

1 square (1 inch)	7 cts.	1 week	40 cts.
2 squares	12 cts.	2 weeks	75 cts.
3 squares	18 cts.	3 weeks	1.00
1 column	25 cts.	1 month	3.00
1 column	25 cts.	3 months	8.00
1 column	25 cts.	6 months	15.00
1 column	25 cts.	1 year	28.00

Transient advertising to be paid in advance.
 Yearly at the end of every quarter.
 Business or Special Notices in Total Column inserted, 10 cents per line each additional insertion.
 Circulation large.

Church Directory.
EPISCOPAL CHURCH—Rev. FRANK R. MURPHY, Rector. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Choral service and catechizing of children at 9 p. m. Service every Friday evening at 7 p. m. Holy Communion at 12 m. on the first Sunday, and at 7 a. m. on the third Sunday of every month.
METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. A. A. STRONG, Services each alternate Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath School at 9 p. m. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.
CATHOLIC CHURCH—Rev. CHAS. A. DEANE, Pastor. Mass every Sunday at 10 a. m., until further notice. Catechetical instruction for children, at 2 p. m.

L. O. O. F.
WILDEY LODGE, No. 37, meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30 p. m. at Union Hall, over Wilson's Store. Brothers in good standing are cordially invited. J. C. CONROY, N. G. A. A. HENNINGSON, Sec'y.

MASONIC.
AURORA LODGE, No. 100, A. F. & A. M., Brainerd. Stated Communications of this Lodge will be held on the first and third Fridays of each month. The Lodge meets at 7 o'clock in the evening. All M. M. in good standing, are fraternally invited. H. G. CORSEDALE, W. M. L. W. FORD, Sec'y.

BRAINERD HOOK & LADDER CO.
 Holds regular meetings on the first Monday of every month. Headquarters on Front street, between 4th and 5th. N. McFADDEN, Sec'y. F. E. THOMPSON, L. C. CURRIER, Treas'r.

Jewelry, Silver Ware,
WATCHES, CLOCKS,
AND SPECTACLES.
 A BEAUTIFUL NEW STOCK JUST OPENED.
 Particular attention paid to Fine WATCH WORK.
 Orders by Mail or Express promptly filled.
E. L. STRAUSS,
 BRAINERD, MINNESOTA.

Headquarters Hotel,
 BRAINERD, MINN.
E. W. WEED, - Proprietor.
 This fine hotel has been thoroughly overhauled and newly furnished for the year 1876, and is now first class in all its appointments.
 Tourists and Pleasure-seekers will find the "Headquarters" a comfortable home, and the location and climate the most desirable to be found in the West.
 Splendid location for Hunting and Fishing.
 Terms—\$3.00 a day. Liberal reduction for Board by the Week.

BRAINERD MEAT MARKET,
 COR. SIXTH AND LAUREL STS.
 The undersigned have now completed arrangements to supply the citizens of Brainerd with all kinds of best Meats, Game, Poultry, Butter, Sausages, Lard, etc., at prices to suit the times. We solicit a share of patronage and warrant satisfaction.
J. E. MABEY, Prop'r.

J. L. STARCHER,
 Dealer in
GROCERIES!
WINES,
LIQUORS and CIGARS,
 LAUREL STREET,
 Brainerd, Minn.

DR. J. C. ROSSER,
Physician and Surgeon,
 Office at Headquarters Hotel,
 BRAINERD, MINNESOTA.
 Will answer Calls at any hour, day or night.

C. B. SLEEPER,
Attorney at Law,
 FRONT STREET,
 BRAINERD, MINN.

A. A. WHITE,
 DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
Building Material,
 FRONT STREET, BRAINERD.

Leland House,

BRAINERD, MINN.

HARTLEY BROS., - Proprietors.

THE LARGEST BARN NORTH OF MINNEAPOLIS.

In connection with the Leland House, for the accommodation of Teams.

The Leland House has been newly fitted up and put in the best possible condition, in all particulars, for the accommodation of guests.

E. H. DAVIE,

GENERAL DEALER IN

HARDWARE,

STOVES,

TINWARE, TOOLS,

AGRICULTURAL

IMPLEMENTS.

Paints, Oils, etc.

BRAINERD, MINN.

W. W. HARTLEY,

PLAIN AND

Fancy Job Printer,

BRAINERD, MINNESOTA.

Blank, catalogues,

Bank Work, Circulars, Bonds,

Book Work, Ball and Show Printing,

Posters, Business Cards, Letter and Bill

Heads, Statements, Calling Cards,

Blank Notes, Receipts,

Etc., Etc.

Orders by Mail or Express Promptly Filled. Good Work and Reasonable Prices Guaranteed.

WADENA & PARKER'S PRAIRIE STAGE LINE,

Leaves Wadena every Monday and Thursday at 7 o'clock A. M., and Parker's Prairie every Tuesday and Friday at 7 o'clock A. M.

If parties wishing to take this line from the N. P. R. R. will notify me, I will wait at Wadena for the arrival of trains, which most there at 11 A. M.; and upon like notice I will leave Parker's Prairie in time to connect with trains meeting at Wadena at 2 P. M.

H. W. FULLER, Prop'r.,
180-47 Wadena, Minn.

P. A. GATCHELL,

LAWYER,

Wadena, Wadena Co., Minn.

Collectors promptly attended to. Taxes Paid For Non-Residents, and Conveyancing Done in a legal and neat manner, also,

Real Estate Agent. Lands Sold on Commission.

FOR SALE.—160 Acres of Prairie Land, two miles south from Wadena Station. Soil good. Splendid evergreen grove for building site. Contains several acres of good hay land. Stream water running through it. This is a splendid chance for a No. 1 Farm. Will be sold cheap; quarter cash, balance in one, two, three and four years.

HOTEL.—The "Furness" Hotel, at Wadena, will be sold cheap for cash, as the owner desires to engage in other business.

LAND FOR STOCK FARM.—500 Acres in Todd county, 14 miles from Aldrich Station. N. P. R. R. Clay ditches. Good land, abounding in nutritious grasses, partly timbered. Will be sold very cheap, on easy terms.

TIMBERED LANDS.—1,600 Acres in Wadena and Todd counties, in the vicinity of Wadena to Parker's Prairie. Good timber, consisting of oak and maple, for the most part.

1,242 ACRES of Lands near the Half-Way House on State road from Wadena to Parker's Prairie. Heavily timbered, for the most part with oak, sugar maple, ash, basswood, etc. Sold at low figures and on easy terms.

I HAVE also several hundred acres of good farm lands for sale in Wadena, Todd and Todd county, situated in the vicinity of Wadena Station on the N. P. R. R.

Centennial Notes.

The Southern delegations in Congress did not succeed in carrying out their threats, that if the Amnesty bill was not passed, they would defeat the Centennial Appropriation bill,—because their amnesty bill was defeated, and the Centennial bill was carried through, and its success was greeted with applause. There proved to be enough of the southern members who had patriotism in their hearts, hearts in their souls, and souls in their bodies, to carry through a bill the defeat of which would have brought the Democratic House of Congress down to the same grade of miserable disgrace already reached by our Minnesota Legislature in their relation to this same subject—a Centennial appropriation. But Congress, in granting the \$1,500,000, has placed the Centennial on a sure footing, and its character as chief among the world's shows has now been assured.

So far as the treatment of the National Centennial at the hands of the Minnesota Legislature is concerned, it has placed that body—as a body, with some noble exceptions among its members—beneath the notice of any respectable journalist, and we shall only offer a word or two concerning it. It seems to be made up in the majority of men who are too illiterate and ignorant to conceive the grandeur of the event, too narrow-minded to be taught the advantage it could be made to our State, if we could be decently represented there, and who have so little of patriotism or national pride, that they are totally unfitted to be admitted to citizenship in a patriotic, intelligent, country-loving, Republican system. To read the sentiments of many of the members who endeavor to blubber out something they call argument against an appropriation, is enough to weaken the strongest stomach, and shake a man's faith in humanity—or at least that part of humanity who go to make up the majority of a Minnesota Legislature. It is needless for us to go into any details, as to duty, advantages, pride, or anything of that kind, because it has been kept before their eyes—those of them who can read—and most ably explained to their understanding—those of them who have any understanding—by the leading newspapers of the State, until they ought to know—if they know anything—the wishes of the people, whom they assume to represent, but whom, in reality, they shamefully misrepresent.

Macdonald, in the Senate, in particular, from whom better things might have been expected, deserves to be read out of all respectable political bodies; because, he it was who staved the ball that has rolled upon Minnesota a disgrace that time cannot eradicate, and one that will brand her inhabitants with a mark worse than Cain's, though innocent of offense. Scott county, therefore, may be designated on our geography hereafter, as the cradle of our disgrace, and Macdonald as its presiding matron. "Perfectly irresistible!" "Scat!"

Ten thousand dollars recommended by the Senate, and only five thousand vouchsafed by the House, with which Minnesota is expected to make a respectable display at the Nation's hundredth anniversary. Just enough to render her the laughing stock of the world there assembled, and subject her and her visiting citizens to the jeers of the dirty urchins of the street.

Let those bushy-headed legislators who sit in weeks of wasted session, cramming the worse than wasted State funds into their own greasy pockets, while they cry "stop thief!" be remembered, and branded hereafter; and let the people see to it, that "No guilty man escapes."

THE LION AND LAMB SHALL LIE DOWN TOGETHER.

Wonders will never cease, not while the world rolls. The latest on our calendar is the appointment of R. C. Mitchell, of the Duluth Tribune, to the office of Register, and T. H. Prussnell, formerly of the Herald, to the office of Receiver of the Duluth Land Office. How they can both occupy the same office is the mystery, and can only be solved by the prophecy, "The lion and lamb shall lie down together," for there is but one thing that equals Bro. Mitchell's hate for Bro. Prussnell, and that is Bro. Prussnell's hate for Bro. Mitchell.

It is believed, however, by many, that this state of things cannot long exist while there remains an acre of land in the district to be gobbled by that notorious Minneapolis pine land ring which governs and controls these offices generally, about as they please, and generally fill them with their tools, such as Col. Feller, who can only perform any official act, be it ever so trivial, pertaining to pine lands, after having run down, or written to Minneapolis for advice. It is also thought that this change is only made as a cover to the real motive—being to ship Joe Knowlton, who has been rather inclined to hang back in the harness too much to suit them.

We predict, upon the belief that neither of the present incumbents can be induced to fill the dirty, contemptible position of lackey for these thieves, that their stay in office will be very short. We shall see.

The Pioneer-Press is mistaken in its statement that the Plainview lynching was the "first that has taken place in Minnesota for fourteen years." Doesn't the P.-P. remember the Blueberry War, and how Brainerd absorbed a couple of Half-breeds, or short-haired Indians, by suspending them from a Norway-pine, some three years since? Or, possibly, the Pioneer does not take any account of our unfortunate red brethren—but speaks only of plain subjects.

We agree with that paper, however, in its sentiments regarding lynch-law; but we contend that it has been encouraged by the loose character of our criminal laws; and could crime be surely punished under the laws to a merited extent, lynching would very soon be unheard of. A notable instance in proof of this, is the case of P. Wintermute, the Yankton murderer of General McCook, reference to whom is had in the same number of the Pioneer-Press.

The "Phunny End" of the editorial corpse of the Brainerd Tribune suggests that we are the only third term man on the continent; and must feel strangely slopping around among forty millions of people, etc. Now, Morris, or "Robert," or Hartley, which End is it? You just wait until after the 14th of June next, and if you don't feel like slopping "over" and "around" to try and make people think that you never advocated the little "agitator," Jimmy Blaine, for the presidency, we haven't the proper diagnosis of your "independent" journalism. You ought to rear a statue to your god, "amnesty!" and while worshipping in its shadow let the "sacred bull" (?) you are kneeling under, tantalized by a thousand darts sharpened and poisoned with a thousand bitter memories, move in the direction of peace (?) as he is fittest to do. You would cry, "This is a false god, at whose shrine I have worshipped. Save me from my friends," and go and do likewise no more.—Third T.

The Tribune never has advocated Mr. Blaine or any other man for the Presidency—excepting when Mr. Russell was its owner and editor, when he strongly advocated the selection of Gen'l Joseph R. Hawley to the position—but yet we believe, with a large majority of that forty million, that a better man for the position is not in the Union, than the "Third Termist," and its played out arguments, to the contrary notwithstanding. We can wait until June 14th, and "ring the T. T. will find it difficult and ridiculous to do.

We have the means to mean Grant and a third term. The "any other man" meaning, the Tribune could not qualify was not the amnesty idea of Blaine. It was the idea of peace, security, repose, a stable government, and a forgetfulness of those causes for agitation that the war settled; and Jimmy Blaine nor any other statesman (?) has the right to resurrect. See! Joe. Hartley! and this is what you call any other man thing, Eh.—Third T.

Yes, or crooked whiskey, indicted private secretaries, an army of thieving, ragged officials; all over the Union, for instance. See! Bro. Sleeper!

The following resolution was passed by the Northern Pacific Board of Directors, at a meeting held Jan. 10th, 1876:

Resolved, That any purchase of lands from the Northern Pacific Railroad, which have not been certified, may, if the choice be so, be procured the same to be certified from the proper officers, by paying the costs thereof, and this Company will repay to him the amount of such costs, with interest from the date thereof.

THE BLACK HILLS.

THE GREAT RUSH VIA THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD ABOUT TO SET IN!

Gold Fields Unparalleled, Both in Richness and Extent!

INEXHAUSTIBLE RESOURCES OF THE BLACK HILLS COUNTRY, IN MINERALS, TIMBER, GRAZING, AND AGRICULTURE!

A Mild Climate and an Abundance of Pure Running Water.

BEAUTIFUL AND HEALTHFUL COUNTRY.

Parties and Expeditions Carried Through to Bismarck, Directly and Quickly, by THE NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R.

ONLY SEVENTY-TWO HOURS BY TRAIN FROM BISMARCK TO THE "HILLS." BEAUTIFUL ROUTE, SAFE CAMPING-PLACES, AND PLENTY OF WOOD, WATER AND GRASS.

THE ROUTE BY BISMARCK AND THE NORTHERN PACIFIC, BY FAR THE SAFEST, QUICKEST, AND MOST PLEASANT OF ALL OTHERS!

HUNDREDS PREPARING TO REDEVELOP AT BISMARCK, TO JOIN THE 1,500 MINERS ALREADY IN THE MINES.

THREE YOUNG CITIES ALREADY ESTABLISHED!

By the recent advices from Bismarck, the facts concerning the much talked of Black Hills country, we esteem have finally been reached. Being personally acquainted with the men who subscribe to the news and reports now coming in from the Hills, we place the fullest confidence in the statements now abroad over their signatures—as they are men of well known veracity and integrity, as well as being well educated, intelligent business men, who have lived, neighbors with us ever since the commencement of the Northern Pacific railroad. It seems that as early as during the autumn months, the leading men of Bismarck conceived the idea of going to work systematically to discover the truth about the Black Hills, in all its phases and not to be satisfied to say yes or nay concerning what they believed to be true of them, until they knew all about the subject from personal knowledge after a thorough investigation of the subject and the Black Hills country as well. Accordingly, some two months since a party of the leading men of Bismarck, abundantly equipped for the journey, left for the new Eldorado for the purpose of learning what they, and the public at large so earnestly wanted to know—"the truth about the Black Hills."

But little was heard from them after their departure, save by way of an occasional prairie ranger who came into Bismarck who had met the expedition en route, and reported them as going along nicely and having a jolly good time generally on the trip. They were gone from Bismarck some five or six weeks, when their expected return became the all-absorbing topic of conversation, and eye-glasses from Fort A. Lincoln (across the Missouri River from Bismarck) came to be popular "arms," as both citizens and soldiers spent hours gazing away off to the south, just up the Little Heart Valley, in a humble effort to see who could first discover the van of the returning party—in which were numbered friends of all remaining behind.

As the day wore down one evening behind the western hills, a cry came from

THE BLACK HILLS.

the look out, "They come, they come!" and in a few hours more the little band so anxiously looked for were encoined at the firesides kept warm for their reception, and they were received by the huzzas of all the villagers, while the cannon of the barracks peated out a welcome to the adventurous explorers.

Soon as a little rest had refreshed the travelers, they gave to the public a brief account of their explorations and travels, which is something in substance as follows:

They had come from Bismarck, as nearly in a direct line for Harney's Peak as practical, and after a most pleasant journey of seven easy days' travel they arrived at Custer City, which is located a few miles south of Harney's Peak, where they made their headquarters during their explorations throughout the mining regions. On their trip from Bismarck through they had encountered no Indians; there was no snow on the route, whatever; each night they camped on the banks of beautiful streams of water, with an abundance of wood and natural advantages for easy defense, in case of molestation by roving bands of redskins. Good grazing was found in the valleys—green and tender rushes, while the buffalo grass on the table lands afforded tolerably pasture, even in the winter months.

They found some twelve or fifteen hundred miners at work in the Hills, engaged in placer mining, and they did not find any who were not panning out—even by the rudest method—good wages, while a majority were making extraordinary wages, and some fabulous amounts of glittering nuggets of gold.

The party made a thorough and most exhaustive exploration of the ranges of country occupied by the miners, and much more besides. They found all the miners well supplied in all the necessities of life, which could be bought at reasonable prices from all who had brought a surplus, or supplies into the Hills to sell. Three cities have already been established, and each of them expect, by the middle of next summer to have a population respectively of from three to seven or eight thousand industrious inhabitants. The names of these embryonic cities are, Custer City, four miles south of Harney's Peak, Hill City, nine miles north of Harney's Peak, and Golden City, eight miles east of Hill City. Hill City is at the junction of the roads leading to all parts of the Hills and will probably be the metropolis.

The richest mines are on Bear Butte creek, 20 miles west of Bear Butte, and from that point on west to near Lyon Kurs. They saw thirty-four dollars taken out of one pan, there being one nugget of \$20; one of \$2.50, and other smaller particles.

E. R. Collins, a Bismarck man, has a \$2.50 nugget in his possession sent him by Jake Testers, a well known Montana miner.

The principal mining is being done on Spring Creek, where the party saw Spencer & Co., located near Golden City, take out one hundred and thirty-seven dollars, being the work of four men six hours. Next day the same force in the same time took out one hundred and twelve dollars. They had taken out thirty-six ounces of gold from a space twice feet wide, thirty feet long and six feet deep.

Miners are coming in at the rate of seventy-five a day. They are coming from all localities and all directions.

The party having spent some three weeks in exploring and looking over that noted country, bade the jolly miners adieu, and set out on their return, accompanied by the famous California miner and prairie guide, "California Joe," who returned to Bismarck with the party—and who will pass through Brainerd the first of next week in company with several of the leading business men of Bismarck, en route for St. Paul.

They saw no Indians or traces of Indians en route to Bismarck. The trip was made in 72 hours traveling. They left the Black Hills at Rapid Creek pass, struck Bear Butte Creek at its mouth and took a bee line for Bismarck.

They believe the distance from Golden City to Bismarck, as traveled by them, to be 216 miles, but California Joe says twelve miles may be saved on this end of the route, making the distance to Hill City from Bismarck 204 miles, over the finest natural road, Joe says, he ever saw. The party were just seventy-two hours of travel in coming from the mines to Bismarck.

En route from Cheyenne teams require eighteen to twenty days, while the Bismarck party made the return trip in the dead of winter in seventy-two hours and a party made it last summer, with pack mules, in eight days.

Joe says no other route can be compared with the one from Bismarck. He says the Northern Pacific company had better turn their road around and built the "dashed" thing against the Hills, where they will find all the business they can attend to for the next few years.

Joe returns with a train of fifty wagons in a few days.

The distance from Bismarck to Bear Lodge mines is 195 miles.

The weather in the Hills is reported splendid. There is no ice in the

THE BLACK HILLS.

streams, while millions of ducks may now be found in Rapid creek and other streams.

There comprises a bare outline of the facts concerning the richness and extent of the diggings in the Black Hills, and a proof that cannot be gained that the route by the way of the Northern Pacific, with Bismarck as a fitting point, is the route of all routes to reach the Hills in the shortest time, and is the most economical, pleasant, and safest route to go. All that is necessary, is to give the facts to the outside world, as to the many and eminently superior advantages of the Northern Pacific route, and in a few weeks more thousands of people desirous of going to the Hills will be pouring this way—as safety, speed, conveniences and economy are the items that will be sought after by expeditious moving toward the gold fields, and the Northern Pacific route has now been proven to be ahead of all competing routes on every "count."

We have authority for stating that the Northern Pacific company will be prepared any day to deliver expeditions and outfits through from St. Paul to Bismarck, on the shortest time and most reasonable rates. So, all that eastern expeditions have to do is to come to St. Paul and put themselves in the care of the Northern Pacific folks—a more efficient, careful, obliging and thorough set of railroad men and gentlemen do not exist—and they will very quickly thereafter find themselves in Bismarck, in fine shape to start across to the Black Hills—the finest of all overland routes yet discovered—and in six easy days' travel can commence panning out the precious metal for themselves.

Now that we have given, in the rough, all that need be said at this time concerning the mineral resources of the section of country under consideration, and given something of a detailed description of the route and best manner to go about to get to the mining region, we shall conclude by a few words as to the general character of the Black Hills country, outside its mining or mineral features.

The country, as might be naturally supposed is, as a whole, a succession of hills, buttes, and valleys, with occasional parks and table lands. The entire country is well timbered, and the most luxurious and nutritious pasturage and rich soils is found in all the valleys. Sparkling streams, filled with choicest fish thread their way like ribbons of silver through every valley, while gushing springs pour out from the sides of the hills and mountains on every hand. There are many kinds of valuable deposits there, besides gold, which exists in endless quantities—such as gypsum, granite, and other deposits. The climate is of even temperature in all the districts fitted for agricultural pursuits, and is suited for the general production of all crops incident to our own State. Either agriculture, stock raising, lumbering, or mining can be carried on to an unlimited extent, which fact renders it a country quite unlike most other mineral regions, and hence, it offers the finest inducements to every branch of industry, and must speedily be filled with all classes of industrious producers. All productions, for the first, will find ready market at their own door, and the enviable and central geographical location of the Hills country, with its wealth in minerals, and other wonderful resources, may speedily, like an irresistible magnet, draw the thoroughfares of transportation to it from the old inhabited portions of the country—including the Northern Pacific—or rather a branch of it. For the reasons given, we expect to see a greater rush to the Black Hills gold regions, than to any yet developed in the history of the country; because all classes of industry can safely center there with a full assurance that their willing hands may readily find plenty of profitable employment, outside of the golden gulches.

Respectfully dedicated to the "poetry" grinder of the *Third Termist*.

A "mule" wrote poetry (?)
And said it was he
Who could sling his tail lightly,
So the world could see
How all to an ass
A mule could be.

With a wind-broken, "wah-see!"
In vain limitation,
He bawled without sense,
Or any limitation—
And finally wound up,
Best, all to flounder again.

While I cot may pass sanely
Up at the King,
It don't go to prove
That a mule can sing—
Or, "war like an ass,
Poor, half-can" 'alf thing.

"Marked only by a small red cross"—"brood" a jacksack at a lions.

Ben. Sleeper, in his "Third Termist," reminds us of the ostrich, which covers its head and buries its whole body in sand. No only deceives himself.

Scissors.—Will some of our leading citizens move in the matter, regarding City's Hall, and invite "California Joe," and his party, from Bismarck, to a public reception, the evening they arrive here, and while doing honor to the noted guest and his friends, also talk Black Hills with Joe, and have a pleasant evening generally.

CURRENT TOPICS.

The Prince of Wales is playing at Copenhagen, just now, and there is talk of sending him to Rome.

SENATOR CHRISTIANCY will soon introduce a bill in Congress providing for female suffrage in Utah. This would give the Mormon slaves a weapon with to defend themselves.

The Republican Legislative caucus of Maine, after electing delegates to the national Republican convention, adopted resolutions favoring Hon. James G. Blaine for the Presidency.

A bill has been introduced in the Ohio legislature which may lay the foundation for a fruitful source of revenue. It provides for a fine of five dollars for all persons using the name of God in vain.

Cars are now running in New York on the first division of the elevated railway. The line extends from the Battery to Central Park. Forty trains a day will run each way, making the distance in thirty minutes.

The Dominion of Canada proposes to complete its ship canal system by a cut from the Gulf of St. Lawrence to the Bay of Fundy, leaving Nova Scotia an island, and shortening by several hundred miles the navigation between Montreal and Boston.

The bill introduced in the House of Congress to prevent clerjemen of any denomination from holding office, is borrowed from the Maryland constitution, and is intended as a substitute for Blain's proposed constitutional amendment on the school question.

Yale college has withdrawn from the rowing association, but it is hoped she will not disband as a University. The institution had a very good reputation before the days of rowing, and it is not improbable that she can still keep going better, functions and exercises without it.

Baker's hippodrome building, in New York has been reconstructed at a cost of \$400,000 for the Moody and Sankey meetings. It will seat 7000 persons, and is arranged to accommodate forty newspaper-reporters near the speaker's stand. It was very thoughtful of the management to put the editors on the front seats.

The New York legislature has a bill before it providing that the various county boards shall fix the salaries of the county treasurers, and that all money shall be deposited in bank to the credit of the county and State. The county treasurers have defeated similar bills for two successive sessions, and will make a success fight against this one.

PROCTOR KNORR has hard work to sustain the reputation he made in his famous Duluth speech. It is the only funny speech he ever made. He recently tried to make a record as a financier, by a lengthy speech in Congress, and now Pat. Donan says it was borrowed literatim et verbatim from the Lexington Caucasian of March 17, 1870. He's a Knotty man.

The direction throughout the country is towards a uniform day for holding elections. In Maine an effort will be made to change the time for holding elections from September to November. There are many reasons why a uniform day would be of benefit to the country. It would prevent the grand caravan of stump speakers from emigrating from State to State, at such an expensive to supporters of the respective parties.

The eastern papers have nothing to say about the mildness of the present winter in the Northwest. They endeavor to teach their readers that this is a hypoboreal climate unfit for human beings to occupy, and are very eager to give all that is going regarding bad storms, accidental freezing, etc., but when there is an opportunity for saying that such enjoyable weather seldom was known as that of the present winter in this region, they have nothing to say.

Hoston has reduced economy in the management of municipal affairs to a science. The Journal says that for every hundred dollars expended for public improvement the city gets one dollar's worth of work done; the remaining ninety-nine goes into the contractor's pockets. It will be seen that the city receives some benefit from taxation, and the poor contractors are enabled to keep the wolf from the door at the same time. How good in Boston to set before an admiring world such an example of true generosity!

A. S. PETERSBURG correspondent of the Globe-Democrat asserts that the most active preparations are being made for a gigantic war in Europe. Throughout the Russian empire is seen great activity in military movements, and high officers in the army do not deny that a gigantic war is pending. This story might possibly be allowed if the writer did not go on to say that Russia would be backed by Austria and France, and the forces of England and Germany with those of Turkey, will be engaged on the other side. He fixes the time of commencement at a few months, or even weeks.

The city governments of Canada complain of being overrun by criminals from the United States, and the Dominion board of trade thereupon memorialized the home government to negotiate a treaty with the United States for the mutual extradition of all criminals, except those charged with political offenses. Such a treaty, if put in force about these days, would bring home a good many tray Milwaukeeans.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

Albert Wilcox, formerly of Anderson's mercantile house of St. Louis, was arrested at Toronto on the 18th, charged with forgery and the embezzlement of \$10,000.

Jacob, the wife murderer, was hanged at Joliet, Ill., on the 21st. He was comparatively quiet on the scaffold and an almost instantaneous ending of his sufferings followed the drop of the trap.

The U. S. circuit court at St. Louis, on the 20th, overruled the demurrer in the case of Wm. McKee of the Globe-Democrat, charged with conspiracy to defraud the revenue, and the trial will now be proceeded with.

Arthur Gunther, ex-United States revenue agent at St. Louis, was on the 18th convicted of a conspiracy to defraud the government. He will be sentenced, when all similar cases on the calendar are disposed of.

James Welch, married, teaching a school at Onalaska, Wis., succeeded in debauching one of his pupils, a poor, weak-minded orphan girl of sixteen years, and then deserted his wife and fled the country to avoid his crime. The people of that section are greatly excited over the affair.

A Topeka, Kansas, telegram of the 18th says when ex-State Treasurer Lappin was arrested in Chicago, a letter was found on his person from Stafford, his partner, telling him the best way to South America. Detectives have also discovered that Lappin and Stafford got the bellboys at the Pacific House, St. Joseph, Mo., to sign the name of Miller and other monies to forged bonds. It is also discovered that they were prepared to furnish any amount of fraudulent school bonds. When he was arrested in Chicago, two bottles of poison were found in his possession, and several hundred packs of marked playing cards.

R. Carpenter & Co.'s woolen mill at North Housh; N. Y., burned on the 18th. Loss \$175,000; insurance \$100,000.

A large number of residents of Columbus, Ohio, had been poisoned during the past few weeks from eating fresh pork. Eight persons in one boarding house were sick at one time. So far no deaths have occurred.

Pope Pius IX. has been confined to his bed since Friday the 14th, from the effects of an epileptic fit on that day lasting forty minutes. It is stated that though his condition is such as to require the vigilant attention of a part of physicians, all reports that his condition is dangerous are groundless.

Wm. Kennedy, Sylvester Goss and Henry Corbett were instantly killed, Wm. Price seriously injured, and a little son of Kennedy and Price's saw mill at La Grange, Ind., on the 20th. The bodies of the men were burned in a terrible manner.

The Personal and Political. The Republican State convention of Ohio is to be held in Columbus, March 29th. The House committee are said to be united in recommending prompt legislation by Congress for the suppression of disorders along the border between Texas and Mexico. In case a sufficient force of regular troops is put on the Rio Grande cannot be spared then it is proposed to authorize Texas to raise two volunteer regiments.

Moody and Sankey brought their evangelizing labors in Philadelphia to a close on the 20th. Over 12,000 persons were present at the closing meeting and as many more were turned away. A collection was taken up to aid the completion of the new building for the Young Men's Christian Association, which amounted to over \$100,000. One lady, whose son was converted, sent as a thank offering a diamond ring, for which a gentleman gave \$1,000.

The anti-slavery society of London have memorialized Lord Derby, British minister of foreign affairs, to interpose in the affairs of Cuba. The society say they have reliable information that Spain is willing to place Cuba in the same relation as Canada complete with a sufficient force of regular troops be retained. They point out that in view of the recent American circular the ostensible no longer exists which was advanced by Lord Derby last year that England's interference on the Cuban question would cause jealousy in the United States.

James Book, the defaulting city treasurer of Buffalo, N. Y., returned to that city on the 20th, gave himself up, and was arraigned in the police court and bailed in \$50,000. He claims, if allowed to do so, he can pay all the claims of the city.

The anniversary of the birth-day of Gen. R. E. Lee the 19th, was the occasion of a celebration of nearly every city of importance in the South. In Richmond this day was observed by a public meeting, at which an oration was delivered by Capt. J. Hampden Chamberlain, of Norfolk.

A Pittsburgh telegram of the 19th says: The town of Apollo, on the North Pennsylvania railroad, was almost entirely destroyed by fire last night. Forty houses, including a number of stores, were burned. Loss estimated at \$40,000 to \$50,000; insurance not known. The fire started by the explosion of a lantern in a barbers' shop.

Spanish diplomatic representatives at the various foreign courts have verbally informed the government that after the defeat of the Carlists, which is expected in a short time, Spain hopes to be enabled to quell the Cuban insurrection through increased reinforcements. No foreign complications are anticipated, because the United States has distinctly repudiated the idea of annexing Cuba.

The committee appointed by the general convention in St. Louis to lay before the President the claims of the Southern Pacific railroad, returned that duty on the 21st. In reply to the treaty of the committee the President spoke of the importance of the construction of the road in providing a competing line, thus securing to the country cheaper rates, but as the matter was already before Congress, he declined to give any further expression of opinion.

Gov. Ludington, of Wisconsin, has announced the following as his military staff: Adjutant general, G. A. Hannerer of Milwaukee; quartermaster general, G. E. Bryant of Madison; surgeon general, Dr. E. R. Wilson of Milwaukee; aide-de-camp and military secretary, Frank R. Patey of Wausau; aide-de-camp, T. A. Allen of Oshkosh; P. C. Wink of Milwaukee; Walker Stone of Racine; Nathan Cole of Sheboygan Falls; G. Wilson La Crosse; G. W. Porter of Fond du Lac; E. M. Rogers of Yroquois; Edward F. Pratt of Milwaukee; John Kelly of San Claire, Aide-de-camp to the adjutant general, Capt. E. G. Lindeman of Milwaukee.

The sub-committee of the National House on Indian affairs on the 18th commenced their investigation as to the means of letting Indian contracts. They examined Mr. Knotts of Pennsylvania, who testified that he received from \$5 to \$6 per cent. loss in supplying various articles for the Sanies Sioux than other parties to whom contracts were awarded. The Indian bureau will be called on for explanations, as the committee seem determined to thoroughly investigate the entire subject.

A delegation of Cherokees, Choctaws, Creeks and Seminoles called upon President Grant on the 19th to pay their respects and talk of Indian affairs in the Indian territory, which they represented to be in a good and prosperous condition, with abundant crops. They took occasion to express their opposition to the proposed territorial government in their country, when the President informed them that no bill passed by Congress for that purpose would receive his approval without the consent of the Indians.

A Mr. Ingalls, who holds some official position in the Seminoles tribe of Indians, testified before the House committee of Indian affairs on the 19th, that Gen. J. P. C. Shanks, as special United States Indian agent, had stirred up strife and dissensions among the tribes of Indians. The sole purpose of appearing before the authorities in Washington as an attorney to settle the troubles which he (Shanks) inaugurated. The committee decided to investigate the matter, and has summoned Shanks to appear.

Isadore and Simon Wanner of New York, owners of 200 shares of the Bank of California have filed a complaint in the U. S. circuit court of San Francisco, against the bank, saying that it has retained from the selling of stock for the purpose of the bank's redemption its existence. The grounds for this suit is that from the losses sustained by California the bank became and is now, that an assessment of 10 per cent on the stock has already been made to keep it afloat, that other assessments must follow, and therefore to avert further loss, the institution should be wound up.

SENATOR DONNER presented a resolution to the Senate inquiring into the expediency of restoring the franking privilege. The House presented various petitions for the appropriation of \$100,000 for the improvement of the upper Missouri. A bill was introduced empowering military agents to purchase of private lands, the same as civil courts. The treasury investigation came up, Mr. Boutwell took the floor, and after a long speech the Senate adjourned.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

SENATOR DONNER presented a resolution to the Senate inquiring into the expediency of restoring the franking privilege. The House presented various petitions for the appropriation of \$100,000 for the improvement of the upper Missouri. A bill was introduced empowering military agents to purchase of private lands, the same as civil courts. The treasury investigation came up, Mr. Boutwell took the floor, and after a long speech the Senate adjourned.

CONGRESS.

SENATOR DONNER presented a resolution to the Senate inquiring into the expediency of restoring the franking privilege. The House presented various petitions for the appropriation of \$100,000 for the improvement of the upper Missouri. A bill was introduced empowering military agents to purchase of private lands, the same as civil courts. The treasury investigation came up, Mr. Boutwell took the floor, and after a long speech the Senate adjourned.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the House the committee on judiciary reported a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that no person who has held or may hereafter hold the office of secretary of the United States shall ever again be eligible to the same office. Mr. Frye, of the same committee, also reported a bill to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

MINNESOTA LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate, on the 19th, Mr. Liann presented a petition from the E. & D. R. Co., asking the committee to report for an extension of time for the completion of their road by St. Stone Lake, promising to build twenty-five miles a year. A bill was passed for leasing temporarily, for the purpose of the school fund, to the State of Wisconsin, the school fund to be returned to the State of Wisconsin. A bill was introduced to prohibit persons from holding other offices while holding office as a legislator. A bill was introduced to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the Senate, on the 19th, Mr. Liann presented a petition from the E. & D. R. Co., asking the committee to report for an extension of time for the completion of their road by St. Stone Lake, promising to build twenty-five miles a year. A bill was passed for leasing temporarily, for the purpose of the school fund, to the State of Wisconsin, the school fund to be returned to the State of Wisconsin. A bill was introduced to prohibit persons from holding other offices while holding office as a legislator. A bill was introduced to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the Senate, on the 19th, Mr. Liann presented a petition from the E. & D. R. Co., asking the committee to report for an extension of time for the completion of their road by St. Stone Lake, promising to build twenty-five miles a year. A bill was passed for leasing temporarily, for the purpose of the school fund, to the State of Wisconsin, the school fund to be returned to the State of Wisconsin. A bill was introduced to prohibit persons from holding other offices while holding office as a legislator. A bill was introduced to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the Senate, on the 19th, Mr. Liann presented a petition from the E. & D. R. Co., asking the committee to report for an extension of time for the completion of their road by St. Stone Lake, promising to build twenty-five miles a year. A bill was passed for leasing temporarily, for the purpose of the school fund, to the State of Wisconsin, the school fund to be returned to the State of Wisconsin. A bill was introduced to prohibit persons from holding other offices while holding office as a legislator. A bill was introduced to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the Senate, on the 19th, Mr. Liann presented a petition from the E. & D. R. Co., asking the committee to report for an extension of time for the completion of their road by St. Stone Lake, promising to build twenty-five miles a year. A bill was passed for leasing temporarily, for the purpose of the school fund, to the State of Wisconsin, the school fund to be returned to the State of Wisconsin. A bill was introduced to prohibit persons from holding other offices while holding office as a legislator. A bill was introduced to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the Senate, on the 19th, Mr. Liann presented a petition from the E. & D. R. Co., asking the committee to report for an extension of time for the completion of their road by St. Stone Lake, promising to build twenty-five miles a year. A bill was passed for leasing temporarily, for the purpose of the school fund, to the State of Wisconsin, the school fund to be returned to the State of Wisconsin. A bill was introduced to prohibit persons from holding other offices while holding office as a legislator. A bill was introduced to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the Senate, on the 19th, Mr. Liann presented a petition from the E. & D. R. Co., asking the committee to report for an extension of time for the completion of their road by St. Stone Lake, promising to build twenty-five miles a year. A bill was passed for leasing temporarily, for the purpose of the school fund, to the State of Wisconsin, the school fund to be returned to the State of Wisconsin. A bill was introduced to prohibit persons from holding other offices while holding office as a legislator. A bill was introduced to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the Senate, on the 19th, Mr. Liann presented a petition from the E. & D. R. Co., asking the committee to report for an extension of time for the completion of their road by St. Stone Lake, promising to build twenty-five miles a year. A bill was passed for leasing temporarily, for the purpose of the school fund, to the State of Wisconsin, the school fund to be returned to the State of Wisconsin. A bill was introduced to prohibit persons from holding other offices while holding office as a legislator. A bill was introduced to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the Senate, on the 19th, Mr. Liann presented a petition from the E. & D. R. Co., asking the committee to report for an extension of time for the completion of their road by St. Stone Lake, promising to build twenty-five miles a year. A bill was passed for leasing temporarily, for the purpose of the school fund, to the State of Wisconsin, the school fund to be returned to the State of Wisconsin. A bill was introduced to prohibit persons from holding other offices while holding office as a legislator. A bill was introduced to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the Senate, on the 19th, Mr. Liann presented a petition from the E. & D. R. Co., asking the committee to report for an extension of time for the completion of their road by St. Stone Lake, promising to build twenty-five miles a year. A bill was passed for leasing temporarily, for the purpose of the school fund, to the State of Wisconsin, the school fund to be returned to the State of Wisconsin. A bill was introduced to prohibit persons from holding other offices while holding office as a legislator. A bill was introduced to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the Senate, on the 19th, Mr. Liann presented a petition from the E. & D. R. Co., asking the committee to report for an extension of time for the completion of their road by St. Stone Lake, promising to build twenty-five miles a year. A bill was passed for leasing temporarily, for the purpose of the school fund, to the State of Wisconsin, the school fund to be returned to the State of Wisconsin. A bill was introduced to prohibit persons from holding other offices while holding office as a legislator. A bill was introduced to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the Senate, on the 19th, Mr. Liann presented a petition from the E. & D. R. Co., asking the committee to report for an extension of time for the completion of their road by St. Stone Lake, promising to build twenty-five miles a year. A bill was passed for leasing temporarily, for the purpose of the school fund, to the State of Wisconsin, the school fund to be returned to the State of Wisconsin. A bill was introduced to prohibit persons from holding other offices while holding office as a legislator. A bill was introduced to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the Senate, on the 19th, Mr. Liann presented a petition from the E. & D. R. Co., asking the committee to report for an extension of time for the completion of their road by St. Stone Lake, promising to build twenty-five miles a year. A bill was passed for leasing temporarily, for the purpose of the school fund, to the State of Wisconsin, the school fund to be returned to the State of Wisconsin. A bill was introduced to prohibit persons from holding other offices while holding office as a legislator. A bill was introduced to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the Senate, on the 19th, Mr. Liann presented a petition from the E. & D. R. Co., asking the committee to report for an extension of time for the completion of their road by St. Stone Lake, promising to build twenty-five miles a year. A bill was passed for leasing temporarily, for the purpose of the school fund, to the State of Wisconsin, the school fund to be returned to the State of Wisconsin. A bill was introduced to prohibit persons from holding other offices while holding office as a legislator. A bill was introduced to amend the act relating to the introduction of evidence in the courts of the United States, and to extend time for construction of Duluth and Iron Range railroad. The bill prohibiting county treasurers from receiving other money than indefinitely voted. A bill was introduced rendering void various contracts. The Senate adjourned till the 21st.

In the Senate, on the 19th, Mr. Liann presented a petition from the E. & D. R. Co., asking the committee to report for an extension of time for the completion of their road by St. Stone Lake, promising to build twenty-five miles a year. A bill was passed for leasing temporarily, for the purpose of the school fund

POETRY.

POETRY. (From the N. Y. Evening Post.) UNCLE SAM'S A HUNDRED. AN ANTI-CATHOLIC CATHOLIC ODE. Oh ye Powers! what a noise, Such was never heard before...

MISCELLANY.

A NEW YEAR'S MYSTERY. Between the years 1840 and 1850, the crime of burglary prevailed to an alarming extent in England. In the suburbs of large towns...

the domestics went to a merry-making next door. "That's odd," the officer said. "I came on duty at 10 o'clock, and soon afterward, as I passed here, I saw the door open and a gentleman step out. He stood for a moment as though gazing at the weather, and then went back into the house."

Day to get the Goodalls and their domestics out of the way, so as to ransack the house without any hindrance. After he had made all his preparations...

strange land, he was observed for an object of awe and curiosity, unless to anybody else, and he had to make for himself some kind of assumption...

bread in winter. A lady writes an exchange: That is one of the troubles that we women are subject to in winter, making bread. I was telling a lady yesterday...

fare and household. Many persons are preparing potatoes for cooking, pare off a thick slice instead of digging out the eyes. The skinning layer of them is the surface, and the vegetable lies near the surface...

choice recipes. Concord Pudding.—Butter a deep pudding dish; add a small loaf of white bread cut in thin slices, and butter them...

Only Three Cents a Week. GRAND INVESTMENT. Splendid Returns. City, Village, Country. HOMES IN IOWA. METROPOLITAN HOTEL. ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA. Only 50 Cents. Weekly Wisconsin. "COST" OVERCOATS. BOSTON "ONE PRICE" Clothing House.

