Brainerd Tribune.

BRAINERD, CROW WING COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JUNE 7, 1873.

M. C. RUSSELL, Editor. | "Render Unto Cesar the Things that are Cesar's." | VOL. 2, NO. 17.

THE
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CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Episcopal Church. J. A. Gilfillan Rector. Services 11:00 A. M. and 7 1-2 P. M. every Sunday.

Baptist Chapel—Rev. A. D. Williams, Pastor.—Services every Sunday at 11 A. M., and 7 1-2 P. M. Sabbath School at 12 M.

Methodist Church—Rev. H. J. Crist, Pastor—Services every Sabbath at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 1-2 P. M. Sabbath School at 3 P. M. Prayer Meeting on every Thursday evening, at 7 1-2 o'clock.

Congregational Church, Rev. Samuel Ingham, Pastor. Services every Sabbath at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 8 00 P. M. Sabbath School at 2 1-2 P. M.

I. O. O. F.

WILDEY LODGE NO. 37, meets every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock P. M., at Masonic Hall, over Bly's Store. Brothers in good standing are cordially invited.
P. H. Trudell, N. G. J. C. Walters, Sec

MASONIC.

AURORA LODGE, NO. 100, A. F. & A. M., Brainerd.
Stated communications of this Lodge will be held on the 1st and 3d Fridays in each month.
Special Communications will be held on the 2d and 4th Fridays in each month.
The Lodge meets at half past 7, in the evening.
All M. M., in good standing are fraternally invited.
By order of the W. M.,
F. H. HARVEY, Sec'y.

N. P. R. R.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R.
TIME TABLE.

WEST TRAIN—Leaves Duluth 7:00 A. M.
Ar. at Brainerd 1:00 P. M.
Leaves Brainerd 1:20 P. M.
Ar. at Moorhead 8:00 P. M.

EAST TRAIN—Leaves Moorhead 6:30 A. M.
Ar. at Brainerd 1:10 P. M.
Leaves Brainerd 1:30 P. M.
Ar. at Duluth 7:30 P. M.

LAKE SUPERIOR AND MISSISSIPPI DIV.
Train—Leaves Duluth 9:00 A. M.
Arrive St. Paul 5:10 P. M.
Leave St. Paul 8:10 A. M.
Arrive Duluth 4:40 P. M.

THE BRAINERD,
LUMBER AND
MANUFACTURING
COMPANY.
Broadway, - - Brainerd.
Dealers in
Building materials, and Bridges' Ready-made Houses. Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Glass, Putty, Paints, Building Paper, Nails, etc.
J. S. CAMPBELL, Supt.

E. L. STRAUSS,
Fifth street, next door to Bivins House,
BRAINERD, MINN.

PRACTICAL WATCH MAKER AND Jeweler, has permanently located in Brainerd, where he has for sale a fine assortment of
WATCHES,
CLOCKS,
JEWELRY,
SILVERWARE, SPECTACLES,
And other articles in his line.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION
paid to fine watch work, at a reasonable price. 16-1y

DULUTH
SAVINGS BANK,
AGENTS FOR
ANCHOR LINE,
CUNARD LINE,
WHITE STAR LINE.
Steerage Passage by either of the above lines, TO DULUTH, at following rates, viz:

FROM	All Rail.	Via G. Haven.	Via Lakes.
Queenstown, Liverpool, Glasgow, London, Londonderry or Bristol,	$63 50	$61 00	$53 00
Hamburg, Antwerp, Holland or Havre,	67 50	65 00	57 00
Bremen, Norway, Sweden or Paris,	71 50	69 00	61 00

Children under 12 years, half-price; Children under 5 years, free from New York.
Persons desiring to send for friends can remit money by express at our expense, and we will return the tickets, or forward them to Europe, as they may direct.
Drafts on all Cities in Europe.
R. H. MORFORD, Cashier.

The Governorship.

After sitting back for several weeks, listening and learning, we are prepared to express our preference in relation to the candidate for next Governor of Minnesota. We have listened to a pretty thorough canvass, by the State papers, of the merits and demerits of the various persons named for the position of our chief executive, and, although most of them have many good qualities to bring with them, yet we choose without hesitation, and are glad we have waited till we could express a preference candidly, and point to the man who we honestly consider to be the best person named to serve the people as their Governor. Without discussing the various other candidates, we would assert that Hon. W. D. Washburn, of Minneapolis, is the coming man, and the man for the people. His reputation for ability, dignity and personal worth is so well known among Minnesotians that it has long since been acknowledged, and that he would do great honor to the office of Governor there can be no doubt. Mr. Washburn is an eminently successful and straightforward business man, an honest politician, and a man who we know would administer our State Government, not in the interest of any cliques or clans, but for the best interests of the masses of our people, the good name and credit of Minnesota abroad, and with an eye single to our general prosperity as a commonwealth. We, here in Northern Minnesota, should especially urge his nomination, as he holds large interests in this region, where exists the fountain head of all the lumber and manufactured articles with which for years his enterprise and energy has furnished our State in vast quantities. We hope, and fully believe, that the Republican State Convention, which meets in St. Paul July 16th, will make the nomination of Hon. W. D. Washburn unanimous for the office of Governor; for with him as the standard bearer of the Republican party, it will, in the coming campaign, as in the past, know no perceptible opposition.

The Attorney Generalship.—We are beyond the pale of political axe-grinding and in saying that we should like to see the Republican party of the State nominate W. W. Billson, Esq., of this city, for the office of Attorney General, we but express the opinion of many and merely exercise a privilege which belongs to everybody. Mr. Billson is not an ordinary man; he is the rising star in our political firmament. His knowledge of the law is excellent, and his irreproachable private character and popularity have already served to bring him honor, young as he is; but, as we belong to that active class who believe in pushing and helping those who are not only deserving, but who strive to push themselves, we should be greatly pleased to see our people as a unit ask for his nomination, because we believe him fully capable of filling the position we want him to get. If nominated, of course his election is certain—hence the necessity of the party here making a strong effort in his favor.—[Duluth Herald.

"Remember that the Rev. John Hinton, agent of the American Bible Society, will be in Brainerd and preach to-morrow. He we will also put the Bible cause on its feet here, and will establish a Local Board for the distribution of the Holy Scriptures among the people in this community at merely nominal prices, and free to those not able to buy."—[Brainerd Tribune.

Throughout the entire length and breadth of our extensive acquaintance, we do not know a community where the Bible cause needs to be "put on its feet" to a greater extent than in Brainerd. The Rev. Hinton is a public benefactor, and deserves encouragement. Will he be kind enough to supply the editor of the Tribune with one, so that he may not only mend his morals, but also learn how to spell Cæsar? Since Morris began voting the Republican ticket he has been gradually, but surely, approaching an advanced stage of Paganism.—[Minneapolis Times.

The above source is one of the very last from which we could have expected to receive Biblical instruction. And, although we admit that our morals are somewhat of an elastic nature, still they are sound on principle, etc. As to our needing a Bible, we would say, our domicile is well supplied with the Holy Word; to-be-sure they are somewhat dusty, but, when young, we were taught that when we had a good book, to be careful not to soil it. Now, there seems to be several illiterate editors who are worrying a good deal about the way we spell Cesar. We are aware the Bible spells it with the dipthong æ; but in a two year's service in one of the largest church publishing houses as a compositor, we were never permitted to use it, but always spelled it C-e-s-a-r—dropping the a. Either way was admitted to be proper by all the hundreds of clergymen who had to do with that publishing house, but they preferred the plain, simple way of spelling it, and that is just what's the matter with us. Now, Frank, you didn't say anything, did you?

The County Commissioners will meet on Tuesday next at 10 o'clock a. m.

A Most Wonderful Phenomena.—On Wednesday night last, this city was visited by a somewhat violent storm, the gathering of which in the western heavens was noticed as remarkable before dark. About midnight it broke loose over Brainerd in all its deluging fury, accompanied by violent thunder and sulphuric light-lightning; stone hearts quailed in the presence of the artillery of the clouds and the seathing chains of lightning. But the most remarkable feature of this peculiar visitation, and the one that calls out this article, was the fact that when daylight came again, it was discovered that the ground was covered WITH A COATING OF SULPHUR! the rain-water barrels under the eaves were covered with sulphur! the mud-puddles were lined with it, and our bewildered citizens smelled sulphur almost to a stifling extent. We, with many others, gazed stupidly about almost speechless; something had got out of gear, and we expected that every minute would be our next, as we viewed the brimstone plaster spread all about, that only needed igniting to make a veritable Sodom of this beautiful city; in our dilema we tried and tried to think of some righteous man that might be found in this town, that its destruction might be stove off; we had got nearly through the census of the place without finding the object of our search, when a neighbor approached us, and says he: "Why, R., what the d—l is the matter? you look pale like! are you sick?" We only pointed to the brimstone, when he saw how it was with us, and says he again, after splitting his sides nearly, with a sacreligious laugh: "Why," said he, "that's only the yellow stuff off the new pine cones now budding out on the jack pines, and that the rain beat off in the night!" and he pointed up to the trees and showed us. We went into the house and put camphor on our head, and drank a strong cup of tea, and feel somewhat "better than we do now;" but our readers have lost a startling and graphic account of one of the greatest phenomenon that ever visited earth.

Bishop Whipple's Visit to White Earth.—After the consecration of St. Paul's Church here last week, Bishop Whipple (accompanied by Rev. Mr. Gilfillan, Capt. C. B. Sleeper and Jno. H. Riley, Esq., of Brainerd) went on up to the White Earth Reservation to look after the spiritual welfare of the Indians. From Capt. Sleeper we learn the following particulars of the visit: Arriving at the Reservation Saturday, service was held in the Episcopal Church, (capable of seating some three hundred), the house being crowded, and among them about 150 communicants—men and women. The service was conducted in the usual form, (but delivered through an interpreter) the congregation reading the responses in the Chippewa language.

On Sunday, service was again held, when six were baptized and thirty-six were confirmed.

On Monday, service again, and one marriage ceremony performed, also a funeral service. After which all the leading men of that portion of the tribe assembled for council with the Bishop, having several grievances, and many inquiries to make concerning matters and things, which the kind and venerable Bishop met and answered, dispelling their fears and setting their minds at rest.

The Bishop contemplates the early construction of a hospital, a residence for the resident minister, Mr. Johnston, and also a larger church building. Mr. Johnston is a full blooded Indian, but well educated, and an eminently christian gentleman, who labors untiringly for the elevation of his race. The visiting party stopped at the house of Mr. Johnston for supper Sunday evening, and found a very interesting family—Mrs. Johnston presiding at the table with all the grace common to educated and accomplished ladies.

Bishop Whipple is accomplishing the most astonishing results among these Indians, and they feel all the confidence in his word and direction of affairs that a child does in the works of its father. He is into the work with his whole heart and soul, and he is succeeding most grandly in taming down, civilizing and christianizing the savage mind, and deserves the most unstinted and encouraging support by all who would have the Word of Life carried to, and established among the heathen.

The Indians thereabouts have gone to farming with a will, and scores of small, but well cultivated farms may be seen in the vicinity of the Agency, and, on the whole, the Indians who have adopted the life of the white man are fully as well off as the average of frontier settlers. They are located in one of the richest garden spots of the Northwest, and are appreciating more and more every day what is being done for them by the Government and the christian churches.

Delicious ice cream, and other seasonable delicacies, at the St. Charles Restaurant. Call and treat yourself.

A military brass band, on its way west to join its command, passed through yesterday, and kindly played a few pieces, to the delight of our citizens, during their dinner hour at the Headquarters Hotel. Thanks to the "boys in blue."

Miss King, desiring to secure a class in music, will be pleased to receive all those wishing to take lessons, at the residence of Mr. C. W. Darling, late residence of Mr. Coykendall, Main Street. A thorough knowledge of the fundamental rules of music and fingering will be given. Price per lesson, 50 cents. Thorough base and harmony additional charges.
Brainerd, June 3d, 1873.

A raving mad dog was killed yesterday on Ninth Street; he chased a lady a square or two, but she fortunately escaped the raving brute by getting to a house. The dog, however, caught her by the foot, just as she reached the house, but very fortunately did not bite through her shoe enough to draw blood. He was shot by Mr. Brannan. Judging from the army of useless and worthless curs in town, and our sudden hot weather, mad dogs will be an every day occurrence, unless the vermin are destroyed by the authorities.

The company's beautiful new hotel building, up near the machine shops, over the "big ravine," is to be opened up for the reception of guests and regular boarders in a few days, and will be under the charge of Mr. Whittaker, an experienced man in the business. We are very glad this fine structure is to be put into operation; it is beautifully situated, and will make a delightful home for all who have no home of their own.

The Minneapolis Evening Times, having bought out the Evening News, has enlarged, and comes out a "nobby" sheet indeed. The Times is one of the spiciest dailies in the State, and it does us good to see that it is rapidly going up hill.

The Premium Business.—In another column will be found a new announcement from the publishers of the popular family story weekly, Our Fireside Friend. This paper is endorsed by the prominent papers of Chicago and other places, and is evidently a grand success. They announce that their second annual distribution will positively take place on the 20th of August next. Their chromo is a beauty, and all they claim for it. Read their advertisement. It will give you full particulars.

Personal.—A two-minutes call from our friend Chambers, of the Glyndon Gazette, on Wednesday, cheered up our melancholy to a most gratifying extent. Don't use such seldom brevity, Chambers, but come oftener and stay longer.

We also received a pleasant call this week from Col. H. Brownson, and a Mr. Singhiser, who were on their way out to Bismarck. Col. B. is from the Union Pacific Road, and goes to Bismarck to have entire charge of the freight department of the Northern Pacific at that important point, while Mr. Singhiser goes as his assistant. The Colonel is an experienced man in the various departments of railroading, and is just the man for the responsible position he is to occupy; he is, withal, a most pleasant and sociable gentleman. Mr. Singhiser cannot be otherwise than a capable man and agreeable companion, because he was for some years an editor and publisher.

Our friend, Mr. Chase, late General Freight Agent of the N. P., spent a day or two in the city this week.

Grand Steamboat Excursion.—Capt. Houghton arrived here on Thursday, and is making repairs on the steamer Pokegoma, and getting ready to build a new barge. He will commence the fall run between Aiken and Grand Rapids about the 10th of next month; but as his boat will be here till after the 4th of July, a project is on foot to have a grand picnic excursion from here down to the beautiful groves at Fort Ripley and return, on the Fourth. The Captain will place his boat in the finest possible trim for the holiday occasion, and if a hundred or two of our people desire to spend the Fourth in so fine a way, at a small cost each, he will take great pleasure in doing his best to make them happy. By the next issue of the Tribune we can say more about it, but in the mean time, all those who would like to enjoy a splendid steamboat ride, see Fort Ripley and its garison, and have a fine basket pic-nic in the groves down there, with lots of music in the air, we would suggest that they register their names during the coming week with us at the Tribune office, so that it might be seen what could be done in the way of getting up a pleasant company. Further details next week.

Rev. Geo. Rogers, of Hawley, will preach at the Congregational Church the coming Sabbath. His subject, morning and evening, will be, "The Tabernacle which Moses set up in the wilderness, or, the Gospel according to Moses." He will bring with him a large and costly model of the Tabernacle, including all of its parts and golden vessels. This will be set up during the day on the Monday following, June 8th, and in the evening of Monday he will give an illustrated lecture in the Congregational Church, exhibiting the models, and also many large diagrams. These lectures were highly popular in England, and will be much enjoyed by those who attend. Admission to the lecture is free to all. A collection will be taken at the close. Mr. Rogers will offer for sale books of his own authorship, giving the substance of his lectures. All proceeds are kindly donated by Mr. Rogers to the pastor of the Congregational Church. The lecture will commence at 8 o'clock.

What Shall We Eat?—That am de question! This particular part of the year beats us as to the matter of "grub." Beans and pork; potatos and bread. These occur three times a day, and have been so occurring till we are tired of them, and yet there's no remedy. It is just "between hay and grass," in the victuals line, and is just the season one craves for green stuff—fresh stuff—and there is none. We ought not to complain, but still we have a hankering for something we have not got, nor cannot get, and we feel sure that to give vent in words is no harm; becoming completely "busted" on such dry living, we started on a cruise, or foraging expedition, the other day, fully resolved to have something "fresh," or a row, or something; went to all the grocery stores, and they had nothing fresher than an 1855 codfish, which wouldn't fill any bill of ours, for we were ravenous for some green stuff; interviewed all the dry goods stores, shoe shops, and all other public places, and told them our sad story of hunger, but in vain; we grew almost frantic, for the more we looked the more we longed; went down to Harvey's garden to see if his cucumbers wasn't big enough to slice yet—but alas; the cucumbers had not blossomed yet, and the peas and beans were only above ground. An old cow was just outside the garden, going down for the green, tender grass, and we straddled a rail and went to calling her names; she looked up at us, ran out her tongue in derision, and went on with her repast; we wanted to drive her into a rooted pig-pasture and starve her for her impudence; but finally we relented, and rather enjoyed her great satisfaction; the only resort left was to go hunting for mushrooms, and so we did; we hunted over three "cubic miles" and got four mushrooms; we then returned to our humble home, went to a grocery, bought a mackeral and a paper of cucumber seeds; asked our better and more patient half to cook the mackeral, while we planted the seed; and here we sit now, expecting a mackeral and potato supper, and waiting as patiently as circumstances will allow for the development of those cucumber seed.

Deplorable State of Persia.

The telegram, says an exchange, announcing the arrival of the Shah of Persia at St. Petersburg, calls to mind a series of Teheran letters, which have recently attracted much attention in the Berlin Kreutz Zeitung. The descriptions given by the correspondent of the condition of that unhappy country are not only sad but really terrible. Confusion, decay, misery, treachery, corruption and crime reign everywhere. The Shah rules like a tyrant; his ministers are but valets. The most important offices—for instance, the governors of provinces, are sold to the highest bidder. Any of these governors may impose what taxes he likes, and has arbitrary power over life and death. "There are provinces," says the correspondent, "where the taxes amount to 80 per cent." Under these circumstances the agriculturist will not work; he tries only to produce what is absolutely necessary for his support, for the surplus is taken from him. Sometimes the whole harvest is consumed, and nothing remains over for the next year's planting. Those who reserve seeds keep only enough to sow a small piece of ground. If the rain fails to set in at the right season the harvest never suffices for the wants of the people, and then follow those fearful famines when mothers have been known to devour their own children. In Teheran, the Capital of Persia, there were found daily over 500 corpses on the streets during the last famine. May God, in his mercy, take away his judgments, and speedily help what seems to be a God forsaken land, should be the prayer of all Christendom.

If you want flooring, siding, ceiling, dressed lumber and mouldings of all kinds, don't fail to go to the office of the Brainerd Lumber & Manufacturing Co.—you will find it there at Minneapolis prices.

It is proposed to hold a grand Agricultural Fair at Duluth, some time next fall, (under the auspices of the St. Louis County Society) whereat the products of all the Northren Pacific and Lake Superior region may be exhibited in grand array. We have received a circular from a committee of the St. Louis County Agricultural Association that proposes this thing, and we feel right in, heart and hand, with the splendid idea. By all means, let our little New Northwest have a grand Fair of its own next fall, and show the world just what we know and can do about agriculture. Duluth is just the point, too, for all the folks out along the line would like an excursion to Duluth in October, and we feel sure the Northern Pacific Company would make the expenses of visitors and exhibitors in passing over the road very light. Certainly; let Duluth go ahead and make ready for the grand time.

Buy pork, hams, eggs and butter at reduced prices at Starcher's.

How a Man Holds a Baby.—If the baby is quite young, the toils and aches a man undergoes, while trying to relieve its mother for a few minutes of tending it, is truly terrible. He volunteers to give her a nice rest just after the yet nameless little creature has shoved back from its morning meal. He squares himself around, stoops down, and, after gouging its little neck several times with his finger nails, finally gets the left arm through underneath; he wants the other arm to go over the top of the little bundle to steady the whole thing, but right here he finds himself lacking one arm to run underneath the little creature, lower down; but he works a little strategy by wrapping the right arm clear around and back through under, thereby making one arm fill two offices. After getting a good poise and tight hold all around, he straightens himself. He finds that his right arm has secured all the wrappings, but the left only contains the gown and baby within its embrace. Here is a pretty kettle of fish; wife steps out to breakfast; the wrappings all hanging down to the floor, and the baby getting ready to sneeze; he now bends away backward, gets the baby up on his shoulder and strives to bring up the loose duds and get them into position; he holds the baby up to his shoulder with the left, and with his right feels around down below in search of the delinquent rags; while he is feeling all around, the youngster gives one of those unhappy squirms and slips down about a foot, and this brings the double-gowns, etc., all up around its head, and there it is kicking around, with nothing but a square yard of unmentionables to keep it from catching its death of cold. He now wishes his wife hadn't gone out to the kitchen to get her breakfast quite so quick; begins to sweat profusely, and his back aches from leaning over so far. The baby is kicking wildly, and thumping its nose against his stiff coat collar, and how to get things straightened is what he is trying to solve. The idea strikes him to lay baby on the bed. He gets its gowns pulled down in front, then rolls it over on its face and pulls them down behind, and then rolls it back again. By this time the little shaver, not being in full sympathy with this style of nursing, begins to cry in a manner that must very soon burst a blood vessel. By this time he is sweating and puffing like a porpois, and don't know exactly how to proceed. He runs and grabs up the wrappings on the floor and rushes back to the bed and spreads them out; he then commences rolling the baby over and over toward them, and finally gets it about the center of the wrappings, and goes to twisting them around it preparatory to taking it up again, when his wife comes rushing in to see what's up, and finds him in a frensy of anxious excitement, and the baby just splitting its sides with grief. She gives him a verbal furlough, and he goes to business reflecting upon the saying, "Everybody to their trade."

Go to Starcher's for butter and eggs.

[From the Tribune Extra of Saturday last.]

The General Offices to be Removed to St. Paul or Minneapolis--In a Horn.

Brainerd, Minn., May 31, 1873.

President Cass, of the Northern Pacific Railroad, returned last evening from the west, and was waited upon by Mayor E. H. Bly, who stated to President Cass that he had been requested by several of our citizens to call upon him and ask the truth in reference to the reports continually being circulated by the St. Paul and Minneapolis papers that the General Offices of the road were to be removed from Brainerd to one or the other of those cities. Mr. Cass very promptly, and in the most emphatic manner, assured Mr. Bly that such a thing had never been dreamed of at the New York Headquarters; that these stories had originated in St. Paul and Minneapolis; that no such intention was entertained by the Northern Pacific Company, and that it WAS the intention of the Company TO KEEP THE GENERAL OFFICES AT BRAINERD—on the line of the road.

Will the intensely enterprising(!) and reliable(!) journals of St. Paul and Minneapolis please stuff this bit of information into their cobb-pipes and smoke it? and then give us a rest on "removals."

P. S.—The Directors of the St. Paul & Pacific Railroad hold an important meeting in St. Paul on the 11th of June, at which meeting it is expected arrangements will be made to complete the Brainerd & Sauk Rapids Branch Railroad, forthwith.

We predict that from and after the first of July, Brainerd will experience a more solid and continuous prosperity than ever before, and that, commencing with early autumn, our streets will resound with business and industry, that will change only from good to better for years to come. Our beautiful and healthful location, our General and Division Railroad Headquarters, our mammoth Machine and Car Shops, Foundries, Mills and other Factories, with our city just as full of genuine western enterprise and No. 1 men as a nut is full of meat? Who says "dull!" Git eout!

Another P. S.—The grand mill-site at the foot of the River Switch, is likely to be improved ere long by putting a $50,000 gang saw mill, planing mill, bucket factory, etc., thereon, which will only be the first gigantic manufacturing institution of a dozen or more that will be howling in the city inside the next two years.

Still another P. S.—Brainerd holds out the greatest number, and the most desirable attractions to the tourist, to the man of leisure, to the invalid, to the sportsman, to the lovers of grand natural oddities, to families, and all others, of any other place in the United States. We already have fine private and public hotel accommodations, and just as soon as the Brainerd Branch Railroad is completed, thousands of visitors can come here from St. Paul in five or six hours—passing up a beautiful and romantic valley, and landing in a young city and among a people they will be very loth to leave.

Concluding P. S.—St. Paul and Minneapolis papers will please do themselves the honor of publishing the above FACTS, and they will be partially forgiven by

Yours truly,
M. C. RUSSELL,
Editor "Brainerd Tribune."

J. T. BURNS, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Brainerd, - - Minn.
Office and Residence on Laurel Street, near Broadway.

WOMAN'S FRIEND.
LOOK here, weary woman! There is rest for you. Steam will do your work. The
Steam Washer,
the latest, the cheapest, the best. No rubbing, no pounding, no turning, no tearing no clumsy sylinder, and no twenty or thirty dollars expense. Steam does it all.
B. FUCHS, sole agent for Duluth and the Northern Pacific Railroad. Box 24, Perham, Otter Tail County, Minn. W. H. LELAND, Special Agent for Crow Wing County.

JNO. H. RILEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Brainerd, - - - Minnesota.

J. C. WALTERS,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Wines,
Liquors
& Cigars.
Long experience in the business enables me to sell at the lowest possible figures,
FOR CASH ONLY.
Merchants and others will benefit themselves by giving me a call before purchasing elsewhere.
For family use I have constantly on hand pure
BOURBONS, BRANDIES,
GINS AND WINES,
AT WHOLESALE PRICES,
No matter how small the quantity purchased.
Call at the
RED STORE
WEST FRONT STREET,
BRAINERD, MINN.
Special attention paid to orders by mail or telegraph on the line of the N. P. R. R. Minnesota and Dakota Divisions.
J. C. WALTERS.

D. L. TONER,
Contractor & Builder,
Brainerd, Minn.
DOES a general Building Business on contract or otherwise. Plans, specifications, and estimates furnished on short notice. Work and prices guaranteed satisfactory.

J. L. STARCHER,
DEALER IN
Groceries!
CHOICE
Wines & Liquors,
Opposite the Tribune Office,
Brainerd, Minn.

BRAINERD
Drug Store!
Corner Fifth and Front sts.
Full line of
Pure Drugs,
Kerosene Oil,
Perfumery, Fancy Goods, &c.
Pipes, Tobacco, and Smokers Articles
Fine WINES and LIQUORS for Medicinal purposes.
☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours, Day and Night.

THE BRAINERD TRIBUNE.

M. C. RUSSELL, Editor and Prop'r

THE NEWS.

At Home.

PROF. WASSERMAN died suddenly on Friday at his residence, 403 Dekalb avenue, Brooklyn, from a shock to his nervous system, caused by an attack of thieves soon after the Panermo assassination, when he was choked and had his pockets rifled.

THE Patrons of Husbandry in Missouri have effected a state organization. Three hundred granges were represented at the meeting.

A TEMPORARY flooring in a new Catholic Church at Scranton, Pa., fell on Thursday, during the ceremonies of laying a corner stone. A number of persons were seriously injured.

OSAGE INDIANS recently killed the principal chief of the Wichitas, near Fort Sill, and it is believed war will be declared between the tribes in consequence.

THE following named firms, members of a combination to the control of the Western lumber market have suspended, liabilities being nine million dollars: White & Co., of Albany; S. W. Barnard and Co., of New York; J. Richards & Sons, of Sandy Hill; R. W. Adams & Co., of New York; Page & Co., of Oswego; C. B. Nichols & Co., of Albany; Williamsburg Mill and Lumber Co; Chambers & Co., of Cleveland; Watson & Twitchell, of Chicago; Burton & Spencer, Elizabeth & R. A Loveland of Chicago.

IT is stated that there are in Washington 13,000 children who do not attend school, 20,000 adults who cannot read, and 21,000 adults who cannot write, and a whisky saloon for every 40 persons.

JAMES S. BOILEAU, of Finshing Mills, Buck, county, Pa., suicided at Bristol, Pa., on Saturday. He was a lumber merchant, and among the recent failures.

OVER eight hundred Chinese arrived at San Francisco last week.

THERE were 60,565 emigrants landed at New York from the 1st of April to the 9th of May.

MCLEAN'S livery stable in Brooklyn was burned on Sunday, and seventeen horses perished.

TWO MEN, Christian Oleson and Hans Christenson, were drowned at Cedar Falls, Iowa, Sunday afternoon, by being carried over the mill dam while out boating. They were aged 28 and 37, respectively, and married men.

GEO. MCCABE, a lad twelve years of age, in attempting to jump on a freight train at Jackson, Michigan, Saturday afternoon, was thrown under the wheels, and had both legs and an arm cut off. He died in about four hours.

THE Supreme Court of Louisiana has decided two cases of contest for office under the Louisianny act. In both cases the legality of the officers holding under the Kellogg Government was sustained.

THE Secretary of the Interior has overruled the application of the McGregor and North Missouri River Railroad Company for a revisal of his decision recently given in favor of the St. Paul and Sioux City Railroad Company, involving the title to lands covered by over-lapping land grants.

AT Vineland, twenty seven miles west of Philadelphia, on Saturday, Lucinda Frisbe Cuff shot dead Thomas Price, aged 23. Both were colored. The woman was arrested.

COMMISSIONER of Internal Revenue Douglass is informed that the New York Central Railroad does not intend quietly to submit to the loss of the $400,000 and odd recently paid as tax on script dividend. It is Vanderbilt's intention to carry the case to the Supreme Court, "not so much on account of the $400,000, as the road can stand that, but for the purpose of establishing a precedent."

NEAR Pittsburg, on Friday evening, while two little girls, one a daughter of Mr. Morgan, and the other of Mr. Wielenz, were at play, one of them held a lighted match to a can filled with carbon oil. An explosion followed, and in an instant the clothing of the children was saturated with oil, they were enveloped in flames and burned to a crisp.

A BAND of desperadoes, numbering thirty or more, took forcible possession of Caddo Indian territory, a station on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad, Saturday, and defied the authorities. Troops have been sent to quiet the disturbance.

THE republicans of Ohio have nominated the following ticket: Governor Noyes, of Hamilton, re-nominated; Lieut.-Governor Alphonso Hart, of Portage; Supreme Judge (long term), William Whith, of Clark, re-nominated; (short term), Walter, F. Stone, of Erie renominated; Attorney General, John Little, of Geneva; Comptroller of the Treasury, Wm. T. Watson, of Portage, renominated; member of the Board of Public Works, Phillip Hersing, of Anglaze, re-nominated.

A FIRE on Sunday in the car shops of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad at Aurora, Ill., destroyed property worth $259,000.

THE first Roman Catholic Church for colored people established west of the Mississippi, was dedicated at St. Louis on Sunday.

ONE million postal cards have been ordered for St. Louis.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE left property valued at $350,000.

THE President has appointed Edward Palmer Indian Agent for the Grand River Agency, Dakota; Robert N. McLaren, United States Marshal for the district of Minnesota; and John Tillson, Collector of Internal Revenue of the Fourth District of Illinois.

LARS LARSON'S wife, at Chicago, knocked him down with a poker and then stabbed him in the stomach. Larson's wounds are fatal.

Abroad.

TWO CORPSES have been found near Manesa, Spain, with a placard on each bearing the words "killed while attempting to assassinate Don Alfonzo."

DURING the recent fighting in Panama the national troops lost 23 killed and 33 wounded, and the state troops double that number.

ADVICES from Montevideo of April 23d, say the yellow fever prevails there to such an extent that the people are flying from the city, and business is suspended.

CALLAO dates of the 6th state that a large fire there burned the Hotel Comerico and several other buildings, entailing a loss of eight hundred thousand dollars. No Americans suffered.

GEN. BARRIOS has been elected constitutional President of Guatemala, and the rebel faction disappeared.

ABOUT nine hundred Chinese, including the crew, were wrecked in a junk and drowned in the China sea.

THE vomito is increasing at Havana.

THE Italian Chamber of Deputies on Saturday approved the bill abolishing religious corporations in Rome.

A TELEGRAM from Tiflis, dated the 18th confirms the news that Khiva was taken, and says the Khan was made a prisoner by the Russians, who have sustained only slight loss.

PRESIDENT THIERS has appointed M. Casimer Periere, Minister of the Interior, M. Fourtour Minister, of Public Works, and M. Wadington, Minister of Public Instruction. The other Ministers are unchanged.

A LETTER has been received from Sir Samuel Baker, on the White Nile. He reports all well; that the passage through to the end was effected with great difficulty, and that he hopes that the obstruction will be entirely removed during the present summer.

SNOW fell in the north of England on Sunday.

The Jolly Testator who Makes His Own Will.

(From an English Magazine.)

Ye lawyers, who live upon litigants' fees,
And who need a good many to live at your ease;
Grave or gay, wise or witty, whate'er your degree,
Plain stuff or Queen's Counsel, take counsel of me.

When a festive occasion your spirit unbends,
You should never forget the Profession's best friends;
So we'll send round the wine, and a light bumper fill
To the jolly testator who makes his own will.

He promises his wish attl his purpose to save
All disputes among friends when he's laid in his grave;
Then he straightway proceeds more disputes to create
Than a long summer's day would give time to relate.

He writes and erases, he blunders and blots,
He produces such puzzles and Gordian knots,
That a lawyer, intending to frame the deed *ill*,
Couldn't match the testator who makes his own will.

Testators are good; but a feeling more tender
Springs up when I think of the feminine gender;
The testatrix for me, who, like Telemaque's mother,
Unweaves at one time what she wove at another.

She bequeathes, she repeats, she recalls a donation,
And she ends by revoking her own revocation;
Still scribbling or scratching some new codicil;
Oh! success to the woman who makes her own will!

'Tisn't easy to say, 'mid her varying vapors,
What scraps should be deemed "testamentary papers;"
'Tisn't easy from these her intention to find,
When, perhaps, she herself never knew her own mind.

Every step that we take, there arises fresh trouble;
Is the legacy lapsed? is it single, or double?
No customer brings so much grist to the mill
As the wealthy old woman who makes her own will.

The law decides questions of *meum* and *tuum*
Be kindly consenting to make the thing *meum;*
The Æsopian fable instructively tells
What becomes of the oysters, and who gets the shells.

The legatees starve, but the lawyers are fed;
The Seniors have riches, the Juniors have bread;
The available surplus of course will be *all*
From the worthy testators who make their own will.

You had better pay toll when you take to the road,
Than attempt by a by-way to reach your abode;
You had better employ a conveyancer's hand,
Than encounter the risk that your will shouldn't stand.

From the broad, beaten track, when the traveler strays,
He may land in a bog, or be lost in a maze;
And the law, when defied, will avenge itself still
On the man and the woman who make their own will.

A STORY OF THE MAESTRO JULIEN.

The Music in a Coal Miner.

It was the middle of July, 1853, when all London was stirred by the grand ovation which had just come off in honor of the "Lion Concert Giver," that a tall, raw-boned man might have been seen walking down one of the narrow streets of that foggy metropolis, alternately humming to himself little snatches of melody, and stopping to gaze at the signs over the doors. Pretty soon he came to the music store of Craner, Beale & Chapple, and strode heavily in, the large nails in the bottom of his shoes making music "in that part of the town."

"Hallo, mum!" said he, in the broad Yorkshire dialect, to a tradesman behind the counter, who was intently examining a new and beautiful engraving that was designed as a frontispiece to Julien's last polka, "Con ye teall me if Mr. Julien's in?"

"No, he is not, sir. He left about half an hour since," said Mr. Chapple (as he was the one addressed): and as he replied, he raised his eyes from the design and scanned the rough looking person who stood before him. He was coarsely clad, a man of brawny limb, with a complexion of that peculiar ashy color, slightly begrimed with coal, which indicated that he had toiled for years beyond the light and warmth of the sun.

"Wull'ee be in again to-day?" inuired the Yorkshireman.

"No, he will not—not before tomorrow. Did you wish to see him?"

"Wull, ye'as aw wood loike to," said e, hesitatingly. "They talk summat bout hes gooin' to America," he continued.

"Yes, he sails next week: but how does that interest you?" said Mr. Chapple, who began to be curious about the motive that could prompt such a rough-looking customer to see the man of immaculate kids and irreproachable vest.

"I'd loike to ga over wi' 'um," was the reply.

"Like to go over to America with him? Pray, what good could you do him?" said Mr. Chapple, with an expression as near contempt as was consistent with good breeding.

"Wull, aw think aw cood do 'um a good deal 'o good," said he, with a knowing twinkle of the eye.

"How? You certainly do not look like a musician."

"Wull, as to looks, thot's nowther here nor there, but aw blow't ophicleide sum—they say whoam—betther thon ony man in t'coonty."

"Ah, indeed! What's your business?"

"Aw works in the cooal meine."

"Yes; well, how much do you earn in a week?"

"About saxteen shillin'. And then, too, aw belong to a brass bond, and we make summat by gi'en van or two concerts a week."

"I think, sir, that Mr. Julien has engaged all the help he wants, and will not require your services," and the music publisher, having satisfied his curiosity, turned away to his business, as if he had already spent too much time to little purpose.

The Yorkshireman very awkardly scratched his head, and stood for a moment, as if undecided what to do, but at length took a few steps toward the end of the counter, and, peeping over a pile of music, behind which Mr. Chapple had taken refuge, said to him:

"Perhaps ye moight jus loike to hear me play a bit. 'Gim ye'll gi' me on instrument, aw'll show ye what aw con do."

The request was so good-naturedly made that Mr. Chapple could hardly refuse, so he led him up stairs, and gave him an old ophicleide, which, after a moment's inspection, he threw down, jocosely remarking:

"Gang awa' wi' yer owd brass. Coom, mun, gi'e us a good 'un."

Chapple obligingly complied. The Yorkshire man took the piece of shining metal in his huge hands, that were hardened, cracked, and blackened with toil, and raised to his lips, played a legato air with such a purity of tone and beauty of expression that it was hard to tell which sentiment was strongest in the mind of the listener—surprise or delight. "But all this may be by rote," thought Mr. Chappele. "Here, let me hear you play that," said he," as he placed before him a new and very difficult solo for the ophicleide.

The Yorkshireman glanced it once through, and astonished his listener by executing it with marvelous accuracy, capping the climax by improvising a florid and appropriate cadenza.

"Zounds!" said Chapple. "Monsieur Julien must hear you. Call tomorrow noon, and he'll be here."

"Ha! ye thought aw didn't play ony, eh!" said the performer, as he strode out of the room, and he gave vent to a broad guffaw as he tramped down stairs.

The next day, at the appointed hour, Julien, with his publisher and the Yorkshire ophicleidist, was in the same upper room. Julien, after hearidg him play, was in ecstacies, which he endeavored to express in half a dozen languages.

"Bravo!" he shouted, rubbing his hands. "Capital! *Mon Dieu, c'est extraordinaire!* Mr. Chapple, engage him, and give him five pounds a week."

"Five pounds a week!" exclaimed Mr. Chapple; "why, he'll be glad to go for one-quarter of the money."

"Never mind that," said Julien; "never mind that—hire him, and give him five pounds ($25) a week. He's worth it."

The same raw-boned Yorkshireman is better clad now; his countenance wears a healthier hue, and, our word for it, you will hear no provincial brogue in the tones of his ophicleide.

The Lord Rawdon Collection.

Francis Rawdon Hastings, better known in our Revolutionary history as Lord Rawdon, was a son of the Earl of Moira. Born in England, and educated at Oxford, he became, in his later years, a distinguished subject of the British realm, whom the government was pleased to honor with important offices and additional titles.

Young Hastings entered the royal army at the age of seventeen years as an ensign in the Sixty-third regiment of foot-soldiers. In the year 1773, when the fires of our Revolutionary war were rapidly kindling, he accompanied that regment to America, and was stationed a while in Castle William, which guarded the entrance to Boston Harbor. He entered the city of Boston under the command of General Gage, when that officer was there in 1774, charged with the grave duty of closing the port of that offending city to commerce of every kind, by orders of the British ministry.

Boston was then an offending city because its inhabitants, led by pastors and patriots, acted in consonance with their convictions that rebellion against tyranny was obedience to God. It was specially an offending city because its port had been made an enormous teapot a few months before, when its patriotic citizens, in the disguise of Mohawk Indians, cast cargoes of tea, taken from British merchant vessels, into its waters, and so committed what was deemed to be an overt act of rebellion. That act greatly incensed the king and his counselors. The ministeral members of Parliament invoked the most terrible roar of the British lion, and one of them raised the factious cry of the old Romon orators, "*Delenda est Carthago*"—Carthage must be destroyed—and applied it significantly to Boston. Gage was sent to act upon the spirit of that cry, and young Hastings, then nearly twenty years of age, was one of his most efficient subalterns in the work.

From that time until near the close of our old war for independence, Lord Rawdon held rank among the most active and skillful of the British officers in America. He appears to have been a young man of much observation, and zealous in the garnering of precious facts in his experience while he was in this country. He seems to have obtained from some of the accomplished engineers of the British army a series of sketches, in water-color, of many of the scenes and events in his experience here. A considerable number of these sketches have been preserved until the present time, and in consequence of the unthriftiness of Lord Rawdon's grandson and titular successor, the late Marquis of Hastings, they found their way, some of them, into the hands of private purchasers, and others into the public auction rooms of London.

Some of these sketches are in the possession of Dr. Thomas Addis Emmet, of the city of New York, for whom a part of them were purchased at the sale of the personal effects of the late Marquis of Hastings, a few years ago, and others at subsequent sales. They were made by different artists, but evidently at about the same period (1775, 1776), and on the same kind of drawing paper, for the texture of the materials on all is the same, and each sheet bears the same water marks. The faithfulness of the drawings has been verified by various tests, and they may be accepted as correct representations of the scenes delineated. They now have a secure resting place in Dr. Emmet's rare collection of drawings, engravings, maps and autographs which illustrate American history and biography. It is undoubtedly the most complete collection of its kind in the world; and Dr. Emmet is one of the most generous and liberal of the few Americans who indulge in the costly but delightful and useful pastime of gathering up for preservation such precious grains of the fine gold of our history, which might otherwise be forever lost.—*Harper's Magazire for June.*

Mining Statistics.

The Journal of Commerce gives some very interesting statistics in relation to the amount and value of the mining industry of the United States. It is confessed that these figures are not accurate; but it is thought that they do not, at any rate, exaggerate the importance of these operations. In the product of the mines is included marble and stone-cutting, oil-boring and peat cutting. Including the Territories, the value of product is $152,598,994. Pennsylvania leads off with a production of $76,208,390; Nevada produces $11,166,452, and Illinois comes next with a product of $9,968,201. California produces $8,281,633, and Michigan $7,109,118; Ohio, $7,741,544. New York aggregates only $4,324,651, and is followed by Montana—$4,030,435. Rhode Island mining amounts to $59,000. Of these products coal leads, with a value of $73,524,992, nearly one-half in value being bituminous; petroleum amounts to about $19,500,000; stone to nearly $10,000,000; gold, $23,000,000: iron ore to $13,204,138. Copper rises to a little over $5,000,000. The product of the fisheries of the United States is $11,096,522, of which Rhode Island produces $124,505. Massachusetts rises to over $6,000,000. The time is near, probably, when fish will be more plentiful and cheaper, and when the yearly catch will be more valuable than now.

A PETRIFIED Indian, billed to Yale College, was among the Eastern express matter which passed through Des Moines, Iowa, last Thursday, the body having been discovered and dug up in the bluffs on the North Platte last summer.

THE POLITICAL CRISIS IN FRANCE.

Resignation of President Thiers and his Ministry—Gen. MacMahon Elected of Thiers' Successor—No Change Made Without Disturbance.

VERSAILLES, May 24.—The Assembly convened at two this afternoon, had after an energetic speech by Casimer Periere, Minister of the Interior, rejected, by a vote of 363 to 343, the simple order of the day proceeding from the Left and supported by the Government. An order of the day proposed by the Right, declaring that the present form of Government was not under discussion, and regretting that the reconstruction of the Ministry did not afford conservative guarantees, was adopted by a vote of 360 against 344. Upon the announcement of the result of the vote, Baragnan, a member of the Right, said that the supreme interests of the country required that the Government should not remain silent.

His remarks were received with noisy protestations by the Left.

When the tumult had somewhat subsided, Caragan resumed and proposed a night sitting of the Assembly.

Dufaure, Minister of Justice, ascended the tribune and declared that France would not remain a moment without a government, notwithstanding the vote just cast. There exists, he said, a president and a republic. The Ministers would not answer for the maintainance of order. They would consult with the President and agree to a night sitting.

The Left shouted, "Why will the Government thus set Europe and posterity an example of its monstrous ingratitude?"

The Right insisted that the Government should promptly communicate its decision to the Assembly.

After further debate, which was conducted amidst the greatest excitement, it was decided to have a night session, and a recess was taken until evening.

The Assembly resumed its session at eight.

Dufaure, Minister of Justice, announced that the Ministers had tendered their resignation to Thiers, who had accepted them. Dufaure then handed to Buffet, President of the Assembly, a message from President Thiers announcing that he delivered back to the Assemby the high functions which had been conferred upon him.

The reading of the message produced a profound sensation in the Chamber.

General Changarnier and Duke de Broglie moved that the Assembly immediately appoint a successor to Thiers.

This motion caused a terrific uproar. The Left moved that the resignation of President Theirs be not accepted.

This motion was rejected by a vote of 368 against 339. The resignation of Theirs was then formally accepted.

Buffet fruitlessly attempted to eulogize Thiers. The members of the Left endeavored to secure an adjournment of the election, but the Right insisted upon choosing a President immediately.

A vote was then taken, and it resulted in the election of Marshal MacMahon, who received 390 votes. The Deputies of the Left abstained from voting.

A committee was appointed to wait upon Marshal MacMahon and inform him that he had been elected President of the Republic. The committee was headed by Buffet, who, upon retiring, temporarily handed over the Presidency of the Assembly to Goulard, who was enthusiastically cheered by the Right upon taking his seat. Upon the returning of the committee, Buffet resumed the chair, and announced that Marshal MacMahon had accepted the Presidency of the Republic, though not without pain. Buffet also stated that the Ministers would temporarily remain.

The crowds in the streets and in front of the Legislative Chamber increased, and when the result of the proceedings in the Assembly was made known, there were loud shouts of "*Viva la Thiers!*" and "*Viva la Republic!*" There was no attempt at disorder, and the people quietly dispersed.

PARIS, May 25—Sunday Evening.—The change in the Presidency has been accomplished without the slightest disturbance. Perfect orders prevails throughout France. The troops have been confined to their barracks since yesterday morning, but all is quiet in Paris, and there are no signs of disorder in the department.

Gambetta has issued a manifesto calling upon the Republicans to respect the law.

Marshal MacMahon has sent a communication to M. Buffet, President of the Assembly, acknowledging the receipt of the official notification of his election to the Presidency, and accepting the office in the following terms: "I will obey the will of the Assembly, the depository of national sovereignty. It is a heavy responsibility, but with God's aid and the devotion of the army, I will continue the work of liberating the territory and restoring order, and will maintain tranquility and the principles on which society rests. To this I pledge my word as an honest man and a soldier."

The President has issued a circular to the prefects of Departments promising that no attack shall be made upon the laws and institutions of the country. A large number of Republican functionaries have resigned.

Honey Bees.

The transmission of honey bees through the mails has, for a long time, been prohibited by the Postoffice Department, in consequence of the leakage of the food syrup, which soiled the regular mail matter. Another reason given was, that the bees sometimes stung the clerks who handled them. An application, however, has recently been made for the privilege of transmitting small wooden boxes, containing a queen bee and five to ten workers. The boxes are made by boring large holes nearly through a small strip of pine board, and covering the upper portion with a net-work of wire. Inside each box small pieces of sponge, saturated with syrup, are placed for the bees to feed upon. It is, however, believed that this device will not obviate the leakage of the syrup, and it is not likely that the Postoffice Department will reverse its former rule on the subject.

A Smart Hen.

Mr. A. W. Buckland calls the attention of Darwin to an instance of perception in fowls, which he deems noteworthy. He had habituated a young white duck to roost with a hen and her brood to keep it from the rats in the outhouses. One evening his attention was called to a great commotion between the hen and the duck, which had always seemed to be on terms of friendship, and on investigation it was found that the duck was not the hen's usual companion, but one its counterpart in size and color, which did not belong to the premises, while the proper duck was found quietly resting with the rest in the duck-house near by. The stranger ejected and the true duck restored to its proper place, the hen became quiet.

RIVER GAUGES.

But the Signal Service Progress to Be in the Intellect of Inland Commerce—List of Stations at Which River Gauges are to Be Placed.

Gen. Albert J. Myer, Chief of the Signal Service, has just put into operation a regular system of daily river reports in connection with the weather report system, and its proposed connection with the light-house and life-saving stations. This will make the signal service, in its peaceful operation, about as perfect as is contemplated for the present. The new river report system was commenced on the 1st day of May. It involves the employment of civilians as observers (the only civilians in the signal service), but it has been found cheaper to adopt that plan. Stations have been ordered at the following points: Adalusia, Ill., Boonville, Brownsville, Brunswick, Cairo, Cincinnati, Confluence, Davenport, Evansville, Fort Benton, Fort Smith, Fort Sully, Freeport, Grafton, Ill.; Hermann, Mo.; Jefferson, (Mo.; Kansas City, Keokuk, Leavenworth, Lexington, Little Rock, Louisville, Marietta, Memphis, Nashville, New Geneva, New Orleans, Oil City, Omaha, Pittsburgh, Shreveport, St. Joseph, St. Louis, St. Paul, Vicksburg. The usual river reports have been based on standards of given years, understood by boatmen, but the difficulty has been that they lacked reliability, because boatmen, by reason of interested motives, frequently gave false reports, and in many instances caused the delay or advance of shipments to be held back or stuck on shoals while the party giving the information took the benefit of his knowledge. Under the new system a guage is planted in the river bank at each station. It is made of pine or oak timber, two inches thick by ten inches wide, and long enough to cover the whole range between extreme low and extreme high water. This timber is placed edgewise and firmly imbedded in the ground, leaving one and a half inches exposed above the surface. A scale of measurement is furnished, being the extreme standard of 1867 for the low water mark, or bench mark, as it is technically called. The edge of the gange is planed, and after being placed in position is graduated in feet and inches. The graduation is governed by the test of an upright rod, and the exact measure in feet and inches is determined by an ordinary spirit-level placed on a straight edge, reaching from the vertical rod to the timber in the bank. After this measurement has been recorded in feet and inches, the observer can tell at a glance how much water there is in the river. When the rise or fall of water is gradual, one observation will be made at 3 o'clock P. M., local time, from May 1 to July 31 and Oct. 1 to Nov. 30 of each year; but, when the change is sudden and unusual in its character, reports will be made every three hours during such change until the river resumes its normal condition. These reports are all sent in an ingenious cypher, invented with a view of secrecy and brevity, and securing both objects.

There is no appropriation for the river report system. It has so far taken about $25,000 from the weather signal appropriation, and it is quite probable that Congress will indorse the undertaking. Gen. Myers says that if Congress would give him $100,000 a year to prosecute the work, he would furnish to all the cities daily reports of the condition of every navigable river in the United States. Early news of an approaching flood or break of an ice-gorge would ordinarily save a single city the whole amount required to support the whole system.

A Good Joke on a Bishop.

A good joke is told of a well-known Episcopal Bishop of a neighboring diocese. We refrain from giving the name, from appreciable motives of delicacy. The Bishop is a very staid, glum sort of a good man, and the last one in the world to enjoy a joke, especially one on himself. A waggish friend, meeting him the other day in a car, astonished him by exclaiming, after a reference to his high church principles:

"Why, Bishop, I hear that on Easter you appeared in your pulpit with a crown and a palm!"

"What!" exclaimed the Bishop, in astonishment. "Nonsense! You know better."

"Yes," repeated the other, "with a crown on your head and a palm in your hand."

"It is a libel! Who could have started such a story?" responded the distinguished prelate, warmly. "But, pshaw, it is idle to talk about it; it is so absurd."

The conversation was changed, but the Bishop did not forget his friend's words; he was afraid the libellous, atrocious report whould get into the papers, and then it would become a popularly accepted fact which there would be no denying.

He sought his friend the next day at his office, for the purpose of learning the origin of the outrageous story: but the other, who is considerable of a wag, sorely vexed the spirit of the accomplished prelate before he would make any satisfactory explanation, and then, with a laugh and a twinkle of the eyes, he exclaimed:

"Why, Bishop, haven't you a crown *on* your head, and a palm *in* your hand? See?"

The Bishop was so much pleased with the explanation that he succeeded in raising a laugh; though the expression of fierce solemnity that settled on his features as he left shortly after leads his friends to believe that he did not thoroughly enjoy the joke.

How to Clean Pictures.

A new process of cleaning pictures has recently been discovered. The great difficulty has always been to get off the old varnish, which, by length of time, has become almost incorporated with the color underneath, so that any method employed to remove the upper surface is pretty certain, to carry off with it the delicate lines below. Some picture dealers use corrosive substances, which make the matter worse. An ingenious system has been discovered at Amsterdam, which consists in simply spreading a coating of copaiba balsam on the oil painting, and then keeping its face downward over a dish of the same size filled with cold alcohol at an altitude of about three feet. The vapors of the liquid impart to the copaiba a degree of semi-fluidity, in which state it easily amalgamates with the varnish it covers. Thus the original brilliancy and transparency are regained without injuring the oil painting; and when the picture is hung up in its place again, two or three days after, it looks as if it had been varnished afresh. The inventors have given the public the benefit of their discovery. The process has the merit of being a short one as compared with the old methods.

THE resignation of Chief Justice Butler, of the Connecticut Supreme Court, has been sent to the Legislature by Governor Ingersoll. Ill health is the cause.

Smart Hens and a Smart Boy.

Bill Perkins contributes the following to the New York Graphic:

The near-sighted hen, who ate sawdust, supposing it to be corn meal, then went and laid a nest full of hen kacks, and on 'em three weeks and hatched out a complete set of parlor furniture, was a pretty fair hen. But I saw a boy yesterday who beats in one of the little chickens up by Central Park, who is about as smart as that hen. Johnny was feeding a flock of cockiers with powdered bones, and when we asked him what he did it for, he said "he was trying to see if he couldn't make 'em lay billiard balls."

We were somewhat amused at Johnny, and asked him how he caught a hen when he wanted one to kill.

"Why, I can ketch 'em, Mr. Perkins, without going into the yard at all," replied Johnny.

"Well, little boy, if you'll do it I'll give you this dollar," said my friend, pulling out an old Mexican silver piece.

"An' give me the hen, too?"

"Yes."

Johnny immediately took a fish-line out of his pocket, stuck the hook through a kernel of corn, and threw it into the yard. The whole flock ran their heads together to nab the kernel, and in a second it was down a chicken's throat. Johnny hauled it in, claimed his dollar, and had the chicken for dinner.

Across the rocks from Johnny lives an old physician. The other day the old fellow rolled out a big saucer full of blue moss pills, and then rolled them in flour and laid them in the back yard to dry. Ten minutes afterwards Johnny's chickens got into the yard, and before the old doctor could drive them out they had eaten every one of them. The doctor, who is an allopathist, says "Johnny's hens will lay medicated eggs enough next week to supply all the homœopathic dispensaries in the city with medicine." Egzacly so.

Shant-I-clear?

A Ship-Wrecked Apollo.

"A Colossal Marble Statue of the 'Apollo Belvedere' has just been placed on exhibition in the window of G. W. Carleton & Co.'s Publishing house, under the Fifth Avenue Hotel. This fine figure was purchased by Mr. Carleton two weeks ago, on the Island of Bermuda, at an auction sale of Works of Art saved from the submerged hull of the Italian ship "Charlotte," which was wrecked last March on the sunken coral rocks of the dangerous reefs of 'the stil l vexed Bermudas.' This statue of Apollo (weighing more than a ton) after lying under water for some time, was, with great difficulty fished out by the submarine divers and native wreckers of the Island, and landed on the shore, with the loss of only a finger or two, and slightly damaged by salt water and iron rust.

We believe this is the only colossal marble Apollo Belvedere in the City of New York, and those who have never seen the superb original in the Vatican at Rome, should be indebted to Mr. Carleton for this singular and rare opportunity of seeing a *fac simile* of the finest marble statue in the world."—*New York Evening Mail.*

The Iron Trade.

The amount of foreign iron still imported to the United States, notwithstanding the greatly increased cost of producing it, shows the tenacity with which the English manufacturers adhere to the American market. But the importation of foreign iron the present year will be much less than that of last year, on account of the falling off in the English surplus, consequent, in part, upon the troubles in the trade, while the demand upon our domestic production will be greater than ever. This year there will be about two hundred more furnaces at work than last year. The time is not far distant when British shipments of iron to the United States will cease, in view of the increasing scarcity of iron ore in England, the necessity of importing ore from the continent, the short supply of fuel and the increased cost of production.

Tall Men and Women.

As a country becomes settled, and especially in cities where great numbers of human beings are crowded into a comparatively small place, men degenerate in height, and the women are not only proverbially shorter than in the country, but they are less muscular. As there are thought to be exceptions to all rules, there are both tall gentlemen and ladies in old cities. A majority of them, however, if traced to their birth-place, will be found to have come from the country. Kentucky and Tennessee produce the tallest men in this country. A young boy taken from this city, whose parents are below the usual height, and reared in either of those states, would probably quite over top any of his family. The materials abound in the grains and meats of those splendid regions for developing the bones.

Mount Vernon Association.

The exhibit made at the meeting of the Mount Vernon Association showed that the receipts during the past year have been only $3,900, while the expenses have been over $3,800, leaving a balance of only $70 in the treasury. Grand Master Stansbury, of the Masonic order, informed the Vice-Regents that the Knights Templar of Maryland proposed erecting a grand mausoleum over the remains of Washington, which was gratefully accepted. When completed it will be the occasion for an assembling of the Masonic order from all parts of the United States. It was decided to appoint a Regent pro tem in place of Mr. Cunningham, whose efficiency has been impaired by widely-circulated scandalous reports.

Celestials Discarding Pigtails.

A Heathen Chinaman astonished St. Louis, on Sunday, by appearing upon the streets in the most elaborate costume of a St. Louis dandy. "As he walked," says the St. Louis reporter, "along the street, the pride of his white emulators of fashion, he seemed imperial in his pride." He had even discarded his tail, for his hair was cut in true "Melican" style, and he wore a stove-pipe hat. His compatriots are said to have regarded with disdain one who would forsake the tail of his country; but if we wait long enough, and it will not be for long, we shall find them all doing the same thing.

A PARIS paper publishes some statistics regarding the linen of the crown, the sale of which terminated recently. It was composed of 36,000 pieces, including 2,000 sheets and table-cloths of a single piece, capable of dining 200 people. The cost of washing alone amounted to 120,000 francs annually.

IT is possible that Miss Wallack will play Juliet to Edwin Booth's Romeo before her present season at Booth's closes.

Rather Hard-Hearted.

There was a soul, one eve entranced, sailing
Beyond the earth's dull bars,
Through the void of unmeted space pelting,
Through heaven's sea of stars.
Behind there was a wake of billows tossing,
Before, a glory bay.
O happy soul! with all sail set, just crossing
Into the far away;
The gloom and gleam, the calmness and the storm,
Were death before thee, and behind thee life.

And, as that soul went onward, sweetly speeding
Unto his home and light,
Repentance made it sorrowful exceeding,
Faith made it wondrous bright;
Repentance, dark with shadowy recollections
And longings unsatisfied,
Faith, white and pure with sunniest affections
Fell from the face of Christ,
But both across the sun-bedivered tide
Helped to the haven where the heart would ride.

General Items.

EIGHT persons are now in arrest at Parsons, suspected of complicity with the Benders.

THE birthplace of Benjamin Franklin is to be marked by the new printing office of the Boston Post.

MRS. LEVERMORE is said to have been invited to become the President of a female college in Ohio.

EX-SENATOR J. R. DOOLITTLE was recently admitted to practice in the Iowa Supreme Court at Dubuque.

NEW HAVEN is attempting to raise a fund of $30,000, to establish a training school for nurses at the Connecticut State Hospital in that city.

N. MEISSONIER has sold a picture on which he is still engaged, entitled "Charge des Cuirassiers," for 300,000 francs.

GENERAL G. B. WILLIAMS, Commissioner from Japan, was recently married in Paris to a young lady from California.

A PROPOSAL to issue the works of Dickens in Welsh has been made to Messrs. Chapman & Hall, and provisionally accepted by them.

HENRY OSSIAN FLIPPER, the mulatto boot-maker in Atlanta, Ga., has obtained an appointment to a cadetship at West Point.

THE ex-King of Spain is writing a new book, which, it is said, will bear the title of "The History of King Amadeo, written by himself."

MRS. GENERAL HALPINE and family, who have been living abroad since the death of Gen. Halpine (Miles O'Reilly), are expected to return in May.

THEY have a Judge in Kansas who fined a lawyer for saying *sic transit.* The official thought it was swearing, and remarked indignantly that nobody could "sick" him in that Court.

NEWPORT has on exhibition the largest scup ever caught in Rhode Island waters within the memory of man. It is twenty inches in length, and weighs four and three-quarters pounds.

MR. SAMUEL CRAM, an old and respected citizen of Windham, Me., cut his throat last week being the last of four brothers, all of whom have committed suicide.

THE Governor of Tennessee has appointed Col. John C. Burch, editor of the Nashville Union and American, Comptroller in the State Treasury, in place of W. W. Hobbs, resigned.

THE Earl of Derby is to lay the foundation stone of the Rev. Newman Hall's new chapel, in Westminster Bridge road, London, which is to cost $150,000.

THE Parisian sculptor, Clesinger, has sued an American millionaire for the value of a bust of the latter's daughter, which was not deemed a sufficiently flattering likeness.

CONFIRMED topers may like to know that they can detect fusel oil in whisky or brandy by putting a few pieces of permanganate of potash in a long test tube containing the liquid, slowly shaking it. If the spirit contains ½ to 1 per cent. of fusel oil, a preceptibly light yellow color soon appears.

A SAN FRANCISCO dressmaker, who had promised to send a dress to a lady in San Jose, Cal., in season for a ball, missed the train by three minutes, and chartered a special locomotive, at an expense of $100, to take the dress to its destination.

A MEMBER of a temperance society pleaded so successfully with a man who sold and drank liquor in Bridgeport, Conn., that he promised to think the matter over, and the result is he has given up the business entirely, and made application to join the temperance society.

MR. HENRY WILLIAM WILBERFORCE, formerly a clergyman of the English Church who joined the Roman Catholic communion some twenty years ago, has just died. He was the youngest son of the great abolition leader, William Wilberforce, and brother of the present Bishop of Winchester.

SHIPE, who was sentenced to death at Springfield, Mass., Monday, manifested the utmost coolness, saying to the Chief Justice, when asked if he had anything to say why it should not be pronounced, "I have nothing to say, sir, either way, for it don't concern me."

A PARISH minister in the neighborhood of Dundee, Scotland, announces that he has discontinued studying, and until coals can be got at a cheaper rate he has intimated his intention to preach his old sermons. He alleges that he cannot afford coal for his study fire.

A LITTLE girl that had been promised a lap-dog saw a shaggy, ill-favored cur slacking his thirst from a pool in the gutter, and ran into the house crying. "What is the matter?" asked her mother. "I don't want a *lap* dog," said the child. "See that great hateful dog out there; *he laps!*"

A FRENCHMAN who tried to suicide by drinking a pint of crude petroleum, lives to tell the world that he never experienced a more enjoyable drink in his life. This will be good news for the oil regions, where "local option" and the scarcity of money have for some time past rendered the delirium tremens a luxury only to be indulged in by the wealthiest operators and buckwheat princes.

ERASTUS CORNING, who married Miss Mary Parker, of Albany, sailed for Europe on Saturday, and will be absent two years. The honeymoon trip will cost $50,000. This may seem a large sum to some people, and yet it is only equal to Corning's income for one month. Erastus Corning is the richest man of his age in the world. His estate is now valued at $9,000,000, while his income is put down at $600,000 a year, $12,500 a week, and over $2,000 per working day.

LIEUTENANT Thomas F. Wright, who was recently killed by the Modocs, was a son of Gen. George Wright, formerly of Norwich, Conn., and was himself a graduate of Norwich University. He went as Captain under Walker, on the Nicaragua filibustering expedition, from which he returned with not less than seven gunshot wounds, and was Colonel of the Twentieth California Infantry in the late rebellion.

By the Shore of the River.

BY L. C. M.

Through the gray willows the bleak winds are raving
Here on the shore, with its drift-wood and sands;
Over the river the lilies are waving,
Bathed in the sunshine of Orient lands;
Over the river, the wide, dark river,
Spring-time and summer are blooming forever.

Here, all alone on the rocks, I am sitting,
Sitting, and waiting—my comrades all gone;
Shadows of mystery drearily flitting
Over the surf with its sorrowful moan,
Over the river, the strange, cold river;
Ah! must I wait for the boatmen forever?

Wife and children and friends were around me,
Labor and rest were as wings to my soul;
Honor and love were the laurels that crowned me;
Little I recked how the dark waters roll.
But the deep river, the gray, misty river,
All that I lived for has taken forever!

Silently came a black boat o'er the billows;
Stealthily grated the keel on the sand;
Rustling footsteps were heard through the willows;
There the dark Boatman stood, waving his hand,
Whispering, "I come, o'er the shadowy river;
She who is dearest must leave thee forever."

Suns that were brightest and skies that were bluest
Darkened and paled in the message he bore.
Year after year went the fondest, the truest,
Following that beckoning hand to the shore,
Down to the river, the cold, grim river,
Over whose waters they vanished forever.

Yet not in visions of grief have I wandered:
Still have I toiled, though my ardors have flown.
Labor is manhood; and life is but squandered
Dreaming vague dreams of the future alone.
Yet from the tides of the mystical river
Voices of spirits are whispering ever.

Lonely and old, in the dusk I am waiting,
Till the dark Boatman, with soft, muffled oar,
Glides o'er the waves, and I hear the keel grating,
See the dim, beckoning hand on the shore,
Waiting me over the welcoming river,
To gardens and homes that are shining forever!

—*Atlantic for June.*

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

The Narragansett Turkey.

This is one of the largest and hardiest of all the breeds of turkeys. It is raised in the greatest perfection in Southeastern Connecticut and Rhode Island, a region famous for its fine poultry. Turkeys do remarkably well along the sea board, and almost every farmer remote from the villages has his flock. It is not uncommon to find flocks of from one to two hundred birds, the product of about a dozen hens, under the skilful management of a poultry woman or boy. Of course, they do some damage to grain; but this evil is counterbalanced by the enormous destruction of insects secured. From June to September they subsist mainly upon grasshoppers, crickets, and other insects, ranging for the most part in pastures and woodlands. They are fattened in October and November, and it is not uncommon for a lot of early chicks to reach the average weight of fourteen pounds, dressed, at Thanksgiving or Christmas. The common run of turkeys sent to the New York market do not average more than eight or nine pounds. The Narragansett is a very large, healthy bird, and has been bred for size for many generations. Most of the birds sold in the Boston and Providence markets under the name of Rhode Island Turkeys, or Extra No. 1, are of this breed.

The farmers are careful in the selection of their breeding stock, taking young gobblers that will weigh from twenty-two to twenty-eight pounds, and hens that will weigh from twelve to sixteen. Where the birds are kept over, gobblers will sometimes dress thirty-two to thirty-four pounds. For making poultry for market, the Narragansetts have no superior. The prevailing colors are white and black, with a large patch of white upon the wing bow, giving the general impression of a gray bird. They are not uniform in the shading, but, with sufficient painstaking, could be bred to a feather.—*W. Cliff in the Poultry World.*

A Varied Diet For Fowls.

There are no animals more omnivorous than fowls; fish, flesh, herbs, and grains being devoured by them with equal relish. We say equal, for though they commonly pounce upon meat with greater avidity than upon grain, this is generally because it affords a rarity, and a flock kept for a while almost entirely on animal food will show the same greed for a few handfuls of corn.

Now, those animals accustomed to use a varied diet should not be confined to an unvarying one. There are, indeed, some species which are naturally limited to one or a few kinds of food. Thus, cattle do well enough, although kept month after month on grass alone, and a tiger will thrive with nothing but lean meat on its bill of fare. But with other animals, as with the human race, for instance, the case is different, for no person can obtain the highest efficiency when confined to one article of food. No matter how fond we may be of a particular dish, we lose relish for it when allowed nothing else for a number of consecutive meals; and the intense craving for variety indicates as its source something more than mere appetite. It gives evidence of real necessity of the system which are constantly varying with the changing circumstances of weather, employment, and other conditions.

The fondness for variety shown by fowls is as significent of real needs as we have found it to be in ourselves. In purveying for them a judicious variety, selected from the three general divisions—fresh vegetables, grain and animal food—is at all seasons absolutely necessary for young and old, in order to make them perfectly thrifty. True, they will not starve on hard corn and water, neither will they pay a profit so kept.—*The Poultry World.*

Preparing Tobacco Beds.

A Virginia Farmers' Club, discussing the proper manner of preparing tobacco beds, agreed that, as a matter of economy, burning should be dispensed with, except on such land as actually required it; not that burning was of no use, but not necessary, and by omitting it much wood and labor would be saved. The following plan, without burning, had long been successfully practiced by members of the club: Select a place in the woods of original growth, as far as possible from arabic lands and old plant beds; grub and clean off all the leaves and trash; then coulter the bed deep and well, turning as little of the surface soil as possible. Sow 1,000 pounds of guano per acre, and rake it in, leaving the surface of the bed level. Sow the seed, one pipeful to every ten square yards, tread them in, cover well, first with stable manure, then with brush. Would resow the first of March, and hasten the plants if necessary by frequent applications of fertilizers. Would not select very moist places for plant beds, relying on deep cultivation for moisture. To prevent fly, would use kerosene, mixed with lime and guano. Fly would not injure plants while in a rapidly growing condition. We may remark that in the west, where guano is practically unattainable on account of its cost, the pulverized manure of poultry or pigeons will answer the purpose as well.

Save the Best Fowls for Breeding.

It is the worst possible policy to kill all the best and handsomest fowls, and save only the mean and scraggy ones to breed from. This is precisely the way to run out your stock; for like tends to breed like, and the result is, that by continually taking away the best birds, and using the eggs of the poorest, your flock will grow poorer and poorer every succeeding year.

It would seem as though this was too plain to be insisted upon; but, in fact, "line upon line" is needed. It is the crying want of the poultry upon the farms the country through,—this careful and intelligent selection of the best for breeding.

Nothing is lost by a little self-denial to start with. The extra pound or two of poultry flesh that you save on its legs, instead of sending it to the market, is as good seed, and will bring forth ten-fold and twenty-fold in your future broods. Save your best stock for breeding.—*The Poultry World.*

Washing Woolen Clothing.

Articles of woolen clothing, washe in ordinary soap and water, not only shrink, but acquire a peculiar fatty odor, due to the decomposition of the soap by the lactic and acetic acids present in the perspiration, and consequent precipitation of the greater part of the fat of the soap in the fibre of the wool. According to Prof. Artus, both of these effects can be prevented by steeping the articles for several hours in a warm, moderately concentrated solution of washing soda, then, after the addition of some warm water, and a few drops of ammonia, washing them out, and rinsing them in lukewarm water.

Helpful Hints for Housewives.

CHICKEN CHOLERA.—A little sulphate of iron in the drinking water of chickens, and a change of food, is said to prevent the spread of cholera in a flock, but does not hurt the ill ones.

MRS. H.'S TEA CAKE.—One cupful of sour milk; one cupful of sour cream or butter; one teasoonful of soda; one cup of sugar; a little nutmeg; with or without egg; bake until done.

SWEETENED DOUGHNUTS.—One pint of sour milk and seven tablespoons sour cream, soda to sweeten, one teaspoon salt, one coffee cup of sugar, one egg well beaten with the sugar, nutmeg or other spices to suit the taste, flour to knead well and hard. Will make a heaping six quart pan of doughnuts.

MY SISTER'S CAKE.—One cupful of sugar, half a cupful of warm water, with butter the size of a small egg melted in it, half a teaspoonful of soda, spice to taste, flour enough to mix hard put in while very warm; stir well, and bake in a hot oven.

POTATO SOUP.—For a family of six, grate five good sized potatoes, add two quarts water, and place over the fire and boil slowly half an hour before wanted for the table; ten minutes before taking up add half a cup of sweet cream, a large spoonful of butter, and salt and pepper to taste. To those who are fond of onions, a small one grated with the potatoes adds much to the flavor of the soup.

TO RELIEVE INGROWING NAILS.—This is a painful annoyance, and is treated with advantage in various ways. The most successful is to pare down the centre of the nail from root to end. Let it be worked down quite thin, so as to relieve the pressure at the sides, which causes the soreness. Keep the end of the nail well pared down in the centre, giving it the concave form, just the reverse of the natural edge.

TO MAKE COCOANUT CANDY.—Rasp very fine a sound, fresh cocoanut, spread it on a dish and let it dry naturally for three days. Four ounces will be sufficient for a pound of sugar for most tastes, but more can be used at pleasure. Boil the sugar, and when it begins to be very thick and white, strew in the nut; stir and mix it well, and do not quit it for an instant until it is finished. Keep the pan a little above the fire to prevent the nut from burning.

ALL kinds of poultry and meat can be cooked quicker by adding to the water in which they are boiled a little vinegar or a piece of lemon. By the use of an acid there will be considerable saving of fuel as well as of shortening of time. Its acid is beneficial on old tough meats, rendering them quite tender and easy of digestion. Tainted meats and fowls will loose their bad taste and odor if cooked in this way, and if not used too freely no taste of it will be acquired.

CORN MEAL BREAD.—Pour over a pint of nice corn meal one pint of hot new milk; beat this well and add a little salt; then stir in a large spoonful of nice sweet lard; beat two eggs very light and stir in also; this must be well beaten, and of the consistency of thin batter; add more milk if it should be too thick, then mix in a large teaspoonful of yeast; butter the pans and set it to rise in them; when risen, have the oven of moderate heat, and put them in it; bake two hours and a half to a light brown. Serve hot.

REMOVING TAR SPOTS.—The old remedy for removing tar is butter; when this is left on the tar spot for some time, both butter and tar are easily washed out by a sponge, with soap and water. It is the same with the resinous wagon greese. Recently Dr. Brikerd announced that he had discovered that a creamy mixture of powdered extract of liquorice, with oil of anisseed, will easily dissolve tar, resin, pitch, Venice turpentine, etc. It is afterward washed out with soap and warm water.

Don't wash your vegetables until just before you are ready to cook them. At least one quarter of the value in sweetness, vivacity, and aromatic element is lost by the too common practice of having it washed clean of the natural earth adhering to its fibres and surface during growth, and which, when roughly dug, is put into the cellar or pit of the countryman for winter keeping. Did that countryman wash each beet carrot, pototo, etc., as is generally practiced, for sale to the dealer, and by the consumer desired, he would never be able to keep his product a single month. The receiver of clean-washed vegetables, according to the new established law of refinement, never yet ate of a good natural flavor, and these same people, once they leave their city homes and go into the country farm-house, rarely fail to note the superiority of the vegetables. It is not because of the better knowledge of cookery, but it is from the fact that the earth is a preservative and absorbent of the volatile element of the root, which as soon as washed evaporates rapidly into air and is lost.

THE PAGANS IN THIS COUNTRY.

The Chinese Students in New England—How they are Taught—The Purpose of their Government Concerning Them.

The Springfield (Mass.) Union gives the following gratifying account of the remarkable progress made by the Chinese students quartered there, and of the general success of the educational experiment:

"The announcement that another party of Chinese students would arrive in this city in July, and be placed under the charge of Commissioner Laisun, shows that the imperial government is well satisfied with its experiment, and is bound to continue it. The boys, as was the case with the other party last year, will be scattered, two and two, in private families, up and down the valley in Massachusetts and Connecticut. Six will probably be placed in this city, some at Greenfield, Northampton and Wilbraham, and perhaps Westfield, while the Nutmeg State will doubtless receive its share. It is a more difficult matter than would first be imagined to secure the right kind of homes for the boys. The family in which they are to be placed must be people of culture, must live in good style, and be willing to care for the boys as for their own children. The commissioner is justly even more strenuous about manners, morals and personal appearance than about the technicalities of the text books. The boys, as a rule, will not be placed in public schools, academies or anything of the sort till after they have been in the country eighteen months, and during this time they are to receive instruction from some member of the family where they are located. Of the thirty boys who came over last fall two, who are members of Dr. Cook's family at Wilbraham, are attending the academy of which he is principal, and the two sons of Commissioner Laisun are pupils at the Elm Street Grammar School in this city. All the rest of the party are still in retirement, and the four mentioned above are at school only because of their superior knowledge of English.

The first studies taken up by the boys are reading and spelling, with lessons, every day, in writing and drawing. As soon as the pupils can make out the words they are put into arithmetic, and in about four months from the time when they commenced English they take up geography. Grammar is not usually begun till three months later. Object lessons, in which Commissioner Laisun has great faith, form a prominent feature in the course of study. Other branches are studied in the American order, and in a year and a half it is calculated that the pupils will be ready for admission to the highest room in any of our grammer schools. The progress made by the boys, during the seven months they have been studying, has more than equaled the expectations of their friends, as nearly every one has advanced so far as to be able to begin the elementary lessons in grammar. The progress made by the pupils in drawing is perfectly wonderful, the imitative faculty of the Chinese making them most skillful artists. Some of the drawings executed by the pupils who, only seven month ago, knew absolutely nothing of the art, would do credit to any drawing teacher. In perspective drawing, on the other hand, the Chinese are quite faulty.

"Mr. Laisun visits all his boys once in two months, and puts them through a thorough examination. If he is not satisfied with their progress or treatment, he is in duty bound to remove them to other families, and eight have been thus transferred. Generally, however, the families in which they are placed have taken great pride in doing the best possible by their pupils. In addition to their English studies, the boys are required to spend one hour each day in Chinese writing and composition; and, once in three months, several of them are brought together at a central point, and spend two weeks solely in studying Chinese under an imperial teacher. The boys range in age from ten to sixteen, and the full course of study will embrace fifteen years, but many will doubtless complete it in less than that time. It is the intention of the Imperial government to have its pupils learn all that can be learned in American schools and colleges, and accordingly after graduating from college the young men will study for various professions of law, medicine, the bar, engineering, &c. An effort will be made to get some of the students into the military and naval academies at West Point and Annapolis, and if the enterprise is looked upon by our government in the true light, as doubtless it will be, the request will be granted. The position which the Chinese students hold towards their government is similar to the relation of a West Pointer to the United States. The imperial government educates the boys, bearing all their expenses, and when their studies are completed will give them important positions. As these are the only students now educating abroad by the Chinese government, it is not unreasonable to hope that the future of the empire will be largely directed, if not controlled, by these quiet youths, now scattered along our beautiful valley, as inmates of our New England homes.

Although the change of climate has been very trying to the young Celestials, they have generally enjoyed good health since they came here last September, a few cases of scarlet and other fevers being the only sickness among them worthy of note. None of the boys have died."

Shipments of Corn from New Orleans.

A statement is published of the shipments of corn from New Orleans by steamer and sail vessel from February 17th, 1871, to November in the same year. This corn was taken to New Orleans from Illinois by the Illinois Central Railroad, placed in elevator in that city, and shipped as follows:

To	Cargoes.	Bushels.
Liverpool	25	621,462
Cork	11	269,610
Londonderry	1	25,893
Glasgow	1	12,547
Portland, Me.	1	15,000
New York	1	24,000
Total	40	968,512

This is quite an extensive trade in itself, and, it will be seen, was carried on without any intervention on the part of St. Louis, that city being out of the line of the corn trade with New Orleans.

MRS. EMMERSON, the Eastern lady who claims the authorship of the ballad, "Betsey and I are Out," universally regarded as the production of the Western poet, Will Carleton, has in press a volume of verses, in which this ballad is included. A literary controversy is not likely to spring from Mrs. Emerson's claim, though it is possible that the publication may result in a law-suit.

SEE, in another column, the advertisement headed "*I will help any man.*"

An Aged Parrot.

In Philadelphia, at least, where there is still a respect for age, the tidings will be received with respectful regret of the death of Nono, a noted pensionary of the Jardin des Plantes in Paris, at the ripe age of more than a hundred years. To have achieved the celebrity of being the oldest inmate of that institution was no despicable distinction, but the venerable centenarian had other claims to honor. A native of the Marquesas Islands, he was brought by Bougainville in 1776 to the Royal Museum, afterward known as the Jardin des Plantes. It has frequently been alleged that parrots may live a hundred years: Nono has established the fact by living longer. As he thus contributes an illustration to science, so surely he might point a general moral and adorn a historic tale. If Thackeray could discourse so wisely on "Some Carn at Sans Souci," the vicissitudes which this veteran Parisian witnessed in the French capital from 1776 to 1873, under two empires, two royal dynasties and three republics, might be worth a rhapsoda. Nono seems to have been a well-preserved old parrot. Magnificent in youth, he attained literally a green old age, for his plumage was still fresh and thick. Very naturally, he had lost his houppe, and was almost totally bald. However, his eye was clear and bright enough to have read the finest print or followed the finest needlework; and it had the *narquois*, lightly skeptical look of those who had seen a great deal of life. In short, Nono was a stylish and eminently respectable old bird. That worthy person, Monsieur Chavreul, who treats the animals of the Jardin like a father, has stuffed and mounted the illustrious Nono as a testimonial of effection and respect.—*June number of Lippincott's Magazine.*

Improvement in Prussian Artillery.

The late artillery trials in Prussia have shown a marked improvement in the Prussian guns since 1868. In that year the iron targets could only be penetrated when their thickness was an inch less than the calibre of the guns which were fired at them: that is, a nine inch gun could only pierce an eight-inch plate. Now, however, the eleven-inch gun sends a shot through a twelve-inch plate, and it is thought that by slightly increasing the charge a ten-inch gun could do the same thing. A twelve-inch gun is in course of construction which it is believed will penetrate plates of fourteen and fifteen inches thickness. The increased power is attributed to the improved system of manufacturing guns with coils, which enables a greater charge to be used without any danger of bursting the barrel. The new infantry weapon has also proved most serviceable. It fires from seven to ten shots a minute, and surpasses in rapidity of fire both the Chassepot and the new needle gun. Its initial velocity, range, and precision are said to be extraordinary. It is not a coil gun, and has not the great weight which is a disadvantage of coil guns. It is constructed on another system, but one by which the barrel is made equally as strong as that of the coil method.

America's Greatest Comedienne.

Kate Putnam will play an engagement of four weeks at McVicker's Theatre, Chicago, commencing June 2d. In addition to Miss Putnam's great ability as an artiste, all should remember that McVicker's is the most elegant place of amusement in America. All our citizens who intend going to the Great Jubilee, next week, or to Chicago at any future time, should be sure to pay a visit to this elegant temple of the Drama. Miss Putnam is supported by one of the strongest companies in the world.

Don't forget McVicker's when you visit Chicago.—Com.

UNLIKE other Cathartics, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets do not, after their operation, have a secondary tendency to render the bowels more costive. This is an important improvement, as all who have ever taken many pills or other cathartics for the purpose of overcoming constipation, know to their sorrow that the secondary effect of all such medicines has been "to render a bad matter worse." These Pellets produce such a secondary tonic effect upon the bowels as to bring about a permanent healthy action. Hence their great value, taken in small doses daily for a length of time, in habitual constipation and in Piles, attended and produced, as they generally are, by torpor of the liver and costivesess. Sold by Druggists at 25 cents a vial. 641

FOR Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Depression of Spirits, and General Debility, in their various forms, FERRO-PHOSPORATED ELIXIR of CALISAYA made by CASWELL, HAZARD & Co., New York, and sold by all druggists, is the best tonic. As a stimulant tonic for patients recovering from fever or other sickness it has no equal.—Com.

A COLLECTOR in Dayton, Ohio, stabbed a delinquent tenant four times, and even then failed to obtain the money, amounting to $7, due his employer, who is a lady. The wounds inflicted are dangerous, and may prove fatal.

THEODORE THOMAS, the celebrated orchestra-leader, says the MASON & HAMLIN Cabinet Organs are the best in the world, excelling especially in richer, better qualities of tone; and that this is the opinion of musicians generally.—Com.

TRY Dooley's Yeast Powder; you will soon find it not only the best, but also the cheapest, Baking Powder. Put up full, net weight.—Com.

CUTLER'S Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam, "Doubtless the best Cough Medicine in the world."—Com.

SEE, in another column, the advertisement headed "*I will help any man.*"

The Great Summer Invigorant.

The human skin is as full of holes as a fine sieve. Through these millions of orifices a considerable portion of the waste matter of the system exudes. But in warm summer weather, when the flow of perspiration is excessively copious, something besides the exhausted material of the body is evaporated. Nutritive elements of the blood, required for the sustenance and support of the living frame, pass through the pores, and the result is a loss of strength and vigor. It would be dangerous to check the leakage, for every pore is at once a ventilation and an escape pipe, and constipation of the skin is as decrimental to health as constipation of the bowels. The wisest course is to reinforce and vitalize the languid system with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and thus enable it to bear without peril or inconvenience the extraordinary drain. The debility, lassitude and depression of spirits so general in hot weather, and which are too often the precursors of billious attacks and painful affections of the bowels and the nerves, quickly disappear under the invigorating and regulating operation of this unequaled vegetable stimulant and alterative. To the feeble it is an article of prime necessity at all seasons, and as even the robust are apt to will and languish under the devitalizing influence of a fervid temperature, the Bitters can be conscientiously recommended as a healthful summer tonic for all.

Best and Oldest Family Medicine.—Bull's Liver Invigorator—a purely Vegetable Cathartic and Tonic for Dyspepsia, Constipation, Debility, Sick Headache, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of Liver, Stomach and Bowels. Ask your Druggist for it. Beware of imitations.

KEEP THE BLOOD PURE by using Dr. Jayne's Alterative, and you purge the system of many malignant elements, which, if left to themselves, will develop into serious diseases.

SHALLENBERGER'S PILLS for Ague. Try them. Have every other day. One dose stops the chills. Six doses effect a cure. No nausea; no purging.

Some curious old musical manuscript, apparently of the fourteenth century, has been found in good preservation at Harderwik, in Holland. It includes the gospel of St. John set to music.

SEE, in another column, the advertisement headed "*I will help any man.*"

GEORGE MCDONALD'S admirers among the ladies of Boston have raised and presented him a purse of over $2,000.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

BEEF CATTLE—Fair to prime	$7 00	@12 75
HOGS—Live	5 80½	@6 12½
SHEEP—Fair to prime	5½	@6¾
COTTON—Middling		@19
FLOUR—Spring Extra	7 40	@8 50
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring		@1 02
CORN—Western Mixed	60	@64
OATS—Western		@81
RYE—Western	96	@1 00
BARLEY	1 25	@1 30
PORK—Mess		@16 62½
LARD	9	@9½

CHICAGO.

CATTLE—Choice to extra prime	$5 25	@6 00
Medium to choice	5 00	@5 20
Common to fair	4 10	@4 40
HOGS—Live	4 50	@5 00
SHEEP—Live, good to choice	6 25	@7 00
BUTTER—Choice	18	@22
EGGS—Fresh	12	@12½
FLOUR—White winter extra	8 50	@10 00
Spring extra	6 50	@7 25
WHEAT—Spring, No. 1		@1 34
Spring, No. 2		@1 28½
CORN—No. 2		@38
OATS—No. 2		@31
RYE—No. 2		@69½
BARLEY—No. 2		@87
PORK—Mess, New		@15 50
LARD	8½	@8¾

CINCINNATI.

BEEF CATTLE	$4 50	@6 00
HOGS—Live	4 60	@4 90
SHEEP—Live	4 00	@6 00
FLOUR—Family	7 50	@8 00
WHEAT		@1 66
CORN	46	@49
OATS	37	@47
RYE	82	@83
BARLEY	85	@87
PORK—Mess		@16 00
LARD	8½	@9

ST. LOUIS.

BEEF CATTLE—Choice	$5 00	@5 75
Good to prime	4 00	@4 50
HOGS—Live	4 65	@5 00
SHEEP—Good to choice	4 75	@6 00
FLOUR—Spring XX	6 50	@7 25
WHEAT—No. 3 Fall		@1 60
CORN	37½	@38½
OATS	35	@35½
RYE		@67
BARLEY	80	@87
PORK—Mess		@15 75
LARD	8½	@8½

MILWAUKEE.

CATTLE—Choice to extra prime	$5 00	@5 75
Medium to choice	4 70	@5 00
Common to fair	3 90	@3 50
HOGS—Live	4 50	@4 85
SHEEP—Live, good to choice	4 00	@5 00
BUTTER—Choice	18	@22
EGGS—Fresh		@12
FLOUR—White winter extra	7 65	@8 25
Spring extra	6 00	@7 25
WHEAT—Spring, No. 1		@1 34
No. 2		@1 29
CORN—No. 2		@41
OATS—No. 2		@31
RYE—No. 1		@69½
BARLEY—No. 2		@88
PORK—Mess		@15 50
LARD	8½	@9½

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY

Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway (6.)

THROUGH TO CHICAGO.—Connecting with the several Railway Lines thence to New York, New England, the Canadas, Southern and Southwestern States. Connecting in Milwaukee with Detroit and Milwaukee Railroad line.

ST. PAUL DEPOT—Corner Jackson street and Lake.

MILWAUKEE DEPOT—Corner Reed and South Water.

CHICAGO DEPOT—Corner Canal and Madison streets, (with Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Pennsylvania, and Chicago, Alton & St. Louis R'ys.)

S. S. MERRILL, Gen. Manager.
JNO. C. GAULT, Ass't Gen. Manager.
A. V. H. CARPENTER, G. P. and T. Agent.
GENERAL OFFICES—Milwaukee, Wis.

Write for a Price List to J. H. JOHNSTON, GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS, 179 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa. Breech-Loading Shot Guns, $40 to $200. Double Shot Guns, $8 to $150. Single Guns, $5 to $20. Rifles, $5 to $75. Revolvers, $2 to $25. Pistols, $1 to $5. Gun Material, Fishing Tackle, &c. Large discount to dealers or clubs. Army Guns, Revolvers, etc., bought or traded for. Goods sent by express C.O.D. to be examined before paid for.

THEA-NECTAR IS A PURE BLACK TEA with the Green Tea Flavor. Warranted to suit all tastes. For sale everywhere. And for sale wholesale only by the Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co., No. 191 Fulton St., and 3 and 4 Church St., New York. P. O. Box 5643. Send for Thea-Nectar Circular.

AMERICAN SEWING MACHINE. Light running! Almost noiseless! Cheapest and best! Agents wanted in every County. COMPANY'S OFFICES: 410 Milwaukee St., Milwaukee, Wis. 1318 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

PORTABLE Soda Fountains, $40, $50, $75 and $100. GOOD, DURABLE AND CHEAP. SHIPPED READY FOR USE. Manufactured by J. W. CHAPMAN & CO Madison, Ind. —Send for Circular.—

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS. These Pills are composed exclusively of vegetable ingredients, and although they entirely supersede the use of mercury, do not leave any of its injurious effects. They act directly upon the liver, and are a valuable remedy in all cases of derangement resulting from a disordered state of that organ. Liver Complaint, Bilious Disorders, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Typhoid and other Fevers, &c., &c., all succumb to the use of SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS. For sale sale by all Druggists and Dealers.

$1,000 REWARD For any case of Blind Bleeding, Itching, or Ulcerated Piles, that DR BINE'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles and nothing else. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1.00

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE LIFE AND TIMES OF HORACE GREELEY By L. D. INGERSOLL. An unbiased, non-partisan Life of this Great Man, with extended notices of many of his Contemporary Statesmen and Journalists. This work will be got up in superior style, Royal Octavo of 600 pages, fully illustrated. A great opportunity for Agents. For description address UNION PUBLISHING CO., Chicago, Ill.

PROCTER & GAMBLE'S MOTTLED GERMAN SOAP is made from the best materials, and will not waste. Sold at price of ordinary Soap. Grocers have it. Chicago, Milwaukee, Detroit, and Cincinnati Jobbers, Wholesale Agents.

WANTED: Agents for the "Contributor," a sixteen-page religious and family Paper. Thirteen departments. Rev. A. B. EARLE writes for it. $1.00 a year, and one of the finest premiums ever offered, given to each subscriber. Agents meet marvelous success. One says, "It only needs a box to show it—it sells itself." A subscriber sends 102 subscribers, and says, "It only took a little over one day from my work" large commissions. For terms, samples, &c., address J. H. EARLE, Boston, Mass.

CREAM CITY HOUSE. Corner Ferry and South Water Sts., Milwaukee, Wis. Opposite Union Depot. Free Bus to and from the boats and cars. Terms, $2.00 per day. MRS. M. TOLE, Proprietress.

WORKING CLASS MALE or FEMALE, $20 a week guaranteed. Respectable employment, at home, day or evening; no capital required; full instructions and valuable package of goods sent free by mail. Address, with six cent return stamp, H. Young & Co., 16 Cortlandt St., N. Y.

HOW 'TIS DONE, or the Secret Out—Mustache and Whiskers in 42 days. This GREAT SECRET and 100 others. Gem of Beauty, Cardiology, Venetianaire; all in the ORIGINAL "Book of 100 Secrets." Mailed for 25 cts. Address D. C. CUTLER, Carthage, Illinois.

$5 to $20 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments or all the time than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

$10 to $20 per day. Agents wanted everywhere. Particulars free. A. H. ELLIS & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

$72.00 A WEEK—AGENTS WANTED. Business strictly honorable. Particulars free. J. WORTH, St. Louis, Mo.

3 BEAUTIFUL CHROMOS sent free to all. Address Home Art Co., Boston, Mass.

$40 PER WEEK IN CASH to Good Agents. Address Wright, Brewster & Co., Boston, Mass.

CONSUMPTION And Its Cure. Victims of this awful disease are found in every neighborhood, in almost every house. For them and for their friends, we have things of great cheer and hope—for a remedy has been found out, a most important discovery, firmly based upon common sense and reason, by which the terrible malady is positively controlled, and its victims are restored to health.

WILLSON'S CARBOLATED COD LIVER OIL. Is not a secret empirical nostrum. It is a happy combination of two remedies known to physicians everywhere as the best means of combating consumption. This combination is Mr. Willson's discovery, and is founded upon the following

SOUND REASONING. Consumption is decay. Soothing, expectorant remedies are only useful as palliatives; they do not reach the cause—they do not stop the decay. Tonic medicines strengthen the life forces and prolong the battle, but the decay goes steadily on and sooner or later the victim must yield. Climatic changes are sometimes good, but they seldom wholly cure. In short, the very first thing to be done is to stop THE DECAY; then apply the restorative, tonic and strength giving treatment. Think a moment. The Lungs are decaying—tubercles, ulcerations, cavities and deposits of poisonous matter (pus) are forming. The circulation carries this poison all over the body. Wasting, loss of appetite, emaciation, night sweats, and all the terrible symptoms appear; is it worth while to doctor the *symptoms*, which are merely the results, while the *decay*, which is the cause, is eating up the life springs?

These two things are well known by the best physicians:

1st. *Carbolic acid positively arrests Decay.* It is the most powerful antiseptic in the known world. Even dead bodies are preserved by it. Entering into the circulation, it at once grapples with corruption, and decay ceases. It purifies the sources of disease.

2d. *Cod Liver Oil is Nature's best assistant* in resisting Consumption. It is at once a food, a tonic, a purifier, and a healer. It braces up and supplies the vital forces, feeds the wasted system, and enables nature to regain her foothold. For these purposes nothing can compare with Cod Liver Oil. This is the theory of

WILLSON'S CARBOLATED COD LIVER OIL, As described fully in the inventor's circular, which will be mailed, upon application, to any address.

We cannot afford space to tell the whole story here, or to give the numerous certificates from eminent physicians and well known citizens testifying to the absolutely wonderful results flowing from this great discovery. Suffice it to say, it is curing thousands who supposed themselves to be at death's door.

Willson's Carbolated Oil is scientifically prepared with the purest Carbolic Acid, so combined as to be entirely harmless, with

Sweet Norwegian Cod Liver Oil from the celebrated fisheries at Aalesund (Norway), pronounced by physicians the most delicate, efficient Cod Liver Oil in the world.

It is easily taken, tolerated by the weakest stomachs, digests readily, never becomes rancid, and is almost entirely free from the usual disagreeable characteristics of Cod Liver Oil.

For every use of Cod Liver Oil Mr. Willson's discovery is of the greatest value.

For the safe internal administration of Carbolic Acid Mr. Willson's method of combining it with Cod Liver Oil is absolutely necessary.

WILLSON'S CARBOLATED COD LIVER OIL Is a Specific and Radical Cure for CONSUMPTION AND SCROFULOUS DISEASES.

Remember the name, "Willson's Carbolated Cod Liver Oil." It comes in large wedge-shaped bottles, bearing the inventor's signature, and is sold by the best druggists.

Prepared by J. H. Willson, 83 John St., N. Y.

L. D. SINE'S ESTABLISHED 1854 GIFT ENTERPRISE The Only Reliable Gift Distribution in the Country! $100,000 IN VALUABLE GIFTS! TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN L. D. SINE'S 41st SEMI-ANNUAL Gift Enterprise To be Drawn Friday, July 4th, 1873.

One Grand Capital Prize $10,000 in Gold

One Prize $5,000 in Silver!

Five Prizes $1,000 Five Prizes $500 Ten Prizes $100 } GREENBACKS

Two Family Carriages and Matched Horses, with Silver-mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each; Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each; Two Rosewood Pianos worth $800 each; Ten Family Sewing Machines, worth $100 each; 1,000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches worth from $50 to $200 each; Gold Chains, Silverware, Jewelry, &c., &c. Whole number Gifts, 10,001. Tickets limited to 50,000.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL TICKETS, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid. Single Tickets, $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 181, 101 W. Fifth St., CINCINNATI, O.

CHILDREN TEETHING

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!! Don't fail to procure MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.

This valuable preparation has been used with NEVER-FAILING SUCCESS IN THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It is 100 also instantly relieves

Griping in the Bowels and Wind Colic.

We believe it the BEST and SUREST REMEDY IN THE WORLD, in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether arising from teething or any other cause.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

Relief and Health to Your Infants.

Be sure and call for

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

Having the fac-simile of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

New Styles at Reduced Prices. MASON & HAMLIN Cabinet Organs. FIVE OCTAVE DOUBLE REED, plain case, $110. The same, Four stops, bright case, 125. The same, FIVE STOPS, with VOX HUMANA, new style, rich Upright case, 150. Forty other Styles, $65 to $600 and upwards.

Organs rented, or sold for monthly or quarterly payments, in nearly all parts of the country. The Mason & Hamlin organs are acknowledged to be the best in the world. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES with prices and terms, free. Address MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., NEW YORK, BOSTON, or CHICAGO.

I WILL HELP ANY MAN to secure, in either IOWA or NEBRASKA, the best of rich prairie farming lands, on easy favorable terms, and with better facilities than any other person to get them there and making a good start, than can be found in any other direction. Full and reliable information sent by mail, free of charge. F. M. DAVIS, Fort Dodge, Iowa.

TIN WARE! GEO. GEUDER, Wholesale Manufacturer, 369 Third St., Milwaukee, Wis.

MUSICAL ALMANAC for 1873, just from the press, 144 pages, 100 illustrations, 100 pieces of music, 100 pages of reading matter, 100 pages of advertisements, 100 pages of miscellaneous matter, 100 pages of poetry, 100 pages of prose, 100 pages of music, 100 pages of illustrations, 100 pages of advertisements, 100 pages of miscellaneous matter, 100 pages of poet

CHICAGO & ST. PAUL

THROUGH LINE

"ELROY ROUTE."

VIA THE

WEST WISCONSIN AND CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN R'YS.

STATIONS	DAY EX. Except Sunday	NIGHT EX. Except Saturday
ST. PAUL, Leave,	9 10 A. M.	8 00 P. M.
CHICAGO, Arrive,	6 30 A. M.	5 50 P. M.

The Shortest, Quickest and most Direct Route to

☞ MADISON, BELOIT, JANESVILLE, CHICAGO, ☜

And all Points East and South.

The Pioneer Route Running 2 Express Trains daily from St. Paul to Chicago, Carrying all classes of Passengers Through Without Change of Cars.

All Trains fully Equipped with the Westinghouse Air Brake and Miller Platform.

PULLMAN Palace Day and Night Coaches on all trains.

Passengers taking this route will secure to themselves advantages afforded by no other Line. Tickets for sale at the principal Ticket Offices of all Railroads leading into St. Paul; also at the Company's Office, 111 Third Street, St. Paul, and at the Depot.

Ask for Tickets via the "ELROY ROUTE."

H. P. STANWOOD, G. P. A. C. & N. W. R'y.

WM. JAMES, G. P. A., W. W. R'y.

ORDINANCE No. 10.—An ordinance to require the streets, alleys, and other outlets of the city of Brainerd, and all the lots of said city to be cleaned and the filth thereof to be removed.

The Common Council of the city of Brainerd do ordain as follows:

SECTION 1. That all persons being the owner or owners of any lot or lots within the limits of said city of Brainerd shall be required, within ten days after the passage and publication of this ordinance, to clean up and remove all the filth, dirt and rubbish being on any street, alley or other outlet adjoining to his or their said lot or lots, and to remove the same and clean up said streets, alleys or other outlets adjacent to said lot or lots, at his or their own cost and expense.

SEC. 2. Be it further ordained, that any owner of any lot or lots within the limits of said city shall remove accumulated filth, dirt or rubbish on the same within said ten days, as aforesaid, at his own expense.

SEC. 3. It is further ordained by said Common Council, that in case any default be made by any person or persons in removing said filth, and in cleaning said streets, alleys or outlets of said city, then, and in that case, the Street Commissioner of said city shall cause said streets, alleys and outlets, or any portion thereof, to be cleaned up and filth so accumulated on any lot, as aforesaid, to be so removed as aforesaid, and that the real property adjacent to said streets, alleys or outlets so cleaned up, and the lots from which said filth is so removed by order of said Street Commissioner shall be assessed for the expense of so removing said filth and cleaning said streets, alleys or outlets, and that said expense shall be a lien on said lots until paid.

SEC. 4. Be it further ordained, that in case any such dirt, filth or rubbish shall be removed by order of the Street Commissioner as above provided, or by any other person, from said streets, alleys or other outlets within the limits of said city, or from any lot or lots therein, the occupants of any such lot or lots are hereby made liable for the expense of said cleaning or removing of said filth after said first cleaning or removing shall be done, and in case they fail to keep said streets, alleys and outlets in a clean condition, and the lots which they occupy free from filth, they shall pay a fine of Ten Dollars for the first day they may fail or neglect to keep said streets, alleys or outlets adjacent to their residences clean, or the lot or lots on which they reside, free from filth, and one dollar per day as an additional fine for every day thereafter until they comply with the provisions of this section, whether said occupants are owners of such lot or lots on which they reside or not.

Passed May 14th, 1873.

E. H. BLY, Mayor.
F. X. GOULET, Recorder.
H. D. PETTIBONE, President of Common Council.

ORDINANCE NO. 11.—An ordinance amending ordinance No. 1, approved January 18th, 1873.

The Common Council of the city of Brainerd do ordain as follows:

That Section 1, of Ordinance No. 1, approved January 18th, 1873, be amended to read "Fifty Dollars," instead of "Seventy-five Dollars."

Passed May 21st, 1873.

EBER H. BLY, Mayor.
F. X. GOULET, City Recorder.
H. D. PETTIBONE, President Common Council.

RESOLVED by the Common Council of the City of Brainerd, that a corporation poll tax of two dollars ($2.00) be and the same is hereby bound upon the qualified voters of the city of Brainerd, to be collected by the Street Commissioner.

Passed May 21st., 1873.

EBER H. BLY, Mayor.
F. X. GOULET, City Recorder.

BRAINERD

MEAT MARKET.

GILBERT & CO., PROP'S.,

FIFTH STREET, - - - BRAINERD.

The very choicest Meats, Fish, Poultry, Game, Sausage. Head-cheese, etc., at the most reasonable prices.

2-4-1y EVERYTHING THE BEST.

Dr. Hooper's Female Pills.

A positive cure for Irregularity, Suppression, Leucorrhea, Weakness, and all female complaints. Established fifty years. BE SURE AND GET THE GENUINE.

Price $1.00 per box, sent by mail securely sealed, with full directions, on receipt of price. Direct all orders,

HOOPER & CO.,
P. O. Box 2453. [82-1y] Philadelphia, Pa.

Now is Your Time

FOR GREAT

BARGAINS,

AS

E. B. LYNDE

HAS JUST OPENED THE GREATEST variety of Goods in this Market, viz.:

Dry Goods

LADIES' FANCY GOODS,

Gent's Clothing,

Hats, Boots, Shoes, Gent's and Ladies' Slippers, Crockery, Glass, Ware, Tinware, Hardware, including Nails, Putty, Glass, Door Locks, Butts, Hinges, Shovels, Hayforks, Rope, Horse-whips, etc.

Drugs and Medicines.

Dr. Tolman's Celebrated Bitters, for Biliousness—decidedly the best in the World.

I wish to call your special attention to

GROCERIES,

Which I make a Specialty.

Salt by the barrel, and a variety of other goods too numerous to mention, all of which I offer for sale at wholesale and retail, as low as the lowest. Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.

New Store! New Goods!

FIRST DOOR EAST

OF

WALTERS' "RED STORE."

BRAINERD, Nov. 19, 1872.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR!

Ten Years of a public test has proved Dr. Crook's **Wine of Tar** to have more merit than any similar preparation ever offered to the public. It is rich in the medicinal qualities of Tar, and unequaled for diseases of the **Throat & Lungs**, performing the most remarkable cures. It effectually cures all **Coughs and Colds**. It has cured so many cases of **Asthma and Bronchitis**, that it has been pronounced a specific for these complaints. For **Pains in the Breast, Side or Back, Gravel or Kidney disease**, diseases of the **Urinary Organs, Jaundice**, or any **Liver Complaint** it has no equal.

It is also a superior Tonic, Restores the Appetite, Strengthens the System, Restores the Weak and Debilitated, Causes the Food to Digest, Removes Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Prevents Malarious Fevers, Gives tone to your System.

That Pale, Yellow, Sickly-Looking Skin is changed to one of freshness and health. Those **Diseases of the Skin, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches** and **Eruptions** are removed. **Scrofula, Scrofulous Diseases of the Eyes, White Swelling, Ulcers, Old Sores** or any kind of Humor rapidly dwindle and disappear under its influence. In fact it will do you more good, and cure you more speedily than any and all other preparations combined. What is it? It is nature's own restorer! A soluble oxyd of iron combined with the medicinal properties of Poke Root divested of all disagreeable qualities. It will cure any **Chronic** or **Long-Standing Disease** whose real or direct cause is **bad blood. Rheumatism, Pains in Limbs** or **Bones, Constitutions broken down** by Mercurial or other poisons, are all cured by it. For **Syphilis**, or **Syphilitic taint**, there is nothing equal to it. **A trial will prove it. ASK FOR DR. CROOK'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF POKE ROOT.**

E. H. Davie

General Dealer in

HARDWARE,

STOVES,

Tinware, Tools,

Agricultural Implm's,

Paints, Oils, Etc.

BRAINERD, MINN.

The Griffith & Wedge PATENT VERTICAL PORTABLE ENGINES and SAW-MILLS

ECONOMY, GREAT STRENGTH, AND Durability combined. Purchasers positively pleased. All unite in saying it is the BEST Engine made. We have the best saw-mill in the market.

Our Cut Gear Rack and Lever Head Blocks

with Handshay's Patent Roller Sett makes MORE and TRUER Lumber than any other circular saw mill in the country. ☞ For price-lists, and full information, address

BYRON M. PECK, Agent,
v2n11-6m Duluth, Minnesota.

E. H. BLY,

(Successor to FLETCHER, BLY & CO.)

DEALER IN

PORK,

GRAIN,

FLOUR

Groceries, Dry Goods,

Railroad and Lumbermen's SUPPLIES

BRAINERD, MINN.

JO LAMONT,

(Laurel Street, east of Sixth.)

Dealer in Family

Groceries

WINES

LIQUORS AND CIGARS;

Tobacco,

Pipes, Smoker's Articles, Apples, Nuts, Confectionary, Flour, Eggs, Spices, Confectionary, Etc.

☞ Give me a call, test my goods, and hear my prices.

Agent for the

"AMAZON"

Insurance Company,

Of Cincinnati.

Oct. 10, 1872. JO LAMONT.

MILT ASKEW'S

BILLIARD HALL.

FRONT STREET, BRAINERD, MINN.

This Billiard Hall is furnished with Brunswick's Champion Tables,

and is elegantly fitted up throughout, for the entertainment of the public. At the bar may be found the Choicest Imported

WINES, LIQUORS, & CIGARS,

to be found West of Chicago. Call and see.

JUST RECEIVED—a large invoice of Piper, Heidsick, and Vevue Clicquat WINES.

Empire Market,

LAUREL STREET (East of Sixth),

JAMES H. HALLETT, Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh Meats,

SAUSAGES, HEAD CHEESE, BUTTER, LARD AND EGGS.

☞ Boarding Houses supplied at special rates. See sign.

Brainerd House,

Front Street, Brainerd, Minn.,

DENNIS McNANNAY, Prop.

The Brainerd House is new and has been **thoroughly refitted throughout,** and no pains will be spared TO MAKE GUESTS COMFORTABLE.

Conveniently Situated to Business.

Tables furnished with

The Best the Market Afford

☞ Meals at all hours, and board by the week at reasonable rates. n1-1y

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HAVING JUST ARRIVED FROM ST. PAUL

MISS L. ANDERSON

Would respectfully inform the Ladies of Brainerd that she has received a fresh stock of

MILLINERY GOODS,

Which she would be glad to have the Ladies all examine.

Fourth Street, Opposite Mr. Hills.

☞ Work done to Order. ☜

MEYER & MATHES,

Merchant Tailors,

AND DEALERS IN

Ready-made Clothing and Furnishing Goods.

Also, sole agents for the "Star Shirt."

82 Jackson St., ST. PAUL.

Suits made in the most Fashionable style, at short notice. Orders from abroad filled promptly, and entire satisfaction guaranteed in every respect. v2n13-6m

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☞ S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., 10 State Street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, are our agents for procuring advertisements for our paper in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.

PROBATE NOTICE.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTIES OF CASS, WADENA, ITASCA, AITKEN AND CROW WING. } ss

In the matter of the estate of Charles Gifford, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Nathaniel Tibbits, of Aitken, Aitken County, Minn., representing, among other things, that Charles Gifford, late of Aitken aforesaid, on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1872 at Aitken aforesaid, died intestate, and being a resident of Aitken county, attached to Crow Wing for judicial purposes, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within said Aitken county, and that the said petitioner is a creditor of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to him—said creditor—granted, it is ordered that said petition be heard before the Judge of this Court, on Tuesday, the 10th day of June, A. D. 1873, at 9 o'clock a. m., at Brainerd, in said County of Crow Wing.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Brainerd TRIBUNE, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd, in said county.

Dated at Brainerd, the 14th day of May, 1873. By the Court,

D. O. PRESTON, Judge of Probate.

D. O. PRESTON. J. W. STEEL

PRESTON & STEEL,

LAWYERS,

Brainerd, - - Minnesota.

OFFICE, corner of Front and Fifth streets above Davie's Hardware Store.

WM. SPARENBERG, on East Main Street, does all kinds of fine cabinet work and picture framing.

$20,000.00. $20,000.00.

Clothing! Clothing!

BOY'S! BOY'S! BOY'S!

YOUTH'S, YOUTH'S,

MEN'S! MEN'S! MEN'S!

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

New Style Hats! New Style Hats! New Style Hats!

Furnishing Goods in Endless Variety!

White Shirts, and Gent's Wear.

Empire Clothing House!

Opposite Headquarters. RAYMOND & ALLEN.

ST. PAUL HOUSE,

Brainerd, Minn

CONVENIENTLY LOCATED, ON FIFTH street near Front, and no pains spared to make guests comfortable and at home. Terms reasonable. A share of public patronage respectfully solicited.

v1-n23 MICHAEL McMAHON

HENRY DRESSEN'S

FASHIONABLE HAIR CUTTING

AND

SHAVING SALOON.

FRONT STREET, - - - - BRAINERD.

Opposite the Drug Store.

WARM AND COLD BATHS!!

Special attention given to Children's Hair-Cutting.

Pine Restaurant,

FRONT STREET,

BRAINERD, - - - MINN.

W. M. FALCONER, Proprietor.

First Class Accommodations in the Restaurant Line.

☞ Tables furnished with all the Good things incident to the season, and courteous attention paid to guests.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS,

And regular Board and Lodging furnished when desired,

AT REASONABLE RATES.

JOHN V. FARWELL & CO.,

WHOLESALE

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS and WOOLENS,

Monroe & Franklin Sts.,

CHICAGO. n3-6

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Notice is hereby given that the following described real estate belonging to the estate of Thomas Cathcart, deceased, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder therefor, to wit:

Island No. one of section four, in township one hundred and thirty-two, range twenty-nine, containing fifty-eight acres, on the 21st day of June, A. D. 1873, at 10 o'clock a. m., at said island in Morrison county, opposite the village of Crow Wing. Also the sw ¼ and the nw ¼ of the sw ¼ of section eighteen, township forty-four, range thirty-one, at Crow Wing, in said County of Crow Wing, at 2 o'clock p. m., on the 21st day of June, A. D. 1873. Also lots three and four, in section ten, and lot one, and the se ¼ of the ne ¼ of section fifteen, township one hundred and thirty-four, range thirty-nine, known as the Ottertail City Townsite, at Ottertail City, in the county of Ottertail, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1873, at 2 o'clock p. m., by authority of the Probate Court of Crow Wing County.

F. W. PEAKE, Executor.

O. K.

HAIR DRESSING AND

Shaving Saloon.

Front Street, Brainerd, Minn.

NEWLY OPENED BY PROF. R. L. JONES.

FIRST class work and courteous attention paid to customers. Charges reasonable. I have the finest furnished saloon on the line of the N. P. Railroad, and a beautiful show case, containing Hair Dyes, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Toilet articles, Collars, Ties, Cigars, and all the nicities incident to my trade. ☞ Other barbers supplied at short notice and best rates. Ladies can leave orders at my shop for all kinds of hair work. Don't fail to call at the "O. K." See the sign. n11

W. HARRY WILLIAMS,

Acting Auditor and

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

AIKEN, - - - - - - MINN.

Canveyances made, and general Legal business attended to. n1v2

$5 to $20 per day. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. Stinson Portland, Maine.

Woodbridge & Forbes,

WHOLESALE STATIONERS,

BOOKSELLERS,

Publishers of **Legal** and Real Estate **Blanks**, and Dealers in

SHEET MUSIC,

Wrapping Paper and Twines,

at Manufacturer's Prices.

DULUTH, - - - - MINNESOTA.

orders by Mail promptly filled. n8-1y

Leland House,

BRAINERD, MINN.,

LELAND & YOUNG, - - Prop's.

FIRST CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT. Every thing New. Comfortable Rooms and Good Beds. No pains spared to make guests "at home." Terms reasonable.

GOOD STABLING AND WATER.

BRAINERD

FISH MARKET,

Front Street, Brainerd, Minn.

The undersigned has on hand, and is constantly receiving new supplies of fresh Fish, packed in ice. Potatoes, Cabbage, Turnips, Beets, Onions, Watermelons, String Beans, Peas, Green Corn, Tomatoes, Peaches, Apples, Grapes, Eggs, Oysters, etc. In fact, everything in the line of

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES,

And all the edibles that grace the summer table. Give me a call!

F. F. KEATING

PAPER HANGING

AND PAINTING,

BY

C. F. STEARNS.

First class work, and satisfaction guaranteed. Leave orders at

The Drug Store.

Or at his Shop over Murphy's Store.

EXTRA OFFER!

SECOND ANNUAL DISTRIBUTION.

THE CHROMO "CUTE," ELEGANTLY FRAMED, AND A SHARE IN THE DISTRIBUTION OF 8730 PREMIUMS, AMOUNTING TO $41,000,

GIVEN AWAY TO

Every subscriber to that Popular Weekly,

Our Fireside Friend

Chromos are delivered at once. The distribution will POSITIVELY take place on the TWENTIETH DAY OF AUGTST, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-THREE.

OUR CHROMO "CUTE" is 18x20 inches in size, acknowledged to be the finest and handsomest picture ever given with any paper.

OUR FIRESIDE FRIEND is an eight page illustrated family and story weekly in its third volume, has now over SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND SUBSCRIBERS, and rapidly increasing, which insures the success of the present distribution. The publishers of Our Fireside Friend have sent to its subscribers this year over SEVENTY THOUSAND copies of the chromo "Cute," and are shipping hundreds every day. SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR, which gives the subscribers FIFTY-TWO numbers of the best Family Weekly, the chromo "CUTE" finely framed, and a numbered CERTIFICATE entitling the holder to one share in the distribution of premiums for 1873. SUBSCRIBE now with the agent, or send direct to the Publisher. SPECIMEN COPIES, particulars, etc., sent free.

AGENTS WANTED In every town, at home or traveling. Large cash pay and liberal premiums for getting up clubs. The best outfit. Send at once for Terms and particulars. Address

WATERS & CO., Pubs., Chicago.

PICTURES! PICTURES!

THOMSON'S GALLERY,

Opposite Tribune Office,

IS now open and provided with the best light and every appurtenance for taking all kinds of Sun Pictures in the highest style of the art. Photographs and Tin-Types of every size. Old Pictures copied or "thrown up." Give Thomson's Gallery a call.

O. BEAL,

GUN AND LOCKSMITH,

Fifth Street, Brainerd.

Every description of work done in the best manner, and at moderate prices.

Guns repaired, Keys made and fitted, A large stock of Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, etc. Also,

STENCIL CUTTING

of all kinds, including key checks, baggage checks, linen markers, and in fact everything in the stencil business. First class work guaranteed in both departments.

BRANCH LAND OFFICE.

Soldier's Homesteads,

AND PRE-EMPTIONS.

Applications to enter and pre-empt lands in St. Cloud Land District, may be made at our office.

SLEEPER & HOLLAND, Attorneys at Law, Brainerd, Minn.

n4tf

MERCHANT'S GARGLING OIL

IS GOOD FOR

Burns and Scalds,	Rheumatism,
Chilblains,	Hemorrhoids or Piles
Sprains & Bruises,	Sore Nipples,
Chapped Hands,	Caked Breasts,
Flesh Wounds,	Fistula, Mange,
Frost Bites,	Spavins, Sweeney,
External Poisons,	Scratches, or Grease,
Sand Cracks,	Stringhalt, Windgalls
Galls of all kinds,	Foundered Feet,
Sitfast, Ringbone,	Cracked Heels,
Poll Evil,	Foot Rot in Sheep,
Bites of Animals, &c.	Roup in Poultry,
Toothache, &c., &c.	Lame Back, &c., &c.

Large Size $1.00; Medium 50c.; Small 25c.

The Gargling Oil has been in use as a Liniment since [illegible]. All we ask is a fair trial, but be sure and follow directions.

Ask your nearest Druggist or dealer in Patent Medicines for one of our Almanacs, and read what the people say about the Oil.

The Gargling Oil is for sale by all respectable dealers throughout the United States and other Countries.

Our testimonials date from [illegible] to the present, and are unsolicited. Use the Gargling Oil, and tell your neighbors what good it has done. We also manufacture

"Merchant's Worm Tablets."

We deal fair and liberal with all, and defy contradiction. Write for an Almanac.

Manufactured at Lockport, N. Y., by

Merchant's Gargling Oil Co.

JOHN HODGE, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The Co-Partnership heretofor existing between George Jenkins, William Wade and Peake & Wakefield, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. F. W. Peake will receive all moneys due the said firm and settle all claims of said partnership.

Dated at Aitken this 20th day of May, 1873.

GEO. JENKINS,
W. WADE,
n15-3t PEAKE & WAKEFIELD.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

THE undersigned would hereby give notice to the people of Brainerd that he forbids them from strewing their offal and refuse matter of whatever kind, about over any part of the property of the Townsite Company, and also gives notice that persons having any refuse matter they wish to haul off, will be informed of the proper place of deposit by applying to him; i. e. in the ravine at the east end of Juniper Street, where the road has been graded and made convenient for unloading, etc.

L. P. WHITE, Agent L. S. & P. S. Co.