BRAINERD TRIBUNE,
PUBLISHED
EVERY SATURDAY, BY
HARTLEY BROS., - - Proprietors.
W. W. HARTLEY. | O. S. HARTLEY.
W. W. HARTLEY, - - - - EDITOR.
Terms of Subscription (Postage Paid),
TWO DOLLARS A YEAR IN ADVANCE.
Six Months, $1 00. Three Months, 50c.

BRAINERD TRIBUNE.

VOL. VII.—NO. 6. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 16, 1878 WHOLE NO. 318.

I. O. O. F.
WILDEY LODGE, No. 37, meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30 P. M., at Odd Fellows' Hall, corner Sixth and Laurel streets, Brainerd, Minn. Brothers in good standing are cordially invited. THOS. BARNS, N. G.
A. MARLEW, Sec'y.

ADALBERT LEBON,
PRACTICAL
Watchmaker & Jeweler
DEALER IN
CLOCKS, SILVERWARE, JEWELRY, WATCHES, CHAINS, RINGS, SPECTACLES
AND
OPTICAL GOODS,
GOLD PENS, SPECTACLES, EYE GLASSES, TELESCOPES, AND FIELD GLASSES.
☞ Repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry done promptly, neatly and warranted.
Orders by Mail or Express promptly attended to.
FRONT ST. NEAR LAUREL, BRAINERD, MINN.

HEADQUARTERS
HOTEL,
BRAINERD, MINN.
Only First Class House in the City.
All Trains arrive at and depart from the door.
TERMS:
$2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 per Day.
STAGES LEAVE DAILY FOR
FORD RIPLEY, LITTLE FALLS, AND ST. CLOUD.
E. W. WEED, Prop'r.

F. X. GOULET,
County Auditor
for
Crow Wing and Itasca Counties,
and Town Clerk of Town of Brainerd.
SPECIAL attention given to paying taxes, looking up titles, etc., in any of the above counties. Business entrusted to me will receive earnest and prompt attention.
Office, cor. Fourth and Laurel,
BRAINERD, MINN.

LAMONT & WILSON,
DEALERS IN
Groceries and Provisions, Wines, Liquors & Cigars,
Cor. SIXTH and LAUREL STS. BRAINERD, MINN.

BRAINERD
MEAT MARKET,
PAINE BROS., Propr's,
COR. SIXTH AND LAUREL STS.
THE proprietors have now completed arrangements to furnish the citizens of Brainerd with all kinds of best Meats, Game, Poultry, Butter, Sausages, Lard, etc., at prices to suit the times. It's polite a share of patronage and warrant satisfaction.

BRAINERD
DRUG STORE,
Front Street, bet. Fifth and Sixth,
N. McFADDEN, Proprietor.
MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,
PERFUMERY, FANCY GOODS, ETC.
PURE SPICES.
Fresh ground and received in bulk, for sale in quantities to suit—warranted pure.
☞ PRESCRIPTIONS carefully compounded at all hours, Day and Night.
Orders by Mail promptly attended to.

CALDWELL'S,
47 JACKSON STREET,
St. Paul, - - - Minn.
WINES,
Liquors & Cigars.
The most fashionable resort in the city. First class in every particular.

A TEAM FOR SALE CHEAP.
I have a span of horses 8 and 5 years old, both sound No. 1 horses, a lumber wagon, set of double harness, new pair of 'bob sleighs' never used, blankets, halters and pads complete, and offer the entire lot for the small sum of $275 cash. Who will be the lucky man? Call and see them. W. W. HARTLEY.

Leland's Corner!
Corner Fifth and Laurel Streets,
BRAINERD, - - - MINN.
New Hotel, New Store, and Good Livery.
The Leland House
Has just been enlarged by a new and commodious two and one-half story addition, and newly furnished throughout with first-class furniture, beds, and all the conveniences of a
FIRST-CLASS HOTEL
At the old
LOW RATES.
Good Feed Stable attached.
THE STORE,
On the first floor of the new addition, is supplied with an entirely new stock of
FRESH
Groceries & Provisions
NOTIONS, ETC.,
AT BOTTOM PRICES FOR CASH.
A share of the public patronage is solicited.
The Livery
Is well supplied with good, comfortable rigs, and the best stock to be obtained, which will be furnished on short notice, at living rates.
Freighting to all parts of the country done
PROMPTLY AND CHEAPLY.
GIVE ME A CALL.
BRAINERD, Oct. 1st, 1877.
W. H. LELAND, Proprietor.
2966tfy

Hartley & Slipp,
NEW
GROCERY
AND
FURNITURE STORE,
Cor 5th and Laurel Streets,
BRAINERD, - MINN.
A full stock of first-class
Groceries & Provisions
Of all kinds, and a fine assortment of
Crockery, Glassware and Furniture
Just opened, and for sale at
BOTTOM PRICES FOR CASH.
Fresh Ground Graham Flour, Oat Meal, Buckwheat Flour, And Corn Meal, A Specialty.
A Full line of
COMMON AND BLACK WALNUT FURNITURE
Will be kept constantly on hand, at prices the lowest of the low.
Coffins
Of any description or price, furnished on twenty-four hours notice.
1-6tf HARTLEY & SLIPP.

J. L. STARCHER,
DEALER IN
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,
FLOUR, FEED, Etc.,
BRAINERD, MINN.
LAUREL STREET,

A. E. VEON,
Cabinet Maker & Joiner,
Is prepared to receive orders for anything in his line at his
Shop, Next Door to Davenport's Old Stand,
Four doors west of the Last Turn,
WEST FRONT ST., - - BRAINERD, MINN.
1sly-290-tf

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given, That the co-partnership existing by and in the name of LELAND & SLOSSON, in the City of Fergus Falls, Minn., was dissolved by mutual consent, said Leland to pay all debts and liabilities contracted on and owing by said Leland & Slosson, and to receive all debts, dues and demands due to said firm.
W. H. LELAND.
S. SLOSSON.

MRS. EMMA E. FRENCH,
Laurel St., Brainerd, Minn.,
DRESSMAKER.
Particular attention paid to Ladies' and Children's Dresses and Garments. A full supply of Mme. Demorest's reliable patterns constantly on hand. Catalogues furnished, free on application. Also Agent for Mme. Demorest's Magazine. All Orders by Mail promptly attended to. Address MRS. FRENCH,
Lock Box 194. Brainerd, Minn.

NEW
Hardware Store.
BROWN & BASON,
(Express Building,)
FIFTH STREET,
Brainerd, - - Minn.,
JUST opened a large and complete stock of Hardware, Tinware, Stoves, Cutlery, Nails, Glass, Tools of all kinds, and Furnishing Goods; and in connection with our store an extensive Tin, Sheet-Iron and Copper-Plate Work Shop.
Being Practical Workmen ourselves, and supplied with a full line of good tools, we are prepared to do all kinds of work in our line on short notice.
COPPER-SMITHING AND HEAVY SHEET-IRON WORK A SPECIALTY.
JOB WORK OF ALL KINDS SOLICITED.
All Orders will receive prompt attention.
BROWN & BASON.
Brainerd, Feb. 9, 1878.

J. BAIN.
Boot and Shoe Maker,
Fifth Street, bet. Front and Laurel,
Brainerd, Minn.
☞ Repairing Neatly Done. Boots and Shoes Made to Order.

PLATTE RIVER
Saw & Flour Mills,
GRAVELLE & GOULET, Prop's.
OFFICE AND STORE,
LITTLE FALLS, MORRISON CO., MINN.
FLOUR, Feed, Bran, Shorts, etc., constantly on hand or milled to order on short notice, and delivered at the Depot, Little Falls, or at Brainerd, if desired, at the very lowest cash price.
Cash paid for Wheat and all kinds of Grain at the Mills.
All Orders, by Mail or otherwise, will be promptly attended to.
GRAVELLE & GOULET,
30tf LITTLE FALLS, MINN.

Brainerd Broom Factory
EZRA NORTHFIELD, Prop.
ALL STYLES OF
Brooms and Brushes
Constantly on Hand or Made to Order.
All Brooms Warranted. Orders Promptly Attended to.
1sly-384tf

DOMINION HOUSE,
Cor. Fifth and Laurel Street,
BRAINERD, - MINN.
E. ROMER, PROPRIETOR.
This popular house has lately been thoroughly renovated and remodeled, and is in good condition for the reception of guests. The tables are supplied with the best that can be procured in the market. Charges reasonable. Good Stabling attached.

A NATIONAL STANDARD.

Webster's Unabridged.
3000 Engravings. 1840 Pages Quarto.
10,000 Words and Meanings not in other Dictionaries.
FOUR PAGES COLORED PLATES.
A WHOLE LIBRARY IN ITSELF.
INVALUABLE IN ANY FAMILY, AND IN ANY SCHOOL.
Published by G. & C. MERRIAM, Springfield, Mass.
Warmly indorsed by
Bancroft, Motley, Fitz-Greene Halleck, N. P. Willis, Elihu Burritt, Rufus Choate, Horace Mann,
Prescott, George P. Marsh, John G. Whittier, John G. Saxe, Daniel Webster, H. Coleridge, Sir Fred'k Madden,
More than fifty College Presidents, And the best American and European Scholars.
Contains 300 Pages more matter than any other, the entire type giving much more on a page.
Contains 3000 Illustrations, nearly three times as many as any other Dictionary.
☞ LOOK AT the three pictures of a SHIP, on page 1741,—these alone illustrate the meaning of more than 100 words and terms far better than they can be defined in words.
More than 30,000 copies have been placed in the public schools of the United States.
Recommended by 34 State Superintendents of Schools, and more than 50 College Presidents.
Has about 10,000 words and meanings not in other Dictionaries.
Embodies about 100 YEARS of literary labor, and is several years later than any other large Dictionary.
The sale of Webster's Dictionaries is 20 times greater than the sale of any other series of Dictionaries.
"August 4, 1877. The Dictionary used in the Government Printing Office is Webster's Unabridged."
Is it not rightly claimed that WEBSTER is THE NATIONAL STANDARD?

JOHN MORRISSY is dying.

THE base ball idiots have appeared again.

H. SKEMPES, of Perham, has ordered a forty-horse power engine for his flouring mill.

OLIVER DALRYMPLE has twenty-six seeders at work on his Cottage Grove farm.

MR. C. STERRINS has retired from the Hastings *Gazette*, having sold his interest to his partner, Todd.

THE Duluth *Herald* says the N. P. company is building a bond warehouse on their docks at that place.

THE Rush City *Post* says a discovery has been made of an iron mine about four miles east of Rock Creek.

THE Legislature re-enacted the old foreclosure law, and proceedings will hereafter be the same as under the old law.

A LITTLE boy named Johnson, at Audubon, had his wrist nearly severed by his brother, with an axe, while at play.

THE Brainerd TRIBUNE tells of a live grasshopper an inch long being found up there. Ugh! Shoot him.—[Elk River Star.

MRS. GREEN, of Duluth, complained of M. Pastorot for selling liquor to her son, a minor, and he was fined $25 and costs. Served him right.

W. H. WITT, formerly in charge of the eating houses on the Michigan Central railroad, has closed a contract for the Headquarters hotel at Fargo, D. T.

BAKERY & CONFECTIONERY,
Cor. Front and Sixth Streets,
(Convenient to the Depot,)
BRAINERD, - - MINN.
FRUITS, NUTS, CRACKERS AND CANDY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Warm Rolls and Fresh Bread every Afternoon.
ICE CREAM MADE TO ORDER.
Board by the Day or Week.
Choice Cigars and Tobacco constantly on hand.
MRS. C. J. BIRCH.

GO TO
J. M.
MARTIN'S,
Fifth Street,
BRAINERD, - - MINN.,
FOR
FAMILY
GROCERIES,
Hardware, Tinware, Queen's-ware Yellow-ware, Rockingham-ware, Glassware, Pipes, Cigars, Tobacco.
And the Finest Assortment of
Plain and Fancy
CONFECTIONERY
IN THE CITY.
We also have a Large Stock of
TOYS
AND
Fancy Goods
AT BED-ROCK PRICES.
Come and Examine Goods and Prices before Purchasing elsewhere. We charge nothing for showing goods.

No MORE Legislature for two years.—Ex.

NOT so. Biennial Sessions do not take effect until 1880.

CROW WING county is mad because she was not "reimbursed" by the Legislature for some of her own legitimate expenses.—[Pioneer Press.

The *Pioneer Press* lies.

IT is about time for the Merrill-Appleton gang of jobbers and their newspaper organs to stop sniveling. After pleading poverty all winter and attempting to steal $50,000 out of the treasury they are now bragging about their wealth. It is probably owing to their putting some of this wealth where it would do the most good, that they succeeded in securing their swindle.—Globe.

Which?

LIBERTY HALL testifies that he did not give Brandt the $50 to bribe him to vote for the last book amendment, but to bribe him to vote for him for Congress at the next election. Where is the difference?—Duluth Tribune.

That's it, "where's the difference?"

Did Liberty Hall pay you to support him for Congress, or to advocate the Book Ring.—[Rush City Post.

Honor to Whom Honor Is Due.

In another column this week will be found an article from the St. Paul *Dispatch* also quoting the St. Cloud *Times*, referring to Senator W. H. Houlton. The position taken by the *Times* is quite similar in some respects to that of the TRIBUNE. Confident now that our estimate of Mr. Houlton last fall was not supported by the facts and that the TRIBUNE attacked him wrongfully, it gives us pleasure to lay before our readers the high encomium of the *Times* and *Dispatch*, and to add that our acquaintance with the gentleman and our observations of his official acts have been extremely gratifying to us and have entirely removed all foundation for the TRIBUNE'S former opposition to him.

THE Brainerd TRIBUNE says that if the people have not the money to buy text books under the Merrill law, they must borrow it or sell a cow and get it. Is that possible? But please inform us how they managed to raise the money to purchase text books under the old system. —[Little Falls Transcript.

If the editor of the *Transcript* should pitch his newspaper, type and material over the falls in order to purchase anew because he can buy cheaper now than when his present office was obtained, would his inquiry, "How did I manage to raise the money to purchase the first," avail him or prevent his neighbors ticketing him for St. Peter.

THE tax law as codified and re-enacted at the late session, is now as near perfect in all its parts as the wisdom of our legislators, aided by the lights of experience, can make it. Assessments commence May 1st. The time from then until December is occupied in assessing, transcribing, equalizing, etc. The tax is due in December, A penalty of 5 per cent. attaches to unpaid taxes on personal property, on March 1st, and of 10 per cent. on real estate taxes, June 1st. No interest is then charged until the tax sales, which begin on the third Monday in September. During the two years allowed for redemption after the sale the interest is 18 per cent. per annum.—If the property is not sold at the regular sale, nor during the two years following, it will become the absolute property of the State, but the parties holding an interest in the land may redeem it at any time, while in possession of the State, by paying the interest and expenses. After the redemption shall have expired the State may dispose of the property at public or private sale, and the purchaser shall acquire an absolute title.—[St. Paul Dispatch.

Senator W. H. Houlton.

St. Paul Dispatch.

During the last fall's campaign the *Dispatch* took occasion to speak some words in commendation of Wm. H. Houlton, of Elk River, Republican candidate for Senator from the Sherbirth district. We also took occasion to defend him on our own knowledge of his character and history, from some of the foul aspersions cast upon him by the malicious editor of the Elk River *News*, whose motives and grievances were also perfectly well known to us.

We regretted at the time, to see that some well disposed persons, who were ignorant of the facts, and of the relative worth of the parties to the bitter contest, had accepted and quoted as true the charges of the Elk River *News*. Among those who were thus misled was the staunch Republican editor of the Brainerd TRIBUNE, who since, if he has not seen and acknowledged the absolute falsity of the statements to which he gave credence and currency, has at least warmly complimented Senator Houlton for his zeal, intelligence and sincere devotion to the interests of his entire constituency.

And now comes the St. Cloud *Times*, which, although Democratic in politics has always maintained an enviable reputation for political candor and fairness. It indorses Senator McDonald, has sat with Mr. Houlton during the past session; has had abundant opportunity to know him, and in his last issue makes an honorable retraction of its former slurring and deserved tribute to his colleague as follows:

During the political campaign last fall, we copied from the Elk River News, an article which reflected very severely upon Mr. W. H. Houlton, of Elk River, at that time the republican candidate for Senator in the 30th district. We had never met Mr. H., knew nothing at all about him, and as our sympathies were naturally on the side of the Democratic competitor, we copied the article alluded to, believing that no friend would publish such a statement without some foundation for them. Mr. Houlton was elected, and, during the session of the Legislature just closed, we became intimately acquainted with him. We found him to be a pleasant, genial gentleman, and a prominent man in every sense of the word. As a Senator, he is intelligent, steadfast in his principles to the discharge of his legislative duties, and was highly esteemed and respected by his colleagues on both sides and parties. We are free to say that our acquaintance with Senator Houlton has convinced us that the article quoted from was unfounded in the assertions asserted, and we take pleasure in saying that we have spoken in the highest terms of him. We are aware that we have subjected ourself to a good deal of criticism for the course we have pursued in this matter by a Republican, but no more able or faithful servant can be selected than Senator Houlton.

JOHN F. CASH, formerly a wholesale dry goods merchant of St. Paul, owns 30,000 acres of land on the St. Paul & Pacific and Northern Pacific railroads.

POSTMASTER DAY, of St. Paul, has invented a postal card so arranged as to transmit a message on one side and return its answer on the other, and the invention is being favorably considered by Congress.

A VERY little boy had one day done wrong, and he was sent, after paternal correction, to ask in secret the forgiveness of his Heavenly Father. His offense was forgiven, and when asked what he would say, his mother followed to the door of the room. In lisping accents she heard him ask to be made better; and then, with childlike simplicity, he added: "Lord, make me a temper better, too."

As William drew his Susy near
He whispered to his bride:
"Though queer it sounds I know you love my dear
To live by Susy's side."—[Ex.
When years have passed and Sue his
Has clutched as wives oft do,
Poor Will will wish that he had wed
Some other sort of Sioux.
—[Boston Globe.

Satan to the Book-Ring

I'll heat up my furnaces red and blue,
And treat you all to a royal stew.
I'll boil you tender and roast you brown,
I'll stir you up and I'll simmer you down,
And when I have basted and baked you well,
I'll carve you up for the bull dogs of hell.
Gone for some brimstone.
—[Dispatch.

Skull and Cross Bones.

Rush City Post.

Two of our citizens last week received pleasant little epistles in the shape of the following:

Take notice that you are hereby ordered to leave town within thirty days or suffer death.

(Coffin here.)

The bullet is moulded.

Layer Dent received one of these entertaining notices, and William Vannetter, an honest farmer living near here, the other.

THE Minnesota agricultural and mechanical association has received assurances from the Hon. James G. Blaine that he will be in Minneapolis during the coming exposition and deliver an address to the multitude. There is probably no other public man in this country whose presence would be greeted by so many thousands of admiring men and women of Minnesota on such an occasion as Senator Blaine. With thousands of personal acquaintances in this State, and hundreds of thousands of political friends and admirers, this bold and dashing champion of his party, who was so warmly supported by Minnesota for the presidency in the last republican national convention, will receive such an ovation from the people of Minnesota as has never before been accorded to any public man.—[Pioneer Press.

Ruffee, the Heathen.

A delegation of Episcopalians, mostly from New York, arrived here the other evening, after office hours, and insisted at that late hour, to see Secretary Schurz, to protest against the appointment of that unconverted heathen, Charles A. Ruffee. It appears they have just heard of this appointment, and took the first first train to Washington to protest against it. Mr. Schurz, however, could not see them until morning, and a member of Congress, who happened to be present, waiting to see the secretary on other business, reported that they got very little comfort from the secretary. I don't know it to be a fact, but I have heard that they confidently informed the secretary that when Mr. Ruffee was last in Washington with a prospect of getting this appointment, he was in frequent consultation with Tiwana Bean, with a view of obtaining from that celebrated sculptress models of the most approved idols for Indian worship. The secretary gave respectful attention to the delegation, and, after it was through, ordered Mr. Ruffee's commission to be sent to him.—[Washington Cor. Pioneer Press.

The Narrow Guage Road to the Hills.

A company has just been organized for pushing to completion a projected narrow-guage railroad from Bismarck and Fort Lincoln to Deadwood. The formal title of the corporation is the Bismarck, Fort Lincoln and Black Hills railroad. The incorporators are the officers and directors, and they reside at Bismarck. J. W. Raymond is president; W. T. Mitchell, vice-president; Geo. W. Sweet, secretary, and John McLean, treasurer. The board of directors is composed of the above named officers and Dr. Porter, Col. Lounsberry, Edmund Hackett, Wm. Donahue and Charles Cushman. The capital stock is $1,800,000, and $250,000 has already been pledged. The officers think they see their way clear to raise the whole amount necessary to build and equip the road. Mr. Raymond, the president of the company, is now in the city, and the information regarding the project was extracted from him by a Times reporter. He says the length of the line by the shortest survey, from Bismarck to Deadwood will be two hundred and twenty-five miles. The route proposed traverses a region of country only slightly undulating, and prescribing no engineering difficulties to speak of. A party is now engaged in running surveys of the line, and contracts for grading will probably be let early in the spring. The Northern Pacific is extending substantial aid to the enterprise, the company having agreed to transport all materials used in its construction at mere nominal freight charges. The new road, when completed to the Hills, will be an important feeder to the N. P.—[Chicago Times.

BUSINESS NOTICE.
Rates of Advertising will be made known on application at the office or by letter. No ads would cost all cases.
Legal notices 75 lines per square for first and 37 1-2 cents for each subsequent insertion
To secure insertion advertisements should be handed in to this office as early as Thursday noon; communications, Thursday noon; and local notices of religious services, etc., Friday noon.

Clubbing Rates.
Advance subscribers to the Brainerd TRIBUNE can, upon application at the office, get either of the following valuable journals at the rates named:

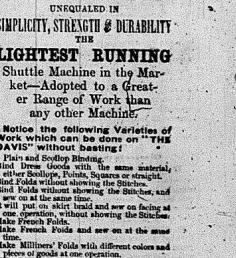
Minnesota Farmer	$1 60
St. Paul Pioneer Press, weekly	2 25
" " with supp.	1 75
" daily, 1 year	10 00
" " 3 months	2 70
Dispatch, weekly	0 50
" daily	6 00
Globe, weekly	1 60
" daily	7 50

ENJOY LIFE!
What a truly beautiful world we live in! Nature gives us a grandeur of mountains, glens and ocean, and thousands of means for enjoyment. We can desire no better when in perfect health; but how often do the majority of people feel like giving it up disheartened, discouraged and worried out with disease, when there is no occasion for this feeling, as every sufferer can easily obtain satisfactory proof that Green's August Flower will make them as free from disease as when born. Dyspepsia or Liver Complaint is the direct cause of seventy-five per cent. of such maladies as Biliousness, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Nervous Prostration, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, Palpitation of the Heart, and other distressing symptoms. Three doses of August Flower will prove its wonderful effect. Sample bottles, 10 cents. Try it.

HELP IN ACQUIRING KNOWLEDGE.—In acquiring a knowledge of the English Language, and especially in learning the meaning of words, probably no other work, nor many other books together, can afford so much aid as Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, with its 3000 Pictorial Illustrations, its precise and full definitions, its careful discriminations of synonymous words, and its many valuable tables. It is, in itself, a whole library of the language. Let one family have a copy of this work, and use it faithfully, and another be without it,—the difference in the progress of the two families in getting knowledge will be very great.

COUGH, Hoarseness, Asthma, or any Irritation of the Throat or Bronchial Tubes, will be relieved by taking Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. It has cured thousands. Recommend it to your friend and neighbor. Your druggist keeps it. Price 25 cents.

C. B. SLEEPER,
Attorney at Law,
FRONT STREET,
BRAINERD, - - - MINN.
1795

THE NEW DAVIS
LOCK STITCH, VERTICAL FEED
Sewing Machine!

UNEQUALED IN
SIMPLICITY, STRENGTH & DURABILITY
THE
LIGHTEST RUNNING
Shuttle Machine in the Market—Adopted to a Greater Range of Work than any other Machine.
Notice the following Varieties of Work which can be done on "THE DAVIS" without basting:
Plain and Scollop Binding.
Bind Dress Braid on the same material, either Scollops, Points, Squares or straight.
Bind Folds without showing the Stitches.
Bind Folds without showing the Stitches, and sew on at the same time.
It will put on skirt braid and sew on facing at one operation, without showing the Stitches.
Make French Folds.
Make French Folds and sew on at the same time.
Make Milliners' Folds with different colors and pieces of goods at one operation.
Make Milliners' Fold with different colors and pieces of goods at one operation and sew on at the same time.
It will gather without sewing on.
It will gather and sew on at the same time.
It will gather between two pieces and sew on at the same time.
It will gather between two bands, showing the stitches on the right side, at one operation.
It will make Plaited Trimming.
It will make Plaited Trimming and sew on at the same time.
It will make Plaited Trimming, either Scolloped or straight.
It will turn a Hem and stitch on Trimming at one operation.
It will make Wide and Narrow Hems, Hem all manner of Raw Woolen Goods, as Soft Merino, Crape, or Goods difficult to Hem on other machines.
It will fold Hems with Cord enclosed, and Stitch them down at one operation.
It will sew over the cord and sew the sleeve in at one operation.
It will cover the cord and sew it in between edges at the same time.
It will do Felling Rips or Straight, either on Cotton or Woolen Goods.
It will Fell across seams on any goods.
It will Sew over uneven surfaces as well as plain.
It makes a more Elastic Stitch than any other machine.
It does not change Length of Stitch on Scroll Work.
It sews from Lace to Leather without changing Stitch or Tension.
For Tucking, Cording, Braiding, Quilting, Ruffling, Fringing, Embroidering, Shirring, Tailoring, Dressmaking and Family use it has no equal.
For samples of this work, and the Machine, please call upon the Agent.
MRS. L. JACK,
Cor. Laurel and Fourth Streets,
BRAINERD MINN.

Brainerd Tribune.

HARTLEY BROS., Publishers.

BRAINERD, - - MINNESOTA.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

English Grain Trade.

The Mark Lane *Express* review of the British corn trade for the week, says: English wheat has been marketed in small quantities and in an unsatisfactory condition. Both in Mark Lane and in the provinces business was restricted, as growers are not able to make up their minds to accept the lower rate, at which buyers expected to purchase. Sales, however, have only been practicable at decline of a shilling per quarter, although the reduction principally affected badly conditioned parcels. Imports of foreign wheat into London and Liverpool have been large, and buyers were enabled to satisfy their wants on rather easier terms. Trade has been somewhat less repressed than of late, but the demand nevertheless has been mainly retail. considerable interest is centered for the moment upon the black Sea ports and the large shipments of grain taking place in Odessa, but in what condition these supplies will reach us after having been stored in the up country districts of southern Russia for many months, is a matter of conjecture. There will be some delay in shipping wheat from this source, the transport service being very inefficient. New American maize has come to hand freely in good condition. Feeding stuffs ruled slow. New maize and barley has been a turn lower to sell, but oats, of which arrivals from abroad have been light, fully maintained rates. Arrivals of wheat cargoes at ports of call have been moderate, but trade ruled exceeding dull, and prices declined two shillings per quarter. Maize and barley were also neglected, and values gave way six pence to a shilling per quarter, with a firmer feeling at the close.

The Sacramento Flood.

A correspondent of the California associated press, who has ascended the Sacramento river to Monroeville, 190 miles above Sacramento, telegraphs that for the entire distance, the country presents the appearance of a continuous sea. On both sides of the river, not five thousand acres of land along the river for the whole distance have escaped the flood. The river is now falling rapidly, and vast tracts of wheat land are making their appearance, much of which may be saved if drying north winds follow the recent continued storms. Between Sacramento and Monroeville there are about 250 breaks in the levees. Dr. Gleen, a large farmer in Colusa county, lost 20,000 sheep and six thousand acres of wheat by the flood. The main wheat lands of Colusa county are five miles from the river and are safe. About 10 per cent. of the wheat crop of that county is ruined, and about the same amount damaged. The loss between Sacramento and Monroeville in levees, buildings, stock and crops, will reach $800,000, besides a decrease in the value of property in some localities. There is however, a prospect of an enormous harvest, and much sediment has been deposited, which will renew the land where worn out by continuous cropping. The flood has caused comparatively few cases of personal suffering and want.

Fiendish and Diabolical Murder.

One of the most fiendish and diabolical murders ever committed, recently occurred near Hoge Stantion, Kansas, a man named Andrew Butts being the victim. He was traveling with a companion named George Stuttman, both being from Mount Carmel, Northumberland county, Pa. While he and his companion were sleeping by a camp fire, three tramps whose names are unknown, came up and asked permission to sleep by the fire. This being refused, the tramps went away and the two young men went to sleep. About midnight Butts was awakened to find his clothing in flames and a burning railroad tie laid across his body. He tore the burning rags from his body, but he was so badly burned before he could do so that the flesh dropped from his body in various places. He crawled to a farm house near by and had his wounds tied up, and was then taken to the poor house at Leavenworth, where he died the next day. His companion has not been seen since that night, and the general supposition is that the tramps made way with him.

Mails Burned East of Chicago.

A baggage car from New York was burned on the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern road on the 11th inst., while approaching Edgerton, about 170 miles East of Chicago. All the contents were destroyed, including a considerable amount of mail matter which was in one section of the car. The fire was discovered shortly before arriving at Edgerton, and when the train stopped at that place the flames had rendered the use of water of no avail. No estimate of damage can be made although reports of heavy losses by passengers are current. The fire caught from a candle which was carelessly left burning in the vicinity of a large pile of papers. Some 8,000 pounds of mail was burned, but there were no letters, and the mail was chiefly for Iowa and Nebraska. Among the principal losers by the destruction of baggage were M L. Scott and daughter of Erie, $3,000 worth of diamonds; Daniel Dows, New York, valuable papers and baggage, and many others for less amounts. The car was formerly in the fast mail service, and was valued at $3,000.

Changes in the Tariff Bill.

The committee on ways and means have considered the tax on sundries. Brimstone, crude, was made free. Britania ware was increased from 20 to 25 per cent. *ad valorem*. Card cases, pocket books, souvenirs and all similar articles of whatever material composed, are increased form 20 to 30 per cent. *ad valorem*. Chicory and the root, ground or unground, burnt or prepared, is reduced from 3 to 4 cents per pound. The rate on castor beans or seeds was fixed at 60 cents per bushel of 50 pounds. Crude cocoa and cork bark were made free; cork bark manufactured 30 per centum *ad valorem*. Chloroform 50 cents per pound. Cream tartar was reduced from 9 to 6 cents per pound. Zante or other currants were reduced form 2 to 1 cent per pound. Raisins were fixed at 2½ cents per pound. Corsets, manufactured of cotton, were reduced from $3 to $2 per dozen. The tax on unwrought clay, pipe clay and fire clay was fixed at $4 per ton; kaoline $4 per ton and fullers earth $3 per ton.

Honest Money League.

The executive committee of the "honest money league" has issued a call for a meeting of persons friendly to the object of the league, to take place at the Grand Pacific hotel, Chicago, Tuesday, March 15th. The call states that the object of the meeting is to effect a permanent organization for the Northwest, to thereby disseminate sound views of finance and to counteract the influence of organized agitators who would lead the nation to the adoption of irredeemable paper money. The leaders of the movement report that it is rapidly gaining strength and that letters are received daily expressing warm sympathy and a desire to co-operate.

Discouraging Prospects for Lake Navigation.

The vessel men at Milwaukee anticipate little or no business during the early spring. There is absolutely no demand for charters, and no likelihood of there being any before May at the earliest. The amount of wheat there is only six hundred thousand bushels, not more than a quarter the amount usually in store at this season of the year. There will be nothing for vessels to do before the middle of May, and even then freight rates will be ruinously low. There are so many vessels, and so little grain, that vessel men expect to see rates lower than ever before.

Attempted Fraud.

Captain George Williams, of the British brigantine Allice, bound from Porto Cabello for Hamburg, conspired with a passenger named J. F. Kinner, and his crew, to realize upon a cargo of coffee and hides valued at $92,000 gold. He ran the vessel into Baltimore, where Kinner attempted to dispose of the cargo asking $60,000 advance upon the sale. Suspicion being aroused by some irregularities in the papers of the vessel, inquiry disclosed the conspiracy, but before criminal proceedings could be taken, all concerned, except a colored body servant of Kinner, had left the city. Kinner is said to have been advanced $1,000 upon the cargo by Eugene Severing & Co.

Steamboat Sunk.

The steamboat Shannon, from Quachita river, with 900 bales of cotton, collided with the monitor Canonicus, near New Orleans, La., and sank in a few minutes. Captain Bepart thinks no lives are lost. The Canonicus is at anchor in the river, at the foot of Canal street. This is the second steamboat sunk by collision with her. Steamboat men claim the light displayed by the monitor was insufficient. The boat is a total loss. A portion of the cargo may be saved, badly damaged. Boat and cargo valued at $60,000.

Suicide of a Fifteen Year Old Girl.

About seven weeks since Miss Ella Schultze, aged 15 years, suddenly disappeared from her adopted home with Henry C. Buell, a wealthy farmer living near Geneva Lake, Wis. Deligent search was made, but no trace of her whereabouts were discovered until on the 6th inst., her lifeless body was found in a water hole near Caledonia station, Boone county, Ill., twenty-five miles away from home. A corner's jury pronounced it a case of suicide.

Suicide for Jealousy.

Mrs. Kaiser, wife of A. Kaizer, a prominent business man of Burlington, Iowa, committed suicide by taking morphine. The testimony at the inquest developed the fact that she had contemplated self-destruction for some time. Jealousy and imaginary wrongs on the part of her husband were the causes.

CONGRESSIONAL,

SENATE, March 7.—A bill was introduced by Senator Cockrell for the improvement of the Mississippi. The house bill for the relief of Surgeon General Hammond was discussed. The bill amending the revised statutes relating to guano islands passed. Mr. Sargent then called up his resolution relating to Chinese immigration and made a speech thereon.

HOUSE, March 7.—The political disabilities of Robert R. Chilton, of Georgia, was removed. There was a sharp discussion on the resolution to appoint experts for the investigating committees, which was finally passed. The deficiency appropriation bill was considered in committee, and after some discussion reported to the house and passed. It appropriates $55,500.

HOUSE, March 8.—A communication was received relating to the abolition of the duty on type. The senate amendments to guano islands bill were concurred in. The long bond bill was referred to the committee on ways and means. Private bills were then considered. A resolution was agreed to calling on the secretaries of war and the interior for information in relation to geographical and geological surveys ordered. The house went into committee of the whole on the bill to pay Southern mail contractors, and after a lively discussion rose without action and adjourned.

HOUSE, March 9.—Mr. Kelly made a speech in reply to Garfield, and considerable desultory discussion followed. The house, then went into committee of the whole on the consular appropriation bill. Mr. Singleton explained the bill in a speech. Mr. Hubbell spoke in favor of maintaining our foreign commerce, after which the committee rose without action

SENATE, March 11.—The West Point appropriation bill was reported with amendments, and the bill for the appointment of additional commissioners to Paris, unfavorably reported and indefinately postponed. A resolution appointing Gen. Sherman a regent of the Smithsonian institution in place of George Bancroft, resigned, was agreed to. The Pacific Railroad bill, agreed to by the railroad committee was reported. Mr. Blaine called up his resolution asking for the correspondence relating to the appointment of the third commissioner to determine the Halifax award, and made some remarks thereon. Hamlin and Dawes also spoke and the resolution was agreed to. The bill providing for a commission on the alcoholic liquor traffic was passed—29 to 19; Mr. Conkling reported a bill in aid of the Bennett polar expedition

HOUSE, March 11.—A large number of bills were introduced, among which were one by Ewing, for the issue of legal tender notes; one by Turner, declaring United States bonds subject to taxation; one by Patterson, to fix the value of timber cut on public lands; and two for the issue of silver certificates. The house then went into committee of the whole on the consular and diplomatic bill, and Mr. Hewitt made a speech. He criticised the diplomatic service, and the President's civil policy. After his speech the bill relating to the tax on spirits, and the naval appropriation bill were reported, and Cox offered a resolution favoring the recognition of Diaz as President of Mexico. An evening session was held for debate only.

SENATE, March 12.—A resolution looking to the trial of claims against the United States exceeding $1,000 in district courts was agreed to. The bill in aid of the Bennett polar expedition passed without debate. A communication from the secretary of the interior relating to the timber depredations in Montana was received and read. The bill for the relief of Surgeon General Hammond was passed—55 to 1. The bill for the payment of Ben Halliday was referred to the committee on claims. Mr. Thurman made a speech on the Pacific railroads sinking fund bill. Mr. Windom called up the West Point bill, but it went over until the 13th.

HOUSE, March 12th.—The house went into committee of the whole on the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill, and was addressed by Messrs. Hale, Whitthorne, Dunnell and Cox, after which the committee rose without action, and the house adjourned.

SENATE, March 13th.—Mr. Windom reported the fortification bill. Mr. Merrimon introduced a bill to regulate the counting of the electoral votes. Mr. Kelley introduced bills to aid the New Orleans & Pacific railroad and to establish a mint at New Orleans. Mr. Matthews called up the communication of the secretary of the interior relating to timber depredations and made some rema ks. He was followed by Mr. Blaine. The senate then took up the West Point bill and the committee amendments to the house bill were agreed to.

HOUSE, March 13.—The house went into committee of the whole on the consular and diplomatic oppropriation bill, which was considered by sections. After an explanation by Regan of his assertions made a few days ago, regarding the bill to pay southern mail contractors, several motions to increase items in the bill were voted down. Amendments making it the duty of consuls to make monthly reports of exports and imports and annual reports of the rate of wages in the countries in which they were accredited were adopted and the bill passed. The bill reduces the pay of first-class ministers from $17,000 to $15,000, and makes other sweeping reductions The bill in aid of the Bennett polar expedition passed.

A young woman of Newburg, Wis., severely thrashed her father because he would not raise $500 to give her as a dowry; in order to marry a man who wanted his wife to have that sum.

Appropriations for 1878.

The following are the appropriations made by the Legislature of 1878 and the standing appropriations which are drawn annually under previous legislation:

STANDING APPROPRIATIONS.	
Governor's salary	3,800 00
Secretary's salary	1,800 00
Auditor and Land Commissioner's salary	3,000 00
Treasurer's salary	3,500 00
Attorney General's salary	2,000 00
Adjutant General's salary	1,500 00
Supt. Public Instruction's salary	2,500 00
Railroad Commissioner's salary	3,000 00
Insurance Commissioner's salary	2,000 00
Librarian's salary	1,500 00
Janitor's salary	1,200 00
Assistant Janitor	380 00
Night Watchman, Engineer and Fireman	1,800 00
Military storekeeper	400 00
Messenger for executive department	120 00
Governor's private secretary salary	1,500 00
Assistant secretary State and statistician	2,000 00
Auditor's chief clerk salary	1,500 00
Land clerk salary	1,500 00
Land clerk salary deficiency	300 00
Deputy treasurer's clerk salary	1,500 00
Public instruction clerk salary	1,200 00
Clerk supreme court salary	1,500 00
Reporter supremo court salary	600 00
Marshal	200 00
Attorney General's clerk salary	200 00
Winona Normal School	12,000 00
Mankato Normal School	9,000 00
St. Cloud Normal School	9,000 00
Agricultural societies	3,000 00
Geological survey	2,000 00
Fish commissioners	5,000 00
Training schools and institutes	3,000 00
Salaries of judges	39,000 00
ANNUAL APPROPRIATIONS.	
Legislative expenses	$68,500 00
Senate court of impeachment	10,000 00
Senate committee investigating Insane Asylum	400 00
Historical society	2,500 00
Salaries of judges, 1878	10,500 00
Insane support	110,000 00
Insane support, deficiency	12,500 00
Deaf, dumb and blind support	30,000 00
Reform school support	25,000 00
Prison current expenses	50,000 00
Prison current expenses, deficiency	45,182 89
Soldiers' orphans' support	3,000 00
Deaf, dumb and blind institute building	15,000 00
Capital enlargement	14,000 00
Cells and improvements at State prison	38,750 00
Reform school workshops	10,000 00
Prison workshops, &c., deficiency	7,507 48
Prison grounds, deficiency	3,983 75
Enlarging grounds of State university	20,000 00
Repairs of capitol	1,500 00
Second hospital for insane, building	15,000 00
Purchase of seed grain	150,000 00
Interest on State bonds	35,000 00
State board of health	1,500 00
High school board of examiners	9,000 00
State board of equalization	1,500 00
State board of equalization, deficiency	858 50
DeGraff claims commission	500 00
Text book commission	600 00
State board of immigration	5,000 00
Coal, tar and iron, reimbursement of Governor	4,213 32
Rent of arsenal	350 00
Express and mileage	1,000 00
Fuel and lights	3,000 00
Sheriff's expenses	3,000 00
Requisition expenses	1,000 00
Arrest and conviction of horse-thieves	4,000 00
Superintendent of Fruit farm	1,000 00
Executive contingent fund	3,000 00
Secretary's " "	200 00
Auditor's " "	400 00
Treasurer's " "	200 00
Attorney General's contingent fund	1,000 00
Adjutant General's " "	100 00
Insurance Commissioner's contingent fund	1,200 00
Governor's contingent fund	1,200 00
Auditor's extra clerks	2,000 00
Secretary's clerk, salary	1,000 00
Public instruction contingent fund	500 00
Insurance commissioners contingent fund	200 00
Railroad commissioners contingent fund	200 00
Library contingent fund	300 00
Commissioner of statistics contingent fund	200 00
Supreme court contingent fund	400 00
Exchanging documents fund	800 00
State costs	300 00
Printing, advertising and binding	25,000 00
Printing paper	8,000 00
Stationery for Legislature and State officers	2,000 00
Printing laws in newspapers	15,000 00
Printing laws in newspapers (deficiency)	7,805 98
Supreme Court Reports, vols. 25 and 26	2,400 00
Preparing and indexing laws	200 00
Law library	1,000 00
Binding books, law library	100 00
Wolf bounties	5,000 00
Selling State lands	5,000 00
Selecting University lands	1,000 00
Expenses of State Loan	500 00
Monument at Litchfield for victims Sioux massacre	500 00
Inaugural expenses	100 00
Swamp land lists	400 00
Yellow Medicine county, care of two persons	784 70
St. Louis county, trial of murderer	553 91
John Schroeder, services clerk board of immigration	100 00
Timothy Corbitt, military service in 1864	32 50
Joseph Wolf, land for prison	1,000 00
Wm. Box, expenses election contest in 1875, H. R.	900 00
P. H. Rahilly, expenses election contest in 1875, H. R.	700 00
John Phelps	38 95
Total	$928,161 98

MINNESOTA LEGISLATURE.

Twentieth Annual Session.

SENATE, March 7.—This being the last day in which bills could be passed, everybody took the occasion to force their pet measures to a passage. The Senate was in almost continuous session until 5¼ o'clock on the morning of the 8th, at which time they adjourned for breakfast. During the session 384 bills were introduced in the Senate, some of which failed in the last hours owing to the immense accumulation of business

HOUSE, March 7.—This was a stormy day in the House. An immense amount of business was transacted. Bills were rushed through when many of the members apparently did not know what measure they were voting upon. 459 bills were introduced in the House. Many failed for the lack of time The House adjourned for breakfast at 5¼ o'clock on the morning o the 8th.

Milwaukee Produce Market.

GRAIN—Wheat, opened unsettled and closed firm; No. 1 hard $1.15; No. 1 $1.14; No. 2 $1.10; February $1.09¾; March $1.09¾; April $1.10½; No. 3 $1.03¼. Corn, scarce and wanted No. 2 nominal at 44c. Oats, steady; No. 2 25c. Rye, scarce and firm; No. 1 56c. Barley, dull and depressed No. 2 March 52½c; April 53¾@55c.

PROVISIONS—Nominally unchanged; mess pork steady at $10.30. Lard, prime steam $7.30; kettle $7.62½.

Chicago Produce Market

GRAIN—Wheat, excited, higher and unsettled; opened strong and higher and closed at inside prices; No. 1 Chicago $1.10¼@1.11; No. 2 Chicago gilt edge $1.10½ regular; $1.09¾ cash and March; $1.10 April; sales at $1.09@1.11¾ April; No. 3 Chicago $1.04@1.04½; rejected 91c. Corn, demand active; opened strong and higher, and closed at inside prices; gilt edge 43c; regular 42½c cash, March and April; 43½c May; rejected 36@36½c. Oats, dull and unchanged; 25c cash; 24¾c March; 24¾c April; 27¾@27½c May. Rye, fairly active and shade higher, 6c. Barley, good demand and prices shade higher, at 47c.

PROVISIONS—Pork, steady, with fair demand, $10.25 cash; $10.40@10.42½ April; $10.57½ May. Lard, steady and in fair demand, at $7.25 cash; $7.35@7.37½ April; $7.45 @7.47½ May. Bulk meats, steady and in fair demand.

Daniel McFarland, who was tried and acquitted in this city eight years ago on a charge of murdering Albert D. Richardson, is or was recently an employer in a wagon factory at South bend, Ind. He is said to be a hard drinker and of vagabondish propensities.

Minnesota News Items.

GOODHUE COUNTY.

A bank has been established at Cannon Falls.

The three flouring mills at Red Wing daily turn out 1,000 barrels of flour.

RICE COUNTY.

Rice county had 673 births to 208 deaths in the year past.

A. C. Judd, of Wells township, Rice county, shot a wild swan in Wells lake on the 7th. The bird had seven companions, all escaping.

The Polar Star Mill company, of Faribault, is turning out 200 barrels of flour daily in that city, beside manufacturing 50 barrels daily at its mill in Warsaw.

Patrick Gardiner, a troublesome character in Wells township, Rice county, stabbed James Downie, with whom he was quarreling, on the 4th. When arrested the following day he was permitted by the officer to go into another room to change his shirt, and he levanted through the window. Downie is cut to the bone in two places between the arm and elbow of one arm.

According to a letter in the Faribault *Republican* from S. H. Kenney, one of the fathers of the amber sugar cane culture, the lowest estimate of that crop in this State for the current year is 25,000 barrels, representing 6,000 acres under the cane. Mr. Kenney affirms that he raised the cane nine successive seasons on one piece of land, seeded it down to grass, and secured twenty-two bushels of wheat to the acre, clearly demonstrating the crop does not impoverish the land, which is still good. A barrel of the soft sugar has been forwarded to St. Louis to be refined.

DAKOTA COUNTY

The steamer Welch has resumed its trips between Hastings and Prescott, Wis.

C. Stebbins, after being connected with the Hastings *Gazette* for over twenty years, retired from that journal on the 9th. His partner, Irving Todd, will continue the paper as its sole proprietor.

STEVENS COUNTY.

The vote on the incorporation of Morris, Stevens county, resulted, on the 5th, in 55 to 3 in its favor.

Four newly made brides were last week simultaneously fluttering their feathers in Morris, Stevens county.

WATONWON COUNTY.

The Madelia, Watonwan county, *Times* closed its seventh year on the 8th.

During the year 1877, there were born in Watonwan county 79 females and 80 males, and 32 deaths occurred.

LYON COUNTY.

C. F. Case, editor of the Marshall, Lyons county, *Messenger*, has been appointed postmaster of that village, in place of W. Coleman, resigned.

TODD COUNTY.

Our winter has been impeached.—*Todd County Argus*.

The Todd county *Argus* of the 6th, says fifty tons of hay have been destroyed by fire in the vicinity of Long Prairie, within the last two weeks, all in consequence of burning meadows.

WRIGHT COUNTY.

The brewery of George E. Weiss, situated at St. Michaels, Wright county, was totally destroyed by fire on the 2d, involving a loss of from $3,000 to $5,000, on which there was no insurance.

Frank A. Muckenhern, aged 18 years, while engaged on the 2d, upon his father's farm near Delano, Wright county, in grubbing and pulling out trees with a team, was instantly crushed to death.

The Wright county *Eagle* mourns over the fact that the turbine water wheel, placed in Walker's dam, at Delano, a year ago, has been taken out and shipped to Minneapolis, thus ending that village's hopes for water power, for the present, at least.

STEELE COUNTY.

L. C. Martin, on the 6th, retired from the Owatonna *People's Press*, leaving the sole management thereof in the hands of his former partner, E. L. Darby.

Prof. Baker, of Owatonna, has resigned his position as one of the examiners of the candidates for the West Point cadetship, because some of his pupils will be among the contestants.

The Owatonna triangular elopement has been explained. Cyrus Fee, the party of the male part, says he and Miss Green had determined to go to Dodge Centre to be married. He arrived there first and met Miss Johnson, who informed him she had left her home in flight from misusage by her adopting parents, and was going to friends in Wisconsin. Miss Green shortly joined them and she and Fee were married. Miss Johnson witnessing the ceremony. And here endeth the chapter.

SCOTT COUNTY.

The Lanesboro *Journal* of the 9th, says: "Mr. Duncan Stewart, of the Scotch settlement, ten miles south of Lanesboro, sold his farm of 320 acres, a few days ago, to Mr. T. G. Moore, of the same neighborhood, for an even $10,000."

At the Shakopee, Scott county, fair, on the 4th, work oxen sold at from $80 to $110, beef cattle at about 3½ cents per pound, and milch cows with calves at from $20 to $25. There was a large attendance, and much business was transacted.

Mrs. Sarah A. Porter, aged 51 years, and the mother of eight children, seven of whom are living, died on the 1st at Lydia, Scott county. The deceased, born in New York, settled in that shire in 1856, when there were far more Sioux Indians in that vicinity than white people,

John J. Ring was restored to the treasurership of Scott county on the 5th. In December last, when Ring filed his bond, there was a deficiency of $3,337 not paid over by him; but which he claimed there was some doubt of his owing, and he accordingly resigned, Mr. Yost being appointed in his stead. An examination of the auditor's books having established the fact that Ring did owe the money, he, on the day named, paid the amount over, and was fully reinstated.

SWIFT COUNTY.

The United States land office at Benson, Swift county, after being closed for three months on account of the death of the former register, the late Capt. J. C. Braden, was reopened for business on the 8th, with the new incumbent, Hon. D. S. Hall, on duty, who brought with him a Mr. Thayer as clerk, represented as experienced in the business in Wisconsin. Mr. J. Q. A. Braden, after faithful service in the latter capacity, retires to assume more preferred pursuits.

OTTER TAIL COUNTY.

A two-inch wooden pipe is being laid from Lake Alice into the village of Fergus Falls, Otter Tail county, a distance of about a quarter of a mile. At the latter terminus a fountain is to be erected, to which a hose can be attached in case of fire, and a considerable "head" of water will be obtained, as the fall from the lake is twenty-two feet.

DOUGLAS COUNTY.

On the 5th, two prisoners, named Langdon and Allen, confined in the Alexandria, Douglas county, jail, improvised a saw made out of a clasp knife, with which they severed a double inch plank door, and swinging back the upper portion, delivered themselves without leaving a clue to their whereabouts.

MARTIN COUNTY.

The residence of Harvey and Leonard Goldsmith, residents of Martin county, was totally destroyed by fire on the 7th with a greater portion of its contents, involving a loss of fully $500.

FILLMORE COUNTY.

As Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Elliott were driving across the railroad track at Spring Valley, Fillmore county, on the 5th, they were both accidentally thrown from the buggy, Mrs. Elliott receiving such internal injuries as may prove fatal.

Advice to Boys.

Whatever you are be brave, boys!
The liar's a coward and slave, boys;
Though clever at ruses
And sharp at excuses,
He's a sneaking and pitiful knave, boys!

Whatever you are, be frank, boys!
'Tis better than money and rank, boys;
Still cleave to the right,
Be lovers of light,
Be open, above board and frank, boys!

Whatever you are be kind, boys!
Be gentle in manners and mind, boys;
The man gentle in mien,
Words and temper, I ween,
Is the gentleman truly refined, boys!

But whatever you are be true, boys!
Be visible through and through, boys;
Leave to others the shamming,
The "greening" and "cramming;"
In fun and in earnest, be true, boys!

THE COMANCHE BRIDE.

A Tragedy of the Rocky Mountains.

Upon the eastern slope of Table Hill, one of the most lofty of the Rocky Mountain peaks, sat a white man, although he was dressed in the grab of Indian. He appeared to be entirely alone. And yet not far below him arose the smock of a hundred lodgers, and the quarters of a body of Comanche Indians were visible. The young man glanced at them, and then he gazed away down the valley of the Sweetwater as far as the eye could reach. But only mountains piled up beyond mountains, until they became blended with the gray clouds, met his gaze, save here and there a lovely valley or a sparkling stream. Long did the young man gaze in silence: and then speaking, he appeared to be uttering the thoughts rather than addressing his words to any person, although an Indian girl had approached unseen, and was now standing near him. He said:

"Oh, what would I not give to see the gay world again! But, no! here must I remain and burrow like a wolf, every thing around is hateful! I can not endure it. I will not be kept a prisoner here!"

He ceased speaking, for the young girl had advanced and thrown herself upon the ground before him. She had clasped his knees and looked up into his eyes, while her own had filled up with tears. She did not utter a sound, but there was a thousand questions in the expressio of her face. The young man observed this, and at first he appeared a little confused.

Then he recovered his self possession, and asked:

"Nemonie, did you hear my words?"

"Yes, Albert," she replied. And tears which had gathered in her eyes began to roll down her cheeks.

The feelings of the young man appeared to be touched by this exhibition, and, pointing to the rising sun, he said:

"Nemonie, you can not wonder that I am sad. Away off yonder where the sun rises, was my home. Father, mother, brothers and sisters are there, and for four years I have not seen them. For for years I have been here a prisoner, shut out from the great world; and but for your smiles I believe I should have died before this, for only when with you can I for a moment content myslef."

"Then you do love me, dear Albert?" whispered the young cearture, as she nestled closer to the side of the man she worshiped.

"Yes, Nemonie; and if I coud only forget the past—if memory could become a blank—I might be happy here. But I can not forget. I cannot cease to contemplate the fact that I am a prisoner."

"No, dear Albert, you are not restrained in your liberty. I am sure that my father, the old Chief, has been very kind to you. Has not your lodge been of the very best, and your bed of soft furs? Has he not given you his only daughter, Nemonie, for a wife? Has he not made you one of his braves, and promised to confer still further honors upon you?"

"I grant all this. But let me attempt to escape from the tribe, and what would be the result? Why, my scalp would grace the belt of the first warrior who should overtake me. I know this, and so I can not help feeling that I am still a prisoner."

"And would you leave us if you could?"

"Yes, for I——"

The young man paused, for he had caught the expression of agony which passed over the face of his wife. He drew her to his bosom, and then continued:

"I would go, Nemonie, but not without you. If you were absent from my side, I should never be happy, for I should miss your sweet, innocent face, your kind words, and your caresses. No other could ever fill your place, so here I must live and here die."

At that moment a party of some dozen Indians came up. They were headed by the Chief, Wontum, the father of Nemonie. He seated himself upon the ground, but the others remained standing. That he had something important to say, Albert well knew by his manner, although he remained silent several minutes while he puffed away at his pipe.

At length he exclaimed:

"So our son is resolved to remain content among us?"

"Yes," returned Albert, glancing at his wife.

"Good! Our cause shall be his cause!"

"Yes."

"Good! And our son would not remain inactive when there is fighting to be done?"

"No," replied the young man with enthusiasm. "Give me something to set the blood coursing through my veins. It is becoming sluggish, stagnant. Lead me into battle—I will follow, even into the thickest of the fight! Place me front to front with the accursed Sioux, and I will show them what a Comanche pale-face can do!"

"But you are not to be led—you are to lead! From this moment you become my first Chief, and I feel that you will make yourself worthy of such a trust!"

"I will—I will! Oh, now, indeed, you give me a new life, since you give me something worth living for! When do we set out to meet our foes?"

"At once. But you are somewhat in error. It is not the Sioux we fight!"

"No! Whom, then?"

"The accursed pale faces!"

"What! my own countrymen! And you would have me fight my own race!"

"Why not? Are you not one of us now!"

The young man remained silent for a short time. That there was a terrible inward struggle going on was plainly to be seen, and the chief watched him narrowly until he spoke. He said:

"Chief, you have decioved me. For a long time I have seen that you are preparing for war; but you have led me to believe it was against the Sioux you were to fight. Had such been the case, I should have willingly joined you. But I will not fight against my own brothers—my own race."

The chief leaped to his feet and his eyes flashed fire as he spoke. He said:

"If they are your brothers, then you are our enemy, and should die upon the spot."

"Then kill me!" was the firm answer. "I will not fight against my race!"

"Listen young man," continued Wontum; "four years ago we captured you. As our prisoner, we should have taken your life. We did not, but we spared you. More than this, we treated you with the greatest consideration; and, at length we gave you our only daughter for a wife. You swore to become one of us—to make our interests your own. You have lived in indolence and now, for the first time, we ask your aid. What is your reply? You will not fight?

"Not against my race."

"Such a race, indeed! What are they? What have they made us? A few years ago we lived in peace and happiness away off toward the rising sun. The rivers swarmed with fish, and the forest and prairies with game. We were, indeed, Manitou's favored children. But the pale-face dogs—your race—came among us. They robbed us of our lands, they desecrated the graves of our sires, they poisoned our warriors with fire-water, and then they drove us from our homes at the point of the bayonet. With saddened hearts we came hither.

But Manitou smiled upon us once more, to lift our heads in our original pride and manhood. We asked the Great Spirit to give us these lands, and he replied that they already belonged to his red children. We became happy for our exchange was a good one. But the pale-faces learned of our prosperity, and they envied us. Then they followed us with their poisons and their lying tongues. They profess friendship, but we know them. They shall come no further. If they are not driven back they will force us again to leave our homes, and we have nowhere to go but unto the great waters. They shall not come! No, not so long as there beats an Indian heart or there is an arm to oppose them! Join us, fight with us, and you are one of us! Refuse, and you become equally our foe with them, and you shall never live to gaze upon the setting of that sun!"

"You have spoken. Now, listen to me," replied the young man, his eyes flashing and his lips curling with scorn.

"Speak! but remember that your words will decide your fate."

"You complain that the white man has driven you from your homes. True; but why did they do so? They came among you to seek for homes which only by hard toil they could secure. The lands belonged to my Government, and they had as much right to live upon them as you. Had you not molested them, they would have not disturbed you. But you lighted the midnight torch, and burned their houses to the ground. You butchered in cold blood their helpless women and innocent children. The mountains and the valleys echoed with their dying shrieks, and the rivers were crimsoned with their blood. Is it a wonder that strong men should have risen in their might and driven you back? No! And so long as you contiune such merciless acts you will still be driven back!"

"Beware how you speak!"

"You asked me to join you. In reply, I tell you there is no drop of traitor's blood in my veins. Not to save ten thousand lives would I become an apostate!"

"You have decided?"

"I have: and nothing can change my decision."

The Chief whispered a few words to the savages around him. They apeared delighted, and began their yelling, which soon brought the entire band to the spot. These, learning, what was going on, joined in the dreadful chorus, until the mountains echoed and re-echoed with the sounds.

Albert was seized and instantly bound to a tree. Then a quantity of light brushwood was piled around him. His wife had been eagerly watching the proceedings, and approaching her husband, she asked:

"Dear Albert, will we know each other when we meet in the spirit-land?"

"Yes, I think so," was the reply.

"And can you talk to me there, and fold me to your heart and tell me that you love me ever as you have done here?"

"I am sure that I can. But why do you ask?"

"Because your spirit will scarcely have left the earth ere mine will follow it. Perhaps we shall meet on the way and enter that bright land together."

No futher words were permited, for Nemonie was dragged away and the pyre was lighted. The red flame darted upward, encircling the form of the young man. But not a groan or a murmur escaped him, and at length his head dropped upon his bosom, showing that life was extinct or nearly so.

Nemonie had stood watching the dreadful scene. She appeared unusually calm, although she was very pale. Once she had glanced behind her. Within only a few feet from the spot where she was standing there was a cliff of rocks, and below a terrible gulf hundreds of feet deep. As soon as the wife saw the head drop, and knew that life was extinct, she said:

"Albert, husband! now I come to join you!"

She darted for the precipice. Her father and others sprang foward to prevent her determined action; but they were too late. Over the cliff she sprang, and down that giddy height she whirled. Striking upon the ragged rocks below, there remained only the mangled flesh of what a few moments before had been the beautiful Comanche bride.

John Robinson as a Lion-Tamer.

Baltimore New

Did you ever hear Uncle John Robinson tell how he once played the part of Daniel and entered the lion's den? You ought to hear him relate it. His lion performer had left him, and he had sent for a young woman who was famous for her skill in subduing the mighty king of beasts. When she reached the show, however, and was introduced to the lions, he hesitated about entering the cage, Uncle John laughed at her timidity, and with his characteristic impetuosity cried: "What! afraid of a lion! Here, give me your whip, and I'll go in. Never did before, but I ain't afraid of the oldest lion that lives."

So John seized the whip on the impuls of the moment—if he had stopped to think he never would have done it—and, swinging open the door, sprang into the cage. The boss lion was lying down, with its head upon its paws, in the further corner. A couple of smaller lions were lying by his side. Slowly the lion raised his head and opened his great, sleepy eyes to glance at intruder then, with majestic deliberation, got upon his feet and began to advance toward the man who had dared to bread him in his den—the Douglas in his hall. John says he never realized until that moment how big an animal a lion was. He had no idea until then what great eyes he had got, what a great mouth he had got, and what long and sharp teeth he had. "Get back!" yelled John, in the sternest and most authoritative of tones he could command flourishing his whip in the air.

But the lion did not get back; instead of that, he raised upon his hind-feet, reaching out with his fore-paws until he seemed ot fill the entire width of the cage. John says the lion looked at that moment as though he was at least sixteen feet high, and he wonders how Daniel simply protected by greed cotton umbrella, ever held his own against a den of them. Seeing that the lion had no idea of getting back for he continued to advance, Uncle John concluded to dack out himself, which he did with such precipitation as to fall into to the arms of a couple of canvas-men who were fortunately standing by, and who closed the door in time to prevent the exit of his leonine majusty. John has had no desire to preform the part of Daniel since that exciting experience.

Choking,

Choking is by no means uncommon to the horse. It may arise from various causes, from the existence of tumors, or the result of strangles. But choking proper is caused by the impaction of food in the pharynx, or in the gullut just below it, when the "high choke" can be recognized. When choking results from stoppage in the position above named, the animal gives evidence of great suffering, a discharge flows from the nostrils, and froth appears over the mouth and lips; the eyes assume a conjested and anxious expression, the breathing becomes laborious, tetanic symtoms of the neck are associated with efforts to vomit, and give evidence that the attempts of the horse to remove the offending impaction are futile. But relief must be afforded, and that quickly, if life is to be preserved, which can be attempted by placing a balling iron in the mouth, and then by passing the hand to the pharynx, when sometimes the obstruction can be reached and brought away with the fingers; at other times it cannot.

When such is the case thick piece of wire terminating with a hook, adapted both as regards length and curvature of hook, must be carefuly worked behind the impediment, of whatever nature it maybe, and then in one mass, or bit by e bit, it must be taken away from th gullet. Sometimes the obstrucktion consists of some hard substance such as an egg, which may wholly accupy the pharyngeal opening. When such is the case it will be useless to attempt its removal with a hook; a large darning needle, or better still a fine trocar, can be driven into the substence when the contents of the egg can be evacuated the shell broken down, and symptoms of the "high chocke" will subside and olmost immediately disapear.

When an obstruction occurs at the thoracic end of the gullet—*i. e.*, just before its entrance into the stomach—it is called the "low choke," the symtoms of which are not so violent as those occasioned when food is impacted near the pharynx. The horse the subject of it evinces signs of distress—he breathes laboriously, and arches his back; as he attempts to swallow water it is returned by the nostrils; when an attempt is made to eat an effort to vomit follows, associated with tetanic spasams of the ctrevical muscles. Immediately on the appearance of these symtoms administer to the horse a quarter of a pint of linseed oil and afterwards pass the probang down to the œsophagus, and when the offending substance has been reached maintain steady pressure until it has been driven bodily into or dispersed bit by bit into the stomach. About an hour after the probang has been withdrawn, place a bran mash before your patient. If he eats without exhibiting any inclination to vomit, you may rest assured that the horse has been successfully unchoked.

The Clothes-Line.

Danbury News.

Come, now, what infernal barbarity is this – leaving a clothes-line out after dark! A great deal of funny comment has been made upon the custom by thoughtless people, but it is a most serious matter, and it's high time the tomfoolery was abolished. We are just as ready as anybody to see the funny side of a thing, but we have ceased to observe anything amusing in being unexpectedly sawed across the neck, or rasped across the face by a clothes-line. It is time that there was a legislative enactment either to hang clothes-lines sixty feet above the earth, or make leaving them out after nightfall a State prison offense. It is a most incomprehensible fact that a clothes-line is always hung across the garden path.

If the yard was ten miles square and a path two feet wide crept along close to the fence, and the woman had but eight feet of line, she would manange to cover the path. Whether this is because she is perverse, or cannot help it, we do not know. We only know that it is so, and that it is an appalling evil. No home circle is safe where this custom prevails. It matters not how good natured a man is, it matters not how carefully he has been educated, it matters not how lofty and noble are his aspirations—the moment a clothes-line catches him under the chin, especially if he has a pan of ashes in his arms, that moment he sinks with awful velocity to the level of the brute. and proceeds to act out the conditions thereof at once. In its proper place a clothes-line is a valuable companion, but across a path after dark it is simply a brutalizing force.

An Actor's Narrow Escape.

Somebody having written a bloodthirsty drama, entitled the "Wainwright Tragedy" (founded upon a very horrible murder that took place a short while since, where a man was discovered carrying in a cap a lot of parcels containing fragments of the body of the poor woman he had wearied of, and then put out of the world), it was being acted by a traveling troupe at a country town in Liecestershire. The play had proceeded all right, the audience of course, enjoying the horrors immensely, when, in the final scene, the hero was brought up, duly pinioned, to be hanged. The rope was adjusted about his neck, and the curtain was about to fall upon the last dying agonies, when somehow the stool on which the actor's feet should really have rested got pushed aside, and the man was all but hanged in earnest. He was promptly cut down, of course, when his struggling and gasping for breath were perceived, but he was quite black in the face, poor fellow! Doubtless after the pleasing incident the play, unless suppressed by the police, will draw better than ever.—*London Letter*.

A mouse placed in a box with three rattlesnakes at Anna, Ill, killed one of the snakes, while the two remaining ones showed the greatest fear of the little beast, watching every move it made.

Buried Alive.

The wildest, most weird, most awe-creating scenery in the world is to be found in Norway. Its immense fiords stretching far away into the land, surrounded sometimes by precipices that rise sheer a thousand feet from the water's edge, at others bordered by a lovely, smooth, green, shelving beach, with the cliffs rising up behind, are full of mysterious enticement to all who know them, stranger or native. He who has lived among them would live there always; he who has only seen them would gladly return to them again.

On the shore of one of the loveliest of these fiords far away toward the North cape, dwelt a hardy farmer, Herald Ericson, with his son and daughter—sturdy Carl and fair Eline. The fiord which may be called theirs was bounded by almost wall-like cliffs at every spot, except where at the bottom of a great rift in the cliffs, lay the little plot of land that formed their farm. This was of triangular shape, its base forming the beach, the two sides being shut in by rocks no man could climb. The three people were thus cut off from the rest of the world which they could only reach when necessary, by means of a stout boat, which lay, except when in use, on the beach before their home.

Once a year this boat was fitted out with a mast and sail as well as oars, and Harold Ericson journeyed in her to the nearest town for the purpose of selling what they had to sell and purchasing their winter stores. At the same time he brought back with him a goodly stock of news to be told and discussed during the long, winter nights, but seldom to be delivered in a hurry.

On one occasion, however, he had scarcely stepped ashore and been embraced by Carl and Eline, when he burst out:

"What do you think, children? There are smugglers along the coast, and, as sure as I'm alive, I saw their craft in the offing before I entered the fiord."

"Smugglers!" cried Eline, in alarm.

"Oh, what of them?" laughed Carl. "They won't interfere with us, for there's nobody to trade with them in our fiord."

"And nobody to be a watch on them," replied the old man. "Therefore I fear they will visit us, or, at any rate, the cave where a band of the same sort took refuge twenty years ago."

"The driftwood cave!" cried Carl, now really alarmed. "Why, if they make their home there, they will burn every stick of our winter's firing stored in it."

"That they will; and what we are to do I can scarce tell."

"Oh, if there is the slightest chance of their coming, we must set to at once and bring the wood here," replied Carl. "Let us get the boat unloaded, and while you and Eline are carrying the things up to the house, I will go off to the cave and fetch a load of wood."

"Yes that is the best plan," replied the father, as the three began hastily to unload the boat.

This was soon done; then Carl, pushing off, headed for the cave, which lay about a mile farther out at sea, but which had owing to the currents, to be approached by a course like the letter V.

The first part of Carl's course carried him right across the fiord to a cluster of rocky islands. His next would bring him direct to the mouth of the cave.

"Father," said Eline, as she saw Carl disappear among the islands, "what did the old smugglers do with their craft when they lodged in the cave? There is no safe place for it about there."

"Oh, they were clever ones, those smugglers," replied the old man. "They unshipped the bowsprit and mast, and run their schooner right into the cave itself. You know it is like a dock in there for nearly a hundred feet from the entrance."

"Yes, yes," replied Eline; "and perhaps these men you heard of may be as clever and—But look, father! look!" raising her voice almost to a scream—"there is a schooner at the mouth of the cave this very moment."

"Fore heaven you are right, child," replied the father, after a moment's look. "It is the smuggling schooner. And see! see! they are letting down their masts as if they were on hinges. Ah! the clever dogs—ah!"

"But, father, see! there comes Carl, clear of the islands, and making straight for the cave. He does not seem to see them, and—oh, father, he will run right into their mouths!"

"I—I fear he will, child," replied the old man, nervously. "And look—now there is nothing of them to see—they have drawn clear into the cave. What is to be done?"

"The ledge! the ledge above the cave! I know a path to reach it! If I get there in time I might make him see me and warn him off."

"Ah, me, my legs are not so swift nor my body so light as yours, Eline," groaned the old man. "Fly then, fly, and save your brother if you can; for these men would shed his blood as readily as they would drink if thirsty."

Scarcely waiting to hear his final words Eline started off at a run, and soon gained the foot of the cliffs. Then, by a path which seemed rather for a rabbit or a hare than a human being, she began to ascend the face of the cliffs in a sort of a diagonal line, and her father, watching her, saw her swift, flying figure grow less and less, till at last it halted on the ledge just over the cave.

Then without a moment's delay, she began a series of gestures, by which she hoped to attract Carl's attention; but he was far too busy with his boat to think of looking up where she stood.

"Oh, he will not see me!—he is lost!" she cried, in despair, as she let her hands fall to her side.

Even as she spoke he stooped and took from the bottom of the boat a horn that always lay there, and was used as a signal. With it his father and he also had been used to blow a great blast when nearing the cave, so as to frighten out of it many things that made it their home.

"Mercy on us! he is about to sound the horn!" she cried. "And I cannot make him hear me! All is lost!"

The voice of the horn, strong and sweet and full, answered her, and was echoed and re-echoed again and again from cliff to cliff.

"Carl! Carl! for God's sake do not go near the cave!" she screamed.

Her voice was heard by him, but he fancied it the scream of some bird. Then he put the horn to his mouth and blew another sonorous blast, even stronger than at first.

"Carl! Carl!" she cried, hoarsely. "Why will you not hear me, or look at me? Oh, Carl, brother Carl, look up!"

But he took no notice of her, and was about to sound a third time, when with a tearing, groaning noise, the whole ledge where she stood slipped away from under her, and slid rather than dashed down into the sea.

Falling with it, she received no hurt, but when it suddenly ceased to move she was flung as if from a catapult right out upon the surface of the fiord.

Of course she sank senseless and like a stone; but as she rose again Carl and his boat shot near, and just as she was about to sink, his hand grasped a band of her floating hair, and drew her towards him. Next moment his strong arms had lifted her into the boat, while from his lips escaped the cry—

"Good heavens! it is Eline!"

At his words she opened her eyes and half rose up.

"Oh, is it you, Carl! Fly fly!" she cried. "The cave is full of smugglers, and they will kill you if they think you have found out their hiding-place! Fly fly!"

"Smugglers in the cave!" cried Carl. "Then may God have mercy on their souls! See, the fallen cliff has shut them in forever, and they are buried alive!"

Eline started up yet more, and looking towards the cave saw that where its mouth had been was now a round-topped hill formed of rocks and earth, and so large that no human hands might remove it for years.

"Oh, it is horrible! horrible! Can they not be saved?" she cried.

"There is no salvation for them in this world," replied Carl, solemnly, as he took the oars and began to row towards the beach, where stood their father, straining his eyes to watch their every movements.

When they reached the beach, and he found they were both safe, though Eline a little shaken, he wept tears of joy again and again. Then the three went up to their home, and there knelt down and gave thanks for their escape, at the same time praying for mercy for the poor wretches who had found a living grave.

Years after, when the sea had done its work, and washed away the hill of loose earth that closed the cave, Carl and Eline ventured to visit it. The sight they saw was enough to freeze the blood.

Here and there, about the habitable part of the cave lay the bodies of the men as they had died. They were in all imaginable attitudes of agony, despair, and rage, and in one or two cases it was evident they had fought and slain each other.

Over all their bodies was a white coating, like polished marble, formed by the dripping from the roof; and a fanciful person might easily imagine them to be the magnificent but horrifying products of a sculptor's chisel rather than the figures of real men buried alive.

Raising a Church Debt.

Not long ago Brother Kimball found a small church in Central Iowa that was staggering along under a comfortable debt, and it looked to him as though it would just be recreation for him to lift a little country church out of the depths, after his experience and success with the big churches in the great cities, with their overwhelming indebtedness. So he tackled the quiet little rustic Ebenezer, and shook it out of the debt he knew of, in about ten hours, and the building was clear of incumberance.

Then, before the benidiction was pronounced, the senior deacon arose and stated that there had been only one payment made on the organ, and that the accrued interest on the deferred payments now amounted to about double the principal.

Well, they raised this amount and Brother Kimball was on the point of picking up his hat when the sexton rose and remaked that the man was around last week and said it the furnace wasn't paid for, the notes having run a year over time, he would take it out before next Sunday.

Mr. Kimball laid down his hat, took off his coat, and the furnace debt was lifted.

He got one arm into his coat sleeve and nodded to the paster to dismiss the congregation, when the President of the Woman's Aid Society said she wished to remark that the society had been unable to fulfill their pledge to pay for the pew cushions, and the upholsterer had, several times during the past year, served a notice on them, and she believed suit would be commenced next week.

Brother Kimball groaned, slid his arm out of the coat sleeve, headed the subscription in his usually generous manner, and soon cleared the cushions, throwing his coat over his arm and starting for the door on the run as soon as this was accomplished.

But the choristter called out that he would like their dear Brother Kimball to remain and assist them in an effort to pay for the hymn-books, and also for having the organ tuned. The "dear brother" groaned, stopped and assisted.

Once more he started for the door. But Deacon Ophiltree said he believed, while they were trying to clear off the church debt, it would be well for them to remember that the sexton had not been paid anything since 1874, and that the interest was running up on his back pay all the time. So Mr. Kimball halted once more, and struggled along until the sexton was made happy.

Then he got to the door, but some one had locked it, and while he was hunting for the key a good sister arose and stated that the baptismal robes had never been paid for, and the woman who made them wanted her money. Inquiry on this subject revealed the startling fact that the robes had all been loaned to neighboring churches and lost, long ago, but they had to be paid for all the same.

The money was raised, and Mr. Kimball was trying to climb out of a window when he was pulled back and informed that there was an old tax-title on the lot when they bought it, that had never been cleared off.

Mr. Kimball got this little flaw cleared up with neatness and dispatch, and was running briskly down the aisle when he was collared by a Trustee, and informed that the man who grained the pulpit and kalsomined the ceiling, last winter, was there and wanted his money.

He was paid, and good Brother Kimball was half way out of the door before he learned that the chandelier must be paid for that week, or they would sit in outer darkness Sunday night. So he went back and brightened up the chandelier.

He ran out so quickly then that he didn't hear the man who repaired the front fence present his bill, but while he was walking down to the depot with the senior deacon, that official suddenly halted, while a look of grave concern overspread his face.

"Well, well, well," he said, "if that isn't too bad."

"What is it?" nervously inquired Brother Kimball.

"Why," responded the deacon, dolefully, "we forgot all about the pastor's salary; he only gets $700 a year, and we ain't paid him nothing but two donation parties since a year and a half ago."

And when Brother Kimball climbed on the train he resolved that the next time he tackled a strange church he would demand a certified statement before he took off his coat.—*Burlington Hawkeye.*

Reforming a Thief.

A certain prominent grocery firm in this city had been missing little articles quite frequently of late, and suspicion fixed upon a certain young man who visited the store often in passing, occasionally making small purchases. They agreed to watch him the next time he came in, one partner outside and one inside. They tried in vain for three weeks or more; still the articles disappeared and the young man made his visits, though he had never been seen taking anything. One day last week the partner who was watching from the outside pretended to be reading a newspaper, and, by looking over it, caught him in the act. The inside partner collared him and led him back to the rear to counsel him.

"Now," said said the merchant, "you have been stealing from me for several weeks, and I want to know how much you think you owe me. Be honest about it; you have been both clerk and customer."

The young man stated the amount he considered justly due, and was anxious to pay it.

The merchant said. "Well, sir, you know the law doesn't allow a man to steal and you must take your choice, to pay me all you owe me and submit to a whipping, or go to the penitentiary. Which will you do? You are young and may be reformed, and I don't want to disgrace you publicly; but I feel that I would do a great wrong to let you go without a whipping to remind you of it."

The young man said he would receive the whipping and pay up; while he appreciated the kind motives of the merchant, he would very much like to have the whipping omitted. The merchant invited him to walk down in the cellar and see what a fine stock was stored there. When they reached the bottom, and the door was closed, the young man said:

"You won't whip me, will you?"

The merchant said he certainly could not do otherwise and satisfy his conscience.

"What are you going to whip me with?"

"That piece of board," replied the merchant, pointing to a strip some three inches wide. "Buck yourself across that chicken-coop, and I'll do my solem duty, young man. It's a serious matter, and I am truly sorry to have to do it, but my conscience requires it."

The customers heard a noise for about a minute that they mistook for some one knocking the bung out of an empty barrel, or splitting kindling. After ten good, hearty strokes the merchant let him up.

"How do you feel now, young man?"

"I feel very bad, sir; very sorry."

"I, too, feel sorry and bad, and I think you had better get down on your knees and ask God to forgive your sins."

The young man prayed a feeling prayer, and shed copious tears of repentance.

When he arose the merchant said, "How do you feel now."

"Awful," said the young man.

"Then, in order to impress this occasion on your mind, and that you may never forget the cause of it, just bend over that chicken-coop again a minute."

He bent over, and the sound of splitting stove-wood was heard again—ten more.

Then when he got up he wanted to cry, but the merchant insisted that it was too serious a case for that, and I suggested that he lead in prayer again. The young man complied, and he had so much improved in that style of composition that the merchant realeased him.

"Now," said he, "you are a young man, you are respectable, and move in respectable circles; you have kind and honorable parents; this would disgrace you and them if made public, and you have submitted to the chastisement and repented: pay me what you owe and go your way as usual, leaving off dishonesty, and I'll not molest you." He went, but he hasn,t paid the money yet. This style of reformation for young men beats the Penitentiary. He did not live in Jackson.—*Jackson (Tenn.) Sun.*

White Hands.

Poets, novelists, and high-toned people generally have always had a great deal to say about white hands.

Their heroines are always represented as having hands milk-white, and lily-white, and all other kinds of white. And the hands in question are small and soft and bear no marks of toil, and are fit only for sorting silks, and for lovers' lips to kiss—and very aristocratic and high-toned at that.

Taking up a late fashion magazine, we read, among "Toilet Items," as follows.

"No woman, no matter how graceful and well informed she may be, can be thoroughly a lady if her hands be big, and brown, and coarse."

We do not wish to dispute the author's opinion, for this is a free country; and if every one has not a right to his own opinion, then we needn't have any more Fourths of July, nor birthdays of Washington, and people might as well leave off christening their babies, Thomas Jefferson and Andrew Jackson. But what, we beg to inquire, is to become of the thousands of women all over our land who do their own house-work, and make their husbands pies and puddings with their own hands?—who fry the doughnuts, and peel the onions, and wash the potatoes, and scrub the pots and kettles, and attend to things generally? Labor of that kind will harden and blacken the loveliest hands in the world in a week; and it is no use to talk about rubber gloves, and lemon juice, and glycerine to a woman who has the work to do for six in family, and a baby to tend into the bargain.

And so it appears that our best housekeepers, the women who make the homes of their families places of neatness, peace and contentment, cannot be ladies, cannot be beautiful, because their hands are not white.

What a fate for them! We wonder if the majority of them have a realizing sense of it? We wonder if the majority of them have a realizing sense of it? We wonder if the writer of that article—for it bore a man's name—would be willing to eat labor's bread and milk for dinner, that his wife might not blacken her hands peeling potatoes and slicing quinces? We wonder if he would send his shirts to the laundry, and clean out the stoves himself, in order that she might preserve her hands white, so as to be a lady?

We admire white hands ourself; they are lovely, and much to be desired—and so are pearls and diamonds; but all cannot have them. Some of the most perfect ladies we have ever known were women who did their own housework; who sewed for the family till their fingers were pricked to pieces; who had toiled for the good of those they loved until their hands were hard and brown as a farmer's, and never considered that they were losing caste by so doing.

The hands of our mothers and grandmothers in this republican country are stained with toil; but we would not wish to hear them stigmatized as lacking in refinement and loveliness because of that. The kindly, loving hands which were so soft when our childish heads were racked with pain!—the gentle hands which knew so well how to soothe care and trouble away!—the hands in whose magic touch there were strength, and comfort, and peace for many a weary transgressor!—what mattered it if they were white or brown?—what mattered it they were horny with the performance of kindly deeds, or velvet-like with the luxury of idleness?

It is every woman's duty to be beautiful, and if she can have white hands, let her have them, by all means; but a lady is a lady, be she found in hovel or palace—be her hands white or black; and all creation knows her when it sees her, and admires her accordingly.—*Kate Thorn, in N. Y. Weekly.*

A Loyal Reporter.

In relation to the Prince of Wales' good nature, it is told that the he was one evening attracted to the scene of a London fire, and finding that neither he nor the little group of gentlemen with him had a fusee with which to light his cigar, accepted a light from a quick-witted reporter who stood near. He lighted his cigar, and then held out his case to the reporter, and courteously asked him to help himself.

The other, trembling with delight, took a cigar, but instead of smoking it, extracted an Echo from his pocket, carefully wrapped the princely gift in it, and buried the parcel in his bosom.

"What are you doing?" asked the astonished prince. "Why don't you smoke it?"

"Your Royal Highness," replied the other, "Heaven forbid that I should ever smoke the cigar you have just given me! I shall treasure it up among the things I value most, and leave it to my children as a precious heirloom."

The prince laughed. "Well," said he, again offering his cigar-case, "keep your heirloom, but take another to smoke now. They are not bad weed, and I think you'll like them."

The poor newspaper man heard and obeyed. He took a cigar, and in a reverent daze silently smoked it. And it is further related that when he died, not long ago, that the precious cigar was found under his pillow carefully preserved.

Doubtless a majority of Amarican readers will read the anecdote with a smile of incredulity. But when George IV. visited Edenburgh, Sir Walter Scott seized the glass goblet from wich the king drank at a public banquet, and kept it among his cherished treasures.

How He Danced With His Wife.

This nice little incident of the Murphy campaign gets into print through the connivance of a Springfield correspondent of the Pittsfield (Mass) *Eagle*: We had a masked ball the other night, given by one of Springfield's well-known clubs, and "thereby hangs a tale." A business man told his pretty young wife, on the night of the above mentioned ball, that he was obliged to go out of town to one of the temperance meetings, and might not return till the following noon. The wife resolved, after he had left, to have a good time in a different way, so accordingly she procured a simple black domino, and went boldly to the masked ball. She had never done such a rash thing before, but her husband had been away very often of late, and she would mope at home no longer. She danced once, twice, three times, and nobody seemed to know her, yet she was fully determined to see it over, and unmask with the rest at twelve o'clock. Now a dashing young cavalier asks her hand for the coming waltz, and she accepts. They whirl away, and she says: "Do you dance often?" blushing behind her mask at her boldness. "Very often," replied the cavalier, and added, "not often in Springfield." "Do not live here, then?" the little domino mustered up courage to say. "I would live here, or at the ends of the earth, to be near a little black domino that I could mention," said the cavalier. This was too much for the little lady, but she was in for it, and would fight it out now, come what would. They danced a great deal together, and when the circle formed, just before twelve o'clock, they unmasked, when, to the horror of Mr.—, he found that he had been dancing with his own wife. The scene that followed can be imagined, and we will say that it was not on temperance.

The Ohio Legislature is considering bills for the abolishment of their State Bureau of Charities and Bureau of Statistics.

A Debateable Question.

While much has been written concerning the use of "put up" medicines, the question is still an open one, and demands of the people a careful consideration. The salient points may be briefly stated, and answered as follows: 1st—Are the sick capable of determining their real condition, the nature of their malady, and selecting the proper remedy or means of cure? 2d—Can a physician no matter how skilfull, prepare a universal remedy, adapted, to the peculiar ailments of a large class of people, residing in different latitudes, and subject to various climatic influences? In answer to the first proposition, we would say, diseases are named and known by certain "signs" or symptoms, and, as the mother does not need a physician to tell her that her child has the whooping-cough, or indicate a remedy, so people when afflicted with many of the symptoms concomitant to "impure blood," "torpid liver," and "bad digestion," require no other knowledge of their condition, or the remedy indicated, than they already possess. Second proposition—many physicians argue that diseases are sectionally peculiar, and that their treatment must therefore vary, and yet quinine, morphine, podophyllin, and hundreds of other remedies are prescribed *in all countries* to overcome *certain conditions*. Is it not, self-evident that a physician whose large experience has made him familiar with the many phases incident to all *impurities of the blood, general nervous debility, liver complaint, dyspepsia, consumption and catarrh*, can prepare a series of remedies exactly adapted to meet the conditions manifest, wherever, and by whatever means, it may have been engendered? The family medicines prepared by R. V. Pierce, M. D., of Buffalo, N. Y., fulfill the above requirements. Many physicians prescribe them in their practice. His Golden Medical Discovery has no equal as a blood-purifyer and general tonic, while his Favorite Prescription cures those weaknesses peculiar to women, after physicians have failed. His Pleasant Purgative Pellets, which are sugar-coated and little larger than mustard seeds, are safe and certain cure for "torpid" liver and constipation. If you wish to save money by avoiding doctors and keep or regain your health, buy The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, an illustrated work of over 900 pages. It contains instruction concerning anatomy, physiology, hygiene, and the treatment of disease. Over one hundred thousand copies already sold. Price (post-paid), $1.50. Address the author, R. V. Pierce, M. D. Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Graves' HEART REGULATOR has sold largely and been universally recommended by druggists as a cure for Heart Disease, and has given satisfaction, as can be seen by reference to a letter received from F. W. Kinsman druggist, Augusta Maine.

"Having sold at retail more than a gross of your HEART REGULATOR, I take pleasure in saying that it has given great satisfaction in every case I have heard from. Almost every day I receive testimonials similar to the one inclosed,

F. W. KINSMAN."

Send your name to F. E. INGALLS, Concord, N. H. for a pamphlet containing a list of testimonials of cures, &c.

The HEART REGULATOR is for sale by druggists at 50 cents and $1 per bottle.

Cottage Gingerbread.

Take one cup of butter and lard melted together, add one cup New Orleans Molasses; stir into this one cup each of sugar and cold water, two large teaspoonfuls ginger, two eggs beaten, and four cups of flour, having in it three large teaspoonfuls DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER. Bake in moderately hot oven.

Mothers! Mother!! Mothers!!! Don't fail to procure Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for all diseases incident to the period of teething in children. It relieves the child from pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and, by giving relief and health to the child, gives rest to the mother. It is an old and well-tried remedy.

CHEW
The Celebrated
"Matchless"
Wood Tag Plug
TOBACCO.
THE PIONEER TOBACCO COMPANY,
New York, Boston and Chicago.

FOR SALE.—An independent newspaper and job office, located in a thriving town of about 1,000 inhabitants. Has share of county work. Will be sold cheap and on easy terms, as owner has other business that requires his attention. A splendid chance for a practical printer. Apply to St. Paul Type Foundry.

There are probably a hundred or more persons in this and neighboring towns, who daily suffer from the distressing effects of kidney troubles, who do not know that Johnson's Anodyne Liniment is almost a certain cure. In severe cases, great relief may be obtained, if not a perfect cure.

Patentees and inventors should read advertisement of Edson Bros., in another column.

The Greatest Discovery of the Age is Dr. Tobias' celebrated Venetian Liniment! 30 years before the public, and warranted to cure Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, and Spasms, taken internally; and Croup, Chronic Rheumatism, Sore Throats, Cuts, Bruises, Old Sores, and Pains in the Limbs, Back, and Chest, externally. It has never failed. No family will ever be without it after once giving it a fair trial. Price, 40 cents. DR. TOBIAS' VENETIAN HORSE LINIMENT, in Pint Bottles, at One Dollar, is warranted superior to any other, or NO PAY, for the cure of Colic, Cuts, Bruises, Old Sores, etc. Sold by all Druggists. Depot—10 Park Place, New York.

At this season of the year the human system is liable to become disordered from the insufficient efforts of the liver to discharge the excesses of bile. If nature is not assisted in her efforts, severe bilious attacks, or prostrating fevers necessarily follow, causing great suffering, and even Death. A little timely precaution, however, will prevent all this, and may be found in that favorite household remedy,

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

Simmons' Liver Regulator has been in use for half a century, and there is not one single instance on record where it has failed to effect a cure when taken in time, according to directions. It is without doubt the greatest Liver Medicine in the world; is perfectly harmless, being carefully compounded from rare roots and herbs, containing no mercury, or any injurious mineral substance. It takes the place of quinine and calomel, and has superseded these medicines in places where they have heretofore been extensively used. Procure a bottle at once from your Druggist. Do not delay: give it a fair trial, and you will be more than satisfied with the results obtained.

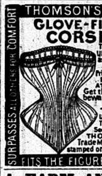
CAUTION.

As there are a number of imitations offered to the public, we would caution the community to buy no powders or prepared Simmons' Liver Regulator, unless in our engraved wrapper, with Trade-Mark, Stamp and signature unbroken. None other is genuine. Original and genuine

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA

Price $1.00. Sold by all druggists.

THOMSON'S PATENT
GLOVE-FITTING
CORSETS.



The Friends of this UNRIVALLED CORSET are now numbered by MILLIONS. Prices are much reduced. MEDAL RECEIVED AT CENTENNIAL. Get the Genuine, and beware of imitations. ASK ALSO FOR THOMSON'S UNBREAKABLE STEELS. The best goods made. See that the name of THOMSON and the Trade Mark a CROWN, are stamped on every Corset & Steel.
SURPASSES ALL OTHERS FOR COMFORT
GIVE COMPLETE SATISFACTION
FITS THE FIGURE PERFECTLY

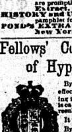
A FARM AND HOME
OF YOUR OWN.
Now is the Time to Secure it.
Only Five Dollars For an Acre

Of the best land in America. 2,000,000 Acres in Eastern Nebraska, on the line of the Union Pacific Railroad now for sale. 10 years credit given, interest only 6 per cent. These are the only lands FOR SALE on the line of this GREAT RAILROAD, the WORLD'S HIGHWAY. Send for the New "PIONEER," the best paper for those seeking new homes ever published. Full information, with maps, sent FREE. O. F. DAVIS, Land Agent, U. P. R. R., Omaha, Neb.

POND'S EXTRACT

CATARRH.—Pond's Extract is nearly a Specific for this disease. It can hardly be excelled even in old and obstinate cases. The relief is so prompt that no one who has ever tried it will be without it.
CHAPPED HANDS AND FACE.—Pond's Extract should be in every family this rough weather. It removes the soreness and roughness, and softens and heals the skin promptly.
RHEUMATISM.—During severe and changeable weather, no one subject to Rheumatic Pains should be one day without Pond's Extract, which always relieves.
SORE LUNGS, CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS.—This cold weather tries the Lungs sorely. Have Pond's Extract on hand always. It relieves the pain and cures the disease.
CHILBLAINS will be promptly relieved and ultimately cured by bathing the afflicted parts with Pond's Extract.
FROSTED LIMBS.—Pond's Extract invariably relieves the pain and finally Cures.
SORE THROAT, QUINSY, INFLAMED TONSILS AND AIR PASSAGES are promptly cured by the use of Pond's Extract. It never fails.
HISTORY and Uses of Pond's Extract, in pamphlet form, sent free on application to POND'S EXTRACT CO., 98 Maiden Lane, New York. Sold by Druggists.

Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites,



By its union with the blood and its effect upon the muscles, re-establishing the one and toning the other, it is capable of producing the following results:—

It will cure Consumption.

By increasing Nervous and Muscular vigor, it will cure Dyspepsia, feeble or interrupted action of the Heart and palpitation, Weakness of intellect caused by grief, worry, overtax of brain or irregular habits, Bronchitis, Acute or Chronic, Congestion of the lungs, even in the most alarming stages.

It cures Asthma, loss of Voice, Neuralgia, St. Vitus' Dance, Epileptic Fits, Whooping Cough, Nervousness, and sustains life during the process of Diphtheria.

No other preparation is a substitute for this under any circumstances.

Look out for the name and address, J. I. FELLOWS, St. John, N. B., on the yellow wrapper, in water-mark, which is seen by holding the paper before the light.

Price, $1.50 per Bottle—Six for $7.50.

Sold by all Druggists.

We notice that agricultural newspapers all over the country are now exposing the worthlessness of the large packages of horse and cattle powders. We put the ball in motion and claim the credit of it. Sheridan's Powders are absolutely pure and are the only kind worth having.

ANY ONE
Can afford a piano on such easy terms as we now give on the favorite
IMPERIAL,
$275.00!
With Stool & Cover.
$25 CASH; $10 PER MONTH.
Be Sure to Send for Catalogue.
DYER & HOWARD
69 EAST THIRD STREET, ST. PAUL.

SANDAL-WOOD
Possesses a much greater power in restoring to healthy state the mucous membrane of the urethra than either Cubebs or Copaiba. It never produces sickness, is certain and speedy in its action. It is fast superseding every other remedy. Sixty capsules cure in six or eight days. No other medicine can do this. Owing to its great success, many substitutes have been advertised, such as Pastes, Mixtures, Pills, Balsams, etc., all of which have been abandoned. Dundas Dick & Co.'s Soft Capsules containing Oil of Sandal-wood, sold at all Drug Stores. Ask for circular, or send for one to 35 and 37 Wooster Street, New York.

TORPID LIVER
Very few escape this affliction. The symptoms are dizziness; sick headache; costiveness; belching up of food; loss of appetite; aversion to exertion of body or mind; highly colored urine; heartburn, cold extremities and low spirits.

TAKE TUTT'S PILLS
Ten years have proven their efficacy in all bilious disorders. They restore the liver, stomach and kidneys to healthful action; give appetite, good digestion and vigor to body and mind. Rev. R. L. Simpson, Louisville, Ky., says: "Tutt's Pills are worth their weight in gold." Sayre & Co., Druggists say: "We sell fifty boxes Tutt's Pills to five of all others." Price, 25 cents. Office 35 Murray St., New York.

THE GOOD OLD STAND-BY.
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.
FOR MAN AND BEAST.
ESTABLISHED 35 YEARS. Always cures. Always ready. Always handy. Has never yet failed. Thirty millions have tested it. The whole world approves the glorious old Mustang—the Best and Cheapest Liniment in existence. 25 cents a bottle. The Mustang Liniment cures when nothing else will.
SOLD BY ALL MEDICINE VENDERS.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS
A Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat,
Requires immediate attention, as neglect oftentimes results in some incurable Lung disease. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are a simple remedy, and will almost invariably give immediate relief.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS and dealers in medicines.

"VEGETINE,"
Says a Boston Physician, "has no equal as a blood purifier. Hearing of its many wonderful cures, after all other remedies had failed, I visited the Laboratory and convinced myself of its genuine merit. It is prepared from barks, roots and herbs, each of which is highly effective, and they are compounded in such a manner as to produce astonishing results."

VEGETINE
Is the Great Blood Purifier.
VEGETINE
Will cure the worst case of Scrofula.
VEGETINE
Is recommended by Physicians and Apothecaries.
VEGETINE
Has effected some marvelous cures in cases of Cancer.
VEGETINE
Cures the worst case of Canker.
VEGETINE
Meets with wonderful success in Mercurial Diseases.
VEGETINE
Will eradicate Salt Rheum from the system.
VEGETINE
Removes Pimples and Humors from the Face.
VEGETINE
Cures Constipation and Regulates the Bowels.
VEGETINE
Is a valuable remedy for Headache.
VEGETINE
Will cure Dyspepsia.
VEGETINE
Restores the entire system to a healthy condition.
VEGETINE
Removes the cause of Dizziness.
VEGETINE
Relieves Faintness at the Stomach.
VEGETINE
Cures Pains in the Back.
VEGETINE
Effectually cures Kidney Complaint.
VEGETINE
Is effective in its cure of Female Weakness.
VEGETINE
Is the Great Remedy for General Debility.
VEGETINE
Is acknowledged by all classes of people to be the best and most reliable Blood Purifier in the world.
VEGETINE
Prepared by
H. R. Stevens, Boston, Mass.
Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

$3300 A YEAR. How to Make it. New Agents.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Me.

$72 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

50 Mixed Cards with name, 10c. Agent's outfit 10c. GEO. TURNER, Bristol, Ct.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

GUNS REVOLVERS. Price List free. Address Great Western Gun Works, Pittsburgh, Pa.

NEW WHEAT. Russian. Sample Free. Seedsman, Cambria, Wis.

$2500 a year. Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. Address J. WORTH & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

PIANOS Retail price $900 only $260. Parlor Organs price $340 only $95. Paper free. Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J.

AGENTS will go to the Poor-house because they pack around Goode's Family Recipe. ... writing to R. P. ALMY, St. Paul, Minn.

$350 A Month—AGENTS WANTED—36 best selling articles in the world; one sample free. Address JAY BRONSON, Detroit, Mich.

EYE RESTORERS better than Spectacles. The treatment only $1. Circulars free. Address Box 788, New York.

WANTED Men in each State for the Detective Service, and to report crime. Pay liberal. Send stamp and address American and European Secret Service Co., Cincinnati, O.

CLOCKS E. INGRAHAM & CO.'S superior to all others. Send for circular. Agency—5 Cortlandt St., N. Y.

AGENTS Make money and wanted everywhere. Chicago, Ill.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED. For proof of the fact see my circular, which will be sent free to any address. OSCAR G. MOSES, 18 Cortlandt Street, New York.

PATENTS and INVENTORS. Washington, D. C. Established in 1865.

ARTIFICIAL LIMBS. Best and Cheapest. CHAS. M. EVANS, 700 N. Fifth Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

WORK FOR ALL
In their own localities, canvassing for the Fireside Visitor, (enlarged) Weekly and Monthly. Largest Paper in the World, with Mammoth Chromos Free. Big Commissions to Agents. Terms and Outfit Free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

$10 to $25 A DAY. Catalogue free. J. H. BUFFORD'S SONS, Boston. [Established 1830.]

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco
Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for fine chewing qualities and excellence and lasting character of sweetening and flavoring.

CURTIS & EARLE.
W. W. CURTIS, GEORGE EARLE, Jr.
Late Chief Clerk, General Attorney and Counselor of Land Office.
SOLICITORS OF CLAIMS and Attorneys in Land Cases.
PROMPT AND CAREFUL ATTENTION given all classes of business before the GENERAL LAND OFFICE. Offices 700 Ninth St., Opposite Interior Dept. WASHINGTON, D. C.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE WORLD
It contains 672 fine historical engravings and 1260 large double column pages, and is the most complete History of the World ever published. It sells at sight. Send for specimen pages and extra terms to Agents, and see why it sells faster than any other book. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Chicago, Ill.

P. A. AND P. I.
SAMANTHA AT THE CENTENNIAL.
JOSIAH ALLEN'S WIFE'S New Book.
21,000 SOLD IN TWO MONTHS
AMERICAN PUBLISHING CO., Hartford, Conn. or Chicago, Ill.

STOP THAT COUGH!
PROF. HAMILTON'S
Medicated Cough Candy!

CHICAGO CASH HOUSE BOOTS & SHOES
211 & 213 Madison St.
BUEL, COOK & SEIXAS,
Manuf'rs and Wholesale Dealers.

"The Best Polish in the World."
THE RISING SUN STOVE POLISH

DUNHAM PIANOS.
Dunham & Sons, Manufacturers.
Warerooms, 18 East 14th St., [Established 1834.] NEW YORK.
Prices Reasonable. Terms Easy.

A WONDERFUL INSTRUMENT.
Dr. W. A. CANDEE, BRISTOL, CONN.

WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF PURE COD LIVER OIL AND LIME.
To the Consumptive.— A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, Boston.

BABBITT'S TOILET SOAP.

B. T. BABBITT, New York City.

ST. P. N. U.

When writing to Advertisers please say you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

LOCAL.

W. H. Leland took the 12.30 train today to spend Sunday in Minneapolis.

J. M. Martin took the train South on Monday. Gone for a spring stock of goods.

Go to Smith & Campbell's for Groceries, Dry Goods, or any-thing you want—cheap.

P. D. Davenport made an assignment to Judge Follett on Monday for the benefit of his creditors.

See the new advertisement elsewhere this week of the New Bakery and Confectionery, and give it a call.

W. A. Smith, of Smith & Campbell, returned from Chicago to-day, where he has purchased an immense stock of goods.

Wm. Schwartz, took his departure on Wednesday for the Black Hills, Mrs. Schwartz remaining in charge of the Store. Success to him.

Wm. Paine leaves on Tuesday for the Hills. He will keep the readers of the Tribune posted on times and things in gold fields, and we hope amass a fortune.

The issue of the Tribune is somewhat delayed, and several matters we desired to speak of are crowded out owing to extra demands upon our time and attention in the job department this week.

Do you want any plastering or kalsomining done, chimneys or cisterns built, or brick work of any kind laid! If so, please call upon Andrew Lawson at the Leland House. He is a first class workman, and will do it right.

The ladies of St. Francis (Catholic) church, of this city, will hold a St. Patrick's fair and festival at Bly's Opera House, on Monday evening, the 18th inst., to which all are cordially invited. A pleasant time may be expected.

NOTICE.

For the next Twenty Days

We will sell winter goods and goods that are a trifle shopworn *at cost and less*—to make room for new goods, at

SMITH & CAMPBELL'S.

J. N. Nevers was in town this week and went to Minneapolis to make preparations for driving. Lack of snow has interfered with his winter's operations to that extent that instead of landing nearly 2,000,000 feet, as he expected, he will not get out over one-fourth of that amount.

We have received another of those New Home Sewing Machines, "a thing of beauty" that will be "a joy forever," and the most complete machine made. Call and see it. For sale at reduced rates for cash.

Hartley Bros.,
Tribune Building.

Mrs. H. Davis would announce to the ladies of Brainerd that she is now ready to do Dress and Cloak Making in all the latest styles. Please give her a call. Also, Hair Switches made from combed or cut hair. Please remember the place, at Cantwell's old stand, cor. Front and Fourth streets.

Feb. 14, 1878. 14-1m

Attorney G. W. Holland, of Brainerd, who has been on a visit to St. Paul on legislative matters for the past week, returned home this morning. George came near carrying his Crow Wing county woodchuck, and but for a light house would have done so. As it was he came within a few votes of the requisite number.—[Globe.

The W. H. R. B. Minstrels made their first appearance on Tuesday evening in *full uniform.* Their programme was successfully carried out, and the entertainment a very pleasrnt one, and closed with a dance, at which those who wished "tripped the light," etc., and sang "I won't go home till morning, and then I won't go home."

Have you sent your renewal for 1878. If you have please accept our thanks. The rest of this note is not for you. If you have not (and many hundreds have not) be good enough to send it at once. The Tribune is in real need of what is due by delinquent subscribers. The expenses of publication are heavy, and can not be met unless those indebted make prompt payments. Do us the favor of sending your payments as soon as you read this.

By some mischance we failed to notice at the proper time the presentation of a beautiful gold watch chain to Thos. Bason, of our new hardware firm, Brown and Bason, by the employes of the N. P. shops, where Mr. Bason has been a valuable and agreeable workman and foreman for years until he left the employ of the company to embark in his present business venture. Mr. Bason is one who can appreciate a token of regard from his friends, and we heartily rejoice to witness this generous recognition of true merit upon the part of his former fellow workmen.

The Board of Education held a session on Monday evening last at the Tribune office, at which the present able principal of our graded schools, Mr. S. Farnsworth, was retained for the next three terms—spring, fall and winter—and a similar engagement was tendered his valuable assistant, Miss E. L. Gross, though she has not yet decided to accept the offer. The Board very wisely endeavor when they have a good thing to keep it, and we congratulate the patrons of the district upon this very fortunate renewal of Mr. Farnsworth's contract, and hope Miss Gross' decision will be favorable. The schools have never been more ably conducted or given better satisfaction than under the present teachers, and we feel that great praise is due them for the happy results.

Hurrah for a boat launch. The hull of the new steamer being built by Messrs. Alsop & Mahlum at the docks below the railroad bridge has nearly reached completion, and will be launched upon the broad Mississippi on Wednesday. The machinery and boilers are being made at the North Star Iron Works, of Minneapolis, and will be here in a few days. The engine is a 50-horse power, the hull 70 feet long, 16 feet wide, and the hold 3 feet. The work is being pushed with all possible dispatch on account of the very early and unexpected opening of the river, which is now entirely free from ice, and the steamer is expected to commence regular trips to Pokegoma by April 1st. Success to the enterprise, and may no accident befall the *White Swan* of the Upper Mississippi.

Passing the store of Smith & Campbell on Monday last, we were attracted by the cries of some one apparently either in great fear or danger and entering we found Messrs. Spencer and Wadham in custody of a young half breed boy whom they had caught endeavoring to pilfer the money drawer. Several days previous he had been left alone in the dry goods department for a few moments to the detriment of the till some $7 or $8 worth, and at this time had been hanging around the store for sometime wanting nothing, when the clerks sat a trap for him and soon caught the lad endeavoring to open the drawer again. They sprang from their hiding places, caught him and drew him to the elevater rope, opened the trap door to the cellar and threatened to hang him. Thoroughly alarmed the young villian used his lungs to their very fullest extent, and when liberated made double quick time for home.

Refusing Fraternity with French Masons.

London, March 7.—The grand lodge of Free Masons of England, Lord Carnarvon presiding, unanimously passed a resolution refusing to recognize as a Free Mason any person initiated in a lodge whose belief in God is denied or ignored. This refers to the Grand Orient of France, which recently eliminated the article expressing a belief in God from its ritual.

Beecher must take it back. There is a hell. Nothing short of fiery damnation will do for those book ring lobbyists, and they had some of its premonitory scorchings before they left St. Paul.—[Dispatch.

Well, well; in the name of all the Gods at once, what will you do with those legislators who have foisted upon the people such an outrageous swindle as the Merrill text book bill, and not *dare to submit it to the people* Hell, double and quadrupled, is *too* good for them, sir.

The Way a Thing is Done is What Counts.

Atlanta Constitution.

An old darkey was asked if in his experience prayer was ever answered, replied: "Well, sah some pra'rs is ansud, an' some isn't—'pends on what you axes fo.' Jest arter de wah, w'en it was mighty hard scratching fo' de cullud breddern, I 'bsarved dat w'enebber I pway de Lord to send one o' Marse Heyton's fat turkeys fo' de ole man, dere was no notice took ob de partition; but when I pway dat he sen' de ole man fo' de turkeys, de matter was 'tended to befor' sun up nex' mornin' dead sartin!"

Gold in Minnesota.

To the Editor of the Globe.

Having read in your issue of March 1st of a lecture delivered by Major T. M. Newsom, in which he says if gold and silver exist in the Black Hills, why not in Minnesota, I wish to say that in my opinion it does exist in Detroit, Minn.

A short distance from Floyd Lake, near the road to Oak Lake, can be found quartz boulders, and easterly from there (from five to eight miles) on a homestead claimed by Phillips, can be found good quartz; if not the croppings, it is good indications of lode near by. It is more difficult to find a quartz lode in Minnesota than in a mountainous country. The depth of soil keeps it hid.

Miner.

Ash-Wednesday and Lent.

Yesterday was the first day of Lent. It derives its name from the custom of sprinkling ashes as a sign of humility and repentance. "Remember that thou art dust and to dust must return." Lent is the season of the forty days before Easter observed in certain churches, as a fast, and typical of the Forty Days of the New Testament. Its observance dates back to a very early day in the Christian church, and many hold that the Christian observance was foreshadowed and preceded by the Jewish ceremony long before.

Divested of its religious character, as a chronological event, it is worthy of mention as eliciting the sincerest devotions of many millsons of people scattered in all the lands of the earth.—[Globe, March 7th.

Hilarities.

Among the funny incidents usual to the last hours of the session, was the following bill, which will be duly appreciated by the friends of the parties named:

A BILL TO ENCOURAGE

contracts, grasshoppers and poetry.

Section 1.—That the Governor of this State be authorized to execute a contract with J. M. Bowler and I. Donnelly to furnish for fifty years, all the grasshoppers used in this State; said Bowler and Donnelly shall give bonds that each grasshopper shall observe the Scriptural injunction to multiply and replenish the earth, but that no grasshopper shall deposit in any one day more than a half bushel of eggs, unless authorized so to do by a vote of three-fourths of the people of any organized county of this State. Provided that the provisions of this bill shall not apply to the counties of Ramsey and Hennepin, nor to Dodge or Kandiyohi counties, nor to the county of Goodhue.

Sec. 2. The house committee on poetry and prophesy, consisting of Messrs. Campbell, Bowler and Dresbach, G. B., be instructed to inquire into the question whether there was or was not a reflection upon school marms in the remark, what a "wretched choice I've made," uttered in that chamber in the heat of debate, and if found guilty, that the said Campbell be required to give bonds to hereafter treat the gentler sex with more respect, for his poetry is worse than the daily jungle at the head of the local department of the *Dispatch.*

An Immigration Item.

A short item about the rapid growth and fine climate of Minnesota was leisurely working its way through Eastern papers, and met the eye of a man in Blair county, Pa. He at once made up his mind to remove to our State, and we saw him yesterday walk into Col. Hewitt's office with a letter of introduction to that gentleman. The family consists of father, mother, eight sons and two daughters, all the very type and style of people we welcome to Minnesota. We left the father mailing facts about our State back to Pennsylvania and showing quite an interest in spreading the information to others which he had fallen upon accidentally. That man and his family are worth more to Minnesota than the $5,000 that the State has just voted for immigration.

NOTICE.

U. S. Internal-Revenue Special Taxes

Under the Revised Statutes of the United States, sections 3232, 3237, 3238, and 3239, every person engaged in any business, avocation, or employment, which renders him liable to a special tax, is required to *procure and place and keep conspicuously in his establishment or place of business* a stamp denoting the payment of said special tax for the special-tax year beginning May 1, 1878. Section 3244, Revised Statutes, designates who are liable to special tax. A return, as prescribed on Form 11, is also *required by law* of every person liable to special tax as above. *Severe penalties* are prescribed for non-compliance with the foregoing requirements, or for continuing in business after April 30, 1878, without payment of tax.

Application should be made to William Bickel, Collector of Internal Revenue, at St Paul, Minn.

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Vick's Catalogue—300 Illustrations, only 2 cts.
Address, JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

STATE OF MINNESOTA. DISTRICT COURT, 11th JUDICIAL DISTRICT—COUNTY OF CROW WING.—Eber H. Bly vs. John Harrington—Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You, John Harrington, are hereby summoned and required to answer the Complaint in this action, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of the Court in and for Crow Wing County, Minn., and to serve a copy of your Answer to the said Complaint on the subscriber, at his office in Brainerd, within twenty days after the service of this Summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said Complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of $488.22 and interest thereon from January 20th, 1874, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated Nov. 5th, A. D. 1877.

C. B SLEEPER,
310-7t Plaintiff's Attorney, Brainerd, Minn.

NOTICE TO
TAX PAYERS
IN
AITKEN COUNTY.

Notice is hereby given to the Tax Payers of the County of Aitkin, Minnesota, that the following rates of taxation have been levied on each dollar of taxable property in the county of Aitkin, as follows, to wit:

	Mills.
For State Purposes	2
" School Purposes	1
" General County Purposes	10
" Interest on Bonds	5
" Bond Redemption	5
" Town Purposes	1

Dated at Aitkin, Aitkin County, Minn., Dec. 4th, 1877.

D. WILLARD,
Treasurer Aitken County, Minn.

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A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, 12 Cedar St., New York.

PIMPLES.

I will mail (Free) the recipe for a simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan, Freckles, Pimples and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxurient growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address, inclosing 3 ct. stamp, Ben. Vandelf & Co., 20 Ann St. N. Y.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address, E. A. WILSON, 194 Penn St., Williamsburgh, N. Y.

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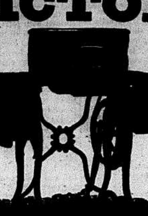

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" ... 2.50 p. m	" ... 3.26 p. m
" ... 6.10 p. m	" ... 6.44 p. m
Minneapolis, 7.55 a. m	St. Paul, 8.35 a. m
" ... 11.00 a. m	" ... 11.40 a. m
" ... 1.50 p. m	" ... 2.25 p. m
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" ... 5.23 p. m	" ... 6.10 p. m

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