BRAINERD TRIBUNE.

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BRAINERD TRIBUNE,
PUBLISHED
EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,
BY
W. W. HARTLEY, Editor and Prop'r.
Terms of Subscription (Postage Paid),
TWO DOLLARS A YEAR IN ADVANCE.
Six Months, $1 00. Three Months, 50c.

I. O. O. F.

WILDRY LODGE, No. 37, meets every Wednesday evening at 8 p. m., at Union Hall, over Wilson's Store. Brothers in good standing are cordially invited.

THOS. BARON, N. G.
A. MAHLUM, Sec'y.

DR. J. C. ROSSER,
Physician and Surgeon,
Office at Headquarter's Hotel,
BRAINERD, - - - MINNESOTA.
OFFICE HOURS—9 to 11 *A. M., and* 3 to 5 *P. M.*

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PURE SPICES.
Fresh ground and received in bulk, for sale in quantities to suit—warranted pure.
☞ PRESCRIPTIONS carefully compounded at all hours, Day and Night.
Orders by Mail promptly attended to.

ALBERT LEBON,
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A NEW STOCK JUST OPENED.
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Orders By Mail or Express promptly attended to.
FRONT STREET, - BRAINERD, MINN.
279-2sq-tf

HEADQUARTERS
HOTEL,
BRAINERD, - - MINN.
Only First Class House in the City.
All Trains arrive at and depart from the door.
TERMS:
$2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 per Day.
STAGES LEAVE DAILY FOR
FORT RIPLEY, LITTLE FALLS, AND ST. CLOUD.
E. W. WEED, Prop'r.

F. X. GOULET,
County Auditor
OF
Crow Wing and Itasca Counties, and Town Clerk of Town of Brainerd.
SPECIAL attention given to paying taxes, looking up titles, etc., in any of the above or adjoining counties, for residents or non-residents.
Business entrusted to me will receive correct and prompt attention.
Office, cor. Fourth and Laurel,
BRAINERD, - - - - - - MINN.

LAMONT & WILSON,
DEALERS IN
Groceries and Provisions,
Wines, Liquors & Cigars,
Cor. SIXTH and LAUREL STS.,
BRAINERD, - - MINN.

J. BAIN,
Boot and Shoe Maker,
Fifth Street, bet. Front and Laurel,
Brainerd, Minn.
☞ Repairing Neatly Done. Boots and Shoes Made to Order.

BRAINERD
MEAT MARKET,
PAINE BROS., Propr's,
COR. SIXTH AND LAUREL STS.
THE proprietors have now completed arrangements to furnish the citizens of Brainerd with all kinds of best Meats, Game, Poultry, Butter, Sausages, Lard, etc.; at prices to suit the times. *We* solicit a share of patronage and warrant satisfaction.

Minnesota House,
GEO. OVERBECK, Proprietor,
ST. CLOUD, - - MINN.
Good Beds and Square Meals.
GOOD ACCOMMODATIONS AND LOW PRICES.
A Good Barn and Hostler in Connection.
Satisfaction Guaranteed or No Pay.

BRAINERD
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DAVIS & SHERWOOD, Proprietors,
DEALERS IN
Books and Stationery, Periodicals, Notions, Fruits and Confectionery.
Blank, Memorandum and Pocket Books, Toy Books, School Books, Slates, Crayons, Erasers, Black, Colored and Copying Inks and Inkstands, Writing Paper of all kinds, Blanks, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Writing Desks and Paper Weights.
St Paul and Chicago Daily and New York Story Papers, Magazines and Monthlies.
Chromos Picture Frames, Cord and Tassels, Mirrors, Brackets, Wall Pockets, Bird Cages, Plower Pots, Hanging Baskets, Work Boxes, Toilet Sets, Combs, Brushes, Card Cases, Satchels, Valises; Photograph, Autograph and Scrap Albums; Stereoscopes, Views, Games of all kinds (Chess, Checkers, Author's Cards, etc.), Gilt and Silver Perforated Paper, Mottoes, Stamped Goods, Embroidery Silk, Beads, Vases, Ornamental Cups and Saucers, Dolls, Toys.
Oranges, Lemons, Peaches, Pears, Apples, Plums, Grapes, Nuts and all kinds of Foreign and Domestic Fruits in their season, and numerous other USEFUL and ORNAMENTAL Goods and Notions.
All Orders by Mail or Express promptly filled.
BRAINERD, JULY 28, 1877.
DAVIS & SHERWOOD.
☞ Agency for PRINCE and BEATTY ORGANS. v25-31-tf

NOTICE.

THE

Western Railroad Co.

OF MINNESOTA,

Having succeeded to the rights, privileges and franchises of the Brainerd Branch of the St. Paul & Pacific Railroad, including the lands granted by Congress to aid in the construction of the Road,

Notice is Hereby Given,

That all persons entering upon any of said lands without authority will be considered trespassers, and dealt with accordingly.

Any information regarding these Lands can be had by application to

JAMES B. POWER,
Land Commissioner W. R. R. of Minn.,
281-2sq-3m ST. PAUL.

GOODS
AT
Bed - Rock Prices
AT THE
NEW CASH STORE.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I would respectfully return my sincere thanks to my numerous customers who have favored me with their patronage since the fire in August last, and I desire to announce to them and the public generally that I have put in a new stock of

Family and Fancy
GROCERIES,
Consisting of
California Fruits, Canned Goods, Teas, Sugars, Nuts, Candies, Lemons and Oranges, Etc., Etc.
I have also added
Tobacco, Pipes, Cigars,
Glass Ware, Porcelain Ware, White Granite Ware, Crockery, Lamp Chimneys, Tin Ware,
CUTLERY & NOTIONS,
Too numerous to mention.
J. M. MARTIN,
FIFTH STREET,
Brainerd, - - Minn.

J. L. STARCHER,
DEALER IN
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,
FLOUR, FEED, Etc.,
LAUREL STREET, - BRAINERD, MINN.

EBER H. BLY,
DEALER IN
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,
AND
Manufacturer and Dealer in
Lumber & Shingles,
BRAINERD, - - MINN.

Brainerd Broom Factory
EZRA NORTHFIELD, Prop.
ALL STYLES OF
Brooms and Brushes
Constantly on Hand or Made to Order.
All Brooms Warranted. Orders Promptly Attended to. 1sq-251-tf

Republican Ticket.

State Officers.

For Governor,
HON. J. S. PILLSBURY.
For Lieut. Governor,
HON. J. B. WAKEFIELD.
For Secretary of State,
HON. J. S. IRGENS.
For State Treasurer,
HON. WM. PFAENDER.
For Attorney General,
HON GEORGE P. WILSON.
For Railroad Commissioner,
HON. W. R. MARSHALL.

Crow Wing County.

For Probate Judge,
H. D. FOLLETT.
For Sheriff,
J. B. CONANT.
For Clerk of the District Court,
W. W. HARTLEY.
For County Attorney,
C. B. SLEEPER.
For County Surveyor,
C. H. ALSOP.
For Register of Deeds,
F. B. THOMPSON.
For County Supt. of Schools,
H. D. FOLLETT.
For County Commissioner, 1st District,
J. M. MARTIN.
For County Commissioner, 2d District,
CHARLES WILSON.

THE STATE TICKET.

As will be observed by referring to the Republican state ticket appearing in another column this week, the old state officers were all renominated for their respective positions. The nominations were all made by acclamation, without opposition, excepting those of attorney general and railroad commissioner. For the former Mr. Comstock, of Moorhead, made a good run, but was defeated, as near as we can learn, on account of his strenuous opposition last winter to the interests of the Northern Pacific and Brainerd Branch railroads—those interested in the latter road fearing that his influence as attorney general, maintaining the views he advanced last winter, would be injurious to them. The opposition to Governor Marshall was very trifling, not because his principal opponent, Mr. Todd, was a weak candidate, as the *Pioneer Press* would make it appear, but owing to the Governor's extreme popularity. In fact Mr. Martin, the delegate from this place, informs us that Governor Marshall's was the most flattering nomination in the convention. Upon the whole the ticket is a good one and quite satisfactory to the TRIBUNE, for, though we opposed the election of Mr. Pfaender, the state treasurer, two years ago, the grounds for our opposition we are pleased to state have since been satisfactorily removed, and he has shown himself to be a good officer. It is in fact quite useless for the opposition party to place a ticket in the field.

THE Woodstock, New Brunswick, *Sentinel*, evidently referring to Lord Dufferin's able and appropriate response to the very warm reception he received recently at the hands of the citizens of St. Paul, remarks:

Lord Dufferin is reported to have said that the education of no Englishman is complete without a visit to the United States, and a study of its institutions. As the institutions in which Canada's Governor-General is more immediately concerned are political institutions, it is natural that he should refer especially to them, and it is well that Englishmen should pay a little attention to those of the United States. If they carefully consider the division of power between the States and the Central government, the different executive system and the results which naturally flow from these causes, it is not probable that they will see any particular reason for desiring the American form of Government. Englishmen perhaps do not need to learn many lessons of contentment in regard to this. They are generally very decided as to the superiority of the British constitutional system and of British constitutional practices. They are fortified in their good opinion of their form of government by the fact that it was a growth and not a manufacture, therefore more natural, and by the fact that other nations, having full knowledge of both systems, find it the easiest and safest to adopt.

It is quite evident from the above, we should judge that the Governor should properly have included Canadians with Englishmen in his remarks, as he could with equal propriety have included all nationalities on the face of the globe. It should have occurred to the editor of the *Sentinel* that Lord Dufferin's acquaintance with the United States and his knowledge of its institutions is more extended than his own, and that the governor is too much of a gentleman to have made the remark, correctly quoted above, on such an occasion, in the Pickwickian sense that paper affects to place upon it.

"Strangle Indian Civilizers."

A hand-bill was in circulation here yesterday with the above caption, calling a meeting of the citizens at Bly's Hall on Monday evening next, to provide some means to rid the country of the prowling, thieving bands of Indians that infest it, and to keep them on their reservations.

While the language used in the call may be considered harsh and irreverent by some, yet we consider the object a very proper one; and when we think of all the indignity and annoyance to which the people in this vicinity have been subjected, it can be no matter of surprise that some expressions of exasperation are dropped. This movement has been set on foot by those of our citizens who enjoy occasionally the sports of the chase, in order to protect our game, which is being slaughtered by the wholesale right under our very noses, in season and out of season, by these prowling marauders, against whom the law is entirely inoperative, and this is one of the least of our grounds of complaint. Very many at a distance, to our certain knowledge, would be disgusted to make their homes about us but for these lawless hordes that roam almost over the country at all hours of the day and night. The law requires that they remain on their reservations, and the authorities have been appealed to repeatedly, but in vain; and if we may trust the tone of the call this has been made, they will probably not be called upon again, but the justly indignant citizens, taking the law in their own hands, will right the matter to their own liking. We can at least wish them success on remain, but would it not be well first to send to White Earth for Bro. Gilfillan and try his influence upon these emblems of angelic goodness? It is at least worthy the effort.

A COMPANY of troops from Fort Snelling passed through here on Wednesday evening for the White Earth Indian Agency, pursuant to orders from the War Department, at the request of the agent, Major Stowe. We have been unable up to this writing to learn definitely the cause of this request of the agent, or what has transpired since the arrival of the troops on the reservation. The probability, however, is that the Indians opposed to Stowe, learning the substance of the report of the investigating commission that visited the reserve recently, which was that they found no fault in the agent or cause for his removal, became furious, causing the agent to fear trouble, for it is reported that his request for troops was accompanied by the statement that these Indians vow he shall not make the coming payment. What the result will be time alone can tell.

This, however, makes a very bad showing just at this time for Bro. Gilfillan's good (!) Indians, and comes in very inopportunely for the Rev. gentleman's pet theory. In fact it would forcibly remind us, but for the ludicrousness of the comparison and the disgrace to the narrative, of the old, old story of a certain old lady's well beloved son who, being on exhibition before some visitors one day, betrayed his dear old mother and played a very naughty trick upon her.

WE are in receipt of the following note from the Rev. J. A. Gilfillan, of White Earth, which explains itself:

DEAR FRIEND HARTLEY:—I am surprised to see by the TRIBUNE that the second installment of my letter has not reached you. I gave it to the mail carrier the same day I mailed the other, and it ought to have reached your by the same mail. The mail carrier told me this morning he put it in the P. O. in Detroit. I will write to the P. M. at Detroit this a. m. about it, and if it has not come to hand on receipt of this, please drop me a postal and I will re-write it from memory and send it to you.

Yours in the bonds of friendship,
J. A. GILFILLAN.
WHITE EARTH, MINN., Sept. 26th, 1877.

The second installment referred to by Mr. Gilfillan has not yet reached us, and pending its re-production we shall withhold comment upon the letter from him that appeared in these columns last week, preferring to reply to the whole article at once.

Successful Advertising.

If our readers desire an instance of the success of advertising, they should interview Uncle John Martin, on Fifth Street. He has advertised liberally, and now enjoys an excellent trade to pay for it. He believes in advertising nothing but facts, and then living up to them. A great deal of money is wasted in advertising by making a great blow through the papers and bringing customers to find empty shelves. When they find they have been deceived by the advertiser, customers will not come again, and then the advertiser throws the blame upon advertising, when his own negligence is the real cause of the evil. To such, advertising is indeed an evil, for the disgust arising from such deception will prevent the public generally from returning.

Advertising brings custom, a good stock of goods satisfies its wants, and courteous attention enlists its good will; these three united are bound to insure success.

REV. J. A. Gilfillan, of White Earth Agency, writes a letter to the Brainerd TRIBUNE in reply to some doubts expressed by the editor upon the possibility of Christianizing the Indians. The Reverend gentleman compares the savages with the citizens of Brainerd, much to the disparagement of the Brainerdites. He said that he had heard more swearing in five minutes in Brainerd than he heard in over four years among the Indians; he never heard an Indian swear; he saw more drunk men in Brainerd in an hour than he ever saw among the Indians; more drinking, swearing, gambling, rows, fights, and scenes of wickedness in Brainerd in one night than among the red men in five years. Mr. Gilfillan was formerly pastor in Brainerd, and, judging from his comparison, it were better far that he had remained laboring among the benighted heathens of that place, than to have wandered off among the Indians of White Earth, where sin, wickedness and vice are unknown. Bro. Hartley of the TRIBUNE proposes to reply to the reverend gentleman in his next issue.—[St. Cloud Times.

Editor Brainerd Tribune:

Though the wickedness of Brainerd citizens is most intense, according to the theory of your correspondent, our old pastor, Rev. J. A. Gilfillan, we are destined to live good long lives in which to repent of our enormous sins and seek salvation provided J. C. Rosser remains with us as our physician, judging from the efficient manner in which he is treating his patients—particularly in typhoid fever—he won't let them die. The cases of typhoid that have come to my attention deserving especial notice are those of Mrs. Henry Leland, C. J. Downs, and Kate Snyder, in which their cure was most wonderful. The Doc. is earning for himself a reputation of which any physician should feel proud, and that he may long remain with us healing our sick is the earnest wish of your

SUBSCRIBER.

BRAINERD, Sept. 27, 1877.

THE many friends of George Lewis, formerly mail agent on this road, but recently removed to the St. Paul & Duluth road, will regret to learn that he was arrested on Saturday last and held under $5,000 bonds to appear at the next term of the U. S. Court at St. Paul for robbing the mails. Twenty-one dollars in marked money, stolen from a decoy letter on the day of his attack, were found on his person. His bail bond was signed by J. A. Wheelock, and T. Driscoll, of the *Pioneer Press*, and C. J. Ultus, City Treasurer of St. Paul. Mr. Lewis' wife is a daughter of Edward Richards, city editor of the *P. P.*, and his family connections all of the highest character, and the blow upon them is very severe.

DURING his travels in the east, Mr. Campbell, of Smith & Campbell, of this place, combined business with pleasure so far as to open negotiations with New York firms for the purchase hereafter, direct from the first hands, of all his dry goods, clothing, gents' furnishing goods, hats and caps, notions, etc., etc., at the same prices given to jobbers, thus saving to his customers the profits usually paid to the middle men. The large stock ordered by him while in New York is beginning to arrive, and our citizens can prepare for some fine goods very cheap.

Wadena County Celebrated.

Chicago Tribune.

In these dull, piping times of political peace, the newspaper rooster is almost an apparition, but the use made of the fowl, untamed bird by the Wadena Tribune recently was entirely justified by the exhilarating character of the news it had to convey: *For* Wadena county, Minnesota, had received the premium at the State Fair for the largest and best variety of grain raised in the State, the first premium for the best bushel of oats, ditto as to winter rye, and, as to cheese, factory made, a medal.

One of Dame Nature's Freaks.

Calling on August 5th, at the house of A. N. Tall, 7 miles south of Wadena, we were invited to look at a young calf in the stable with its mother. It was a small, spotted, very ordinary looking calf, as it approached, but had actions similar to a young doe, and as it turned from us we discovered that its tail was flat—about three inches long, white and gray, having the same appearance of a young fawn of same size. Who can explain the cause?—Minnesota Farmer.

MR. EDGERTON, who has been in the counties along the Northern Pacific for several weeks, returned to Sauk Rapids on Saturday. He is quite enthusiastic in regard to the crops in Wadena, Otter Tail, Crow Wing and Morrison counties, and says a more abundant yield could not have been expected. He also informs us that when he came that way on Saturday, the track of the Brainerd Branch had reached about six miles this side of Little Falls.—[Sauk Rapids Sentinel.

BRO. E. B. CHAMBERS, of the Fargo *Times*, was in town yesterday on business with the Land Department of the Northern Pacific. He is making preparations for an extra edition of the *Times*, to appear in a few weeks, devoted especially to the interests of the Northern Pacific country.

THE St. John, New Brunswick, *Intelligencer*, burned out in the recent fire at that place, comes to us this week in an entire new dress and heading, looking much like the old and quite natural once more. Thrice welcome, old friend.

CAPT. J. P. REA, formerly of the Minneapolis *Tribune*, has accepted an editorial position on the Bismarck *Tribune*, and passed through here this week to enter upon his new field.

THE Houston County *Journal* has exchanged the "patent out" for the "patent in," discarded the Union "ad." system, and is much improved.

RICE county has organized an "Anti-Horse Thief Association." Hemp raising will probably be one branch of its industry.

BOYS at school used to draw pictures of ships on the slate. Now they have "schooners" drawn for them and put on the slate.

BIG crop of walnuts and butternuts this season, says the Chatfield *Democrat*. Just send some of them up this way, please.

CAN'T some one go down to Eagle Lake and show the *Independent* folks how to read their proofs?

UNITED STATES District Court sets in St. Paul on Monday next, October 1st. "Be ye also ready."

CAN anybody tell us when the Republican 30th Senatorial District Convention will be called?

Democratic 30th District Convention.

The Democratic citizens of the 30th Legislative District are hereby requested to send delegates to attend a democratic district convention to be held at Sauk Rapids on Friday, the 5th day of October, 1877, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of putting in nomination one candidate for the office of State Senator, and one candidate for the office of State Representative, to be voted for at the ensuing election in November next. The following counties are entitled to representation by delegates, under the rules, as follows:

Benton 5, Morrison 8, Sherburne 4, Crow Wing 2, Mille Lacs 1.

Dated Sept. 26th, 1877.

By order of the Democratic District Committee.
JOS. CAMPBELL, Chairman.

Theories upon The Origin of Man.

There was an age in the days that were earlier;
Centuries pass'd, and his hair became curlier;
Centuries more gave a thumb to his wrist—
Then he was a Man—and a Positivist.
—*Northwestern Gaslight.*

In the age long past was an apish pate,
With twelve inches of tail and one inch of hair;
But the tail of the male got caught in a limb,
And jerked it off close to the hind end of him;
Which made him appear so much better you see,
That in envy his mate jerked the tail off of she.

Then together they roamed from the dark woods to live,
To the open prairies, Satan's hamlet to use!

One night—it was chilly—when sitting around
A log fire, to warm themselves up on the ground,
The gallant he got blamed uppish on gin,
Which singed all the hair off of spunk!
And when the poor fool came here for to span,
He rolled in the ashes and singed off from he!

Then hatless in body and sallow behind,
They wandered—more cause O Child Ethel—
Who, another more primeval mother to mate,
Found the male that had lost his tail in the same.
—*Toledo Sunday Journal.*

LOCAL.

JAY Bird.
TIME flying.
SUN shining.
FRUIT ripening.
NATURE fading.
LEAVES changing.
FARMERS plowing.
FROST withholding.
BUSINESS improving.
BEAUTIFUL morning.
WEATHER charming.
VEGETABLES growing.
CARPETBAGS thickening.
ARE everything tending to make us happy and cheerful.

THE raw-oysterous days have come.

FRESH OYSTERS at the
New La Bon Ton.

ELECTION this year occurs on November 6th.

REV. S. G. WRIGHT, Indian missionary at Leech Lake, was in town several days this week.

Look out for your turkey for Thanksgiving. He should be good and fat this year you know.

T. F. OSTRANDER, of Wadena, gave the TRIBUNE office a call Thursday morning. Come again, stranger.

A. W. CARREON, of Bismarck, D. T., gave Brainerd a call this week, shaking hands with old friends.

MAJOR J. P. MCILRATH, of St. Paul, was in town again on Tuesday, and swapped jokes at the TRIBUNE office with ye editor.

WHEN you kiss a Boston girl, she holds still till you are through, when she flares up all at once, and says: I think you should be ashamed."

THE man who borrowed two spirit levels from me will confer a favor by returning them at once, as I am in need of them myself a little while.
EDWARD WHITE.

YOU can always find what you want at J. M. Martin's store, on Fifth Street. He has a complete stock and large variety of groceries, hardware, etc., etc. See his advertisement elsewhere.

JOSEPH WHITEHEAD, contractor of the Canadian Pacific railroad, has been in town several days this week purchasing rolling stock of the Northern Pacific. Engine 21, and a number of flat cars have been sold him.

H. RASICOTT, mail carrier between Brainerd and Little Falls, and Mr. Ferrine, proprietor of the Belle Prairie House, gave us a call Thursday afternoon. Friend Rasicott carries his mail on the train now at a great saving in expense.

OLD BOREAS has been slightly "on a tear" this week—the "equinox," you know—and Dame Nature put down the blinds. She rolled them up again however, on Thursday morning, and we may take it for granted the old man is "sleeping it off."

Now is the time to hand in your "keerds for offis" and orders for tickets. Ten cents per line for the first insertion, and five cents each subsequent insertion, is all we charge for notices, and 50 cents per hundred for tickets, by the hundred or thousand, to one and all.

WE should judge the whistle at the shops is run by a rutabaga turnip, from the way it "bobs" about. Can't the company afford a time piece that will keep good time and be regular in the hours? Very many of our citizens "go by the whistle," and almost any of them could *guess* at the time better if they tried.

"WHAT is our country coming to?" excitedly exclaimed Mr. Blougher to his neighbor over the fence. "I'll tell you," screamed his wife from the kitchen door; "it'll come to a funeral, and you'll have the longest carriage all to yourself, if you don't just prance down to the store and get a No. 1004 'Domestic' Paper Fashin, right quick." And Mr. Blougher kindly allowed the country to run itself for about an hour.

Two young men, hailing from Detroit, Minn., named J. H. and Louis Liermann, were bound over in the sums of $400 and $500 respectively by Justice Hartley, on Monday last, to appear at the next term of district court in this county upon the charge of breaking into O. Erikson's shoe shop on Sixth street, in the night time on Sept. 14th last, and stealing therefrom a pair of boots and a fiddle. The principal points in the case were given to the justice in court in the voluntary testimony of the defendants themselves, amounting almost or quite to a confession.

H. A. CAMPBELL, of the firm of Smith & Campbell, of this place, returned on Tuesday last from a trip to the east as far as his old home in Nova Scotia, feeling and looking well after his summer's recreation. Mrs. Campbell, who accompanied him on the trip, stopped on their way home at Red Wing, in this State, with some friends who live there, and will remain for some weeks on a visit. Mr. Campbell speaks of the east generally as very dull, and says Minnesota—Brainerd particularly—exhibits the most life, in a business line, he has seen anywhere in his travels.

MARRIED.

SMITH—DAVIS—In this city, at the residence of the bride's mother, on Sunday last, the 23d inst., by the Rev. C. A. Cennett, THOMAS E. SMITH and MISS GERTIE L. DAVIS, all of Brainerd, but formerly of St. Cloud.

BROWN—TAYLOR—At Little Falls, Morrison county, Minn., on Tuesday last the 25th inst., at the residence of Jonathan Taylor, the bride's uncle, Ed. M. Brown, Jr., of Bismarck, D. T., assistant with the Northern Pacific, and Miss Lulu Taylor, of Little Falls. We wish the young couple joy and long life together.

DIED.

At Bismarck, Sept. 24th, of typhoid fever, Mary C., only daughter of H. G. and Lydia Gorkendall, aged two years, three months and twenty-three days.

BUSINESS NOTICE

Card of Thanks.

We are requested by Henry Leland of this place, whose wife has been at death's door with typhoid fever and is now convalescent, to tender publicly his heartfelt and warmest thanks to Dr. J. C. Rosser for his very efficient and timely treatment in her case, and he desires us further to admire the people generally, in case they are so unfortunate as to be afflicted with this dread disease, to secure Dr. Rosser's valuable services if it is at all possible to do so. The disease is entirely harmless in his hands, and a cure certain.

To the Electors of Crow Wing County.

GENTLEMEN:—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of sheriff of the county at the coming election.
Respectfully,
T. C. BOYNE.
Brainerd, Sept. 27, 1877. 4-tf

To the Electors of Crow Wing County.

GENTLEMEN:—I hereby announce myself as an independent candidate for your suffrages at the approaching election for the office of Sheriff.
Respectfully, B. F. HARTLEY.
BRAINERD, Sept. 28th, 1877. tf

To The Electors of Crow Wing County.

Having received the Republican nomination in the second district for County Commissioner, I desire to state that I do not wish to be a candidate for the office, and respectfully withdraw, recommending my supporters to vote for P. M. Lagerquist instead of myself.
CHARLES WILSON.
BRAINERD, Sept. 28th, 1877.

A. E. VEON,
Cabinet Maker & Joiner,
is prepared to receive orders for anything in his line at his
Shop, Next Door to Davenport's Old Stand,
Four doors west of the Last Turn,
WEST FRONT ST., - - BRAINERD, MINN.
1sq-290-tf

C. B. SLEEPER,
Attorney at Law,
FRONT STREET,
BRAINERD, - - - MINN.

MRS. EMMA E. FRENCH,
Laurel St., Brainerd, Minn.,
DRESSMAKER.
Particular attention paid to Ladies' and Children's Dresses and Garments. A full supply of Mme. Demorest's reliable patterns constantly on hand. Catalogues furnished free on application. Also Agent for Mme. Demorest's Magazine. All Orders by Mail Promptly attended to. Address MRS. FRENCH,
Lock Box 194. Brainerd, Minn.

DOMINION HOUSE,
Cor. Fifth and Laurel Street,
BRAINERD, - - - MINN.
E. ROMER, PROPRIETOR.
This popular house has lately been thoroughly renovated and remodeled, and is in good condition for the reception of guests. The tables are supplied with the best that can be procured in the market. Charges reasonable. Good Stabling attached.

H. W. ADDISON,
TAILOR,
Fifth St., between Front and Laurel,
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Brainerd Tribune.

W. W. HARTLEY, Publisher.

BRAINERD, - - - MINNESOTA.

SUMMARY OF THE GENERAL NEWS.

Annual Report of the Northern Pacific Railroad.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Northern Pacific railroad was held in New York on the 26th. The report for the past year up to September, 1877, showed the gross earnings of the year to be $665,828; expenses, $573,124, leaving a balance of $[illegible] —an increase of nearly 25 per cent. over last year. The report urges that congress be petioned to pass a bill extending the time for the completion of the road to the Pacific, and setting forth the advantages to accrue to the country by its construction. A resolution was adopted stating that it was the judgment of the stockholders that the construction of the road westward from the Missouri river should be forthwith commenced and eastward from the Columbia river on the Lake Pend Oreille division as soon as compatible with the best interests of the stockholders, with a view to completing the road to the Pacific. A resolution was also passed requiring the purchasing committee of bondholders to fix a day within which all bonds outstanding must be surrendered for conversion into preferred stock as provided for in the plan of reorganization adopted two years ago, all persons not surrendering to be debarred from the privilege of conversion forever afterwards. About four million dollars worth of these bonds is still outstanding.

New Jersey Republicans.

The Republican State Convention met at Trenton, N. J., on the 25th, and Gen. Judson Kilpatrick was chosen permanent chairman. Wm. A. Newell was nominated for Governor, and a platform adopted reaffirming the national Republican platform of 1876. Resolutions were also adopted affirming the President's title to his office, and condemning Democratic efforts to throw discredit thereon, and cordially recognizing the earnestness and sincerity with President Hayes in laboring to promote reconciliation in all sections of the country and to secure an economical administration of the business of the country. The country is also congratulated upon the progress made toward specie resumption and a demand is made for the restoration of a uniform standard throughout the world at a not later date than that now fixed by law. Other resolutions denounce the candidate for Governor of the democracy, as an alien and not identified with the interests of the State, and favor reduction of interest rates to six per cent. "as the obvious demand of sound public policy, and should be accomplished by explicit legislation at the earliest possible moment."

Canadian Money Stolen in the Mails.

Large sums of Canadian money sent through the mails have been stolen at various points in this country. Detectives have for some time past been working up such cases. Recently $5,000 of Canadian money was presented to a broker in Chicago by a woman, who received in return therefor American bills. She has not been seen since. Soon afterwards in was reported that $5,000 had been lost in the American mails. The officers are working on this clue, although their movements have been kept secret and little beyond these facts are known.

Reply to President McMahon.

An address to the nation, signed by a number of Parisian and provincial candidates for the chamber of deputies, representing all shades of republicanism, was published on the 21st. It replies point by point to President McMahon's manifesto. The following is the concluding paragraph: "Your duty will increase with the audacity of those who will presume to impose themselves on France. You cannot become the instrument of clerricalism. The republic must have republican functionaries, and the country expects order, peace and stability through the republic."

Sturgis' Fight with the Nez Perces.

Gen. Sturgis writes, under date of Mussel Shell, Sept. 10, that in a fight on the 13th and pursuit on the 14th and 15th, twenty dead warriors were found, and he believed more were killed. He estimates the loss in wounded at sixty. His own is French, Nicholson and Gresham wounded slightly; four soldiers killed and ten wounded. Several scouts killed and wounded. Nine hundred horses were dropped by hostiles up to the 16th, and he had dropped many of his own horses. The command had been living five days on mule meat.

The Middlings Purifier.

Arguments on motion for tempo rar injunction made by the American middlings purifier company to enjoin certain millers in St. Louis from using an alleged infringement of their patent process making flour, which has been argued in the United States supreme court for three days past, terminated on the evening of the 22nd, and the case was taken under advisement. The motion was elaborately argued by half a dozen of the most prominent and successful lawyers in the country, and the case has attracted a great deal of attention.

The Middlings Purifier Patent.

Justice Miller delivered a decision in the United States circuit court Sept. 24th, in the case of the American Middlings Purifier company, against the various millers of this city. It refuses the injunction applied for, but requires the millers using the flour-making process in dispute, to make a report monthly to the court of the amount of flour made by them, and to allow the plaintiffs to examine their mills if they desire to do so. The case will come up on its merits at the next spring session of the courts, if the plaintiffs so elect. The defendants are ready for trial at any time.

The President's Journey.

The President and party on their Southern tour reached Lynchburg, Va., on the 24th under the escort of prominent citizens headed by Hon. Thomas A. Boocek, former speaker of the national House of Representatives, and were greeted by a large concourse of people. Upon being conducted to the Norvell House the President made a speech and was followed by Secretaries Evarts and Key. Next day the party left for Charlottesville to visit Monticello, the home and burial place of Thomas Jefferson.

Destructive Fire in the Patent Office.

On the 24th inst., a fire broke out in the Patent Office Building in Washington and before its headway could be stopped the building was injured to the extent of nearly $500,000 and 50,000 valuable models destroyed. The fire broke out in the model room in the attic and is thought to have originated from spontaneous combustion among a lot of non-patented chemical matter stored in the attic. It is supposed the fire had been smouldering under the roof for some time before it was discovered.

The Political Feeting in France.

A correspondent at Paris telegraphs, the electoral period namely: that in which public meetings may be held has now been open two days, but there has been no excitement in consequence, where meetings are not necessary, as the success of the Republicans is an almost foregone conclusion in the remote provincial districts. However, no idea can be formed abroad of the bitterness already arising between political parties. They are like two hostile nations confronting each other and ready to come to blows. Never before did this painful animosity attain the intensity to which it has been growing since the 16th of May.

Attempt to Rob a Railroad Train.

A train on the Illinois Central railroad was thrown from the track at Sandoval, Ill., at 4 o'clock on the morning of Sept., 25th, killing seven of the passengers and seriously injuring a number of others. Masked men had been seen through the moonlight by the passengers from the car windows before the accident, but afterwards did not make their appearance. It is supposed that they intended to plunder and rob the passengers, but for some reasons were frightened away.

Cattle Thieves Roughly Handled.

A Fort Ellis Kansas letter states that several thousand cattle were run off some days ago from Cheyenne County by about a dozen cattle thieves who started northward with them. During the night the thieves were overtaken by a party of fifteen rangers who killed seven, hung one more and recovered all their cattle. None of the rangers were hurt. The capture took place in Northwestern Kansas.

Continuation of the President's Journey.

From Chattanooga the Presidential party moved on to Knoxville, Tenn., where they were received by a large concourse of citizens and University cadets to the Lamar House, where the usual speeches were made. Later in the day the points of interest about the city were visited and in the evening a reception was tendered them at the house of Col. McGhee, after which they again took the cars en route to Atlanta, Ga.

Indicting the Thieves.

Sydney Myers, president of the Merchant', Farmers' and Mechanics Savings bank, of Chicago which suspended last week, has been indicted by the grand jury for embezzling $300,000, and was subsequently lodged in jail in default of $200,000 bail. The grand jury also indicted the officers of the defunct Protection Life insurance company on a charge of defrauding its policy holders.

Manifesto of French Extremists.

The radical social Republicans of Paris have issued a manifesto attacking the government and supporters of Gambetta. The manifesto demands amnesty for Communists, abolition of the budget and of public worship, the expulsion of the Jesuits, substitution of an armed nation for a standing army, and a single progressive tax for all existing taxes, and the abolition of the presidency and senate.

Examining Public Buildings.

At the cabinet session on the 26th it was decided that the secretary of war and of the treasury should select a commission of three competent architects and engineers to examine all public buildings in Washington and report as to whether they are fire proof or not, and make such suggestions as they deem proper to render these buildings safe against conflagrations.

Presidential Reception at Atlanta.

Early on the 23d, the President's party arrived in Atlanta, Ga., where they were most hospitably received by Mayor Angire in behalf of the city, and by Gov. Colquitt for the people of the State, who in the presence of 10,000 persons welcomed the President in an eloquent speech. The President in reply made a lengthy speech and in the evening, a grand banquet was served after which the party left for Knoxville, Tenn.

Winding up of the President's Tour.

The Presidential party arrived in Washington on the 25th from their Southern tour, having left Lynchburg in the morning and stopped for a while at Charlottesville where they visited the University of Virginia and were thence driven to Monticello the home of Thomas Jefferson. After dinner at the Farish house, the party started homeward at 4 o'clock, arriving in Washington at 8:30.

Honoring Revolutionary Heroes.

The dedication of the new Paoli monument at Paoli, Pa., in honor of fifty-three American soldiers under General Anthony Wayne, killed by the British troops under Gen. Grey, one hundred years ago, took place on the 20th, Hon. Wayne McVeigh being the orator of the day. Among those present were Gov. Hartranft and a grandson of Anthony Wayne. The attendance was large.

I. O. O. F. Grand Lodge Matters.

The grand lodge of I. O. O. F. in session in Baltimore Sept. 22nd, has selected Austin, Texas, for the next annual meeting. The initiations the past year have diminished [illegible],000 compared with the previous year; revenue about $260,000; number dropped for nonpayment of dues, increased about 5,000. The appeal of M. C. Eames from the grand lodge of Illinois, was dismissed.

Issue of National Bank Notes.

The comptroller of the currency says the additional circulation of national bank notes issued during the present month will not be less than a million dollars, and the indications are that a much larger amount will be issued during October and November for the purpose of supplying the banks with currency necessary for the movement of the crops.

A Fever-stricken Ship.

The whaling schooner Charles Thompson, of Provincetown, Mass., arrived at New York on the 13th from a cruise via Fernandina Fla., in charge of the mate of the bark Cinque which vessel found the Thompson drifting about without a navigator, Capt. Leach having died of the yellow fever and the mates being down with the same disease.

The Famine in India.

Plenteous rain has fallen in many of the worst famine districts. Agricultural work is active and crops are making rapid progress. There can be no reasonable doubt that the tide of the great calamity has been turned, but a vast number of those who survive actual famine must still succumb from their enfeebled condition.

The Patent Office Fire.

Thirty thousand models were destroyed at the Patent Office fire, though some accounts place the number as high as 100,000. The value of the property destroyed will aggregate $1,500,000 though as is probable this is a high estimate. A temporary roof is to be put on and business will be speedily resumed.

Land Office Matters.

Secretary Schurz and Commissioner Williamson, of the Land office are giving much attention to the methods by which within the past three or four years, large tracts of public lands have been obtained as results of the rights given soldiers to make additional entries.

Maryland Republicans Renew Their Pledge.

The Maryland State Republican Convention met in Baltimore on the 20th, J. Henry Sellman presiding, and nominated Dr. E. G. Porter for Comptroller. Resolutions were then adopted warmly commending the southern policy of the President and demanding specie resumption.

[illegible]

At 2 o'clock on the morning of the 21st [illegible] Chickasaw county, Iowa, which destroyed twenty-six business houses and five grain warehouses. Loss, fifty thousand dollars; insurance, unknown.

THE CONFLICT IN THE OLD WORLD

It is stated in well informed circles that the Porte will not accept mediation while a Russian soldier remains on Turkish soil, nor will it consent to an armistice unless the basis of subsequent peace proposals are at the same time defined. Chevkel Pasha, commanding the relieving force at Orchanie, has communicated with Osman Pasha. The revictualling of Plevna is therefore expected ver shortly.

It is reported at Constantinople that a great battle was fought Sept., 21st, at Biela lasting from nine in the morning till 7 in the evening, and that the Russians were completely defeated. A dispatch from Shumla asserts that the Russians lost 4,000 killed and 8,000 wounded in the battle.

No official intelligence yet received from either side concerning the reported battle at Biela on the 21st. Special from Bucharest next day says there has been severe indecisive fighting for two days between the Czarowitch and Mehemet Ali. The Russians still hold Biela. Another report is that the Russian headquarters have retired to Tistova. Osman Pasha attacked Grivica redoubt on the night of the 20th, and was repulsed with heavy loss.

Mehemet Ali's reported victory turns out to be a defeat. A Russian bulletin announces that at "the close of the engagement we held all our positions." A renewal of the attack is expected. There is no estimate of the losses. A correspondent calls the affair an offensive reconnoissance by ten battalions. The enemy occupy the opposite banks of the Bonica Lom. There is a steam ferry between Pyrgos and Parapan. This indicates that the Russians are recovering lost ground.

An Orchanie special says preparations are making for an advance of all the troops now here towards Plevna. They include large numbers of Circassians belonging to the sultan's guard, some regular Ibanian battalions and members of undisciplined irregulars. Another immense convoy of provisions and munitions of war is on the point of starting for Plevna, escorted by a division.

Correspondents confirm the report that Plevna was revictualed and reinforced on the 23d inst, by twenty battalions of infantry, two batteries of artillery and 20,000 cavalry, and an immense quantity of food and ammunition. It is stated that rainy weather is impeding operations. Osman Pasha reports three considerable engagements since the 12th inst., in all of which the Turks were victorious. Osman Pasha's position is now believed to be secure, and the impression at Constantinople and Sophia is that the Russians and Roumanians are withdrawing gradually from the attempt against Plevna.

McMAHON'S EDICT.

It Looks Like Revolution in France.

The following is the full text of McMahon's manfesto:

FRENCHMEN: You are about to be called upon to nominate your representatives in the chamber of deputies. I do not assume to exercise any pressure upon your choice, but I feel bound to dispel any doubt upon what you are about to do. What I have done is this:- For the last four years I have maintained peace, and the personal confidence with which I am honored by foreign sovereigns enables me daily to render our relations with all powers more cordial at home. Public order has never been disturbed for a moment, owing to the policy of concord which brought around men devoted before all things to their country. Public prosperity, momentarily arrested by our misfortunes, has recovered its elasticity. The general wealth has increased notwithstanding the heavy burdens borne by the people. The national credit has been strengthened, and France, peaceable and confident at the same time, sees her army always worthy of her, reconstructed upon a new basis.

These great results were, however, threatened with danger. The chamber of deputies daily throwing off the leadership of moderate men and more and more dominated by the avowed leaders of the radical party, at length forgot the share of authority which belonged to me and which I could not allow to be diminished, without invading the honor of my name before you and before history. Contesting at the same time my rightful influence in the senate, the chamber of deputies aimed at nothing less than substituting for the necessary equilibrium of public powers established by the constitution, the despotism of a new convention. Hesitation was no longer permissible. Exercising my constitutional right and in conformity with the opinion of the senate, I dissolved the chamber of deputies. It is now for you to speak. They tell you I seek to overthrow the republic. But you will not believe it.

The constitution is entrusted to my guardianship and I will make it respected. What I look for from you is the election of a chamber which, rising itself above party rivalries, will occupy itself before all things with the country's affairs. At the last election an abuse was made of my name among those who then proclaimed themselves my friends. Many have not ceased to oppose me. People will speak to you of their devotion to my person and assert that they only attack my ministers. Do not be duped by this artifice. To frustrate it my government will designate among the candidates those who alone are authorized to make use of my name. You will naturally consider the bearing of your votes. Elections favorable to my policy will facilitate the regular conduct of the existing government. They will affirm principles of authority opposed by demagogues and will assure order and peace. Hostile elections would aggravate a conflict between public powers as well as impede the course of business and maintain agitation, and France in the midst of these fresh complications would become for Europe an object of distrust.

As for myself, my duty would increase with the danger. I could not obey the mandates of demagogues. I could neither become the instrument of radicalism nor abandon the post in which the constitution has placed me. I shall remain to defend the conservative interests with the support of the senate, and shall energetically protect the faithful public, who at a difficult move have not allowed themselves to be intimidated by vain threats. Frenchmen, I wait with full confidence the manifestation of your sentiments. After so many trials France desires stability, order and peace, and with God's help we will secure to the country these benefits. You will listen to the words of a soldier who serves no party and no revolutionary or unmanageable ambition, and who is guided by nothing but love for his country.

The manifesto is countersigned by the minister of the interior. The [illegible] has the date of the dissolution [illegible] October 14th will be [illegible]

MINNESOTA IN 1877.

[illegible] on many [illegible]

To the Chamber of Commerce [illegible] and Board of Trade, Minneapolis:

GENTLEMEN: The undersigned committee, representing the chamber of commerce, St. Paul, and board of trade, Minneapolis, to whom was referred the matter of obtaining such statistical information as deemed necessary to the interest of agriculture and immigration at the recent State Fair, would respectfully represent that in obedience to the duty assigned them, they attended the fair during its continuance, and from what they were enabled to gather on that occasion, as from personal observation, they would report:

That the wheat crop of 1877 in Minnesota far surpasses that of any previous year. Never in the history of the Northwest has there been such a bountiful harvest. It is too early in the season to give a close estimate of the number of bushels produced in the State, but your committee feel justified in placing the product in excess of $3,000,000 bushels. The lasting properties contained in the soil of Minnesota for the propagation of wheat is remarkable. In a number of instances your committee have reliable instances of over twenty bushels to the acre on land which has been in cultivation for more than twenty-five years, and upon which no fertilizers or manure has ever been used, but wheat year after year has been grown in the same fields, and the product of the last crop as good as the first, when the land was new. While your committee cannot approve of such a constant and continual drain upon the soil, the fact is only mentioned as an instance of the extraordinary fertility and endurance of the wheat lands in question.

When we consider that but a minor portion of the arable lands of the State in cultivation at this time, and that millions of acres of just as rich, fertile lands are now opened for settlement, as those which have already been occupied by the husbandman, and have every convenience necessary for the emigrant, being readily reached by the different railroads and the public highways, and embraced in one of the most healthy, vigorous climates, capable, with the proper cultivation, of producing copious crops of wheat, oats, corn, barley, potatoes, and vegetables of many varieties, together with stock, it would seem proper that the chamber of commerce of St. Paul, and the board of trade of Minneapolis should take immediate steps, and act in conjunction with the State and other authorities, with a view of an early occupation by emigration of those broad vast tracts, which, when once settled upon, will add so much to the wealth of the State and to the prosperity of St. Paul, Minneapolis and, the other cities and towns within our boundaries.

It would seem that most of the wheat crop for 1877 is of such a superior quality that it is graded as No. 1. For instance, out of over 50,000 bushels sold one day to the millers of Minneapolis, less than 800 bushels was graded as No. 2, and none under that grade.

From the sources of information gathered at the fair, your committee are led to the conclusion that the product of oats and barley this season has been more than an average crop. It appears that an unusually large breadth of land was set aside by the farmers last spring throughout the State for the purpose of seeding it with these two varieties of grain, and that the yield is very heavy. Returns from the State indicate something less than the average yield of corn, yet the product will be creditable. Potatoes will not be an abundant, but fair crop, while vegetables will hardly be an average. In relation to fruit the crop is light. These are the opinions of those in attendance at the fair.

A great interest is being developed in regard to the growth of stock. It is demonstrated beyond all doubt that in all portions of the continent where the agriculturist devotes attention to this branch of industry the farmers are forehanded, thrifty and have the most wealth. The stock producing counties of New York, for example, are much more wealthy than the exclusive grain regions of the Genesee valley. Vermont has become rich with her dairy, sheep and horses.

The portions of the west which have for the past few years been afflicted with the grasshopper plague have not suffered to any extent where the farmers were mostly engaged in the the manufacture of cheese, butter and raising stock.

Our climate and soil appears to be peculiarly adapted for grazing purposes. Its healthfulness for cattle of every kind is well established. The abundant and prolific yield of both tame and wild or natural grasses, of every description incident to the west, affords abundant and cheap pasturage during the summer, and the choicest hay for winter, which is produced at less expense per ton than in most any of the States in the Union. If necessary your committee could refer to count less instances in regard to the profit of raising stock in the State. The demand for horses has always been in excess of the supply. Thousands are introduced into our midst every year from the adjoining States. The demand will increase as the country west of us becomes settled. Choice herds of cattle have been imported into the State during the past few years, and attended in every instance, as far as your committee have been able to learn, with much profit to the enterprising parties who embarked in the lucrative business. The dairy is being introduced in the shape of cheese and butter factories in many neighborhoods, and attended with much success. It appears that shipments of both these home products have been made to England, with satisfactory results. The sheep fold to some extent has been neglected, but those who have engaged in wool growing are greatly encouraged. Stocks of sheep which have been brought from the east, have, with their progeny improved to such an extent by the influence of our climate, that they have been purchased by those from whom they were originally bought, and transported east, to improve the breed of their stock. The wool becomes of a finer texture produced in the State, and an increase in the size of the carcass of the sheep.

The superiority of our beef over that of a more southern latitude is well known to the outside world. To such an extent is our beef desired in the army, that the frontier posts are mostly supplied with Minnesota beef. Frequently, stock which has been raised in Texas, but fattened in the valleys in the West, in order to fit the beef for market has come in competition with our beef, and the preference is universally in our favor.

A gratifying part of the recent exhibition was the display made by the farmers residing on the line of the Northern Pacific. Comparatively speaking, this section of the State is new. When fully settled and developed, as it will be in the near future, it will add much to our resources. In this connection, your committee would add, that from the force shown, in southwestern Minnesota, through out the whole length of this State to the Manitoba Branch, with tracts of lands of the very best quality should receive the attention of those seeking new homes in the West. It is unnecessary to say that the Winona & St. Peter, the St. Paul & Sioux City, the Hastings & Dakota the St. Paul & Pacific, as well as the Northern Pacific railroads traverse through these lands, which afford such facilities to emigration.

It affords your committee much pleasure to report that the fair was successful in every department. All of the different classes were fully represented, which proved conclusively the rapid growth and development of the rich agricultural, manufacturing, mechanical and horticultural interests of the State.

Herewith your committee transmits to your respective bodies an interesting and instructive report made to them by Prof. Lacy, of the Minnesota State Agricultural College in regard to the participation at the fair by that department.

In conclusion, your committee would congratulate the managers of the late fair for the grand success which attended their efforts. At the same time they return their most profound thanks for the many courtesies received from their hands.

Respectfully submitted,

BENJ. THOMPSON,

on the part of the Chamber of Commerce, St. Paul.

FRANKLIN STEELE,

Board of Trade, Minneapolis.

Minnesota News.

HOUSTON.

The Caledonia post office was entered by a burglar on the night of the 10th, and nickles, pennies and stamps to the amount o eight dollars abstracted....While Anthony Molitor, of Caledonia was engaged in working about a thresher one day last week, his right hand was caught in the pinion wheel of the power and almost instantly severed from the arm....The farmers of Money Creek are hauling their wheat to Winona, as it is ten cents higher in that market than in Houston. ....A large quantity of sweet potatoes were raised about Hokah this season.

WINONA.

Hattie, the six-year old daughter of Miles Growt, of St. Charles, was taken with cramps and died, shortly after eating a quantity of black cherries, supposed to have been poison ivy berries....The merchants and tradesmen of St. Charles are kept busy from ony morn to dewy eve.

BLUE EARTH.

A car loaded with merchandize was recently burned on the track, near Mankato. It caught fire while in motion....A sample of light dry sugar granulated from syrup made from cane grown in Blue Earth county was exhibited at the Fair by Geo. Gilley, of Cambria. In quality it equalled the best New Orleans, and was simply strained through a bag....Rev. A. Spor, formerly rector of St. John's parish, in Mankato, but recently located in Caledonia, Houston county, was thrown from his carriage in that place and sustained such serious injuries that death resulted shortly thereafter.

NICOLLET.

The dog-poisoners are operating in St. Peter....The Convention to send delegates to the Liberal Democratic and Peoples' Independent Judicial Convention to be held at New Ulm Sept. 27th, was held in St. Peter on the 15th and adopted resolutions endorsing E. St. Julien Cox for Judge of the Ninth Judicial District. Nine delegates were elected as follows: Delegates—P. H. McDermid, Jos. Reinhardt, Henry Patche, John Horner, Wolfgang Preisinger, G. P. Hall, Ole Loftus, E. J. Boys, Michael Koenig. Alternates—B. H. Randall, A. L. Sackett, Fred Fritag, Jas Robinson, N. P. Clark, Joseph Searles, Thomas Hughes, Chas, Koltgen, August Lillegren.... Henry Moll and Samuel Dunning of St. Peter will take 50 head of cattle to Buel Agency and also 250 cows to Standing Rock agency the latter to be delivered at Fort Thompson.

DAKOTA.

On the evening of the 16th, two freight trains, running at full speed in opposite directions collided on a curve near Rosemount both engines being literally smashed to pieces as were also several cars of both trains, and the whole piled up in a huge mass across and on either side of the track. The train men all escaped without injury.

HENNEPIN.

The Republican legislative convention for the 26th district met in Minneapolis on the 21st and nominated Charles A. Pillsbury for Senator, and Loren Fletcher, W. H Johnson, J. H. Clark and Geo. H. Johnson for Representatives. On the same day the Republican convention for the 27th Legislative district was held and the following nominated for representatives: A. R. Hall, A. J. Smith and Peter Weinant.

GRANT.

The Republican Convention met at Elbow Lake on the 15th inst., and nominated the following ticket: County Auditor, H. A. Langlie, Pomme de Terre; Treasurer, D. F. Breen, Lien; Register of deeds, Ole Larson, Pomme de Terre; Judge of Probate, L. L. Tobiason, Pomme de Terre; Surveyor, Peder Erlandson, Lien; Sup't. of Schools, Thomas B. Hodgson, Herman; Coroner, John Oleson, Herman; Commissioner, 1st District, Ole Johnson, Pomme de Terre.

CHISAGO.

On the afternoon of the 21st, at Rock Creek, Erastus Edgerton, a son of Judge Edgerton of St. Paul, in jumping from a moving train was thrown violently upon the ground and seriously injured about the head.

WYKANDA.

A new town called Lake George has been organized....The County Fair is to be held at St. Cloud in October.

MORRISON.

Track was laid to a point one and a half miles north of Little Falls on the night of the 19th.

NOBLES.

Peter Belford the young man who accidentally shot himself in a saloon some time ago is rapidly recovering....Mort Twitchell has the contract for building chimneys for all the tank houses on the St. P. & S. C. road between St. James and Sioux City.

RENVILLE.

It is rumored that R. W. Davis, Geo Frey and Sim. Burch, of Vicksburg, have sold their farms to a "rich Kentuckian," who is about to engage in stock-raising. It is further reported, however, that the "gentleman from Kentucky" has suddenly disappeared in the midst of "negotiations," taking with him a shot gun and a certain sum of money, the property of Wm. F. Basde, of Vicksburg.

DODGE.

A Claremont medical man recently encountered a pole-cat in the street with disastrous results to the biped and not the quadruped....M. W. Pendergast of Concord was serious injured by a runaway team on the 17th....Flush times are reported in nearly all the towns and the merchants are correspondingly happy.

RICE.

Some years ago a man named T. Hargrave came from Pennsylvania to Dundas and settling there, married last June, a widow lady named Evans. All went smoothly until the 6th, when a middle-aged lady accompanied by two boys 15 and 13 years old arrived in Dundas and claimed the tenant Hargreve as her own. Hargrave admits living with her four years, but refuses to acknowledge her as his wife and return to his first love although tempted with an offer of a partnership in 160 acres of good land in the Keystone State and the payment of all expenses thither. At last accounts, Mrs. Evans was awaiting the arrival of her marriage certificate, prior to making things lively generally in and about the Hargrave mansion....A stalk of corn over 12 feet high is exhibited in Dundas. It was grown on the farm of Thomas Ralph of that town.

SHERBURNE.

John Norquist, of Red Wing, has grown this season, clover, timothy, various other grasses, all plants and of excellent flavor, and aggregating between 3,000 and 4,000 pounds. They embrace the following varities: Concord, Rogers No. 15, Rogers No. 19, Taylor's Bullet, Black Hamburg, Martha, Northern Muscadine, Delaware, Oporto, Clinton and Canadian....Prof. W. R. Wilson, J. C. McClure, present county attorney and Jonathan Piney, are named as candidates for State senator before the Republican convention of the 16th Senatorial district.

RICE.

B. Sampson raised five hundred and forty bushels of wheat from twelve acres of land, which weighed sixty-four pounds to the bushel....An unusually large harvest is reported in the Red Lake Colony.

SWIFT.

New oats are worth thirty cents at Benson....Land entries at the Benson Land office are numerous....Trains loaded with ties and iron for the Glyndon Cut-off, pass Benson daily.

SCOTT.

A Shakopee man, while duck-hunting fired a charge of double "B" shot through his companion's car, and killed two ducks.

CARVER.

A cigar manufactory has been started at Chaska....Twenty-three persons, eleven males and twelve females have been examined for teachers in the public schools. Quite a number of them were from Hennepin county. ....The brick yards will soon shut down for the season....At a special town meeting recently, Chaska voted to issue new bonds for the unpaid Court House indebtedness amounting to about $3,000 at 10 per cent. interest. When this is paid, the village will be free from debt.

STEVENS.

The general average of the wheat crop of the county is almost twenty bushels to the acre....Geo. Johnson, of Herman, harvested 321 bushels of No. 1 wheat, from 18 acres which in the spring were badly ravaged by the grasshoppers....H. W. Stone, Sr., has been appointed chairman of the Board of County commissioners, vice C. Wintermute resigned....A report is current that Donnelly will be made the terminus of the 1st Division of the St. Paul & Pacific railroad, and that the company's machine shops will be located there.

STEELE.

The names of 97 students are enrolled upon the books of the Minnesota academy at Owatonna....Owatonna Lodge No. 26 A. O. U. W. was instituted on the 18th....A fourteen year old boy named Alexander C. Fenne was seriously hurt on the 16th, by the falling upon him of a horse which he was endeavoring to prevent running away.

TODD.

Millions of grasshoppers were seen flying over Long Prairie on the 18th, going in a southeast direction....It is reported that a party of Indians recently left one of their number, a squaw aged one hundred and eleven years, to die in a lonely wigwam on the banks of the Long Prairie, one mile from Motley. She had become too old and feeble to follow them in their wanderings, so they built a small wigwam, rolled her in a blanket, and placing her therein, abandoned her to her fate.

Woman, or Tigress?

It is rarely that a Judge has had occasion to excoriate either a plaintiff or a defendant as severely as Judge Van Brunt was provoked to do in dismissing the suit of the Countess Heinrueth. This woman, however, is simply only one of the cleverest of her class. There are scores of others in New York who differ from her only in capacity for intrigue and fraud. I now have in mind a woman who has been preying upon every one she could reach during the fifteen years. She has been arrested and tried at least half a dozen times, but so cunningly were all her frauds executed that it has been impossible for the law to get a hold of her, and she is still free to carry on her schemes of blackmail.

A few years ago this woman, who is the mother of three grown-up daughters, forced her way into the house of a Judge, now, dead, whose daughter was about to marry a man whom the adventuress claimed as her husband. The marriage was to take place next morning. The woman burst into a parlor where the Judge and his daughter, and also the intended bridegroom and some friends, were passing a social evening, and pounced upon her victim like a tigress She was finally put out of doors, but not until she had said enough to effect a postponement of the marriage. It took place some afterward, but the woman still asserted her claim and took every means to annoy and torment the husband and wife. She followed them in the street, abusing them like a fishwife, and pointing out the man to passers-by as a scoundrel and a bigamist, and her persecution became so intolerable that the wife at last was afraid to go out of doors.

Fear of public scandal prevented the Judge from having the adventuress arrested. The constant wrong so wore upon him that he broke down, and two years after the marriage he died. The repeated allegations of the woman so prejudiced him against his son-in-law that he excluded him altogether from his will. This led to further trouble. The daughter, who had been carefully provided for, was prevailed upon by her husband, to whom she still clung, to contest her father's will, and a long litigation followed. While it was pending the contestant fell sick and died, but the fight over her father's property is still going on, the husband continuing it as his wife's executor. Meanwhile, the woman whose claims, shouted at the street corners, were the original cause of all the trouble and scandal in the family, goes about boasting of what she has done, and seeking new opportunities to pluck the unsuspecting. She is over 50 years old.

A Child's Heroism.

"Mother, I saved the house, but I shall die," said a six-year-old girl to Mrs. Theodore Markham, as she entered her home at High Market, Lewis county, one day recently. The child, while attempting to light a lamp to warm some milk for a baby, set fire to her clothing. Her first thought was to run out of doors, fearing that the house would be burned and the baby be hurt, but noticing that shreds of her clothing had fallen upon the floor, she carefully extinguished the flames. Then she ran to a horse trough in the yard and plunged into the water. Returning to the house, she waited patiently for her mother to return. She died an hour after the accident.

Latest Markets.

MILWAUKEE.

GRAIN—Wheat, No. 1, hard, $1.20½; No. 1, $1.19½; No. 2, $1.16½; seller September, $1.15¾; seller October, $1.09¾; No. 2, $1.15¼. Corn, No. 3, 43½c. Oats, No. 3, 24½c. Rye, No. 1, 56½c. Barley, No. 2, cash and seller September, 65½c; seller October, nominally 60½c.

CHICAGO.

FLOUR—Western, $4.50@6.25; choice fancy Minnesota, $7.00@7.50; common to fair do., $6.25@6.75; Minnesota patent, $7.50@8.00; superfine, $3.[illegible]@[illegible]; winter extras, $3.[illegible]@7.00.

GRAIN—Wheat, No. 1 Chicago, $1.16@1.19 cash; No. 2 Chicago, $1.14 cash; $1.13¾ seller September; sales at $1.11¾@1.14¼ seller September; $1.09¾@1.08¾ seller October; $1.03¾ seller the year; No. 3 Chicago, $1.10. Corn, 43¼c. cash; 43¼c. seller October; rejected 42c. Oats, 24c. cash; 24¼c. seller September; 24¼c. seller October; rejected [illegible]. Rye, 56@56½c. Barley, 65½c.

PROVISIONS—Pork, $10.20 cash and seller September; $10.20 seller October. Lard, $8.55 cash; $8.90½ seller October; $8.30 seller year. Bulk meats, shoulders, 6¼c.; short rib, 7¼c. short clear, 7¾c.; these prices for boxed, cash.

To remove dandruff, wash the scalp frequently with bay rum and borax, which will raise a lather, and rinse off with cold water.

To a Gorilla in a Menagerie.

"O mighty ape!
Half beast, half man,
Thy uncouth shape,
Betrays a plan
The gulf of Being at a bound to span.
Thou art the link between ourselves and brutes
Lifting the lower to a higher plane;
Thy human face all cavilers refutes,
Who sneer at Darwin as a dreamer vain.
How came thou beneath this canvas tent?
Within this cage? behind these iron bars?
Thou, whose young days in tropic lands were spent,
With strange companions, under foreign stars?
Art thou not lonely? what is life to thee
Thus mewed in prison, innocent of crime,
Become a spectacle for crowds to see,
And reckless boys to jeer at all the time?
Hast thou no feelings such as we possess;
Art thou devoid of any sense of shame?
Rise up, O brother, and thy wrongs redress;
Rise in thy might, and be no longer tame!"

I paused in my apostrophe; the animal arose;
He seized the bars that penned him in; my blood in terror froze;
He shook the cage from side to side; the frightened people fled;
Then in a tone of savage wrath the horrid monster said:
"I'm hired by the wake to wear the dhirty craythur's shkin;
I come from Tipperary, and my name is Mike Flynn."—*Scribner for June.*

Bound to the Track.

An old German named John Schmezig, scarcely able to walk from illness, might have been seen on our streets on Friday last, begging for bread. He is sixty-five years old, and is slowly recovering from a protracted spell of sickness. The old man reached Cairo, after a trip of 150 miles, every step of which was made on foot, notwithstanding his feeble condition. He started with ten dollars in his pocket and made his journey on foot in the hope that on his arrival in Cairo he would have money enough left to pay his passage to Troy, Ind., near which place he hoped to find a brother. At a point on the Illinois Central railroad, a few miles below Du Quoin, he met a couple of negro men who halted him, roughly threw him to the ground, and proceeded to rob him. He had seven of the ten dollars, and this sum the negroes appropriated; but their cupidity was not yet satisfied. They stripped him of every article of clothing he had on his person, including his stockings and neckerchief. The old man as naked as when he first came into the world now attempted to make his way into a friendly clump of bushes, but the fiends again overhauled him, brought him back to the railroad track, and roughly flung him down. Tearing the shirt they had torn from his back into strips, they bound him hand and foot and then lashed his head upon the rail that the first train passing might crush it from the body. The mere contemplation of such cold-blooded fiendishness brings a shudder of horror. A half hour or more elapsed, and the old man, still tied to the rail, heard the clattering of an approaching train. He struggled desperately to relieve himself, and at the very moment the train (which proved to be a handcar filled with section men) stopped, he succeeded in freeing himself. He then told his story, was furnished by one of the men with a pair of overalls, another gave him a common white shirt, and at a neighboring house he secured an old pair of shoes and a hat, and in this garb he reached Cairo. —*Cairo Bulletin.*

Management of Children.

"See mamma, see what I have done!" said little three-and-a-half year old Flossy, as she held up to view the flowering stem of a choice Amaryllis that I had been watching and caring for so tenderly, and now, when it was about to reward me, this little mischief had plucked it!

I looked at my poor flower, then at my little white-haired daughter's upturned face. She stood eying me closely, knowing that she had done wrong, and wondering as to the result. I mildly replied: "I see, daughter; let mamma put it in water," and as she ran out I called after her, "Flossy, I prefer that you should not pick any more flowers off, but then you can do as you choose."

"Well," said Mrs. B., who happened to be in at the time, "and is that all you are going to say to her? If one of my children had done that, I would have shaken her well, I can tell you." "Yes," I said, and the next time she would be almost certain not to tell you of anything wrong that she had done, knowing that punishment would surely follow. My dear Mrs. B., we make our children untruthful and deceitful through fear. Now, suppose I had punished Flossy, is she going to tell me of the next flower that she breaks off, and be punished again? No, she would sooner hide it, and then when questioned, would perhaps add falsehood to deceit. Sometime during the day, I shall talk to her of the flower, and I trust that the little lesson may not be in vain. She loves flowers, and to gather their bright, gay colors, is such a temptation that she cannot resist it. Sometimes she makes sad havoc, but so long as she tells me it is all right; for I would rather have her destroy every plant in the garden than that she should tell me one lie."

"That sounds very well," said my caller as she arose to go, "but then it is not my way of doing. I suppose, however, that we are all entitled to our own way of thinking." As the door closed behind her I thought that it was a pity for her poor children's sake, that it had not been her way of thinking, knowing how unmanageable they were, and that they did right only through fear of the rod, not from any sense of goodness, or love for their parents.

Wait.

Wait, husband, before you wonder audibly why your wife don't get on with the household affairs "as your mother did," she is doing her best, and no woman can endure that best to be slighted. Remember the long weary nights she sat up with the little baby that died—remember the love and care she bestowed upon you when you had that long spell of sickness. Do you think she is made of cast-

TENDERNESS.

Not unto every heart is God's good gift
Of simple tenderness allowed; we meet
With love in many fashions where we lift
First to our lips life's water bitter sweet.
Love comes upon us with resistless power
Of curbless passion, and with headstrong will;
It plays around like April's breeze and shower,
Or calmly flows, a rapid stream, and still.
It comes with blessedness unto the heart
That welcomes it aright, or—bitter fate!—
It wrings the bosom with so fierce a smart,
That love, we cry, is crueller than hate.
And then, ah me, when love has ceased to bless
Our broken hearts cry out for tenderness!

We long for tenderness like that which hung
About us, lying on our mother's breast;
A selfless feeling, that no pen nor tongue
Can praise aright, since silence sings it best.
A love, as far removed from passion's heat
As from the chilliness of its dying fire;
A love to lean on when the falling feet
Begin to totter and eyes to tire.
In youth's brief heyday hottest love we seek,
The reddest rose we grasp—but when it dies,
God grant the later blossoms, violets meek,
May spring for us beneath life's autumn skies!
God grant some loving one be near to bless
Our weary way with simple tenderness!

THE CRAMM WELL.

From Harper's Bazar.

It is doubtful if Mr. Ben Bates would defend strikes, if he were interested in the *pros* and *cons* of such questions; but, all the same, he blessed his stars that a strike occurred on the Grand Right and Left Railway on a certain day; that the employes felt imperative need of an increase of wages; that the managers didn't see it; and so, whether or no the end justified the means, it none the less conspired to promote his happiness. It was the afternoon train out of Hamburg, advertised to reach Nova Zembla at 6:45. Mr. Bates, being somewhat of a stranger in the state, drawn to Nova Zembla by rumors of oil wells and fortunes bubbling out of the earth, was naturally ignorant that the strikers had publicly given warning that they should leave their trains at 4 o'clock P. M., until he overheard a gentleman, leaving at a way-station, say to his friend.

"You had better not attempt to go home to-night, but put up with us; the engineers strike at 4 P. M., you know."

"Strike!" echoes the typical old lady with the traditional bandboxes and bundles to look after. "I'd like to know who they're going to strike. Two can play at that game, I reckon. What are they going to strike for?"

"For higher wages, marm. If you calculated to go beyond little Bassett, you'll have to walk the balance," volunteered a passenger.

"Me walk! Haven't I paid my fare through? Walk, indeed! I'll have the law of 'em first."

"But this train won't go through to-night."

"None of your quizzing, young saucebox! Haven't I been over this 'ere road every year since my hair took to falling off, to buy a new wig, dating from the time Eben put the Gabrielle front to the old house? And I've never knowed them not to git to Nova Zembla when they'd oughter—".

But just then the train stopped, and so did the old lady. It was 4 o'clock exactly.

"I suppose there's an inn at hand?" asked Mr. Bates of a native by-stander whom he found loafing upon the platform.

"Devil a bit! Little Bassett's run to oil, stranger,"

"We're not expected to put up in an oil well?"

"You might fare worse. There's the Traveler's Haven, but the landlord he had it carted off for to bore for oil in the old cellar; it's on wheels yet, a piece up the lane there. Maybe they'd take you in; I dunno."

Mr. Bates strolled up the pretty lane and into the Traveler's Haven—which had, perhaps, caught the spirit of gadding from its guests—and interrupted a slovenly woman in the act of scolding.

"Didn't I tell you, miss, I'd cuff the ears off your head if you cracked another dish? Eh? How are you going to pay for it? Who do you suppose 'd put up with your goings on if I was to turn you adrift? Nobody in Little Bassett 'd give you house-room for a week."

"I am sorry," was the soft answer. "I'll be more careful again."

"And high time, too—you that I snatched out of the almshouse, so to speak, and did for you ever since you were four. What would you have been but for me? And a pretty return you make a-breaking all the crockery helter-kelter! O—h! Good day, sir. Lodgings?" with a decided change of tone. "Rosy, dear, slat yourself, and get the gentleman a room ready; and you might wring the neck of the cripple-crown hen while you're about it. I dare say he's hungry."

"Yes," said Rosy, lifting a pair of appealing eyes to the stranger.

"No, no," cried Ben, heroically, "don't kill anything for me. Tea and toast is a supper for a king." It pained him to add another straw to the burdens this dejected girl was already carrying—this girl in the garments and position of a monial, yet who bore herself like one of gentle blood.

"You see," apologized Mr. Cramm, the landlord, when he came in, "we ain't had time to settle, owing to the fire well. Tavern-keeping don't pay in Little Bassett, but ile does. Maybe you was thinking of buying, eh?"

Ben was thinking of it, he explained, but Little Bassett had not been his destination.

"Maybe you was guided here by providence."

"Perhaps so," said Ben.

"Pity you hadn't been round a month ago, afore Deacon Davis parted with his place. He got down-hearted, and sold out for a good figger; but it turned out the article handsomely afterwards, and the deacon's that mad he could jump into a bramble bush. But sometimes, you see it's all a poor fellow can do to sell out when he ain't got capital to work it. 'The destruction of the poor is their poverty,' so the Scripture tells us."

"Yes?" said Ben, his eyes following Rosy on her way from the milking-shed with two foaming pails.

Ben could hardly have told why he staid on in Little Bassett from day to day; whether the neighborhood of such oil as must have burned in Aladdin's wonderful lamp, or the subtle persuasions of landlord Cramm kept him spell-bound in the rustic village, with its background of spicy woods, where the tinkle of cow-bells seemed like music blown from fairy land. At least he did not put the question to himself. He had been making a tour of the different oil wells one afternoon, and couldn't come home through the Bassett woods, he fell in with Rosy.

"After flowers?" asked Ben. "Isn't it growing dark? Hadn't you better turn back with me?"

"I must find Jetty first," replied Rosy.

"And who may Jetty be?"

"Jetty is the cow; she strays away and gets lost in the woods. Last year I couldn't find her till after 9 one night."

"And you were here alone at that hour?"

"It was bright moonlight."

"And supposing there had been no moon?"

"I must have stayed till I found her, moon or no moon. Hark! did I hear her bell?"

"Perhaps we may find her sooner together. May I go with you?"

"Yes, I suppose you may." They strolled on, the young moon casting weird shadows and peopling the wood with fantastic shapes; and sometimes they forgot why they were there, and sometimes a frightened bird brushed the dew from the tangle, or the faint melody of a bell stirred the silence and quickened their steps. It was after 8 when they drove old Jetty home, and Ben had been surprised more than once by the speech that fell from Rosy's pretty lips. She knew the old poets, whom young ladies of the period disdain to cultivate. She was at home with Scott, and familiar with the tenets of the elder theologians.

"You told me that you had never been to school," said Ben, "but somebody has taught you. There is no royal road to knowledge."

"Yes; Parson Psalter's wife taught me to read and write, and she gave me little presents for learning verses by heart. She used to borrow me of Mrs. Cramm to read to her when her dear old eyes failed. Yes, and when she died she left me all her books."

Ben was more than ever interested in the subject of oil as the days went by. He listened to the enthusiastic raptures of all Little Bassett, and was persuaded that this was the tide which leads on to fortune. So he stayed on and on, learning the minutiæ of this method of coining money, helping Rosa carry her brimming pails to the dairy, or bring the butter—for Mrs. Cramm was not one to allow milk to sour on her hands, whatever the prospects which the oil well afforded. Ben had inherited a certain sum of money from a distant cousin, who, with his child had disappeared from the sight of men years ago; now he informed Mr. Cramm he wished to invest it in oil.

"I'll tell you what I'll do by ye," said that disinterested soul. "I've too a mighty liking to you, and so has Miss Cramm; there's my well. I'm a thundering poor man, Mr. Bates, and I'm working it at a disadvantage. I'm awfully in debt, to tell the truth, I'm mortgaged up to the chin, and I don't hev no peace for fear of a keeper in the house, and a-being brought to disgrace afore my neighbors—and these women-folks to look after. Now, mark my word, somebody's got to make a fortune out of that 'ere well, and I'd rather it'd be you, Mr. Bates, than any body, as it won't be Jim Cramm; if you've got the means, you couldn't do better then to take this 'ere elephant off my hands."

"Thanks," said Ben. "I'll think about it." Whereupon the merits of the Cramm well were so adroitly celebrated that Ben began not only to think, but to talk about it.

One evening, a week later, when Ben went to his room, a folded slip of paper under his candlestick attracted his attention. Tainking it might be a delicate fashion of Landlord Cramm to present his bills in this way, he opened and read:

Mr. Bates: Do not buy the "Cramm Well." You will be sorry if you do.

A Kind Friend.

Mr. Bates smiled broadly. He would show it to Mr. Cramm at breakfast, and have a laugh over the device of some rival striker; but morning brought wiser counsel. Was it not a woman's hand? Perhaps Rosy's; and if so, might it not deserve attention? When he went forth to smoke, after breakfast, he encountered Rosy in the garden patch, picking peas for dinner.

"Ah, here is my 'kind friend,'" he hazarded, holding out his hand. Rosy started and blushed.

"How came you to send me that warning, Rosy?" he pursued. "What do you know about the Cramm Well?"

"I?" she asked, with ill-feigned surprise. "What made you think I sent it?"

"Did you not?"

Rosy hung her head, and tears filled her eyes.

"Was it very wicked in me?" she asked "I could not bear you should be beggared by them. You are the only one who has been kind to me since dear Mrs. Psalter died. What could I do? At least you won't waste your money for naught."

"But what evil do you know of the Cramm Well? Why should I not purchase?"

"Oh, you see, Mr. Bates, when they found it a mistake, why—they—they doctored it! They brought oil on the sly, and brought the pump with it, don't you see? I heard them talking of it between themselves after I was in bed at night; it was Mrs. Cramm's idea; the walls are thin, and I couldn't sleep, I was so tired. If you buy it, they mean to pack off before you can find out that the well's a humbug. And I thought, maybe, you had nothing but the money you would put into it, and I couldn't stand by and see you swindled, and not say a word."

"I thank you; but, my dear girl, your warning comes too late. I have already bought the Cramm Well."

"But you will make them take it back? You will go to law about it?"

"I think not." Mr. Bates was in a quandary. If he took the law in his hands, Rosy would be called upon for her testimony, and would not the fact that she had preferred the interest of a stranger to that of her adopted parents tell against this simple child, even though she had acted rightly in the matter? Furthermore, would it not cast her adrift upon the world, and was he prepared to offer her a local habitation and a name?

"I hope you'll get rich as mud," said Mistress Cramm, on the following day, "and remember them as set you on the road to fortune, Mr. Bates. Jim and me thinks of trying California for my asthmy."

"Will your daughter go with you?" Ben asked.

"Rosy! She ain't no daughter of mine, though, land knows, I've been a mother to her. You see, it's nigh 15 years ago since a gentleman put up to the Traveler's Haven with a little gal about four. He had no baggage to mention, had lost his trunk on the road, but guessed it would turn up. He was a proper, nice-looking nash, with eyes like like yours, Mr. Bates; and it appears he got up early and went out, and whether he went into the river for a bath or a purpose nobody knew; but that he was drowned, and the little gal who couldn't tell anything but that her name is 'was Rosy, left on our hands without a change to her back. No body could find out who they was; there wasn't no clue amongst their things, and no marks on their clothes; and so we've had to do for her ever since, and there's no end to what she owes us."

"Fifteen years ago; a gentleman and child named Rosy," mused Ben.

"Fifteen years ago this blessed month. Jim he pawned the gentleman's watch to buy Rosy clothes, but there was an odd sort of seal on the chain. Maybe you'd like to see it?"

"I should like to look at it for a while," [illegible] Cramm's handing it closely.

"You may have it for a trifle, if you've took a fancy to it. We've spent enough on Rosy to buy a dozen such."

"I'll give you your price," said Ben; and just then Jim Cramm was brought in with a broken leg—and they didn't go to California for Mrs. Jim's asthma.

It is a year since these events occurred. Retribution has overtaken Mr. and Mrs. Cramm.

"I want to tell you a story," Ben said to Rosy the other day. "I once had a distant cousin, who disappeared mysteriously with his little daughter after having started upon a journey. He was advertised for by his distant relatives, and sought for in vain. The child was four years old at the time. Her name was Rosy. She had blue eyes and auburn hair like yours. By the supposed death of these two I came into possession of a certain sum of money which, having accumulated during my minority, enabled me to buy the Cramm Well, as you know. Contrary to our expectations, yours and mine, Rosy, the well has netted its owner a fortune, since it was not a false strike, as Mr. Cramm supposed. But I find I am not the owner."

"You not the owner!" cried Rosy. "Then who is?"

"You, Rosy; you are the owner of the well!"

"You have heard the story of your introduction at the Traveler's Haven, and your father's tragic end. The seal upon his chain was of curious workmanship. Mrs. Cramm had preserved it, and when she allowed me to take it I carried it to my father, and the missing link was supplied. It proved the fac-simile of one he had given my cousin, even to the monogram 'J. B.'—John Bates. Is it not plain that your father and my cousin are one, and that the Cramm Well belongs to you his daughter, Rosy?"

"I suppose it must be true, if you think so," said Rosy. "But you must let me divide with you; you must keep the well."

"On one condition, Rosy. That you give yourself with it."

And Rosy did not quarrel with the condition.

A Romance of the Czar's Sister.

From St. Petersburg Letter.

On a little frequented street of St. Petersburg, there stands a gloomy-looking building, large, but of a severe style of architecture and painted in sombre colors. This is the Leuchtenberg palace, a name suggestive of a dark page in the history of the imperial family of Russia. Many readers will yet remember the somewhat romantic story of the marriage of the Czar Nicholas' favorite daughter to a dashing young German officer. The Duke of Leuchtenberg was handsome but comparatively poor and obscure, and it is said that the wayward Princess made the first advance, and even that the stern Emperor consented to the marriage only to avoid scandal. At any rate romance and royalty do not seem to agree well, and the union turned out badly. The Duchess tired of her former idol, a gay and dashing but at the same time scholarly and thoroughly honorable German, and began to form liaisons, the most notorious of which was with a Count Strogonoff. After a life of mortified seclusion and constant study, the Duke died, refusing to recognize on his death-bed the last two children borne by the Princess. Immediately after his demise the latter was forced to marry Strogonoff, and was banished from Russia. She took up her abode in Paris, where she died a few years ago. The children of the union have been somewhat under a cloud, and several matches proposed for the very accomplished daughter were broken off for some unexplained reasons. The oldest son—the young Duke of Leuchtenberg—has now joined the army of the Danube, and may accomplish something in the field that will place a renewed lustre on his father's name, and bridge the gulf that separated him and his sister from the remainder of the family.

The Lost Found.

Fifty or sixty years ago, it was the custom for gentlemen wishing servants to visit immigrant ships as soon as they arrived in port. Selecting the man or woman who pleased them, they would pay his or her passage money, about seventy or eighty dollars, to the captain, agreeing to give the servant clothing and board, and at the end of three years' service, twenty or thirty dollars.

One day, a gentleman, a man of fortune, residing in Philadelphia, went on board an immigrant ship to hire a girl, or "purchase her time," as it was then called. He selected one, and was shown her father. The old man was anxious to go with his daughter, and after some persuasion the gentleman purchased his time. "Well, now," said the old man, "here's my old wife; take her also." There was something so attractive in the countenance of the old woman that the gentleman bought her time.

Going together to the register's office to complete the bargain, the gentleman was surprised to find that the name which the immigrants gave was spelt and pronounced like his own. Inquiries ended in discovering that he had bought the time of his own father and mother.

When six years old, a son of the old folks had been taken to America by a gentleman, and they had lost all knowledge of him; indeed, they had almost forgotten they had a son in America. They recollected, however, that their boy had a figure of a cucumber on one of his shoulders. The newly found son was stripped in the office, and to the delight of the aged couple, there was the birth-mark.

A Petrified Rosebud.

The Portland *Oregonian*, contains this story; Judge E. C. Bronaugh has attached to his watch chain a little amulet or charm, which, aside from its peculiar history, is very pretty in itself. It is nothing more or less than a petrified rosebud. During the war, a young nephew of Judge Bronaugh, while in one of the Southern States, wrote home to his mother and enclosed in the letter a rosebud. The letter arrived safely at its destination, and, after having been perused, was laid aside with the rosebud in a drawer, where it remained for eight or nine months. When the drawer was overhauled and the letter again brought to light, the rosebud it contained was discovered to be petrified. The judge's aunt recently sent the stone to him at this place, and he placed it in the hands of a jeweler, for the purpose of having it fitted to carry on his watch chain. The petrification is so very hard that while trying to drill a hole in it two or three tools were broken before the [illegible] succeeded. It [illegible] perhaps, remains [illegible] perfect [illegible] seen. What peculiarities of air, earth, or water could have changed the simple rosebud into stone is a mystery.

Marrying her Colored Waiter.

A New York correspondent tells the following: Five years ago last July the wife of a celebrated Provision dealer, while out in Central Park, accompanied by a little daughter, left the carriage near the mall, and strayed out to enjoy the shade, while of the beautiful parks. It is May, scattered upon the green sward and peered into the hidden retreats, while her mother occupied a seat on one of the benches. Unnoticed by the mother, the little girl strayed out into the carriage-way, which was lined with fast teams. A piercing scream fell upon the mother's ear, and springing up she was horrified to see little May right in front of a double team, whose driver was vainly drawing the rein to save the child. At the very moment when she expected to seen her little treasure crushed or killed, a colored liveried servant sprang from a carriage seized the child, and hurled it beyond the reach of the horses, was knocked down, himself run over and severely injured. The gratitude of the mother for the salvation of her child found vent in a profusion of thanks. With her costly embroidered handkerchief she stroked and wiped the blood from the wounds of the gallant mulatto, and after ascertaining his name requested him to call at her house and receive the thanks of her husband. The lackey did call, and received a substantial present for his bravery, and was dismissed with the admonition that if he lost his situation, to apply to Mr. —— Two years passed, and adversity robbed the provision dealer of the greater part of his wealth and he became a bankrupt. Six months later little May's father died, leaving his family, consisting of Mrs. —— and little May, only a few thousand dollars with which to face the vicissitudes of life. The widow, who was still young, opened a fashionable boarding-house, which she had furnished with the remnant of her late husband's estate, and asked out a respectable subsistence. A few months ago the mulatto presented himself at the residence, reported that he was out of employment and was at once installed in the house as waiter and man-of-all-work. But the most remarkable part of the romance is that the fair widow became enamored of the comely charms of Henry, spent much of her time in his society, and finally, in less than six months after he entered her house, they were married by a New Jersey justice. Henry is still the modest waiter and purchasing agent of the house, none of the boarders suspecting the new relations between the couple. It was only when the justice called at the house a few days ago to see an acquaintance, and recognized them as the parties he had married, that their well-kept secret leaked out. The only reference to the matter in the city papers was a little paragraph that a lady living in a fashionable quarter up-town married a colored man, [and by means of staining materials was endeavoring to make her complexion conform to that of her new lord and master.

Out of the Frying-Pan Into the Fire.

From the New York Bulletin.

The Manchester (Eng.) papers received yesterday tell of pretty rough experiences there on the part of carpenters who emigrated thither from this city not long since to work for Robert Neill & Son. According to the *Examiner*, some ten or fifteen had been either frightened out of their engagement or persuaded to abandon it by striking joiners, who surrounded them immediately upon their arrival, and pleaded that, though of different nationalities, they were brother workmen, and should make common cause against a common enemy. The contracts under which the Americans came to Manchester, it would appear, were signed before they knew that any difficulties existed in the trade there. As a guarantee of their performance of the contract, each of the men surrendered to Messrs. Neill & Sons a chest of tools varying in value from £10 to £60, and these tools are to be detained from them until they have paid their advanced passage money. If now they yield to the strikers' persuasions, they will find themselves deprived of their tools, unable to get a job of work at their trade, and without a cent in their pockets, 3,000 miles from their homes and friends. On the other hand, if they go to work, they are hooted at in the streets and pointed out as Yankees who have come to England to take the bread out of the mouths of honest British workmen. Nor is this all. Two of them have been stopped by some men, who warned them to quit work or take the consequences as soon as the dark nights come on." After this, it is presumed, we shall hear of no more emigration of skilled labor from this country. The condition of the artisan here, at the present moment, may not be as felicitous as it might be, but what is the use of his thus "jumping from the frying-pan into the fire"?

Tea and coffee dietary for children is as bad in its effects as its use is universal. Dr. Ferguson found that children so fed only grew four pounds per annum between the ages of thirteen and sixteen, while those who got milk night and morning grew fifteen pounds each year. This needs no commentary. The deteriorated physique of tea and coffee-fed children, as seen in their lessened power to resist disease, is notorious amidst the the medical men of factory districts.

Fine Clothing.

Visitors to the city in search of something new and nobby in clothing, should not fail to call at McGrath's old and reliable Merchant tailoring establishment, 105 E. 3d St.

A large and well selected stock of the latest style cloths, cassimeres, overcoatings, vestings, &c., always on hand.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

I HAVE sold Hatch's Universal Cough Syrup since 1870. It has had the leading sale among all cough remedies, from its first introduction. My customers, as they get acquainted with it, become its friends almost without exception. After this trial of six years, I can recommend its use to all in need of a cough remedy.

A. B. ARMSTRONG, Smithport, Pa.

Delicious Cookery.

The lightest, sweetest, and most wholesome and delicious Vienna rolls, tea biscuits, bread, muffins, flannel cakes, crullers, and all articles prepared from flour, are always possible to every table by using DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER. This celebrated Baking Powder has stood the critical test of the best housekeepers and the consuming public generally of America for twenty years. It is absolutely pure, and always of uniform strength. The genuine is put up in cans. Most all good grocers sell it.

The Latest Fad [illegible] Our attention has recently been called to the *Rubber Mattress Washbags*, something entirely new in the way of heavy thick, warm, woolen goods, specially adapted for ladies' wear during the cold weather now approaching. These goods are the handsomest, and most stylish ever seen, and so far as price is concerned, are a miracle of cheapness. They are used for cloaks, sacques, dolmans, circulars and jackets, for both ladies and children, and are to be found at all the leading dry goods stores in the country. Be particular to ask for the *Raritan Clothings*, and take no others.

CHEW
The Celebrated
"Matchless"
Wood Tag Plug
TOBACCO.
THE PIONEER TOBACCO COMPANY,
New York, Boston and Chicago.

If I had known it, I might have saved a hundred dollars; for Jim has bought a Five Ton Wagon Scale of Jones of Binghamton, Binghamton, N. Y., for $60, delivered. It is just as good as mine, that cost $150.

Patentees and inventors should read advertisement of Edson Bros. in another column.

If you feel dull, drowsy, dissatisfied, have frequent headache, mouth tastes bad, your tongue is loaded and coated, you are suffering from torpid liver or "biliousness," and nothing will cure you so speedily and permanently as to take SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR or MEDICINE.

PURELY VEGETABLE.

The Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the World!

AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC for all diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Spleen.

Regulate the Liver and prevent
CHILLS AND FEVER,
MALARIOUS FEVERS,
BOWEL COMPLAINTS,
BRETTERNESS,
JAUNDICE AND BILIOUSNESS.

BAD BREATH.

Nothing is so unpleasant, nothing so common as bad breath, and in nearly every case it comes from the stomach and can be so easily corrected if you will take SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR. Do not neglect so sure a remedy for this offensive disorder. It will also improve your appetite, Complexion, and General Health.

CONSTIPATION!

SHOULD not be regarded as a trifling ailment—in fact nature demands the utmost regularity of the bowels, and any deviation from this mode of relief is the way often to serious danger. It is quite as necessary to remove large accumulations from the bowels, as it is to eat or sleep, and no health can be expected where a costive habit of body prevails.

SICK HEADACHE.

This distressing affliction occurs most frequently. The disturbance of the stomach, arising from the imperfectly digested contents, causes a severe pain in the head, accompanied with disagreeable nausea, and the constitutional sympathy known as Sick Headache. For the relief of which, Take SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR OR MEDICINE.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Price $1.00. Sold by all Druggists.

CLOCKS E. INGRAHAM & CO.'S are superior in design and not equalled in quality, or as timekeepers. Ask your Jeweler for them. Manufactory—Bristol, Ct.

GRACE'S
Salve!

A VEGETABLE PREPARATION,
Invented in the 17th century by Dr. William Grace Surgeon in King James' army. Through its agency he cured thousands of the most serious sores and wounds that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians of his day, and was regarded by all who knew him as a public benefactor. 25 cents a box. For Sale by Druggists generally. Sent by mail on receipt of price.
Prepared by BERRY W. FOWLE & SONS,
30 Harrison Avenue, Boston, Mass.

THE
GOOD OLD
STAND-BY.
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.
FOR MAN AND BEAST.

ESTABLISHED 35 YEARS. Always cures. Always ready. Always handy. Has never yet failed. Thirty millions have tested it. The whole world approves the glorious old Mustang—the Best and Cheapest Liniment in existence. 25 cents a bottle. The Mustang Liniment cures when nothing else will.

SOLD BY ALL MEDICINE VENDERS.

COLGATE'S
CASHMERE
BOUQUET
TOILET
SOAP.

THE novelty and exceptional strength of its perfume are the peculiar fascinations of this luxurious article, which has acquired popularity hitherto unequaled by any Toilet Soap of home or foreign manufacture.

HOMSON'S PATENT
GLOVE-FITTING
CORSETS.
[illegible] MILLIONS.
MEDAL RECEIVED AT CENTENNIAL.
Get the genuine, and beware of imitations.
ASK also for THOMSON'S UNBREAKABLE HOSE.
The best goods made.
See that the name of THOMSON and the trade-mark a Crown, are stamped on every Corset. Sold [illegible]

COSTIVENESS

This prevalent affliction is generally looked upon as a trivial matter. It does great mischief. Excretion is checked while absorption continues. All impurities left in the bowels to be absorbed in the blood and poison the system, producing dyspepsia, headache, piles, disordered action of the heart, liver and kidneys, colic, fever, rheumatism, &c.

DR. TUTT'S PILLS

Permanently cure chronic constipation and all the ills that result from a want of proper stools. They possess tonic, alterative and cathartic properties and will regulate the bowels when all other medicines fail, produce appetite and cause the body to gain, in solid flesh. Sold everywhere. Price 25c. Office 35 Murray St., New York.

Tutt's Hair Dye is the Best in Use.

SANDAL-WOOD

Possesses a tonic, genuine power to restore to a healthy state the mucous membrane of the urinary organs in certain and speedy manner. It is not disagreeable and every other remedy. Sold by druggists every where in one dollar and a half. No other medicine can do this.

Owing to its great merits, many spurious imitations have been advertised, such as Pastes, Mixtures, Pills, Sandalettes, etc., all of which are worthless and dangerous.

Dundas Dick & Co.'s Soft Capsules contains Sandal Oil of Sandal-wood, sold at all drug stores. Ask for circular, or send for one to 32 and 34 Wooster street, New York.

St. Paul Business Directory.

[illegible]

Minneapolis Business Directory.

[illegible]

Ho! Farmers, for Iowa

[illegible]

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

Three Warnings.—A Sick stomach—An Aching Head—and dreadfully general debility, are three warnings which it is madness to disregard. Dangerous diseases may be expected to follow them if not arrested without delay. Rouse the relaxed stomach, calm the excited brain, invigorate the nervous system, and regulate the bowels, with

Tarrant's Effervescent Seltzer Aperient

if you wish to escape the evils which the premonitory symptoms indicate. Many dangerous fevers, violent bilious attacks, nervous prostration, and other terrible ailments might be prevented if this agreeable and inoffensive SALINE FORM AND ALTERATIVE were always taken in time. Sold by all druggists.

A Special Offer
TO THE READERS
OF THIS PAPER.

A Genuine Swiss Magnetic Timepiece. A perfect time for everybody desiring it. Unlike other fakes, and also a superior Compass, warranted true, and keep time in any position. Sent free to any address. A COOLEY & CO., Chicago, Ills.

AGENTS WANTED—Best selling book in Minnesota. Sales from 1000 to 3000 per year. Address [illegible]

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LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY,
IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
261, 262, 263 Broadway.
ORGANIZED 1850
ASSETS, $4,827,176.52
SURPLUS, $820,000
EVERY APPROVED FORM OF POLICY ISSUED ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS
ALL ENDOWMENT POLICIES
AND
APPROVED CLAIMS
MATURING IN 1877
WILL BE DISCOUNTED AT 7%
ON PRESENTATION.
JAMES BUELL, - - PRESIDENT.

VEGETINE

Reliable Evidence.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:
Dear Sir—I will most cheerfully add my testimony to the great number you have already received in favor of your great and good medicine, VEGETINE, for I do not think enough can be said in its praise, for I was troubled over thirty years with that troublesome disease catarrh, and had such bad coughing spells that it would seem as though I never could breathe any more, and VEGETINE has cured me; and I do feel to thank God all the time that there is so good a medicine as VEGETINE, and I also think it one of the best medicines for coughs, and weak, sinking feelings at the stomach, and advise everybody to take the VEGETINE, for I can assure them it is one of the best medicines that ever was.
MRS. L. GORE,
Cor. Magazine and Walnut Streets, Cambridge, Mass.

GIVES
Health, Strength, and Appetite.

My daughter has received great benefit from the use of VEGETINE. Her debilitating weakness was a source of great anxiety to all her friends. A few bottles of VEGETINE restored her health, strength and appetite.
M. R. TILDEN,
Insurance and Real Estate Agent,
(No. 39 Bean's Building,
Boston, Mass.

CANNOT BE EXCELLED.

CHARLESTOWN, MASS.
MR. H. R. STEVENS,
Dear Sir—This is to certify that I have used your "Blood Preparation" in my family for several years, and think that for Scrofula or Glandular Affections, it cannot be excelled, and as a blood purifier, it leaves every medicine in the rear that I have ever tried, and I have tried almost everything. I can conscientiously recommend it to anyone in need of such a medicine.
Yours Respectfully,
MRS. A. M. DEMMORE,
No. 13 Russell Street.

It is a Valuable Remedy.

BOSTON, FEBRUARY, 1876.
MR. STEVENS,
Dear Sir—I have taken several bottles of your VEGETINE, and am convinced it is a valuable remedy, and by recommending it to others I may prevent my daughter from suffering as she did before she used your VEGETINE.
Yours Respectfully,
MRS. RUBINA FAYTON,
18 Albion Street.

VEGETINE
Prepared by
H. R. Stevens, Boston, Mass.
Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

$5 to $20 [illegible]
$12 [illegible]
$68 [illegible]
50 [illegible]
$25 PREMIUM WATCH AND CHAIN [illegible]
$7 [illegible]
$400 [illegible]
$5937 Made by 11 Agents in Jan. '77 with my 13 new articles. Samples free. Address O. M. Livingston, Chicago.
$350 A Month—AGENTS WANTED—36 best selling articles in the world. One sample free. Address JAY BRONSON, Detroit, Mich.
REVOLVER FREE Seven shot revolver, with box cartridges, free to Agents. Address J. Brown & Son, 108 & 110 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
$1000 Made in six months, no capital required, we will send all that is needed for 25 cts. Address, Post Box 112, Bristol, Vt.
HOW TO MAKE $20 to $40 per week selling TEAS TO FAMILIES. Circulars free. Add's THE CANTON TEA CO., 148 Chambers St., New York.
WANTED Men to travel and take orders of Merchants. Salary $1,200 a year and all traveling expenses paid. Address Geo. Mac, P'g Co., St. Louis Mo.

JUST OUT! "Hot and Heavy!" "Treacherous! bold and free!" "A bomb in the camp of the anti-tobacco!" Specimens sent. Agents wanted. Address THE COMING STANDARD, P. O. Box 3066, N. Y. City.

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WORK FOR ALL

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$10 to $25 A DAY SURE made by Agents selling our Chromos, Crayons, Picture and Chromo Cards. 125 samples and outfit $3, sent post-paid, or $5 Cents. Illustrated Catalogue Free. J. H. BUFFORD'S SONS, Boston. [Established 1830.]

ELASTIC RUPTURE BELT. The Best Truss without Metal Springs, ever invented. Also holding claim of a certain radical cure, but a guarantee of a comfortable, secure and satisfactory appliance. We will take back and pay full price for all that do not suit. Price single, like cut, $4; for both sides, $6. Sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price. N. B. This truth will cure more ruptures than any of those for which extravagant claims are made. Circulars free. POMEROY TRUSS CO 740 Broadway, New York.

JACKSON'S BEST
SWEET NAVY CHEWING TOBACCO!

was awarded the highest prize at Centennial Exposition for its fine chewing qualities, the excellence and lasting character of its sweetening and flavoring. If you want the best tobacco ever made ask your grocer for this, and see that each plug bears our blue strip trade mark with words Jackson's Best on it. Sold wholesale by all jobbers. Send for sample to C. A. JACKSON & CO., Manufacturers, Petersburgh, Va.

DAVIS'
PAIN-KILLER!

The Great Family Medicine of the Age. 1840 to 1877. For Thirty-seven Years. Has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost every nation known to Americans. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the missionary and the traveler, on sea and land, and no one should travel on our lakes and rivers without it. Sold by all medicine dealers.

KEEP'S SHIRTS—Only one quality—The Best. Keep's Patent Early-made Linen Shirts Can be fitted as easy as hemming a Handkerchief. The very best, six for $7.00. Keep's Custom Shirts—made to measure. The very best, SIX for $30.00. An elegant set of genuine Gold-plate Collar and Sleeve Buttons given with each half doz. Keep's Shirts. Keep's Shirts are delivered FREE on receipt of price in any part of the Union—no express charges to pay. Samples with full directions for self-measurement Sent Free to any address. No stamp required. Deal directly with the Manufacturer, and get Bottom Prices. Keep Manufacturing Co., 165 Mercer St., N. Y.

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Osgood's Heliotype Engravings.
The choicest household ornaments. Price One Dollar each. Send for catalogue.
JAMES R. OSGOOD & CO.
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$1.00 $1.00

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THE GREAT RIOTS

It contains a full account of the reign of terror in Pittsburgh, Baltimore, Chicago, and other Cities. The conflicts between the troops and the mob. Terrible conflagrations and destruction of property. Thrilling scenes and incidents, etc., etc. Send for a full description of the work and our extra terms to Agents. Address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Chicago, Ill.

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The Finest Toned and Most Durable Made
New Styles. New Sole Stops.
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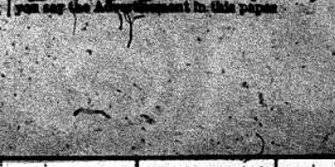
Beware of
Imitations
DUNHAM
PIANOS.
Dunham & Sons, Manufacturers,
Warerooms, 18 East 14th St.,
[Established 1834.] NEW YORK.
Prices Reasonable. Terms Easy.
"The Best Polish in the World."
THE RISING SUN
STOVE POLISH

HABBITT'S TOILET SOAP.



When writing to Advertisers please say you saw the Advertisement in this paper

WORK on the Brainerd Branch has been somewhat delayed this week, owing to the non-arrival of splices and bolts. The end of the track is at this writing about ten miles below Little Falls.

Republican County Convention.

Pursuant to notice, the Republican County Convention was called to order at Bly's Hall on Monday evening, by W. W. Hartley, chairman of the County Republican Committee.

On motion, E. W. Weed was elected temporary chairman, and W. W. Hartley, secretary.

On motion, the chair appointed F. B. Thompson, N. McFadden and W. W. Hartley committee on credentials. The committee reported the following as entitled to seats in the convention: Wm. Wick, N. McFadden, J. B. Conant (J. P. Widing, substitute,) E. W. Weed, F. B. Thompson, F. X. Goulet and W. W. Hartley, from Brainerd, and J. L. C. Miller, from Fairbanks, Withington not being represented. Report adopted.

Mr. Goulet declined to act as a delegate.

The temporary organization being made permanent, the chair, on motion, appointed Wm. Wick and F. B. Thompson tellers.

Motion to proceed to nominate candidates by ballot for the several county offices to be filled, was carried.

The various ballots for the different offices stood as follows:

	1st	2nd	3rd	4th
For Probate Judge.				
H. D. Follett,	6			
C. B. Sleeper,	1			
For Sheriff.				
G. W. Whitney,	3	3	3	3
T. C. Bivins,	3	3	2	–
J. B. Conant,	1	1	2	4
For Clerk of the District Court.				
W. W. Hartley,	6			
For County Attorney.				
C. B. Sleeper,	7			
For County Surveyor.				
C. H. Alsop,	7			
For Register of Deeds.				
F. B. Thompson,	5			
C. H. Alsop,	1			
For County Superintendent of Schools.				
H. D. Follett,	6			
R. H. Paine,	1			
For County Commissioners.				
First District.				
W. H. Leland,	3	2	1	
J. M. Martin,	2	3	4	
D. McNannay,	1	1	–	
J. Dewar,	1	1	2	
Second District.				
Chas. Wilson,	6			
J. L. C. Miller,	1			

The convention then proceeded to elect a delegate to attend the State Convention at St. Paul, for which the ballots stood as follows:

M. P. Martin,	2	5
W. W. Hartley,	2	2
Wm. Ferris,	1	–
E. W. Weed,	1	–
C. B. Sleeper,	1	–

On motion, the nominations of the convention were made unanimous.

On motion, the chair appointed the following county committee for the ensuing year:

M. P. Martin, chairman; F. B. Thompson and Wm. Wick.

The convention thereupon adjourned.

W. W. HARTLEY,
Secretary.

THE BRAINERD BRANCH.

Twenty Years Ago—Little Reminiscences in Regard to Railroading in Minnesota.

A small party talking of our railroad prospects yesterday was joined by F. R. Delano, Esq., who has had something to do with railroads. Among other reminiscences, he mentioned the fact that twenty years ago the fifth of this month, he left St. Paul, on foot, and followed the engineer's stakes through to Crow Wing, at which place he arrived on the twentieth of September, 1857. Col. Crooks, of this city, the engineer in charge of the survey and location, having done his work in July and August of that year. At that time the contract for building the road from St Paul to St. Cloud had been let to Selah Chamberlain, and he had commenced work on the St. Paul end, and it was expected to let the work of building from St. Cloud to Crow Wing to be completed in 1858. This was not done, and twenty years have rolled away, and two at least of the men who were then engaged upon the line interested, and engaged in its construction—Crooks and Delano—are actively engaged in its completion with every prospect of seeing it done within the present month. Twenty years ago Delano was a director in the company which then undertook to build this road, and to-day he is a director in the company which is building it.

Twenty years ago, the third of March last, the land grant act passed congress to aid in the construction of this line. Twenty years have the people of St Cloud, Sauk Rapids, Watab, Little Falls and Crow Wing, waited for the iron horse to pass north through their towns. All have stood the waiting pretty well except Crow Wing; this town, the then proposed northern terminus for a short time of the road, and the most important point at that time in Northern Minnesota, has given up the ghost and nothing but the old church and two houses remain of its former glory, the survey stakes were moved a mile away to straighten the line, and now the locomotive goes screaming along to Brainerd to join the Northern Pacific road, a town, and road at that point unthought of twenty years ago.

The first work on this railroad from St. Paul to Crow Wing was the first railroad work done in the State of Minnesota. The first locomotives ever run in the State were run on this road.

Twenty years of railroading in Minnesota, what changes, and as we contemplate the completion of the Brainerd Branch we repeat the words of one of the party: "When the Branch is finished let all the old fellows who used to go to Indian payments up that way, and let all who have waited there twenty years, get ready for a hell of a time.—[Pioneer Press.

SPOKES FROM THE HUB

Dedication of Boston's Monument to Her Slain Braves.

BOSTON, September 19th, '77.

Editor Brainerd Tribune:

Boston's greatest event for some time to come went off as such events usually do in the "Hub of the Universe," a success, both as regards management and display. Monday, the occasion of the dedication of her soldiers' monument, was marked by delightful weather and delighted spectators. The most marked feature of the day was the grand military and civil procession five miles long, viewed by as many as 250,000 people. In the ranks were veterans from all parts of the State and country who had served in the earliest battles of the Rebellion. Old torn and ragged, dimmed and powder-stained battle-flags, which had often waved to the whistle of bullets, were every-where looked upon with wildest enthusiasm. The appearance of Generals McClellan and Hooker was the signal for most excited and extravagant demonstrations of welcome. The air was filled with hats, and for blocks away might be heard the loud hurrahs; and "three times three" for "Little Mac," and "Fighting Joe," resounded and echoed and re-echoed again and again. The procession was between four and five hours in passing a given point, and finished its march by a halt at the Common, where it participated in the dedication exercises, which were as follows: After prayer by the chaplain of the day, Rev. W. H. Cudworth, the monument was presented to Alderman Thompson on behalf of the City Committee by the sculptor, Martin Milmore. The Masonic fraternity then duly consecrated it, and, having announced the termination of the performance, the monument was received on the part of the city by the Mayor, F. O. Prince, who, in an able and fitting speech, acknowledged the honor conferred upon him and the city. The Hon. Charles Devens, the orator of the day, concluded the exercises by a masterly oration in which were blended feelings of harmony and peace. In the evening, calcium lights illuminated the monument, and as the foci were turned upon its imposing column, its color was successively changed from red to green, from green to yellow, and from yellow to blue, representing all the colors of the rainbow. The same effect was produced upon the fountains in the ponds, and there descended to the surface of the water sprays of glittering green, silver, blue, red and golden watery showers. The effect was charming, and attracted an audience of thousands. Besides this, there were pyrotechnic displays—rockets, bombs, shells, etc.

A description of the monument, however graphically rendered, must needs be inadequate to give a full idea of its grand, magnificent appearance. It is octagonal in form, and about seventy feet high. It is reached by three steps, from which starts the base with projecting pedestals, on which are the statues of Army, Navy, History and Peace. Panels carved with bas-reliefs representing various war scenes are between these, and form the monument's most striking feature, and are enriched by elaborate wreaths, on the sides single, at the ends intersected. The main pedestal above this is somewhat like the secondary one, and has an inscription on the southern face commemorative of the object of the work, and paying a glowing tribute to martyred men of Boston. The base of the column immediately above is in the Roman Doric order, and elegantly ornate. From this extends the termination of the monument, on whose very summit stands the colossal statue "Genius of America," overlooking the proud literary emporium of the New World, smiling majestically on the metropolis of New England, and, I may add, augmenting the nobleness of the historic capital of the Old Bay State.

One accident broke the harmony of the day. A large platform, seating 2,000 persons, suddenly gave way and lowered beneath it—a distance of about twelve feet—all who were upon it. But few were hurt, and none seriously. An investigation is to be held. General McClellan was tendered a public reception in Faneuil Hall this noon.

ELLSWORTH.

That Dark Chapter At Deer Creek.

DEER CREEK, Sept. 26, 1877.

Editor Wadena Tribune:

In your last week's issue I notice an article headed "Shooting affray at Deer Creek," and signed "J. B. Hompe," in which my name and the names of some of my friends are prominently brought into notice. Now, as an article of this kind has found a place in your journal, an article which was evidently intended to place myself and friends in a false position and mislead the public, who are not acquainted with the parties mentioned or the facts in the case. I cannot, in justice to myself and friends, let the matter pass without making some corrections.

Mr. Hompe, referring to the credentials made out for Mr. Hoyt by myself, says: "It being evident the credentials were incomplete," and further on, adds: "It was the general belief that Barnes & Co. meant to so frame the credentials that Mr. Hoyt's claim as delegate would be thrown out." Now Mr. Hompe was present at the convention at Fergus Falls, and knows that the credentials for Mr. Hoyt were similar to those read in the convention in almost every instance, and that the omission of the word "Republican" would not debar Mr. Hoyt from taking his seat as delegate there. The word Republican was not used for the reason that Democrats took part in the meeting with the express understanding that it should be considered a union caucus, and such the chairman, Mr. Barrows, himself a Democrat, declared it to be.

It was by objecting to the insertion of the word "Republican" that Mr. Gordon, senior, brought on himself the abuse of Mr. Heathcote, which led to the interference of his son Sam. in his behalf and caused the rencountre between them.

Mr. Hompe goes on to say: "Mr. Sam. Gordon struck at Mr. Heathcote" (he should have added, "after Mr. H. struck at Mr. G.,") "a tussle ensued, Mr. G. soon finding himself on his back on the floor. His father then interfered, pleading his official dignity, and also his gray hairs." Now as S. Gordon by no means had the worst of it, as Mr. Hompe would have it inferred, this contemptible fling at Justice Gordon becomes apparent, and was no doubt animated by the recollection that Justice Gordon had the brother of Mr. Hompe arrested for a recent assault on a neighbor of his, the brother being the aggressor, and Mr. Hompe himself a spectator to the same. Now at the very outset of the encounter between his son and Mr. Heathcote, Justice Gordon stepped in between the parties, ordered them to desist, and to consider themselves under arrest, and, with the assistance of others, separated the combatants, S. Gordon retiring to one end of the schoolhouse, considering himself under arrest.

Mr. Sam. Gordon says that it was not until Heathcote and others had thrown off their coats and expressed the intention to "clean out the house" that he took out his pocket-knife with the intention of using it if the occasion required; that Heathcote came directly for him more than half the length of the house, and aimed a blow at him, and that, in parrying the blow with the open knife in his hand, H. got cut; that his brother Frank did not hand him a knife.

This is as much of the affair as Mr. Hompe is pleased to bring out, and I have no desire to add to it, as I am informed by Justice Anderson that Mr. Heathcote had complained to him on account of injuries sustained. In that event the whole matter will come up in all its bearings, and no doubt an impartial and discerning jury will give Mr. H. all the satisfaction the merits of his case demand. Mr. H. is no doubt considered by his friends as being a mild and gentle man, and to illustrate the same, I have only to mention an instance wherein, at town meeting last spring, he commenced to strip off, and declared his intention to forcibly eject the moderator (Mr. Wickham) from the chair because he would not put a motion that he (Wickham) had ruled out of order. On his friends refusing to aid him, however, he wisely refrained from using personal violence.

Mr. Gordon and sons are men who do not aspire to the distinction of being brawlers and fighters, and while they are always disposed to respect the rights of all men, they are equally disposed to assert their own.

Hoping a calm, and no more dark chapters, may follow the breeze, I subscribe,

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PROBATE COURT—CROW WING COUNTY.

In the Matter of the Application to sell Lands by the Guardian of George Lafromboise, Fanny Lafromboise, and John Lafromboise, Minors.

On reading and filing the Petition of Michael Shillock, guardian of said minors, by which it appears among other things that the said Michael Shillock is the guardian of the above-named minors duly appointed and qualified as such by said Probate Court. That said minors are the owners of certain real estate situate in the county of Itasca and State of Minnesota, and praying for license to sell the same.

On motion of Michael Shillock, said petitioner, Ordered that the next of kin to said minors and all persons interested in said real estate appear before the Probate Court of said Crow Wing County, at the office of the Judge of Probate, in Brainerd, in said county, on MONDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1877, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause why license should not then be granted to the said guardian to sell the real estate of said minors, as prayed for in said petition.

And it is further Ordered that a copy of this order be personally served on the next of kin of said minors, and all persons interested in said estate, residing within the county of Crow Wing and Itasca, at least fourteen days before the day of such hearing, and also served upon such as reside out of the said counties, by depositing forthwith such copy order in the post office at Brainerd, with the postage paid thereon, and directed to each of such persons at their place of residence respectively, and that a copy of such order shall be published in the BRAINERD TRIBUNE, a newspaper printed and published at Brainerd in said Crow Wing County, for four successive weeks, at least once in each week, the last of which publication shall be at least fourteen days before the said day of hearing.

Dated at Brainerd this 18th day of September, 1877.
H. D. FOLLETT,
292 Judge of Probate.

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IT IS THE LIGHTEST AND EASIEST-RUNNING MACHINE IN THE MARKET. IT IS, ALSO, THE MOST ELABORATELY ORNAMENTED AND PRETTIEST MACHINE EVER PRODUCED.

WITH ALL THESE ADVANTAGES, IT IS SOLD FROM $15 TO $25 LESS THAN OTHER FIRST-CLASS MACHINES.

EXCLUSIVE CONTROL OF TERRITORY GIVEN TO AGENTS.

EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS OFFERED FOR CASH OR ON CREDIT.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS AND TERMS TO

White Sewing Machine Co.,
358 Euclid Avenue,
AGENTS WANTED. CLEVELAND, O.

COPY YOUR LETTERS
USE THE
EXCELSIOR COPYING BOOK
Made of Chemical Paper.

[illegible] EXCELSIOR MNFG. CO., 110 Dearborn St., Chicago, ILLS. 300 AGENTS wanted.

TAKE
THE CUSTER ROUTE
TO THE
BLACK HILLS.
THRO' EXPRESS TRAINS
FROM
St. Paul to Bismarck
DAILY,

Making close connections at ST. PAUL with moving trains from CHICAGO and all points south.

No Delay! Continuous Run!

Northern Pacific R. R.

1877. Summer Arrangement. 1877.

STATIONS.	WESTWARD.		EASTWARD.	
Duluth	lv.	12.30 p.m.	ar.	12.10 p.m.
N. P. Junction,	ar.	2.15 p.m.	lv.	10.30 a.m.
N. P. Junction,	lv.	3.00 p.m.	ar.	10.20 a.m.
BRAINERD,	ar.	†7.45 p.m.	lv.	10.20 a.m.
BRAINERD,	lv.	8 15 p.m.	ar.	6.05 a.m.
WADENA, -	lv.	11.11 p.m.	lv.	3.25 a.m.
Fargo, - - -	ar.	†5.00 a.m.	lv.	8.00 p.m.
Fargo, - - -	lv.	7.00 a.m.	ar.	†6.30 p.m.
Jamestown, -	ar.	†12.25 p.m.	lv.	1.40 p.m.
Jamestown, -	lv.	1.10 p.m.	ar.	†1.10 p.m.
Bismarck, -	ar.	7.00 p.m.	lv.	7.00 a.m.

† Meals.

Close connection with Lake Steamers at Duluth; St. Paul trains at N. P. Junction; St. Paul & Pacific Railroad trains at Glyndon for Fisher's Landing, Fort Garry and the British Possessions, via steamers of Red River Transportation Co.; at Moorhead, Minn., and Fargo, D. T., with steamers for Fort Garry, Pembina, and all points on the Red River; at Bismarck, with steamers to all points north and south on the Missouri River, including Standing Rock, Fort Rice, Berthold, Carroll and Benton, and other points in Montana; also with N. W. Stage and Express Co's line to Deadwood City and all points in the Black Hills.

Dated May 16th, 1877.

G. G. SANBORN, Gen'l Business Ag't. H. A. TOWNE, Superintendent.

St. Paul & Duluth Railroad.

FAVORITE ROUTE BETWEEN THE NORTHWEST AND EAST.

Direct route from St. Paul to Brainerd, Moorhead, Bismarck, Pembina, Fort Garry, Black Hills, and all points on the Northern Pacific Railroad and Red River, Duluth, ports on Lake Superior, and all eastern points, Stillwater and points on the St. Croix River.

CONNECTIONS:

AT ST. PAUL—With all trains for the East, South and Southwest.

AT WHITE BEAR—With trains for Stillwater on the M. and St. L. R'y for Minneapolis, Chaska, Carver and points on Sioux City R. R.

AT WYOMING—Stage to Taylors Falls.

AT NORTH BRANCH—Stage to Sunrise City.

AT HARRIS—Stage to Cambridge and Isanti County.

AT RUSH CITY—Stage to Grantsburg and the cranberry country of Burnett county, Wis.

AT PINE CITY—Stage to Brunswick, Kanabec county.

AT N. P. JUNCTION—Trains of the Minnesota Division N. P. R. R. to and from Brainerd and Moorhead, connect with trains to and from St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth.

On and after July 1, 1877, and until further notice, passenger trains will run daily as follows:

GOING NORTH—EXPRESS.

Leave St. Paul,	8:00 a m
Arrive at N. P. Junction,	2:30 p m
Arrive at Duluth,	4:05 p m

HINCKLEY ACCOMMODATION:

Leave St. Paul,	3:30 p m
Arrive at Hinckley,	9:15 p m

GOING SOUTH—EXPRESS:

Leave Duluth	9:00 a m
Leave N. P Junction,	10:30 a m
Arrive at St. Paul,	5:00 p m

HINCKLEY ACCOMMODATION:

Leaves Hinckley,	3:25 a m
Arrives at St. Paul,	9:30 a m

Daily except Sunday.

GEO. B. SMITH, Gen'l Superintendent.
C. F. CAUFF, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

Chicago, St. Paul & Minneapolis LINE.

Time of departure of Passenger Trains from ST. PAUL, in effect December, 1876.

Leave for Chicago and the East, 10.00 A. M.
" " " 7.30 P. M.
Arrive from Chicago and the East, 6.25 A. M.
" " " 3.55 P. M.

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS LINE.

That portion of the Chicago & North-Western Railway between Chicago and Elroy (via Madison), and the West Wisconsin Railway between Elroy and St. Paul, to Minneapolis, form a single Line between Chicago, St. Paul & Minneapolis. This Line will hereafter be known as

"The Chicago, St. Paul & Minneapolis Line."

It is the ONLY LINE between St. Paul and Minneapolis and Chicago that passes through HUDSON, EAU CLAIRE, BLACK RIVER FALLS, ELROY and MADISON, and

Is the Only Line

that runs on any of its trains the celebrated

Pullman Palace Cars.

All trains of this great route run through without change of cars. Pullman Palace Drawing Room and Sleeping Cars are run on all its trains.

All Express Trains on this route are equipped with Westinghouse Patent Air Brakes and Miller's Patent Safety Platform and Couplers—the Most Perfect protection against Accidents known.

This popular route is unsurpassed for Speed, Comfort and Safety. The Smooth, Well-Ballasted and Perfect Track of Steel Rails, the Celebrated Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, the Perfect Telegraph System of Moving Trains, the regularity with which they run, the admirable arrangement for running Through Cars between Chicago and all Points West, North and North-West, secure to passengers all the COMFORTS IN MODERN RAILWAY TRAVELING.

If you wish the Best Traveling Accommodations, you will buy your Tickets by this Route AND WILL TAKE NO OTHER.

All Ticket Agents can sell you Through Tickets and Check usual Baggage Free by this Line.

Passengers for Chicago, Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Portland, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Cairo and all

Points South and East,

should buy their Tickets via

"THE ST. PAUL, CHICAGO & MINNEAPOLIS LINE."

Close connections are made at Chicago with the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, Baltimore & Ohio, Michigan Central, Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, Kankakee Line and Pan Handle Routes, for all points EAST and SOUTH-EAST, and with the Chicago & Alton & Illinois Central for all points SOUTH.

New York Office, No. 415 Broadway; Boston Office, No. 5 State Street; St. Paul Ticket Offices, Corner Third and Jackson Streets and at Depot on Sibley Street; Minneapolis Ticket Offices, No. 3 Nicollet House Block and at St. Paul & Pacific Depot; Chicago Ticket Offices, 62 Clark Street, under Sherman House; 75 Canal, corner Madison Street; Kinzie Street Depot, cor. West Kinzie and Canal Streets; Wells Street Depot, cor. Wells and Kinzie Streets.

P. B. CLARKE, G. P. A., W. W. R'y, St. Paul. W. H. STENNETT, Gen. Pass. Ag't, Chicago.

THE CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL R'Y

IS THE VERY BEST ROUTE TO

CHICAGO, NEW YORK,

NEW ENGLAND, THE CANADAS,

AND ALL

EASTERN AND SOUTHERN POINTS.

[illegible]

THE ONLY THROUGH LINE BETWEEN

Minneapolis, St. Paul, Winona, La Crosse, Sparta, Milwaukee and Chicago.

[illegible]

A. V. H. CARPENTER, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
S. S. MERRILL, General Manager. JNO. C. GAULT, Ass't Gen'l Manager.