

THE FOG THIEF AND HOW HE PLIES HIS PECULIAR TRADE.

He Operates Boldly Both in the City and on the Thames—Carries Off His Plunder From Vans and Cabs Stranded in the Dense Gloom.

Thousands of thieves long for fog with a great longing. Incredible as it may seem, property worth tens of thousands of pounds is every year stolen from vans and lorries alone in London streets. Quite nine-tenths of this property disappears during fogs.

The leaders of the fog thief gangs usually have some little capital to start with. One of them affects to be a carriage contractor on a small scale. He takes very quiet premises that have a high boarding round and that are not overlooked. If he has plenty of collusion, all the better. He has at least one smart trap and horse and two and sometimes three rogues to go with it.

It is during the late foggy afternoons and early evenings of winter that the hauls are made. Streets with warehouses—and not shops that are lighted brilliantly and early—on each side and that are often congested with traffic are mostly chosen. The small and smart though dingy and inconspicuous looking trap plunges into the thick of the traffic. It soon, in the gloom and murk, places itself immediately behind a van or lorry piled with packages of various kinds.

The men in the quick trap are all on the alert. One of them, a man chosen for his immense physical strength, goes to the head of the pony on some pretext. He soon has a package down from the van in front. He is provided with sharp cutting instruments, and he has a powerful piece of strap with a hook at one end. If there is a boy sitting behind the van, the men in the trap contrive to get him down by diverting his attention. Even with a view, to distracting the possible attention of carters, the thieves generally get up an altercation, or "barney," among themselves or with others. They are men of colossal impudence and powers of abuse, and all attention becomes riveted upon them. In one case not far from Farringdon street last December they carried off one parcel of furs worth £700, the van boy being temporarily blinded, as alleged, by a lad with the thieves blowing some snuff into his face from a pea shooter and then disappearing.

One of the most notorious of these fog thieves was a lithe young fellow who crept along the back of a pony to its head, American jockey fashion, and hooked what he could from out of the van in front.

The great hauls of these men are when they follow cabs and private carriages from a railway station. In such cases they generally use two traps and horses. A cab is marked that has apparently valuable luggage on the top. This is followed till some dark street is reached where the way is narrow or congested; then the driver of one of the traps, that has a very swift pony harnessed to it, deliberately drives across the head of the cab or carriage horse.

Of course there is an angry altercation, and while this is going on the thieves on the other trap have got into the immediate rear of the luggage laden vehicle. One of the thieves goes along his horse's back and lifts the luggage down.

One of the hauls effected last winter in this way was worth £5,000 and was the property of Mr. de Silva, an Argentina millionaire. The robbery took place not far from St. Pancras' church just before the shops were lighted up.

As the summer sun brings forth myriads of living creatures, so does a Thames fog bring out upon the dark and apparently deserted river a vast horde of thieves. At least a dozen of the wharf and lighter owners complain of losing from their respective wharves as much as from one to six hundred pounds' worth of coal alone every year.

The reader can learn at any riverside house frequented by tugboat men that there are scores, literally scores, of tugs on the river that have never bought a pennyworth of coal for great numbers of years. The Thames police would tell that same reader that men have retired on competences who have been reported to have made their whole fortune out of coal stolen with impunity on the river.

The police are helpless over the vast expanse of river and in the labyrinthine backwashes. If they raid one of the pirate boats in the gloom and darkness, the spoil is turned out to the bottom of the river in a trice. If this sort of thing can be done to such an extent with a commodity like coal, it may be imagined what befalls other valuable property on wharves or in lighters.

The fraudulent picker up of the river blesses the fog. The picker up is a man who notices that certain barges with valuable cargoes are moored in such a way that, if they broke loose, they would entail vast expense. The picker up sees that these barges do break loose. That part of his work he does in dead secret. And then, making plenty of noise about it at this stage, he rescues from danger the very barges that he has set adrift and sends in a heavy salvage claim.—Los.

A LIGHT IN THE YARD

MRS. GALLUP RECOGNIZES IN IT HER SUMMONS TO HEAVEN.

But She Fails to Get Any Information From Her Husband as to the Manner In Which She Should Act When She Enters Her Home Among the Angels.

[Copyright, 1900, by C. B. Lewis.]

When Mr. Gallup sat down for the evening, he had his newspaper on his knee and Mrs. Gallup was singing "Rock of Ages" and clearing away the supper table. He had been reading for a quarter of an hour when she quietly entered and sat down and said:

"Samuel, I don't want to disturb you nor make you feel bad, but I feel obliged to ask you a few questions. Last night at midnight Mrs. Watkins saw a light moving around in our back yard. It was a light which bobbed up and bobbed down and dodged this way and that, and when it finally went out it gave a great wink and a splutter. It was what they call a ghost lantern, Samuel, and it meant that there would be death in this house within a week. It'll be my death, of course. I've got 27 different ailments, with heart disease thrown in, while you are as healthy as a corpsicle. Yes; it'll be me, but I'm not weepin over it. I'm sittin right here as calm as catnip, but I want to know some few things."

Mr. Gallup must have known of her presence, but he was too deeply interested in his paper to recognize it. He had found an article which said that a bedbug could be boiled in water for four hours and then come out with his ambition undaunted.

"I shall go to heaven when I die, of course," continued Mrs. Gallup as her voice broke a little. "I orter go there. Any woman who has whitewashed the cellar every spring for 27 years, besides makin soft soap, cuttin carpet rags, dyein over old clothes and makin one corset last her for 13 years, will go to heaven on the jump. What bothers

"I'M SITTIN RIGHT HERE AS CALM AS CATNIP."

me, however, is how I'm goin to act arter I git there. You know how ostepany allus flustrates me. If three or four of the neighbors come in, I'm almost sure to fall off my cheer or knock over sumthin. How's it goin to be when I git up there and meet a hull pasture full of angels? There'll be millions of 'em, Samuel, and they'll all be lookin at me and wonderin who I am, and I'll be so upset that I'll fall over my own feet."

She paused to wipe the tears from her eyes with the palm of her hand, but as she had asked no direct questions Mr. Gallup finished the bug article and turned to one on the care of clothes lines.

"I don't want to be looked at and p'inted out and made fun of up there," said Mrs. Gallup as she sat with her eyes on the carpet. "All night long last night I couldn't sleep for thinkin that some of the angels would turn up their noses at me and want to know what on airth I was doin there. You remember Sarah Jane Bixby, who died two years ago? Sarah was snippy and sassy. If she went to heaven, it would be just her way to want to know why I'd come flyin up there, with my rheumatism and back aches. I'd have to sass her back, and then what would happen? Angels do sass each other sometimes, don't they, Samuel?"

If Mr. Gallup had ever given the matter a thought, he was too busy to discuss it. The statement was right before his eyes that 1,000,000 miles of clothesline went to destruction every year for want of being hung up in the wood shed when not in use, and he was reflecting on the carelessness of humanity in general.

"I may git up to heaven in the night, when all the angels are asleep, and so I'll slip in all right. I hope I won't be the way, because it'll give me a chance to kind o' git used to the place before daylight. Do you think they have any breakfast up there? Mrs. Watkins says they don't, but I don't really see how they git along without it. I know I should feel s goneness all day without breakfast. And I want you to look at me, Samuel, and see if I'm the humblest woman ever born. I have read that when we die we are changed as in the twinklin of an eye. I hope it's so. If it ain't, then I can't expect to be at times up there. Them angels will be p'intin out my lop shoulder, my big feet and my wabbly knees and whispern to each other that I'd better staid down on airth among the cabbages. Nobody as knows me can call me obstinate or not, but I'll be sassmuch if I propose to die and become an angel to be made fun of. You'll be on my side about that, won't you?"

Mr. Gallup heaved a long sigh and seemed about to speak, but no word came. He had finished with the clothesline and struck an article about the reasoning powers of the crow, and the most direct question from Mrs. Gallup would have passed unheeded. Her tears fell for two or three minutes, and then she asked:

"And how about the beds up there? You know we've slept on a feather bed ever since we was married, and I'm allus bin particular to smooth it down from head to foot. I've got used to feathers, and if I chance off of it I just lay there and kick around all night long. Do they hev beds, Samuel, or do they keep on flyin around all night long and singin 'I've Reached My Home at Last?' Seems to me that flyin and singin all day would be enough unless I feel stronger than I do now. You orter know these things, Samuel, and you orter tell me so I'll know what to depend on. I might stand wuss from a thousand angels, but I do want my own bed when night comes, and if one of my headaches comes on unexpected-ly I want to know that I kin hev a cup of tea. Mrs. Watkins says they don't drink tea in heaven, but I don't see how she kin know."

Mr. Gallup was not directly appealed to, and as he was reading that a crow had been known to feign death to avoid having a crowbar thrown at him he made no sign.

"Wasl, I've made up my mind to a few things," said Mrs. Gallup as the silence grew painful. "I'm goin up to heaven to do the best I kin. I'll be nayburly with all the angels I meet and let 'em understand that I don't want no more'n my share of harps and wings and things. If I don't find anything to eat or any beds to sleep on, I shan't raise no fuss nor go into hysterics, the way Mrs. Taylor did at camp meetin last year. Yes; I'll put up with things as I find 'em and make the best of it, and I won't be jealous if a few of 'em hev better clothes on or kin sing better'n me. That's how I'll act, Samuel, and then if they pick 'n me they'll git as good as they give. I kin be snassed and picked on jest so far, but arter that they want to look out. Would it put you out any, Samuel, if I died at midnight instead of in the daytime? As I said, if I died at night I could slip into heaven without any fuss, but if it's goin to make you any extra trouble I'll perish by daylight. What will be the most convenient hour for you?"

There was deep silence. Mrs. Gallup's tears made no bind as they fell upon the carpet, and Mr. Gallup was reading with bated breath that an ostrich covers 13 feet of ground at every stride when in full flight. The clock ticked, the silence grew deeper, and the cricket on the hearth fell into a doze. Then Mr. Gallup suddenly laid aside his paper, stretched his arms and legs, with a "Ho-hum!" and looked around to find Mrs. Gallup asleep in her chair. She hadn't gone to join the angels—not yet. M. QUAD.

THE KING OF HANDCUFFS.

How Harry Houdini, American, Surprised the British.

When Harry Houdini, the American king of handcuffs, arrived in England, he tried to arrange for an exhibit of his skill at Scotland Yard, but the authorities refused to allow him an opportunity of putting on his taking off official handcuffs, says London M. A. P. So, accompanied by a skeptical London manager, he paid an ordinary call as an American visitor to the police headquarters. Mr. Houdini, after making the usual remarks on everything he saw and heard, casually asked a question about a pair of handcuffs. The guide took them down and answered:

"Oh, these are handcuffs impossible to remove."

Houdini was greatly interested, and the incident closed by the American visitor requesting his guide to lock the handcuffs on his wrists. Then he turned his back and succeeded in getting them off in a couple of minutes.

One of Houdini's strangest adventures happened at a big hotel in St. Paul, Minn., where he was very well known. To his surprise, he found that a couple of men occupying the rooms on either side of his own appeared to be mounting guard over him. At first he only suspected this, but after a few days he was perfectly sure that one or the other of his neighbors shadowed his every movement. One afternoon, when Houdini was sitting in his own room, he heard the sound of scuffling outside the door. Flinging it open, he discovered his two unknown friends grasping a third man, who had evidently been wearing a long dark cape that was dragged on one side, showing that he was heavily handcuffed.

"We're a couple of detectives, Mr. Houdini!" panted one of the men. "This fellow made his escape from jail some days ago. We knew that he wouldn't dare to go to a locksmith to get his handcuffs removed, and we suspected that he might come to you."

Acids That Are Death to Cholera.

The acid of lemons and oranges is fatal to the cholera bacillus. Even if placed upon the rinds of the fruit the germs will not survive longer than a day.—Ladies' Home Journal.

"UNDER THE SUN."

The men who have gone before us
Have sung the songs we sing,
The words of our clamorous chorus,
They were heard of the ancient King.

The chords in the lyre that thrill us,
They were struck in the years gone by,
And the strokes of death that kill us
Are found where our fathers lie.

The vanity song of the preacher
Is vanity still (today)
The moan of the stricken creature
Has rung in the woods alway.

But the songs are worth resinging,
With the change of an single note,
And the spoken words are ringing
As they rang in the years remote.

There is no new road to follow, love,
Nor end there ever be,
For the old, with its hill and hollow, love,
Is enough for you and me.

—Charles H. Bacon in Century.

WHAT MODERN SAILORS FEAR

But Winds and Seas, but an Explosion Which Scuttles the Ship.

"Boiler explosions are the terror of the seafaring man," said an old time deep water captain. "Such a thing is bad enough on dry land, but imagine a catastrophe of that kind at sea. In sixty-nine cases out of a hundred it means the absolute wiping out of the craft itself and every soul on board.

"The average landsman would be greatly shocked in looking over the maritime records to see how many vessels disappear each year and leave absolutely no clew to their fate. They run well up to the hundred mark, and such a mystery is not to be explained away by storms. A Chinese typhoon may swoop down like lightning out of a clear sky and tear a ship to pieces, but some floating wreckage is sure to tell the tale. A boiler explosion, on the contrary, will blow a hole as big as a railroad tunnel right through the center of the hull, and the stricken vessel simply goes down like a shot. There is no time to unfasten a boat from the davits or cut loose a spar.

"In the opinion of seamen, that is the story of at least 90 per cent of the ships that leave port and are never heard of again. Luckily the modern system of marine boiler inspection is extremely strict and thorough, but it is impossible to absolutely prevent carelessness and fraud, and often enough, no doubt, the fault lies with the engineer.

"There is an old story of a drunken Scotchman who mistook the thermometer for the steam gage and 'cussed out' the stokers because he couldn't get the pressure above 60. That yarn will hardly hold water, but I've seen cases almost as bad. I am glad to say, however, that during the past 10 years there has been a steady diminution of the number of vessels which 'mysteriously disappear.' That is due, beyond all question, to the increased stringency of boiler inspection and the greater strictness of examinations before a license is issued to engineers. Nevertheless there is still considerable room for improvement in both branches."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Russell and His Songs.

The late Henry Russell, the veteran English composer of "Cheer, Boys, Cheer," and of more than 800 other songs which were popular in their day, had many amusing experiences when he sang his ballads on various occasions.

Once, after rendering "Woodman, Spare That Tree," a gentleman rose in the gallery and asked, "Was the tree spared?" On being answered in the affirmative by, with a sigh of heartfelt relief, exclaimed, "Thank God for that!"

After singing the song of "The Dog Tarlo," who jumped off an Atlantic liner and saved a child's life, Russell was gravely waited upon by a couple of Yorkshire miners, who begged him for a pup.

One of Russell's songs, of which the words were changed in accordance with the altered conditions, is our national anthem, "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean."—Argonaut.

Sunday Habits.

The average man does himself so much harm on Sunday that he does not recover until the following Wednesday. In the first place, he loafs around the house, instead of being active, as on weekdays. In the next place, he eats his breakfast later than usual, and his dinner earlier, and the result is that he is knocked out until Wednesday. The best thing to do on Sunday is to conform to your usual habits as much as possible.—Atchison Globe.

A Power From the Small Boy.

Mamma—Johnny, hold those canned peas, Bridget. They only want to be warmed.

Little Tommy—Mamma, peas can't talk, can they?

Mamma—Of course not, dear. Why?

Little Tommy—Then how do you know what they want?—Philadelphia Press.

A man has no more right to say an unkind thing than to act one, no more right to say a rude thing to another than to knock him down.

The first time a man is appointed on a "committee" he is very apt to think his position a very important one.—Atchison Globe.

For Plain and Fancy Job Printing of all Kinds Call at the Dispatch Office. Fine Commercial Printing A specialty Give Us A Call.

DELINQUENT TAX LIST ...OF... Crow Wing Co.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Crow Wing. }
District Court, Fifteenth Judicial District.

The State of Minnesota, to all persons, companies or corporations, who have or claim any estate, right, title or interest in, claim to or lien upon, any of the tracts, lots or parcels of land in the list hereto attached, described: The list of taxes and penalties on real property, for the year or years hereinafter stated, for the County of Crow Wing, remaining delinquent on the first Monday in January 1901, have been filed in the office of Clerk of District Court of the County of Crow Wing, of which that hereto attached is a copy; therefore, you and each of you are hereby required to file in the office of said clerk, on or before the 25th day of March, 1901, your answer in writing, setting forth any objection or defense, if any have or claim to have, to the taxes or penalties thereof, upon any tract or parcel of land described in said list, in, to or on which you have or claim any estate, right, title, interest, claim or lien, and in default thereof, judgment will be entered against such piece or parcel of land, for the taxes in said list appearing against it, and for all possible interest and costs.

Dated at Brainerd, the 5th day of February, 1901.

W. A. M. JOHNSTON,
Clerk of District Court for the County of Crow Wing, Minn.

(Whenever the notation "less interest of the St. Paul & Duluth R. R. Co. and N. P. Ry. Co." appears as a part of any description of land in the following list, it means that the title and interest of the St. Paul & Duluth R. R. Co. and N. P. Ry. Co. or its trustees or mortgagees, is not in any way to be impaired or affected by the judgment to be entered in these proceedings, and that only the interest of the purchaser or purchasers from said company or companies shall be affected by and tax judgment or sale (hereunder.)

Dated February 5th, 1901.

W. A. M. JOHNSTON,
Clerk of the District Court in and for the County of Crow Wing, Minn.

A List of Delinquent Taxes upon Real Estate, within the County of Crow Wing, State of Minnesota, remaining delinquent and unpaid on the first Monday in January, 1901, and the penalties accrued thereon.

CITY OF BRAINERD.
Town of Brainerd.

Name of owner	Description of property	Sec.	Twp.	Range	Taxes	Penalty	Total Delinquent
					$ Cts	$ Cts	$ Cts
Clara Dressen	4	43	1897	29.03	2.90		32.93
			1898	29.03	2.90		
O Grandelmyer	12	43	1898	60.85	12.18		108.73
C B Hooper By Francis and	16	43	1899	317.50	47.62		365.12
do 18 feet in s s							
do							
L P White	11	43	1897	17.63	2.64		20.27
			1898	17.63	1.76		
			1899	19.06	1.90		
do	12	43	1897	11.76	1.76		13.52
			1898	11.76	1.18		
			1899	12.70	1.27		
A C Wenzel	13	44	1898	95.12	9.51		67.60
			1899	104.65	10.46		
A C Wenzel	14	44	1897	11.67	1.80		41.94
			1898	19.00	1.90		
			1899	19.00	1.90		
do	15	44	1898	14.25	2.13		47.42
			1899	14.25	2.13		
			1900	15.67	2.35		
do	16	44	1898	19.00	2.85		56.54
			1899	19.00	2.85		
			1900	20.90	3.14		
do	17	44	1897	17.40	2.61		62.42
			1898	19.00	2.85		
			1899	19.00	2.85		
do	18	44	1898	23.75	3.56		69.00
			1899	23.75	3.56		
			1900	26.12	3.92		
E L Spaus, 28 x 60 feet			1897	17.40	2.61		44.64
south end of lot 4	16	45	1899	30.40	3.65		62.08
George Gardner	22	45	1900	33.44	5.01		
Leland & Witt	7	46	1898	34.73	5.10		61.66
			1899	37.49	5.62		
do	8	46	1896	17.09	2.61		65.49
			1897	17.09	2.56		
			1898	18.80	2.81		
			1899	15.02	1.50		
do	9	46	1897	15.02	2.25		55.32
			1898	16.45	2.46		
			1899	18.07	1.80		
do	10	46	1898	18.44	2.67		49.65
			1899	19.52	1.95		
			1897	19.98	7.22		
do	11	46	1898	21.97	3.29		37.37
			1899	11.75	1.18		
			1896	17.98	2.70		
do	12	46	1897	17.98	1.79		35.56
			1898	19.78	1.98		
Nick Schroeder	23	46	1897	17.40	2.61		19.17
do	24	46	1898	16.57	1.66		18.23
do	25	46	1899	11.75	1.18		12.93
Mary Gray	1	47	1896	107.50	17.12		125.62
			1897	124.03	20.10		
			1898	137.40	27.48		
			1899	68.00	10.20		
do	4	47	1896	71.25	10.68		103.21
			1897	71.25	10.68		
			1898	79.00	11.85		
			1899	69.00	10.35		
do	5	47	1896	71.25	10.68		103.21
			1897	71.25	10.68		
			1898	79.00	11.85		
			1899	69.00	10.35		
L P White, Sr	4	47	1897	20.10	3.01		113.07
			1898	22.30	3.34		
			1899	23.20	2.32		
			1896	23.20	3.48		
do	5	47	1897	24.00	3.60		136.16
			1898	26.60	3.99		
			1899	23.80	2.38		
A Fredrickson	14	47	1899	20.05	6.02		26.07
J O'Neill	15	47	1899	14.25	4.28		18.53
W H Lawe	1	48	1899	26.20	3.34		27.03
Margaret Kantor	5	48	1899	8.40	1.26		9.66
do	6	48	1899	6.67	1.41		10.21
Jerome Kelleher	3	48	1899	8.00	1.20		9.20
do	4	48	1899	4.00			4.00
do	5	48	1899	4.50			5.05
Mary Gray, north 116 feet	7	48	1899	12.46	4.15		16.61
J O'Neill	8	48	1899	14.25	2.13		16.41
D P Beaton	9	48	1899	10.40	2.54		12.94
L S & P S Co	12	48	1899	19.15	2.87		
			1900	19.00	4.55		27.09
			1901	19.80	2.97		
			1896	4.20	.63		
L P White, Sr	13	48	1897	4.20	.63		25.72
			1898	4.75	.71		
			1899	4.75	.71		
			1900	19.00	4.75		
			1901	19.80	2.97		
M R Hanzlik	4	50	1897	20.10	3.01		108.35
			1898	22.30	3.34		
			1899	23.20	2.32		
			1896	8.40	1.26		
do	5	50	1897	8.40	1.26		119.46
			1898	9.35	1.41		
			1899	9.35	1.41		
			1900	19.00	4.75		
			1901	19.80	2.97		
do	6	50	1897	8.40	1.26		41.34
			1898	9.35	1.41		
			1899	9.35	1.41		
			1900	19.00	4.75		
			1901	19.80	2.97		
A Atherton	10	50	1896	20.97	3.14		150.35
			1897	20.97	3.14		
			1898	23.30	3.49		
			1899	23.30	2.33		

Name of owner	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year for which taxes are delinquent	Am't of taxes delinquent	Penalty	Total taxes and Penalty
					$ Cts	$ Cts	$ Cts
do		13	50	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.44 7.62 8.31 8.22	1.11 1.14 1.25 1.23	36.32
B M Stiles		15	50	1899	21.74	3.26	25.00
do		16	50	1899	13.52	2.03	15.55
Mary Abear		1	51	1899	11.75	1.74	13.49
do		2	51	1899	3.52	.52	4.04
Mrs J O'Neil		3	51	1899	10.58	1.59	12.17
do		4	51	1899	22.33	3.35	25.68
Josephine Heath		7	51	1896 1897 1898 1899	9.57 9.79 9.50 9.40	1.44 1.47 1.47 1.41	44.00
do		8	51	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 4.75 4.70	.80 .81 .71 .71	23.24
Wm Steele		9	51	1898	1.78	.27	2.05
do		10	51	1898	1.78	.27	2.05
L P White		14	51	1896 1897 1898 1899	13.13 10.87 15.44 15.27	.97 1.63 2.31 2.29	64.91
John N Nevers		16	51	1899	3.53	.52	4.05
do		17	51	1899	3.52	.52	4.04
Alvin Eastman		18	51	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 4.75 4.70	.80 .81 .71 .71	23.24
P Montgomery		19	51	1899	15.27	2.29	17.56
do		20	51	1899	3.53	.52	4.05
L S & P S Co		22	51	1896 1897 1898	9.67 9.79 9.50	1.44 1.47 1.42	32.79
Susan Deiter		23	51	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 3.56 3.53	.64 .65 .53 .53	18.04
do		24	51	1896 1897 1898 1899	11.69 11.97 7.12 7.05	1.75 1.80 1.06 1.05	43.49
A A Davis		7	52	1896 1897 1898 1899	8.50 8.70 10.62 9.40	1.28 1.30 1.59 1.41	42.80
do		8	52	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.44 7.62 8.31 8.22	1.11 1.14 1.25 1.23	36.32
do		9	52	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.44 7.62 8.31 8.23	1.11 1.14 1.25 1.23	36.32
A Ingraham		10	52	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.44 7.62 8.31 8.22	1.11 1.14 1.25 1.23	36.32
do		11	52	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.44 7.62 8.31 8.23	1.11 1.14 1.25 1.23	36.32
do		12	52	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.44 7.62 8.31 8.22	1.11 1.14 1.25 1.23	36.32
L P White north 50 ft		16	52	1899	3.09	.47	3.56
do		17	52	1899	8.22	1.23	9.45
do		18	52	1899	47.00	7.05	54.05
L P White jr		1	54	1896 1897 1898 1899	27.63 28.28 30.87 30.55	4.14 4.25 4.62 4.58	134.92
do		2	54	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 5.94 5.87	.80 .81 .89 .87	25.95
do		3	54	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 5.94 5.88	.80 .81 .89 .88	25.96
Johnson & Farrar		4	54	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.57 5.44 5.94 5.87	1.44 .81 .89 .88	30.84
do		5	54	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.19 5.44 5.94 5.98	.48 .81 .89 .88	23.51
Lena D Mattson		6	54	1896 1897 1899	9.57 22.84 29.38	1.44 3.42 4.41	71.06
Neal Farnham		9	54	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 5.94 5.88	.79 .81 .89 .88	25.95
do		10	54	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 5.94 5.88	.79 .81 .89 .88	25.95
do		11	54	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 5.94 5.87	.79 .81 .89 .88	25.95
do		12	54	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 5.94 5.87	.79 .81 .89 .88	25.95
R J Hartley, 75 feet west end lots 13 to		18	54	1896 1897 1898 1899	13.82 14.14 15.44 15.27	2.07 2.11 2.31 2.30	67.76
A L Hoffman west 50 feet of east 75 feet lots 13 to		18	54	1896 1897 1898 1899	8.50 8.70 10.68 9.40	1.28 1.30 1.61 1.41	42.88
Neal Farnham		19	54	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 4.75 4.70	.63 .65 .71 .70	16.74
do		20	54	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 4.75 4.70	.63 .65 .71 .70	16.74
do		21	54	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 4.75 4.70	.63 .65 .71 .70	16.74
do		22	54	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 4.75 4.70	.63 .65 .71 .70	16.74
do		23	54	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 4.75 4.70	.63 .65 .71 .70	16.74
do		24	54	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 5.94 5.88	.80 .81 .88 .87	25.94
John Bishop		2	59	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.19 3.27 2.47 2.35	.48 .50 .36 .34	12.86
do		3	59	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.19 3.27 2.37 2.35	.48 .50 .36 .34	12.86
L S & P S Co		4	59	1899	2.35	.34	2.69
do		5	59	1899	14.10	2.11	16.21
D F Sexton		22	59	1898 1899	2.37 2.35	.35 .34	5.42
do		23	59	1898 1899	2.38 2.35	.36 .34	5.43
do		24	59	1898 1899	3.56 3.53	.54 .52	8.15
Frank Wesley		1	61	1898	1.42	.21	1.63
F Summerfield			61	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 3.56 3.52	.63 .65 .54 .52	18.02
do			61	1896 1897 1898 1899	35.07 35.89 38.00 37.60	5.25 5.38 5.70 5.64	168.54
May Shupe		3	63	1899	5.40	.81	6.21
J J Howe and A A White		1	64	1896 1897 1898 1899	.53 .54 1.19 1.18	.08 .08 .18 .18	3.96
do		2	64	1896 1897 1898 1899	.22 .33 .71 .70	.05 .05 .10 .10	2.36
do		3	64	1896 1897 1898 1899	.21 .22 .47 .47	.03 .04 .08 .08	1.60
do		4	64	1896 1897 1898 1899	.22 .22 .48 .47	.04 .04 .08 .08	1.63
do			64	1896 1897 1898 1899	.21 .22 .47 .47	.03 .04 .08 .08	1.60
do			64	1896 1897 1898 1899	.22 .22 .48 .47	.04 .04 .08 .08	1.63
C M Patch east 100 feet lots 7 to		12	64	1896 1897 1898 1899	18.07 18.49 20.19 20.00	2.70 2.78 3.03 3.00	88.24
A A White und. ½ int west 50 feet lots 7 to		12	64	1896 1897 1898 1899	[illegible]	.63 .65 .75 .75	20.83
J J Howe und ½ int west 50 feet lots 7 to		12	64	1898 1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	10.95
J J Howe and A A White ½ interest lots 13 to		24	64	1896 1897	2.40 2.30	[illegible]	5.40
J J Howe and A A White lots 13 to		24	64	1898 1899	6.17 6.1[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mary Gray		18	65	1896 1897 1898	3.19 3.27 2.38	.48 .49 .36	[illegible]
do		19	65	1896 1897 1898	12.75 13.05 10.69	1.91 1.95 1.61	41.96
Lillian M Follett		7	66	1896 1897 1898 1899	18.07 18.49 20.19 19.97	2.70 2.78 3.03 3.00	88.23
do		8	66	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 5.94 5.87	.80 .81 .88 .87	25.93
H C Miller east 50 feet lots 19 to		24	66	1896 1897 1898 1899	6.72 6.88 14.25 14.10	1.01 1.04 2.13 2.11	48.24
George E Gardner west 125 feet lots 13, 14 and		15	67	1899	352.50	52.88	405.38
C Kinkele		16	67	1896 1897 1898 1899	76.50 78.30 83.15 82.25	11.47 11.75 12.48 12.33	370.21
do		17	67	1896 1897 1898 1899	18.63 10.87 11.87 11.75	2.79 1.64 1.78 1.76	61.08
J S Gardner west 75 feet lots 22, 23 and		24	67	1896 1897 1898 1899	31.88 32.63 40.87 39.95	4.78 4.89 6.06 5.98	166.54
Lillian M Follett		8	68	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.44 7.62 8.32 8.23	1.11 1.14 1.25 1.23	36.34
do		9	68	1896 1897 1898 1899	22.83 22.84 24.94 24.67	3.34 3.42 3.73 3.71	109.97
do south half		10	68	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.75 4.05 4.18 4.13	.57 .60 .63 .61	18.52
H C Miller east 75 feet lots 13 to		18	68	1896 1897 1898 1899	22.82 30.45 21.94 24.68	3.42 4.56 3.74 3.71	118.32
Mary Howe west 100 ft 19 to		24	68	1899	38.18	5.73	43.91
Maria Ambly east 115 ft 1 &		2	69	1899	16.45	2.46	18.91
Wm Ferris		5	70	1896 1897 1898 1899	42.50 43.50 47.50 47.00	6.38 6.53 7.11 7.05	207.57
do		6	70	1896 1897 1898 1899	8.50 8.70 9.50 9.40	1.28 1.31 1.43 1.41	41.53
Vannie E Smith		1	72	1899	59.93	8.99	68.92
do		2	72	1899	11.75	1.71	13.46
do		3	72	1899	11.75	1.71	13.46
Jennie Barber		6	74	1899	10.57	1.59	12.16
do south 25 ft lot 7 to		12	74	1899	57.57	8.64	66.21
Nancy Thompson 50 x 75 ft east end lots 22, 23 and		24	74	1899	11.75	1.71	13.46
Carrie E Pegg		11	80	1899	8.22	1.23	9.45
do		12	80	1899	28.20	4.23	32.43
Thos Templeton		19	96	1899	5.64	.84	6.48
do		20	96	1899	2.35	.36	2.71
Peter Early		16	98	1899	18.80	2.82	21.62
do		17	98	1899	1.76	.27	2.03
Wm Gergen		20	99	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.44 8.16 8.75 8.22	1.11 1.21 1.31 1.23	37.43
Nellie Matteson		7	100	1899	41.13	6.17	47.30
do		8	100	1899	8.22	1.23	9.45
do south 10 feet		9	100	1899	3.29	.50	3.79
J S Gardner north 18 feet		2	101	1898 1899	2.97 5.88	.45 .89	21.75
do		3	101	1898 1899	4.16 5.88	.62 .89	21.75
do		4	101	1898 1899	27.05 55.22	4.19 8.28	95.64
do		5	101	1896 1897 1898 1899	19.13 19.58 21.98 21.15	2.87 2.93 3.21 3.17	93.42
J S Gardner		6	101	1896 1897 1898 1899	76.50 78.30 85.50 84.60	11.48 11.75 12.83 12.69	373.64
do		7	101	1896 1897 1898 1899	8.50 8.70 9.50 9.40	1.28 1.31 1.43 1.41	41.53
C H Krech		8	101	1899	12.34	1.85	14.19
J S Gardner		21	101	1896 1897 1898 1899	6.38 6.52 5.94 5.88	.96 .98 .89 .88	28.43
do		22	101	1896 1897 1898 1899	6.38 6.52 5.94 5.87	.96 .98 .89 .88	28.42
do		23	101	1896 1897 1898 1899	48.88 50.05 53.44 52.88	7.32 7.50 8.01 7.94	236.02
do		24	101	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.44 7.62 7.12 7.05	1.11 1.14 1.07 1.05	33.60
John Orth		7	103	1896 1897 1898 1899	19.13 19.58 20.19 19.98	2.87 2.94 3.03 3.00	90.72
H A Follett		8	103	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 3.27 2.85 2.82	.63 .50 .42 .42	15.16
L P White sr		9	103	1896 1897 1898 1899	20.19 3.27 2.85 2.82	3.03 .48 .42 .42	33.48
do		10	103	1896 1897 1898 1899	8.50 8.70 9.24 8.91	1.28 1.31 1.38 1.34	40.68
L P White Sr west ½		11	103	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 4.28 4.23	.63 .65 .63 .63	19.65
do west ½		12	103	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.07 1.09 .95 3.94	.17 .17 .14 .59	8.11
do		14	103	1896 1897 1898 1899	.42 .44 .24 .23	.06 .06 .03 .03	1.51
do		15	103	1896 1897 1898 1899	.42 .48 .24 .23	.06 .06 .03 .03	1.50
do		16	103	1896 1897 1898 1899	.42 .44 .21 .24	.06 .06 .03 .03	1.51
do		17	103	1896 1897 1898 1899	.42 .43 .24 .23	.06 .06 .03 .03	1.50
do		18	103	1896 1897 1898 1899	.42 .44 .24 .24	.06 .06 .03 .03	1.52
do		19	103	1896 1897 1898 1899	.42 .43 .24 .23	.06 .06 .03 .03	1.50
do		20	103	1896 1897 1898 1899	.42 .44 .24 .24	.06 .06 .03 .03	1.52
do		21	103	1896 1897 1898 1899	.42 .43 .24 .23	.06 .06 .03 .03	1.50
L P White, sr the part west of mill track lots 22 23		24	103	1896 1897 1898 1899	.85 .87 .47 .47	.12 .14 .08 .08	3.08
B A Ferris		13	110	1899	9.40	1.41	10.81
do		14	110	1899	8.23	1.23	9.46
do		15	110	1899	8.22	1.23	9.45
do		16	110	1899	8.23	1.23	9.46
do		17	110	1899	8.22	1.23	9.45
do		18	110	1899	8.23	1.23	9.46
Henry Mahle		5	112	1898 1899	7.13 7.05	1.07 1.05	16.30
do		6	112	1898 1899	7.12 7.05	1.07 1.05	16.29
Wm Ferris		10	112	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		11	112	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		12	112	1899	8.22	1.23	9.45
do		13	112	1899	8.23	1.23	9.46
do		14	112	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		15	112	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		16	112	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		17	112	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		18	112	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		19	112	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		20	112	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		21	112	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		22	112	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		23	112	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		24	112	1899	8.22	1.23	9.45
W D McKay		all	114	1899	326.65	49.00	375.65
Agnes A Gillis east 125 ft 3		4	125	1899	24.20	3.63	27.83
Kate Foster		11	125	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 4.75 4.70	.63 .64 .71 .70	20.73
do		12	125	1896 1897 1898 1899	20.19 20.67 22.56 22.33	3.03 3.10 3.39 3.34	98.61
L P White jr		15	125	1896 1897 1898 1899	.43 .44 .24 .23	.07 .07 .04 .04	1.55
do		16	125	1896 1897 1898 1899	.43 .44 .24 .24	.06 .06 .04 .04	1.55
do		17	125	1896 1897 1898 1899	.43 .43 .24 .23	.06 .06 .04 .03	1.52
do		18	125	1896 1897 1898 1899	.43 .44 .24 .24	.06 .06 .03 .03	1.53
Agnes Blattner		2	127	1899	18.80	2.82	21.62
Fred Blattner		3	127	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		4	127	1899	27.03	4.05	31.08
A G Lagerquist		5	127	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		6	127	1899	21.15	3.16	24.31
Geo Keough		12	129	1896	31.67	4.75	36.42
Chas Van Wagner		11	130	1896 1897 1898 1899	14.88 15.22 16.62 16.45	2.23 2.28 2.49 2.47	72.64
do		12	130	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.44 7.62 8.31 8.23	1.11 1.14 1.25 1.23	36.33
Wm Ferris		15	130	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		16	130	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		17	130	1899	7.05	1.06	8.11
do		18	130	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		19	130	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		20	130	1899	7.05	1.06	8.11
do		21	130	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		22	130	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		23	130	1899	7.05	1.06	8.11
do		24	130	1899	11.50	1.72	13.22
H W Simmons		23	132	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		24	132	1899	36.43	5.46	41.89
J R Howes		5	138	1896 1897 1898 1899	24.44 25.02 27.31 27.02	3.66 3.75 4.10 4.05	119.35
do		6	138	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.44 7.62 8.31 8.31	1.12 1.14 1.25 1.25	36.44
D D Smith		13	138	1899	21.15	3.17	24.32
do		14	138	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
Mrs C E Smith		10	140	1899	3.53	.53	4.06
do		11	140	1899	3.53	.52	4.05
do		12	140	1899	13.51	2.02	15.53
N W Wheatley		13	140	1896 1897 1898 1899	8.50 8.70 8.21 8.23	1.28 1.31 1.23 1.23	36.69
do		14	140	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.44 7.62 7.12 7.05	1.11 1.14 1.07 1.05	33.60
do		15	140	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.44 7.62 7.13 7.05	1.11 1.14 1.07 1.05	33.61
do		16	140	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.44 7.62 7.12 7.05	1.11 1.14 1.07 1.05	33.60
do		17	140	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.44 7.62 7.13 7.05	1.11 1.14 1.07 1.05	33.61
do		18	140	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.44 7.62 7.12 7.05	1.11 1.14 1.07 1.05	33.60
do		19	140	1896 1897 1899	7.44 7.62 7.05	1.11 1.14 1.05	25.37
Sam Walker		20	140	1899	3.53	.53	4.06
do		21	140	1898 1899	7.13 3.52	1.07 .53	12.25
D E Hamilton east 25 feet lots 1, 2, 3 and		4	142	1899	15.28	2.29	17.57
Brd Co-op. B & L Ass'n		7	142	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.07 1.09 1.19 1.18	.16 .16 .18 .18	5.21
do		8	142	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.47 1.09 1.19 1.17	.52 .16 .18 .17	7.95
do		9	142	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.07 1.09 43.60 1.18	.16 .16 6.54 .18	53.98
do		10	142	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.07 1.09 1.19 1.17	.16 .16 .18 .18	5.20
do		11	142	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.07 1.09 1.19 1.18	.16 .16 .18 .18	5.21
do		12	142	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.24 1.53 1.66 1.64	.48 .23 .25 .25	9.28
Robert Gray west 75 feet lots 22, 23 and		24	144	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 1.19 1.17	.38 .39 .18 .18	8.65
A A White		7	158	1896 1897 1898	1.07 1.09 .71	.16 .16 .10	3.29
do		8	158	1896 1897 1898	1.07 1.09 .72	.16 .16 .10	3.30
do		9	158	1896 1897 1898	1.07 1.09 .71	.16 .16 .10	3.29
do		10	158	1896 1897 1898	1.07 1.09 .71	.16 .16 .10	3.29
do		11	158	1896 1897 1898	1.07 1.09 .71	.16 .16 .10	3.29
do		12	158	1896 1897 1898	1.07 1.09 .72	.16 .16 .10	3.30
J P Riggs		13	158	1896 1897 1898 1899	12.75 13.05 14.01 6.94	1.91 1.96 2.11 1.04	53.77
do		16	158	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.07 1.09 .95 .47	.16 .16 .15 .07	4.12
do		17	158	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.07 1.09 .95 .94	.16 .16 .15 .15	4.67
Chas Johnson		18	158	1899	11.28	1.68	12.96
do		19	158	1899	.70	.11	.81
David Ebinger		22	158	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.44 7.64 5.22 5.17	1.11 1.14 .78 .47	29.25
C Peterson 50ft E end lot 1.		6	159	1899	11.17	1.68	12.85
S W Gray 25 ft E end lots 7		12	159	1898	13.05	1.96	15.01
D F Sexton west 25 feet of center 50ft lots 7 to		12	159	1899	10.57	1.59	12.16
G D LaBar E½ lots 7 to		12	160	1899	10.57	1.59	12.16
Augusta Otto		15	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.83 3.92 3.82 3.29	.57 .59 .50 .50	16.62
H J Fredericks		15	160	1899	12.93	1.94	14.87
John Cole		20	160	1899	19.97	2.99	22.96
N W Wheatley		4	162	1899	5.88	.88	6.76
do		5	162	1899	8.23	1.23	9.46
Fannie Muirine		13	162	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.44 7.62 7.91 7.05	1.11 1.14 1.19 1.05	34.51
do		14	162	1896 1897 1898 1899	6.38 6.52 5.94 5.87	.96 .98 .88 .87	28.40
do		15	162	1896 1897 1898 1899	6.38 6.52 5.94 2.94	.96 .98 .88 .44	25.04
do		16	162	1899	19.39	2.91	22.30
do		17	162	1899	2.94	.44	3.38
do		18	162	1899	14.69	2.21	16.90
Allison Allen		19	162	1899	5.88	.87	6.75
do		20	162	1899	5.87	.87	6.74
do		21	162	1898 1899	5.94 5.88	.88 .87	13.57
Eva Earl E 80 ft lots 22, 23,		24	162	1899	43.00	6.45	49.45
Chas Kinkle		6	163	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.50 4.35 4.55 3.52	.68 .65 .68 .53	19.46
do		7	163	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 3.56 3.54	.63 .65 .53 .53	18.03
H J Spencer		10	163	1899	1.75	.26	2.01
do		11	163	1899	1.75	.26	2.01
S & J Palmer west 100 feet		21	163	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.74 5.88 6.17 6.11	.86 .87 .93 .92	27.68
Maria Benson west 20 feet of east 50 feet		21	163	1899	.12	.03	.15
do west 120 feet of lots 22, 23 and		24	163	1899	12.34	1.85	14.19
W W Hartley south 10 feet of east 100 ft south 15 ft of west 50 feet		3	168	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.00 3.00 3.00 2.82	.45 .45 .45 .42	13.59
A Everett north 15 feet of east 100 ft, n 10 ft of w 50ft		3	168	1899	3.06	.46	3.52
do		4	168	1899	19.97	3.00	22.97
C D Johnson		10	170	1899	2.91	.43	3.34
do		11	170	1899	35.25	5.28	40.53
do		12	170	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
Fannie E Smith		13	170	1896 1897 1898 1899	6.38 6.52 7.12 7.05	.96 .97 1.06 1.05	31.11
do		14	170	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 5.94 5.87	.80 .81 .89 .87	25.94
do		15	170	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 5.94 5.88	.80 .81 .89 .87	25.95
do		16	190	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 5.94 5.87	.80 .81 .89 .87	25.94
May Howe W 75 ft lots 19 to		24	170	1899	35.25	5.28	40.53
Lena M Koop		1	172	1899	77.55	11.63	89.18
do		2	172	1899	5.88	.87	6.75
do		3	172	1899	5.87	.87	6.74
do		4	172	1899	5.88	.87	6.75
do		5	172	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 5.94 5.87	.80 .81 .89 .87	25.94
do		6	172	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 5.94 5.88	.80 .81 .89 .87	25.95
E H Simmons		7	172	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.97 5.44 5.94 5.87	.90 .81 .89 .88	26.70
do		8	172	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 5.94 5.88	.80 .81 .89 .88	25.96
do		9	172	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.52 5.44 5.94 5.87	.82 .81 .89 .88	26.17
Neal Farnham		13	172	1896 1897 1898 1899	6.38 6.52 5.94 5.87	.96 .97 .89 .88	28.41
do		14	172	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 4.75 4.70	.80 .81 .71 .70	23.23
do		15	172	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 4.75 4.70	.80 .81 .71 .70	23.23
do		16	172	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 4.75 4.70	.80 .81 .71 .70	23.23
Mary Carney		17	172	1899	4.70	.70	5.40
do		18	172	1899	4.70	.70	5.40
Joseph Terdy		1	183	1899	19.97	3.00	22.97
do		2	183	1899	2.82	.42	3.24
Minn. Sav. Fund & Inv Co		8	183	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.19 3.27 4.15 2.82	.48 .49 .61 .42	15.43
do		9	183	1896 1897 1898 1899	15.94 16.32 17.10 16.92	2.39 2.44 2.56 2.53	76.22
J H Bradford		16	183	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.65 7.83 8.31 8.22	1.14 1.17 1.24 1.23	36.79
do		17	183	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.28 1.31 1.19 1.17	.19 .19 .18 .18	5.69
John A Campbell		18	183	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.65 7.83 8.31 8.23	1.14 1.17 1.25 1.23	36.81
do		19	183	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.28 1.31 1.19 1.18	.19 .20 .18 .18	5.71
J J Howe Lumber Co		5	185	1898 1899	4.75 4.70	.71 .70	10.86
do		6	185	1898 1899	4.91 4.70	.74 .70	10.05
do		7	185	1898 1899	4.75 4.70	.71 .70	10.86
do		8	185	1898 1899	4.75 4.70	.71 .70	10.86
do		9	185	1898 1899	4.75 4.70	.71 .70	10.86
Esther McNaughton		13	185	1896 1897 1898 1899	17.00 17.40 15.44 15.27	2.55 2.61 2.31 2.30	74.88
do north half		14	185	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.18 1.80 1.78	.32 .33 .27 .27	9.08
J J Howe Lumber Co		20	185	1898 1899	3.57 3.52	.54 .53	8.16
do		21	185	1898 1899	3.56 3.53	.54 .53	8.16
do		22	185	1898 1899	3.57 3.53	.54 .53	8.17
Mrs J B Wilson		3	187	1898 1899	3.80 1.88	.57 .28	6.53
do		4	187	1898 1899	22.80 11.23	3.42 1.68	39.13
do		5	187	1898 1899	3.80 1.88	.57 .28	6.53
do		6	187	1898 1899	3.80 1.88	.57 .28	6.53
C Kinkele		17	187	1898 1899	4.75 4.70	.71 .70	10.86
do		18	187	1898 1899	4.75 4.70	.71 .70	10.86
H M Shaw		19	187	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 10.88 4.75 4.70	.80 1.56 .71 .70	28.92
do		20	187	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 10.88 4.75 4.70	.80 1.56 .71 .70	28.92
M A Whiteley		1	190	1899	25.85	3.87	29.72
do		2	190	1899	3.52	.52	4.04
do		3	190	1899	3.53	.52	4.05
do		4	190	1899	3.52	.52	4.04
do		5	190	1899	3.54	.53	4.06
do		6	190	1899	3.52	.52	4.04
J S Blackney, west 50 feet lots 19 to		24	190	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.44 7.62 8.32 8.22	1.11 1.14 1.24 1.23	36.32
G W Holland east 100 feet lots 19 to		24	190	1896 1897 1898 1899	17.00 17.40 14.25 14.10	2.55 2.61 2.18 2.12	72.16
F J Slipp south 75 feet lots 13 to		16	192	1896 1897 1898 1899	15.94 16.32 14.47 7.05	2.38 2.44 2.17 1.05	61.82
Emma Hollembeck north 75 feet lots 13 to		18	192	1899	18.21	2.73	20.44
A P Bigg		10	196	1896 1897 1898	5.32 5.44 4.75	.80 .81 .71	17.83
Thos Kennedy		15	196	1896 1897 1898 1899	18.07 18.49 19.00 18.80	2.70 2.77 2.85 2.82	85.50
do		16	196	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 4.75 4.70	.80 .81 .71 .71	23.24
Mrs H Tucker		13	198	1897 1898 1899	5.44 4.75 4.70	.81 .71 .71	17.12
do		14	198	1897 1898 1899	5.44 4.75 4.70	.81 .71 .71	17.12
do		15	198	1897 1898	5.44 4.75	.81 .71	11.71
do		16	198	1897 1898	5.44 4.75	.81 .71	11.71
do		17	198	1897 1898 1899	5.44 4.75 4.70	.81 .71 .71	17.12
do		18	198	1897 1898 1899	6.52 5.94 5.88	.98 .89 .88	21.09
D F Sexton E 50 ft lots 19 to		24	198	1899	9.40	1.41	10.81
Arthur Martin		20	200	1898 1899	2.38 2.35	.36 .35	5.44
do		21	200	1898 1899	15.06 12.93	1.96 1.94	29.89
Mary Howe		22	200	1899	2.35	.36	2.71
do		23	200	1899	16.45	2.46	18.91
do		24	200	1899	2.94	.44	3.38
J A Thabes		7	202	1899	21.15	3.18	24.33
do		8	202	1899	3.52	.53	4.05
Sara E Kindred		11	202	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 3.57 3.53	.63 .64 .53 .53	18.03
do		12	202	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.52 5.92 4.75 4.70	.83 .89 .71 .70	24.02
M J Reilly east half		23	202	1899	.87	.12	.99
do		24	202	1899	23.50	3.53	27.03
Sam Walker		5	204	1899	4.70	.70	5.40
Henry Percy		6	204	1896 1897 1898 1899	10.41 10.06 10.69 10.58	1.56 1.61 1.61 1.60	48.72
C A Congdon south 50 feet lots 11 and		12	204	1896 1897 1899	14.88 15.52 13.86	2.24 2.28 2.08	50.56
J Hodgdon		13	204	1899	24.67	3.70	28.37
do		14	204	1899	2.82	.42	3.24
S H Parker		15	204	1896 1897 1898 1899	18.07 18.79 19.47 19.27	2.71 2.78 2.93 2.90	87.02
do		16	204	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.19 3.27 2.85 2.82	.48 .49 .42 .42	13.94
John C Bertram		17	204	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.19 3.27 2.61 2.59	.48 .49 .39 .39	13.41
do		18	204	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.98 3.04 2.37 2.35	.45 .45 .36 .35	12.35
M K Swartz		19	204	1899	1.18	.17	1.35
do		20	204	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		21	204	1899	7.05	1.05	8.10
do		22	204	1899	1.18	.17	1.35
Fannie Muirine		23	204	1896 1897 1898 1899	11.97 11.53 8.31 8.22	1.69 1.73 1.25 1.23	45.23
do		24	204	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.19 3.27 1.19 1.17	.48 .49 .18 .17	10.14
John Willis, west ½ lots 1 to		6	220	1897 1898 1899	8.70 7.13 7.05	1.30 1.06 1.05	26.29
J B Moore		7	220	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 4.75 4.70	.79 .81 .70 .70	23.32
do		8	220	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 3.56 3.52	.63 .64 .53 .52	18.00
do		9	220	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.33 3.57 3.51	.63 .64 .53 .52	18.02
do		10	220	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 3.56 3.52	.63 .64 .53 .52	18.00
do		11	220	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.83 2.92 3.09 3.06	.57 .58 .46 .46	15.97
do		12	220	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.40 3.48 2.51 2.58	.51 .52 .39 .38	13.87
A A White		13	220	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.98 3.04 2.37 2.35	.45 .46 .35 .35	12.35
do		14	220	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 2.14 2.12	.38 .39 .31 .31	10.81
do		15	220	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.18 1.90 1.88	.31 .32 .28 .27	9.27
do		16	220	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.18 1.90 1.88	.31 .32 .28 .27	9.27
do		17	220	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.18 1.90 1.88	.31 .32 .28 .27	9.27
do		18	220	1896 1897 1898 1899	8.50 8.70 1.90 1.88	1.28 1.31 .28 .27	24.12
Sarah E Kindred		3	222	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.68 4.79 4.04 4.00	.70 .72 .60 .60	20.13
do		4	222	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.47 4.57 3.80 3.76	.67 .68 .57 .56	19.08

First Addition to the Town of Brainerd.

Name of owner	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year for which taxes are delinquent	Am't of taxes delinquent	Penalty	Total taxes and Penalty
W J Wheeler		12a	36	1899	19.98	3.00	22.98
Blanche S Smith et al		5	39	1899	9.40	1.41	10.81
do		6	39	1899	11.75	1.76	13.51
do		9	39	1899	9.40	1.41	10.81
do		10	39	1899	9.40	1.41	10.81
do		11	39	1899	9.40	1.41	10.81
W S Hills		7	40	1899	24.67	3.70	28.37
do		8	40	1899	9.40	1.41	10.81
do		9	40	1899	35.25	5.28	40.53
Henry Bredfeld		13	41	1898 1899	118.75 117.50	17.82 17.63	271.70
Fred Luken		14	41	1899	126.90	19.04	145.94
W D McKay		22	42	1899	57.57	8.64	66.21
do		23	42	1899	57.57	8.64	66.21
J McNaughton		8	71	1896 1897 1898	27.13 19.58 21.37	4.07 2.94 2.21	78.30
L P Johnson		22	71	1899	9.40	1.41	10.81
do		23	71	1899	9.40	1.41	10.81
do		24	71	1899	34.08	5.10	39.18
L S & P S Co		8	73	1898 1899	7.12 7.05	1.07 1.05	16.29
do		9	73	1898 1899	8.23 8.23	1.25 1.23	19.03
B Peterson		1	75	1898 1899	15.67 15.51	2.34 2.33	35.85
do		2	75	1898 1899	1.43 1.41	.21 .21	3.26
B Peterson		3	75	1898 1899	1.42 1.41	.21 .21	3.25
do		4	75	1898 1899	1.43 1.41	.21 .21	3.26
J S Blackney		5	75	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.28 1.30 1.42 1.41	.19 .19 .21 .21	6.21
do		6	75	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.28 1.31 1.42 1.41	.19 .21 .21 .21	6.24
do		9	75	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.28 1.30 1.42 1.41	.19 .21 .21 .21	6.23
do		10	75	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.28 1.30 1.43 1.41	.19 .19 .21 .21	6.22
do		12	75	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.28 1.31 1.43 1.41	.19 .20 .21 .21	6.24
D F Sexton east 25 ft lots 21, 22, 23 and		24	75	1898 1899	4.04 4.00	.60 .60	9.24
do west 25 ft of east 50 ft lots 21, 22, 23, and		24	75	1898 1899	18.29 18.09	2.73 2.71	41.82
Emma E Wheatley		2	77	1899	5.88	.88	6.76
John Carlson		3	77	1899	2.35	.35	2.70
do		4	77	1899	16.45	2.46	18.91
Francis A Jay, west 25 feet lots 13 to		18	77	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.17 2.38 2.35	.32 .33 .36 .35	10.39
Wm Graham east 37½ feet of west 62½ feet lots 13-18			77	1898	2.37	.35	2.72
White & Whalen 100 feet east end		3	80	1899	10.10	1.51	11.61
Charles Whalen south half		4	80	1899	4.14	.61	4.75
J C Congdon 85 feetx50 feet east end lots 1 and		2	82	1899	22.80	3.42	26.22
J R Smith		6	82	1896 1897 1898 1899	10.63 10.87 17.81 17.62	1.59 1.63 2.67 2.64	65.56
Capitol Building Ass'n		7	82	1896 1897 1898 1899	12.75 13.05 15.44 15.28	1.91 1.95 2.31 2.29	64.98
do		8	82	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.07 1.09 1.19 1.17	.16 .16 .18 .18	5.20
Whidby Land Dev. Co		1	91	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.17 2.37 2.35	.32 .33 .35 .35	10.37
F G Sundberg		7	91	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.18 2.37 2.35	.32 .33 .35 .35	10.38
do		8	91	1896 1897 1898 1899	13.82 14.14 11.88 11.75	2.07 2.11 1.78 1.76	59.31
C Cedarholm		10	91	1899	7.05	1.06	8.11
Ed Johnson		11	91	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.17 2.37 2.35	.32 .33 .35 .35	10.38
L S & P S Co		12	91	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.77 2.83 2.38 2.35	.42 .42 .35 .35	11.87
do west 100 feet lots 13 to		24	91	1898 1899	5.70 5.64	.86 .84	13.04
Sam Walker		1	93	1896 1897	1.07 1.09	.16 .16	2.48
do east 25 feet 1 to		6	93	1898 1899	.47 .47	.07 .07	1.08
H W Simons		7	93	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.07 1.09 1.19 1.18	.16 .16 .18 .23	5.26
do		8	93	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.07 1.09 1.19 1.17	.16 .16 .18 .18	5.20
do		9	93	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.07 1.09 1.19 1.18	.16 .16 .18 .18	5.21
Dan Doran		2	95	1899	2.94	.44	3.38
do		3	95	1899	14.69	2.20	16.89
S W Quinn		7	95	1899	8.87	1.34	10.21
do		8	95	1899	2.98	.45	3.43
do south half		9	95	1899	1.46	.22	1.68
C B Sleeper		8	97	1896 1897 1898 1899	36.13 36.98 40.38 39.95	5.41 5.55 6.06 6.00	176.46
do		9	97	1896 1897 1898 1899	6.28 6.52 7.13 7.05	.96 .97 1.07 1.06	31.14
do		10	97	1896 1897 1898 1899	6.38 6.52 7.12 7.05	.96 .97 1.07 1.06	31.13
Cap Bldg As E 60ft lots 10 to 24			97	1899	47.00	7.05	54.05
A G Galiup		1	133	1899	14.10	2.11	16.21
Mrs E Morgan		2	133	1899	14.10	2.11	16.21
S G Whitman		7	133	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.40 3.48 3.80 3.76	.51 .52 .57 .57	16.61
do		8	133	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.19 3.27 3.56 3.53	.48 .49 .54 .53	16.59
L H Stallman		14	135	1899	14.10	2.11	16.21
do		15	135	1899	4.70	.70	5.40
Frank Thimes		25	157	1896 1897 1898 1899	12.75 13.05 14.25 14.10	1.91 1.95 2.13 2.11	62.25
Miller and Van Dyke		5	189	1898 1899	20.42 20.21	3.06 3.03	46.72
do		6	189	1898 1899	6.70 3.76	1.01 .56	12.03
Mons Mahlum north 25 ft of center 50 ft lots 7 to		12	189	1896 1897	4.25 4.35	.63 .65	9.88
R C Fletcher		13	189	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 3.80 3.76	.64 .65 .57 .57	18.59
do		14	189	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 3.80 3.76	.63 .65 .57 .57	18.58
R C Fletcher		15	189	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 3.80 3.76	.63 .65 .57 .57	18.59
do		16	189	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 3.80 3.76	.63 .65 .57 .57	18.62
do		17	189	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 3.80 3.75	.64 .65 .57 .57	18.59
do		18	189	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 4.75 4.80	.80 .81 .71 .71	23.34
Fred Luken		19	189	1896 1898 1899	21.88 34.67 34.21	4.78 5.20 5.15	115.99
do		20	189	1896 1898 1899	4.25 3.80 3.76	.64 .57 .57	13.59
do		21	189	1896 1898 1899	4.25 3.80 3.75	.64 .57 .57	13.59
J R Smith west 35 feet lots 22, 23, and		24	189	1896 1897 1898 1899	17.00 17.40 18.05 17.86	2.55 2.61 2.90 2.68	80.85

THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1901.

PAGES 13 TO 16.

Delinquent Tax List of Crow Wing County.

Continued from Page 12.

Name of owner	Subdivision of section	Section	Acres	Year for which taxes are delinquent	Am't of taxes delinquent $ Cts	Penalty $ Cts	Total taxes and Penalty $ Cts
Town of Daggett Brook—Town 43, Range 28.							
John Snadie	n½ se¼	2	80	1899	5.28	.79	6.07
do	se¼ se¼	2	40	1899	2.64	.39	3.03
do	lot 1	2	43	1899	2.60	.40	3.00
N P Clarke	ne¼ se¼	6	40	1896 1897 1898	2.56 2.44 2.92	.38 .37 .44	9.07
do	se¼ se¼	6	40	1896 1897 1898	2.56 2.44 2.92	.38 .37 .44	9.07
do	sw¼ se¼	6	40	1896 1897 1898	2.56 2.44 2.92	.38 .37 .44	9.07
Unknown	nw¼ se¼	6	40	1899	2.24	.34	2.58
O McGee	frl. sw¼ sw¼	7	55	1897 1898	3.47 2.16	.52 .49	8.54
do	nw¼ sw¼	7	55	1897 1898	3.47 3.94	.52 .59	8.54
N P Clarke	lots 3, 4	10	63	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.00 3.65 4.59 3.52	.60 .55 .69 .53	22.45
H C Waite	ne¼ nw¼	14	40	1896 1897 1898	2.54 2.44 2.94	.38 .37 .44	9.07
J D Smith	e½ sw¼	22	80	1896 1897 1898	5.04 4.89 5.81	.76 .73 .86	18.19
do	nw¼ sw¼	22	40	1899	2.21	.34	2.55
Jesse G Jones	se¼	33	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	10.10 9.78 10.40 8.96	1.51 1.47 1.56 1.34	45.12
do	n½ se¼	34	80	1896 1897 1898	5.00 4.98 5.20	.75 .74 .78	17.40
do	se¼ se¼	34	40	1896 1897 1898	2.52 2.44 2.60	.38 .37 .39	8.70
do	lot 6	34	38	1896 1897 1898	2.39 2.33 2.47	.36 .35 .37	8.27
Town 43, Range 29.							
Unknown	w½	5	320	1899	16.64	2.49	19.13
Edwin P Bentley	sw¼	6	160	1899	4.19	.63	4.82
N P Clarke	sw¼ se¼	14	40	1896	2.84	.43	3.27
do	nw¼ sw¼	14	40	1896	2.84	.43	3.27
John G Knebel	e½ sw¼	18	80	1899	3.04	.45	3.49
do	[illegible]	18	41	1899	1.27	.19	1.46
Unknown	n½	19	160	1899	8.32	1.24	9.56
do	nw¼	19	162	1899	8.43	1.26	9.69
do	sw¼	19	164	1899	8.42	1.26	9.68
do	se¼	19	160	1899	8.32	1.24	9.56
N P Clarke	ne¼ nw¼	20	40	1896 1899	1.42 2.48	.21 .37	4.48
do	nw¼ nw¼	20	40	1896 1899	1.42 2.48	.21 .37	4.48
do	sw¼ nw¼	20	40	1896 1899	1.42 2.48	.21 .37	4.48
do	se¼ nw¼	20	40	1896 1899	1.42 2.48	.21 .37	4.48
Wm Mattson	se¼ ne¼ ne¼ se¼	25	80	1899	4.16	.62	4.78
L Hamlin	nw¼ sw¼	31	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.84 2.20 2.60 2.48	.43 .33 .39 .37	11.64
do	se¼ sw¼	31	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.84 2.20 2.60 2.48	.43 .33 .39 .37	11.64
do	sw¼ sw¼	31	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.84 2.20 2.60 2.48	.43 .33 .39 .37	11.64
do	s½ se¼	31	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.68 4.41 5.20 4.16	.85 .66 .78 .62	22.35
do	ne¼ sw¼	31	40	1899	2.08	.31	2.39
Unknown	n½ se¼	31	80	1899	4.16	.62	4.78
do	n½	31	320	1899	16.64	2.49	19.13
J K Harmon	w½ nw¼	34	89	1896 1897 1898	5.65 4.40 5.20	.85 .66 .78	17.59
Town 43, Range 30.							
Unknown	e½ ne¼	1	80	1899	5.44	.82	6.26
do	e½ sw¼	1	80	1899	5.76	.86	6.62
H Fitzpatrick	w½ ne¼	2	80	1899	6.81	1.02	7.83
A Engelke	nw¼ se¼	2	40	1899	3.28	.49	3.77
Unknown	s½	3	320	1899	17.75	2.66	20.04
do	w½ ne¼	3	80	1899	4.43	.66	5.09
do	e½ nw¼	3	80	1899	4.44	.66	5.10
do	nw¼ nw¼	3	40	1899	2.22	.33	2.55
Felix Ducas	n½ ne¼	6	80	1899	10.87	1.63	12.50
do	sw¼ ne¼ ne¼ nw¼	6	80	1899	7.38	1.11	8.49
Joseph Wolvert	n½ nw¼	7	80	1899	7.30	1.10	8.40
do	s½ nw¼	7	80	1899	6.56	.98	7.54
J Wohlfater	se¼ nw¼	7	40	1899	3.59	.54	4.13
Unknown	se¼ ne¼	7	40	1899	3.28	.49	3.77
M Remmels	e½ ne¼	8	80	1899	10.12	1.51	11.63
do	nw¼ ne¼	8	40	1899	2.91	.44	3.35
do	ne¼ se¼	8	40	1899	4.83	.72	5.55
Geo Seibert	sw¼ nw¼	8	40	1899	3.60	.54	4.14
do	w½ sw¼	8	80	1899	5.52	.83	4.35
do	se¼ sw¼	8	40	1899	2.40	.36	2.76
John Seibert	w½ se¼	8	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	8.50 3.83 8.00 6.40	1.28 .57 1.20 .96	30.74
N P Ry Co	sw¼ nw¼	9	40	1899	3.20	.48	3.68
do	n½ nw¼	9	80	1899	6.40	.96	7.36
do	s½ ne¼	9	80	1899	6.40	.96	7.36
do	nw¼ ne¼	9	40	1899	3.20	.48	3.68
do	ne¼ se¼	9	40	1899	3.60	.54	4.14
do	nw¼ sw¼	9	40	1899	3.20	.48	3.68
S E Dugan	nw¼	14	160	1899	12.89	1.93	14.82
Charles Barker	e½ sw¼	15	80	1899	5.76	.86	6.62
Gustave Mann	s½ se¼	17	80	1899	6.40	.96	7.36
A B Wilson	ne¼	18	160	1899	9.68	1.45	11.13
F M Briggs	se¼ sw¼	18	40	1899	6.23	.93	7.16
Robert Focht	e½ se¼	19	80	1899	8.33	1.25	9.58
R Engest	w½ se¼	19	80	1897 1898 1899	6.56 7.44 5.44	.98 1.12 .82	22.36
Jenie Laughton	w½ ne¼	20	80	1898 1899	7.62 5.58	1.14 .84	15.18
Emma H Smith	nw¼	20	160	1899	13.19	1.98	15.18
N J Guila	nw¼ nw¼	22	40	1899	2.88	.43	3.31
A C Guiett	e½ e½	22	160	1898 1899	17.25 12.42	2.59 1.86	34.12
Clark&McClure	sw¼ sw¼	24	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.16 3.84 4.00 3.28	.47 .57 .60 .49	16.41
Chester Waite	nw¼ sw¼	26	40	1896 1898 1899	3.16 4.00 3.28	.47 .60 .49	12.00
do	sw¼ sw¼	26	40	1896 1898 1899	3.15 4.00 3.28	.47 .60 .49	12.00
do	se¼ sw¼	26	40	1896 1898 1899	3.16 4.00 3.28	.47 .60 .49	12.00
G W Clapp	ne¼ ne¼	28	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.64 3.44 4.04 3.12	.55 .52 .61 .47	16.39
do	nw¼ ne¼	28	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.64 3.44 4.04 3.12	.55 .52 .61 .47	16.40
do	e½ se¼	28	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.28 6.88 8.06 6.24	1.09 1.03 1.21 .94	32.75
Pascal Ducette	w½ nw¼	30	99	1899	7.87	1.18	9.05
do	nw¼ sw¼	30	40	1899	3.60	.54	4.14
do	w½ se¼ sw¼	30	20	1899	1.36	.20	1.56
Clark&M'Clure	nw¼ ne¼	34	40	1897 1898 1899	3.84 4.00 3.28	.58 .60 .49	12.79
W H Harrison	se¼ se¼	34	40	1897 1898	3.84 4.00	.58 .60	9.02
Town of St. Matthias—Town 43, Range 31.							
Unknown	se¼ nw¼	1	40	1898 1899	4.13 4.66	.62 .70	10.11
Wm Prentice	se¼ nw¼	7	40	1897 1898 1899	1.48 3.74 3.56	.22 .54 .53	10.09
do	w½ nw¼	7	80	1897 1898 1899	3.61 11.13 10.66	.54 1.67 1.60	29.21
Jerry Longee	sw¼	10	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	15.27 13.02 15.70 13.87	2.29 1.95 2.36 2.08	66.54
J Chisholm	n½ se¼	12	80	1896 1897 1898	7.14 3.79 8.40	1.07 .57 1.26	22.23
J M Kinney	s½ nw¼	19	80	1899	9.68	1.45	11.13
JBCaron	s½ ne¼ n½ se¼	20	160	1896 1897 1898	11.93 12.90 18.60	1.79 1.94 2.79	49.94
Aug Larson	se¼ se¼	27	40	1897	7.25	1.09	8.34
Sam James		28	160	1896 1897 1898	17.35 11.10 21.55	2.60 1.66 3.23	57.49
Wm Parsons	se¼ se¼	28	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.41 1.99 4.40 4.20	.66 .30 .66 .63	17.25
C Thompson	se¼	29	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	15.68 7.06 16.90 17.06	2.35 1.06 2.54 2.56	65.23
S N Beckman	ne¼ sw¼	29	40	1896 1897 1898	6.11 4.34 4.88	.92 .65 .73	17.63

Name of owner	Subdivision of section	Section	Acres	Year for which taxes are delinquent	Am't of taxes delinquent $ Cts	Penalty $ Cts	Total taxes and Penalty $ Cts
G S Willoughby	s½ sw¼ se¼ sw¼	29	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	11.79 6.81 12.00 12.00	1.76 .90 1.80 1.80	47.89
[illegible] Coleman	w½ sw¼	30	80	1896 1897 1899	11.37 4.95 9.88	1.44 .74 1.48	29.88
Frank Mosteller	e½ [illegible]	32	80	1899	8.15	1.22	9.37
A G Anderson	s½ [illegible]	32	80	1899	7.88	1.18	9.06
C Tr[illegible]	e½ sw¼ nw¼ sw¼	32	160	1899	20.65	3.10	23.75
G N Willowby	ne¼ nw¼	32	40	1896 1897 1898	3.92 1.77 4.00	.59 .27 .60	11.15
Herbert Hatten	sw¼	33	160	1899	18.35	2.75	21.10
A Inkala	s½ ne¼	33	80	1899	8.00	1.20	9.20
D A Kinney	n½ s½ nw¼	34	20	1896 1898 1899	3.31 4.10 3.62	.50 .61 .54	12.68
Wm Harrison	s½ ne¼ n½ se¼	34	160	1896 1897 1898	12.25 11.78 13.75	1.84 1.77 2.06	43.46
J Tufft	lots 2 and 3	35	144	1896 1897 1898	11.18 11.94 12.38	1.68 1.79 1.86	40.83
C F Quimby	w½ ne¼ e½ nw¼	35	160	1896 1897 1898	12.38 12.38 14.28	1.86 1.86 2.14	44.90
Town of Garrison—Town 44 Range 28.							
He Langer	lot 1 sw¼ nw¼	1	71	1899	6.86	1.03	7.89
G C Thompson	lot 5	3	1	1896 1897 1898 1899	.09 .09 .11 .08	.01 .01 .02 .01	.45
J C McQue	n½ se¼ sw¼	6	40	1899	12.00	1.80	13.80
J J Howe	lots 5 and 6	10	64	1899	4.99	.75	5.74
D L Thompson	w½ nw¼	10	40	1899	3.90	.59	4.49
do	n½ nw¼	10	80	1899	10.69	1.60	12.29
do	nw¼ nw¼	10	40	1899	3.90	.59	4.49
Emma Rabbe	lot 5	11	1	1899	.12	.02	.14
Herman Holst	lots 2 & 3	12	60	1899	9.36	1.40	10.75
do	ne¼ sw¼	12	40	1899	3.90	.59	4.49
do	se¼ sw¼	12	40	1899	3.90	.59	4.49
Henry Mahle	ne¼ nw¼	12	40	1899	3.90	.59	4.49
do	nw¼ nw¼	22	40	1899	3.90	.59	4.49
Eliza Warren	se¼ sw¼ lots 2, 3 and 4	14	154	1899	23.54	3.56	27.05
C O Brender	lots 5 and 6	14	1	1896 1897 1898 1899	.13 .09 .14 .12	.02 .01 .02 .02	.55
J M Crowell	lot 2 s½ sw¼	21	139	1899	12.31	1.85	14.16
Elias Eleason	nw¼ nw¼	24	40	1899	3.90	.59	4.49
do	south 40 rods of lot 1 and all lot 2 except 5 acres	24	66	1899	10.53	1.58	12.11
F Fritzer	n½ sw¼, lot 5	24	117	1899	11.28	1.69	12.97
Fred H Davies	w½ ne¼	29	80	1899	6.20	.94	7.15
R Schmalz	sw¼ ne¼	34	40	1899	3.13	.47	3.60
do	lots 3, 4, 5	34	84	1899	6.55	.98	7.54
I M LeSueur	nw¼ nw¼	35	40	1899	1.95	.29	2.24
do	se¼ nw¼	35	40	1899	1.95	.29	2.24
Weyerhauser et al	s½ sw¼	35	80	1899	15.50	2.33	17.83
H A Flint	lot 1	36	44	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.17 3.79 5.17 7.04	.78 .57 .78 1.06	24.36
Town of Maple Grove—Town 44 Range 29.							
Henry Welliver	e½ sw¼	2	80	1897	9.97	1.49	11.46
do	s½ se¼	2	80	1897	7.54	1.13	8.65
Nels Nelson	n½ ne¼	2	82	1899	6.89	1.03	7.92
Maren Nelson	ne¼	4	158	1899	13.47	2.02	15.49
John Isle	lot 4	5	57	1899	4.79	.72	5.51
A O Anderson	lots 2 & 3	7	94	1899	6.96	1.04	8.00
D O Goulet	sw¼ se¼	8	40	1899	2.96	.44	3.40
N P Ry Co	se¼ ne¼	9	40	1899	3.36	.50	3.86
do	ne¼	9	160	1898	11.48	1.66	12.74
F W Billings	w½ ne¼	9	80	1899	5.92	.89	6.81
do	ne¼ ne¼	9	40	1899	2.96	.44	3.40
Fred E Low	n½ nw¼	9	80	1899	5.92	.89	6.81
do	se¼ nw¼	9	40	1899	2.96	.44	3.40
James R Shaw	n½ ne¼	14	40	1899	2.80	.42	3.22
do	sw¼ ne¼	14	40	1899	2.80	.42	3.22
Olaf Graff	n½ se¼	17	80	1899	5.92	.89	6.81
H Haslin	se¼ sw¼ lots 4 and 5	18	134	1895 1896 1897 1898 1899	15.77 12.96 12.54 11.54 13.25	2.37 1.94 1.88 1.73 1.99	75.97
DW Barteson	w½ ne¼	19	80	1899	5.76	.86	6.62
do	w½ se¼	19	80	1899	5.76	.86	6.62
M L Bratsberg	e½ ne¼	19	80	1899	5.76	.86	6.62
John Sandberg	n½ nw¼	21	80	1899	5.68	.85	6.53
do	nw¼ ne¼	21	40	1899	3.04	.46	3.50
J Sundquist	se¼ sw¼	21	40	1899	2.64	.40	3.04
do	sw¼ se¼	21	40	1899	3.04	.46	3.50
Chas Anbolt	sw¼ ne¼	21	40	1899	3.04	.46	3.50
do	se¼ se¼	21	40	1899	3.04	.46	3.50
do	ne¼ se¼	21	40	1899	3.04	.46	3.50
John Sandberg	e½ nw¼	21	80	1899	6.08	.91	6.99
Carl J Nelson	e½ se¼	22	80	1899	6.08	.91	6.99
do	sw¼ sw¼	23	40	1899	3.04	.46	3.50
Oustine & Anderson	sw¼ sw¼	24	40	1899	3.20	.48	3.68
E J Phillips	se¼ sw¼	24	40	1899	3.33	.50	3.83
do	sw¼ se¼	24	80	1899	8.43	1.26	9.69
do	se¼ se¼	24	40	1899	3.20	.48	3.68
W E Austin	e½ nw¼	26	80	1899	5.28	.79	6.07
F Sanberg	n½ sw¼	27	80	1899	6.08	.91	6.99
O A Nelson	w½ ne¼	27	80	1899	6.08	.91	6.99
Andrew Nelson	e½ ne¼	29	80	1899	5.76	.86	6.62
G Laughton	s½ ne¼	32	80	1899	6.79	1.05	[illegible]
do	n½ se¼	32	80	1899	6.57	.99	7.56
Sivert Hanson	s½ nw¼	33	80	1899	5.28	.79	6.07
N P Ry Co	se¼ ne¼	33	40	1899	2.04	.46	2.50
Harry Johnson	w½ nw¼	33	80	1899	6.08	.91	6.99
Ole Hansen	w½ sw¼	33	80	1899	6.08	.91	6.99
N P Ry Co	ne¼ se¼	33	80	1899	3.04	.46	3.50
Town of Long Lake, Town 44, Range 30.							
Martin Ide	s½ sw¼	1	80	1899	4.80	.72	5.52
Emil Paulson	frl n½ nw¼	1	94	1899	5.64	.85	6.49
Jno Handeland	s½ nw¼	1	80	1899	2.40	.36	2.76
Louis Ide	n½ sw¼	1	80	1899	4.80	.72	5.52
Oscar Thelander	n½ se¼	2	80	1899	4.80	.72	5.52
do	s½ ne¼	2	80	1899	8.04	1.21	9.25
Oscar Finney	n½ sw¼	2	80	1899	4.80	.72	5.52
do	sw¼ sw¼	3	40	1899	2.40	.36	2.76
Geo Thompson	ne¼ se¼	4	40	1899	2.40	.36	2.76
A Gilbertson	ne¼ ne¼	4	40	1899	3.32	.50	3.82
W D McKay	all	5	671	1899	40.76	6.11	46.87
Martin D Drake	nw¼	6	166	1899	20.13	3.02	23.15
Eric Kronberg	e½ se¼	6	80	1899	3.05	.46	3.51
J M Kronberg	n½ ne¼	7	80	1899	2.52	.38	2.90
Philip Betzold	sw¼ ne¼	7	40	1899	2.80	.42	3.22
J M Kronberg	se¼ ne¼	7	40	1899	1.32	.20	1.52
Pat LaFlamme	w½ sw¼	7	80	1899	6.24	.94	7.18
E Kronberg	nw¼ nw¼	8	40	1899	1.40	.21	1.61
Sivert Paulson	south 25 acres of ne¼ se¼	10	25	1899	1.50	.22	1.72
Thos Wadham	nw¼	11	160	1899	11.90	1.78	13.68
do	n½ sw¼	11	80	1899	6.30	.94	7.24
do	sw¼ sw¼	11	40	1899	2.80	.42	3.22
J Fummer	se¼ sw¼	11	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.00 3.95 3.28 2.80	.45 .59 .49 .42	14.98
Gust Soderman	lot 8	13	36	1899	2.16	.32	2.48
M A Batchelder	s½ ne¼	15	80	1899	4.80	.72	5.52
do	n½ se¼	15	80	1899	4.80	.72	5.52
Seth A Maw	s½ se¼	15	80	1899	4.80	.72	5.52
Peter Duchene	sw¼	18	160	1899	10.58	1.59	12.17
A S Lindberg	w½ nw¼	19	91	1899	7.20	1.08	8.27
John Erickson	w½ sw¼	19	95	1899	6.84	1.03	7.87
A R Tripat	e½ nw¼	19	80	1896 1897	8.00 7.93	1.20 1.19	18.32
A Lingnan	e½ sw¼	22	80	1899	2.84	.43	3.27
John Haltin	w½ sw¼	22	80	1899	6.48	.97	7.45
Gertrude H Newman	se¼ ne¼ and lot 1	26	101	1896 1897 1898 1899	11.05 9.95 10.60 7.87	1.66 1.49 1.59 1.18	45.39
N A Smith	lot 4	27	40	1897	4.84	.73	5.57
Paul Lingnan	se¼ ne¼	28	40	1899	2.88	.43	3.31
Ber. Lingnan	ne¼ ne¼	28	40	1899	2.88	.43	3.31
F J & M Lingnan	nw¼	28	160	1899	15.59	2.34	17.93
Frank Lingnan	w½ ne¼	28	80	1899	5.76	.86	6.62
A Ormseth	w½ ne¼	30	80	1899	5.76	.86	6.62
A Francoeur	e½ nw¼	30	80	1899	7.38	1.11	8.49
do	sw¼ se¼	30	80	1899	6.56	.98	7.05
Henry Donish	ne¼	35	160	1899	5.44	.82	6.26
C H Pearce	nw¼ ne¼ ne¼ ne¼	31	80	1899	6.72	1.01	7.73
C W Dolin	nw¼	35	160	1899	5.44	.82	6.26
Town of Crow Wing—Town 44, Range 31.							
Joel Smith	that part of ne¼ nw¼ east of r r track	1	32	1899	7.01	1.05	8.06
do	nw¼ ne¼	1	42	1899	1.70	.26	1.96
J Beatty	e½ nw¼ w½ ne¼	2	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	11.98 6.96 14.96 14.22	1.80 1.05 2.25 2.11	55.23
Phillip O'Neil	w½ nw¼	2	80	1896 1897 1898	12.40 5.88 12.07	1.86 .88 1.81	35.48
do	w½ sw¼	2	80	1896 1897 1898	6.00 3.48 7.48	.90 .52 1.12	19.50
G Bratt	se¼ se¼ e½ lot 2	8	40	1897 1898 1899	4.40 6.00 4.25	.66 .90 .63	16.79
F Maddock	s½ se¼	11	80	1899	3.28	.49	3.77
W D McKay	all	15	640	1899	38.40	5.76	44.10
Unknown	s½ sw¼ sw¼ se¼	17	120	1896 1897 1898 1899	10.20 9.00 12.90 7.20	1.53 1.35 1.93 1.08	45.19
Frank Porter	lot 4	21	90	1899	9.90	1.49	11.39
D Powrie	e½ of lot 3	21	42	1899	4.95	.74	5.69
L Z Smith	n½ ne¼	22	80	1899	7.02	1.05	8.07
do	east 55 acres of s½ ne¼	22	55	1899	4.60	.69	5.29
S W Pinkham	west 25 acres of s½ se¼	22	25	1899	2.45	.37	2.82
Joel Smith	sw¼ sw¼	23	40	1899	2.00	.30	2.30
Ondine Venasse	ne¼ se¼	24	40	1899	3.28	.49	3.77
Joe Duchene	ne¼ sw¼ s½ sw¼	24	40	1899	7.38	1.11	8.49
N Johnson	ne¼ ne¼	25	40	1899	4.00	.60	[illegible]
do	se¼ se¼	25	40	1899	4.00	.60	4.60
H Ludwig	n½ ne¼	27	80	1899	8.00	1.20	9.20
J P Johnson	s½ ne¼	27	80	1899	8.00	1.20	9.20
Patrine Olson	e½ se¼	27	80	1899	8.00	1.20	9.20
Clara Maxin	w½ sw¼	27	80	1899	8.75	1.31	10.06
Unknown	sw¼ nw¼	27	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.40 3.00 4.00 4.40	.51 .45 .60 .66	17.02

Name of owner	Subdivision of section	Section	Acres	Year for which taxes are delinquent	Am't of taxes delinquent $ Cts	Penalty $ Cts	Total taxes and Penalty $ Cts
B A Porter	s½ nw¼	28	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.50 6.80 8.80 4.20	1.12 1.02 1.32 .63	31.39
A Engelke	sw¼ se¼	28	40	1896 1897 1899	3.00 3.00 2.20	.45 .45 .33	9.43
Clara Maxin	ne¼ ne¼	33	40	1899	2.20	.33	2.53
Joel Smith	nw¼	34	160	1899	8.80	1.32	10.12
Emil Juergens	sw¼ sw¼	34	40	1899	3.30	.49	3.79
Fred Hart	e½ ne¼	35	80	1899	6.00	.90	6.10
Herman Bolt	e½ nw¼	35	80	1899	6.00	.90	6.90
Town of Oak Lawn—Township 45, Range 30.							
Chas C Melville	sw¼ se¼	1	27	1899	1.84	.27	2.11
H Dullum	se¼ sw¼	1	40	1896	3.74	.56	4.30
Evita May	sw¼ sw¼	1	40	1899	2.82	.42	3.25
Gregor Funk	nw¼	2	152	1899	10.21	1.53	11.64
J H Koup	lot n½ se¼	3	80	1897	8.37	1.25	9.61
do	se¼ nw¼	3	40	1897	3.40	.51	3.91
H Grossman	se¼	4	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	15.19 13.64 12.14 10.47	2.28 2.05 1.82 1.65	59.73
J Schwendeman	n½ ne¼	4	79	1896 1897 1898 1899	10.53 9.12 8.17 7.05	1.58 1.07 1.23 1.05	40.10
do	sw¼ ne¼	4	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.25 3.24 2.99 2.58	[illegible] .49 .45 .39	14.57
J H Lockscheidt	sw¼	4	160	1899	6.35	.95	7.30
J Schwindeman	ne¼ nw¼	4	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.37 2.94 2.78 2.58	.50 .45 .42 .39	13.33
A Rheinthal	lots 1 and 2	7	47	1897 1898 1899	3.81 3.51 3.19	.57 .53 .48	13.11
B A Ferris	lot 1	8	32	1899	2.06	.31	2.37
do	nw¼ sw¼	8	40	1899	2.58	.39	2.97
do	ne¼ se¼	8	40	1899	2.58	.39	2.97
do	s½ se¼	8	40	1899	2.58	.38	2.96
B A Ferris	nw¼ ne¼	8	40	1899	2.58	.39	2.97
do	nw¼ ne¼	8	40	1899	2.58	.39	2.97
R K Whiteley	ne¼ sw¼	8	40	1899	2.58	.39	2.97
do	part not overflowed se¼ sw¼	8	25	1899	1.59	.24	1.83
do	part not overflowed sw¼ se¼	8	28	1899	2.45	.37	2.82
do	part not overflowed se¼ nw¼	8	20	1899	1.29	.19	1.48
B A Ferris	sw¼ ne¼	8	40	1899	2.58	.39	2.97
W G Harrison	w½ ne¼	11	71	1899	5.46	.82	6.28
do	w½ se¼	11	75	1899	6.16	.91	6.07
do	ne¼ se¼	11	40	1899	1.66	.25	1.91
Geo G Jackson	se¼ ne¼	12	40	1899	3.72	.56	4.28
M A Whiteley	sw¼ nw¼ w½ sw¼	13	120	1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899	7.24 17.64 13.36 11.91 8.46 8.10	1.09 2.65 2.00 1.79 1.84 1.21	77.26
Theo Frever	e½ nw¼	13	80	1899	8.81	1.32	10.13
J B Porter	s½ sw¼	14	80	1899	4.28	.64	4.92
John N Newman	e½ sw¼	16	74	1899	6.43	.96	7.39
do	w½ sw¼	16	80	1899	7.64	1.04	8.68
J Anderson	15 acres in n½ sw¼	17	15	1895 1896 1897	1.27 1.38 1.28	.19 .21 .19	4.50
Brainerd Lbr Co	s½ sw¼	17	80	1895 1896 1897 1898	6.24 7.48 6.80 6.29	.94 1.12 1.02 .94	30.83
do	n½ of n½ nw¼	20	80	1895 1896 1897 1898	3.19 3.94 3.52 3.09	.47 .59 .53 .46	15.72
Whitely & Woodward	se¼ nw¼	20	40	1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899	2.36 3.12 3.94 3.52 2.98 2.10	.36 .46 .59 .54 .44 .31	20.67
W P Spalding	nw¼ ne¼	21	40	1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899	2.36 3.12 3.94 3.56 2.93 2.24	.35 .45 .57 .54 .44 .33	20.79
C N Swart	e½ se¼	21	80	1899	2.22	.33	2.55
J L Camp	s½ ne¼	22	80	1896 1897 1898	7.88 3.58 2.92	1.18 .54 .44	16.48
John Cameron	ne¼ nw¼	25	40	1899	2.10	.31	2.41
do	ne¼ ne¼	25	40	1897 1898 1899	3.59 3.09 2.10	.54 .56 .31	10.02
Peter Bishop	ne¼ se¼	25	40	1899	2.17	.33	2.50
M Hagberg	ne¼ nw¼	27	40	1899	2.96	.45	3.41
do	se¼ sw¼	27	40	1899	3.15	.47	3.62
do	s½ sw¼	27	80	1899	6.94	1.04	7.98
H G Harrison	n½ sw¼	27	80	1899	4.44	.67	5.11
Wm George	w½ se¼	33	80	1899	4.66	.70	5.36
J S Gardner	e½	33	320	1896 1897 1898 1899	36.91 32.66 28.77 21.28	5.36 4.90 4.32 3.27	138.19
M Hagberg	n½ nw¼	34	80	1899	4.44	.67	5.11
John Cameron	sw¼ sw¼	35	40	1897 1898 1899	3.52 3.09 2.10	.54 .46 .31	10.02
Town 46 Range 30.							
D O Goulet	ne¼ ne¼	12	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.14 2.88 2.60 2.28	.47 .43 .39 .34	12.53
J J Howe	se¼ sw¼	24	40	1899	2.28	.34	2.62
do	nw¼ se¼	24	40	1899	2.28	.34	2.62
do	sw¼ se¼	24	40	1899	2.28	.34	2.62
do	ne¼ se¼	24	40	1899	2.28	.34	2.62
Farnham & Lovejoy	ne¼ ne¼	24	40	1899	2.26	.34	2.60
do	lot 1	24	43	1899	2.38	.36	2.74
do	lot 2	24	33	1899	1.93	.29	2.22
do	lot 3	24	49	1899	2.75	.41	3.16
J J Howe	ne¼ ne¼	26	40	1899	2.28	.34	2.62
do	nw¼ ne¼	26	40	1899	2.28	.34	2.62
do	se¼ ne¼	26	40	1899	2.28	.34	2.62
do	sw¼ sw¼	26	40	1896 1897	3.14 2.88	.47 .34	6.92
Gust Sunchen	n½ ne¼	34	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.57 6.56 6.53 5.71	1.14 .98 .98 .86	30.33
R Klemm	s½ sw¼	34	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	6.28 5.75 5.21 4.56	.94 .86 .78 .69	25.08
do	s½ se¼	34	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	6.28 5.76 5.21 4.56	.94 .86 .78 .69	25.08
A Ludwig	se¼ nw¼	34	40	1899	3.32	.50	3.82
do	n½ sw¼	34	80	1899	4.60	.70	5.29
do	nw¼ se¼	34	40	1899	2.29	.34	2.63
Farnham & Lovejoy	ne¼ ne¼	35	40	1897 1898 1899	3.14 2.50 2.28	.47 .37 .34	9.10
W Dean	nw¼ ne¼	35	40	1897 1898 1899	3.14 2.61 2.28	.47 .39 .34	9.23
Town of Deerwood—Town 46, Range 28.							
Victor Sundvall	lot 1	1	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.96 3.95 3.90 3.49	.59 .59 .59 .53	17.57
C Sievers	lot 7 s½ sw¼ nw¼ se¼	2	159	1899	14.68	2.18	16.88
Maria Bailey	ne¼	3	151	1899	13.77	2.07	15.84
do	se¼	3	128	1899	10.86	1.62	12.48
Cyler Adams	lots 7, 8	5	58	1896 1897 1898 1899	6.28 6.37 7.37 6.55	.93 .96 1.11 .98	30.55
do	se¼ ne¼	5	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.23 3.15 3.65 2.88	.48 .47 .54 .43	14.83
do	ne¼ se¼	5	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.58 3.50 3.34 2.79	.53 .52 .49 .43	15.15
do	part of lot 5	8	6	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.24 2.10 2.22 1.94	.33 .32 .33 .29	9.77
A S Vinje	part of lot 2	8	5	1899	3.96	.60	4.56
V B Adams	ne¼ sw¼ sw¼ sw¼	9	75	1896 1897 1898 1899	11.29 11.06 13.71 12.24	1.69 1.66 2.05 1.84	55.62
A G Abrahamson	part of se¼ sw¼	9	22	1899	8.02	1.20	9.22
G T Berthwick	nw¼ sw¼	9	39	1899	7.10	1.06	8.16
Sivert Moe	e½ ne¼ and nw¼ ne¼	10	120	1898 1899	12.39 12.88	1.86 1.93	29.06
Christ Olson	ne¼ nw¼, s½ nw¼ ne¼ sw¼	10	160	1899	16.53	2.48	19.01
Ole Olson	ne¼	14	160	1899	15.39	2.31	17.70
Cuyler Adams	se¼ nw¼	15	40	1898 1899	7.18 6.12	1.08 .93	15.30
do	part of lot 1	17	17	1896 1897 1898 1899	27.14 24.78 28.74 27.54	4.07 3.72 4.31 4.13	124.43
W W Craig	sw¼ se¼	17	40	1899	4.34	.65	4.99
W Taylor	part nw¼ sw¼	17	23	1899	3.55	.54	4.09
W Brownlus	part nw¼ se¼	17	8	1899	3.53	.54	4.07
Louis Seelander	lot 8	19	29	1899	2.20	.33	2.53
Peter L Aune	lots 5, 6 and 7 e½ sw¼ sw¼ se¼	19	173	1897 1898 1899	16.93 19.22 17.35	2.54 2.23 2.61	50.88
Louis Seelander	sw¼	20	160	1899	12.25	1.83	14.08
Louis Shallman	sw¼	24	160	1899	22.42	3.36	25.78
Charles Hansen	se¼	30	160	1899	10.22	1.53	11.75
Robert Downey	n½ sw¼ n½ se¼	34	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	10.88 14.41 14.24 13.60	1.63 2.16 2.14 2.04	61.10
Archie Downey	e½ nw¼ nw¼ nw¼	34	120	1899	9.80	1.47	11.27
C G Skagland	lots 7, 8, 9 and 10	35	104	1899	7.97	1.20	9.17

Platted Town of Deerwood.

Name of owner	Subdivision	Lots	Blks	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
Deerwood Imp. Co	lots 7 and	8	2	1896 1897 1898 1899	.53 .49 .32 .33	.08 .07 .05 .05	1.92
do		1	2	1899	.16	.02	.18
do		2	2	1899	.15	.02	.17
do		3	2	1899	.14	.01	.15
do		4	2	1899	.14	.01	.15
do		5	2	1899	.14	.01	.15
do		6	2	1899	.14	.01	.15
do		9	2	1899	.14	.01	.15
do		10	2	1899	.14	.01	.15
do		11	2	1899	.16	.02	.18
do		12	2	1899	.16	.02	.18
do		13	2	1899	.16	.02	.18
do		14	2	1899	.16	.02	.18
do		15	2	1899	.15	.02	.17
H J Hage		16	2	1899	.15	.02	.17
Deerwood Improvement	lots 1 and 2		4	1896 1897 1898 1899	20.08 20.14 [illegible]	3.12 3.02 [illegible]	95.62
C A Adams		15	4	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.87
Deerwood Improv Co		16	4	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.18
do		3	5	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.48
do		4	5	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.49
do		5	5	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.43
do		6	5	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.45
do		7	5	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.50
do		8	5	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.42
do		9	5	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.42
do		10	5	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.41
do		11	5	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.35
do		1	7	1896 1897 1898	[illegible]	[illegible]	1.14
Frederick W Paine		5	15	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Deerwood Improv Co		15	15	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cuyler Adams		1	17	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1.11
do		2	17	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.84
do		3	17	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.67
do		4	17	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.68
do		5	17	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.49
Deerwood Improv. Co.	out lot no 8			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	7.08
do	out lot No. 11			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1.28
do	out lot No. 12			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1.46
do	out lot No. 13			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1.86
A K Bailey	south half of outlot No. 14			1899	2.45	.37	2.82
W C White	north half of outlot No. 15			1899	1.73	.26	1.99
Cuyler Adams	west half of outlot No. 17			1899	.56	.08	.64
Cuyler Adams	north half of Outlot No. 18			1899	.55	.08	.63

First Assessment District—Town 4[illegible] Range 32.

Name of owner	Subdivision	Sec.	Acres	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
Marg't Wight	nw¼ se¼	3	40	1899	1.52	.23	1.75
do	se¼ sw¼	3	40	1899	2.00	.30	2.30
do	ne¼ sw¼	3	40	1899	1.90	.29	2.19
do	sw¼ se¼	3	40	1899	1.71	.25	1.96
Benj Graham	w½ sw¼	3	80	1899	[illegible]	.91	7.00
do	e½ se¼	4	10	1899	6.08	.91	6.99
Henry Mathisen	[illegible]	10	160	[illegible]	11.47 [illegible]	1.72 [illegible]	26.80
Joseph Langwin	se¼ ne¼ sw¼ se¼	13	80	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	27.35
T Kinsey	n½ ne¼, lot 1	16	142	1899	11.77	1.80	13.77
W H Bidden	lot 4	16	35	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	.75
do	nw¼ se¼	21	27	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	3.75
Ed Jewett	ne¼ se¼	22	40	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
do	nw¼ sw¼	22	40	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	2.85
W H Bidden	sw¼ nw¼	22	40	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	3.74
S G Moore	s½ nw¼ n½ sw¼	23	160	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	68.76
Chas Myers	sw¼ se¼	24	40	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	15.64
J M Slaughter	se¼ se¼	24	40	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	15.97
Louis Larson	nw¼	25	160	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	65.10
Chas Myers	nw¼ ne¼	25	40	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	15.55
L Coleman	nw¼ se¼	25	40	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	11.83
Jacob Whitney	n½ nw¼	25	80	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	4.28
do	sw¼ nw¼	25	40	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	2.14
do	lot 1	25	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1.25
Jerry Root	se¼ se¼	26	40	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	15.64

Platted Town of Fort Ripley.

Name of owner	Subdivision	lot	blk.	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
Unknown		1	1	1899	.15	.02	.17
do		2	1	1899	.16	.02	.18
do		3	1	1899	.15	.02	.17
do		4	1	1899	.16	.02	.18
Adele Root	lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14		1	1896 1897 1898 1899	10.25 9.74 12.45 [illegible]	1.54 1.46 1.87 1.40	48.01
Unknown		15	1	1899	.15	.02	.17

Name of owner	Subdivision	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
do		11	2	1899	.15	.02	.17
do		12	2	1899	.15	.02	.17
do		13	2	1899	.15	.02	.17
do		14	2	1899	.16	.02	.18
do		15	2	1899	.16	.02	.18
do		16	2	1899	.16	.02	.18
do		17	2	1899	.16	.02	.18
do		18	2	1899	.16	.02	.18
do		19	2	1899	.15	.02	.17
do		20	2	1899	.15	.02	.17
do		21	2	1899	.16	.02	.18
do		3	[illegible]	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do		4	[illegible]	1899	1.14	.17	1.31

Town 44 Range 32.

Name of owner	Subdivision	Sec	Acres	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
C H Beaulieu	lots 1 & 2	20	73	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.89 4.64 4.51 3.95	.73 .70 .68 [illegible]	[illegible]
do	lot 3 or nw¼ sw¼	24	32	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.16 1.94 1.75 1.65	[illegible]	8.78
D M McDonald	lot 4	24	4	1896 1897 1898	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
do	lot 6	24	44	1896 1897 1898	2.89 2.73 [illegible]	.43 .41 .40	[illegible]
do	w½ lot 7	24	44	1896 1897 1898	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
do	lot 5 or ne¼ sw¼	24	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
do	sw¼ sw¼	21	40	1896 1897 1898	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
do	lot 1 & 2 or e½ w½	24	61	1899	4.21	.63	4.84
L J Cale	sw¼ ne¼ sw¼	25	120	1897 1898	6.14 7.32	.92 1.10	15.48
Grittenden & Lynde	ne¼ nw¼ sw¼ nw¼ nw¼ sw¼	25	120	1899	6.24	.94	7.18
Frank Koeppe	n½ se¼	26	80	1899	6.38	.96	7.34
Andrew Koppe	e½ sw¼	26	40	1899	1.56	.23	1.79
Frank Koppel	lot 2	26	32	1899	1.17	.18	1.35
Martin Koppel	lot 4 & 5	26	75	1899	2.99	.45	3.44
do	s½ se¼	26	80	1899	4.55	.68	5.23
John E Chisholm	ne¼	35	160	1899	9.49	1.41	10.90
W R Martin	lot 8 or ne¼ sw¼ lying west of R. R. track	36	24	1896 1897 1898	1.08 1.03 1.04	.16 .15 .15	[illegible]
C H Noble	se¼ nw¼ or lot 9	36	40	1896 1897 1898	2.16 2.04 2.20	[illegible]	7.45
Unknown	ne¼ sw¼	36	40	1896 1897 1898	2.16 2.04 2.44	[illegible] .37	7.63
C H Noble	se¼ sw¼	36	40	1896 1897 1898	2.16 2.14 2.41	[illegible] .37	7.63
Leslie Jack	sw¼ sw¼	36	40	1897	1.02	.15	1.17
Second Assessment District—Town 45, Range 28.							
L H Seofield	se¼ nw¼	1	40	1899	2.32	.35	[illegible]
C C Skillings	south 15 acres of lot 4	2	15	1899	2.15	[illegible]	[illegible]
C Skillings	north 19 acres of lot 4	2	19	1899	2.61	[illegible]	[illegible]
D L Young	part of lot 5	3	9	1899	.73	[illegible]	[illegible]
E R Jeff	part of lot 6 in e½ of	3	8	1899	.70	.11	[illegible]
D L Young	lot 6	3	9	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
L H Seofield	lot 1 except west 990 feet of south 440 ft	8	19	1899	1.65	[illegible]	[illegible]
do	east 1090 ft. of lot 7	8	26	1899	1.91	[illegible]	[illegible]
do	east 330 ft. of se¼ ne¼	8	10	1899	.73	.11	[illegible]
D B Lake	½ interest in lots 1 and 2	8	20	1896 1897	[illegible]	[illegible]	1.51
do	lots 1 and 2	8	20	1898 1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Marge E Hunt	lot 4	14	21	1899	1.26	.19	1.45
[illegible] Orpgaard	w½ sw¼	17	80	1899	7.77	1.10	[illegible]
E E Halliday	lots 3 and 4 and sw¼ se¼	18	94	1896 1897 1898 1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
W G Waldrop	lot 1	20	23	1899	1.67	[illegible]	[illegible]
C A Flint	lot 8	21	39	1899	5.89	[illegible]	6.77
Marge E Hunt	lot 5	22	44	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
G A Hunt	lots 1, 2, 3, 4	22	142	1899	15.60	2.34	17.94
Calvin Carr	lots 2, 3	24	66	1899	7.56	[illegible]	[illegible]
do	sw¼ se¼	24	40	1899	3.00	.45	[illegible]
N P Ry Co.	lot 5	25	39	1898 1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Weyerhauser et al	se¼ se¼	29	40	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
R Thompson	nw¼ nw¼	30	40	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
do	n½ sw¼	30	40	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
do	sw¼ sw¼	30	50	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
C Isle	s½ nw¼ sw¼ ne¼	30	115	1899	17.10	[illegible]	[illegible]
U C Thompson	se¼ se¼ or lot 3	33	30	1899	[illegible]	.57	[illegible]
Town 45 Range 29.							
Edward Hebeling	se¼	2	160	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Con O'Brien	sw¼	2	160	1899	5.11	.77	[illegible]
S W Farnham	ne¼ nw¼	3	40	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mrs J W Billings	ne¼ ne¼	11	40	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wm Ramsdell	se¼ sw¼	11	40	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
N N Halliday	lot 2 and n½ se¼	12	138	1896 1897 1898 1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
W R Phillips	e½ nw¼	19	80	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
John Wilmar	sw¼ sw¼	20	40	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kate McIntosh	se¼ nw¼	22	40	1899	13.00	[illegible]	[illegible]
T C Poinion	sw¼ se¼ lots 2, 3 and 4	22	151	1899	14.40	[illegible]	[illegible]
George Petrie	nw¼ nw¼	22	40	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Frank Petrie	e½ nw¼	24	80	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
H Wellwood	nw¼ se¼	26	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Henry Betzold	nw¼ ne¼	27	40	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gardner & Olson	se¼ se¼	28	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Peter Johnson	n½ se¼, sw¼ se¼ se¼ sw¼	28	160	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
E G Goulet	ne¼ se¼	30	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
A VanCurler	nw¼ ne¼ ne¼ nw¼	30	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
J A Erickson	nw¼ nw¼	31	39	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
do	frl sw¼ nw¼	31	39	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chas P Nyberg	w½ ne¼	31	80	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lars P Brown	e½ se¼	31	80	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
A N Anderson	e½ se¼	31	80	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
S Falstrom	ne¼ ne¼	34	40	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
do	nw¼ nw¼	35	40	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Town 46 Range 29.							
Axel Laide	e½ se¼	1	80	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
J J Howe	lot 3	2	40	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Peter Sohn	lot 5	3	25	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
do	lot 6	3	51	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
D O Goulet	ne¼ ne¼	6	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
do	se¼ ne¼	6	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Farnham & Lovejoy	nw¼ sw¼	6	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wm Ferris	sw¼ sw¼	6	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Or Culver	lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	18	138	1899	6.55	[illegible]	7.53
Gust Swanson	ne¼ sw¼	17	40	1897 1898 1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Unknown	lot 4	19	39	1899	1.44	[illegible]	[illegible]
J Rollston	se¼ sw¼ w½ se¼	21	120	1899	5.70	[illegible]	[illegible]
A Renstrom	n½ nw¼	23	80	1897 1898 1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Farnham & Lovejoy	sw¼ ne¼	33	40	1899	1.52	[illegible]	[illegible]
do	se¼ nw¼	33	40	1899	1.52	[illegible]	[illegible]
do	sw¼ nw¼	33	40	1899	1.52	[illegible]	[illegible]
do	se¼ ne¼	33	40	1899	1.52	[illegible]	[illegible]
LF & D R R Co	sw¼ sw¼	33	40	1899	1.14	.17	[illegible]
Town 47, Range 29.							
A B Barton	se¼ se¼	10	40	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
do	sw¼ se¼	10	40	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
do	nw¼ sw¼	10	40	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
G Peterson	s½ ne¼	14	80	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
J Hagberg	lots 1, 2, 3, 4	19	139	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
C Anderson	e½ sw¼	21	80	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
do	sw¼ se¼	21	40	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Weyerhauser et al	sw¼ nw¼	21	40	1896 1897	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
A B Barton	sw¼ sw¼	22	40	1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
A Majeski	sw¼ ne¼	27	40	1897 1898 1899	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
E H Bly	ne¼ se¼	33	40	1897 1898	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Name of owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Acres	Year for which taxes are delinquent	Am't of taxes delinquent	Penalty	Total taxes and Penalty
					$ Cts	$ Cts	$ Cts
Town 47, Range 25.							
G D Longie	lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	25	208	1897 1898 1899	9.80 11.21 18.65	1.48 2.45 2.80	31.57
P G Sandberg	w½ nw¼ of sw¼ of sw¼	20	5	1896 1897 1898 1899	.23 .24 .41 .46	.05 .04 .06 .07	1.36
Stella Michaud	se¼ ne¼	20	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.70 1.95 3.28 3.68	.40 .29 .49 .55	13.34
McFarland & Brayford	nw¼ sw¼	20	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.70 1.95 3.28 2.70	.40 .29 .49 .40	12.21
R R Campbell	w½ sw¼	22	80	1897 1898 1899	3.90 6.56 7.36	.58 .98 1.10	20.48
JJ Howe	ne¼ nw¼	22	40	1899	3.68	.55	4.23
do	se¼ se¼	22	40	1899	3.68	.55	4.23
R P Campbell	w½ nw¼	22	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.40 3.90 6.56 7.36	.81 .58 .98 1.10	26.68
Geo K Kliaker	lot 5	25	31	1899	2.76	.41	3.17
do	sw¼ sw¼	25	40	1899	3.68	.55	4.23
J J Howe	sw¼ sw¼	26	40	1899	3.68	.55	4.23
do	nw¼ nw¼	26	40	1899	3.68	.55	4.23
Cahn & Smith	sw¼ nw¼	26	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.70 1.95 3.28 3.68	.39 .49 .49 .55	13.34
Stella Michaud	ne¼ ne¼	28	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.70 1.95 2.46 2.76	.40 .29 .37 .41	11.34
N P Ry Co	se¼	29	160	1897 1898 1899	6.24 13.12 14.72	.94 1.97 2.21	39.20
do	s½ sw¼	29	80	1897 1898 1899	3.12 6.56 7.36	.47 .98 1.10	19.59
do	n½ nw¼	33	80	1897 1898 1899	3.40 6.56 7.36	.51 .98 1.10	19.91
S Michaud	sw¼ nw¼	34	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.70 1.95 3.28 3.68	.40 .29 .49 .55	13.34
Attached Territory—Town 132, Range 28.							
A L Hoffman	se¼	6	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	25.63 18.81 26.21 19.10	3.85 2.82 3.93 2.86	103.23
T Barrett	se¼	8	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	19.80 14.52 19.36 14.08	2.97 2.18 2.90 2.11	77.92
NH Paine	se¼ ne¼ n½ ne¼ ne¼ nw¼	18	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	14.40 10.56 21.04 15.36	2.16 1.58 3.15 2.30	70.55
Town 133—Range 29.							
N P Ry Co	n½ ne¼	1	80	1899	2.64	.40	3.04
John Lindman	ne¼ sw¼ lots 5, 9 and 10	2	150	1896 1897 1898 1899	6.75 4.95 6.60 4.80	1.01 .74 .99 .72	26.56
Samuel Doyle	nw¼ se¼	10	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.25 1.65 1.76 1.28	.34 .25 .26 .25	9.05
do	se¼ sw¼	10	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.25 1.65 1.67 1.22	.34 .25 .25 .18	7.61
Samuel S Doyle	lot 4 & 5	10	79	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.50 3.30 3.47 2.53	.67 .51 .52 .38	15.88
Dida Hubbard	se¼ ne¼	11	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.60 2.64 3.08 2.24	.54 .40 .46 .34	13.29
Jerry Driscoll	n½ ne¼ n½ nw¼	14	144	1899	6.91	1.04	7.95
N P Ry Co	nw¼ se¼	15	40	1899	1.92	.29	2.21
Lars Haglin	nw¼	22	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	21.29 15.61 19.38 14.06	3.19 2.34 2.90 2.11	80.88
Geo Cramer	ne¼	22	160	1896 1897 1898	7.20 5.28 12.32	1.08 .79 1.85	28.52
do	nw¼ ne¼ e½ ne¼	22	120	1899	6.40	.96	7.36
Town 134, Range 28.							
E J Leiter	se¼ sw¼ sw¼ se¼	1	80	1899	3.20	.48	3.68
W W Barnes	e½ sw¼	2	80	1899	5.84	.88	6.72
B Mahlum	fractional	6	228	1899	10.55	1.58	12.13
Sarah L Sleeper	e½ se¼	11	80	1896 1898 1899	2.74 1.76 3.20	.41 .26 .48	8.85
John Ireland	nw	12	160	1899	10.00	1.50	11.50
Emma A Frost	lot 1	17	32	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.47 1.33 1.25 1.35	.20 .19 .19 .27	6.10
do	se¼ se¼	17	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.83 1.88 1.53 1.59	.27 .25 .23 .24	7.59
A Atherton	lot 2	17	37	1897 1898 1899	1.49 1.41 1.43	.22 .21 .21	4.97
P J Kiley	s½ se¼	22	40	1899	4.80	.72	5.52
N P Ry Co	w½ ne¼	23	80	1897 1898 1899	1.60 1.14 4.80	.24 .17 .72	8.67
J J Howe	lots 1 and 2	24	32	1899	1.92	.29	2.21
C Ahrens	nw¼ nw¼	26	40	1899	8.64	1.30	9.94
do	lots 3 5 and 5	26	109	1899	2.94	.44	3.38
B Ahrens	lot 4	26	23	1899	6.12	.92	7.04
J N Nevers	lot 5	27	27	1899	12.05	1.81	13.86
A Bauer	se¼ nw¼	27	40	1899	3.00	.45	3.45
H A Foster	n½ ne¼	30	80	1899	3.38	.51	3.89
do	lots 2 and 3	30	73	1899	1.90	.28	2.18
W Hendrickson	e½ sw¼ sw¼ nw¼	32	120	1899	15.25	2.29	17.54
A Fox	w½ sw¼	33	80	1899	14.50	2.17	16.67
J J Howe Lor Co	lot 1	35	16	1899	.58	.07	.67
Town 134, Range 29.							
S Mahlum	fr	1	234	1899	8.43	1.26	9.69
do	lots 1, 2, 3	2	95	1899	3.42	.51	3.92
Wm Wattson	lots 2, 3	11	51	1899	1.37	.21	1.58
B Mahlum	lot 1	12	48	1899	1.71	.25	1.96
N P Ry Co	lot 4	13	40	1899	1.56	.24	1.80
do	ne¼ nw¼	13	40	1899	1.56	.24	1.80
P J Slipp	s½ se¼	23	80	1897 1898 1899	2.75 2.55 2.60	.41 .38 .39	7.08
S W Gray	se¼ ne¼	27	40	1897 1898 1899	1.10 1.79 1.82	.16 .27 .27	5.41
do	ne¼ se¼	27	40	1897 1898 1899	1.10 1.78 1.82	.16 .27 .27	5.40
Des Thereault	se¼ nw¼	34	40	1896 1898 1899	1.83 1.53 1.56	.27 .23 .23	5.65
do	n½ sw¼	34	80	1896 1898 1899	8.09 8.93 9.10	1.21 1.39 1.37	30.09
do	se¼ sw¼	34	40	1896 1898 1899	1.83 1.53 1.56	.28 .23 .23	5.66
John Bishop	nw¼ ne¼	34	40	1899	1.56	.23	1.79
Matt Erstrom	lot 1	35	24	1897 1898 1899	1.00 .92 .94	.15 .14 .14	3.29
Town 135—Range 27.							
D O Goulet	se¼ sw¼	4	40	1898 1899	1.96 1.52	.30 .22	4.00
Jacob V Brown	lot 2	4	40	1899	1.52	.22	1.74
do	lot 3	4	24	1899	.91	.14	1.05
do	lot 4	4	35	1899	1.33	.20	1.53
do	lot 6	4	38	1899	1.44	.21	1.65
Cooper & Gray	se¼ sw¼	5	40	1899	1.52	.22	1.74
do	lot 1	8	51	1899	1.94	.29	2.23
do	nw¼ nw¼	8	40	1899	1.52	.22	1.74
do	lot 4	18	42	1897	2.77	.42	3.19
D L Borden	se¼ se¼	19	41	1899	9.50	1.43	10.93
do	lot 5	19	52	1899	2.96	.44	3.40
D O Goulet	nw¼ sw¼	20	46	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 2.44 2.28	.10 .10 .44 .34	7.00
Geo Campbell	lot 4	23	52	1896 1897 1898 1899	.89 .94 2.54 1.98	.13 .13 .38 .30	7.29
St P & C Ry Co	se¼ ne¼	32	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 1.96 1.52	.10 .10 .30 .22	5.60
L B Lum	lots 2, 6, se¼	32	232	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.95 4.18 11.26 8.81	.59 .63 1.70 1.32	32.54
Seth Lothrop	lot 3	34	52	1896 1897 1898 1899	.89 .94 2.54 1.98	.13 .13 .38 .30	7.29
Town 135 Range 28.							
Wm Austin	lot 1	1	55	1899	2.13	.32	2.45
John Rosen	n½ sw¼	9	80	1899	2.08	.31	2.39
N P Ry Co	nw¼	9	160	1899	4.16	.62	4.78
M Hende	sw¼ ne¼	10	80	1899	2.08	.31	2.39
do	n½ se¼	10	80	1899	2.08	.31	2.39
R Gray	n½ ne¼ & lot 2	22	134	1896	12.00	1.80	13.80
do	lot 1	22	18	1897	.90	.13	1.03
M M Sawbridge	e½ sw¼	28	80	1897 1898 1899	3.84 3.16 2.08	.58 .48 .32	10.46
B Mahlum	sw¼ sw¼	32	40	1899	1.04	.16	1.20
Town 135, Range 29.							
W L Harris	lot 4	11	38	1899	1.90	.29	2.19
do	lot 5	11	40	1899	2.00	.30	2.30
do	lot 6	11	29	1899	1.45	.22	1.67
G Cavin	nw¼ sw¼	12	40	1896 1897 1898	.68 .89 2.00	.10 .10 .30	3.90
do	sw¼ nw¼	12	40	1896 1897 1898	.68 .72 2.00	.10 .10 .30	3.90
do	lot 3	13	52	1899	2.60	.39	2.99
do	lot 4	13	40	1899	2.00	.30	2.30
Gull River Lumber Co	ne¼ nw¼	15	40	1896 1897 1898	.68 .72 2.70	.10 .10 .30	3.90
John Bishop	lot 1	25	22	1899	2.20	.33	2.53
do	lot 2	25	22	1899	3.30	.50	3.80
do	lot 3	25	31	1899	3.10	.46	3.56
do	lot 4	25	40	1899	2.00	.30	2.30
E Bernard	lot 5	25	20	1899	2.00	.30	2.30
do	lot 6	25	42	1899	5.65	.85	6.50
do	lot 7	25	46	1899	4.60	.69	5.29
Julia K McFadden and Julia A Sanborn	lot 5	25	42	1899	14.20	2.11	16.31
John Bishop	lot 1	25	40	1899	18.50	2.77	21.27
do	all " B lying n e of creek	25	11	1899	1.15	.17	1.32
Town 136—Range 25.							
D Morrison	sw¼ nw¼	1	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .10 .13 .11	3.44
do	sw¼ sw¼	1	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .10 .13 .11	3.44
do	ne¼ ne¼	2	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .10 .13 .11	3.44
D O Goulet	s½ ne¼	2	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .22 .26 .22	6.90
do	ne¼ nw¼	2	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
do	ne¼ se¼	2	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
D O Goulet	s½ se¼	2	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .22 .26 .22	6.90
do	nw¼ se¼	2	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
J W Day	se¼ sw¼	2	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
do	sw¼ se¼	4	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
do	nw¼ sw¼	4	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
St P & C Ry Co	sw¼ sw¼	5	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
D O Goulet	lot 1	9	37	1899	.74	.11	.85
do	se¼	10	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 2.88	.41 .43 .53 .43	13.80
J W Day	sw¼ ne¼	10	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.51
D O Goulet	ne¼ nw¼	11	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
do	sw¼ nw¼	11	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
N F Nelson	nw¼ nw¼	11	40	1898 1899	.88 .72	.13 .11	2.67
J W Day	se¼ ne¼	12	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
J Dearin	sw¼ ne¼	13	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
R Torry	nw¼ ne¼	13	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
N P Ry Co	w½ nw¼	18	80	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
A E Carlson	lot 1	19	33	1899	.59	.09	.68
A E Carlson	lot 2	19	26	1899	.47	.07	.54
Town 136, Range 26.							
Weyerhauser et al	n½ nw¼	5	80	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
D O Goulet	e½ sw¼	6	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .21 .26 .22	6.90
do	lot 4	6	25	1896 1897 1898 1899	.43 .45 .55 .45	.06 .07 .08 .06	2.15
do	lot 5	6	50	1896 1897 1898 1899	.85 .90 1.10 .90	.13 .13 .17 .14	4.32
do	lot 6	6	23	1896 1897 1898 1899	.38 .40 .50 .41	.06 .06 .07 .06	1.94
N P Ry Co	lot 2	7	27	1899	.49	.07	.56
do	lot 3	7		1899	.67	.10	.77
do	e½ nw¼	7	80	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	ne¼ se¼	7	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
do	s½ se¼	7	80	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	se¼ ne¼	15	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
do	ne¼ nw¼	15	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
do	s½ sw¼	15	80	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	e½ se¼	15	80	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
D O Goulet	se¼ se¼	18	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
Leonard Day	nw¼	20	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 2.88	.41 .43 .53 .43	13.80
do	se¼	20	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.87 2.88 3.52 2.88	.41 .43 .53 .43	13.80
D O Goulet	e½ sw¼	20	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .22 .26 .22	6.90
do	sw¼ sw¼	20	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.65
P Boyden	lot 2	22	46	1899	.83	.12	.95
Leonard Day	lot 2	28	55	1896 1897 1898 1899	.58 .61 .77 .63	.09 .09 .11 .09	2.97
L Day	e½ se¼	29	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .22 .26 .22	6.90
J W Day	se¼ sw¼	29	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
do	sw¼ se¼	29	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .77	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
Cooper & Gray	se¼ se¼	30	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
Town 136 Range 27.							
D O Goulet	lot 5	1	39	1896 1897 1898 1899	.67 .70 .86 .70	.10 .10 .13 .10	3.36
Cooper & Gray	ne¼ sw¼	2	40	1899	.56	.09	.65
L D Seelye	se¼ ne¼	14	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
do	sw¼ ne¼	14	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
M M Sewbridge	ne¼ se¼	28	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
J J Howe	e½ ne¼	28	80	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
L D Seelye	lot 1	32	22	1899	.40	.06	.46
J W Brown	lots 7 and 8	33	71	1899	1.28	.19	1.47
C E Smith	ne¼ ne¼	34	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
Town 136, Range 28.							
T F Salisbury	lot 1 6 & 7	3	44	1899	1.58	.24	1.82
A G Doeman	lot 1	28	32	1899	1.58	.24	1.82
Town 136, Range 29.							
Gull River Lbr Co.	lot 4	10	27	1899	.49	.07	.56
Wm Ward	n½ nw¼	11	80	1897 1898 1899	1.44 1.76 1.44	.22 .27 .22	5.35
R J Hartley	e½ se¼	13	80	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
Town 137—Range 25.							
J W Day	ne¼ sw¼ nw¼ se¼	2	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .22 .26 .21	6.89
RufusL Clarke	sw¼ ne¼	2	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .10 .13 .11	3.44
L Day & Son	se¼ sw¼	2	40	1899	.72	.10	.82
J A Buckman	nw¼ sw¼	2	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
Fletcher & Wright	w½ nw¼	3	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .22 .27 .21	6.90
St P Chicago Ry Co	e½ nw¼	3	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .22 .25 .21	6.89
do	sw¼ sw¼	3	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .10 .13 .11	3.44
L DDay	se¼ se¼	4	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.32	.10 .10 .13 .20	4.13
Fletcher & Wright	nw¼ nw¼	4	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.32	.10 .11 .13 .20	4.14
D O Goulet	sw¼ ne¼	4	40	1896 1897 1898	.68 .72 .88	.10 .10 .13	4.14
do	e½ nw¼	4	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 2.64	.21 .22 .26 .39	8.28
do	sw¼ se¼ lot 2	4	64	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.00 1.15 1.41 2.11	.16 .17 .21 .32	6.60
do	w½ sw¼	4	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 2.64	.21 .22 .26 .39	8.28
do	e½ sw¼	4	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 2.64	.21 .22 .26 .39	8.28
do	e½ se¼	5	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 2.64	.21 .22 .26 .39	8.28
do	sw¼ sw¼	5	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 1.44 .88 1.32	.10 .22 .13 .20	4.97
do	w½ nw¼	7	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 2.64	.21 .22 .26 .39	8.28
D O Goulet	se¼ nw¼	7	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.32	.10 .10 .13 .20	4.13
D O Goulet	lot 5	7	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .74 .88 1.32	.10 .10 .13 .21	4.14
do	s½ ne¼	8	80	1899	2.64	.40	3.04
do	sw¼ ne¼	8	40	1899	1.32	.20	1.52
Weyerhaeuser et al	se¼ se¼	8	40	1899	1.32	.20	1.52
J W Day	sw¼ nw¼	9	40	1899	1.32	.20	1.52
D O Goulet	ne¼ nw¼	9	40	1899	1.32	.20	1.52
do	se¼ nw¼	9	40	1899	1.32	.20	1.52
R L Clark	nw¼ nw¼	10	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .10 .13 .10	3.43
St P C Ry Co	sw¼ se¼	11	40	1899	.72	.10	.82
J W Day	sw¼ ne¼	12	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .10 .13 .10	3.43
do	sw¼ sw¼	13	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .10 .13 .10	3.43
John Snodgrass	se¼	14	160	1899	2.88	.44	3.32
Carl J Carlson	sw¼ ne¼	14	40	1899	.72	.10	.82
do	e½ nw¼	14	80	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	nw¼ nw¼	14	40	1899	.72	.10	.82
N P Ry Co	nw¼ sw¼	17	40	1899	1.32	.20	1.52
J W Day	sw¼ ne¼	18	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.32	.10 .10 .13 .20	4.13
D O Goulet	lot 2	18	24	1896 1897 1898 1899	.41 .43 .53 .79	.06 .06 .08 .12	2.48
L A Day	sw¼ sw¼	18	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.32	.10 .10 .13 .21	4.14
do	nw¼ se¼ sw¼ se¼	20	80	1899	2.64	.40	3.04
J W Day	se¼ se¼	20	40	1899	1.32	.21	1.53
do	se¼ se¼	22	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .10 .13 .10	3.43
do	lot 5	22	59	1896 1897 1898 1899	.99 1.04 1.30 1.06	.15 .16 .20 .16	4.06
do	e½ nw¼	23	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.21 .22 .26 .22	6.91
do	e½ se¼	23	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.21 .22 .26 .21	6.91
J W Day & Son	n½ se¼	23	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.21 .22 .26 .22	6.91
do	e½ sw¼	23	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.21 .22 .26 .22	6.91
Robinson & Petit	sw¼	24	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 2.88	.41 .43 .53 .43	13.80
do	se¼	24	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 2.88	.41 .43 .53 .43	13.80
do	ne¼	25	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 2.88	.41 .43 .53 .43	13.80
do	se¼ se¼	25	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
do	lot 2	25	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .10	3.44
J W Day	sw¼ se¼	25	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
do	lot 1	26	1	1896 1897 1898 1899	.02 .02 .02 .02		.08
do	lot 3 or sw¼ sw¼	26	19	1896 1897 1898 1899	.50 .52 .64 .52	.07 .07 .10 .07	2.49
do	lot 7 or se¼ se¼	26	27	1896 1897 1898 1899	.54 .67 .81 .67	.10 .10 .12 .10	3.21
do	n½ se¼	27	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .22 .26 .22	6.90
do	lot 1 and 4	27	60	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.00 1.04 1.30 1.06	.15 .15 .20 .16	5.06
do	lot 3	27	42	1899	.76	.11	.87
do	s½ se¼ ne¼ se¼	28	120	1896 1897 1898 1897	2.04 2.16 2.64 3.56	.31 .32 .40 .59	12.42
do	lots 2 and 3	28	26	1896 1897 1898 1899	.80 .85 1.03 1.55	.12 .12 .15 .23	4.85
Jas Boyd	nw¼ nw¼	28	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .80 1.32	.10 .10 .12 .20	4.04
L DDay	se¼ nw¼	30	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.32	.10 .10 .13 .20	4.13
S S Brown	se¼ sw¼	30	49	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.32	.10 .10 .13 .20	4.13
D O Goulet	sw¼	33	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 5.28	.41 .43 .53 .79	16.56
do	ne¼ se¼	33	40	1899	1.32	.20	1.52
do	nw¼ se¼	33	40	1899	1.32	.20	1.52
do	sw¼ se¼	33	40	1899	1.32	.20	1.52
do	se¼ se¼	33	40	1899	1.32	.20	1.52
J W Day	e½ ne¼	34	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .22 .26 .22	6.90
do	sw¼ se¼	34	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .82 .72	.10 .10 .13 .10	3.43
do	e½ se¼	34	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .22 .26 .22	6.90
D O Goulet	sw¼	35	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 2.88	.41 .43 .53 .43	13.80
do	se¼	35	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 2.88	.41 .43 .53 .43	13.80
Town 137, Range 26.							
St P & Chicago Ry Co	e½ se¼	1	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 2.64	.20 .22 .26 .40	8.28
do	sw¼ se¼	1	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.32	.10 .10 .13 .20	4.13
J W Day	lot 5	2	29	1896 1897 1898 1899	.50 .52 .64 .96	.07 .08 .10 .15	3.02
do	lot 1	4	43	1896 1897 1898 1899	.73 .78 .94 .77	.11 .11 .14 .12	3.60
do	lot 2	4	25	1896 1897 1898 1899	.41 .43 .53 .43	.06 .06 .08 .06	2.06
do	lot 5	4	25	1896 1897 1898 1899	.44 .47 .57 .47	.06 .07 .08 .07	2.23
J G Jones	s½ se¼	6	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .22 .26 .22	6.90
do	lot 3	6	53	1896 1897 1898 1899	.90 .95 .95 .95	.14 .14 .14 .14	4.35
do	lot 4	6	59	1896 1897 1898 1899	.99 1.05 1.30 1.06	.15 .16 .20 .16	5.07
Robinson & Petit	lots 5, 6	6	60	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.02 1.08 1.32 1.08	.15 .16 .21 .16	5.19
J G Jones	ne¼	7	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 2.88	.41 .43 .53 .43	13.80
do	n½ sw¼	7	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.21 .22 .26 .21	6.90
do	lots 1 and 2	7	77	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.31 1.39 1.69 1.39	.20 .21 .25 .21	6.65
do	w½ nw¼	8	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.21 .22 .26 .22	6.90
N J Leighton	nw¼ nw¼	10	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .10 .13 .10	3.43
D Morrison	e½ se¼	10	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.21 .22 .26 .22	6.90
do	nw¼ nw¼	14	40	1899	1.32	.20	1.52
do	s½ nw¼	14	80	1899	2.64	.40	3.04
do	ne¼ ne¼	15	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.32	.10 .10 .13 .20	4.13
W P Hilliard	ne¼ ne¼	17	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .10 .13 .10	3.43
St P & Chi Ry Co	se¼ se¼	17	40	1899	.72	.10	.82
Ankeny Robinson	lot 9	18	38	1896 1897 1898 1899	.65 .69 .84 .68	.10 .10 .13 .10	3.29
Elwin M Grait	nw¼ se¼	18	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .84 .72	.10 .10 .13 .10	3.39
C B Buckman	lot 5	18	44	1896 1897 1898 1899	.75 .79 .96 .79	.10 .12 .15 .12	3.78
EM Grait	sw¼ sw¼	18	40	1899	.72	.10	.82
J F Clarke	lot 1	20	34	1896 1897 1898 1899	.58 .61 .75 .61	.09 .09 .10 .09	2.92
Wardwell & Ehrich	ne¼ se¼	20	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .10 .13 .10	3.43
J F Bullock	lot 5	20	40	1899	.58	.09	.67
N P Ry Co	sw¼ nw¼	28	40	1899	1.32	.20	1.52
C B Buckman	nw¼ ne¼	28	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .10 .13 .10	1.52
do	n½ nw¼	28	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .21 .27 .21	3.43
Cooper & Gray	se¼ ne¼	29	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .10 .13 .10	6.89
Cooper & Gray	lot 1	32	37	1896 1897 1898 1899	.63 .67 .81 .67	.09 .10 .12 .10	3.19
D Morrison	lot 2	32	58	1896 1897 1898 1899	.99 1.04 1.27 1.04	.15 .17 .19 .17	1.02
Town 137, Range 27.							
W D Washburn	n½ se¼	1	80	1896 1897 1898	1.36 1.44 1.76	.20 .22 .26	5.24
do		1	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .22 .26 .22	6.90
Ankeny, Robinson & Petit	sw¼	1	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 1.44	.41 .43 .53 .22	12.15
B F Nelson	lot 5	2	65	1896 1897 1898 1899	.09 .90 1.15 .95	.14 .14 .17 .14	4.55
J D Gilfillan	lot 3 or e½ se¼	2	56	1896 1897 1898 1899	.95 1.01 1.23 1.01	.14 .15 .18 .15	4.82
Farnham & Lovejoy	nw¼ ne¼	3	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
Godfrey Kelson	nw¼	3	160	1899	2.88	.43	3.31
Farnham & Lovejoy	ne¼ ne¼	4	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.65
do	w½ ne¼	4	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.70 1.44	.20 .22 .25 .22	6.90
do	e½ nw¼	4	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .22 .26 .22	6.90
do	nw¼ nw¼	4	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
Godfred Kelson	se¼ se¼	4	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
Farnham & Lovejoy	lot 9 or se¼ se¼	5	42	1896 1897 1898 1899	.72 .75 .92 .76	.11 .11 .14 .11	3.62
NSibly	lot 3 or nw¼ ne¼	5	39	1899	.70	.11	.81
do	lot 4 or sw¼ sw¼	5	25	1899	.45	.07	.52
James Doan	sw¼ ne¼	6	40	1896	.68	.10	.78
do	lot 1	6	56	1896	.97	.15	1.12
do	lot 2	6	22	1896	.36	.05	.41
do	lot 3	6	54	1896	.92	.14	1.06
do	lot 4	6	43	1896	.72	.11	.83
do	lot 5	6	44	1896	.75	.11	.86
Farnham & Lovejoy	lot 9	7	24	1896 1897 1898 1899	.41 .43 .53 .43	.06 .07 .08 .07	2.08
D O Goulet	lot 11	7	45	1899	.81	.12	.93
S B Lovejoy	lot 7	7	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
John Higgins	lot 4	8	44	1899	.79	.12	.91
do	lot 2	8	50	1899	.90	.13	1.03
Gotfried Kelson	ne¼ ne¼	9	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
T B Walker	e½ se¼	10	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .22 .26 .22	6.90
WDWashburn	nw¼ ne¼	11	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
J D Gilfillan	ne¼ ne¼ or lot 1	11	35	1896 1897 1898 1899	.65 .69 .44 .68	.10 .11 .07 .10	2.84
J G Jones	w½ ne¼	12	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .22 .26 .22	6.90
Farnham & Lovejoy	se¼ nw¼	12	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
Ankeny, Robinson & Petit	lot 5	12	46	1896 1897 1898 1899	.76 .81 1.01 .83	.12 .12 .15 .13	3.95
S B Lovejoy	lot 3	12	35	1896 1897 1898 1899	.60 .63 .77 .63	.09 .10 .12 .10	2.84
Ankeny, Robinson	nw¼ nw¼	13	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .77	.10 .11 .13 .12	3.51
do	lot 1	13	42	1896 1897 1898 1899	.72 .75 .92 .76	.11 .11 .14 .12	3.63
J D Abear	lot 5	13	29	1896 1897 1898 1899	.65 .69 .84 .64	.10 .10 .13 .10	3.29
D Morrison	e½ sw¼	14	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .22 .26 .22	6.90
S B Lovejoy	nw¼ sw¼	15	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
do	e½ sw¼	15	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .22 .26 .22	6.90
do	lot 7	18	55	1899	.99	.15	1.14
Hester Gilman	lot 1	20	5	1896 1897 1898 1899	.05 .06 .06 .06	.01 .01 .01 .01	.27
S B Lovejoy	ne¼ ne¼	21	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
D Morrison	ne¼ sw¼	21	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .10	3.44
S B Lovejoy	n½ nw¼	22	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .22 .26 .22	6.90
A C Gould	lots 3 & 4	28	87	1899	1.56	.23	1.79
do	e½ sw¼	28	80	1899	2.16	.32	2.48
do	sw¼ se¼ & lot 2	28	70	1899	9.47	1.42	10.89
Geo Dean	ne¼ nw¼	30	40	1896 1897 1898	.68 .72 .88	.10 .11 .13	2.62
do	sw¼ nw¼	30	40	1896 1897 1898	.68 .72 .88	.10 .11 .13	2.62
W H Tenney	n½ sw¼	32	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 1.44	.20 .22 .26 .22	6.90
H B Frey	sw sw¼	33	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
do	nw¼ sw¼	33	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
Town 137, Range 28.							
J Dean	lot 1	1	45	1896 1897 1898 1899	.73 .83 1.01 1.06	.13 .13 .15 .16	4.26
do	lot 2	1	55	1896 1897 1898 1899	.95 1.01 1.23 1.29	.14 .15 .19 .19	5.15
do	lot 3	1	48	1896 1897 1898 1899	.82 .87 1.05 1.10	.12 .13 .16 .17	4.42
O J Sarkyjaho	lot 4	1	41	1899	.94	.14	1.08
J H Davis	lot 4	2	56	1899	1.29	.19	1.48
J Dean	e½ sw¼	3	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.16 1.84	.20 .22 .26 .28	7.36
Gert Bolsden	lot 3	4	39	1896 1897 1898 1899	.67 .70 .86 1.60	.10 .11 .13 .24	4.41
do	lot 4	4	57	1896 1897 1898 1899	.97 1.03 1.35 2.35	.15 .15 .20 .35	6.54
D M Clough	lot 7	4	57	1896 1897 1898 1899	.97 1.03 1.35 2.34	.15 .15 .20 .35	6.54
Hugh Wilson	lot 2	4	33	1896 1897 1898 1899	.56 .61 .75 1.40	.09 .09 .11 .21	3.84
J J Howe	w½ nw¼	5	80	1899	3.28	.49	3.77
TC McMcClure	nw¼ nw¼	6	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.64	.10 .11 .13 .25	4.51
D O Goulet	lot 1	9	53	1896 1897 1898 1899	.90 .95 1.00 2.17	.14 .14 .15 .32	5.78
Chas Richards	lot 2	9	44	1899	1.80	.27	2.07
do	lot 3	9	59	1899	2.42	.36	2.78
D O Goulet	lot 4	10	48	1896 1897 1898 1899	.82 .87 1.06 1.97	.12 .13 .16 .30	5.42
Anna G Lane	lot 1	11	61	1897 1898 1899	1.24 1.10 2.50	.20 .17 .38	5.59
N P Ry Co	s½ se¼	13	80	1899	3.28	.49	3.77
J E Kimball	sw¼ sw¼ lots 1, 2, 3	14	102	1899	4.18	.63	4.81
Elijah Kelley	lot 1	17	58	1897 1898 1899	1.05 1.27 1.33	.16 .19 .20	4.20
Chr Halvorson	sw¼ se¼	17	40	1897 1898 1899	.72 .88 .92	.11 .13 .14	2.90
do	lots 2 & 3	17	81	1897 1898 1899	.46 1.78 1.86	.07 .27 .28	4.72
N L Pine	nw¼ se¼	19	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .92	.10 .11 .13 .14	3.68
N P Ry Co	lots 2 and 3	19	73	1898 1899	1.60 1.68	.24 .25	3.77
N L Pine	se¼ nw¼	20	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .92	.10 .11 .13 .14	3.68
do	sw¼ nw¼	20	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .92	.10 .11 .13 .14	3.68
do	lot 1	20	31	1896 1897 1898 1899	.53 .56 .68 .71	.08 .08 .10 .11	2.85
W L Pine	sw¼	29	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 3.68	.41 .43 .53 .55	14.72
do	se¼	29	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 3.68	.41 .43 .53 .55	14.72
do	lot 2	29	57	1896 1897 1898 1899	.95 1.01 1.23 1.31	.14 .15 .18 .20	5.17
do	w½ sw¼ ne¼ sw¼	31	120	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.04 2.16 2.64 2.76	.31 .32 .40 .41	11.04
C H Mayo	lots 1 and 2	34	8	1897 1898 1899	.15 .17 .19	.02 .03 .03	.81
D O Goulet	se¼ sw¼	35	40	1899	.92	.14	1.06
do	lot 4	35	50	1899	1.15	.17	1.32
C H Mayo	lot 1	35	60	1899	1.38	.21	1.59
do	sw¼ sw¼	35	40	1899	.92	.14	1.06
do	n½ sw¼	35	80	1899	1.84	.27	2.11
Town 137 Range 29.							
J J Howe	n½ ne¼	1	80	1899	2.88	.43	3.31
do	se¼ ne¼	1	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	n½ nw¼	1	80	1899	2.88	.43	3.31
do	sw¼ nw¼	1	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	ne¼ nw¼	2	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .11 .13 .22	4.28
do	nw¼ ne¼	2	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .11 .13 .22	4.28
do	se¼ se¼, nw¼ sw¼, e½ ne¼	2	160	1899	5.76	.86	6.62
Farnham & Lovejoy	w½ nw¼	2	80	1899	2.88	.43	3.31
do	sw¼ ne¼	2	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
J J Howe	se¼ nw¼	2	40	1898	1.44	.22	1.66
do	sw¼ ne¼	2	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	ne¼ se¼	2	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
G B Peavey	se¼ sw¼	3	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .11 .13 .22	4.28
J A Davis	lot 2	10	39	1896 1897 1898 1899	.67 .70 .86 1.40	.10 .11 .13 .21	4.18
J A Davis	ne¼ sw¼	10	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .11 .13 .22	4.28
Campbell Bros	nw¼ sw¼	10	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .11 .13 .22	4.28
do	se¼ sw¼	10	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .11 .13 .22	4.28
J S Pillsbury	ne¼ nw¼	10	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .11 .13 .22	4.28
N P Ry Co	nw¼ nw¼	13	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
J A Davis	nw¼ sw¼	14	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
C B Rallins	sw¼ nw¼	14	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
Eliza Powers	nw¼ ne¼	14	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
F H Hall	s½ sw¼	22	80	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	s½ se¼	22	80	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	ne¼ se¼	22	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
N P Ry Co	n½ ne¼	25	80	1897 1898 1899	1.44 1.76 1.44	.22 .26 .22	5.34
D M Clough	lot 1	24	2	1899	.04		.04
C Comstock	ne¼ nw¼	27	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
do	se¼ nw¼	27	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
Town 138 Range 25.							
James Chase	se¼ se¼	6	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
W B Ransom	ne¼ ne¼	13	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
St P & C Ry Co	s½ ne¼	13	80	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	ne¼ nw¼	15	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
do	nw¼ nw¼	17	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
do	sw¼ nw¼	17	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
T R Foley	ne¼ ne¼	17	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
F H Hall	nw¼ ne¼	18	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Acres	Year for which taxes are delinquent	Am't of taxes Delinquent $ Cts	Penalty $ Cts	Total taxes and Penalty $ Cts
do	ne¼ nw¼	18	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
D Morrison	se¼ nw¼	18	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .11 .13 .11	3.45
F E Watson	nw¼ se¼	18	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.45
do	se¼ sw¼	18	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.45
L Day	nw¼ sw¼	19	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.45
St P & C Ry Co	nw¼ nw¼	21	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
do	sw¼ se¼	23	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
W H Day	ne¼ se¼	25	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.45
D Morrison	ne¼ se¼	27	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.45
St P & C Ry Co	ne¼ ne¼	27	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
Wm M Tucker	sw¼ nw¼	28	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.45
St P & C Ry Co	sw¼ sw¼	29	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.45
Wm Kelly	½ of nw¼ ne¼	30	40	1896 1897	.34 .36	.05 .05	.80
do	½ of ne¼ nw¼	30	40	1896 1897	.34 .36	.05 .05	.80
do	nw¼ ne¼	30	40	1898 1899	.88 .72	.13 .11	1.84
do	ne¼ nw¼	30	40	1898 1899	.88 .72	.13 .11	1.84
do	½ of se¼ ne¼ nw¼ se¼ s½ sw¼	32	160	1896 1897	1.36 1.44	.20 .22	3.22
do	se¼ ne¼ nw¼ se¼, s½ sw¼	32	160	1898 1899	3.52 2.88	.53 .43	7.36
L A Shea	se¼ nw¼ ne¼ sw¼	32	80	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
St P & C Ry Co	nw¼ ne¼	33	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.45
L B Arnold	sw¼ sw¼	33	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.45
Town 138, Range 28.							
C H & H E Fletcher	nw¼ sw¼	2	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.45
F E Watson	se¼ sw¼	2	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.57
do	lot 4	2	36	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.16
Mary Howe	lot 3	2	22	1896 1897 1898 1899			1.91
F E Watson	lot 5	3	35	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.40
do	lot 6	3	39	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.01
Jas Dean	sw¼ nw¼	4	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			4.64
do	lot 4	4	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			5.37
do	lot 5	4	32	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.72
E B Washburn	n½ nw¼	5	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 2.24 3.04	.20 .22 .34 .45	9.29
Jas Dean	se¼ ne¼	5	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			4.64
C Abrahamson	sw¼ sw¼	6	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			4.64
A McDowell	lot 1	6	38	1896 1897 1898 1899			4.41
Farnham & Lovejoy	se¼ se¼	9	40	1897 1898	.72 1.12	.10 .17	2.11
C H & H E Fletcher	s½ sw¼	10	80	1896 1897 1898 1899			6.90
F E Watson	lot 2	10	53	1896 1897 1898 1899			5.73
C H & H E Fletcher	lot 3	10	53	1896 1897 1898 1899			4.63
do	lot 5	10	32	1896 1897 1898 1899			2.78
F E Watson	lot 7	10	35	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.08
do	lot 1	11	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
do	ne¼ nw¼	11	40	1899	.72	.11	.83
J W Day	ne¼ ne¼	12	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.45
N P Ry Co	se¼	13	160	1899	2.88	.43	3.31
do	s½ nw¼	13	80	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	n½ sw¼	13	80	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	ne¼	13	160	1899	2.88	.43	3.31
C H & H E Fletcher	n w¼	15	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 2.88	.41 .43 .53 .43	13.80
J W Day	sw¼	15	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 2.88	.41 .43 .53 .43	13.80
C H & H E Fletcher	nw¼ ne¼	15	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.45
do	nw¼ se¼	17	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			4.65
do	nw¼ nw¼	18	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			4.65
do	sw¼ nw¼	18	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			4.65
W P Jewett	sw¼ ne¼	23	48	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.43
J W Day	nw¼ sw¼	24	40	1899	.72	.10	.82
do	nw¼ nw¼	24	40	1899	.72	.10	.82
do	sw¼ nw¼	24	40	1899	.72	.10	.82
N P Ry Co	lot 1	25	51	1899	.92	.14	1.06
do	lot 2	25	38	1899	.68	.10	.78
do	lot 3	25	54	1899	.97	.15	1.12
do	lot 4	25	45	1899	.81	.12	.93
do	lot 5	25	46	1899	.83	.12	.95
do	lot 6	25	57	1899	1.03	.15	1.18
J W Day	nw¼ se¼	26	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.43
do	lot 1	26	28	1896 1897 1898 1899			2.40
do	lot 3	26	37	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.19
do	lot 2	26	57	1899	1.03	.15	1.18
D Morrison	se¼ ne¼	27	40	1896	.68	.10	.78
L Day	ne¼ se¼	33	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			4.64
J W Day	se¼ se¼	35	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.43
Town 138, Range 27.							
H R Stafford	sw¼ nw¼	1	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 1.12 1.52	.10 .10 .17 .23	4.64
E B Washburn	nw¼ se¼	1	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 1.12 1.52	.10 .10 .17 .23	4.64
H M Stafford	n½ n½	4	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 2.24 3.04	.20 .22 .34 .45	9.29
Ankeny Robinson & Petit	se¼ ne¼	4	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 1.12 1.52	.10 .10 .17 .23	4.64
do	se¼	4	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 4.48 6.08	.41 .43 .67 .91	18.58
Clarke & McClure	nw¼	5	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 4.48 6.08	.41 .43 .67 .91	18.58
do	sw¼	5	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 4.48 6.08	.41 .43 .67 .91	18.58
J J Howe	ne¼ se¼	8	40	1899	1.56	.23	1.79
Clarke & McClure	ne¼	8	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 4.48 6.08	.41 .43 .67 .91	18.58
do	nw¼	8	157	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 4.48 6.08	.41 .43 .67 .91	18.58
Ankeny Robin'n & Petit	sw¼ nw¼	9	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 1.12 1.52	.10 .10 .17 .23	4.64
do	ne¼ nw¼	9	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 1.12 1.52	.10 .10 .17 .23	4.64
do	se¼ nw¼	9	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 1.12 1.52	.10 .10 .17 .23	4.64
H T Welles	se¼ sw¼	11	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 1.12 1.52	.10 .10 .17 .23	4.64
do	lot 4	11	46	1896 1897 1898 1899	.78 .83 1.29 1.75	.10 .12 .19 .26	5.32
do	lot 5	11	37	1896 1897 1898 1899			4.28
H B Frey	se¼ sw¼	14	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 1.12 1.52	.10 .10 .17 .23	4.64
C H & H E Fletcher	lot 5	15	60	1896 1897 1898 1899			6.96
Clarke & Gilman	ne¼ se¼	16	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 1.12 1.52	.10 .10 .17 .23	4.64
do	nw¼ sw¼	17	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.82
T C McClure	se¼	18	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 4.48 6.08	.41 .43 .67 .91	18.58
do	ne¼	19	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 4.48 6.08	.41 .43 .67 .91	18.58
do	s½ nw¼	19	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 2.24 3.04	.20 .22 .34 .46	9.80
Farnham & Lovejoy	sw¼ sw¼	20	49	1896 1897 1898 1899			4.65
D O Goulet	lot 7	22	30	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.49
Freeman O'Doane	lot 5	23	31	1899	12.92	1.93	14.85
Clark & McClure	se¼ nw¼	29	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			4.65
do	nw¼ nw¼	29	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			4.65
N P Ry	s½ sw¼, nw¼ sw¼, sw¼ nw¼	29	160	1898 1899	4.48 6.08	.67 .91	12.14
W D Washburn	ne¼ ne¼	30	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			4.05
Geo E Hastey	se¼ ne¼	30	40	1899	1.52	.23	1.75
W C McKay	lots 2 and 4	32	84	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.44 1.51 2.35 3.19	.22 .23 .35 .48	9.77
Farnham & Lovejoy	sw¼ ne¼	34	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 1.12 1.52	.10 .10 .17 .23	4.64
do	nw¼ se¼	34	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 1.12 1.52	.10 .10 .17 .23	4.64
Town 138 Range 28.							
Flo E Palmer	s½ ne¼	4	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			6.89
do	ne¼ se¼	4	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.43
do	se¼ se¼	4	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.43
do	sw¼ sw¼	4	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.43
J E Chase	ne¼ ne¼	8	40	1899	.72	.10	.82
do	sw¼ nw¼	8	40	1899	.72	.10	.82
Clarke & McClure	sw¼ sw¼	15	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.43
Clarke & McClure	sw¼ se¼	17	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			4.27
do	se¼ sw¼	17	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			4.26
J E Chase	nw¼ nw¼	18	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			4.27
Clarke & McClure	nw¼ ne¼	20	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
do	ne¼ nw¼	20	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
C C Leland	se¼ ne¼	20	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	nw¼ se¼	20	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	se¼ se¼	20	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	ne¼ se¼	20	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
Clarke & McClure	ne¼	21	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 5.76	.41 .43 .53 .86	17.11
do	ne¼	22	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 5.76	.41 .43 .53 .86	17.11
J E Chase	n½ ne¼	28	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 2.88	.20 .22 .26 .43	8.55
do	nw¼ ne¼	28	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.76	.10 .10 .13 .26	4.64
Geo F Getty	sw¼ se¼	28	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.76	.10 .10 .13 .26	4.64
T C McClure	sw¼	29	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 5.76	.41 .43 .53 .86	17.11
D O Goulet	se¼	30	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 5.76	.41 .43 .53 .86	17.11
C C Leland	sw¼ ne¼	30	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
D M Clough	sw¼ ne¼	30	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
Nelson Tenney & Co	ne¼	31	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 5.76	.41 .43 .53 .86	17.11
do	sw¼	31	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 5.76	.41 .43 .53 .86	17.11
W D Washburn	nw¼	31	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 5.76	.41 .43 .53 .86	17.11
D O Goulet	nw¼ sw¼	32	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
W P Clarke	sw¼ sw¼	32	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
Sarah Ellanson	n½ nw¼	32	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 2.88	.20 .22 .26 .43	8.55
Clark & McClure	se¼ ne¼	33	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
do	ne¼ se¼	33	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
do	ne¼	34	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 3.52 2.88	.41 .43 .53 .43	13.89
do	nw¼	34	160	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.72 2.88 2.52 2.88	.41 .43 .38 .41	12.80
do	nw¼ sw¼	34	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .10 .13 .10	3.43
Town 138 Range 29.							
J J Howe	nw¼ se¼	1	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 .72	.10 .10 .13 .10	3.43
do	lot 2	3	40	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.43
do	lot 3	3	50	1896 1897 1898 1899			2.96
do	lot 5	3	59	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.01 1.06 1.40 1.46	.15 .15 .21 .16	5.05
T B Walker	lot 1	2	41	1896 1897 1898 1899	.70 .74 .90 .74	.10 .10 .14 .10	3.50
D Morrison	ne¼ sw¼	9	47	1896 1897 1898 1899			3.50
B F Nelson	se¼ sw¼	10	40	1897 1898 1899			2.65
T C Russell	lot 5	10	57	1896 1897 1898 1899	.97 1.04 1.25 1.03	.15 .15 .19 .15	4.98
J J Howe	ne¼ sw¼	22	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
do	nw¼ ne¼	22	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
do	w½ se¼	22	80	1899	2.88	.43	3.31
J E Chase	e½ se¼	22	80	1899	2.88	.43	3.31
J B De Lane	ne¼ ne¼	22	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
do	nw¼ sw¼	24	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
W P Jewett	nw¼ se¼	24	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
J J Howe	s½ se¼	24	80	1899	2.88	.43	3.31
do	se¼ sw¼	24	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
D O Goulet	s½ se¼	25	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 2.88	.20 .22 .26 .43	8.55
do	ne¼ sw¼	25	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
do	s½ sw¼	25	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 2.88	.20 .22 .26 .43	8.55
J J Howe	ne¼ se¼	25	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
do	n½ ne¼	25	80	1899	2.88	.43	3.31
do	sw¼ ne¼	25	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	nw¼ nw¼	25	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	sw¼ nw¼	25	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	ne¼ nw¼	25	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	se¼ nw¼	25	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	nw¼ se¼	25	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	nw¼ sw¼	25	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	e½ se¼	26	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 2.88	.20 .22 .26 .43	8.55
do	s½ sw¼	26	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 2.88	.20 .22 .26 .43	8.55
J J Howe	nw¼ sw¼	26	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
J S De Lane	ne¼ se¼	26	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
D O Goulet	sw¼ nw¼	26	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
J J Howe	se¼ ne¼	26	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	w½ ne¼	26	80	1899	2.88	.43	3.31
do	n½ se¼	26	80	1899	2.88	.43	3.31
do	ne¼ sw¼	26	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	n½ nw¼	26	80	1899	2.88	.43	3.31
do	se¼ nw¼	26	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	e½ nw¼	27	80	1899	2.88	.43	3.31
do	w½ ne¼	27	80	1899	2.88	.43	3.31
Young & Miller	nw¼ ne¼	34	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	s½ ne¼	34	80	1899	2.88	.43	3.31
J J Howe	ne¼ se¼	34	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
D O Goulet	n½ ne¼	35	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 2.88	.20 .22 .26 .43	8.55
J J Howe	se¼ se¼	35	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
do	ne¼ se¼	35	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
do	sw¼ se¼	35	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.46	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
do	nw¼ se¼	35	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.68 .72 .88 1.44	.10 .10 .13 .22	4.27
do	e½ ne¼	35	80	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.44 1.76 2.88	.20 .22 .26 .43	8.55
do	nw¼ nw¼	35	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	sw¼ nw¼	35	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	ne¼ nw¼	35	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	se¼ nw¼	35	40	1899	1.44	.22	1.66
do	n½ sw¼	35	80	1899	2.88	.43	3.31
J R Kinler	s½ sw¼	35	80	1899	2.88	.43	3.31

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
County of Crow Wing.

A. Mahlum being duly sworn, says, that he is County Auditor of the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, that the foregoing is a true and correct list of the taxes delinquent for each and every year therein appearing upon real estate in said County.

A. MAHLUM.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of January, 1901.

W. A. M. JOHNSTON,
Clerk of District Court
Crow Wing County, Minn.

[SEAL.]

The Brainerd Dispatch

Official Paper of Crow Wing County.

Best Advertising Medium in the Northwest.

John and Jonathan.

A very dramatic conversation, printed in the London Outlook, has the double purpose of satirizing both the English and American bent of mind and manners. The "smart Yankee" is represented as coming home to his admiring town and telling in somewhat exaggerated dialect what he thinks of his cousin over the water.

"Say, tell us," said a friend, "air the English so terrible slow and dull, after all?"

"Waal," replied the traveler, "I reckon so. I sat down one night in the parlor of a little village pub. Yes; it's a public house, but they call it pub in England.

"There wuss the boss of the pub, the local butcher, the local everything, and there wuss myself. I just listened, though I can't say there wuss much to listen to. The talk ran like this:

"'I 'ear as Ted Robinson got the sack last week,' remarked a villager.

"'Ted Robinson?' said the other villager, deliberately puffing smoke.

"'Yuss; I 'ear so. Ted Robinson got the sack las' week.'

"A pause. More smoke.

"'Got the sack, eh?'

"'Yuss; I 'ear as 'ow 'e did.'

"A longer pause.

"'Las' week, was it, 'e got the sack?'

"'I 'ear as 'ow it was las' week.'

"A long, long pause.

"'Ah! I 'eard that a Friday.'

"And," continued the Yankee, "not a soul among 'em smiled. It was their reg'lar mental diet. Oh, yes, smart men the English are and no mistake."

Chinese Criticism of Our Alphabet.

The high class Chinaman, speaking through his interpreter, was giving the eminent American visitor his impressions of the English language.

"I cannot understand," he said, "how anybody ever finds time to learn it. Take that singularly formed letter in your alphabet, for instance, the letter 'g.' What an awkward and ill shaped character it is! What is the significance of that little curling projection at the upper end of it? I have never seen anybody who could tell me. Then, again, when the learner has familiarized himself with that letter and can recognize it at sight he learns that it is only a part of a word and that it enters into the composition of thousands of words. It has different pronunciations and sometimes is not pronounced at all, being entirely silent. Now, when you see one of our Chinese characters you know at once what it is. It is a wonder to me that your people do not discard the cumbersome forms of your written language and learn our simpler and more easily understood system."

The eminent American could only bow his head in humiliation and promise to bring the matter before the educational authorities of his native land.—Chicago Tribune.

Too Much For the Cab.

One of the wealthiest wine merchants in Paris and also one of its stoutest citizens was the hero of an episode which caused much laughter in the Rue Princesse.

M. R., the corpulent man, hailed a cab, which came alongside the curb. He opened the door and, getting a purchase on the railing of "cabby's" seat, tried to hoist himself in.

But his weight was too much for the vehicle, which careened over and, as the sidewalk is very narrow, crashed into a window of a printing office. M. R. had meanwhile collapsed on the ground, and "cabby" by a miracle clung to his uncertain perch.

Then followed a stormy period. The printer came out and wanted to have the price of his broken window, the fat man tried to get the cabby to drive him away, and cabby refused to take any such load on board.

Finally all parties adjourned to the police station, where the difficulty was straightened out, and M. R. set to work looking for another cab.—Paris Temps.

Shrinking.

Once upon a time there was a Bathing Suit which was much reprehended in that it was not modest.

There was likewise at this same time also a Violet whose modesty was a matter of universal comment.

"What is your system," asked the Bathing Suit, accosting the Violet, "for I would fain be thought modest too?"

"Why, I shrink," quoth the Violet, meaning no harm.

But when the Bathing Suit shrunk in pursuance of this hint it was only reprehended the more and was finally cast away as being quite impossible.—Detroit Journal.

To Rest Her Mind.

"Your little birdie has been very, very ill," she wrote to the young man. "It was some sort of nervous trouble, and the doctors said I must have perfect rest and quiet and that I must think of nothing. And all the time, dear George, I thought constantly of you."

The young man read it over and then read it through again very slowly and put it in his pocket and went out under the silent stars and kept thinking and thinking and thinking. He only kept on thinking.—London Answers.

Unconscious Humor.

"You mustn't fail to come to church next Sunday," said the Rev. Dr. Thirdly. "I have arranged to have the Rev. Dr. Markthirst deliver an address on his observations in the slums."

"Aren't you going to preach at all?"

"Oh, yes. I'll preach my regular sermon, after which Dr. Markthirst will tell you some things that will open your eyes."—Philadelphia Press.

As a Remedy.

"I want to get copies of your paper for a week back," said the visitor to the newspaper office.

"Wouldn't it be better to try a porous plaster?" suggested the facetious clerk.—Philadelphia Record.

Waiting For His Turn.

"Speaking of drinking as a cause for headaches," said an old practitioner, "reminds me of a trip I took several years ago with a special train full of western physicians going to the annual meeting of the American Medical association in Philadelphia.

"On such occasions as this, with perhaps 150 physicians congregated in a special train, a good many manufacturers of wines, liquors and carbonated waters are anxious for the opportunity of putting bottled goods on ice, with a representative in charge to see that samples are dispensed at just the right temperature.

"On this particular occasion I remember that one firm dealing in mineral waters had an especially competent agent on board the train. Dinner was just over in the dining car, tables had been put up in nearly every section of the sleepers and champagne corks were popping. Redder liquors were on all sides, and the rattle of cracked ice was nearly as loud as the clicking of the trucks.

"It was just at this juncture that this especial agent for the mineral waters made his hit. He recognized that it was not his deal, and he started through the train, beginning at the rear end of the baggage car. With a profound bow to all present he said:

"'Good night, gentlemen, good night, but I'll see you in the morning!'

"He went through the train with that, making the hit of the whole trip. My greatest wonder at it, too, has been that it has not been seized upon as an illustrated advertisement for his house."—Chicago Tribune.

His Only Real Pleasure.

"What good does your money do you, Mr. Armour?" a friend once asked P. D. Armour, according to the Washington Star.

"That is a question," Mr. Armour replied, "I often ask myself. I was raised a butcher boy. I learned to love work for work's sake. I must get up early now, as I have done all my life, and when 9 o'clock comes, no matter what's going on at home, I must get to bed. And here I am. Yes; I have large means, as you say, but I can't eat as much as yonder clerk, I can't sleep as much, and I can hardly wear any more clothes than he. The only real pleasure I can get out of life that yonder clerk with his limited means cannot get is the giving now and then to some deserving fellow without a soul knowing it $500 or $1,000, giving him a fresh start upward without making the gift a hurt to him. That's the only real pleasure I get out of life. And as to possessions, the only thing I sometimes feel I really own are my two boys and my good name. Take everything else from me, leave me them, and I would yet be rich. I wouldn't care a snap for the rest. We would soon together make enough to keep the wolf a long way from our door."

Free to Speak His Mind.

Old Dr. X. never enjoyed the reputation of being a religious man. In fact, his belief in the sincerity of things spiritual, as expressed by the world at large, was usually summed up by the words poppycock, folderol and the like, uttered in a contemptuous snort. Meeting one day a minister of the vicinity in which he lived, he was reminded of the fact that the minister had but lately inherited, through the death of a relative, a considerable sum of money.

"Mr. D.," he said, addressing the gentleman in question, "I understand that you have acquired quite a considerable fortune from the dear departed, your uncle."

"From my cousin, Dr. X.," corrected Mr. D., a trifle disconcerted.

"Then I am to understand that you are no longer dependent upon the charity of your congregation for support?" continued the doctor.

Mr. D. bowed stiffly in acknowledgment.

"Then, Mr. D.," whispered the old man eagerly, "give 'em hades!"—New York Mail and Express.

The Squeaking Shoe No More.

"Squeaking shoes," said a dealer, "are no more, though of course you haven't noticed it. Stop a minute, though, and think. Isn't it true that for years you haven't come across a squeaking shoe? The thing that caused the trouble was a loose piece of leather in the sole. This, as you walked, worked somewhat like a bellows or an accordion, and great was the sound thereof. All shoes are now sewed—many of them used to be pegged—and sewing does away with any loose pieces of leather in the sole and, therefore, with the squeak as well. I don't believe that if you searched a week you would be able to find a squeaking shoe in Philadelphia."—Philadelphia Press.

No Venture About It.

"Is this your first venture in matrimony?" the preacher asked while the bridegroom was out in the vestibule giving certain instructions to the best man, who was also his head clerk.

"My dear Mr. Goodleigh," she replied, almost blushing, "this isn't a venture at all. He has given me deeds to more than $60,000 worth of property already."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Inherited.

"Pa," said little Willie, looking up from his arithmetic, "what is a linear foot?"

"Why—er—a linear foot," replied pa, temporizing, "why, it's one that's hereditary. Didn't you never hear tell of a linear descendant?"—Catholic Standard and Times.

Both of the sons of Thomas Jefferson were members of congress from Virginia while he was president. One of these was Thomas Mann Randolph and the other John W. Eppes.

The average weight of a sheep fleece is 5½ pounds.

SHUNNED THE MIRROR

Persons Who Vowed Never to Look Before a Looking Glass.

Incredible as it may seem, there have been instances of executed criminals who for some reason or other have vowed to never look into a mirror as long as life endured.

Such a case occurred some years ago at Carcassonne, in France, where a young and beautiful widow much given to frivolities lost her only child, a boy of 3, while dressing her hair before the mirror for a ball to which she was about to wend her way. The child, left to himself, wandered into the roadway and was run over and killed by a passing dray, and the mother, heartbroken by the shocking affair, which she attributed to her own neglect, vowed that never again would she look into a mirror.

She kept her word, and until the day of her death, which occurred about three years later, she did not behold her face on a single occasion. Every mirror was removed from the flat which she occupied, nor were silver dishes brought to her table lest she should see her features reflected therein.

In one of the midland counties of England not so very long ago there passed away a farmer who had not beheld his own face for nearly 15 years. The farmer in question was superstitious to the point of credulity, and on a certain occasion a gypsy informed him that he would die while gazing into a mirror. Terrified by this weird prediction, the weakminded man resolved that he would never again scan his features in the glass, and he rigidly kept his word, dying eventually at the ripe age of 78.

A young Italian peasant woman who wedded a sailor told him on the eve of his departure for a long voyage that she would not look upon her features in the mirror until he returned to her safe and sound. The unfortunate man's vessel was wrecked in the gulf of Mexico, all aboard the ship being drowned. But the distracted widow refused to believe that her husband was dead and vowed that she would adhere to her resolve regarding the nonuse of a mirror for another year. As each year passed the vow was renewed, but eventually a new suitor came upon the scene and paid court to the woman, with the result that she married him in due course and looked once more upon her comely face after a lapse of six years.—London Tit-Bits.

Dared by an Elephant.

Engine Driver Russell, while taking his freight train from Teluk Anson to Ipoh, on the Malay peninsula, was confronted by a big tusker elephant who usurped the center of the track. A grand contest then ensued between elephant and engine. The elephant repeatedly charged the engine, and this game went on for nearly an hour. The driver occasionally backed the engine, and then the elephant would stand aside from the track, but on the engine again coming forward the animal would return to the track and renew its charges. The driver described the onslaught of the elephant as most terrific, particularly on one occasion, when he feared the smokebox door had been battered in. Of course the driver could have charged at the tusker, but then the great probability would have been that the engine would have been derailed.

Doubtless suffering from a sore head at the futile contest between ivory and iron, the elephant altered its tactics and, turning its rear portion to the iron steed, endeavored to push its antagonist backward. Here came the chance for the driver, who quickly turned on the steam and gradually pushed the elephant off the line, but in doing so one of the engine wheels went over the hind legs of the elephant, and thus Mr. Tusker was disabled. The freight train proceeded on its journey bearing evident marks of the struggle on the cowcatcher and the smokebox. Several pieces of broken tusks were picked up, and these commanded a good price.—Perak Pioneer.

His Feelings While Falling.

The Swiss Alpine climber, Sigrist, who once fell from the top of the Karpfstock, in Switzerland, described his sensations while falling as follows:

"The plunge, which was taken backward, was in no wise accompanied by the anxiety such as one has when one dreams of falling. I seemed to be borne in the most pleasant manner gently downward and had complete consciousness during the entire fall. Free from all pain or fear I contemplated my position and the future of my family, which I knew was secured by the insurance I carried. And this contemplation was accomplished with a rapidity which I had never before known. Of the losing of my breath, of which people tell, there was no suggestion, and only the heavy fall on to the snow covered ground caused me to lose suddenly and painlessly all consciousness. The bruising of my head and limbs on the rocks as I fell caused me no pain, in fact I did not feel it. I cannot conceive of an easier, pleasanter death. The awakening, however, brought with it entirely different and far less agreeable sensations."

How He Won the Men.

At one period of his career Archdeacon Sinclair used to preach pretty often both at Wellington and at Chelsea barracks. One day a sergeant major of the Coldstream guards accosted him and said how sorry he was they had not heard him preach for some time. The archdeacon explained that he had not the pleasure of knowing the then chaplain at Chelsea.

"That's a pity," replied the soldier, "for the men like to hear you. They said"—and here the archdeacon prepared himself for a graceful compliment—"you had a voice like a drill sergeant."—Newcastle Chronicle.

ALL READY TO FIRE.

EXCITING INCIDENT AT A CENTRAL AMERICAN EXECUTION.

Why the Band That Was Raised to Give the Last Signal Gave Just as a Cigarette in the Man Who Had Been Condemned to Die.

"As was brought home to the American mind during the Spanish war life is a very cheap article when upon human life, and the indifference shown at executions is a marked characteristic of basic natures," said a Louisiana man.

"I am reminded of a scene I witnessed while traveling in one of the Central American states several years ago. As we all know, revolutions there are of frequent occurrence. The successful general, who usually succeeds to the presidency, sometimes settles his differences with the leaders of the vanquished by exiling them or having them stood up against an adobe wall before a file of soldiers, shot and buried where they fall—usually the latter.

"While at the capital of one of these states shortly after the termination of a revolution I made the acquaintance of the president and several of his officers, as I speak Spanish fluently. One morning as I was passing the entrance to the palace I encountered an officer, a colonel, just as he emerged from the portico. He greeted me pleasantly and asked me if I would care to accompany him to the barracks, about a quarter of a mile distant, saying that one of the leaders of the just finished revolution had been unexpectedly captured in the mountains, brought to the capital and was to be executed at noon by order of the president.

"He had, he said, since the revolutionist was related to him by family ties and because he personally stood high in the favor of the president, vainly interceded to secure the prisoner's release or commutation of sentence to banishment. The president, however, had ordered the execution to proceed, and as he (the colonel) was in command of the barracks it became his painful duty to personally carry out the order.

"I assented, as I had never seen an execution, and, though I pitied the victim, I knew that anything I could do would not save him, excusing my conscience on that ground.

"Arriving in the courtyard of the barracks, I observed a file of soldiers standing at rest a short distance from a high adobe wall, close to which stood a man of middle age calmly smoking a cigarette. Beyond a quick glance at the colonel's immovable features he betrayed no sign of recognition or of the peril of his position. He must have known of course that the latter's mission had been a fruitless one. The execution was set at 12 o'clock noon. A young lieutenant stood idly by leaning on the hilt of his drawn saber. It was then five minutes of the hour.

"The colonel informed the lieutenant that he had left another friend of the condemned man with the president, and it was agreed if the president yielded to his pleadings he would step out on one of the little balconies peculiar to all Spanish buildings and discharge a pistol. All present heard the colonel's remarks, including the man against the wall, and all eyes sought the balcony of the palace, which on a slight rise of ground could be plainly seen in the clear, tropical sunlight.

"To me the suspense brought on a nervous chill which was decidedly unpleasant. The doomed man puffed quietly at his cigarette, and the little, undersized soldiers arrayed themselves in straight line as the colonel, watch in hand, stood near to give the fatal word. The lieutenant raised his sword preparatory to making a quick downward sweep as he would give the word to fire.

"On the other side of the barracks was the old mission or cathedral to be found in every Spanish town, with its bells in the tower which tolled the hours. At about one minute before 12 the colonel said:

"'It's not 12 o'clock until the last stroke is struck, lieutenant.'

"Just as he finished the first stroke of the deep, mellow old bell rang out on the still, hot atmosphere. The condemned man dropped his cigarette to the ground, turned a ghastly paller, but straightened his figure upright and full to the soldiers who were then lined up, with rifles cocked, pointed at his heart. The colonel shifted his eyes from his watch to the balcony.

"It seemed an hour to me as the strokes slowly sounded two, three, four, five, six, and then as the seventh stroke was reverberating we saw the figure of a man leap through the window on the balcony, and a tiny puff of white smoke ascended from his uplifted arm.

"The colonel cried out sharply: 'Attention! Right about face; march!' The lieutenant slipped his sword in its scabbard with a snap, drew the inevitable package of cigarettes from his blouse, and as the pardoned man ran toward us and clasped his relative gratefully in his arms he was politely offered a cigarette from the case which the moment previous had been raised to give the signal of his death.

"I afterward learned that the friend whom the colonel had left at the palace was one of the most prominent merchants in the country, who had furnished a considerable portion of the funds with which the revolution had been conducted, and that at the last moment the president had consented to his demand for the release of the prisoner."—Washington Star.

A Back Number.

Uncle Josh—I seen one of Shakespeare's plays.

Uncle Silas—An didn't yo like it?

Uncle Josh—Oh, it wa's jes bad. I s'pose it'd seem all right to anybody that never seen a first class variety show.—Puck.

Consumed, but Desired.

A. A. Gallagher, district passenger agent of the Missouri Pacific railroad, while a young man, was taken quite ill and was compelled to stop at Montgomery, Ala. He went to a hotel and sent for a physician.

The medical man said:

"You have a case of pneumonia and must have a nurse."

"All right," said Gallagher. "Do you know a good nurse you can send to look after me?"

The doctor said he did and would have the nurse at the hotel within an hour. In about an hour a colored woman meanwhile about nine feet in girth put in an appearance, and Gallagher asked her if she had ever nursed sick people.

"Yes, indeed," she replied. "I've had considerable experience with sillin pusfac. I nussed Massuh Jackson, and he died; then I nussed Mistress Lucy, and she died; then I nussed Mistress Lucy's sister. The doctor didn't think she was so very poorly, but she done died."

"Have you had any other experience in nursing?" asked Gallagher.

"Yes, indeed. Only last week I left Colonel Carter's house, where I nussed the colonel for five days."

"Well, did the colonel get well?" asked Gallagher.

"No. The colonel he died, too, but Dr. Jones, who 'tended him, run a big knife into the colonel and opened him up. The doctor had cut out late the night before and was a little nervous. The knife sort of slipped and just about cut the colonel's heart out. Then the doctor said all h— couldn't save him."

"You seem to be a good nurse," said Gallagher, "and you're engaged."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Not So Far Gone.

The last letter he received from home conveyed the intelligence that she was quite sick, and of course he was considerably worried. But he was comforted by the fact that she was with her mother. She wrote her an affectionate letter and told her to be sure and let him know if she grew worse. The next letter conveyed the intelligence that she was a little worse, though the doctor said it was nothing serious. But he worried a great deal.

The next afternoon a telegraph boy sauntered into his office with the usual nonchalance of a messenger boy conveying a "rush" message and shoved the book under hubby's nose.

"Is dis Mr. Blank?" asked the boy.

"Yes," gasped hubby, cold chills chasing up and down his spine.

"Message fo you. Sign here. De charges is 00 cents."

Hubby grabbed the fateful manila envelope and hastily tore it open. What he suffered while trembledly unfolding the bit of yellow paper can be imagined, but not described. He was almost afraid to read it, but finally he nerved himself for the worst. This is what he read:

"Turn off the water and don't forget to give the bird plenty of seed."—Omaha World-Herald.

The Coroner's Two Verdicts.

"Inquests are sometimes very funny affairs," remarked a western man. "I remember one in the wild part of my county in Kansas. A man was found dead by the side of a small stream out on the prairie. No mark was found on his well-dressed body. His gun was fully loaded in his hip pocket, and $25 was found in his pocketbook. Of course the coroner took charge of the money. A jury was impaneled and after finishing its deliberations found that the man clearly died of heart failure.

"The coroner promptly paid from the dead man's pile the $12 due for expenses and discharged the jury. The $13 remaining bothered him. He argued that to turn that $13 over to the county, to be held in trust for the man's possible relatives, would be the same as throwing it away. The man was a stranger in those parts. Possibly he had no friends.

"The coroner was equal to the occasion, however. He declared himself dissatisfied with the verdict, and called the jury together again. They sat on the body a second time and found exactly the same verdict, but the coroner's mind was at ease. The $25 was exhausted."—Washington Star.

Less Hopeful For Himself.

George, the colored janitor, needed some money and went to the church treasurer for it.

"There isn't a cent in my hands just now, George," said that officer, "and won't be till next Sunday's collections are handed over. Can't you wait till then?"

"Don't see how I kin, Mistah Gubner," persisted George. "K'yarn't run de house without money."

"The best I can do for you," returned the treasurer, "will be to advance you $3 out of my own pocket and run my risk of getting it back from the church."

"Well, suh," solemnly rejoined the janitor, "ef you don't git it back 'no de ch'ch, Mistah Gubney, you'll gi' yo' reward in de good world, but it's diffu'l wid me. Ef I can't git dat free dollahs I'm you, I'd like t' know whah I sta?"—Chicago Tribune.

Suspicious.

Benevolent Old Gentleman (to fellow passenger)—How fast we travel! But, ah, young man, have you ever thought of the flight of time? Think of the fleeting hours of youth, the golden days that swiftly pass away. Have you ever counted the minutes—

Battersby (unregenerate and suspicious)—What are you trying to do? Sell me a watch?—London Nuggets.

Happiness.

Some folks tries so hard ter be happy in dis worl' dey gits miserable tryin. Happiness is allus whar you ain't lookin fer it.—Atlanta Constitution.

Sword of a Thousand Plates.

What do you think of a sword blade that contains a thousand sheets of metal? Yet they are not uncommon, and, as you will readily imagine, are of artistical workmanship. Our painstaking, patient Japanese friends are the makers of them, and a few days ago I had the pleasure of seeing one in a Fourth avenue curiosity shop and had its method of manufacture explained.

The blades of these sabers are made from magnetic iron ores. The steel is produced in small, very thin sheets, and the workman begins by fixing one of them to the end of an iron rod which serves as a handle. To this are soldered other small sheets until the mass has a length of about eight inches, a width of about two inches and a thickness of a little more than a quarter of an inch.

This bar is brought to a white heat, doubled on itself and hammered until it is down to its original dimensions. This process is repeated 15 times. Four similar bars are then soldered together, doubled upon themselves, resoldered and the same operation being repeated five times. This process makes the superposed layers so thin that a saber contains at least a thousand sheets of metal.

If you find one of these swords that has a veined appearance, you may know it is caused by alternate layers of iron and steel being soldered together.—New York Herald.

A Word Kept Him Up.

An absentminded rumbite was the cause of much amusement at a Memphis hotel a few nights ago. He registered early after supper, but did not go to his room right off. About 9 o'clock, his usual bedtime, he remarked to the clerk that he believed he would "remain."

"All right," said the obliging man behind the counter. The big clock ticked off another hour, and the old man addressed the clerk again:

"I say I believe I'll remain."

"You have my permission, sir."

When the hands on the dial pointed to 11, the old fellow, who was so sleepy he hardly knew where he was "at," called out in a half angry voice:

"By the eternal, I say I believe I'll remain!"

Again the clerk assured him of his permission, but the situation was becoming critical, and something had to be done.

"When you are ready to retire," said the clerk, "you can get your key at this desk."

"Retire," said the exasperated guest. "That is the very word I've been trying to think of for two hours. Give me the key to my room. I'll sleep until 10 o'clock in the morning to make up for lost time!"—Memphis Scimitar.

Opportunity.

In one of the old Greek cities there stood long ago a statue. Every trace of it has vanished now. But there is still in existence an epigram which gives us an excellent description of it, and as we read the words we can surely discover the lesson which those wise old Greeks meant that the statue should teach to every passerby. The epigram is in the form of a conversation between a traveler and the statue:

"What is thy name, O statue?"

"I am called Opportunity."

"Who made thee?"

"Lysippus."

"Why art thou on thy toes?"

"To show that I stay but a moment."

"Why hast thou wings on thy feet?"

"To show how quickly I pass by."

"But why is thy hair so long on thy forehead?"

"That men may seize me when they meet me."

"Why, then, is thy head so bald behind?"

"To show that when I have once passed I cannot be caught."—Christian Press.

Macbeth's Wife's Christian Name.

Miss Blank, who wished to become a candidate for the position of teacher in the public schools, went up for examination recently. Among other things she was called upon to read a passage from "Macbeth" which closes with the words which Macbeth speaks to Lady Macbeth, "I prithee come with me."

"And what," asked the examiner, "do you understand 'prithee' to mean?"

"I understand it to be a corruption of 'pray thee,'" replied the would-be teacher, surprised at so trivial a question.

"I am glad," said the examiner. "The lady who came just before you assured me that it was the Christian name of Macbeth's wife."—Judge.

The Abused Mule.

The wickedness of mules is a standing joke, and you are always hearing them abused. Ever see a team of mules run away? Almost every day you see a family horse running away, usually with screaming women and children in the buggy, but did you ever see a mule run away? Did you ever personally know a mule to kick any one? The fact is the mule works hard on light feed and gets nothing but abuse.—Atchison Globe.

Just the Opposite.

"When I first met you," cried the woman who had been married for her money, "you occupied a low, menial position, but now, thanks to me, your position"—

"Is a hymeneal one," her husband interrupted.—Exchange.

Impending Social Rivalries.

"Mars can boast a much older civilization than ours."

"Say, how their first families will look down on ours when we begin to get chummy?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Energy will do anything that can be done in this world, and no talents, no circumstances, no opportunities, will make a two legged animal a man without it.

Disappointed in the Best Agent.

"Got books?" snapped the diminutive guard at the threshold of the big office.

"Yes, plenty enough of 'em I have books," responded the woman with the portfolio. "Just ev'ry guide. I'm going in to see your employer."

"Afore yer goes," said the boy, still covering the sill, "I wants to tell yer dat de boss just upset his ink. He ain't in no lovin mood."

"Oh, he will listen to my demonstration."

"Maybe he will, but I wants to tell yer dat he just got a telephone call away in dat burglars had carried off de waistbiles of his bonses."

"Still I"—

"Den de news just came dat his trotter from away ar smashed up de trap an coachman."

"That is very bad, but"—

"Just afore yer come a young fellar rushes in an tells de boss dat his naphtha launch has been fired by tramps."

"I sympathize with him, and may be"—

"De boss goes to look at his watch an finds de hairspring broken."

"Gracious! But"—

"Den comes de news dat S and Z stock has dropped 30 points. De boss finds dat mice has gnawed up his new insurance calendar. De glue upsets on a thousand stamps."

"Terrible! Yet"—

"But wait! Just as you comes up stairs de boss asks over de telephone whether it's a boy or girl. Somebody says twins and"—

But the book agent had vanished. The boss came out and patted the boy on the head.

"Patsy, you are a brick! Take the rest of the afternoon off. Here's fare to Lincoln park."—Chicago News.

Great Drawing to a Bobtail Pair.

"The most remarkable draw I ever saw made at poker was in a Chicago club one night," said a Chicago man. "There were five of us in little social game, with a limit of $25 and all jack pots. A friend of mine whom I will call Jones was dealing. I was first under the guns and passed, and so also the two men sitting next. The fifth man—we will say his name was Brown—opened the pot for $5. Jones didn't have the shadow of a thing in his hands, but he raised Brown $10, intending to stand pat and bluff it out. Brown had three aces, and he came back at Jones with $10 better.

"Now, instead of laying down, as a wise man should in a case like that, Jones determined to see it through. He knew, of course, that it would be useless to try to bluff, so he drew three cards to a king and queen of spades. Brown had drawn two cards to his aces and had got a small pair. As a bait he led off the betting with $5. Jones hadn't bluffed at the game, and when the hands were shown the game broke up right there."—Washington Post.

The Time to Break the Rule.

There is an anecdote in some volume of French theatrical memoirs narrating an encounter between Mlle. Clairon, the great tragic actress, with a pupil of hers, a girl of strong natural gifts for the histrionic art, but far too frequent and too exuberant in her gesticulation. So when the pupil was once to appear before the public in a recitation Mlle. Clairon bound the girl's arms to her side by a stiff thread and sent her thus upon the stage.

With the first strong feeling she had to express the pupil tried to raise her arms, only to be restrained by the thread. A dozen times in the course of her recitation she was prevented from making the gestures she desired until at the very end she could stand it no longer, and in the climax of her emotion she broke her bonds and swung her hands to her head.

When she came off the stage, she went humbly to where Mlle. Clairon was standing in the wings and apologized for having snapped the thread.

"But you did quite right!" said the teacher. "That was the time to make the gesture, not before!"—Brander Matthews in Harper's Magazine.

A Chinese Mother-in-law Story.

"The Experiences of a British Pharmacist in China" was the title of an address by Mr. Frank Brown, who was introduced as the government analyst at Hongkong.

In illustrating the Chinese regard for filial piety the lecturer told an interesting mother-in-law story. A man and his wife were quarrelling the husband's mother. As a punishment the scene of the act was openly cursed, the active agents were put to death, and the mother of the wife was bamboozled, branded and exiled for her daughter's crime. The house in which the offenders lived was dug up from the foundations. Moreover, the scholars of the district were precluded from attending public examinations, and even the magistrates were deprived of their office. These drastic measures were decreed to render the empire filial.—London News.

The Good Man's Joke.

Two gentlemen of the cloth were standing on a corner the other day. Evidently they were talking about extra services to be held during the week.

"I anticipate a great awakening in my church," said the first speaker.

"My people never go to sleep," said the second.

"Ah, there comes my car," replied the first, and they parted company.—Albany Journal.

Too Well Disguised.

"After all," suggested the cheerful one, "it may be a blessing in disguise."

"If so," returned the disgruntled one, "I may say that I never saw a more perfect disguise."—Washington Post.

An Apology and a Settlement.

When the Thanksgiving meal was at the thickest on Broadway on Saturday night, a man set up man of medium size, wearing a glossy silk hat, hurried along. In dodging through the throng the handle of the cane he carried caught the arm of one of two burly persons who were going in the same direction. He half turned as if to apologize, but before he could do so one of the pair smashed his silk hat with a heavy stick.

"I beg your pardon, sir," said the man, blandly taking off his battered tile. "My rudeness was unintentional."

Putting back the damaged hat on his head, he dropped his cane and said, "Now I propose to settle with you for a blackguard."

Those on the spot saw a flash of fists. The big man went fist on his back from a clean knock on the jaw.

"If you want any more, I am ready to oblige you," said the other.

The other apparently didn't. The smaller man picked up his stick, took off his damaged silk hat, brushed it and continued on his way down Broadway. And the crowd of spectators, who had gathered as if by magic, broke up with the feeling that they had seen as fine a bit of work as it would ever be their good fortune to encounter.—New York Sun.

Much of Little.

The stranger in any city half a hundred years old, if he knew nothing of the city's history, would learn from many of the signs that the second and third generations had succeeded to the business of father and grandfather. It is especially true of New York. The New York Tribune mentions some peculiar signs and relates the following:

A Londoner who had strolled about the streets of the city with a New Yorker who called his attention to some of the signs of sons agreed that in this respect New York was very like London, but in neither city was there any such sign as he saw in one of the old English towns a few hours' run from the world's metropolis. The sign reads, "John Littlejohn's Sons & Little (Little Littlejohn, Doolittle Littlejohn & John Little).

According to the Londoner the first Littlejohn and Little were partners. The former gave his first son his partner's family name, and Little gave his boy his partner's Christian name. Little's second son was named for his mother's family. Doolittle. The three sons succeeded to their fathers' business; hence the sign is entirely correct, and the Londoner was right in saying that the successors had no intention of being "stung" when they had their sign written as it appears.

Dangerous Economy.

A paragraph about an economical merchant in Broadway saying the backs of old envelopes with the penmanship on old friend of this story? A New York dealer, who left about $2,000,000, for a long time kept up the practice of tearing off the fly sheets of the numerous foolscap letters he received and sticking them on a spindle for scribbling purposes. Envelopes were not yet in use. A lawsuit arose and the merchant thought he had won his case when defendant's letter, duly signed, was produced. Counsel for defendant examined the letter and turning it over to look for the subscription, found that it was missing. He immediately saw his advantage and said: "This letter is incomplete, your honor. A sheet is missing. I claim that there might have been a postscript on the other sheet which would entirely change the character of the order." The court so ruled, and defendant won the suit. The practice of utilizing fly sheets in that merchant's office was at once discontinued.—New York Press.

A Sergeant's Surprise.

"When Indians were being recruited for the regular army," said a western representative, "it was the custom to give them civilized names. Down at Fort Apache army officers were recruiting Yumas and Apaches. A recruiting sergeant was naming them. Finally a company had been formed, and the first sergeant, who was an American, went out to the front and center to report the company to the commanding officer.

"'Company D, sir, four privates absent.'

"'Who are they?' asked the commanding officer.

"'Jay Gould, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Joe Jefferson and Russell Sage,' sir,' shouted the sergeant."—New York World.

Fashion's Demands.

The conscientious young man of fashion now brushes his hair differently when wearing a hat. Chancellor Tisdall, the acknowledged Beau Brummel of Dublin in his youth, had inexpressibles variously cut for walking and for sitting, and once sat down in the former with disastrous results. Not long ago a milliner advertised with a newly invented hat that it "necessitated the mouth worn slightly open." What shall we come to next?—Vanity Fair.

Irritating.

"So Mrs. Gaylord insists on a separation at last, does she? Well, he has neglected her shamefully."

"Oh, she didn't mind that particularly."

"What was the trouble, then?"

"Why, whenever he was a little good to her he was so very virtuous about it that she just couldn't stand it."—Harper's Bazar.

The actors' green room is so called from its floor in the time of Shakespeare was always covered with green rushes.

Mediæval knights often took a voluntary oath that they would never spare the life of an enemy.

Name of owners	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year for which taxes are delinquent	Am't of taxes delinquent	Penalty	Total taxes and Penalty
					$ Cts	$ Cts	$ Cts
Chas Cross		1	191	1898	3.57	.54	8.17
				1899	3.53	.53	
do		2	191	1898	2.79	.42	6.51
				1899	2.84	.42	
Nels Wilson		7	191	1899	.28	.04	.32
do		8	191	1899	.28	.04	.33
do		9	191	1899	.28	.04	.33
do		10	191	1899	.29	.04	.33
do		11	191	1899	.69	.09	.78
do		12	191	1899	7.99	1.20	9.19
L P White sr N 50 ft lot 13 to 18			191	1896	28.50	5.27	135.13
				1897	26.10	3.91	
				1898	26.60	3.99	
				1899	26.22	3.94	
L W Sherlund S 25 ft lots 13 to 18			191	1899	17.62	2.64	20.26
do		21	191	1899	13.16	1.98	15.14
Whidby Dev Co lots 18 to		18	193	1896	3.84	.57	16.68
				1897	3.90	.58	
				1898	3.39	.51	
				1899	3.38	.51	
Maggie K Martin		7	217	1899	3.53	.52	4.05
Peter Mertz		8	217	1899	3.52	.52	4.04
do		9	217	1899	3.53	.52	4.05
W E Campbell		10	217	1896	4.25	.63	18.71
				1897	4.95	.74	
				1898	3.57	.53	
				1899	3.54	.53	
do		11	217	1896	4.25	.63	18.71
				1897	4.95	.74	
				1898	3.56	.53	
				1899	3.54	.52	
W E Campbell		12	217	1896	5.32	.80	23.66
				1897	5.44	.81	
				1898	5.13	.76	
				1899	4.70	.70	
M A Saunders		13	217	1896	24.44	3.66	116.62
				1897	25.02	3.75	
				1898	26.12	3.91	
				1899	25.85	3.87	
do		14	217	1896	4.25	.63	18.02
				1897	4.35	.65	
				1898	3.56	.54	
				1899	3.54	.52	
do		15	217	1896	4.25	.63	18.03
				1897	4.35	.65	
				1898	3.57	.54	
				1899	3.52	.52	
Joel Smith		6	219	1898	3.56	.53	8.13
				1899	3.52	.52	
do		7	219	1898	4.45	.66	9.16
				1899	3.53	.52	
Joseph Wolvert sw ¼			219	1897	15.66	2.35	56.03
				1898	16.62	2.49	
				1899	16.45	2.46	
Anna Liners		3	237	1899	7.64	1.14	8.78
do		4	237	1899	1.18	.17	1.35
Geo E Gardner		5	237	1899	15.98	2.40	18.38
do		6	237	1899	1.88	.28	2.16
do		11	237	1899	13.63	2.04	15.67
do		12	237	1899	1.88	.28	2.16
P Pepin cen. 50 ft of nw ¼			237	1899	1.17	.17	1.34
H Svoorkmoe		9	239	1896	3.19	.48	13.94
				1897	3.27	.49	
				1898	2.85	.42	
				1899	2.82	.42	
do		10	239	1896	3.19	.48	13.94
				1897	3.27	.49	
				1898	2.85	.42	
				1899	2.82	.42	
Wm Barron		11	239	1899	9.64	1.44	11.08
do		12	239	1899	1.77	.27	2.04
Ann M Liners		15	239	1899	7.88	1.18	9.06
do		16	239	1899	1.41	.21	1.62
Augusta Everett		19	239	1899	19.27	2.89	22.16
do		20	239	1899	2.82	.42	3.24
B F Cale		23	239	1896	3.19	.48	24.81
				1897	3.27	.49	
				1898	7.60	1.14	
				1899	7.52	1.12	
do		24	239	1896	10.63	1.59	27.85
				1897	6.52	.97	
				1898	3.56	.53	
				1899	3.53	.52	
D F McIntosh		3	269	1896	17.64	2.65	80.09
				1897	18.06	2.71	
				1898	21.37	2.85	
				1899	21.15	3.16	
do		4	269	1896	2.77	.42	11.88
				1897	2.83	.43	
				1898	2.38	.35	
				1899	2.35	.35	
J A Jackson		5	269	1896	2.77	.42	11.89
				1897	2.83	.43	
				1898	2.37	.36	
				1899	2.35	.36	
do		6	269	1896	1.77	.42	11.90
				1897	2.83	.43	
				1898	2.38	.36	
				1899	2.35	.36	
Fletcher & Jay		9	268	1896	2.77	.42	11.89
				1897	2.83	.43	
				1898	2.37	.36	
				1899	2.35	.36	
do		10	269	1896	2.77	.42	11.90
				1897	2.83	.43	
				1898	2.38	.36	
				1899	2.35	.36	
A L Davis		22	269	1896	3.19	.49	13.95
				1897	3.27	.49	
				1898	2.85	.42	
				1899	2.82	.42	
Harrison White		23	269	1896	3.19	.49	11.19
				1898	2.85	.43	
				1899	2.82	.42	
do		24	269	1896	4.25	.68	13.00
				1898	3.56	.53	
				1899	3.52	.51	
L S and P S Co		10	285	1896	.64	.10	2.97
				1897	.82	.12	
				1898	.57	.08	
				1899	.56	.08	
Hoffman & Hartley		11	285	1896	1.07	.16	4.67
				1897	1.09	.16	
				1898	.95	.15	
				1899	.94	.15	
L S and P S Co		12	285	1896	6.18	.93	23.47
				1897	4.78	.71	
				1898	4.75	.71	
				1899	4.70	.71	
do		15	285	1896	.64	.10	2.78
				1897	.66	.10	
				1898	.56	.08	
				1899	.56	.08	
do		16	285	1896	.64	.09	2.78
				1897	.66	.09	
				1898	.57	.08	
				1899	.57	.08	
C A Krech		21	285	1899	6.23	.93	7.16
do		22	285	1899	5.06	.76	5.82
do		23	285	1899	.94	.13	1.07
do		24	285	1899	7.68	1.16	8.84
Alice E Closson		12	287	1896	1.70	.25	7.20
				1897	1.74	.26	
				1898	1.42	.21	
				1899	1.41	.21	
O H Hubbard west 68 ft of east 100 ft lots 13 to		18	287	1896	5.95	.90	25.80
				1897	6.09	.91	
				1898	5.22	.78	
				1899	5.17	.78	
Alice E Classon east 32 ft of lots 13 to		18	287	1896	23.83	3.57	104.28
				1897	24.86	3.66	
				1898	21.37	3.21	
				1899	21.15	3.16	
D E Slipp		3	317	1896	5.13	.78	12.76
				1897	2.18	.33	
				1898	1.90	.28	
				1899	1.88	.28	
do		4	317	1896	22.88	3.43	78.05
				1897	15.22	2.28	
				1898	14.96	2.25	
				1899	14.81	2.22	
do		5	317	1896	7.13	1.07	13.97
				1897	2.18	.33	
				1898	1.90	.28	
				1899	.94	.14	
do		6	317	1896	12.25	1.83	26.42
				1897	4.35	.65	
				1898	4.27	.64	
				1899	2.12	.31	
H J Spencer		17	317	1896	2.13	.32	9.31
				1897	2.18	.33	
				1898	1.90	.29	
				1899	1.88	.28	
H J Spencer		18	317	1896	2.13	.32	9.31
				1897	2.18	.33	
				1898	1.90	.29	
				1899	1.88	.28	
do		19	317	1896	2.13	.32	9.32
				1897	2.18	.33	
				1898	1.90	.29	
				1899	1.88	.29	
D E Slipp		21	317	1896	2.13	.32	9.31
				1897	2.18	.33	
				1898	1.90	.29	
				1899	1.88	.28	
do		22	317	1896	2.13	.32	9.31
				1897	2.18	.33	
				1898	1.90	.29	
				1899	1.88	.28	
C F Wittergren		19	319	1896	2.13	.32	9.31
				1897	2.18	.33	
				1898	1.90	.29	
				1899	1.88	.28	
T G Harris		20	319	1896	2.13	.32	9.31
				1897	2.18	.32	
				1898	1.90	.29	
				1899	1.88	.28	

A. E. Taylor's Addition to the City of Brainerd.

Name of owners	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes delinquent	Penalty	Total taxes and Penalty
F B Hubbard		5	1	1899	2.11	.32	2.43
do		6	1	1899	2.12	.32	2.44
Josephine E Ecker		18	2	1896	2.13	.32	10.41
				1897	2.18	.32	
				1898	2.37	.36	
				1899	2.38	.35	
do		19	2	1896	2.13	.32	10.42
				1897	2.18	.35	
				1898	2.37	.36	
				1899	2.38	.36	
do		20	2	1896	2.13	.32	10.42
				1897	2.18	.32	
				1898	2.37	.36	
				1899	2.38	.36	
do		21	2	1896	2.13	.32	10.39
				1897	2.18	.32	
				1898	2.37	.36	
				1899	2.35	.36	
Louisa S Ross		7	3	1899	1.88	.28	2.16
do		8	3	1899	1.88	.28	2.16
W S Tracy		13	3	1898	1.90	.28	4.35
				1899	1.88	.29	
do		14	3	1898	16.15	1.42	36.95
				1899	15.18	2.40	

Name of owners	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year for which taxes are delinquent	Am't of taxes delinquent	Penalty	Total taxes and Penalty
					$ Cts	$ Cts	$ Cts
A B Barton beginning at a point 100 feet north from north line of Main street and at s. w. corner lot 5 block 8 west on line with the south line of said block 5 to water's edge of river, thence up river to a point on a line with the south line of Lot 13 block 3, thence east to s. w. corner lot 13 thence south to beginning part of block 3			3	1899	3.52	.52	4.04
Wm Paine Sr commencing at sw corner of lot 1 blk 3 thence west on the north line of Main st'et town of Brainerd produced west to water's edge of Mississippi river, thence up river to a point directly west of nw corner of lot 4 blk 3, thence east to nw corner of lot 4, thence S to beginning part of blk 3			3	1896	2.15	.32	9.27
				1897	2.18	.32	
				1898	1.90	.27	
				1899	1.88	.27	

Riverside Addition to the City of Brainerd.

Name of owners	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes delinquent	Penalty	Total taxes and Penalty
A A White		4	2	1896	4.25	.63	15.96
				1897	4.35	.64	
				1898	3.57	.53	
				1899	1.74	.26	
Wm F Palmer		5	2	1896	10.63	1.59	43.09
				1897	10.88	1.61	
				1898	10.69	1.60	
				1899	5.28	.79	
do	southhalf	6	2	1896	2.13	.32	11.05
				1897	2.18	.33	
				1898	3.56	.53	
				1899	1.74	.26	
do		8	2	1896	4.25	.63	13.95
				1897	4.35	.65	
				1898	3.56	.53	
do		9	2	1896	4.25	.63	13.96
				1897	4.35	.63	
				1898	3.57	.53	
do		10	2	1896	10.63	1.59	37.29
				1897	10.88	1.63	
				1898	10.92	1.64	
do		11	2	1896	4.25	.63	14.76
				1897	4.35	.63	
				1898	4.27	.63	
J M Elder		16	2	1899	2.35	.35	2.70
do		17	2	1899	25.85	3.88	29.73
do		18	2	1899	2.35	.35	2.70
do		19	2	1899	2.35	.35	2.70
do		20	2	1899	2.35	.35	2.70
do		21	2	1899	2.35	.36	2.71
A A White		10	4	1896	1.27	.19	5.14
				1897	1.31	.20	
				1898	.95	.14	
				1899	.94	.14	
do		12	4	1896	1.27	.19	5.13
				1897	1.31	.19	
				1898	.95	.14	
				1899	.94	.14	
do		13	4	1896	1.27	.19	5.14
				1897	1.31	.20	
				1898	.95	.14	
				1899	.94	.14	
do		15	4	1896	1.27	.19	5.14
				1897	1.31	.20	
				1898	.95	.14	
				1899	.94	.14	
do		16	4	1896	1.27	.19	5.13
				1897	1.31	.19	
				1898	.95	.14	
				1899	.94	.14	
do		18	4	1896	1.27	.19	5.13
				1897	1.31	.19	
				1898	.95	.14	
				1899	.94	.14	
do		19	4	1896	1.27	.19	5.13
				1897	1.31	.19	
				1898	.95	.14	
				1899	.94	.14	
do		21	4	1896	1.27	.19	4.89
				1897	1.31	.19	
				1898	.85	.12	
				1899	.84	.12	
do		1	5	1896	.42	.06	1.82
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.38	.05	
				1899	.37	.05	
do		2	4	1896	.42	.06	1.83
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.38	.05	
				1899	.38	.05	
do		3	5	1896	.42	.06	1.82
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.38	.05	
				1899	.37	.05	
Jordan & King		4	5	1896	1.07	.16	4.67
				1897	1.09	.16	
				1898	.94	.15	
				1899	.95	.15	
A A White		8	5	1896	.64	.09	2.78
				1897	.66	.09	
				1898	.57	.08	
				1899	.57	.08	
do		9	5	1896	.64	.09	2.77
				1897	.66	.10	
				1898	.56	.08	
				1899	.56	.08	
do		10	5	1896	.64	.09	2.78
				1897	.66	.09	
				1898	.57	.08	
				1899	.57	.08	
do		11	5	1896	.64	.09	2.76
				1897	.66	.09	
				1898	.56	.08	
				1899	.56	.08	
do		12	5	1896	.64	.09	2.78
				1897	.66	.09	
				1898	.57	.08	
				1899	.57	.08	
A J Couto		14	5	1896	.64	.09	2.76
				1897	.66	.09	
				1898	.56	.08	
				1899	.56	.08	
David L Thompson		1	6	1896	7.02	1.05	33.91
				1897	7.18	1.06	
				1898	7.69	1.15	
				1899	7.62	1.14	
M Newhouse		5	6	1896	.64	.09	2.79
				1897	.66	.10	
				1898	.56	.08	
				1899	.58	.08	
David L Thompson		2	5	1899	.56	.08	.64
M Newhouse		6	6	1896	.61	.09	2.78
				1897	.66	.09	
				1898	.57	.08	
				1899	.57	.08	
A A White		13	6	1896	1.07	.16	4.65
				1897	1.09	.16	
				1898	.95	.14	
				1899	.94	.14	
do		14	6	1896	1.07	.16	4.67
				1897	1.09	.16	
				1898	.95	.15	
				1899	.94	.15	
do		15	6	1896	1.07	.16	4.67
				1897	1.09	.16	
				1898	.95	.15	
				1899	.94	.15	
do		16	6	1896	1.07	.16	4.67
				1897	1.09	.16	
				1898	.95	.15	
				1899	.94	.15	
do		17	6	1896	1.07	.16	4.67
				1897	1.09	.16	
				1898	.95	.15	
				1899	.94	.15	
do		18	6	1896	1.07	.16	4.67
				1897	1.09	.16	
				1898	.95	.15	
				1899	.94	.15	
A A White		19	6	1896	1.07	.16	4.67
				1897	1.09	.16	
				1898	.95	.15	
				1899	.94	.15	
do		20	6	1896	1.07	.16	4.67
				1897	1.09	.16	
				1898	.95	.15	
				1899	.94	.15	
do		21	6	1896	1.07	.16	4.67
				1897	1.09	.16	
				1898	.95	.15	
				1899	.94	.15	
do		22	6	1896	1.28	.19	5.16
				1897	1.31	.19	
				1898	.95	.15	
				1899	.94	.15	
do		23	6	1896	1.28	.19	5.16
				1897	1.31	.19	
				1898	.95	.15	
				1899	.94	.15	

Sleeper's Park Addition to the City of Brainerd.

Name of owners	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes delinquent	Penalty	Total taxes and Penalty
E G Cole		3	6	1899	3.29	.49	3.78
do		4	6	1899	3.29	.49	3.78
P M Lagerquist		8	6	1899	7.52	1.13	8.65
Agnes A Gillis		11	6	1896	3.19	.47	13.93
				1897	3.27	.49	
				1898	2.85	.42	
				1899	2.82	.42	
do		12	6	1896	2.13	.32	9.83
				1897	2.17	.32	
				1898	2.14	.32	
				1899	2.11	.32	
Chas W. Shipman commencing 250 feet south on east line of 7th street from corner stone at sw corner of lot 18, block 6, Sleeper's Park Addition thence south 50 ft thence east 130 ft, thence north 50 ft, thence west 130 ft to beginning, part of out lot No 1				1899	12.93	1.94	14.87
Coates & Corbet commencing 300 ft south from sw corner of lot 18, block 6, Sleeper's Park Addition thence south 150 ft thence east 130 ft thence north 150 ft, thence west 130 ft part of outlot No 1				1899	10.57	1.58	12.15
A M Johnson balance of Outlot No 1				1899	3.06	.46	3.52

[Chippewa Addition to the City of Brainerd.

Name of owners	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes delinquent	Penalty	Total taxes and Penalty
Libbie A Everett south half		6	1	1899	.72	.10	82

Name of owners	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year for which taxes are delinquent	Am't of taxes delinquent	Penalty	Total taxes and Penalty
					$ Cts	$ Cts	$ Cts
Geo B Jackson		7	1	1899	17.16	2.58	19.74
do		8	1	1899	8.22	.28	8.79
Wm Geminder		9	2	1899	1.88	.49	2.16
do		10	2	1899	9.40	1.41	10.81
A A White		11	2	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		12	2	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		13	2	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		14	2	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		15	2	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		16	2	1896	.43	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		17	2	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		18	2	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		19	2	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		20	2	1896	.42	.06	2.06
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		31	2	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		32	2	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		33	2	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.48	.07	
do		34	2	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		35	2	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		36	2	1896	.42	.06	2.06
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		37	2	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.42	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		38	2	1896	.42	.06	2.06
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.48	.07	
do		39	2	1896	.42	.06	2.06
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		40	2	1896	.42	.06	2.06
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
A A White		41	2	1896	.42	.06	2.06
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		3	3	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		4	3	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		5	3	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		6	3	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		13	3	1896	.54	.09	3.10
				1897	.65	.09	
				1898	.72	.10	
				1899	.71	.10	
do		14	3	1896	.64	.09	3.09
				1897	.66	.09	
				1898	.71	.10	
				1899	.70	.10	
A A White		15	3	1896	.64	.09	3.10
				1897	.65	.09	
				1898	.72	.10	
				1899	.71	.10	
do		16	3	1896	.64	.09	3.09
				1897	.66	.09	
				1898	.71	.10	
				1899	.70	.10	
do		17	3	1896	.64	.09	3.10
				1897	.65	.09	
				1898	.72	.10	
				1899	.71	.10	
do		18	3	1896	.64	.09	3.09
				1897	.66	.09	
				1898	.71	.10	
				1899	.70	.10	
P Laflamme		21	3	1896	8.08	1.21	29.17
				1897	8.27	1.24	
				1898	9.02	1.35	
do		22	3	1896	.64	.09	2.29
				1897	.66	.09	
				1898	.71	.10	
A A White		34	3	1896	.42	.06	2.06
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		35	3	1896	.42	.06	2.06
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		36	3	1896	.42	.06	2.06
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
Adolph Stranch		37	3	1896	.42	.06	2.06
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		38	3	1896	.42	.06	2.06
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
A A White		39	3	1896	.42	.06	2.04
				1897	.42	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		40	3	1896	.42	.06	2.06
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		41	3	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		1	5	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		2	5	1896	.42	.06	3.10
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.47	.10	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		2	6	1896	.64	.09	3.10
				1897	.65	.09	
				1898	.72	.10	
				1899	.70	.10	
do		3	6	1896	.64	.09	3.09
				1897	.66	.09	
				1898	.71	.10	
				1899	.70	.10	
do		4	6	1896	.64	.09	3.12
				1897	.64	.09	
				1898	.72	.10	
				1899	.71	.10	
do		5	6	1896	.64	.09	3.08
				1897	.65	.09	
				1898	.70	.10	
				1899	.70	.10	
do		1	7	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		2	7	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		3	7	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		4	7	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		5	7	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		10	7	1896	.42	.06	2.06
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		11	7	1896	.42	.06	2.06
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		12	7	1896	.42	.06	2.06
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	

Name of owners	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year for which taxes are delinquent	Am't of taxes delinquent	Penalty	Total taxes and Penalty
					$ Cts	$ Cts	$ Cts
do		18	7	1896	.42	.06	2.06
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		1	8	1896	.64	.09	3.09
				1897	.65	.09	
				1898	.71	.10	
				1899	.71	.10	
do		2	8	1896	.43	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.42	.07	
do		3	8	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		4	8	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		5	8	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		6	8	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		7	8	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		8	8	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		9	8	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		10	8	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		11	8	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		12	8	1896	.44	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		13	8	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		14	8	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		16	8	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		17	8	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		18	8	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		19	8	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		20	8	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	

Harrison White's Addition to the City of Brainerd.

Name of owners	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes delinquent	Penalty	Total taxes and Penalty
Geo D LaBar		1	4	1896	.42	.06	1.50
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.24	.03	
				1899	.23	.03	
do		2	4	1896	.43	.06	1.53
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.24	.03	
				1899	.24	.03	
do		3	4	1896	.42	.06	1.50
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.24	.03	
				1899	.23	.03	
do		4	4	1896	.43	.06	1.53
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.24	.03	
				1899	.24	.03	

Stiles Addition to the City of Brainerd.

Name of owners	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes delinquent	Penalty	Total taxes and Penalty
Henry I Cohen		5	1	1896	1.07	.16	1.23
do		6	1	1896	1.07	.16	1.23

Howes & Spalding's Addition to the City of Brainerd.

Name of owners	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes delinquent	Penalty	Total taxes and Penalty
J R Howes		6	2	1899	.47	.07	.54
Ida T Congdon		17	2	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.48	.08	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		18	2	1896	.43	.06	2.08
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		19	2	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.48	.08	
				1899	.47	.07	
J R Howes		5	3	1896	1.49	.22	7.26
				1897	1.52	.23	
				1898	1.66	.25	
				1899	1.65	.24	
do		6	3	1899	.47	.07	.54
do		7	3	1899	1.64	.24	1.88
C F Milligan		5	8	1897	.43	.06	1.57
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
Victor Fletcher		2	9	1899	.47	.07	.54
Martin Leighton		13	9	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		14	9	1896	5.74	.86	25.30
				1897	5.88	.88	
				1898	5.22	.78	
				1899	5.17	.77	
do		22	9	1897	.44	.06	1.60
				1898	.48	.08	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		23	9	1897	.43	.06	1.57
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		24	9	1897	.44	.06	1.60
				1898	.48	.08	
				1899	.47	.07	
Clara B Moore		1	10	1896	6.80	1.02	31.21
				1897	6.96	1.04	
				1898	7.16	1.14	
				1899	7.52	1.13	
do		2	10	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
Maggie Pratt		11	10	1896	.42	.06	2.08
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.08	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		12	10	1896	.43	.06	2.06
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
W H Thompson		13	10	1896	.42	.06	2.08
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.08	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		14	10	1896	.43	.06	2.06
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
A V Snyder		19	10	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.48	.08	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		20	10	1896	.43	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
Geo F Burton		21	10	1899	.47	.07	.54
do		22	10	1899	.47	.07	.54
do		23	10	1899	14.57	2.19	16.76
do		24	10	1899	.47	.07	.54
Ellen J Gray		4	11	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		5	11	1896	.43	.06	2.09
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.08	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		6	11	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		7	11	1896	.43	.06	2.01
				1897	.44	.03	
				1898	.48	.08	
				1899	.47	.08	
do		8	11	1896	.42	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		9	11	1896	.43	.06	2.09
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.08	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		10	11	1896	.43	.06	2.05
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
Minnie S Harrison		11	11	1899	.47	.08	.55
do		12	11	1899	7.52	1.13	8.65
Chris Schuler		17	11	1896	.42	.06	2.08
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.08	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		18	11	1896	.43	.06	2.06
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.08	
do		19	11	1896	.42	.06	2.08
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.48	.08	
				1899	.47	.07	

Name of owners	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year for which taxes are delinquent	Am't of taxes delinquent	Penalty	Total taxes and Penalty
					$ Cts	$ Cts	$ Cts
Chris Schuler		3	12	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.48	.08	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		4	12	1896	.43	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		5	12	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.48	.08	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		6	12	1896	.43	.06	2.06
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		7	12	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.48	.08	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		8	12	1896	.43	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		9	12	1896	.42	.06	2.08
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.48	.08	
				1899	.47	.07	
Chris Schuler		10	12	1896	.43	.06	2.07
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
G W Phillips		11	12	1896	.42	.06	2.07
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.48	.08	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		12	12	1896	5.74	.86	28.00
				1897	5.87	.87	
				1898	6.41	.96	
				1899	6.34	.95	

Second Addition to the Town of Brainerd.

Name of owners	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes delinquent	Penalty	Total taxes and Penalty
J Britton e½ ne¼			1	1896	16.37	2.46	79.93
				1897	16.75	2.51	
				1898	18.29	2.75	
				1899	18.09	2.71	
J P Peterson		5	2	1896	1.07	.16	5.21
				1897	1.09	.17	
				1898	1.19	.18	
				1899	1.17	.18	
Wm Paine Sr		6	2	1896	1.07	.16	5.22
				1897	1.09	.17	
				1898	1.19	.18	
				1899	1.18	.18	
do		7	2	1896	1.07	.16	5.21
				1897	1.09	.17	
				1898	1.19	.18	
				1899	1.17	.18	
do		8	2	1896	1.28	.19	6.23
				1897	1.31	.20	
				1898	1.42	.21	
				1899	1.41	.21	
A Everett		11	2	1899	1.41	.21	1.62
do		12	2	1899	1.41	.21	1.62
George E Gardner e½ of north 100 ft lots 14 and		15	4	1899	8.93	1.34	10.27
J E Davenport		18	4	1899	11.05	1.66	12.71
August Feiro		1	6	1899	7.28	1.09	8.37
do		2	6	1899	.59	.09	.68
do		3	6	1899	.59	.09	.68
Louis Larson		7	5	1896	7.44	1.11	30.90
				1897	7.62	1.14	
				1898	5.94	.89	
				1899	5.88	.88	
do		8	6	1896	1.07	.16	5.21
				1897	1.09	.17	
				1898	1.19	.18	
				1899	1.17	.18	
Leon E Lum		13	6	1899	7.64	1.14	8.78
do		14	6	1899	.94	.14	1.08
John Bakkila		23	6	1899	1.88	.28	2.16
do		24	6	1899	49.35	7.40	56.75
Chas H Dahl		23	7	1899	1.88	.28	2.16
do		24	7	1899	11.75	1.71	13.46
Wm Paine sr		1	9	1896	.64	.09	3.11
				1897	.65	.09	
				1898	.71	.11	
				1899	.71	.11	
do		2	9	1896	.43	.06	2.07
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.48	.07	
				1899	.47	.07	
do		3	9	1896	.42	.06	1.52
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.24	.03	
				1899	.24	.03	
do		4	9	1896	.42	.06	1.50
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.24	.03	
				1899	.23	.03	
do		5	9	1896	.43	.06	1.50
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.24	.03	
				1899	.24	.03	
Wm Paine		6	9	1896	.42	.06	1.50
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.24	.03	
				1899	.23	.03	
do		7	9	1896	.44	.06	1.53
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.24	.03	
				1899	.24	.03	
do		8	9	1896	.42	.06	1.50
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.24	.03	
				1899	.23	.03	
do		9	9	1896	.43	.06	1.80
				1897	.44	.06	
				1898	.47	.07	
				1899	.24	.03	
do		10	9	1896	.43	.06	2.07
				1897	.43	.06	
				1898	.48	.08	
				1899	.47	.07	
Hoffman, Ferris et al		3	10	1896	.85	.13	4.15
				1897	.87	.13	
				1898	.95	.15	
				1899	.94	.14	
do		4	10	1896	.85	.13	4.16
				1897	.88	.13	
				1898	.95	.15	
				1899	.94	.14	
Nelson Nelson		7	8	1899	3.29	.49	3.78
do		8	8	1899	.94	.14	1.08
Thos W Crawford		11	10	1896	.85	.13	4.15
				1897	.87	.13	
				1898	.95	.15	
				1899	.94	.14	
do		12	10	1896	1.07	.16	5.23
				1897	1.09	.17	
				1898	1.19	.18	
				1899	1.18	.18	
A V Teeple		15	10	1896	1.07	.16	3.86
				1897	1.09	.17	
				1898	1.19	.18	
do		16	10	1896	1.07	.16	3.86
				1897	1.09	.17	
				1898	1.19	.18	
do		17	10	1896	1.07	.16	3.86
				1897	1.09	.17	
				1898	1.19	.18	
do		18	10	1896	1.07	.16	3.86
				1897	1.09	.17	
				1898	1.19	.18	
W D Mckay		15	11	1898	14.25	2.13	
				1899	14.10	2.11	
do		16	11	1898	1.19	.18	2.72
				1899	1.18	.17	
John Olson 21 and		22	12	1899	16.45	2.46	18.91
Thos West 23 and		24	12	1899	15.51	2.33	17.84
W E Smith		1	13	1896	1.07	.16	5.19
				1897	1.09	.16	
				1898	1.19	.18	
				1899	1.17	.17	
W E Smith		2	13	1896	.85	.13	4.16
				1897	.87	.13	
				1898	.95	.15	
				1899	.94	.14	
do		3	13	1896	.85	.13	4.16
				1897	.87	.13	
				1898	.95	.15	
				1899	.95	.14	
do		4	13	1896	.85	.13	4.16
				1897	.87	.13	
				1898	.95	.15	
				1899	.94	.14	
do		5	13	1896	.85	.13	4.16
				1897	.87	.14	
				1898	.95	.15	
				1899	.94	.14	
do		6	13	1896	.85	.13	4.16
				1897	.87	.13	
				1898	.95	.15	
				1899	.94	.14	
do		13	13	1896	1.28	.19	6.24
				1897	1.31	.20	
				1898	1.42	.21	
				1899	1.41	.21	
do		14	13	1896	1.07	.16	5.19
				1897	1.09	.16	
				1898	1.19	.18	
				1899	1.17	.17	
do		15	13	1899	1.17	.17	1.34
do		16	13	1899	1.18	.17	1.35
Erick Kronberg		17	13	1898	17.81	2.67	40.75
				1899	17.63	2.64	
do		18	13	1898	1.19	.18	2.72
				1899	1.18	.17	
W E Smith		19	13	1896	1.07	.16	5.19
				1897	1.09	.16	
				1898	1.19	.18	
				1899	1.17	.17	
do		20	13	1896	1.07	.16	5.20
				1897	1.09	.16	
				1898	1.19	.18	
				1899	1.18	.17	
Wm Paine Sr, all of block except commencing 66 ft east of se corner of blk 15, thence east 300 feet, north 300 feet, west 300 feet south 300 feet, west again except south 10 ft of block			14	1896	21.25	3.18	49.44
				1897	21.75	3.26	
Hoffman et al commencing at a point 66 ft east from se corner of block 15, thence east 300 ft, thence north 140 ft thence west 300 feet thence south 140 feet to place of beginning part of block			14	1896	8.08	1.21	39.44
				1897	8.27	1.24	
				1898	9.02	1.35	
				1899	8.93	1.34	

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year for which taxes are delinquent	Am't of taxes Delinquent $ Cts	Penalty $ Cts	Total taxes and Penalty $ Cts
N S Hoffman		1	15	1896 1897 1898 1899	.85 .87 .95 .94	.12 .13 .14 .14	4.14
do		2	15	1896 1897 1898 1899	.64 .65 .71 .70	.09 .09 .11 .11	3.10
do		3	15	1896 1897 1898 1899	.64 .65 .72 .71	.09 .09 .11 .11	3.12
do		4	15	1896 1897 1898 1899	.64 .65 .71 .70	.09 .09 .11 .11	3.10
do		5	15	1896 1897 1898 1899	.64 .65 .72 .71	.09 .09 .11 .11	3.12
do		6	15	1896 1897 1898 1899	.64 .65 .71 .70	.09 .09 .11 .11	3.10
do		7	15	1896 1897 1898 1899	.64 .65 .72 .71	.09 .09 .11 .11	3.12
do		8	15	1896 1897 1898 1899	.64 .65 .71 .70	.09 .09 .11 .11	3.10
do		9	15	1896 1897 1898 1899	.64 .65 .72 .71	.09 .09 .11 .11	3.12
do		10	15	1896 1897 1898 1899	.64 .65 .71 .70	.09 .09 .11 .11	3.10
N S Hoffman		11	15	1896 1897 1898 1899	.64 .65 .72 .71	.09 .09 .11 .11	3.12
do		12	15	1896 1897 1898 1899	.85 .87 .95 .94	.12 .13 .14 .14	4.14
Isabelle Spalding		5	16	1896 1897 1898 1899	.64 .65 .72 .71	.09 .09 .11 .11	3.12
do		6	16	1896 1897 1898 1899	.64 .65 .71 .70	.09 .09 .11 .11	3.10
N W Wheatley		23	16	1896 1897 1898 1899	.85 .87 .95 .94	.12 .13 .14 .14	4.14
do		24	16	1896 1897 1898	1.07 1.09 .95	.16 .17 .14	3.58
John Swanson		1	17	1899	11.51	1.73	13.24
do		2	17	1899	.70	.11	.81
T W Crawford		13	17	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.07 1.09 1.19 1.17	.16 .17 .18 .18	5.82
do		14	17	1896 1897 1898 1899	.85 .87 .95 .94	.13 .14 .14 .14	4.16
Wm Paine sr		4	18	1899	.70	.11	.81
John Willis		10	18	1899	.71	.11	.82
M Hagberg		8	19	1898 1899	.95 .94	.15 .14	2.18
Wm Paine, commencing 50 feet east of NE corner, South 140 ft, east 11 feet north 140 feet west 11 feet part of block			20	1896 1897 1898 1899	.47 .47 .52 .52	.07 .07 .08 .08	2.88
Wm Paine, commencing 100 feet east from NW corner, thence south 140 feet, west 150 feet, thence north 140 feet, thence E 50 feet, part of block			20	1896 1898 1899	15.50 17.10 16.10	2.30 2.57 2.54	56.73
Wm Paine		2	21	1896 1897 1898 1899	.64 .65 .72 .71	.09 .09 .11 .11	3.12
do		3	21	1896 1897 1898 1899	.43 .44 .47 .47	.06 .06 .07 .07	2.06

Sleepers's Addition to Brainerd.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
Betsey Hastings		1	9	1896 1897 1898 1899	14.24 14.28 15.91 15.75	2.13 2.14 2.38 2.37	69.20
A J Johnson southhalf 7		8	10	1896 1897 1898 1899	36.55 37.41 40.85 40.42	5.48 5.61 6.12 6.06	178.51
do east 50 ft lots 11-12		13	15	1898 1899	5.46 5.40	.82 .82	12.50
Martin Wicklund		7	17	1898	11.88	1.78	13.66
Henry Mahle		10	18	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 2.85 2.82	.38 .39 .42 .42	12.45
do		11	18	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 2.85 2.82	.38 .39 .43 .42	12.45
John Bakkila		11	19	1899	16.45	2.47	18.92
Andrew Swanson		2	20	1899	21.15	3.18	24.33
Martin Swanson		11	21	1898	11.86	1.77	13.63
Z Framling		4	21	1899	15.28	2.29	17.57
Lester S Giles		8	21	1899	9.40	1.41	10.81
Mike Peterson		2	21	1899	13.52	2.02	15.54

Town of East Brainerd.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
Farrar & Forsyth south ½ lots 1, 2 and		3	1	1896 1898	10.94 9.50	1.64 1.43	23.51
E H Farrar S 46½ ft lt 1, 2 and		3	2	1899	2.26	.34	2.60
do		12	2	1899	4.70	.70	5.40
dd		4	3	1899	5.88	.88	6.76
T M Reilly		7	3	1899	12.34	1.84	14.18
James Parker		9	3	1899	11.75	1.76	13.51
T M Reilly west half		2	4	1899	25.85	3.87	29.72
A Rheinstadter south half		4	5	1899	7.92	1.19	9.11
H Titze		5	6	1898 1899	20.19 19.97	3.03 3.00	46.19
Mrs E E Titus		6	6	1899	9.40	1.41	10.81
J N & A W Beaver		5	9	1899	3.52	.52	4.04
do		6	9	1899	4.70	.70	5.40
Thos Wadham		10	11	1899	4.70	.70	5.40
do		11	11	1899	28.20	4.23	32.43
H Stine south 37½ feet		9	13	1899	4.59	.69	5.28

Farrar & Forsyth's First Addition to the City of Brainerd.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
Lucy E Sturgeon		7	14	1899	19.39	2.91	22.30
George Halladay		10	14	1899	16.45	2.46	18.91
E H Farrar		12	15	1899	12.34	1.84	14.18
Mrs S B Webb, north 40 ft.		5	16	1899	16.92	2.54	19.46
do		6	16	1899	3.52	.52	4.04
E H Farrar		2	17	1899	6.23	.93	7.16
C A Martin		5	17	1899	1.88	.28	2.16
do		6	17	1899	2.35	.35	2.70
do		7	17	1899	2.35	.35	2.70
do		8	17	1899	25.38	3.81	29.19
E H Farrar		12	17	1899	1.18	.18	1.36
Kenneth McDonald		8	18	1898 1899	21.37 21.15	3.21 3.16	48.89
J E Whitney		5	19	1899	8.82	1.32	10.41
John O'Connor		1	20	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 3.56 3.52	.64 .65 .53 .53	17.65
Farrar & Forsyth		4	20	1897	10.87	1.63	12.50
James New		4	21	1899	3.29	.49	3.78
E H & A C Farrar		8	21	1899	1.88	.28	2.16
do		9	21	1899	1.88	.28	2.16
Farrar & Forsyth		1	22	1899	10.58	1.59	12.17
Mary Malony		11	23	1899	18.09	2.71	20.80
Farrar & Forsythe		2	24	1896 1897	1.70 1.74	.25 .26	3.95
do		11	24	1896 1897	3.83 3.92	.57 .59	8.91
do		6	25	1899	1.32	.20	1.52
do		11	25	1899	6.02	.90	6.92
do		12	25	1899	4.84	.72	5.56
do		1	27	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.80 5.00 1.43 1.41	.73 .75 .21 .21	14.63
do		2	27	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.77 2.83 2.62 2.58	.41 .42 .39 .38	12.40
do		3	27	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.77 2.83 2.61 2.59	.41 .42 .39 .39	12.41

Fairview Addition to the City of Brainerd.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
A A Gillis		11	1	1896 1897 1898 1899	6.33 6.62 5.94 5.88	.95 .98 .89 .88	28.43
do		6	2	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.70 1.74 1.43 1.41	.25 .25 .21 .21	7.20
do		7	2	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.28 1.31 .95 .94	.19 .20 .14 .14	7.15
W W Winter		11	2	1896 1897 1898	20.19 20.67 21.37	3.08 3.09 3.21	71.65
A A Gillis		5	3	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 4.75 4.70	.79 .81 .71 .71	23.23
E Garlinghouse		9	3	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 4.75 4.70	.80 .81 .71 .71	23.24
A A Gillis		2	4	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 4.75 4.70	.80 .81 .71 .71	23.24
do		6	4	1896 1897 1898 1899	6.38 6.52 5.94 5.88	.96 .97 .89 .88	28.42
C N Parker		9	4	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.70 1.74 1.42 1.41	.26 .26 .21 .21	7.21
A A Gillis		12	4	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.70 1.74 1.43 1.41	.26 .26 .21 .21	7.22
do		2	5	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 2.50 2.52	.63 .65 .38 .38	17.46
do		3	5	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 2.57 2.53	.63 .65 .38 .38	16.87
do		6	5	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.22 5.44 4.75 4.70	.80 .82 .71 .71	23.26
A A White		8	5	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 3.56 3.52	.63 .65 .53 .53	18.02
do		9	5	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 3.57 3.55	.64 .65 .54 .53	18.06
A A Gillis		2	6	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.19 3.26 2.85 2.82	.48 .49 .42 .42	13.93
do		3	6	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.18 1.90 1.88	.31 .33 .28 .28	9.29
do		5	6	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.18 1.90 1.88	.32 .33 .28 .28	9.30
do		12	6	1896 1897 1898 1899	.21 .22 .48 .47	.03 .03 .07 .07	1.58
do		1	7	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.62 3.70 2.85 2.82	.54 .55 .43 .42	14.93
do		4	7	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.15 2.18 2.37 2.35	.32 .33 .35 .35	10.37
do		5	7	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.18 2.38 2.35	.32 .33 .36 .35	10.39
do		2	8	1896 1897 1898 1899	.21 .22 .48 .47	.04 .03 .07 .07	1.58
do		3	8	1896 1897 1898 1899	.22 .22 .47 .47	.03 .03 .07 .07	1.58
A A White		4	8	1896 1897 1898 1899	.21 .22 .48 .47	.03 .03 .07 .07	1.58
do		5	8	1896 1897 1898 1899	.22 .22 .48 .47	.03 .03 .07 .07	1.58
A A Gillis		6	8	1896 1897 1898 1899	.21 .22 .48 .47	.03 .03 .07 .07	1.58

Miller's Addition to East Brainerd.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
Wm Falkenrice		1	2	1899	2.35	.35	2.70
do		2	2	1899	15.28	2.29	17.57
do		3	2	1899	3.52	.53	4.05
J B Lawrence		6	2	1898 1899	15.67 15.51	2.35 2.33	35.86
Morris Ludwig		9	2	1899	19.50	2.92	22.42

Miller's First Addition to the City of Brainerd.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
James Parker		7	3	1896 1897 1898	2.13 1.41 2.38	.32 .21 .36	6.81
do		8	3	1896 1897 1898	2.13 1.09 1.90	.32 .16 .28	5.88
J S Gardner west ½		10	3	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.07 1.09 .94 .95	.16 .16 .14 .14	4.64
John Prenderquist		2	4	1896	6.38	.96	7.34
D D Smith		3	4	1896	2.13	.32	2.45
James Steel		8	4	1896	2.13	.32	2.45
do		9	4	1896	2.13	.32	2.45
A E Veon		10	4	1896	2.13	.32	2.45
do		11	4	1896	2.13	.32	2.45
do		12	4	1896	2.13	.32	2.45
do		13	4	1896	2.13	.32	2.45

Schmelz's Addition to East Brainerd.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
Thos Casey		3	3	1899	2.82	.42	3.24

Haines Addition to the Town of East Brainerd.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
J W Slipp		7	1	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.77 2.83 2.62 2.59	.42 .43 .39 .39	12.42
Howes & Spalding		1	4	1898	2.61	.39	3.00
do		2	4	1898	2.14	.32	2.46
do		3	4	1898	2.14	.32	2.46
do		4	4	1898	2.14	.32	2.46
do		5	4	1898	2.14	.32	2.46
do		6	4	1898	2.14	.32	2.46
do		7	4	1898	2.62	.39	3.01
D F Sexton		8	4	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.98 3.04 2.61 2.58	.45 .45 .39 .39	12.98
do		9	4	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 2.14 2.12	.39 .39 .32 .43	10.84
Foster & Farrar		7	5	1899	1.29	.19	1.48
do		8	5	1899	1.05	.16	1.21
do		9	5	1899	1.06	.16	1.22
A Atherton east ½		4	6	1899	2.35	.36	2.71
Wm Steel		4	7	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.18 1.90 1.88	.31 .33 .28 .28	9.31
do		5	7	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.18 1.90 1.88	.31 .33 .28 .28	9.29
do		11	7	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.18 1.90 1.88	.31 .33 .28 .28	9.29
do		12	7	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 2.38 2.35	.39 .39 .36 .35	11.38
T J Harmon		7	10	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.18 1.90 1.88	.31 .33 .28 .28	9.29
do		8	10	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.92 1.96 1.64 1.66	.28 .30 .25 .24	8.25
D F Sexton		1	11	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 2.38 2.35	.39 .39 .36 .35	11.38
do		2	11	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.18 1.90 1.88	.31 .33 .28 .28	9.29
J M Elder		9	11	1899	.94	.14	1.08
Brd Co-op B & L Assn.		3	13	1896 1897 1898	14.45 14.79 15.44	2.17 2.22 2.31	51.38
J W Slipp		3	16	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.18 1.90 1.88	.31 .33 .28 .28	9.29

Schwartz's Addition to the City of Brainerd.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
Rose Hagan		2	1	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.53 2.61 2.14 2.11	.39 .39 .31 .31	10.81
do		3	1	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 2.14 2.12	.39 .39 .31 .31	10.82
Mary E Hartley		1	2	1899	9.40	1.41	10.81
C Derocsky		1	7	1899	11.28	1.69	11.97
F A Zane		3	11	1899	2.82	.42	3.24
do		4	11	1899	1.82	.42	3.24
Mrs Augusta Miller		5	13	1899	1.06	.16	1.22
do		6	13	1899	6.11	.91	7.02
W H Onstine		1	5	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 2.38 2.35	.39 .39 .36 .35	11.38
do		2	15	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.18 1.90 1.88	.21 .33 .28 .28	9.29
do		3	15	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.18 1.90 1.88	.31 .33 .28 .28	9.29
J A Beaulieu		9	15	1899	5.41	.81	6.22
do		10	15	1899	1.88	.28	2.16
do		11	15	1899	1.88	.28	2.16
Chas Larson		12	15	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.19 3.27 4.75 4.70	.48 .49 .71 .70	18.29
W D Smiley		5	10	1899	2.11	.31	2.42
do		6	10	1899	2.82	.42	3.24
Mattie Johnson		7	20	1896 1897 1898 1899	5.32 5.44 5.22 5.17	.80 .82 .78 .77	24.32
Sara E Kindred		11	20	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 2.14 2.12	.38 .39 .32 .32	10.83
Sara A Parker		7	21	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.25 4.35 4.04 3.99	.64 .65 .61 .60	19.13
C H & C A Nelson		11	21	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 2.14 2.12	.38 .39 .32 .32	10.83
Sara E Kindred		3	26	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 2.14 2.11	.38 .39 .32 .32	10.82
do		4	26	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 2.14 2.12	.38 .39 .32 .32	10.83
do		5	26	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 2.14 2.11	.38 .39 .32 .32	10.82
Mary E Hartley		1	28	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.19 3.27 2.85 2.82	.48 .49 .43 .43	13.96
J J Howe		2	28	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 2.14 2.11	.39 .39 .32 .32	10.83
do		3	28	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 2.14 2.12	.38 .39 .32 .32	10.83
F W Wentworth		10	29	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 2.14 2.11	.38 .39 .32 .32	10.82
N W Wheatley		9	30	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 2.14 2.12	.38 .39 .32 .32	10.83
do		10	30	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 2.14 2.11	.38 .39 .32 .32	10.83
Max Walz west half 11 and 12			30	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.87 1.46 2.85 2.82	.45 .22 .43 .42	11.50
G W B Fernald		3	31	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.18 1.90 1.88	.32 .33 .28 .27	9.29
do		4	31	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.18 1.90 1.86	.32 .33 .29 .27	9.28
do		5	31	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.18 1.90 1.88	.32 .33 .27 .27	9.28
do		6	31	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 2.38 2.35	.38 .39 .36 .35	11.37

Schmelz's Second Addition To the City of Brainerd.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
John Hansman		10	1	1899	1.32	.20	1.52
do		11	1	1899	1.32	.20	1.52
do		12	1	1899	1.41	.21	1.62
Louis Shaefer		1	2	1898	1.67	.25	1.92
do		2	2	1898	1.42	.21	1.63
do		3	2	1898 1899	1.43 1.41	.21 .21	3.26
do		4	2	1898 1899	1.42 1.41	.21 .21	3.25
do		5	2	1898 1899	1.43 1.41	.21 .21	3.26
do		6	2	1898 1899	1.66 1.65	.25 .25	3.81
Sara Midgeley		11	3	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.70 1.74 1.90 1.88	.25 .26 .27 .27	8.28
J McNaughton		12	3	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.87 1.94 2.14 2.11	.27 .29 .32 .32	9.24
Fred Laufer		3	4	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.05 2.09 2.14 3.11	.31 .31 .32 .47	10.78
J A Martin		4	4	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.05 2.09 2.14 1.06	.31 .31 .32 .16	8.44
Porter & Brown		1	5	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.55 2.61 2.85 2.82	.38 .39 .42 .42	12.44
do		2	5	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.05 2.09 2.14 2.11	.31 .31 .32 .32	9.65
do		3	5	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.05 2.09 2.14 2.12	.30 .31 .32 .32	9.65
do		4	5	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.05 2.09 2.14 2.12	.30 .31 .31 .31	9.63
A R Reinthal		8	5	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.70 1.74 1.58 1.90	.25 .26 .28 .28	6.29

East Side Addition to The City of Brainerd.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
Case and Elvidge block			1	1896 1897 1898 1899	11.26 11.44 14.96 14.10	1.69 1.72 2.24 2.11	59.72
do			2	1896 1897 1898 1899	13.18 14.45 17.60 17.39	1.98 2.16 2.64 2.61	72.01
do		1	3	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.20 1.22 1.67 1.64	.18 .18 .25 .24	6.58
do		2	3	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.07 1.09 1.43 1.41	.15 .16 .21 .21	5.73
do		3	3	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.07 1.09 1.42 1.41	.16 .16 .21 .21	5.73
do		4	3	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.07 1.09 1.43 1.41	.15 .15 .21 .21	5.72
do		5	3	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.07 1.09 1.42 1.41	.15 .15 .21 .21	5.71
do		6	3	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.07 1.09 1.43 1.41	.15 .16 .21 .21	5.73
do		7	3	1896 1897 1898 1899	.89 .91 1.66 1.65	.13 .13 .25 .25	5.87
do		8	3	1896 1897 1898 1899	.89 .91 1.67 1.64	.14 .14 .25 .25	5.87
do		9	3	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.07 1.09 1.48 1.41	.15 .16 .21 .21	5.73
do		13	5	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.07 1.09 1.48 1.41	.16 .15 .21 .21	5.64
do		14	3	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.20 1.22 1.66 1.65	.18 .18 .25 .25	6.54
do		1	4	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.49 1.52 1.90 1.88	.22 .23 .28 .28	7.80
do		2	4	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.39 1.66 1.64	.21 .21 .25 .25	6.97
do		3	4	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.39 1.66 1.64	.21 .21 .25 .25	6.97
do		5	4	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.39 1.66 1.64	.21 .21 .25 .25	6.97
do		6	4	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.36 1.39 1.67 1.65	.21 .21 .25 .25	6.99
do			5	1896 1897 1898 1899	8.52 8.60 10.46 10.34	1.28 1.29 1.58 1.55	43.62
do			6	1896 1897 1898 1899	13.23 13.47 18.06 17.86	1.98 2.19 2.71 2.68	72.13
do			7	1896 1897 1898 1899	10.52 11.45 15.21 15.04	1.65 1.71 2.28 2.25	60.14
do			8	1896 1897 1898 1899	9.72 9.88 12.36 12.24	1.45 1.48 1.86 1.83	50.81
do			9	1896 1897 1898 1899	9.72 9.88 12.36 12.22	1.45 1.48 1.86 1.83	50.80
do			10	1896 1897 1898 1899	9.72 10.50 15.23 15.44	1.45 1.58 2.27 2.31	58.50
do			11	1896 1897 1898 1899	13.36 13.60 18.06 17.86	2.01 2.04 2.71 2.68	72.32
do			12	1896 1897 1898 1899	8.26 8.53 10.46 10.34	1.24 1.28 1.58 1.55	43.22
do			13	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.18 4.26 5.47 5.40	.62 .64 .82 .81	22.20
do			14	1896 1897 1898 1899	6.68 6.80 9.03 8.93	1.00 1.02 1.35 1.34	36.15
do			15	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.26 2.30 2.85 2.82	.34 .35 .43 .42	11.77
do			16	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.26 2.30 2.85 2.82	.34 .35 .43 .42	11.77

Davis Addition to the City of Brainerd.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
F M Washburn		4	3	1896 1897 1898 1899	.42 .43 .48 .47	.06 .06 .07 .07	2.07
do		5	3	1896 1897 1898 1899	.43 .44 .47 .47	.06 .07 .07 .07	2.06
E R Nesbitt		6	3	1896 1897 1898 1899	.42 .43 .47 .47	.06 .06 .07 .07	2.05
do		7	3	1896 1897 1898 1899	.43 .44 .48 .47	.06 .07 .07 .07	2.08
F M Kerchin		9	7	1899	.47	.07	.54
do		10	7	1899	.47	.07	.54
do		11	7	1899	.47	.07	.54
do		12	7	1899	.47	.07	.54

Syndicate Addition to the City of Brainerd.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
Werner Hemstead			1	1899	1.69	.25	1.94
do			2	1899	3.38	.51	3.89
do			3	1899	3.38	.51	3.89
do			4	1899	4.80	.70	5.50
do			5	1899	4.51	.68	5.19
do			6	1899	3.39	.51	3.90
do			7	1899	3.38	.51	3.89
do			8	1899	1.69	.25	1.94
do			9	1899	1.69	.25	1.94
do			10	1899	3.39	.51	3.90
do			11	1899	3.38	.51	3.89
do			12	1899	4.51	.68	5.19
do			13	1899	2.26	.34	2.60
do			14	1899	1.97	.30	2.27
do			15	1899	1.69	.25	1.94
do			16	1899	1.99	.30	2.29

St. Paul Addition to the City of Brainerd.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
A M Smith			2	1896 1897 1898 1899	13.25 14.55 18.79 18.57	1.99 2.18 1.82 2.78	74.93
do		9	3	1899	4.70	.70	5.40
Mrs Geo S McPherson		12	3	1899	12.93	1.94	14.87
do		13	3	1899	12.92	1.94	14.86
do			4	1896 1897 1898 1899	19.92 20.54 23.58 23.25	2.99 3.08 3.53 3.49	100.33
C E Peabody		10	5	1899	5.64	.85	6.49
A M Smith			6	1896 1897 1898 1899	11.40 11.64 15.22 15.04	1.71 1.75 2.28 2.26	61.30
do			8	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.94 4.00 4.76 4.70	.59 .60 .71 .72	20.02
do			10	1896 1897 1898 1899	9.72 9.88 12.36 12.22	1.46 1.48 1.85 1.83	50.80
do		2½	11	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.02 3.09 3.57 3.55	.45 .46 .52 .52	15.16
do			12	1896 1897 1898 1899	13.36 13.60 16.33 16.16	2.00 2.04 2.45 2.42	68.36
do			14	1896 1897 1898 1899	11.40 11.64 15.22 15.14	1.71 1.75 2.28 2.28	61.42
do			16	1896 1897 1898 1899	3.94 4.00 4.75 4.70	.59 .60 .71 .70	20.00
do			18	1896 1897 1898 1899	9.72 9.88 12.36 12.22	1.46 1.48 1.85 1.83	50.80
do			20	1896 1897 1898 1899	13.36 13.60 15.22 15.04	2.00 2.04 2.28 2.26	65.80
do			22	1896 1897 1898 1899	11.40 11.64 15.22 15.04	1.71 1.75 2.28 2.25	61.29
do			24	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.24 4.00 4.75 4.70	.63 .60 .71 .70	20.16
do		6	25	1896 1897 1898 1899	.60 .61 .95 .94	.09 .09 .14 .14	3.56
Sarah L Sleeper		7	25	1896 1897 1898 1899	.77 .78 1.18 1.17	.10 .11 .17 .17	4.45
A M Smith			26	1896 1897 1898 1899	11.26 11.44 14.96 14.10	1.68 1.71 2.18 2.11	58.69
do			28	1896 1897 1898 1899	15.50 15.87 15.76 17.88	2.33 2.32 2.35 2.50	74.10
do			32	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.88 8.00 2.88 2.82	1.17 1.20 .42 .42	24.79
do			33	1896 1897 1898 1899	7.88 8.00 2.88 2.82	1.17 1.20 .42 .42	24.79
do			35	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.84 1.86 1.20 1.17	.27 .27 .18 .17	6.96
do			36	1896 1897 1898 1899	1.84 1.86 1.44 1.41	.27 .28 .21 .21	7.52

Koop & Walker's Addition to the City of Brainerd.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
C N Parker		10	3	1899	1.88	.27	2.15
Koop & Walker und ½		12	6	1898 1899	.96 1.07	.13 .15	2.31

Holland's First Addition to the City of Brainerd.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
G W Holland	tract	5		1899	3.52	.52	4.04
do	"	6		1899	3.53	.52	4.05
do	"	7		1899	3.52	.52	4.04
do	"	13		1899	3.53	.52	4.05
do	"	14		1899	3.53	.53	4.06
do	"	15		1899	4.70	.71	5.41
do	"	16		1899	4.70	.71	5.41

West Brainerd.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Lot or Block	Lot	Block	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
W D Cornish		5	25	1896 1897 1898 1899	.43 .43 .48 .47	.06 .06 .07 .07	2.07
do		6	25	1896 1897 1898 1899	.42 .44 .47 .47	.06 .06 .07 .07	2.06
C Aherns		11	25	1896 1897 1898 1899	.43 .43 .48 .47	.06 .06 .07 .07	2.07
do		12	25	1896 1897 1898 1899	.42 .44 .47 .47	.06 .06 .07 .07	2.06
F Langdon		3	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.13 2.18 2.38 2.35	.31 .33 .35 .35	10.38
do		4	40	1896 1897 1898 1899	.43 .42 .47 .47	.06 .06 .07 .07	2.05
W D Cornish		6	41	1896 1897 1898 1899	.43 .43 .47 .47	.06 .06 .07 .07	2.05
do		7	41	1896 1897 1898 1899	.43 .44 .48 .47	.06 .06 .07 .07	2.08
do		8	41	1896 1897 1898 1899	.42 .43 .47 .47	.06 .06 .07 .07	2.05
do		9	41	1896 1897 1898 1899	.43 .44 .48 .47	.06 .06 .07 .07	2.08
do		4	43	1899	.47	.07	.54
do		5	43	1899	.47	.07	.54
do		6	43	1899	.47	.07	.54
John Campbell		3	44	1899	4.70	.70	5.40
Louis Wood		3	45	1896 1897 1898 1899	.43 .43 .47 .47	.06 .06 .07 .07	2.06
W D Cornish		5	45	1896 1897 1898 1899	.43 .43 .47 .47	.06 .06 .07 .07	2.06
R Ahrens		2	47	1898	.47	.07	.54
do		3	47	1898	.48	.07	.55
W D Carpenter		4	48	1898 1899	.24 .24	.03 .04	.55
Wm Beckell		5	48	1899	.23	.03	.26
F A Mason		1	55	1896 1897 1898 1899	.43 .43 .47 .47	.06 .06 .07 .07	2.05
R Aherns		3	55	1896 1897 1898 1899	4.68 4.79 5.22 5.17	.70 .72 .78 .78	22.75
Ellen M Hubbard		11	56	1896 1897 1898 1899	.42 .43 .47 .47	.06 .06 .07 .07	2.05
do		12	56	1896 1897 1898 1899	.42 .44 .48 .48	.06 .06 .07 .07	2.07
W D Cornish		1	58	1896 1897 1898 1899	.43 .43 .47 .47	.06 .06 .07 .07	2.06
do		2	58	1896 1897 1898 1899	.42 .44 .47 .47	.06 .06 .07 .07	2.07
do		10	58	1896 1897 1898 1899	.43 .43 .47 .47	.06 .06 .07 .07	2.06
do		11	58	1898	2.85	.42	3.27
J C Rosser		1	60	1896 1897 1898 1899	.22 .22 .24 .23	.03 .03 .04 .03	1.05
do		2	60	1896 1897 1898 1899	.21 .22 .24 .23	.03 .03 .04 .03	1.04
do		3	60	1896 1897 1898 1899	.22 .23 .24 .23	.03 .03 .04 .03	1.06
H H Spencer		4	60	1899	.24	.03	.27
W D Cornish 9, 10 and		11	60	1896 1897 1898 1899	.65 .66 .72 .70	.10 .10 .10 .10	3.13
do		1	62	1896 1897 1898 1899	.22 .23 .24 .23	.03 .03 .04 .03	1.05
C J Schaefer		3	62	1896 1897 1898 1899	.22 .22 .24 .23	.03 .03 .04 .04	1.04
do		4	62	1896 1897 1898 1899	.21 .22 .24 .24	.03 .04 .04 .04	1.04
H C Miller		7	64	1896 1897 1898 1899	.15 .13 .14 .14	.02 .02 .02 .02	.62
S Crandall		8	64	1896 1897 1898 1899	2.26 2.30 2.51 2.49	.34 .34 .37 .37	10.98
do		9	64	1896 1897 1898 1899	.13 .13 .14 .14	.02 .02 .02 .02	.62
E C Merritt		10	64	1896 1897 1898 1899	.13 .13 .14 .14	.02 .02 .02 .02	.62
W D Cornish		12	64	1896 1897 1898 1899	.13 .13 .14 .14	.02 .02 .02 .02	.62

Out Lots, City of Brainerd.

Township 45, Range 30

Name of Owner	Sec	Ac	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
Schaefer & Holtcamp north 20 Acres of sw¼ NE¼	19	20	1899	56.40	8.46	64.86
J S Kennard NW¼ nw¼ nw¼	21	10-25	1899	7.15	1.07	8.22
H P Bentonne nw¼ nw¼ except s½ sw¼ ne¼ nw¼ nw¼ and the W 8 rods of sw¼ nw¼ nw¼	31	9-75	1898 1899	4.60 4.56	.69 .68	10.53

Township 45, Range 31.

Name of Owner	Sec	Ac	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
W H Leland, that part of lot 3 bounded on the east by a line parallel with the west line of 5th street produced N to the Mississippi river and 50 feet distant w therefrom on west by the east line of 4th st produced north to Mississippi river, on the N by Mississippi river & on S by Bluff avenue	24	3-45	1896	63.75	9.57	73.32
Werner Hemstead, that part of lot 3 bounded on the east by east line of 5th street produced north to Mississippi river on the west by a line 50 feet west of and parallel to west line of 5th street produced north to Mississippi river on S by N line Bluff av on the north by Mississippi river	24	3-44	1896 1897 1898 1899	22.10 22.68 19.00 18.80	3.31 3.39 2.85 2.82	94.80
J J Howe & Co lot 2	26	1-85	1898 1899	1.19 1.17	.18 .18	2.72
J C Borden lot 3	35	39-90	1896 1897 1898 1899	8.48 6.48 9.34 9.35	1.27 .97 1.41 1.40	39.09
Mary Betzold se¼ nw¼	35	40	1899	18.80	2.82	21.62
Margaret Betzold ne¼ nw¼ less extension 6th st	35	33	1899	42.65	6.39	49.04
M Carpenter commencing 175 feet north sw corner ne¼ ne¼ thence east 257 feet thence north 338 feet, thence west 257 feet, thence south 338 to place of beginning	36	2	1899	9.40	1.41	10.81

Township 134, Range 28.

Name of Owner	Sec	Ac	Year	Am't of taxes	Penalty	Total
J J Howe Lbr Co lot 5&6	34	4-87	1899	.47	.06	.53

(*Continued on Page 13.*)

JOB PRINTING!

A Specialty

...AT THE...

DISPATCH OFFICE.

All Work Guaranteed, to be Satisfactory.

Professional Cards.

W. H. MANTOR,

Attorney at Law,

First National Bank Building.
BRAINERD, MINN.
(Does not practice in Municipal Court)

T. C. BLEWITT,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office, Room 8,
First Nat. Bank Block.
BRAINERD, - - MINNESOTA.

CLIFTON A. ALLBRIGHT,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Room 16, First National Bank Block,
BRAINERD, - - MINNESOTA.

DRS. CAMP & THABES,

Physicians and Surgeons.

Office in First National Bank Block.
Office Hours:-10 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m.
Night Calls received at Office.
Telephone Call, 7-2.
BRAINERD, - MINNESOTA

DR. S. C. REIMESTAD,

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON.

Office in Hartley Block, Front St.
BRAINERD, - MINN.

J. L. FREDERICK, D. M. D.

DENTIST.

Rooms 8 and 10 First National Bank Bl'k,
BRAINERD, MINNESOTA

DR. A. F. GROVES,

Physician & Surgeon.

Office over McFadden Drug Co's Store.
Residence, Cor. 6th and Kingwood Sts.
Office Hours: 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m.
Telephone Call: Office—3-5, Residence—92-4.
BRAINERD, - MINNESOTA.

N. C. BAUDETTE,

TONSORIAL ARTIST,

Corner Front and Fifth Streets.
Heat R. D. King's stove.
BRAINERD, - MINN.

R. K. WHITELEY

CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR.
Office, Room 3 Sleeper Block.
BRAINERD, MINN

J. H. WARNER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OVER BEACH'S STORE SIXTH ST.

Brainerd. :- Minn.

W. H. CROWELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Land Office Practice and Collections a specialty.

Bank Block, Sixth St., BRAINERD, MINN.

WANTS.

Advertisements of "Wanted," "For Sale," "For Rent," Etc., Etc., under this heading FIVE CENTS per line each insertion. Count seven words for each line. "Situations Wanted" inserted free. Telephone your "Want Ads" to the Dispatch. 2-2.

WANTED—To sell or trade small farm for city residence. Address box 1267, Brainerd, Minn.

SECOND handed buggy and cutter for sale. Apply to J. F. McIlinnis. 6-3

FOR SALE—Good matched team. Will make good match driving team. Also team and wagon and two seated spring wagon. Enquire of M. J. Hanger, corner of Quince and 7th streets.

SEND YOUR ORDER for cut flowers and floral emblems to Chris Hansen, 304 Main St., St Paul, Minn. Roses per dozen $1.00, Carnations 75 cents. Floral designs from $5.00 up. tf

WANTED—Position as housekeeper for widower or in a small family by elderly English lady. Mrs. F. M. Watson, Brainerd, Minn.

ANYONE in need of a friend to advise or help her will find one by applying to Mrs. W. H. Johnson, 14th street, Mrs. N. S. Gunderson, Columbia, Belcher or Mrs. W. J. Smith, 6th, Eight street north. Home Committee, Firemen Citizens Circle.

WANTED—Position as House-keeper. Widow with one child, boy 2 years old. Good home an object. Address L. A. H., Weber City, Cass Co., Ind.

Brainerd & Northern
MINNESOTA RY.

TIME CARD.

Trains Arrive at and Depart from the Northern Pacific Depot.

GOING NORTH.		GOING SOUTH.
No. 2.		No. 1.
7:45	lv-Brainerd-ar	11:00
8:05	lv-Nisswa-lv	10:35
8:12	lv-Pine River-lv	10:23
8:25	lv-Backus-lv	10:10
8:50	lv-Walker-lv	9:35
9:00	ar-Bemidji-lv	7:30

W. H. Gemmell, Gn. Mgr.

All the healing balsamic virtues of the Norway pine are concentrated in Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Nature's own remedy for coughs and colds.

FROM OUR COUNTY CORRESPONDENTS.

Interesting Local News of the Surrounding Country.

DEERWOOD.

The friends of Mrs. Torguson still have hopes of her recovery.

Wm. Elmore, the blacksmith, is rushed with work now-a-days.

Joe says it is all right, but he will fix that scribe one of these days. Bully for Joe.

We think that Ruth would be a very nice name for the Oak Lawn correspondent.

C. J. Rathvon has just completed the moving of a house for the Deerwood Improvement Co.

Sunday school next Sunday at 10:45; preaching in the evening at 7:30, the same as usual.

C. J. Rathvon moved into the annex of the Deerwood Inn until Mr. Flynn, the present landlord, shall move on his farm.

E. R. Mason is the happy father of a new girl baby. The mother and child are both doing well. Pass around the cigars Bro. Mason.

JACOB.

NORTH END GOSSIP.

Little Violet Butterfield is suffering with a severe case of lagrippe.

Wonder what process the county officials use when drawing jurymen, and what the admission is to see the performance.

When a person begins to look for extreme cases of precociousness just come up this way and we will trot out the very latest.

Rumor says that one of our local loggers has been appointed to look after the timber in this section of the country on government land.

One of our correspondents wants names suggested for Mrs. Katrine. Gossip would suggest (The-man-afraid-of-his-neighbors), or Chee-mo-ke-mon. Kowin—sunagret.

The little social dances that the children are having at Mr. Doan's every Saturday night are proving to be quite a weekly event, and also is teaching our little ones the art of terpsicore pretty quickly.

The brothers, Harry and Leslie Nines were summoned home by telegram a few days ago, owing to the dangerous illness of their mother, but as they have returned again the lady evidently was not as bad as thought to be.

Master Leslie Hines while walking across an empty hayrack fell and one of the sharp stakes that are used for holding the hay on ran into the flesh and made a pretty bad wound in the armpit, but there is no serious danger apprehended.

GOSSIP.

SEWELL LAKE JOTTINGS.

Henry Briggs is now a "Brainerd Boy in Blue."

John Weber went to St. Cloud last week to buy a horse.

Some Brainerd folks visited at this place last Sunday.

Lagrippe appears to be trumps in this neighborhood at present.

Mr. Remmels and Mr. Wm. Pheiffer are carrying on quite an extensive logging business this winter.

If the Jonesville teacher will send her address to This Fellow Box 1267 it will be answered with something to her interest.

An exciting runaway took place last Monday morning on the road between here and Brainerd. A team attached to a load of ties had in some way got lose from the owner and was running at full speed when they overtook Cloudsley Sewell with a load of wood at the foot of a hill. They ran up against his load with such force that the sled pole stood straight up in the air. The clash broke some of the rigging which loosened them from the sled. They finally circled out around and came into the road in front of Cloudsley's team and continued running until they overtook LeRoy Sewell with an other load of wood and were about to pass him when he shouted a loud whoa; and they obeyed. He then put the team in Mr. Weber's barn it being the nearest place. At this writing we have not yet ascertained the owners name.

It's a mistake to imagine that itching piles can't be cured; a mistake to suffer a day longer than you can help. Doan's Ointment brings instant relief and permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

KATRINE.

All well in the camps and the logs are moving fast.

Mr. Miller expects to start the mill in a few days.

There is work for everybody that wants it this winter.

The Dispatch failed to put in an appearance Saturday.

The new store seems to be quite popular. Just what was needed.

Two large loads of logs broke through the ice on Wilson lake on Monday.

One of Mr. Carr's little girls is quite sick with some derangement of the stomach.

Rev. Parish has been giving our people some good sermons for the last two weeks.

Invitations are out to the patrons of the library for a St. Valentines frolic, at the home of the librarian, Mrs. L. H. Schofield.

Hunt has concluded to give Archibald another chance to get even, and has offered to play him a game of dominoes, (where all depends on the draw.)

Several cases of stomach trouble are reported at the Hotel de Knieff & Co. Unless the cook and his cooking is quarantined there will be rooms to let.

"Woe unto thee," Deerwood. Then who doubth the pestilence, then goeth and shuttest up the churches, while thou leavest the stores wide open. "Verily, verily, I say unto you, it shall be more tolerable, for Sodom and Gomorrah in the day of judgment than for thee."

ECHO.

OAK LAWN GEMS.

This scribe has two fine new milch cows not for sale.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. August Nelson Jan. 28th, a daughter.

J. Smith has charge of the Jonesville section in Gus. Johnson's absence.

Our farmers are all busy these days hauling wood, hay and rock to Brainerd.

Tuck Wayt has gone to Mille Lacs to work in the lumber woods at $30 per month.

John Peterson sold a $40 cow in Brainerd last week. D. W. Wayt also sold a $45 colt.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Hogadone of Dagget Brook were visitors at J. B. Porter's one day last week.

John Brune has returned from his visit at Duluth he says that the car load of baled hay he shipped there didn't pay the freight. Better try the Brainerd market next time John.

The name Ruth that this fellow proposed for us would be very appropriate for one of our gender which we would gladly adopt providing one of the other scribes would donate the calico dress.

Gus Johnson was operated on for appendicitis at the N. P. Sanitarium recently and is getting along as well as can be expected under the circumstances. The operation he underwent some time ago was for abcess of the stomach.

The antediluvian fossils that fell in Gossip's vicinity are some of the eggs that the women of Philadelphia threw at the English soldiers when they guarded that city back in the seventeenth century. That accounts for the man in the moon holding on to his nose when he passed over that neighborhood one night recently.

THIS FELLOW.

The Popular Buffalo Route

This summer on account of the 1901 Pan-American Exposition will be the Nickel Plate road. Countless thousands will visit this, one of the greatest expositions of modern times. The Nickel Plate road will be the popular line. The excellence of its service is well recognized by the traveling public, and the reputation of its train employes in their uniform courtesy to passengers is well known. When you go east see that your tickets read via the Nickel Plate road. Write, wire, 'phone or call on John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

Frequent Coughing

inflames the lungs. Foley's Honey and Tar stops the coughing and heals the lungs. The ordinary cough medicines which are simply expectorants, will not do this, as they keep the lungs irritated in throwing off the phlegm. H. P. Dunn & Co., McFadden Drug Co.

ESDON ETCHINGS.

Nearly all the Esdon folks are having an attack of the grippe or something like it.

Mrs. Si Couvel and two children have decided to return to her home at Dayton, this state.

Mrs. O. H. Markell and two children are staying at Mrs. Markell's father, Mr. M. L. Hammett, for the present.

Charlie Rosenkranz came near meeting with a very severe accident, a falling limb from a tree striking him on the head and knocking him insensible. The same day his brother Willie came near being run over by a logging sled.

The Esdon people have decided to hold a social at the school house on the evening of Feb. 22nd. Admission 15 cents. There will be a short program and supper and a general good time. Everybody invited to attend and bring their friends along.

There was a surprise party on Ray's lumber camp last Saturday evening. The Esdon young people finally got there, some of them taking until eleven o'clock, owing to the numerous logging roads. One young lady and gentleman walked all the way, but after all the numerous trials and tribulations they had a nice dance and a good supper and general good time.

DAME RUMOR.

THE COMMUTER.

How He Spends His Hours of Daily Railroad Traveling.

The much abused suburbanites, whom the cartoonists picture as coming to the city every morning from "Lonesomehurst," "Lost Man's Lane," "Trunehurst-by-the-Trolley" and other places with equally suggestive names, are an interesting class of individuals. The transient element of the city's population spends several hours every day whirling over the railroads. When the novelty of these daily bits of railroading has passed into the monotony of years of travel through the same country the commuter has learned to make the best of the time he spends on the train.

The "card fiend" is a prominent figure in this class. Both morning and evening four or five games of cards are going on in every smoking car, and it is safe to say that thousands of dollars change hands in this "innocent amusement" while the players are hurrying to or from business.

Next to the "card sharp" is the man who only enjoys his cigar and paper. He is oblivious to all his surroundings and only shows animation when he is at his journey's end.

Many of the policies and plans of some of this city's most successful business men have been born or developed on these trains. The short respite between the bustle of the city and the cares of home life is to this type of man a season for meditation.

Another interesting committer is the individual who is on good terms with all his fellows. He travels up and down through the car exercising his repertory of latest jokes or sympathizing with some gloomy looking friend who thinks that all the world is against him. He seems to never grow weary in his well doing.

The train life of the commuter is now and then enlivened by wrecks. Though tossed about and sometimes cut and bruised, he generally escapes serious injury. Such experiences as these he considers the spice and coloring of his existence.—New York Mail and Express.

COLOR OF GOLD COINS.

some time ago a Frenchman placed together a number of gold coins of French mintage of the beginning, middle and end of the last century. He was much surprised to see that they differed in color. He set about finding out the reasons for this difference, and the results of his investigations have been published in La Nature.

There is a paleness about the yellow of the 10 and 20 franc pieces which bear the effigies of Napoleon I and Louis XVIII that is not observed in the goldpieces of later mintage. One admirer of these coins speaks of their color as a "beautiful paleness" and expresses regret that it is lacking in later coins. The explanation of it is very simple. The alloy that entered into the French gold coins of those days contained as much silver as copper, and it was the silver that gave the coins their interesting paleness.

The coins of the era of Napoleon III were more golden in hue. The silver had been taken out of the alloy.

The gold coins of today have a still warmer and deeper tinge of yellow. This is because the Paris mint, as well as that in London, melts the gold and the copper alloy in hermetically sealed boxes, which prevents the copper from being somewhat bleached, as it always is when it is attacked by hot air. So the present coins have the full warmness of tint that a copper alloy can give.

If the coins of today are not so handsome in the opinion of amateur collectors as those issued by the first Napoleon, they are superior to those of either of the Napoleons in the fact that it costs less to make them. The double operation of the oxidation of the copper and cleaning it off the surface of the coin with acids is no longer employed, and the large elimination of copper from the surface of the coins, formerly practiced, made them less resistant under wear and tear than are the coins now in circulation.

THE FINISHING TOUCHES.

Cuban Constitution Completed by the Editing Committee.

Havana, Feb. 15.—Finishing touches have been given to the constitution by the editing committee. At the last moment the reference to "permanent foreigners" was struck out and a clause was inserted providing for two sessions of congress, beginning in April and November, instead of one. Senores de Quesada, Yamayo, Gomez, Villuendas and Silva were appointed a committee to draw up a proposition defining the relations to exist between Cuba and the United States.

General Rivera, in a letter to the press, objects to the convention making any attempt to settle the question of future relations. He says the matter should be decided by the republic after the constitution has been adopted. On the other hand a majority of the delegates are in favor of touching the question now and probably a meeting will be arranged between Governor General Wood and the committee to consider some proposal that will be acceptable to the United States government.

NO ACTION THIS SESSION.

Administration Has Little Hope for the Reciprocity Treaties.

Washington, Feb. 15.—After a careful survey of the situation in the senate, the administration has come to the conclusion that there is little hope of a successful outcome this session of the efforts it has been making to secure action upon the pending reciprocity treaties. The French treaty was purposely withdrawn into the background in order to test the suggestion that the West India treaties, being less calculated to exercise opposition, might be put through and so open the way for the European treaties. This plan has failed and the opinion prevails in administration circles that action cannot be had upon any of the treaties this session and that they must all die unless a change in senatorial feeling affords another opportunity for their consideration during the extra session of the senate next month.

Northwestern Flour Output.

Minneapolis, Feb. 15.—According to The Northwestern Miller the flour output at Minneapolis last week was 281,895 barrels, compared with 371,[illegible] barrels for the corresponding week last year. Duluth and West Superior ground 2,500 barrels as compared with no production for the same week last year. The business of the week, taken as a whole, indicates only a consumptive demand for flour and no interest of a speculative nature on the part of dealers.

College Cornerstone Laid.

Cedar Falls, Ia., Feb. 15.—The cornerstone of the Western Union college was laid during the day. The address of the occasion was delivered by Bishop Dubs of Chicago.

BRIEF BITS OF NEWS.

Mrs. Carrie Nation has consented to take charge and edit the Peoria (Ills.) Journal for one day, Feb. 25.

The lower branch of the Indiana assembly has adopted a report recommending life imprisonment for kidnapping.

Judge Robert D. Russell of Minneapolis died suddenly Wednesday morning. The immediate cause of death was a clot of blood on the brain, but the remote cause was a general nervous break-down which dates back to a year ago.

LATEST MARKET REPORT.

Duluth Grain.

DULUTH, Feb. 14.

WHEAT—Cash No. 1 hard 72¾c, No. 1 Northern 72¼c. To Arrive—No. 1 hard 72¾c, No. 1 Northern 74¼c. May No. 1 Northern 76¼c, July 77c.

FLAX—To arrive $1.64½, cash $1.64½, May $1.69½, September $1.15.

Minneapolis Wheat.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 14.

WHEAT—Cash 74¼c, May 74⅞c, July 75½c. On Track — No. 1 hard 76½c, No. 1 Northern 74¼c, No. 2 Northern 69@71½c.

Sioux City Live Stock.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Feb. 14.

CATTLE—Sales ranged at $4.00@4.75 for beeves, $2.00@3.75 for cows, bulls and mixed, $2.25@4.00 for stockers and feeders, $2.25@3.00 for calves and yearlings.

HOGS—Range of prices $5.15@5.22½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

SOUTH ST. PAUL, Feb. 14.

HOGS—Prices ranged at $5.15@5.20.

CATTLE—Sales ranged at $4.00@5.00 for good to choice butcher steers, $3.40@4.00 for good yearling butcher cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00 for choice veals, $2.90@3.90 for choice feeders.

SHEEP—Sales ranged at $4.00@5.00 for choice butcher lambs, $3.40@4.00 for choice fat wethers.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

CHICAGO, Feb. 14.

CATTLE—Sales ranged at $5.00@8.00 for good to prime steers, $3.40@4.90 for poor to medium, $3.75@4.50 for stockers and feeders, $2.00@4.50 for cows and heifers, $4.00@4.75 for Texas steers.

HOGS—Sales ranged at $5.15@5.40 for mixed and butchers, $5.30@5.47½ for good to choice heavy, $5.10@5.30 for rough heavy, $5.15@5.40 for light, $5.30@5.45 for bulk of sales.

SHEEP—Sales ranged at $3.90@4.45 for sheep, $4.25@5.30 for lambs.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, Feb. 14.

WHEAT—February 73⅝c, March 74¼c, May 75⅛@75⅜c.

CORN — February 38⅝c, March 39c, May 40⅛@40⅛c.

OATS—February 24½c, May 25½c.

PORK—February $14.10½, May $14.21½.

LARD—February $7.90, May $8.02½.

SHORT RIBS—February $7.37½, May $7.50.

POULTRY—Dressed turkeys 9½@10½c, chickens 8@9c.

BUTTER—Creameries 16@21c, dairies 11½@18c.

EGGS—Fresh 12c.

Wanted to Go to one of His Weddings.

The Rev. Dr. ——, a prominent clergyman, relates with much gusto the following story about himself. His present wife, by the way, is not the wife of his youth nor yet of his early manhood, but the lady of his third choice, and as a consequence the doctor's set of olive branches spring from divers maternal ancestry.

"Such a condition of affairs," said the doctor, "might at times become embarrassing except for the thorough amiability of all concerned. I confess, however, to a slightly disconcerted feeling when shortly before my third marriage I was approached by one of my daughters, a girl of 9 and one who called my second wife mother, with the question: 'Papa, will you let me go to see you married? I have never been at any of your weddings.'"—Pun.

Philadelphia Feline Duplicity.

It was during the natural history hour.

"Give me," asked the teacher, "an example of the alleged deceitful character of the cat."

"In restaurants it is sometimes said to pass itself off for a rabbit," answered the head boy.—Philadelphia Times.

Divining Rods.

The only trustworthy divining rod that has ever been made is fortunately cheap. It has a steel head and a wooden handle and is shaped something like an anchor. Any man who wants one should go to a hardware store and ask for a pickaxe.—Youth's Companion.

A fool forms an alliance with the straws driven by the wind; a wise man forms an alliance with the wind.—Chicago News.

The first savings bank in the United States was established in 1816.

The head master of a boarding school in Sheffield is very particular about the behavior of his scholars during meal-times. A short time ago the master observed one of the boys cleaning his knife on the tablecloth and immediately pounced on him.

"Is that what you generally do at home, sir?" he asked sternly.

"Oh, no," replied the boy quietly. "We generally use clean knives at home."—London Fun.

Superlative.

"There's a lucky man for you!"

"How's that?"

"Why, he's got a butler so dignified that he even sows the cook into submission."—Exchange.

The native dress of the better class of Japanese of both sexes is a loose wrapper, open at the chest and at the waist confined by a girdle.

Munster, Germany, has a high school which has been in existence 1,100 years.

DR. REA,

Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Catarrhal and Nervous Diseases.

Specialist of National Reputation

Visiting Professionally the Principal Cities of the Northwest.

BRAINERD, MINN.

Arlington Hotel,

THURSDAY, MARCH 7.

For One Day Only, Returning Every Four Weeks for Six Months.

Dr. Rea, founder of the Southern Medical and Surgical Institute, Louisville, Ky., with headquarters in the principal cities of the United States, will be at

ARLINGTON HOTEL

AUTHORIZED BY THE STATE

Treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat, lungs, liver, stomach and bowels, dyspepsia, sciatica, rational catarrh, headache, rheumatism, chronic female diseases, neuralgia, sciatica, diabetes, permanently removes growth in children and all wasting diseases in adults. Deformities, club feet, curvature of the spine, diseases of the brain, diabetes, paralysis, deafness, blood and skin diseases, syphilis, gonorrhoea, gleet and hydrocele properly treated. Dr. Rea's system of treating catarrh, grippe, sinus, nasal, throat and lung with the sub-cutaneous method without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries and is really one of the most scientific and sure cures of the 19th century. Young, middle-aged and old, single and married, men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, stunted development, lack of energy, impotency, nervousness, pimples, blotches, impediments to marriage, also those who contemplate marriage, realize their failing, have pains, stiffening sensations, ulcers, effects of mercury, kidney and bladder troubles, weak back, kidneys, urine burning urine too often, gonorrhoea, gleet and stricture, positive, speedy, permanent, prompt relief and a cure for life. There are no experiments in Dr. Rea's practice. All he has to tell anyone their disease he is not likely to doctor his patients for the wrong ailment. No incurable diseases taken. Both sexes treated confidentially and privately. Consultation and examination by mail or personal. One dollar. 124 Fifth Street, Louisville, Ky. Minneapolis, Minn.

A GIRL OF GRIT.

BY MAJOR ARTHUR GRIFFITHS.

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(CONTINUED.)

Much as I had been surprised by the promptitude with which these unscrupulous foes had got him into their toils I was now amazed with the breadth, the boldness of their scheme. It was as clear to me as if I had seen it all in print. To seize, sequestrate, securely hold their prisoner, with heaven knows what added ill usage—it might be make away with him utterly—while his double, some cleverly set up second self, their puppet or confederate, personated him, acted for him, making ducks and drakes of his fortune, acquiring every red cent that was movable and within reach, without fear of interference or retribution, provided only they kept fast hold of their prey.

How far was it in my power to meet and frustrate these felonious but artfully planned measures? At least I had one or two threads, one or two clews, to my hand.

I believed that I could exactly locate the present place of Captain Wood's detention. I knew the very house or its outbuildings in which he was imprisoned. To get him out must be my next job. If he were once free, much mischief, the worst certainly, might be prevented. But whether he were immediately released or not it was of little importance to follow up his persecutors to ascertain what they were doing and work to counteract and defeat them.

Three of them, at least, I had heard of, thanks to my friend at the consulate, two by name and clear identity. The third should be discovered through the other two.

My next moves were clearly and imperatively marked out for me.

As I passed along the Strand I called in at Norfolk street. No sign from Joseph, so all was presumably without change in the Strathblaim road. Next to Charges street.

Time was getting on. Close on 4 p. m., and nothing done as yet in Mr. Wood's behalf. I was impatient, eager to act for him, and yet I knew I must proceed regularly. The man Savory had returned, and I knew by his face that he had drawn blank in Laburnum street. Of course no Mr. Wood was there. I did not require to be told that. Savory was also satisfied now, a good deal on the evidence of the collie dog which he had taken with him.

"Master Willie was nowhere on the premises. Roy will answer for that. I told him to 'go look,' although the woman of the place—it was a sort of second rate lodging house—called him a dreadful dog and tried to stop him. Roy's teeth helped him to quest right through the house."

"Fine fellow! We'll take him with us to look for Mr. Wood. Eh, Roy?"

He was like a Christian, that dog, for he made friends at once, wagged his tail and put his nose in my hand. When Savory added on some gibberish with "ullooloolooo, go search, Roy," he first howled and yelped, then ran up and down the hall entry like a mad thing.

"Where are we going, sir?" asked Savory, growing respectful as he recognized my authority.

"To Scotland Yard straight. They wouldn't listen to me this morning. Now perhaps— What have you got there?"

"It's a letter, sir, brought by hand half an hour ago for Mr. Wood, marked, 'Very immediate.' D'ye see? But you wouldn't surely?"

"This was in alarmed protest as I was about to break the seal.

"Wouldn't I, though? Why, it's a question of life and death with Captain Wood. Anything and everything that is likely to help us must be made use of. I stand on that, and here goes."

But just as I was about to open the letter we were interrupted by the arrival of a tall, military looking gentleman, with a fierce face and a very hectoring, overbearing manner. We were standing in the hallway, the man flustery and I, for although he knew what my business was he did not trust me enough to let me go up stairs. The front door was just ajar, he inside and I still on the stoop, when this lightfaintly, masterful sort of gentleman came up and said to both of us:

"Is this where Captain Wood lives? Look sharp. I want to know."

There was a shortness in his tone and manner which, being a free born American, I could not stomach at all. He might have been a slave driver talking to black Africans, and I looked at him in a way to warm him not to raise my dander.

"Come, speak out. Which is the man of the house? Is Captain Wood in? I must see him at once. I am Sir Charles Collingham."

At this Savory bowed low. They are a mean, pickapittle lot, these Britishers, when there's any talk of titles or big tools in their puddles.

"Yes, sir, Sir Charles; quite so. I know you now. But Captain Wood is not in."

"Where shall I find him? I must see him at once. It is a matter of duty. Where is he?"

"That's just what we want to know," I put in. "It puzzles us entirely. He has got into some mess somewhere, and we can't tell for certain what has happened to him or where to find him."

"And who the devil are you, pray?" asked my gentleman insolently. "And what is the business you have to do with Captain Wood? You are an American, I perceive."

"Weal, that's so, and what difference does that make? Am I good enough to know Captain Wood or for you to talk to?" He had pretty well raised my dander this time.

"Pshaw! I've nothing to say to you. I don't know you, and I don't want to know you, and you may go to the devil your own road as soon as you please."

And without waiting for more he brushed past me, pushing Savory aside and saying:

"I must go up to his rooms. There are some papers up there I want. Show the way, please," and he ran up stairs.

Of course I followed. I was as much concerned about Captain Wood as he was. Besides, I felt it due to my self respect and position as one of your most trusted agents to call this overbearing Britisher to account.

The new visitor, General Sir Charles Collingham, as I presently heard he was called, was the first in the room, and he went straight to the bureau or escritoire, at which I expect Captain Wood did his writing business. The general fell upon the papers and turned them over with much haste and excitement. Then he turned to Savory and said in the same peremptory tone:

"Where is the dispatch box from my office sent here last night? I don't see it. Fetch it, will you?"

"But it went to the captain this morning, Sir Charles, with his portmanteau and other things."

"Great powers! How could it when you don't know where he is?"

"If you will permit me to explain," I here put in, although I wonder I went on, for I saw clearly on his face that he thought me an interfering nonentity altogether beneath his contempt. But as I told my story his manner changed, his look of utter incredulity and amazement gave way to one of quickened interest, and by the time I had finished he had thrown himself into the nearest armchair with a loud and prolonged whistle, an evident let off to his disturbed feelings.

Then he sprang to his feet and walked up and down the room like a madman, talking to himself aloud:

"It's not possible. It's too preposterous. It cannot, ought not, to believe it. But yet, by the Lord Harry, strange things do happen."

Then he pulled up short and faced me as if I were a criminal and a rough.

"I suppose you are to be trusted? Who and what do you call yourself? You haven't dreamed all this? You weren't drunk last night?"

"I am a water drinker, Sir Charles Collingham, and take it from choice but, according to my physician's rule," I replied severely. "Yes, I confess, from your title, are a British army officer, but I do not consider you are a gentleman to make such asperions."

"Come, come, don't lose your temper. I never do—it's a mistake—in business, and you haven't told me yet who you are and what you have to do with Captain Wood."

The shortest way was to give him one of my cards. He was not unacquainted with the name of Sarsband and said so courteously enough. Indeed, he became now so civil that, judging him to be really a person of importance, I gave him a brief outline of the plot to which we believed Captain Wood had fallen a victim.

"You think it is the money, do you? Nothing else?" he asked sharply.

"Why, what else could there be?"

He hesitated for a moment, but said at last:

"I'm not at liberty to tell you exactly. They are confidential matters connected with the service. But there might be reasons to induce designing people to carry off Captain Wood and hide him for a time. He possesses certain information of the highest value to me. Well, I must not tell you. But the disappearance of these papers, of the dispatch box, in short, supports me in that view."

"There are public grounds, then, for instituting a keen search for Captain Wood."

"Very much so, indeed, and we must instantly call in the police. I shall go at once to Scotland Yard and set the detectives in motion."

"Guess I've been there already, and they only laughed at me."

"By George, they will not laugh at me. Why, this might become a cabinet question. If those papers have fallen into the wrong hands, there may be the devil of a row. Wood or no Wood, I must have them back this very day, and I can't stop talking here."

"One minute, Sir Charles. My—our interest in Captain Wood is hardly second to yours. Anyway they are identical. It would be best, I submit, to work together."

"Quite so. That is very sensible. Have you any plans? What would you propose?" He was as sweet as milk by this time.

"Well, obviously one thing presses urgently. A descent should be made by a possse of police upon that house in the Strathblaim road."

"In any case there shall be no more delay. There, you, sir!—this way for Savory—hail the first cab. I'm off to Scotland Yard. Will you come with me?"

"I'd rather meet you, Sir Charles, out yonder, for I suppose you'll go yourself with the police?"

"Certainly I shall, possibly ahead of them, so au revoir."

"Stay, Sir Charles. I had forgotten this letter which came an hour ago. It is addressed to Captain Wood, and it might throw some light on this mysterious affair. To be sure, it is a woman's hand, but I was just about to open it when you appeared. Do you think I dare?"

"By all means. Every scrap of intelligence is of the utmost importance now. I'll do it. I can settle afterward if necessary with Captain Wood."

So he broke the seal, opened the letter and instantly burst into a loud, cheery laugh.

"Oho, Miss Frida, so you have not been long in coming to an understanding with our man of many millions! Read it," he said, and he handed me the letter. It was headed "173 Hill street" and was signed "Frida." There were only a few lines:

What has become of you? I thought we were to see you early, before breakfast. I have been simply furious. Now I am frightened. Something must have happened. It cannot be that you have already forgotten—last night!

"Reckon I know what she means by 'last night.' For I heard quite plenty patting at the door of the house in Prince's Gate."

"Where no doubt they had been billing and cooing," added the general. "But she is entitled to know what has happened. You had better go round by Hill street on your way to Barnes. Enough said. I'm off."

We soon started, Savory and I, in a second hansom and at the man's suggestion took the dog.

"He'll surely find the captain," said Savory, "if there is any sort of scent," and the dog seemed to understand his business, for directly we reached Hill street he was the first inside the house and raced up stairs in a businesslike way and evidently quite at home in the place.

By and by he came down again, followed by about the brightest, smartest and sweetest young creature I had seen since my last Sunday walk on Fifth avenue after church.

It's not in my line to say what she wore, but I think it was a tailor made

"Of course you are from Captain Wood? This is his dog."

garment, and it fitted her like a glove. All I could see were her flashing eyes and the red lips apart as she tackled me sharply.

"Of course you are from Captain Wood? This is his dog. What have you to tell me? Quick! Explain. Where is he himself?"

"I wish, madam, I could tell you that for certain, but I cannot. The fact is we don't know."

"Here! Step in here." She opened the door of a room, showed me a chair, then took her stand on the hearthrug, with her arms behind her back, and said:

"Let me have the whole story or as much as you know of it. Make haste, please."

She still stood erect and fearless, showing great mastery over herself, as I told briefly and quickly all I knew. Except that the color came and went, that her cheek was now crimson, now blanched a creamy white, that her eyes glittered with the tears she still resolutely kept back, this brave child suffered no sign of emotion to escape her at the peril of her lover.

"Well, what have you done?" she asked imperiously. "What do the police say?"

I began to explain.

"Tut, tut! Let us have no excuses, no blame, about the police. You have known this—let me see—more than 12 hours, and yet my—my friend, Captain Wood, is still there where you say they took him."

"Where I believe they took him."

"This won't do at all, sir— I don't know who you are or what you call yourself—Sunyzer, an American detective? Ah, well, Mr. Sunyzer, I shall take this matter in hand. We've got to find Captain Wood—at least I have whether you come into the business or not."

"I shall be sorry to be left out, miss, but there are others besides us have taken it up now. I've seen a British general, Collingham by name."

"Yes, yes; I know. Willie's—I mean Captain Wood's—chief at the intelligence. I was just going to send to him. He is a man of great influence and importance, a man of the world, who knows his way about. He has been told, then? What is he doing?"

"Working the police. He will take a mob of them down to where I traced the captain. I am going on to meet them there."

"Then I'll go too. Wait here, please, while I put on my hat," and she rang the bell. "When the man comes, tell him to bring my bike around. No; I'd better take you with me. Order my pony cart. Say it must be at the door in ten minutes from now."

Less than ten minutes she came down stairs dressed for driving and buttoning on her gloves.

"Come, sir; she said brisker and sharper than ever. "I cannot easily forgive your previous dilatoriness, but we must try to make up for lost time. Here is the pony cart, and we will take the dog."

When we reached the Strathblaim road, to my deep chagrin the boy Joseph was not there, nor was he to be seen anywhere near or far. Now, I could have staked my life on little Joseph Vialla. He was a London lad who had seen his share of life on shore and afloat, for although I had picked him off a crossing on account of his quick tongue and bright ways he had been to sea on Thames lighters right round the coast. Now I was training to be our business. He took to it naturally, knew what was expected of him and was not the sort to be fooled into quitting his post or going off on fandangoes on his own account.

Miss Fairbolme turned on me like a tiger when we drove up to the house and back still without a sign of Joe.

"Get out of this cart and go and ring the bell," she said fiercely. "The sooner we get inside that house the better. Make haste, please."

I hammered at that door and hung on to that bell till I woke all the echoes of that dead-alive suburb. No one came. There was not a sign of life within. Presently the police came up and the general, who had been cruising about on his bicycle, joined mies outside. They all stopped there, talking to her a bit, and I judge they were hesitating to act, arguing it out with the general, who was very fierce and positive, ordering them about short and sharp, but doing little good till misay took up the running. But she soon sent them flying in after me and came with them. One of the constables ran around to the back, where he found a strip of garden with a low wall. He was over that like, a flash and in through the scullery window. Half a minute more and we heard him unchaining the front door. Then we all trooped into the entry and ran through the house, some high, some low, but none of us finding anything. There was not a scrap of furniture nor the signs of any occupancy that we could see.

But miss, she also hunted, hallooing on the collie dog with a "Go look, Roy." worry, worry, worry, which drove the beast nearly mad. He hunted and quested through the house with a short, snapping bark, as if he was rounding up a sheepfold, and it was he, marvelous animal, who led us into the basement, into a sort of cellar between the front parlor and the kitchen. Here he raced round and round like a thing possessed, yelping furiously. The place was all black darkness. No window, not a glint of daylight. But some one struck a match and lit a bullseye, and we could make out what there was there. One big, long table, a kitchen table, with seats on each side, and at the end a strange thing that told the story plain.

It was a sort of wooden erection something between a scaffold and a bulkhead; two upright timbers, wedged in tight between the ceiling and the stone floor—might have been a support, particle, for the roof of ceiling, but we could see it was meant to make some one fast to—a pair of stocks, you might say, or a whipping post. And so it had been used, no doubt. For there were a long chain and padlock hanging between the uprights just over a low bench that served as a seat for whoever was held there a prisoner.

This was where the collie raged about most fiercely, sniffing, scenting, hunting to and fro, always under the encouraging voice of misay, who shouted—"Go look, good dog; find him, then. Where is he? Out with him, Lu-lu."

Of course his master had been there. Not one of us had a doubt of that, any more than of the plain fact that he was not there now. We looked at each other blankly, after a bit, hardly knowing what to do or say next, till miss stamped her pretty foot and cried, "Well?"

"I have my suspicions," began the sergeant, knocking his hands together rather jovially, till the dust flew out of his white hide thread gloves. "If's not all fair and square. I shall make a report to that effect and await instructions."

"Pshaw!" interrupted miss. "And meantime Mr. Wood may be murdered. I shall offer a reward of £500 to whoever finds him, but it must be within the next 24 hours."

"Now you're talking," I said heartily, "and I don't see we gain much by staying here. The cage is empty, and we've got to follow the birds wherever they've flown."

"If you'll excuse me," said the sergeant, who had got mighty eager when he heard of the reward, "the most proper course, as I see it, is to start from this, here house. Whose is it? Who took it? Likewise who put up this apparatus, and why? When those questions is answered by the neighbors, house agents, tradesmen and such like, we may come to lay our fingers on them as is responsible for this here business."

"You had better do all that, then," said the general, very discontented, "and I shall go to New Scotland Yard to the fountain head. There's more in this than you duffers seem to think. We want the best man they've got, a real detective, to take up the case."

This was aimed at me. It was unkind, you'll say. But after all how much had I done and where was boy Joe?

"It's not like him," I was saying half to myself as we stood together, miss and I, while she was taking the ribbons and with one neat brown shoe on the step was just getting into her cart. "Either he's been caught spying—and that's not like him—or he's hanging on to their heels like bird lime. But what in thunder's that?"

I saw some rough writing in white chalk upon the gate, and an arrow figured there with the point toward London:

"Behind St. Fellerie on. Joe."

They were as plain as print, so was their meaning, and I pointed out the wrong turn immediately to Miss Fairbolme.

"I knew that boy wouldn't fail me. He's got grit, he has. Some day he'll be able to teach me my business."

"I wish he would begin soon," sak miss peevishly. "It's always the same story. Some day, one day, next day, never. Did all this time he—Captain Wood—do?"

With that she gave her pony a smart right down scorching and the beast, nearly springing through his collar, started off like a mad thing, with the other mad beast of a dog yelping and screeching and jumping up at his mistress or trying to bite at his heels. The general also gave me a contemptuous good day and, springing on to his "bike" like a boy, went off at a real right down scorching pace after the buggy.

I expect that is the last I shall see of her, for she never took a card of mine, or asked where she could find me again, and I've fully made up my mind that never so long as I live will I hunt after her. When Joe reappears, as I tell you, gentlemen, I most confidently expect he will at any moment and with important news, so that I can pick up fresh threads, I'll do the next job alone. I don't want no Sightsaltin young duchesses treating one like dirt, for a true born American citizen is as good as any emperor, let alone a pet duke with ever so pretty a face. We shall see. If there was no better reason than the wish to humble her, I mean to see the thing right through to the very end.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

One Coming.

"Could you tell me the meaning of the word 'catechism?'" he asked of the street car passenger who was folding up his newspaper.

"Are you going to ride two or three blocks farther?" was queried in reply.

"Yes, sir."

"Then you'll see one. The conductor has carried that sharp nosed woman two streets past where she wanted to get off already, and she'll wake up soon and start in a catechism that'll probably jump the car off the track!"—Washington Post.

A FAMOUS BANK NOTE.

The One That Crutchshank Drew and the Crowds It Drew.

One day about the year 1818 George Cruikshank was passing Newgate on his way to the exchange, when, seeing a crowd collected, he went forward to learn what was the matter and saw that it was the execution of several men and women. He was horrified at the spectacle and on inquiring learned that the woman was being hanged for uttering counterfeit £1 notes. He learned also that this punishment was quite a common thing, even though the poor creatures were condemned in ignorance, being the dupes of men who sent them to buy some trifle and return the change to them. Being filled with pity and with shame, Cruikshank went home and immediately, under the inspiration of his feeling, sketched a grotesque caricature, with spaces about filled in with halters and manacles, a figure of Britannia devouring her children and transport ships bearing the lucky or unlucky ones who had escaped death to Van Diemen's Land or Australia, while in place of the well known signature of Abraham Newland was that of "J. Ketch."

He had just finished this, when his friend Stone entered, and seeing it, begged to have it for publication. So Cruikshank etched it and gave it to them. Stone exhibited it for sale in his window with startling effect. Crowds quickly began to gather and purchased so eagerly that the issue was soon exhausted.

Cruikshank was kept hard at work making more etchings, the crowds grew so great that the street was blocked, and the mayor had to send soldiers to clear it. Hone realized over £700 in a few days.—Good Words.

SMASHED DRUG STORES.

Chicago Dowieites Adopt Mrs. Nation's Methods.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Crying out that drugs were the agents of the devil a half dozen followers of Dowie, the faith cure leader, adopted the tactics of Mrs. Nation and wrecked a number of drug stores on the West Side. In some instances there were loaded hand fights with the druggists. Armed as they were with pitchforks, umbrellas and canes, the women came out the victors in nearly every encounter and succeeded in destroying pretty much everything where they went. The chief wares of the middle age and were well dressed. Most of them wore automobile coats, under which they concealed their implements of destruction while on the street. On leaving a drug store they hurriedly sang "Praised Be the Lord," or "Zion Forever." Policemen saw them, but attached no significance to their actions and So arrests were made.

Northwestern Flour Output.

Minneapolis, Feb. 8.—The output of flour at Minneapolis last week as reported by The Northwestern Miller was 250,715 barrels as against 217,240 barrels for the corresponding week of last year. Duluth and West Superior ground 7,200 barrels for the week. Sales did not equal half output. Foreigners made scarcely any bids though with freights and wheat working downward, a better export trade is hoped for.

Contest Notice.

United States Land Office,
St. Cloud, Minn., Jan. 19, 1903.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by William E. McFarland, contestant, against Homestead Entry No. 17395, made Nov. 9, 1900, for S½N½ NW¼, SW¼ and S½ SW¼, Section 14, Township 137, Range 38, by Ingwald Osmundson, in which it is alleged that said Ingwald Olson has not resided upon or in any way improved said tract as required by law and has wholly abandoned said tract for more than two years next before the initiation of said contest and that said entry is still held in violation of the United States laws; that said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said charge at 10 o'clock a. m. on Thursday, February 26, 1903, before Clerk of District Court at Crow Wing, Minn., at that final hearing will be held at 10 o'clock a. m., on March 7, 1903, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in St. Cloud, Minn.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit filed January 9, 1903, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such service be given by due and proper publication.

M. D. TAYLOR,
Register.

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M. D. TAYLOR,
Register.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption from Tax Sale of Absolute Property.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Crow Wing.

To GEORGE CAMPBELL.

TAKE NOTICE.

That the tract of land described in your name, situate in the County of Crow Wing, State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: E½ SW¼ of Section 26, Town 135, Range 29, was purchased at the expiration of Chapter 84 of the General Laws of the year 1895, at the sale of forfeited lands, pursuant to real estate tax judgment amounting to sixteen dollars and 18 cents, entered in the District Court in said County of Crow Wing on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1900, in proceedings to enforce the payments of taxes upon said real estate delinquent in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven (1897) and for any prior year or years; and that said lands were duly sold by the Auditor in said county, on the 1st day of Nov., A. D. 1900, sold for the sum of sixteen dollars and 18 cents, said sum being the highest and therefore, and the amount required to release the said tract of land from sidelaid, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon the same, is the sum of Thirty-two dollars and 36 cents, being all of the original taxes, interest, penalties and costs due thereon and subsequent taxes paid, and that the time for redemption of said land will expire sixty days after the service of this notice, and proof thereof be born filed in my office.

Dated January 26, 1903.

A. MARLUM,
Auditor of Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

5-3

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of four hundred and eighty-two and 15-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Henry Hiarichs, sr., and Catherine Hiarichs, his wife, mortgagors, to Ingwald Olson, mortgagee, dated Sabe, bearing date the 25th day of January, 1896, and which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in and for the County of Crow Wing and State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of January, 1896, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book 2 of Mortgages, on page 500.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said mortgage, and that said premises, viz.:

The northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section thirty-six, in township forty-seven, north, of range twenty-eight, west of the fourth principal meridian, and the numbered two of said section township and range, all in the County of Crow Wing and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public vendue, at the Court House in Crow Wing County, at the front door of the court house in the City of Brainerd in the County of Crow Wing, Minnesota, on the twenty-fifth day of April, 1903, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of four hundred and eighty-two and 15-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of such sale as provided by law.

Dated February 5th, 1903.

R. A. J. MCQUILLIN, Mortgagee.
W. H. HALL,
Attorney for said mortgagee, Aitkin, Minn.

5-5

Had To Conquer Or Die.

"I was just about gone," writes Mrs. Rosa Richardson, of Laurel Springs, N. C., "I had Consumption so bad that the best doctors said I could not live more than a month, but I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery and was wholly cured by seven bottles and am now stout and well." It's an unrivaled life-saver in Consumption, Pneumonia, La Grippe and Bronchitis; infallible for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Hay Fever, Croup or Whooping Cough. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at McFadden Drug Co. and H. P. Dunn & Co.'s Drug stores.

"I have always used Foley's Honey and Tar cough medicine and think it the best in the world," says Chas. Bender, a newsdealer of Erie, Pa. Nothing else is good. H. P. Dunn & Co., McFadden Drug Co.

Bridges rivers, tunnels mountains, build a tissue survivalist life-saver to stored rays of one's ability. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35c. McFadden Drug Co.

WANTED.

Money to loan upon improved real estate in Brained.

List your real estate with me; I can sell it.

Wanted applications for loans, at current rates, upon Brained improved real estate.

E. W. CRANE,
Law, Real Estate, Loans, Rentals,
Room 8, National Bank Block.

Wood Wanted.

If those of our country subscribers who promised to pay their arrears in wood will now take advantage of the occasion to do so it will be considered a favor.

WHERE'S the LEAK?

I can find it and stop the damage. What I'll charge for the work will be economy, not expense. Don't be afraid I'll refuse a small job, and don't be afraid I can't do a good one.

F. J. MURPHY,
Laurel Street, Between Sixth & Seventh

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AMONG THE RAILROADS.

Interesting Information About Various Lines.

PLANS OF CANADIAN NORTHERN.

Will Complete Its Lines Across the Continent to the Pacific—Project to Connect France and England by a Submerged Railway—No Candy Selling on Erie Trains.

The plans of the Canadian Northern, the new ambitious project for girdling the continent, are beginning to come out so far as they are concerned with the crossing of the great plains and the Rockies. Announcement is made that the company will during the summer build several lines across Manitoba and will connect its main line running east to Superior with the main line that now stretches west and north from Winnipeg on its way to the Pacific. Announcement is also made that numerous other lines, some of them feeders for the grain trade and some connections with other roads, will be built during the year.

With the completion of the line as now planned, Canada will have another transcontinental road and one along which a tremendous local traffic will be developed. The Canadian Northern has been trying to buy the Manitoba lines of the Northern Pacific in order to connect the two sections of the main road. It has failed in this and now advertises its intention of building from the Minnesota boundary. About 400 miles of new road will run to Battleford, which is in the territory of Saskatchewan, making an important cut off for the western freight and passenger business from the original line by way of Prince Albert. West of Battleford the line will run up the valley of the Saskatchewan river through Edmonton, up the McLeod river to Yellowhead pass in the Rockies and on to Port Simpson on the Pacific, just south of the United States Alaskan territory. In general the line will be from 100 to 200 miles north of the Canadian Pacific, and its Pacific port is at the fifty-fifth parallel, 400 miles north of Vancouver.

Four thousand laborers are now coming west to finish the section north of Minnesota, and the strip of 230 miles will be completed in time for the wheat crop of 1901.

It may be a surprise to know that there are two projects in existence at the present moment for a submerged railway across the English channel. On Dec. 17, 1884, there was registered a "Channel Bridge and Railway company." Its offices are at 69 Rue de la Victoria, Paris. It was formed, says Pearson's Magazine, to acquire the business of the International Railway company du Detroit de la Manche, limited, and "to make further investigations, etc., with a view to the construction of a bridge or viaduct across the English channel as a means of communication between England and France." It was decided to construct a submerged bridge 50 feet below the lowest tide and to run thereon an electric car capable of transporting four railway trains which would be secured very much in the same way as the trains are fastened on to the ferryboats between New York and New Jersey. The directors' report, recently submitted, stated that the work could be completed in five years at a cost of not exceeding $70,000,000.

The other submarine railroad scheme has been evolved by an enthusiastic Frenchman, M. A. Mottier by name, and it differs in some details from the one just mentioned. The permanent way is to be 13 feet in width and some 30 feet above the bottom of the channel. This would not interfere with navigation and would afford a secure bed for the rails, being built of solid masonry and anchored to withstand the currents. The elevated platform is to be 320 feet long, 125 feet wide and 125 feet above the rails. It will be capable of taking several railroad cars at once, to say, nothing of animals, baggage and freight. On it there will be saloons, heated and lighted by electricity, smoking rooms—in fact, all the comforts that are to be found today on the finest ocean greyhound.

The seagoing car imagined by M. Mottier will be propelled by an engine located on the platform and will be worked either by steam or electricity. The engine will operate a drum over which a chain will wind, and the car platform and submerged carriage will be thus drawn from one side of the channel to the other. M. Mottier estimates the total cost of this bridge undertaking at the small sum of $3,750,000 and promises a return of $500 to $2,000 a day, making calculation for a trips every 24 hours.

The patrons of the Erie railroad miss a familiar figure with his willow baskets of sweets and his cry of "Don't forget the little ones at home; here's your fresh peanut brittle." By an edict of the railway company the vender has been put out of business, together with the literary peddler. The old, saving plan of these vendors of throwing their wares in four lap on the train was long since abolished. The abolition of the news vendor is not looked upon favorably by all the commuters, many of them depending entirely upon him for their magazines and weeklies.

English capitalists have secured the only railway concession in Abyssinia. In conjunction with the New Africa company and the Ocean company the New Egypt company has secured all the rights to a railway to Menelek's capital. Some portion of this line has already been constructed from Djibouti inland, and it is now proposed to build a branch line to Berbera.

VICTORIA'S FAVORITE.

Simple Anonymous Tribute Which Greatly Pleased the Queen.

Very different from the queen as the world has known her or imagined her Victoria was indeed a mistress of statecraft and not the mere social figurehead which she has sometimes been pictured, says a writer in the New York Sun. Her labors were gigantic and her responsibilities far heavier than her people imagined. Mr. Balfour gave some hint of them in his admirable eulogy of the moment, but it is to the womanliness of the queen that I wish to draw attention for a moment. It is sufficiently exemplified when I say that of all the panegyrics and tributes in prose or verse ever written of her the following pleased her most:

I'm not as said body
Livin up in Dundee
Is a two roomed bit hoosie
Wi' a bonie' bookie.
Wi' my noo an my grumphy
I'm as happy's a bee,
But I'm feerfu' proud o'
Bonie the noddit to me!

I'm one sae far past wi'
I'm gey wee an baby,
Can plant two-three taeties
An look after my baby.
An when our queen passes
I rin out to see
Gin by luck she might notice
An nod out to me!

But I've got been unlucky,
An the blinds were aye doon,
Till last week the time
Of her wearit auld crown,
I waved my hit aipon
An hehh's I could dae,
An the queen leuched fu' kindly
An noddit to me!

My ow sheep in Kerrie!
It's sae hear to frack,
An yet when I think o't
I'm half fine to greet.
Sae near far by sorrow,
She's a mither, ye see,
An say to my bairn
When she noddit to me!

These quaint and simple Doric verses appeared anonymously in an obscure Scotch paper, and they came under the queen's eye accidentally. The homely tribute to her as the mother of her people so touched her heart that she sought out the author and wrote him a tender letter of acknowledgment. Many times during her last twenty years were these verses read to her.

AX FOR MRS. NATION.

Mayor Gleason Will Present Her With Six Famous Weapons.

When Mrs. Carrie Nation goes to New York, if she does, to continue her saloon wrecking crusade, there will be another delegation to meet her besides the journeymen brewers, and while the brewers are telling her what an awful thing it will be for her to take the tenderloin steaks and pate de foie gras out of the mouths of their wives and children, there will be escorted into her presence in solemn state an implement famous in the annals of Long Island City, the renowned battleax of ex-Mayor Patrick J. Gleason.

In his prime Mr. Gleason was a great ax wielder and chopped down fences which corporations erected in defiance of law. An ax was his favorite weapon to obtain entrance in places not only not law abiding, but with which he seven official heads. The ax now hangs in the office of Mr. Gleason in Long Island City. It is a fearsome weapon and has a handle six feet long, limber almost as a whip and of hard cut ash. The blade is of the finest steel, and its cutting edge is about ten inches from end to end. Projecting from the steel blade is a spike several inches long for use as a spear.

This formidable weapon was purchased at a good round price some years ago by Mr. Gleason's followers and presented by them to their leader. It is decorated with red, white and blue ribbons now and has been carefully guarded by Mr. Gleason, but now he is willing that it may, for a time, be wielded in what he considers a good cause.

If Mrs. Nation should accept, the battleax will be taken down from its hook and will be escorted with solemn reverence and state to the station or ferry from which the "Joint smasher" will enter the city and will be formally presented to her for use while she remains in New York.

Staining Lumber in the Log.

A man in Chattanooga has secured a patent on an invention for staining lumber in the log, which promises to create a sensation in woodworking circles. The staining materials are forced through logs by hydraulic pressure, and the result is that the log comes out of the process evenly stained all the way through. The value of this is enhanced by the gradual declination of fine timber and the prevailing fashion of making "imitation" furniture. Under this process a piece of maple can be converted into "mahogany" all the way through and at very little expense. In the case, with 200 pounds of pressure, the inventor completely stained a ten foot log; forcing the staining material into the pores of the wood from which the sap had been forced by the same hydraulic pressure.

To Save the Big Trees.

The bill to save the big trees at Calaveras, Cal., which has passed the senate and now awaits the action of the house, authorizes the secretary of the interior to pay $125,000 for the famous grove and if the offer is refused to save the grove under condemnation proceedings. The San Francisco Call says: "The strong sentiment that has been developed in behalf of the big trees is extremely creditable to the people of California. Nor is that sentiment confined to this state. We have become as a people old enough and wise enough to know that historic treasures and natural wonders have more than an intrinsic value. We have lost much in this direction that might have been saved, but we may at least preserve what is left."

AERIAL NAVIGATION.

Inventors Working Hard to Earn a $20,000 Prize.

In response to an offer of a prize of $20,000 by Mr. Deutsch, to the inventor of the most effective airship, some several airships are now building in Europe, most of them based on models that have been previously tested, says the New York Sun, but embodying features that are supposed to be improvements suggested by the earlier experiments. The study of aerial locomotion therefore promises in the present year to be pursued with as much zeal and activity as in 1900, which witnessed a great awakening of interest in all phases of the problem of traveling in the air in dirigible vessels.

Count Zeppelin's airship, in the opinion of recent expert writers, is far ahead of all other constructions of the kind up to this time. They agree, however, that his conception is defective in several respects and that his achievement is disappointing in view of the large sum of money he expended and the advantage he derived from the experience of his predecessors. In September last Mr. de Santos-Dumont attempted, with his fourth airship, to fulfill the conditions imposed in the competition arranged by the Automobile Club of France, which was to make the journey from the Aero club park to the Eiffel tower and return. He found that his motive power was inadequate and while he was making various changes in his machine the time for the competitive trials expired. He will take the field this year with another airship which he believes to be a distinct advance upon all earlier constructions. Mr. Rose has nearly completed his dirigible balloon at Argenteuil, but though his expectations are high his machine is severely criticised by some French writers, who predict its failure. Dr. Danilewski of Russia, the Chevalier Carcill of Italy and some other inventors are also expected to be prominent in the experiments of this year.

FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

Plan to Allow Use of Forest Lands For Sick People.

Professor J. T. Rothrock, the Pennsylvania state forestry commissioner, will soon present to the county medical societies of Pennsylvania a forestry plan for the care of consumptives. He says:

"The scheme contemplates the establishment of camps on the various forest reservations of the state, where persons suffering from consumption and who have not the means to go to California, Arizona, Florida or the Adirondacks for their health can spend several months in the summer.

"It is probable that the first camp will be opened on the reservation in Clinton county, which has an elevation of 2,000 feet above the level of the sea and is free from consumption because of the purity of the air. This reservation has an area of 45,000 acres and is contiguous to two other large reservations. It is intended to erect big A tents, with permanent foundations and anchorages, so that they will not be blown down by the heaviest storms. These tents will have heavy wooden floors and will be placed 15 feet apart. A wooden platform raised from the ground and covered will extend along the front of these tents, so that the invalids can take exercise on rainy days. The intention is to allow the people who care to avail themselves of this opportunity to live out of door lives."

Dr. Rothrock said that the state will not be asked to contribute a cent to the enterprise, but that he already has enough money subscribed to cover the expense. The patients will be furnished with shelter free of charge, but will have to make their own cooking arrangements. They will be required to adhere rigidly to the fish and game laws and all laws for the preservation of the forests, including precautions in the use of fire.

She Would Be a Lawyer.

In Scotland, where there are no women lawyers, a woman is suing the incorporated Society of Law Agents, which is the Scotch Bar association, to compel the society to admit her to examination, so that she may be entitled to practice as a full fledged attorney. The society does not seem to care much whether she becomes a lawyer or not. In an answer to her plea, filed with the court, it says that the court had better decide the matter. It does not feel itself called upon either by duty or interest to maintain that women might not be admitted to the practice of law. The society can only state that no woman has hitherto been admitted and that there are certain public offices open to lawyers for which women probably would not be suited. The court is likely to grant the woman's plea.

Young Cigarette Fiends.

"Ninety-nine per cent of the boys in New York under 15 years are cigarette smokers," Councilman O'Grady declared recently to the law committee of the council. Some time ago an ordinance was introduced providing that no cigarettes shall be sold to minors under 18 years, the penalty being a fine of $20 or ten days in the city prison.

Queen Victoria's Bible Class.

Queen Victoria once conducted a Bible class. Long ago, when she was staying in London, she would call together the children of her married servants in one of the private rooms of Buckingham palace and read the Bible to them. At the close of the reading she would explain the chapter, and children's hymns were sung.

Enterprise.

A British colonial paper contains an advertisement of an enterprising tradesman who at the end of it announces, "Ministers supplied with goods at cost price if they agree to mention the fact to their congregation."

Burlington Route

Electric Light in Every Berth.

A special feature is the Burlington's Chicago Limited. When sound asleep turn on the light. After you are comfortably ensconced between the sheets, you can read by it. When you are sleepy a twist of the wrist—and the light's out. Leaves Minneapolis 7:20 p. m., St. Paul, 8:00 p. m. daily. Arrives Chicago 9:25 next morning as St. Louis 5:21 next afternoon. Scenic Day Express leaves Minneapolis 7:40 a. m., St. Paul 8:15 a. m., except Sunday, arriving Chicago same evening and St. Louis 6:40 next morning. Ask your home agent for tickets via this line.

F. E. BUTLER, G. P. Agt., Chicago, Ill. GEO. P. HEALY, Asst. Gen. Pass Agt., St. Paul.

A Happy New Year.

Is in store for all who have determined to give us the bulk of their coal orders for 1901. Speed the parting guest, old 1900; welcome the incoming visitor, young 1901 by giving a housewarming meet for the occasion. In other words, have good coal on your fires and in your cellars. Good coal here every time. At.....

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3—Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness		.25
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7—Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis		.25
8—Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache		.25
9—Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo		.25
10—Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach		.25
11—Suppressed or Painful Periods		.25
12—Whites, Too Profuse Periods		.25
13—Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness		.50
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15—Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains		.50
16—Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague		.50
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20—Whooping-Cough		.50
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77—Grip, Hay Fever		.50

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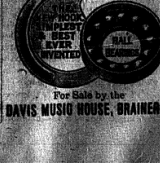

For Sale by the DAVIS MUSIC HOUSE, BRAINERD.

Local News Condensed

Saws filed at Hoffman's.

Dr. Rodwell has vaccinated 536 Indians in the vicinity of Cass Lake during the past ten days, says the Voice.

The Freshman class of the High School gave a party at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Nevers last evening.

Girls desiring positions should register their names with the Woman's Exchange at Mrs. H. J. Spencer's residence.

The Brainerd Ice Co. is constructing a mammoth new ice house on east Front street on the site of the old base ball grounds.

P. M. Zakariasen has eight children sick with the scarlet fever. The house is quarantined, but Mr. Zakariasen is not staying at home.

A. L. Hoffman and J. J. Cummings attended the biennial session of the state camp of Modern Woodmen at St. Paul this week as delegates from Crow Wing county.

J. N. Nevers has had plans drawn for a fine summer cottage at Lake Vera, which he will build in the early spring to take the place of the one recently destroyed by fire.

Miss Hildegarde Courtney entertained a party of young misses yesterday afternoon at her home at the Sanitarium, the occasion being her eleventh birthday anniversary.

Carl Rudolph, working on the Brainerd & Northern extension near Bemidji, lost his left foot and arm and sustained fatal injuries Sunday night as the result of a dynamite explosion.

Henry Birman, an employe in the mill at the N. P. shops, had the misfortune to have his wrist and arm badly crushed by being drawn into the rollers of the planer. The bone of the arm was not broken, although the flesh was crushed nearly off, but a couple of bones in the wrist were fractured.

The trial of Isham Hall, who was arrested for gambling last week, occured in the Municipal court on Monday morning. One witness for the state had been examined when the defendant changed his plea to guilty, and he was fined $25 by the Judge, or in default 20 days in the city jail.

Representative Morris will recommend Corporal Frank D. French, of Brainerd, for a commissioned officer in the army, provided the young man wants to remain as an officer. French is a member of Company M, Third infantry, now in the Phillipines, says the Washington correspondent of the Minneapolis Journal.

Joseph Liners and Arthur Howe, two young boys about 18 years of age, were arrested on Wednesday on complaint of Herman Rosner, a German living near the brewery, charged with assault. They plead not guilty when arraigned yesterday morning, and the complainant not appearing at the trial in the afternoon, they were discharged.

A. H. Bennett, financier of Brainerd Lodge No. 47, A. O. U. W., on Wednesday received a telegram from Mrs. Wm. Fredler at Butte, Mont., informing him that her husband had that day been instantly killed. Mr. Fredler was a member of the Brainerd lodge, joining in 1899, when he resided in this city and was employed at the shops.

Mrs. W. J. Smith and Mrs. W. H. Johnston, members of the rescue committee of the local Florence Crittenton society, on Saturday took Minnie Phillips to Minneapolis and placed her in the Florence Crittenton Home. The Phillips girl has been before the municipal court several times lately for disturbing the peace and other misdemeanors.

From the Chicago Times-Herald it is learned that the annual concert of the University of Chicago Glee, Mandolin and Banjo clubs on Tuesday evening next will be the first of the two leading events in the university social season this winter, the other being the Washington "Prom." which will take place Feb. 21st. The concert promises to be well attended by society people. Nearly all the sororities and Greek letter fraternities have taken sections, which will be decorated in fraternity colors. Of interest to Brainerd people is the list of mandolin players, which contains the name of Jay Schoenman Patek as one of the first mandolins.

PERTINENT PERSONAL NOTES.

S. L. Beau went to St. Paul on Wednesday.

W. J. Hunt went to Little Falls today on business.

W. E. Winslow was in the city the first of the week.

P. J. Murphy was in Fort Ripley yesterday on business.

Mrs. J. C. Davis went to St. Paul this noon to visit friends.

John Bailey, of Walker, was a Brainerd visitor yesterday.

Mayor Chas. Kinkele, of Walker, accompanied by his wife, came down from Walker yesterday.

G. Hollenbeck visited Little Falls relatives the first of the week.

Mrs. W. G. Cameron, of Staples, spent Sunday with her parents in this city.

County Attorney S. F. Alderman returned from his eastern trip on Monday.

Geo. H. Spear came up from St. Paul on Saturday and remained until Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Hagan returned on Wednesday from their wedding trip.

Hon. Leon E. Lum, of Duluth, was in the city the first of the week on business.

John Hessell, Jr., spent Sunday in Little Falls the guest of his sister, Mrs. E. L. Guinn.

O. E. Brown and family, of Packer's Prairie, are now additions to Brainerd's population.

Mesdames H. I. Cohen and C. M. Patek entertained a party of lady friends on Saturday afternoon.

H. Lyddon, general foreman at the shops, went to Mankato today to attend the Y. M. C. A. convention.

Mrs. R. E. Berry, of Wadena, was the guest of Mesdames H. I. Cohen and C. M. Patek from Saturday until Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Westfall returned on Tuesday from their visit to the Hot Springs and points in Missouri and Kansas.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Young, of Lake Edward, were in the city Thursday to witness the marriage of Miss Emma Bedore and F. A. Cate, Jr.

DEATHS.

It is the duty of the DISPATCH this week to chronicle the death of Miss Belle McKay, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. McKay, who died at the family home on Bluff avenue, at 2:50 o'clock, on Saturday afternoon, Feb 11th, of cancer of the liver, aged 23 years.

Deceased was born in Ontario, but removed with her parents to this city when a mere child, and has grown to womanhood here, and received her education in our public schools. She graduated from the High School with the class of '95, and after a year of normal training began teaching and has since been one of the successful teachers in our schools. Over a year ago she lost the sight of her right eye, which, when removed disclosed the fact that its loss was due to a cancerous growth, since which time it has been feared the dread disease would manifest itself elsewhere. She was again taken sick some two months ago, and it soon became apparent that a vital organ was attacked and death was only a matter of a few weeks, hence her death was not unexpected, but it was nevertheless a dreadful shock to her family and friends. She was a young lady of a broad, cultured mind and exemplary character, very refined and of a sweet disposition, and will be sincerely mourned by all her acquaintances.

The funeral services occurred at St. Paul's church at 2:30 p. m. on Tuesday, Rev. Roderick J. Mooney officiating, and the remains were interred in Evergreen cemetery. The DISPATCH offers its condolences to the afflicted family of deceased.

Margaret Myrick, wife of Melvin Myrick, died at her home near Gull Lake on Saturday, Feb. 9th, of pneumonia, aged 35 years. The funeral services were held at the house on Monday, the 11th inst., Rev. A. H. Carver, of this city, officiating.

Ellen T., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sam. Walstrom, who live a couple of miles out of the city, died this morning of pneumonia, and will be buried on Sunday.

An infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Blanchard, of East Brainerd, died on Friday last, of pneumonia, aged 8 months. The funeral occurred on Sunday.

A one year old child of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Millett died at their home on Mill street on Friday last of measles, and was buried on Monday.

Burdis, son of Mr. and Mrs. Warren Campbell, died at their home in this city on Wednesday, Feb. 13th, of bronchitis, aged four months. The funeral occurs today.

Mrs. Martin Hanson, aged 33 years, died at her home in Maple Grove on Wednesday, Feb. 13th, of pneumonia.

THE PRESENT CENTURY.

Can It Equal The Past In Material Progress.

The great things of the nineteenth century are the railways, the steamship, telegraph and telphones, electric human and traction, the photograph, the motor-car, Roetgen rays and Macaroni's messages. When one thinks of these discoveries and inventions, what wonder that we ask, can anything more be done in the way of great things? Is it possible for our human brain to think out, invent and discover anything more?

From a recent article in one of the current magazines, the writer undertakes to tell us that we have only begun to discover, that what the 19th century has brought forth will be eclipsed by this present century. By the aid of astronomy it is expected that famines and drouths may be easily foretold and provided for. This by means of the spectra of sun spots. Then it is said that a classification of the stars will be effected, a photographic chart of the heavens made, and the substitution of photography for the present individual observation in recording "truants" of the stars. It is claimed that from this chemistry of the stars, being a virgin or unexplored field, many discoveries are expected. Again, not only will wireless telegraphy be perfected, but wireless telephony is looked for. Only think of it, to be able to speak at great distances, as from city to town, but also from the islands of the sea, or from ships at sea to the main land, without the use of wires; whether a useful flying machine shall be invented is a question invested in much doubt, but as nothing can be said to be impossible, why not a flying machine? Accident, if not science, will give it to us. Engineering will come in for its share in the work of the century. Big schemes for water supply and water power will engage the time of the engineers. How to utilize the energy of the great water falls and the tides of the sea—to harness the tides of the oceans for power, how to perfect the use of wind power, how to store heavy rain falls, these are some of the writer's guesses as coming events.

He expects that great improvement will be made in street traffic in large cities by moving platforms underneath or over head, so that freight and people will be carried along on these moving vehicles. A tunnel under the Irish channel is looked for and that steam is to give way to electricity is almost assured. These are only a few of the things we may look for in the 20th century, and when we think of it, we need not be surprised to see our earth put in communication with some of the other planets. W. A. F.

No Keys to White House.

In these modern days the front door of the White House is not locked at night. Practically no doors are locked, and if the steward should look around for keys he would probably not find half of those formerly in use. Big policemen are about the only doors at the executive mansion. They guard the main doors at all hours of day and night, and there is no need to close and lock the inner doors. Before President Lincoln's time policemen were rare at the president's home, and when all the clerks and servants had gone home at night the housekeeper went around and carefully locked all the doors inside and outside except to rooms occupied by those going in and coming out. —Washington Star.

Don't Be Sparing of Your Love.

The power of love is one of the greatest gifts to humanity. It generates the sunshine of the moral universe, without which life would be a desert waste. Use this divine power without stint. Be prodigal of your love. Let it radiate freely. It will brighten the dark places. It will gladden the sorrowing. It will lift you above the petty, grinding cares that so soon corrode the mind and sap the energies. It is the golden key that will admit you to the palace of the true life.—Success.

Well Enough.

"Didn't I tell you to let well enough alone?" said the doctor to the patient, who had relapsed and was suffering a relapse.

"Yes, doctor," whined the patient, "but I wasn't well enough."—Detroit Free Press.

Oldest Persons in the World.

New York, Feb. 1.—After searching six months for the oldest persons in the world, the committee on vital statistics of the Hundred Year club of this city has prepared a report which shows that the oldest man is Isaf Rodofsky of Moscow, Russia, who is in his 136th year, and the oldest woman, Mrs. Nancy Holfield of Battle Creek, Mich., who is 117.

Right weight, just grade and highest market price for grain, at Hessel's corner 4th and Front streets.

CHURCH WORK AND SERVICES.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. church will meet with Mrs. Clulow at the parsonage next Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 20.

The usual hours of worship will be observed at the Presbyterian church next Sunday. Bible school at noon, C. E. society at 6:30 o'clock.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. W. P. Robertson, at the corner of 9th and Juniper streets, next Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 20th, from 2:30 to 4:20.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the People's church will give a basket social on Friday evening, March 1st, at the church in East Brainerd. Tickets are 25 cents, and all are invited to attend.

St. Paul's Episcopal church: Sunday before Lent: Holy Communion, 9:45 a. m. Morning service and sermon, 10:30; evening service and sermon, 7:30 p. m. Subject of morning sermon: "Fruit of a Habit;" evening, "Abraham Lincoln."

Ash Wednesday will be observed in St. Paul's Episcopal church with celebration of the Holy Communion at 10 a. m.; evening prayer and sermon, 7:45 p. m. There will be service each day in Lent at 3 p. m. Wednesday and Friday evenings at 7:45 p. m. All the lenten services will be held in the parish house.

The services at the M. E. church next Sunday will be as follows: Morning at 10:30 the pastor will preach. Subject: "White Already." In the evening at 7:30 Mrs. Clulow will preach. Subject: "Personal Responsibility," or what she thinks of Mrs. Nation and her hatchet. Everybody should hear this discussion. All will be welcome. At the close of the morning service the pastor will administer the sacrament of the Lord's supper. The Epworth League will be led by Miss Edna Leak, assisted by Lillian Clulow. Topic: "Confessing Christ." Young people especially invited.

The annual "Martha Washington" supper will be held in Walker's Hall on Thursday, Feb. 21st, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist Episcopal church. It was intended by the ladies to have it on the evening of Washington's birthday, but they were unable to obtain the use of the hall, hence the supper will be on Thursday. Supper will be served from 5 p. m. till 8 p. m. Ice cream and cake will also be served during the evening. The young ladies' auxillary to the Epworth League will have some useful things for sale on the occasion. A supper for which the ladies are noted will be served and a pleasant social time may be expected. Light refreshments will be served from 8 p. m. till 10 p. m. Admission to the hall free. Supper 25 cents. Come and bring your friends.

Housecleaning.

We will help you with your spring housecleaning by taking the "Rummage" off your hands. Consult with your attic's, store rooms and closets and donate what you can spare to a good cause, the rummage sale.

Notice To Water Consumers.

On and after this date, whenever it is necessary to shut off the water to stop leaks, make repairs, or for any other purpose, the pump house whistle will blow four times a half hour before, and again four times 15 minutes before the water is shut off, to warn all consumers of the fact, instead of serving personal notice, as at present.

MINNESOTA WATER CO.

Sleeper Service To Kansas City Via "The Milwaukee" Line.

First class Pullman sleeper from Twin Cities every day via C. M. & St. P. Ry. to Kansas City. Leaves Minneapolis 7:50 A. M., St. Paul 8:00 A. M. and arrives Kansas City 7 o'clock next morning. Direct and most comfortable route to Kansas City, the Southwest, and California. Pullman tourist sleeper from Twin Cities every Wednesday, running through to Los Angeles, Calif. Apply to ticket agents or write J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn., for lowest one way and round trip rates to all points south and west.

A Misunderstanding.

Misunderstood symptoms of disease lead doctors to treat something else when the kidneys are out of order. Foley's Kidney Cure will bring you health when other medicines have failed. Take no substitute. H. P. Dunn & Co., McFadden Drug Co.

The oldest installment house in the city. Household furnishings and bicycles on easy payments. A. L. Hoffman & Co.

BARGAINS!

OF AN UNUSUAL NATURE AT OUR

1-4 OFF SALE!

If Success is an Evidence Of Merit our 1-4 OFF SALE Shows It.

We Keep Faith

With the public, sell goods as we Advertise them and this System brings its own reward.

Remember

We have some extraordinary values to give you in various lines, and as we advertised to hold this sale one month, commencing January 21st, you can figure out when we stop giving this

Unusual Discount.

Do You Need:

A Suit of Clothes for yourself or your son? Better see us about it. Do you need any Underwear for any of your family? better see us about it.

Do You Want to get a bargain in a good piece of **Dress Goods** ? Look at our stock. Do you wan't anything in Flannels at 1-4 off their value? Look over our lines.

Do You Want to Secure a . . .

Cloak, Cape or Jacket?

At 1-4 its Real Value ?

You can get it from our stock. Do you wan't to buy a pair of Ladies' Misses', Child's, Boy's or Men's Shoes at a Discount of 1-4 off? See our stock.

We Offer

All of our Hosiery at this Discount. Also Corsets, Ribbons, Gloves, Mittens, Shirt Waists, Laces, Trimmings, Silks, Satins, Handerchiefs, Notions, Blankets, Quilts, Linens, Napkins, Bed Spreads, Dress Skirts, Petticoats, etc. Some snaps in Shoes on Center Tables.

WE have plenty of help to wait on you, and will cheerfully give you samples of Dress Goods and quote you prices. As we only sell FOR CASH this sale is no different from any other in this respect. We are willing to part with our goods for your money for **1-4** off our low price until the 21st of this month as Advertised.

HENRY I. COHEN.

THE CELEBRATED

CREAM PURE RYE

America's finest production, rich and mellow. Received highest award at Columbian exposition.

R. J. HOLDEN, Sole Agent, Brainerd