Historical Society

BRAINERD TRIBUNE.

VOL. VIII.—NO. 46. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1879. WHOLE NO. 410.

BRAINERD TRIBUNE
PUBLISHED
EVERY SATURDAY, BY
HARTLEY BROS., - - Proprietors.
W. W. HARTLEY. G. C. HARTLEY.
W. W. HARTLEY, - - - EDITOR.
Terms of Subscription (Postage Paid),
TWO DOLLARS A YEAR IN ADVANCE.
Six Months, $1 00. Three Months, 50c.

Republican Pyramid.

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Democratic Pyramid.

KENTUCKY
MARYLAND
MISSISSIPPI

A happy New Year to everybody and their Aunts, Uncles, Cousins, Mothers, Sisters, Brothers, Fathers, Sons, Daughters and relations.

Kindred is the name of a new post office established in Wadena county, with Wm. Kindred postmaster.

Andrew J. Morse and wife, of Buckman, Morrison county, lost three children during the week ending December 10th, of diphtheria.

Carleton College, at Northfield, was burned to the ground on Tuesday.—The library and labratory suffered great loss.

Hon. J. V. Brower, of St. Cloud, has purchased the Todd county *Argus*. It will be edited after January 1st by his brother, W. C. Brower, lately an employe in the *Journal Press* office of St. Cloud.

Capt. T. H. Presnell has been reappointed and confirmed as Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Duluth; but there seems to be some bitch in the appointment of his colleague, Rev. R. C. Mitchell, of the *Tribune*, Register of the same office. It is alleged that Mr. Mitchell's views on religious points stand in the way, but we venture the guess that if that is all he will get the appointment.

Fort Ripley Reservation.

Another bill was introduced in Congress last week which provides for throwing the Fort Ripley reservation open to settlement, and we hope that nothing will happen to prevent its becoming a law. The major portion of this tract, some three townships in all, lies in Crow Wing county, and contains the finest agricultural lands the county possesses. Tied up and withdrawn from settlement and cultivation, however, they have been unproductive as a desert, affording no taxes or benefit whatever to the revenues or progress of the county, which is very limited at most, containing less than fifteen township all told, and stands sorely in need of all its rights at least; and we feel that in justice to the interests of the county and State at large it should long ere this have been a thickly settled, prosperous community, blooming as the rose, particularly as it has been entirely unproductive and utterly useless to the military or the government in any form for years.

And aside from this the rights of a large number of settlers who have located and made homes upon these lands during the past two years in anticipation of such a law, (a law they had a right to expect,) are suspended, and demand its early passage. Care should be taken too in framing the bill that their rights are protected, by it and they are given the prior right to enter the lands they occupy. They have with very few if any exceptions made settlement upon them in good faith, to our personal knowledge, upon the advice and suggestion of many of the leading citizens of this and Morrison counties, believing the reserve was to be placed in market soon. They have builded homes and cultivated and fenced the lands and made a fair start towards settlement and civilization and are generally an industrious, good class of citizens. For these reasons we believe that speculators and all others should be prohibited by the law itself from interfering with the settlers or entering any of the lands claimed or occupied.

B. L. E.

A Grand Ball Given by the Boys of That Order.

The first annual ball given by Division No. 144 of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers came off at Bly's Hall on Tuesday evening last as previously announced in these columns, and though the snow blockade on the road kept a large number of engineers out on the prairies who proposed participating in the gay festivities, it was a grand success—just such a success in fact as the courageous fellows who know so well how to go plunging and crushing, crashing and thrashing, pounding and bounding every day and every night, over bridges, trestles, frosted rails, and pitfalls, through mountains of snow and dangers innumerable, seen and unseen, in the performance of a noble duty, know how to inaugurate.

Over fifty couples were early in attendance slippered and ribboned ready for the "trip." They had not long to wait for always "on time" they soon went "whirling" in the mazy waltz to the "time" of the St. Cloud band which furnished the music for the occasion. The various "stations on the "card" were reached and passed with customary precision: First "The Ladies" then "Our Officers" Turn the Table" "Down Brakes" "Switch Off" "Send out the Flag" "Fire Up" etc., whirled past in rapid succession until at twelve o'clock sharp the party brought up at the "dinner station" in good condition when "one hour for supper" was announced and all repaired to mine host West's dining hall. Here a grand and pleasant surprise was in store for all. If the dance was a success this was the crowning success of all. West had indeed outstripped himself and a supper that at once entranced the entire party lay before us. Twenty tables laden and decorated without stint were soon made captive by the dancers who did ample justice to the display, thanks to the practical eye and watchful care of "Old Grizzly," who superintended the dining hall in person, determined that all should be pleased, filled and satisfied, and he succeeded.

After supper a quadrille and a waltz soon got all hands down to business again, when "Clear the Track," "On Time," "Our Conductors," and several other numbers on the programme were gaily passed before the boys began to call for a "Lay Off" and "Take the side-track." A goodly number however remained until the "Good morning" dance was handsomely and frisk-ily turned as "old Sol" began to tint the eastern horizon, after which the boys "went home with the girls in the morning," well pleased with the dance, the music, the supper, themselves, and particularly with the spark-ling gush in flounces they carried on their left arms.

May the next "annual" of the B. L. E. be as pleasant an occasion as the first, is the parting wish of THE TRIBUNE.

Russell's Royal Idea.

The Minnesota editors their "annual" at St. Paul on the 28th of January. Boys, listen a moment. This thing of the editors meeting in St. Paul every year is getting monotonous—let us have St. Paul people anyway—and it is mightily expensive too, when you consider the amount of "fun" there is in it. Now, we have an "idea" and it isn't any "slouch of an idea" either. Let us cease to meet in St. Paul or any other settlements. Let us meet hereafter in the middle of December in the woods. Let a committee be appointed at the meeting in January whose duty it shall be to select a site—as centrally located as possible, and where plenty of timber is found, any way, by railroad, for an annual December camp in the woods, in a locality where game is plentiful—probably deer—and where the editors may indulge and have a high old time and go hunting for a "splurch week." Let sufficient funds be raised—it will not require much—to build a log hut or camp of suitable size, and fit it up with bunks, heating stove, rough tables, etc. During the summer, after the location had been selected, the comm ttee could publish the same, and with it the rules regulations that should govern the deliberations, and also receive subscriptions up to a certain necessary sum per capita, with which to buy the provisions required to run the camp a week, supposing each one who reported to the committee by a certain date was intending to be present. The committee would make an estimate of the actual cost of buying and slupping the "grub," straw, and ——, etc.

Here the committee's work would cease, after getting everything sent to the camp. Then every editor should come to the camp provided with his own gun, blankets, speech on some favorite topic, hymn book, pistol, pipe, tobacco, matches, tin cup, plate, knife and fork, spoon, and—and another "pistol."

Talk about your good times. We have not the least idea but that more than half the editors would become so totally enthused that they'd have to be choked off at the first meeting, and after a couple such meetings every mother's son of them would be in favor of staying there forever and a day.

They could discuss every subject in the catalogue, from Adam to Sebastopold-headed. They could spread themselves in oratory, with no man, who was a critic, to stand around and laugh and make them afraid of their speech—They could talk to the tall trees, that would stand like illuminated spectres in the glare of the campfire, until they would snap in an ecstacy of joy—or by the action of the frost, as they (the trees) might elect.

When the weary hunters returned at eventide, each bearing upon his intellectual shoulder, or back, the inanimate form of a stately buck, what a shout of joy would go up along with the starry sparks of the campfire, and how all hands would draw their respective and keen-edged knives and whoop the peal-ing off the deer, and carve the juicy steaks.

Then the chubby Chamberlain, the stately Wheelock, the "boy" Mitchell, the critical Walls, the Byronic Hartley, the handsome Whipple, the serious Hinds, the jolting Emery, the quaint McDonald, the towering Castle, the pedic McMaster, the comfortable Brown, the good-fellow Perkins, the "globular" Hall, the balance-wheel Moore, and all the rest of us, would sharpen sticks, place the meat thereon, and roast it to a turn, about the fire, and crack jokes the while; cook, gabble, eat—and repeat—until sunrise every morning.

Oh, wouldn't this editorial camp in the December woodlands be jolly! We could write tea columns about the fun we could have, and never duplicate a single "fun"—but, why dwell? Let the Association in St. Paul, next month discuss this plan and *adopt it*. Eh?—Who *dares* say Nay?—Duluth Tribune.

That's a grand "idea", Bro. Russell, and we second the motion with both hands, and Brainerd being the geographical center of the State (you know) easily accessible by rail and centrally located in the finest game country in the north-west, must have been the exact point you had in mind. We will "agree to" superintend the construction of the camp and take general care of it ad interim. Let it be recorded.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC.

A few days ago Senator Morgan offered a resolution to take from the various railroad and telegraph lines of the country that have not complied with their charter, public lands which were donated by the government to aid in their construction. He presented with the resolution a list of the companies in default, included in which we notice the Northern Pacific Railroad company. In an interview on the subject the Senator said he could see no good reason why millions of acres of public lands should be kept from pre-emption by actual settlers by lines of railway who have no right to their control; and, as proposed in his resolution, would at once declare their charter rights forfeited for non-compliance, and open the lands for actual settlement.

Theoretically Senator Morgan is right. We believe that in nine cases out of ten a company which has accepted grants from the government and has failed to comply with the conditions prescribed in the grant, its lands should revert to the government promptly. But there are exceptions to the rule, and one of these is the Northern Pacific company. It was chartered long before the panic of 1873, and the grant of lands was accepted in good faith. The road was being built with great rapidity when the crash came, and Jay Cooke, its chief promoter, was engulfed in ruin. The work came to a stand-still, and during all the years of business depression that followed no progress was made. But the moment there were signs of renewed prosperity the work was taken in hand, and for the past year and a half trackla ing has progressed from both ends with a rapidity seldom equaled in the history of railroad construction. The grant has expired, it is true, but the company is giving every evidence of its good faith by endeavoring to comply with its conditions as early as possible. A banker will not refuse to renew a note provided a business man if he shows evidences of a desire and ability to pay it soon, and we see no reason why the government should depart from so good a custom that governs the commercial world.

Senator Morgan is evidently laboring under a misapprehension as to the effect of the land grant system as far as the Northern Pacific is concerned. He would find, by taking a trip over the line, that as fast as it is constructed a co-ageless tide of emigration flows in to occupy and improve the land. Thousands upon thousands of acres of land have been put under cultivation nearly every year, and innumerable thriving villages have sprung up, each teeming with life and enterprise. Hundreds of settlers are upstaking the extension of the road, have gone in advance of the graders and settled upon farms and claims preparatory for themselves where they expect to live and die. It is a grave mistake to suppose that the grant to this railroad in any way interferes with the settlement of the country. In fact it stimulates it as never was settlement stimulated before.

We repeat that it would be unfair to revoke the grant to this company. Its hope has only been a technical one. The road is being constructed from the proceeds of the land sales, and to deprive it of this source of revenue would seriously retard if it did not wholly prevent the completion of this great national highway from the Pacific ocean to the great lakes.—[St. Paul Globe.

The Northern Pacific Express.

The following circular issued by General Manager H. E. Sargent of the N. P. R. R. explains itself;

In conformity with a vote of the Board of Directors of the company, a new company will, on and after January 1, 1880, assume and do all packages and other express business upon the several roads and lines, under the name and title of "Northern Pacific Express." Mr. William G. Fostner is appointed superintendent of that department, and will be recognized as such by all officers and agents of this company. H. E. SARGENT,

General Manager.

Mr. Footner, the newly appointed Superintendent, has just completed a trip over the road organizing his management and appointing the local agents preparatory to the transfer on January 1st. This disposes of the United States and American express offices in this city, and hereafter all express business will be done through Mr. W. H. Lowe, who has been appointed as local agent at Brainerd.

On Friday last while Narcisse Gravel was driving a team on the ice at Long Lake, ten miles east of Fort Ripley, with a heavy load of provisions, stoves and implements for the pinery, the ice broke and let the outfit in. Mr. Gravel saved the team by driving promptly and with great presence of mind. He had barely succeeded in reaching the horses on the sled when the load went to the bottom in twenty-five feet of water. The goods were worth about ten hundred dollars, but a large portion can be fished out and saved. —Little Falls Transcript.

Gen. Rosser is inclined to become chief engineer of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway, that position having been tendered by ex-President Wright, of the Northern Pacific, who is now prominently connected with the first-mentioned road.—[Pioneer Press.

The postmaster of Blooming Grove, Waseca county, has been deprived of the office in consequence of his carrying the mail, as sub-contractor, contrary to the rules of the department.

The general verdict is that Democracy "did off more than it fan cher" when it undertook to steal the State of Maine.

JACK FROST'S SONG.

I ride on the wings of the northwest wind
From my home in the frox n seas,
Where I lie a-sid rest with a quiet mind
When bloweth the summer breeze.

I filch the rainbow from out the skies
And place it on maple leaves;
I whisper the swallow, why he flies
From his nest beneath the eaves.

I work in the dark of the blackest night,
And paint pictures upon the pane;
Wh-i thought the sun in his noonday might
Bliss them, I time them again.

I draw, and plume, the tender agony
Of fern, with its feathery grace;
And if that dies out in the sun's warm ray
I put a pine in its place.

But this is only my pleasant play
While e sunbeams lie and dream,
For I clasp in my chilling crutch by day
The throat of the gurgling stream.

I still its music. I strip the trees
Of their leaves, and kill the flowers,
And the hum of the busy bees,
Who work during summer hours.

I trouble the fe-hes and lift the grain
From where it lies in the soil;
I pinch the poor on their way to gain
Their bread by their daily toil.

But when spring days come I change my mind,
For I am a fickle soul;
So I mount on the wings of the southwest wind
And ride to the Arctic Pole.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 22d, 1879.

The infamous character of democratic methods by which they hope to capture the Presidency and Congress next year are beginning to develop themselves on all hands. That fraud and violence are still used on all hands is shown by the election in Louisiana, and by the fact that the negro exodus is still going on from every Southern State. The declared determination of the democratic Senate to unseat Senator Kellogg, of Louisiana, is another evidence of their purpose.

The Maine counting-out iniquity is a strong point in proof that the Northern democrats are no better than their Southern fellows, and that all they have ever wanted was a chance to show their infamy. The corrupt manipulators in that State have done even worse than we feared, and have gone so far as to frighten many of those here who have wit enough to know that such things will only re-act against them among intelligent people. The general opinion here is that the Maine people will not consent to be deprived of their rights by a counting-out board of scarpers, and that they will organize a legislature and turn out the present rascally combination, never to be heard of again in public life.

General Grant will be here in a few days previous to his going to Cuba.—Many of his friends now announce that he is a candidate for President, that "all these receptions have not been for nothing," and that "he is working his cards shrewdly for the Republican nomination."

When Dan. Voorhees introduced his resolution of inquiry as to the causes of the exodus, he put his foot into it as he generally does. Senator Windom took occasion to expose the bad treatment to which all Republicans are subjected in the South, as a very plain reason for their flight. Before he got through with the subject many democratic Senators were sorry that Voorhees had been allowed to spread himself on this subject, and finally nearly all the democratic Senators voted against the resolution. It was passed by Republican votes, and it is Republicans and non-Democrats who want to know what causes the dissatisfaction of negroes in the South. Senator Windom made a speech that will prove troublesome to Democrats.

Senator Cameron, as Chairman of the National Committee, will make the next campaign lively, and organize victory at the beginning. This is the verdict of all Republicans, and I notice since the meeting of the National Committee here the Democrats look blue.

MAXWELL.

LEECH LAKE ITEMS.

The weather here for the past three weeks has been somewhat severe, the thermometer going as low as 40 degrees below zero, with raw northwest breezes.

At no time was there so little fish taken as the past season. Scarcely any white fish have been caught, and very little game so far is being secured in consequence of which great destitution will be felt amongst the natives.

Our genial, wholesouled, G. W. Nichols, government farmer, mill-r, P. M., etc., still lingereth east, enjoying the bracing zephyrs of the Adirondacks.

The government industrial school now registers 46 scholars and more would readily be added did the school facilities admit.

Revs. George and Fred Smith, of Red Lake, have recently spent two weeks among us, preaching and converting many to the Christian faith.

Dr. Walker, formerly of Duquaine, Ill., has been appointed governr ent physician at Leech Lake. He left Brainerd Tuesday morning for the agency.

Rev. Benedict, of Faribault, is to assist Rev. Chas. Wright in his clerical missions about the first of January.

The government employees are to have a Christmas tree on Christmas eve, in the M. E. church, for the school children.

About three weeks ago "Sturgeon" the "Sitting Bull" of the Pillagers, was converted to christianity and baptized in the Methodist faith.

Why will you suffer with Dyspepsia and liver complaint Constipated, and general debility, when you can get at our store Shiloh's System Vitalizer which we sell on a positive guarantee to cure you. Price 10 cts. and 75 cts. For sale by N. McFADDEN.

HEADQUARTERS
HOTEL,
BRAINERD, - MINN.
Only First Class House in the City.
All Trains arrive at and depart from the door
TERMS:
$2 00, $2.50 and $3.00 per Day.
E. W. WEED, Prop'r.

I. U. WHITE,
CARPENTER and WAGON MAKER,
DEALER IN
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Eave Gutters, House and Picture Moulding.
Lowest Price for Cash. Give me a Call.
Brainerd, Feb. 15, 1879. I. U. WHITE.

WIGGO MADSON,
Boot and Shoe-Maker,
LAUREL STREET,
Brainerd, - - - Minn.
Repairing neatly and promptly done, and Custom Work solicited at reasonable rates, tf

BARRETT & CO.

GENERAL DEALERS IN
Agricultural Implements,
AND AGENTS FOR THE
Singer Sewing Machines,
FARGO, D. T.
THE BEST IN THE WORLD
THE NEW FAMILY
SINGER
Sewing Machines,
FOR SALE AT
The Tribune Building.
Terms Cash.
Call and Examine our Machines and Prices.
HARTLEY BROS. *Agents.*

DR. J. C. ROSSER,
Physician & Surgeon,
BRAINERD, MINN.
OFFICE—Over the Jewelry Store, cor. Front and Fifth Streets.
OFFICE HOURS—2 to 4 and 6 to 8 p. m.

BROWN & BASON.
HARDWARE
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
CUTLERY,
TABLE AND POCKET.
Builders' Material,
NAILS, SCREWS, TACKS, GLASS, LOCKS, HINGES, BOLTS, ETC.
COOK STOVES & HEATING STOVES
Of all the Latest Patterns and Improved Varieties at Bottom Prices.
Tools of all kinds and Furnishing Goods.
TINWARE
Of our own Manufacture,
OF GOOD QUALITY AND THE BEST MATERIAL.
Tin, Sheet-Iron and Coppersmith JOB WORK.
FIFTH ST., BRAINERD, MINN.

J. N. NEVERS,
DEALER IN
FURNITURE, TRUNKS, VALISES,
BEDDING, ETC.,
FRONT STREET,
BRAINERD, MINN.

HAGGBERG & JOHNDRIN,
Blacksmithing, Horse-Shoeing, Wagon Making,
FIFTH STREET, NEAR LAUREL,
BRAINERD, - - MINN.
The undersigned having recently entered into partnership, erected a new shop on Fifth Street, next door to Hartley & Stacy, laid in a large new stock, and engaged a skilful W gon Maker and Wheelwright, are prepared to do all kinds of work in their line promptly in good shape and at low rates.
HAGGBERG & JOHNDRIN.

I. O. O. F.
WILDEY LODGE, No. 37, meets every Wednesday evening at 7½ p. m., at Odd Fellows' Hall, corner Sixth and Laurel street, Brainerd, Minn. Brothers in good standing are cordially invited.
A. BROWN, N. G.
J. C. COMDON, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.
BRAINERD LODGE, No. 47, ANCIENT ORDER OF UNITED WORKMEN meets every Thursday evening at 7½ o'clock P. m. at Odd Fellows' Hall, All M. W. in good standing are cordially invited.
G. W. WHITNEY, M. W.
W. PAINE REE.

WM. FERRIS,
DEALER IN
JEWELRY, WATCHES, CLOCKS,
Silverware, Spectacles,
ETC., ETC.
Fine Watch Repairing
A SPECIALTY.
COR. FRONT & FIFTH STREETS
BRAINERD, - - MINN.

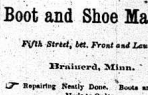
A. S. CAMPBELL, M.D
Medical Director N. P. R. R.—Minnesota & Dakota Division.
U. S. EXAMINING SURGEON
OFFICE—Headquarters R. R. Building, down stairs, northwest corner.
Office hours 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 and 6 to 8 p. m.
Night Office and Residence—N. E. cor. St. Paul's Parish Square, Park entrance.
Brainerd, Minn.

C. B. SLEEPER,
Attorney at Law,
OFFICE—FRONT STREET,
Opposite R. R. Offices.
BRAINERD, - - MINN.

Clerk of Court.
Special attention given to Locating Homestead and Pre-Emptions, for Settlers in Crow Wing County.
CHOICE LANDS OPEN TO SETTLEMENT.
General Real Estate Agency.
BRAINERD
DRUG STORE,
Front Street, bet. Fifth and Sixth,
N. McFADDEN, Proprietor.
MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,
PERFUMERY,
FANCY GOODS, ETC.
PURE SPICES.
Fresh ground and received in bulk, for sale in quantities to suit—warranted pure.
PRESCRIPTIONS carefully compounded at all hours, day or night.
Orders by Mail promptly attended to.

A. E. VEON,
Cabinet & Wagon Maker,
JOBBING AND REPAIRING DONE ON SHORT NOTICE.
ALL WORK WARRANTED.
I keep constantly on hand Pictures and Frames of all sizes, Mouldings of all kinds, Glue, Doors, Sash, etc.; also, a full stock of Builder's and Shelf Hardware.
BOLTS, NAILS, LOCKS, HINGES, ETC.
Am Agent for Brown's Family Sealer—the best thing out.
PATENT RIGHT MODELS A SPECIALTY.
Will make Estimates and Bill of Material for Building free of charge. Give me a call.
Rooms, one door north of No. 1 Saloon on FIFTH STREET. - - BRAINERD, MINN.

Livery! Livery!
Having LEASED the COMMODIOUS
MERCHANT'S HOTEL STABLES,
Laurel Street, Brainerd, Minn., I have restocked all my stock of Horses and Carriages with the Leland House Stables to that place, where I am prepared to furnish First-Class Rigs in First-Class Style on short notice and at low Rates—Give me a call. Office at the Stables, and Residence just across the street.
Brainerd, May 24th, 1879.
W. F. M. ARTIN. Proprietor.

Established Oct. 6th, 1872.
NEW LE BON TON

Sample & Billiard Hall,
LAUREL STREET, BRAINERD, MINN.
This Old and Reliable House is still THE LEADING SAMPLE ROOM on the line of the N. P. R. R. ED. R. FRENCH, Prop.

J. BAIN,
Boot and Shoe Maker,
Fifth Street, bet. Front and Laurel,
Brainerd, Minn.
Repairing Neatly Done. Boots and Shoes Made to Order.

R. K. WHITELEY,
Surveyor,
BRAINERD, - - MINN.
Claims and Homesteads Located and Surveyed
Pine Lands Examined in the Counties of Crow Wing, Cass, Aitken and Itasca, and Estimates given.
All Orders left at the TRIBUNE office, or addressed to me at the Post-Office, or personally, will receive prompt attention.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

Rates of Advertising will be made known on application at this office or by letter. No scale would suit all cases
Legal notices 75 cents per folio for the first and 37 1-2 cents for each subsequent insertion

To secure insertion advertisements should be handed into this office as early as Thursday noon; communications, Wednesday nights; and local notices of religious services, etc., Friday noon.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

CONGREGATIONAL—Preaching at 11 a. m., Union Sunday School 12.15 m., and Services 8 p. m. every Sunday, and Prayer Meeting at 8 p. m. every Thursday. Strangers and others not worshiping elsewhere are cordially invited to these services.
Whosoever will, let him come."
REV. R. A. BRAND, Pastor.

ST. PAULS CHURCH—Morning Prayer, Litany and Ante-Communion service at 11 o'clock, a. m., every Sunday. Sunday School at 12½ p. m. Evening Prayer at 7½ p.m. Holy Communion on the first Sunday of each month and on all great festivals Evening Prayer every Friday evening, and on all Holy Days at 7½ p. m.
REV. HERBERT ROOT, Rector.

CATHOLIC CHURCH—Mass every second and fourth Sunday in each month. Low Mass at 8 a. m., High Mass at 10 a. m. Catechising for children at 2 p. m. Vespers at 7½ p. m. Week days Mass at 7½.
C. A. RICHARD, Priest.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH—Regular preaching services on the third and fourth Sabbaths of each month, at 11 o'clock a. m., and 7 o'clock p. m.—Prayer meeting each Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. A cordial invitation to citizens and strangers to be present at these services.
C. H. DIXON, Pastor.

Brainerd Tribune.

HARTLEY BROS., Publishers.

BRAINERD, MINNESOTA

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

CRIMES AND CRIMINALS

Several arrests have been made in Madrid for seditious conduct.

D. D. Spencer President of the defunct State saving bank of Chicago is in Constadt, Wertenberg, Germany. He manifests a desire to return to Chicago if the indictment against him for embezzlement can be discontinued His faithful wife is with him.

A lunatic broke into the depot of the depot of the Eastern railroad on the night of Dec. 19 at Saco, Maine, and although shot and wounded by the watchman he upset the stove and lamps setting fire to the depot and himself. The depot and freight house were burned up.

Intelligence has been received at St. Petersburg, from Krif, that twenty-six persons have been tried for forging and uttering bonds not belonging to them, fourteen of whom were sentenced to ten years imprisonment at hard labor, twelve to four years, and the rest to various terms of imprisment.

The Grand Jury at New Orleans, on Monday, Dec. 22, indicted the directors of the suspended Louisiana Savings Bank, the Citizens Deposit company, Edward Connery, James Jackson and Frederick Wing, for wrongfully and feloniously concealing from the public their knowledge, relative to the condition of the bank, with intent to deceive the public, and signing and submitting to the legislature of the state, for official publication, a fraudulent report of the condition of the bank.

A telegram was received in St. Paul on the morning of Dec. 23, by Detective Brissette from Sheriff Town, of Worthington, Nobles Co. Minn., announcing that a traveling man stopped at a hotel in that place, and was robbed of $7,000. He was coming from one of the out buildings when he was knocked down by two men and the money taken from his shirt pocket. After the robbers had taken business enough to examine into the matter he said he was short over $10,000 cash. One of the men was a smooth faced fellow about six feet and six inches and having light side whiskers. On the arrival of the Sioux City train Mr. Brissette was informed of the robbery. Under that man answering the description were on the train from Worthington, and that the one with the smooth face had changed cars at Kasota junction, taking the Winona and Saint Peter train bound eastward. The other gentleman got off the train at Mankato, when nothing more was heard of the parties Detective Brissette has forwarded all information obtained to authorities in these neighborhoods, and it is hoped it will be but a short time before the desperadoes will be brought before the justice seat.

CASUALTIES.

A $45,000 fire occurred at Reading, Pa., Dec. 23.

Dec. 18, a heavy snow storm and severe weather prevailed throughout Ontario.

A $20,000 fire occurred at Montreal, Dec. 21. Owing to the intense cold firemen were badly burned.

The roof of Earlham college, Richmond, Ind., was burned Dec. 21. Loss $8,000 covered by insurance.

A $10,000 oil fire occurred at Pittsburgh, Dec. 20, caused by an explosion of gas. One man was badly burned.

Three persons perished and two were injured by the burning of the court house at St. Jean, Port Joli, Canada, Dec. 21.

On the morning of Dec. 21, Best's Casstnut street brewery in Milwaukee was destroyed by fire. Loss $200,000 nearly covered by insurance.

The opera house at Port Huron, Mich., was damaged by fire at 3 o'clock on the morning of Dec. 19, to the amount of ten or twelve thousand dollars. Another fire occurred before which played there the evening previous, lost their wardrobe and scenery valued at $7,500 no insurance.

A fire occured in the Park theater New York, on the evening of Dec. 18, while a performance was in progress. There was great excitement in the audience, but a panic was prevented by judicious action on the part of the police, and all retired without injury. The fire was extinguished and the building was saved without any serious damage.

Mrs. Caroline Krutzer, a female convict in the State prison at Stillwater, Minnesota on the morning of Dec. 19th, threw herself from a third story window, and survived the fall in an unconscious state but a few hours. She was supposed to be temporarily insane, had been very melancholy for some time. She was about sixty years old, and was sentenced from Anoka county last September for one year for assault with a dangerous weapon.

Early on the morning of Dec. 18, at Hyde Park, fire was discovered in the rear of the St. James restaurant. Main street opposite the Sheridan house, supposed to be caused by a defective flue. Before enough people arrived to get the fire under control the flames enveloped the whole building and spread in every direction, taking the building of J. H. Marshall; Frank Gist, Dr. Cox, West Dots, Sam Lee, and Josh Stayell on the north, and Chas. Kupotz, D. I. Baisly & Co. and Dan Eisenburg on the east. The goods were taken out by fireman in the whole block and considerably damaged.

A fire broke out in Carleton College, Northfield, Minn., at 9 o'clock on Dec. 23, and that well-known and popular institution is now a heap of ruins. Total loss fifty thousand dollar. Insurance, seventeen thousand three hundred dollars. The first alarm was given by a farmer who drove by the college into town, crying, "Fire, the college is on fire," and was followed by the ringing of the fire, school and church bells. A team was luckily attached to the hook and ladder truck, and away they rushed. Many boys left the college the reach broke, and the foreman, J. A. Lawrence, was thrown to the ground with great violence. The hooks and ladders were then carried a block by the students. Hundreds of citizens followed. Arriving near the college a dense cloud of smoke was seen issuing from the western end of the third story where the fire originated, evidently in the janitor's room, as he was the only man in the college, the students having left for the holidays the day before. Nothing could be done to extinguish the flames. A grand piano, other furniture, and nearly all the library and books were removed. No work could be done above the second story. A large portion of the museum and considerable of the valuable apparatus from the laboratory was saved. Many costly astronomical instruments were in the observatory and escaped the fire fiend. The firemen and citizens worked bravely and did all that could be done without water. The building cost thirty thousand dollars, and contained a chapel, library, cabinet, laboratory, five recitation rooms and twenty dormitory rooms. Two hundred students were in attendance last term, most of whom will return. The winter term will open as advertised, accommodations being secured in the city.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

It is reported that Gen. Sheridan will accompany Gen. Grant on his visit to Mexico, and Cuba.

The steamship Slavia sailed from New York, Dec. 18, with 76 colored immigrants for Liberia.

The Senate have confirmed the appointment of James H. Morris as Postmaster of Litchfield, Minnesota.

Secretary Sherman was at the custom house in New York, Dec. 23, where he received many congratulations and New Year callers.

Dan Rice the famous circus man has been converted in Chicago, by the preaching of Moody, and will at once entered the field of evangelistic labor.

James Mott a student in the Normal school at Winona, Minn, from Worthington, Minn., died suddenly on the night of Dec. 23, of apoplexy.

The President has approved the bill authorizing allowance for loss by leakage or casualty of spirits withdrawn from distilleries to warehouses for exportation.

Richard Smith of the Cincinnati, O., *Gazette* urges upon the congressional house committee an appropriation of $250,000 to complete the Cincinnati custom house.

J. The bullet which entered the chest of Mr. Kellogg, at Ocean Grove, on Saturday August, and has since his convalescence caused him considerable trouble, has been extracted.

In Providence, R. I., on Sunday evening, Dec. 21, in the Friendship street Baptist church, M. A. Fiske died of heart disease, immediately on concluding an exhortation and prayer.

Paul De Cassagnac in an article in the *Paris Pays* proposes another six months mourning for the Prince Imperial, on the ground that he was to the party and dynasty has not yet been filled.

It is rumored in New-York city, that Jamel R. Keene is making arrangements to pay during the next month, for a million bushels of wheat, for which he has contracted in Chicago, and which is to be delivered early in January.

A meeting of the Republican State committee of Maine, and prominent Republicans from various parts of the State, held at Senator Blaine's residence, Dec. 21, resulted in the appointment of a committee to advise and cooperate with the Republican members of the Legislature.

The Senate committee on privileged and elections, Dec. 19, granted the request of Senator Kellogg for subpoenas for about a dozen additional witnesses on his behalf, including Mr. Withall, ex-member from Louisiana, and now United States consul at Kingston, Canada. The subpoenas were returned Mc Jan. 10, on which day the taking of testimony will be resumed.

William S. Graham long and favorably known as the father in Dawson & Co's banking house in St. Paul is dead. He died in the inland hospital at Rochester, Minn., His mental faculties became impaired last summer from overwork. He was a son of Hon. Chris Graham of Red Wing. His age was 33 years.

Commodore Ammen had an interview with Gen. Grant Dec. 21, on the Nicaragua canal project, and though no positive statement is made, remarks made by the commodore to personal friends lead to the belief that Gen. Grant will probably accept the presidency of the canal company. Gen. Grant himself questioned by an interviewer, declined to commit himself further than to say that he had not yet accepted.

The Commercial Exchange of Philadelphia gave their annual banquet on Thursday, Dec. 19. The Exchange building was very beautifully decorated. In response to an address of welcome from President Bailey, General Sherman delivered an oration which he said: "My visits abroad have enabled me to see how greatly our foreign trade can be increased. In Australia and South Africa as well as but in the East, America is only beginning to be known and appreciated. We are now building steamships as fast as we can, but greater ship shall be so changed as to allow our representatives to increase their competition by acting as business agents of American manufacturers and merchants. What we are making it to their interest to increase and develop our trade, rather than to repress it, as is at present the case." Gen. Sherman closed by saying he had no idea of saying this much and am at most sorry I have said it. I again thank you for the very kind manner in which you have attended to me." The remarks of the General were warmly applauded. Mayor Stokely stepping to the front said: "It is not a part of the programme that I should say anything, but I can scarcely help remarking that you can now see how useful it is to ever again called on." Stalky, Gen. Grant and Commodore Ammen, of the nation after his careful and extended observation abroad." This remark called forth a round of applause.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The bank of Nevada, at Virgina, Nev., has suspended because, of too much mining stock.

Pluro Pneumonia has broken out among the cattle in Haverhill, New Hampshire.

The announcement of Edison's perfection of his electrical light caused gas stock to fall at Montreal, Dec. 22, from 115 to 110.

A correspondent at Bucharest telegraphs that the Roumania journals state that Hon. John A. Kasson, United States minister to Vienna, has been ordered by his government to negotiate a commercial treaty between the United States and Roumania.

Fowler Bros. of Chicago, pork packers, discharged 1,900 hands in their packing and stock yards because they insisted that the union men should work with them. Other houses are running but with few hands. The strike commenced on the 18th inst. Loss to date is estimated at from 6,000 to 8,000.

A Berlin correspondent states that the Russian ambassadors abroad have received circular instructions to issue from the revolutionary committee, threatening that if the ambassadors do not represent to the czar that the country wants a constitution the czar will be removed from his throne.

In a letter from Berlin, of Dec. 22, from Professor Nordenskjold, the Arctic explorer, describes the topographical society, he advocates the establishment of a German navigation line to the mouth of the river Lenisei, Siberia. He even believes that the mouth of the river Lena may be easily reached from Russia and America. With a view to this end he proposes the establishment of lifeboat stations along the Siberian coast line.

The announcement was made Dec. 23, and extensively circulated and placarded in London and the provinces, stating the attorney general for Tichborne claimant, that by act of error in the case of the Tichborne claimant, an association is being formed to assist the prosecution of the claim, and that a commercial sentence against the claimant and to promote the passage of a bill in the forthcoming session of parliament for a general judgment in case of evidence on points of mistaken identity being forthcoming, and for the restoration to the claimant of the properties of heirlooms and the possession of the Tichborne baronetcy.

San Domingo dates of Dec. 8, confirm the announcement of President Guillermo that the city suffered from hunger before the surrender and Guillermo is greatly disliked a being responsible for the distress. As a consequence of this feeling of the triumphant entry of the revolutionary army on the 17th of November was attended with perfect order. It is still unknown who will be the next President. Peace has been entirely restored and none of the plantations have been destroyed. An outbreak was feared at Cape Haytien and troops were sent to prevent it. Some arrests were made. Business active,

An immense meeting was held in the Corn Exchange at St. Paul on Thursday evening Dec. 18, to consider the present unhappy, disturbed and distressed condition of Ireland. Dillon O'Brien called the meeting to order, and made a few remarks expressive of his sympathy for Ireland's wrongs. His remarks were warmly applauded. Hon. Wm. Dawson was next called to the chair, and C. M. MacCarthy, was elected Secretary. Mr. Dawson on taking the chair made a few forcible remarks in behalf of Irish sufferers and denunciatory of England's pernicious system of government. Rev. Father Shanley, Gov. Davis, Rev. Dr. Breed, and Mrs. Albert Scheffer addressed the meeting in glowing terms and were warmly applauded. Letters were read from Bishop Grace, and Hon. T. F. Sibley. A series of resolutions was adopted, urging upon congress the passage of the resolutions introduced into the House calling the attention of the British Government to the rights and necessity of establishing a peasant proprietary in Ireland's approving the policies of the Irish National Home League; complimenting Gladstone Stewart Parnell and their wife in counsel and brave in action; denouncing and condemning the late arrests in Ireland as tyrannical in favor of arbitrary power; continue to collect funds; and directing the resolutions to be forwarded to the President of the United States, to Minnesota Senators and Representatives in congress, and to the press of America and Ireland for publication. Following the resolutions several brief speeches were made, and a collection of $1,200 was taken up, pointed, consisting of eighteen prominent gentleman. Subscriptions on the spot to the amount of $1,500 were announced amid great applause and cheers.

The New York Herald of Dec. 21, devotes nearly a column to Edison's triumph in electric illumination, giving a full and comprehensive list of his work from the inception to its completion with illustrative diagrams. The *Herald* says: "The first public exhibition of Edison's long looked for electric light takes place next Year's eve at Menlo Park, on which occasion that place will be illuminated with the new light. The new light will probably be the first appear, is produced from a little piece of paper, a tiny strip of paper that a breath would blow away. This delicate little carbon paper is passed an electric current, and the result is a bright, beautiful, mellow light. But paper instantly burns even under the trilling heat of a of a tallow candle eachalms the skeptic, "and how can it withstand the fierce heat of an electric current?" Very true, but Edison makes the little piece of paper more infusible than platinum, more durable than granite, and this involves no complicated process. The paper is merely baked in an oven until all the elements have passed away except the carbon framework. The latter is then placed in a glass globe connected with wires leading to the electricity producing machine and the air exhausted from the globe, then the apparatus is ready to give out a light that possesses no deleterious gases, such as are given off from odors—a light without flame, without danger, requiring no matches to ignite, giving out but little heat, being so air as to be free from all flickering—a light that is a little globe of sunshine—and this light the inventor claims can be produced cheaper than that from the gas-burner. The inventor finds that the electricity can be regulated with entire reliability at a central station just as the pressure of gas is now regulated, and the question of constructing the lamp is not more than twenty-five cents.

The Mark Lane *Express* says: Frost, which, however, seems to be breaking up today, (Monday) has necessitated an indefinite postponement of the completion of wheat sowing. Disquieting reports continue from all districts, and cattle are suffering severely Threshing is proceeding steadily. Deliveries at the principal markets are fair for the year, and condition somewhat improved. The provincial trade, however, has been inactive owing to the distressing effect of the weather and the out to the holidays. Nearly five-sixths of the imports of foreign wheat into London last week were from American Atlantic ports. Supplies from Russia are by far in excess of the trade requirements. Still confidence in the future is a prominent feature of the present situation, and it is generally believed that countries which maintain the high prices in America cannot last long here, as prices here, which are already sufficiently high to attract supplies from all the most producing countries in the world, are not likely to withhold shipment until America has succeeded in establishing a fictitous value in European markets. Generally the Mark Lane has been small, owing to fog and the approaching holidays. Prices were, however, maintained with a steady enquiry, which is difficult to sell except at a slight reduction. For English wheat an advance of a shilling per quarter was occasionally obtained at the commencement of the week, but last year. Imports into the United Kingdom for the week ending Dec. 13, 1,527,417 qwt. of wheat and 193,332 cwt. of flour.

MAJOLICA.—The name is derived from the island Majores, where the Saracens established a manufactory of pottery. Afterward the ware was imported into Italy, where it borrowed the classic forms and acquired the name of Majolica Rome. Hence it is at once domestic and refined in character, Oriental and classic; with the harmony of color of Chinese faience, the graceful decoration of the Persian and the Grecian classic simplicity and symmetry of form. It was famous for its metallic lustre. Modern lusters are inferior in beauty to the old methods, especially the secret one which produced the splendid ruby or yellow color overlaid with mother-of-pearl.

Taking Her at Her Word.

Mistress (who has caught the odor of a strong pipe)—"Have you company in the kitchen, Bridget?"

Bridget—"No, ma'am."

Mistress (peeps in and sees two men, and exclaims)—"Why, Bridget, how can you tell such a story to-day?"

Bridget—"Story is it? Shure when your cousin was coming the other day didn't ye tell me not to get anything extra for dinner, as he didn't know whether himself company? and faith it's only me cousins inside ma'am. Story, indade!"

It a Bombay (India) cotton factory women receive $4, and men $6 per month:

OUR SCHOOLS.

Interesting Statistics Concerning the Money Matters in Reference to Educational Wants.

From the St. Paul Daily Globe.

The following has been prepared for the press this winter, Mr. D. Bare, State superintendent of public instruction, and the blanks of the columns of the Globe, published every day in the year, to get his report of the school year before the people, as follows:

ENROLLMENT.

Number of resident pupils between 5 and 21 years	154,896
Number in 1875	130,497
Increase	3,729
Number in public schools not of school age or non-residents	7,239
Number of such in 1875	6,362
Increase	381
Total enrollment, 1877	171,985
Total enrollment, 1876	167,825
Total increase	4,160
Increase in 1876	3,729

It is evident that the parochial schools are not depriving their people of the public schools of the cities for the mere purpose of enrollment. The records of brief attendance also indicate that persons not actually proposing to become scholars have not often been enrolled. The total annual increase of enrollment, 4,160, is very much in excess of increase in former years. It was never less than 3,000, and the last year before enrollment became the basis of apportionment, it was 5,000.

AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE.

The total enrollment for each county for winter and summer is given in table one; also the average daily attendance. From these figures the per cent. of attendance, compared with the enrollment, can readily be found. In some of the thinly-settled counties only about 75 per cent. is found, a much lower figure than in summer. In Swift county, for instance, it was 46 in winter and 75 in summer. Some older counties exhibit even a greater difference, but in favor of the winter. Sibley county had 61 per cent. for winter and only 51 for summer. Olmsted has 70 for winter and 75 for summer. Hennepin, one of the best counties in attendance, has 70 per cent. for summer and 76 for winter. The average attendance on the enrollment of the whole State combining summer and winter is about sixty-five per cent. The advantages enjoyed by urban children is seen from the fact in several of our largest cities, the per cent. is between ninety and ninety-six.

SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

Some county superintendents are still failing to distinguish accurately between special and independent districts, and they are here reported together. Of them about twenty are special:

Number of special and independent districts 76
Number of common school districts 3,025
Number in 1877 4,000
Total for 1878 3,811
Increase 190

SCHOOL HOUSES.

Number of frame houses	2,591
Increase for 1879	122
Number of brick	140
Increase for 1879	4
Number of stone	66
Increase for 1879	8
Number of log	610
Increase for 1879	18
Total school houses, 1879	3,416
Increase over 1878	126

VALUE OF SCHOOL PROPERTY.

Value of school houses and sites	$3,084,026
Value as reported in 1878	3,389,351

Apparent decrease ..... $ 298,325
The apparent decrease results from the failure of many rural clerks to report the value of their school houses. County superintendents accept their reports with this item blank, and give the total of only cities. Figures are reported from these defective reports ought to returned to clerks, or county superintendents should supply the deficiency. Figures from a former report or from their personal knowledge.

The property of the city schools is accurately reported. For the largest city districts in the State it is $1,065,535. This is forty per cent. of the total valuation of the State. Figures are reported from districts and cattle are suffering severely Threshing is proceeding steadily. Deliveries at the principal markets are fair for the year, and condition somewhat improved. The provincial trade, however, has been inactive owing to the distressing effect of the weather and the out to the holidays. Nearly five-sixths of the imports of foreign wheat into London last week were from American Atlantic ports. Supplies from Russia are by far in excess of the trade requirements. Still confidence in the future is a prominent feature of the present situation, and it is generally believed that countries which maintain the high prices in America cannot last long here, as prices here, which are already sufficiently high to attract supplies from all the most producing countries in the world, are not likely to withhold shipment until America has succeeded in establishing a fictitous value in European markets. Generally the Mark Lane has been small, owing to fog and the approaching holidays. Prices were, however, maintained with a steady enquiry, which is difficult to sell except at a slight reduction. For English wheat an advance of a shilling per quarter was occasionally obtained at the commencement of the week, but last year. Imports into the United Kingdom for the week ending Dec. 13, 1,527,417 qwt. of wheat and 193,332 cwt. of flour.

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It a Bombay (India) cotton factory women receive $4, and men $6 per month:

Cities paying $1,500 and upwards	9
Cities paying $1,000	1
Districts having ten or more teachers	15
Districts having two each	16
Districts having three each	16
Districts having two each	32
Total teachers	69

In fifteen of these districts, no one of which has less than five hundred pupils, the total enrollment is 18,634, or ten per cent. of the enrollment of the State. Thirteen of the seventeen cities in the State of which the enrollment is known per cent. while in the sixty-three districts intermediate between the city and village rank, of all the scholars in the public schools.

LANGUAGE IN THE SCHOOLS—NUMBER IN EACH.

Minneapolis	14	Mankato	8
St. Paul	14	Winona	8
Red Wing	9	Glencoe	4
		Eyota	3
Total	49		

NUMBER IN LATIN.

Minneapolis	129	Red Wing	42
St. Paul	113	Chatfield	11
Winona	45	Mankato	10
Red Wing	28	St. Charles	10
Northfield	24	Spring Valley	9
Mankato	23	St. Cloud	7
Rochester	19	Winona	18
Lake City	17	Rochester	12
Austin	17	Northfield	11
Duluth	15	Winnebago City	8
Blue Earth City	6	Moorhead	12
Wabasha	5	Lake City	12
Lansboro	3	Monticello	20
Eyota	2	Hancock	11
		Dover	1
Total	324		

NUMBER IN GERMAN.

St. Paul	90	New Ulm	191
Winona	88	Shakopee	40
Mankato	6	Glencoe	13
Rochester	19	Eyota	3
Duluth	2	Garden City	5
Total	519		

NUMBER IN FRENCH.

St. Paul	35	Owatonna	7
Rochester			
Total	45		

Of the pupils in these schools 215 declared a purpose to take higher courses of study in some college or university.

The above figures show a great inequality in the educational privileges of our children. While 82 per cent. of them have only four months in a year in a log school, 18 per cent. in small rural school house, with no apparatus and often a teacher of low grade and no experience, are favored with from six to nine months in a year in elegant school buildings with all the apparatus and appliances valued at $12,375, and such teachers as the highest salaries paid in the State can secure. While winter schools in villages and cities are common in our principal cities, we should remember that they are supported by special taxes, the rate for which is fixed by boards with rural schools that aspire to anything comparable with metropolitan educational advantages. Minneapolis and St. Paul support their schools on a rate of nearly three mills special tax on the dollar, while rural rates in some similar farms would have to be not less than eight or ten mills. It is our imperative duty to equalize to some extent these facilities for education. With rural schools enrolling five-sixths of our children. We should change our present common school system and provide by law a State tax of a mill and a half, and distribute it upon school age and their attendance at in upon New York, Indiana and many other States. Instead of 4,000 petty districts with two four dollars and not narrow a basis of taxation in many instances for efficient schools, we should have larger districts with graded schools and more than double the money for each. But reforms of this kind must come from the people through their legislators.

Supt. Public Instruction.

MINNESOTA NEWS.

Portions of LeSueur county are greatly afflicted with diphtheria.

Typhoid fever has taken a place in the Congregational church in Rushford.

Erick O. Lind of Oakton is under arrest on a charge of burning his barn.

Dr. Whittemore, of Elk River, is suffering from an attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

A little girl two years old died of diphtheria at Forest Mills, December 15th.

Rev. Father Lynch received into the Methodist Episcopal church in Rochester, on Sunday, Dec. 14.

Mr. Hoffman of Salt a dozen individuals or firms in Stevens county paying a personal property tax of over $1,000.

A few days ago a fine deer weighing two hundred pounds, was shot by Peter Prink, some miles south of Crystal Falls.

It is stated that there are twenty new cities in process of organization on the line of the railroad between Shakopee and Ortonville.

There were two hundred marriages in Rice county during the year ending November 30, 1878, three divorces, eighty men naturalized.

The house of Deputy Auditor Miller, of Wabasha, had a narrow escape from burning recently, caused by an overheated stove-pipe.

A three-year-old daughter of Hans Gunderson, of Granger, fell into a recently fenced well and was drowned. Being.

The school house bell for the Catholic church in Medina, Hennepin county, was consecrated by Father Damasus in its sacred use. Sponsors—Thomas Cullen of St. Cloud, and Glendorado, Benton County. Two have died in the first named, and one in the latter named place.

The diphtheria is making sad ravages in Wilmar and Kandiyohi county. It has appeared in different families have already died, and others are reported very low with it.

A young man in the employment of C. V. Hines, of Anoka, suddenly disappeared the other day, and it is thought he has prevailed to a large extent. Men with a little capital have landed in the Ontario hoping to make a fortune, and by losing their money instead. Every intending emigrant ought to make inquiries, and secure only a return ticket, before commencing the voyage at all, and their substance would not be wasted on acquiring a knowledge of the most eligible settlements for the industrious, and unfortunate is inexcusable.

Minnesota was first officially known as a State thirty years ago. In 1849 a bill passed through Congress defining its territory, erecting it a regular State, and fixing St. Paul as the seat of government. Two years later, it continued without reaching a conclusion to the hour of adjournment.

Senate, Dec. 16.—The Vice President appointed Senators Vorhees, Vange, Millon, Wadsworth and Hale the committee to investigate the causes of the negro emigration from the Southern to the Northern States. There being no business before the Senate it was adjourned for the holidays.

House, Dec. 16.—A report was made on the resolution of the rules of the House, and it was made the special order for the 6th of January. A resolution was adopted to have the militia on the inter-oceanic canal, Mr. King, Missouri, and Hale the committee. Messrs. Turner, Nichols, Hutchins, Page, Conger, Frye, Hiestand, Hazelton and Hale the public buildings have agreed to report favorably upon the appropriation of $75,000 for public buildings at Pittsburgh and Allegheny, for the extension and enlargement of the public buildings at Cleveland, Ohio, and for a public building at Hayes was read, urging Congress to legislate for the reclamation of the overflowed of the Potomac river within the limits of Washington and Georgetown. The House adjourned for the holidays.

NONE of us wish to change our identity for that of another; yet we are never satisfied with ourselves. The unknown has always a charm, and, unless blinded by miserable vanity, we know ourselves too well to appreciate our special characteristics at a very high rate

"How to tell bad eggs," is the title of an article in an exchange. When you have anything to tell a bad egg, you must be careful not to break the shell while imparting the information.

NEGRO immigration is not tolerated in Cuba.

COLLEGE CREMATED.

CARLETON COLLEGE AT NORTHFIELD IN RUINS.

Some of the Furniture, Valuable Astronomical Instruments and Library Saved—Loss $60,000, $17,000 Insurance—The School to be Opened for the Winter Term at Originally Intended—Three Children Burned to Death—Other Incidents—Miscellaneous Criminal Record.

COLLEGE CREMATED.

CARLETON COLLEGE AT NORTHFIELD IN RUINS.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

Northfield, Dec. 24.—A fire broke out in Carleton College at 11:30 A. M., and that well known and popular institution is now a heap of ruins. Total loss, fifty thousand dollars. Insurance, seventeen thousand three hundred dollars. The first alarm was given by a farmer who drove by the college into town, crying "Fire, the college is on fire," and was followed by the ringing of the fire, school and church bells. A team was luckily attached to the hook and ladder truck, and away they rushed. Many boys left the college the reach broke, and the foreman, J. A. Lawrence, was thrown to the ground with great violence. The hooks and ladders were then carried a block by the students. Hundreds of citizens followed. Arriving near the college a dense cloud of smoke was seen issuing from the western end of the third story where the fire originated, evidently in the janitor's room, as he was the only man in the college, the students having left for the holidays the day before. Nothing could be done to extinguish the flames. A grand piano, other furniture, and nearly all the library and books were removed. No work could be done above the second story. A large portion of the museum and considerable of the valuable apparatus from the laboratory was saved. Many costly astronomical instruments were in the observatory and escaped the fire fiend. The firemen and citizens worked bravely and did all that could be done without water. The building cost thirty thousand dollars, and contained a chapel, library, cabinet, laboratory, five recitation rooms and twenty dormitory rooms. Two hundred students were in attendance last term, most of whom will return. The winter term will open as advertised, accommodations being secured in the city.

DENSE CLOUD OF SMOKE

was seen issuing from the western end of the third story, where the fire originated, evidently in the janitor's room, as he was the only man in the college, the students having left for the holidays on Friday. Nothing could be done to extinguish the flames. A grand piano, other furniture, and nearly all the library and books were removed. No work could be done above the second story. A large portion of the museum and considerable of the valuable apparatus from the laboratory was saved. Many costly astronomical instruments were in the observatory and escaped the fire fiend. The firemen and citizens worked bravely and did all that could be done without water.

THE BUILDING.

The building cost thirty thousand dollars, and contained a chapel, library, cabinet, laboratory, five recitation rooms and twenty dormitory rooms. Two hundred students were in attendance last term, most of whom will return. The winter term will open as advertised, accommodations being secured in the city.

The insurance on the building and contents is divided as follows:

On the building—	
Underwriters	$ 3,000
North American, Philadelphia	3,000
Home, New York	3,000
St. Paul Fire & Marine	3,000
Total	$12,000
On the contents—	
Phenix, Hartford	$ 2,650
Phenix, New York	2,650
Total	$ 5,300
Making a grand total of	17,300

THE FARMER'S ARCADIA.

Wondrous Rise and Progress of the State of Minnesota—The Place in Which to Colonize.

[Liverpool Catholic Times and Opinion.]

We have alluded more than once in these columns to the field Minnesota offers for emigrant farmers and agriculturists in general, and the rapidity in which it has been secured in some of the very best districts, we feel that we cannot do better than recur again to the subject, and present our readers with some more detailed information than we have hitherto given. There is no State in the great American Union with brighter prospects. Few, if any, possess such decided advantages in climate, soil, and topography. And, although it has sprung into existence like a bantat and home of men within the memory of persons now in early middle-age, it has grown in wealth, importance, and population with a rapidity truly marvelous. Those who visit the State and its capital at intervals of a few years cannot but be struck with the rate of progress and wonder if the genii of Aladdin have been transported there to execute their orders from whom.

Let be clearly understood that we are not counselling emigration. It is no wish of ours that the poor man's home should conceive ideas of an agricultural El Dorado and rush away unnecessarily in search of fortune. Those who can enjoy a fair share of comfort on this side of the Atlantic ought to rest where they are content with their modest competence. The breaking up of home, and the parting with all its associations, can never be accomplished without pain and suffering, and whoever sets up life in Minnesota has to toil hard, deprived of many pleasures and comforts, and of many conveniences. But there will be emigration whether we say yes or no. There are people always willing to go westward, and gratifying their penchant when the opportunity offers. Farmers have gone constantly from Ireland since the famine years, and they will to deal here with the advantages and attractions of Minnesota. Hitherto a large emigration has prevailed to a large extent. Men with a little capital have landed in the Ontario hoping to make a fortune, and by losing their money instead. Every intending emigrant ought to make inquiries, and secure only a return ticket, before commencing the voyage at all, and their substance would not be wasted on acquiring a knowledge of the most eligible settlements for the industrious, and unfortunate is inexcusable.

Minnesota was first officially known as a State thirty years ago. In 1849 a bill passed through Congress defining its territory, erecting it a regular State, and fixing St. Paul as the seat of government. Two years later, it continued without reaching a conclusion to the hour of adjournment.

Senate, Dec. 16.—The Vice President appointed Senators Vorhees, Vange, Millon, Wadsworth and Hale the committee to investigate the causes of the negro emigration from the Southern to the Northern States. There being no business before the Senate it was adjourned for the holidays.

House, Dec. 16.—A report was made on the resolution of the rules of the House, and it was made the special order for the 6th of January. A resolution was adopted to have the militia on the inter-oceanic canal, Mr. King, Missouri, and Hale the committee. Messrs. Turner, Nichols, Hutchins, Page, Conger, Frye, Hiestand, Hazelton and Hale the public buildings have agreed to report favorably upon the appropriation of $75,000 for public buildings at Pittsburgh and Allegheny, for the extension and enlargement of the public buildings at Cleveland, Ohio, and for a public building at Hayes was read, urging Congress to legislate for the reclamation of the overflowed of the Potomac river within the limits of Washington and Georgetown. The House adjourned for the holidays.

NONE of us wish to change our identity for that of another; yet we are never satisfied with ourselves. The unknown has always a charm, and, unless blinded by miserable vanity, we know ourselves too well to appreciate our special characteristics at a very high rate

"How to tell bad eggs," is the title of an article in an exchange. When you have anything to tell a bad egg, you must be careful not to break the shell while imparting the information.

NEGRO immigration is not tolerated in Cuba.

XXXVI CONGRESS.

Senate, Dec. 18.—A communication was laid before the senate from the Secretary of the Treasury giving information of the effect upon the revenue of the repeal and reduction of the repeal of the duty on tea and coffee in 1872. Referred. Senator Salisbury reported a resolution for the appointment of a committee to examine witnesses that failed to appear and testify in the Louisiana investigation. Laid over. The pension appropriation bill was passed. Senator Hamlin spoke in reply to charges into the cause of the negro exodus, was taken up and Mr. Voorhees spoke in its favor. Senator Sherman spoke in reply, adverse to advocating his amendment in setting apart territories for the negroes. The bill was passed. Sherman was amended in favor of appointing a committee of seven senators, and was passed. Ayes 37; nays 12. Adjourned.

House, Dec. 18.—Mr. Weaver rose to a question of privilege, and said that he was referred was one to erect permanently a decent, wide, and straight road from Washington to New York harbor, for the purpose of forming an improved commercial outlet. Said day new bills were introduced. The Senate bill came up providing for the removal of the Ute Indians from their present reservation to another territory. Mr. Conger rose to a point of order, the House at 5 o'clock, and having continued without reaching a conclusion to the hour of adjournment.

Senate, Dec. 19.—The Vice President appointed Senators Vorhees, Vange, Millon, Wadsworth and Hale the committee to investigate the causes of the negro emigration from the Southern to the Northern States. There being no business before the Senate it was adjourned for the holidays.

House, Dec. 19.—A communication was laid before the House from the Secretary of the Treasury giving information of the effect upon the revenue of the repeal and reduction of the repeal of the duty on tea and coffee in 1872. Referred. Senator Salisbury reported a resolution for the appointment of a committee to examine witnesses that failed to appear and testify in the Louisiana investigation. Laid over. The pension appropriation bill was passed. Senator Hamlin spoke in reply to charges into the cause of the negro exodus, was taken up and Mr. Voorhees spoke in its favor. Senator Sherman spoke in reply, adverse to advocating his amendment in setting apart territories for the negroes. The bill was passed. Sherman was amended in favor of appointing a committee of seven senators, and was passed. Ayes 37; nays 12. Adjourned.

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LOVE'S DECISION.

Which one, my heart, the truth declare,
Asked little Sofia Grey,
For Walter Grand and Will Adare
Have both been hers to-day?
And Walter says that I must go
With him across the sea,
And visit all the world—and oh!
How charming it would be!
For he has gold and leisure, too;
He's handsome and he's tall,
So talk both well, with grace so true,
And wealth and fame and love are all
As little light companions are.
Are other men so blind,
Heedless, their lot for us a star,
To note my every whim.
He's such a one, I confess
I scarce know what to do!
Was ever yet in better mess
About two lovers true?
For there is Will Adare, ah, me!
What makes my heart so weak?
When he is near I feel so free;
And yet I cannot speak.
He says that we must wedded be;
That Heaven has made us one,
He's fond like Walter, gay and free,
But earnest as the sun:
Not gaudy to the view, but then
I rather like his looks,
He loves me good and like a man,
But prizes home and books.
And says that we may happy be,
Within his cottage white,
As in a palace over the sea,
All filled with trappings bright.
Fit place to see the world, and I
The bride of Walter Grand,
Put then my heart grew cold as snow
Whenever he takes my hand;
And much wonder if I'll pay
To see the Old World's pride,
To live in wealth, an idle lay—
An icy heartless bride.
And then, "twould pain my heart to see,
Bereft, so sure a life
(And Will Adare's would broken be
Without his heart's true wife)
And well I know his secret dear
Rather than small his sense,
And oft so much he does not care,
So full of noble spice,
As to be mere appendix of stone—
Is he to marry me?
His rustic seat he makes a throne,
And I, a little queen.
The bloom is on the orchard trees,
And fragrant is the air,
The balmy, luscious Orient breeze
That enters, free as fair.
Yes, I shall find my happy home
The bride of Adare,
Nor take the place of Walter Grand
(Will but the world to share).
Mystery, ind. Miss. J. V. H. Keuss.

THE NURSERY GOVERNESS.

"I am very sorry for the family," said Mr. Murray, knitting his brows into a thoughtful shape—"but really don't see what I can do in the matter. One cannot offer money to Harold Wendall's wife and daughter, and unfortunately I am not at the head of a government bureau to bestow situations on lone, lorn females. So, I really don't see my way clear to any method of helping them."

And he pushed aside the piteous little letter signed "Horatio Wendall," which had so graphically depicted the woes and woes of the bankrupt merchant's family.

As he did so, the door opened, and his aunt, Mrs. Barnabas Bonnington, came in, a plump, overdressed matron, with gossiping ribbons, dead-gold jewelry, and a silk dress that trailed full a quarter of a yard on the floor.

"Kenneth," said Mrs. Bonnington, "this can't go on any longer."

"What can't go on any longer?" said Mr. Murray.

"This domestic uproar," said Mrs. Bonnington, with every ribbon loop on her cap quivering with excitement. "This general lawlessness—this utter lack of anything like order and discipline in your household!"

Mr. Murray smiled and shrugged his shoulders.

"Is it the children again?" said he.

"It is the children again," said Mrs. Bonnington.

"And what have they been doing this time?" questioned Mr. Murray, with an air of mild resignment.

"What haven't they been doing?" said Mrs. Bonnington, elevating both hands. "They have dressed up the Parisian drawing-room chairs for a four horse stage coach; they have broken the great Persian jars, with the medallion paintings on it, they have cut out all the plates in the Encyclopedia Brittanica, to dash them up with their horrid little paint boxes; and worst of it all, Betty chances to go up stairs, while ago, and found them playing tag on the roof of the house."

"This must be put a stop to," said Mr. Murray.

"Just what I say myself," declared Mrs. Bonnington, fanning herself briskly.

"But how?" queried Mr. Murray, with a troubled expression of countenance.

"Engage a governess—a nursery governess, now—some nice, unassuming, substantial person, mature."

"The very thing!" said Mr. Murray, instinctively laying his hand upon the half-opened letter, that lay still on the desk. "Harold Wendall's orphan daughter had just written to me, to tell me of the destitution that they were in, and to ask me to help them in some way. I'll offer her the situation."

"She won't take it," said Mrs. Bonnington.

"Why shouldn't she?" said Mr. Murray.

"Reduced gentry are a deal too proud to stoop to work for a living," said the lady.

"Then they must reconcile themselves to starve," said the rich man, with an incipient frown gathering between his level black brows.

"And besides," said the rich man's aunt "I don't at all relish the idea of a haughty slip of a thing like that bossing nearing over my niece's children and taking officers at every body—and—"

"She won't domineer," said I, don't believe she'll take offense," asserted Mr. Murray. "At all events I mean to make the trial. Don't you see, my dear aunt, it is a direct printing of a matter of Providence?—three noisy children that want a governess and a young woman that stands in need of a situation."

"My dear," said Mrs. Wendall, dissolving into tears. "I couldn't listen to such a proposition. It would be an insult to your dead papa's memory."

"But, mamma," said Horatio Wendall, if I don't see—"

"If Mr. Murray had the soul of a gentleman," said Mrs. Wendall, behind her black-bordered handkerchief, "he would have sent us a check for a thousand dollars."

"Mamma! as if we could have taken it!"

"Why not!" whimpered the widow.

"We are not—beggars!"

"That would be begging," said Mrs. Wendall. "Your papa always banked at Mr. Murray's establishment when he had money to bank with; and Mr. Murray owes it to us not to insult us with an offer of $25 per month and board, in the capacity of menial drudge."

"A nursery governess is no menial drudge, mamma," spoke up Horatio, with some dignity; "and I shall write to Mr. Murray at once, accepting his offer with the sincerest of thanks."

At this Mrs. Wendall burst into fresh tears.

"Oh, dear! Oh, dear!" she bewailed herself. "Why wasn't I, too, taken out of this world of humiliation and sorrow when your dear papa was torn away from me?"

Horatio wrote the letter of acceptance, nevertheless, and went out herself to post it in the nearest letter-box; and coming back, in a great hurry, to prepare her mother's morning cup of tea, she made a mis-step at the curbstone and sprained her ankle so that she fell fainting to the ground.

"Do not be alarmed, Miss Wendall," said cheery little Jenny Ford, the daughter of the baker and confectioner, who occupied the first floor of the house where the Wendalls lived. "It's only a fainting spell—will be better soon."

"Yes, I shall keep it better soon, but I shall lose my situation," said Horatio, lifting her great dark eyes, dim and hollow with pain.

"What situation?" said Jenny Ford, who was bandaging the swollen ankle with flannel cloths dipped in hot water.

Horatia told her all about it.

"Is that all! Bless you! I will take it for you; and keep it until you are able to assume it yourself," said Jenny.

"You!" echoed Horatio.

"Yes, I do," she said. "I am not as very accomplished, to be sure, but I have had a good common school education, and I dare say I can manage to hold my own."

"But Jenny, you surely think you can!" hesitated Horatia.

"I have not the least doubt in the world of it," said the sanguine Jenny.

Mr. Murray had taken his aunt Bonnington down to the seashore for a few days, and old Mrs. Keeler, the overlooker, was in charge of the uproarous young household, when Jenny Ford arrived at the stately mansion on Chenowith Street.

"I am the nursery governess," said she.

"If you've come for intense, said Mrs. Keeler, "all I believe," cried Mrs. Keeler, with terrific relief, "for present those children have killing themselves and murdering each other. Play walk in, Miss! They're in the dining-room, climbing on the table to reach down the crystal drops of the chandelier, and playing ball among the master's engraved wine-glasses, as if worth their weight in gold, and more. Those mak- lucky, Miss, for the whole blessed worse luck—for the silver, and glass, and china!"

Jenny Ford advanced into the dining-room like a female Napoleon upon the battlefield of a modern Austerlitz.

"Children," said she, "what are you doing? I can't have such an uproar as this."

In five minutes the three young harridans were listening courteously to a most unparalleled fairy tale, that had three giants, seven ogres and a distressed princess in it.

When, at the end of three days, Mr. Murray returned, the children were all writing subjects of the new empress. Peace and order were restored, daily lessons were organized in the school-room, and a blessed calm had settled upon the turbulent nursery at last.

"She is a treasure, Kenneth" said Mrs. Bonnington. "Let me advise you to double her wages at once."

"She is very unlike Harold Wendall," said Mr. Murray. "He is tall and dark-she is fair and small, with great blue eyes like a baby, and hair of the genuine gold. I don't wonder that the children love her. I almost wished myself tumbling to be a child myself, and listen to the end of the marvelous story about the green princes and the dragons."

At the month's end Mr. Murray came into the school-room.

"Miss Wendall—" said he.

"I beg your pardon, sir," interrupted Jenny, turning crimson; "but I am not Miss Wendall; I am an impostor! And I may as well confess it at once."

"A what?" said Mr. Murray, unable to believe his own senses.

"My name is Jenny Ford," said the girl. "I only came here for a month, because Horatio Wendall had sprained her ankle and couldn't come upon the situation; and she was afraid of losing it and so I have been keeping it for her. And please, sir, the month is now up, and she is coming, and I can't bear the thought of parting with the children but—"

"Stop a minute," said Mr. Murray, with a puzzled face. "You are not Miss Wendall?"

"No, sir; I'm little Jenny Ford, the confectioner's daughter!" faltered the girl: "and I didn't mean to deceive you, but Horatio was in such trouble, and I thought I could manage the children and teach them just for a little while."

"You have done more with them than I could have done possible!" said Mr. Murray with emphasis.

So Horatio Wendall came the next day—a tall, lovely girl, with dreamy dark eyes, soft brown eyes and jet black braids. And a wax doll set up in a chair on a school-room stool, with a dunce-cap on about as much government over the children as she had.

An explanation of the first week Mr. Murray found her crying in the dark corner of the nursery.

"What is the matter, Miss Wendall?" he asked kindly.

"I—I can't do anything with the children, Mr. Murray," she acknowledged; "I must be compelled to give up the situation."

"Pray, do not be discouraged," said Mr. Murray. "You are the first that ever points but that of discipline, and I am going to confide in you now. My wife will assume the direction of that in a few weeks."

Horatio looked up in amazement.

"You are going to be married!" said she.

"I am going to be married!"

"To—"

"To Jenny Ford, your little friend and the sweetest girl I ever met in my life!" said Mr. Murray, with earnestness. "And she has made it a special condition in our marriage that you are to be retained here as governess to my sister's orphan children."

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Mrs. Bonnington took good. She did not believe, she said, in unequal marriages; but at the end of a year she, too, had given her hearty allegiance to the fair-eyed mother elect.

"If Kenneth had sought the whole world over," said she, enthusiastically, "he could not have done better."

And poor Mrs. Wendall sighed and wondered why Horatio couldn't have happened upon such a piece of good luck.

A TENNESSEE darkey preacher hold forth recently as follows: "You girls call your sweethearts 'darlings,' and you men call yours 'daisies,' and you girls are afraid to come up here for fear some other girls will get off with your 'darlings,' and you men for fear some other fellow will get away with your 'daisies,' and," said he, "between this 'darling' and 'daisy' business, lots of you niggers are going straight to hell."

USEFUL INFORMATION.

For the protection of iron exposed to the weather from rust a varnish composed as follows is recommended: One hundred part mercury, 10 parts tin, 30 parts green vitriol, 10 parts water, and 15 parts hydrochloric acid of 1.2 specific gravity.

TEA is as often adulterated as wine, and the detection of the spurious kind of tea is as difficult as in the case of wine. Good tea should contain 30 per cent. of extractive matter soluble in water, 7.5per cent. of tannin, not more than 6.4 per cent. of ash, and not less than 2 per cent. of ash soluble in water.

In *Dingler's Journal* V. L. Dagnan gives his method of forming artificial asphalt. Coal or wood tar is heated in a boiler until all the water it may contain is evaporated. He then adds finely powdered marble of limestone that had previously turned, stirs in 5 per cent. of iron oxide, silicate of potash and gypsum, and mixes the whole thoroughly.

A SIMPLE device, says the *Plumber*, is within the reach of every one having an ordinary window in his room, by which fresh paint can be set in motion in small quantity with such an upward current as will prevent its being felt as an injurious draught by the inmates. It is particularly adapted to sleeping-rooms when the weather is too cold to admit of an open window. Thus, start both top and bottom sashes of the window half an inch, which is not quite enough to clear the rebate or stop-bead, and fasten the lower sash so as to leave an opening of an inch between it and the sill. Through this a current of air will pass through with a considerable velocity, directed upward by the glass as it should be, so as not to fall directly to the floor, as its coolness might otherwise indicate to do. It thus becomes well mixed with the air of the room without being felt as a draught.

NAPHTHA.—The vexatious night-fose never met a more deadly enemy than naphtha, the lighter part of petroleum, sold under various names for from 25 to 30 cents per gallon. Procure a machine oiler; one that holds a pint is convenient. Fill this filled with naphtha; go over in the same way as in oiling a sewing machine, visiting every joint and crack and low and spring, and even corners of mattresses. It does not spoil carpet or bedding or wall paper. Sofas and cribs may be drenched in that way, and if it is applied, the cause soon ceases. Only one precaution should be observed: It burns as do wood or tar fires, the gases arising from the naphtha, if mixed with the atmosphere, becomes explosive if a light be applied. Room full of naphtha fumes in a room with a cook-stove, unless the fire be extinguished. The gas passes away in an hour. The same fluid is used to wash kid gloves. Wash like any cloth, and rinse till clean, changing the fluid.

Her Age.

There is a good deal of amusement in the following table of figures It will enable you to tell how old the young ladies are. Just hand this table to a young lady, and request her to tell in which column or columns her age is contained; add together the figures at the top of the columns in which her age is found, and you have the great secret. Thus, suppose her age to be 17, you find that number in the first and fifth columns; add the first figure of these two columns. Here is the table:

1	2	4	8	16	32
3	3	5	9	17	33
5	6	6	10	18	34
7	7	7	11	19	35
9	10	12	12	20	36
11	11	13	13	21	37
13	14	14	14	22	38
15	15	15	15	23	39
17	18	20	24	24	40
19	19	21	25	25	41
21	22	22	26	26	42
23	23	23	27	27	43
25	26	28	28	28	44
27	27	29	29	29	45
29	30	30	30	30	46
31	31	31	31	31	47
33	34	36	40	48	48
35	35	37	41	49	49
37	38	38	42	50	50
39	39	39	43	51	51
41	42	44	44	52	52
43	43	45	45	53	53
45	46	46	46	54	54
47	47	47	47	55	55
49	50	52	56	56	56
51	51	53	57	57	57
53	54	54	58	58	58
55	55	55	59	59	59
57	58	60	60	60	60
59	59	61	61	61	61
61	62	62	62	62	
63	63	63	63	63	

Learning to Save.

The first thing to be learned by a boy or young man, or anybody else saving the least ambition to become a useful member of society, is the habit of saving. No matter if a boy or girl has wealthy parents, each should learn to save, if for no other reason than that riches are well known to "take to themselves wings and fly away." Few are so well-to-do as not to be set against poverty and want. The children of the wealthy parents are often miserably poor; while many of the poor have commenced life without other advantages than habits of industry coupled with the disposition to save. It is especially important that the children of people in moderate circumstances and of the poor should learn to take care of the money they get.

STATISTICS show that the inhabitants of New Jersey who are in the State prison have better health and longer life than those who are out of it. Whether this is due to the servitutions of the convicts, or the forced observation of the laws of health is not always by the prisoners in either standpoints, the facts are significant.

Something for the New Year.

The world renowned remedy, Hostetter's Bitters, and their continued popularity for a quarter of a century as a stomachic, is scarcely more wonderful than the testimonial book that greets the annual appearance of Hostetter's Almanac. This valuable book is now being published by Hostetter & Smith, Pittsburg, Pa., under their own immediate supervision, employing 50 hands in that department. Ten cylinder printing presses, 6 folding machines, 25 job presses, &c., are running about eleven months in the year on this work, and the issue of the year 1880 will not be less than ten millions, printed in the English, German, French, Welsh, Norwegian, Swedish, Holland, Bohemian and Spanish languages. Refer to a copy of it for other valuable information concerning health, and numerous testimonials to the efficacy of Hostetter's Bitters as a ferment, varied information, astronomical calculations and chronological items, &c., &c. All can be depended on for correctness. The Almanac for 1880 can be obtained free of cost, from druggists and general country dealers in all parts of the country.

Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs are certainly the best of this class of instruments in the world, and at the prices at which they are sold, which are only a little higher than those of very poor organs, they are also cheapest!

Use only C. Gilbert's Patent Gloss Starch.

About Rubber Boots.

Undue competition between manufacturers has led to an extent of adulteration and cheapening of material never before known in the business. Crude rubber has the quality of absorbing or of becoming incorporated with a very large quantity of cheap and bulky substances like lampblack, chalk, etc., which cannot be detected by the unlalitated, and which impair the durability of the goods. People call for low-priced goods, not reflecting that low prices always means low quality. The result is they waste money on "wild cat" rubber boots, when an extra dollar or two would buy them a pair which will wear to their utmost satisfaction a whole season or more. The "66 Per Cent. Stering Rubber Boot," manufactured by the Candee Rubber Co., New Haven, Conn., is meant to reform this abuse, and is well worth the inspection of those who need a real good article. Every store dealing in the "66 Per Cent. Sterling Rubber Boots," is supplied with a sample cut open to show the construction. They are guaranteed three months, and the storekeepers will punch the date of sale in the top of the leg of each boot.

No Failures are Recorded of the famous outward specific, Henry's Carbolic Salve. It is invariably successful in healing sores, curing eruptions, removing proud flesh, and overcoming suppuration and inflammation. These sanative results it accomplishes without leaving any scar or discoloration to mar the skin. As a local application for chronic Rheumatism, sore throat, and tightness of the chest, it is also highly spoken of. Sold by all Druggists.

For one cent purchase a postal card and send your address to Dr. Sanford, 162 Broadway, New York, and receive pamphlets, by return mail, from which you can learn whether your liver is out of order, and, if out of order or is say way diseased, what is the best thing in the world to take for it.

Wanted:
Sherman & Co., Marshall, Mich., want an agent in this county at once, at a salary of $100 per month and expenses paid. For full particulars address as above.

You can subdue all chronic diseases by the use of Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic.

Young men go west. Lean Telegraphy. Address R. VALENTINE, Manager, Janesville, Wis.

Other towns outside of St. Paul are fast finishing that Dr. R. D. Hallihy's Blood Purifier is a specific for pellipthoria, sore throat and all poisonous diseases of the blood. That Hayes Bros. & Cutler are selling three times as much as they ever did before is conclusive proof of its merits.

Coughs and Colds—Those who are suffering from Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, &c., should try Piso's Bronchial Troches." 25 cents a box.

If you wish to save one pair of Boots every year, get Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffener applied to them while they are new.

Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic, the great liver corrector.

Chew Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco.

Daughters, Wives and Mothers.
Dr. MARSHALL'S FEMALE REGULATOR will correct your Female Weakness, such as Prolapsus Uteri, Leucorrhœa, Irregularities, Obstructions or Growths of the Womb, Accidental Hemorrhage or Flooding, Painful, Suppressed and Irregular Menstruation, &c. Send and address stamped, (one cent) and for a pamphlet with treatment, cures, and certificates from physicians and patients, to HOWARTH & ALLAIN, Utica, N. Y. Sold by all druggists—$1.50 per bottle.

Don't Use Stimulants.
Use nature's real brain and nerve food and nourishing tonic, Hop Bitters, that quiet the nerves, invigorates the body, cures disease and restores the vital energies without intoxicating.

Personal Costiveness
is the bane of nearly every American woman. From it usually arises those disorders that so surely undermine their health and strength. Every woman owes it to herself and to her family to use that celebrated medicine, Kidney-Wort. It is the sure remedy for constipation, and for all disorders of the kidneys and liver. Try it now.

THOROUGH REMEDY
for disorders of the stomach, torpidity of the liver and irregularities of the bowels, is Ayer's Cathartic Pills, which debilitate, it has no equivalent, and can have no substitute. Being purely vegetable, they contain no concentrated compounds of cheap spirits and essential oils, often sold under the name of Bitters.

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Shakespeare's Complete Works & Dr. Foote's Plain Home Talk about Medicines for Family Reading only, Free. Morning Star Pub. Co., 414 Race St., Phila., Pa.

KIDDER'S PASTILLES. Sure cure for Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Nervousness, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Costiveness, Piles, &c. Sold by druggists. Sent by mail, 50 cts. C. KIDDER & CO., Boston, Mass.

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We will send our Electro-Voltaic Belts and other Electric Appliances upon 30 Days' Trial, to men afflicted with Nervous Debility and diseases of a personal nature. Illustrated pamphlet free. Address VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich.

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The most valuable single Book ever printed. A Treasury of knowledge. There has never before been published a volume which so nearly meets the necessity every subject. Beautifully illustrated, price $2.50. Sold only by subscription; the easiest book to sell ever published. Agents wanted everywhere. G. W. CARLTON & CO., Publishers, N.Y. City.

To Agents
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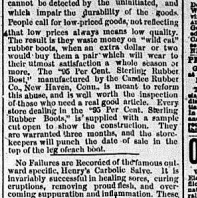
Sherman & Co., Marshall, Mich., want an agent in this county at once, at a salary of $100 per month and expenses paid. For full particulars address as above.

Ear Diseases.
Dr. C. E. SHOEMAKER (the well-known Aural Surgeon), of Philadelphia, will at his time private Infirmary, 21 West Street, Boston, devote his entire practice to Diseases of the Ear at his office, 19 Hamilton Place, Boston. Send for circular. Special attention to Running Ear and Catarrh. Call or send for circular. Dr. S. will be in Boston after September 1st to 30th. His large book (352 pages) sent for $2.00. Address, Dr. C. E. SHOEMAKER, 1229 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.



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Directions accompanying each can for making Hard Soft and Toilet Soap, QUICKLY.
IT IS FULL WEIGHT AND STRENGTH
The market is flooded with so-called Concentrated Lye, which is adulterated with Salt and resin, and won't make soap.
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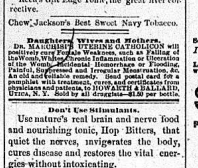

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Notice is hereby given to all the readers of this paper, that a valuable history entitled "Etiquette for Ladies," throughout the United States and Canada is now ready.

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A FREE GIFT
to every newly-married couple who address—and it is to pay for postage—as set in the publisher within one year from the date of their marriage.
Persons contemplating this happy event need only send a copy of a paper containing a notice of their marriage, or other evidence that will satisfy us of a reasonable proof that they are entitled to the magazine and it will be placed regularly to their address.
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Sellig at wholesale. Send for prices. Agents wanted for particulars. MUSICAL MONTHLY, 4 to 6 pieces in each number, $1 per year. Sample copy 10 cents. Address DAVIES & SELLIG, 148 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

$1425 per month or $25 days' investment of $100 guaranteed. Address E. B. MARSH, Chicago, Ill.

Practical receipts every week on Stock Culture of Poultry, Pigeons, Bees, Dogs, Ferrets, Rabbits, Pet Stock, Fancy Birds, Aquaria, &c. Sample copy free. FANCIER WIGHT & CO., Bankers, 39 Wall St., N. Y.

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7,000 Active agents wanted to canvass for the sale of Dr. Scott's Electric Corsets. Every lady will buy; profits large. Address at once, DR. SCOTT, 841 Broadway, New York.

BOSTON Clothing Store, Minneapolis. The largest and best stock of Furniture and Carpets in the Northwest.

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Cheapest for first-class Instruments. Illustrated Catalogue free. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, New Jersey.

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A large eight-page paper of 56 broad columns will be sent post paid to any address, one year, for
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CURES CONSUMPTION ASTHMA COLDS COUGHS CROUP BRONCHITIS
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Frank Leslie's Lady Journal is the most popular, reliable and ably conducted of any of the Ladies' Papers. Each number contains 16 pages of the most interesting matter, profusely illustrated with excellent Pictures and Full Descriptions of the Latest Fashions. Every number contains a Steel

LOCAL.

Capt. Sleeper is billed to lecture at Wadena to-night.

The people of Brainerd are sleeping over an earthquake.

Pure Michigan Sweet Cider at Hartley's, 5th street.

Fresh Confectionery for the Holidays at Miss Caley's restaurant.

J. M. Hartley, 5th street, will have a fine stock of fruits for New Year's.

Go to Smith & Campbell's for groceries, Dry Goods, or anything you want—cheap.

The New Home Sewing Machine—the best machine made—at the Post-Office.

If you want to buy a house or town lots in Brainerd, cheap, talk to G. W. Holland.

A new stock of Confectionery for Christmas and the holidays at Miss Caley's Restaurant.

All kinds of legal, real estate, conveyancing and other blanks on hand at the Tribune Building.

Mrs. A. C. Coventry presented her husband with a young daughter as a Christmas gift this week.

For a genuine smoke try "The Old California Brand" of Cigars at Hartley's. They are immense.

E. A. Maglone, traveling agent and correspondent for the Fargo *Republican*, gave the Tribune a call this week.

Venn's Holiday pictures and frames have arrived, all varieties and kinds. Go and see them on Fifth Street, west side.

Wadena, Crookston and a foretaste at home warn our people of the dangers of fire. Will they heed the warnings?

The Tribune like the trains is somewhat behind this week. Pressure of job work for the holidays is the cause.

Jos. Hill, photographer, has removed to St. Cloud for the winter. His street views in Brainerd are on sale at the Drug store.

Ye editor was kindly remembered by Ed. R. French of the New Le Bon Ton with a fine fat Christmas turkey. May his shadow never grow less.

Don't forget the regular monthly meeting of the Protection Association on January 5th. Business of the utmost importance demands the presence of every member.

The fiend of flame has visited Crookston and laid waste the heart of that thriving town, and still Brainerd stands. It is not yet too late to protect ourselves. Will we do it?

Bicker's Ghost farm and warehouse Fan Mills for sale at the Tribune office at a low figure—lower than can be purchased of the manufacturer. Give us a call if you want a mill cheap.

The little fire of Wednesday night was, comparatively speaking, no fire at all, and yet the loss exceeds $100—more than one-third the cost of water works in Center block. Does it pay?

Uncle Ed. White has recently been favored with a windfall, through the death some months since of a wealthy sister in the east. He received notice to-day of several hundred to his credit in an eastern bank.

J. N. Nevers, proprietor of the new furniture store on Front street, desires us to announce that he will open a full line of gents furnishing goods in a few weeks, in connection with his furniture business.

There will be a prayer and praise meeting at the M. E. Church next Thursday evening, January 1st, beginning at 7 o'clock. All our friends in the city cordially invited to be present.

C. H. Dixon, Pastor.

I wish to see a man that understands moulding sand and Slop Brick by hand. He can get a summer's job from Ed. White.
Brainerd, Minn.

Also to contract for 100 cords of wood. Ed. White.

Subscribe for the *American Agriculturist*. It will save more than its cost to any one, farmer or not. Subscribe now and get it three months FREE. Call on or address L. G. Moorman, at the Post-Office, Brainerd, Minn.

By request of a number of citizens a meeting is called at the Tribune building on Wednesday evening next, January 1st, of those who are interested to make arrangements for giving a public entertainment soon for the purpose of improving our fire apparatus.

James Darden, of Superior City, Wisconsin, desires to sell, lease or exchange for land or other good property, his circular saw-mill; also his shingle mill; both steam power, located at that place. Write to him for descriptions, prices, and full particulars.

We received a call this week from T. B. H. Beaulieu, deputy postmaster at Leech Lake, to whom we are indebted for the batch of Leech Lake items found elsewhere. Mr. B further promises to keep the Tribune readers posted regularly hereafter in the happenings at the Lake.

Dick and Fitzgerald, of New York, who publish the most extensive catalogue of any firm of book publishers and dealers in the world, have placed the Tribune under obligations for copies of a number of their valuable and attractive works. Send for their catalogue if you want to supply your library with gems.

Mr. Philip Ramlosier, an old subscriber to our paper, and well known in the whole surrounding country, informed us the other day that his wife—who for two weary years had suffered with Rheumatism in the shoulder, during which time she had been treated by several physicians without success, had been completely cured by a single bottle of St. Jacobs Oil.—Bucyrus, Ohio, Courier, Feb. 13, 1879.

Pomeroy's Minstrels gave Brainerd a call this week, and were so well patronized that they remained four nights and gave a matinee in the afternoon to-day for the ladies and children. Pomeroy is a star actor, and the little boys who took the Irish characters did well and elicited much applause. The troupe is small, however, and lacks variety, but what they do have is good indeed.

Mr. Frank Dixon, of the *Wadena Farmer* office, has been spending a few days, including Christmas, with his brother, Rev. C. H. Dixon, of this city, and returned home this p. m. all unconscious of the fact that being a boarder at the Wadena hotel he is out of a boarding place, and, undoubtedly, of his clothes and personal effects into the bargain. A sad surprise awaits him, indeed.

A fire broke out at an early hour this morning in the Wadena hotel at Wadena, resulting in the total destruction of that building and the real estate office of Ed. Gardiner, next east of the hotel. Nothing whatever was saved from the hotel, not even the personal effects of the boarders, one of whom lost $200, and a gold watch, and many of whom barely escaped with their lives, clad only in their sleeping attire.

A fine new stock of Confectionery at the Restaurant. Miss M. Caley.

Thos. P. Cantwell, agent for the American Express company in this city, was the recipient of a handsome Christmas present on Christmas night, from the members of Brainerd Lodge A. O. U. W., of which he is Financier, in the form of a fine set of silverware. Tom was captured at his office about 7 o'clock by a delegation from the lodge, who made the presentation, and it was at least half an hour before he could recover from the surprise.

Fresh Confectionery for the Holidays at Miss Caley's restaurant.

H. S. Lyle, general telegraph repairer of the Northern Pacific, had a Christmas present backwards on Wednesday afternoon last. He left the train at Royalton to fix the wires at that station, and after two or three hours work he missed his roll—sixty dollars in bills—he had placed in his pocket just before he commenced work when he discovered a hole in the bottom of his pocket, and his money was gone. Search was instituted and continued until dark, but without avail, it had been tramped under the snow and could not be found.

Fresh Confectionery for the Holidays at Miss Caley's restaurant.

The ladies of the M. E. Church are making preparations for a Donation Party and Supper at the Church on New Year's Eve, December 31st, in the interest of the pastor, Rev. C. H. Dixon. Admission will be free, and fifty cents will be charged for supper, which will be gotten up with Lenten dishes. Donations in money or goods will be received during the evening by the Committee for the pastor. Three teams will be provided on Wednesday afternoon for carrying supplies and preparing for the occasion, which will be a pleasant one, and should be well attended. A cordial invitation is extended to everybody to attend.

A CARD.

The undersigned desires to inform his friends and the public generally, that, notwithstanding his Christmas present received on Christmas Eve in the shape of a fire partially destroying his building and stock, he will, thanks to the energetic aid of friends who gathered to his assistance and extinguished the flames before serious destruction ensued, have that "pea-nut stand" running again in a few days, when he will be pleased once more to meet his many friends and customers at the old stand on Front street.

Respectfully, J. M. Hartley.
Brainerd, Dec. 27th, 1879.

The New Home Sewing Machines are fast taking the lead of all other makes. There were more New Hoffie machines sold throughout the United States in 1879, than of any other make in existence. It is a first class machine in every respect, and will stand any competition on its own merits. We have sold fifty of these machines during the past year and have not heard a single complaint yet from one of them. All give universal satisfaction. Strong, simple and durable, light running, of large capacity, and cheap withall—they beat the world. "I would not swap the machine for any machine I ever saw," is the universal verdict of all. Buy your wife one for a New Year's present.

Hartley Bros.,
Sole Agents for the Northwest.
Brainerd, Minn

FIRE! FIRE!

Another Warning to Brainerd—Will She Obey?

On Christmas Eve, or rather on Christmas morning at about fifteen minutes to one o'clock, fire was discovered in the building on Fifth street, lately occupied by R. H. Hartley, and recently purchased and occupied at the time of the fire by J. M Hartley as a fruit and confectionery store. The alarm was given and the crowd that soon gathered broke the door in, when it was discovered that the attic was a mass of seething flame just ready to burst forth and spread ruin and devastation on every hand. The citizens, excited and nerved by the almost inevitable danger, seemed to exert almost superhuman efforts. Ladders and buckets were procured and water began to pour upon the flames. Already the venemous tongues of flame were protruding through the roofs in a dozen places or more. "Axes," was the cry, holes were cut in the roof, and the water poured in thick and fast. Visions of Center block in ashes gave the boys nerves of steel, and with frowning brows and steady hands they fought the fire fiend with a will and vim that could not fail of success, and success it finally brought—the flames began to pale, the raging, roaring, crashing din within grew fainter with every blow and every bucket of water, until finally a ringing shout of victory resounded through the clear frosty air, and the field was ours. The flames were subdued within the walls of the building in which it originated, and the town was saved once more.—The night was bitter cold, the thermometer marking 50 to 52 degrees below zero, and several frozen fingers, ears and toes were carried away by the impromptu fire brigade as mementoes of the thrilling event.

The cause of the fire was a defective flue, and it revealed a carelessness upon the part of the mason who laid the brick brick that is criminal offense punishable by a severe penalty. Instead of cutting away a joice which came in the way of the chimney he laid the brick around it, leaving only half the width of a brick between the fire and the wood. The only wonder is that it stood as long as it did. The stock was nearly all removed and suffered very slight damage. Julius has already announced repairs and will be open again in a few days. Since taking possession of the building he had erected an addition on the rear and would in a day or two more have torn the chimney down and removed it to the rear of the building, but the fire saved him that trouble.

Ed. R. French's Christmas raffle for keys, chickens and oysters came off as usual on Christmas eve, and will be repeated on New Year's eve. On New Year's day his Eighth Annual New Year's Lunch, the best known liver given in Brainerd, will be set out free to all. The following is a partial list taken from the bill of fare for the occasion, which is not yet fully completed:

MENU.

MEATS.

Roast Beef. Potted Beef. Corned Beef.
Roast Pork. Baked Pork. Boiled Ham
Potted Ham. Roast Turkey. Potted Turkey. Potted Duck. Roast Venison.
Potted Game. Boiled Tongue. Fried Chicken.
Fried Rabbit. Potted Tongue.
Lamb's Tongue. Bologna Sausage.
Head Cheese. Pigs Feet. Tripe.

FISH.

Sardines in Oil. Russian Sardines Pickled
Fresh Salmon. Smoked Salmon. Dried
Salmon. Lobsters. Holland Herring.
Smoked Herring. Pickled Herring.
Smoked Halibut. Boaters.

BREAD.

Dried Bread. Corn Bread.
Chowder. Smoked
Eels. Pickled Eels.

BREAD.

Wheat Bread. Rye Bread. Griddle Cakes.
Biscuit. Rolls. Crackers. Cakes.

BUTTERS.

Baked Pork and Beans.

Sliced Onions.

RELISHES.

Sauer Kraut. Cucumber Pickles.
Beet Pickles. Cold Slaw. Swiss Cheese
Imported. Edam Cheese.

SAUCES.

Halford Sauce.
Barrett Sauce.
Tomato Catsup.
Olive Oil.
Blueberry Vinegar. White Wine Vinegar.

At a meeting of the Brainerd Skating Rink Association at the drug store Friday evening, Dec. 26th, to reorganize the same, the following officers were elected: C. B. Sleeper, Pres.; E. M. Westfall, Treas.; N. McFadden, Secretary. Executive committee—A. Towne, A. P. Farrar, E. W. Wood, A. J. Scoville, Thos. Cantwell, B. F. Hartley, John N. Nevers, W. H. Leland and A. Mahlum, J. F. Wheaton, in charge.

The skating rink is in good running order, notwithstanding the snow and extreme cold weather. The association have re-organized and secured the joint efforts of many of our public spirited citizens, and cannot fail of success. As a place for healthful exercise no better means could be adopted. This enterprise deserves the patronage of all good citizens, and we hope they will step forward and help the cause along.

The services of Mr. J. F. Wheaton, an energetic and experienced man, have been secured, and the public will receive kind consideration under his management.

A red flag will indicate when the rink is open by day, and a red light by night.

Tickets on sale at the Drug Store.

C. B. Sleeper Pres't.
N. McFadden, Sec'y.

Try Pinafore—a five-cent cigar at Hartley's, 5th street.

Hymeneal.

Mr. John N. Nevers and Anna L. Brockway, both of Brainerd, Minn., were very quietly married at the First M. E. Church, yesterday, by the pastor, Rev. T. McClary. —[Minneapolis Pioneer Press.

We heartily congratulate the happy couple, and welcome with pleasure our old friend Nevers to the army of Benedicts and their privileges, which may be a long and happy one through which they may ever bless their wedding day is the wish of The Tribune.

List of Letters

Remaining unclaimed at the Brainerd post-office on Saturday, December 27th, 1879. In calling for letters in this list please say "advertised," giving date of list.

W. W. Hartley, P. M.

Allen, John E.
Anderson, Johannes.
Andrews, S. T.
Bolt, Rev. J. F. 4.
Bullhower, G. 4.
Connolly, J. T.
Degan, Joseph.
Dodgins, Miss Nettie
Durcin, Mrs. E. F.
Foster, Frederick J.
Ford, Frank
Guffey, Martin.
Grant, Peter.
Henderson, Thomas.
Hodgdon, Wm. H.
Hall, George.
Lyon, Cornelius.
Lenen, G.
Long, Thomas—2.
Libby, A.
Lofberg, Edd.
Lovett, Francis.
Manning, John.
Mahlum, C.
Mather, T. T.
McCloud, Murdock.
Northfield, E.
Odell, W. H.
Pierce, Jesse.
Roy, Peter.
Rodenkirch, F. G.
Rice—2
Segus, Rev. A., P. P.
Sauer, Amanda.
St. Peter, E. D.
Stuart, Wm.
Schulte, F.
Tarquist, M.
Tuff, Dan'l W.
Washington, S.
Wilcox, H. S.
Wilkins, Mrs. J. A.
Wilson, J. M.
Wellington, W. A.—2.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba R'y.

Main Line—Through Train.

—FOR—

Lake Minnetonka, Delano, Litchfield, Willmar, Benson, Morris, Breckenridge, Glyndon, Crookston, Fisher's Landing and Winnipeg.

WEST AND NORTH.

Leave		Arrive at
St. Paul,	12.40 am	Breckenridge, 7.45 pm
Minneapolis,	8.30 am	Crookston 1.00 am
Breckenridge,	8.10 pm	Fisher's Land. 9.00 am
Glyndon	10.15 pm	St. Vincent 8.10 am

EAST AND SOUTH.

St. Vincent,	4.30 pm	Glyndon	3.55 am
Fisher's Land.	4.00 pm	Breckenridge	6.15 am
Crookston,	12.30 am	Minneapolis,	6.30 pm
Breckenridge	6.45 am	St. Paul,	7.10 pm

{ Except Saturday. | Except Sunday.

Main Line trains run through to St. Vincent without change—Palace Sleeping Car attached.

Branch Line Trains.

—FOR—

Anoka, Elk River, St. Cloud, Sauk Center, Alexandria, St. Olaff and Sauk Rapids.

Leave	NORTH.	Arrive at
St. Paul,	12.00 am	St. Cloud, 7.55 am
St. Paul,	5.40 pm	St. Cloud, 10.15 pm
Minneapolis,	7.45 am	Alexandria 6.05 pm
Minneapolis	5.05 pm	Alexandria 1.50 am
Alexandria,	6.30 am	St. Olaf 10.00 am

SOUTH.

St. Olaf	12.00 pm	Minneapolis,	9.45 am
Alexandria,	12.30 am	Minneapolis,	6.20 pm
Alexandria,	8.00 am	St. Paul,	10.05 pm
St. Cloud,	10.50 am	St. Paul,	6.35 pm
St. Cloud,	12.00 pm		

All trains daily, except as below.

{ Except Saturday. | Except Sunday.

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS TRAINS.

7 DAILY TRAINS EACH WAY.

(Except Sundays.)

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at Minneapolis	Leave Minneapolis	Arrive at St. Paul.
7.05 am	7.40 am	8.00 am	8.32 am
7.40 am	8.30 am	10.45 am	11.15 am
10.10 am	10.45 am	1.45 pm	2.15 pm
12.00 m	12.30 pm	4.40 pm	5.10 pm
3.10 pm	3.45 pm	{ 6.35 pm	7.10 pm
5.40 pm	6.20 pm		
10.30 pm	6.55 pm		

{ Except Sunday. | Except Saturday.

JAS. J. HILL, Gen'l Manager. | W. S. ALEXANDER, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Chicago, St. Paul & Minneapolis LINE.

Time of departure of Passenger Trains from St. Paul, in effect December, 1876.

Leave for Chicago and the East, 11.35 A. M.
" " 7.40 P. M.
" " 2.24 P. M.
Arrive from Chicago and the East, 6.25 A. M.
" " 2.24 P. M.
" " 7.40 P. M.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage made and dated November 6th, A. D. 1875, by John Clayton, of Cass county, Minnesota, to J. B. Power, of St. Paul, Minnesota, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Cass county a certain, on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1875, at 4 o'clock P. M., in book "A" of mortgages, pages 41, 42, and 43, conveying and mortgaging the following described premises situated in the said county of Cass, to-wit:—

Lot 1, and the east half of the south-east, one-fourth (e of se ¼) of section thirty-one and the north-east one-fourth, less right of way of N. P. railroad company; and the north-west one-fourth of the north-west one-fourth of section thirty-two, township one hundred and thirty-three, range thirty, west, containing in all one hundred, ninety-five and one-half (295 50-100) acres, more or less. On which there is claimed to be due at the date hereof, the sum of $847.56, and taxes delinquent since 1878, and no proceedings at law having been instituted to recover any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and thereafter reduced to writing, set out to the Statute of the State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the said mortgaged premises, at public auction, at the front door of the Court House, in Leech Lake, said Cass county, on MONDAY DECEMBER 22d, 1879, at 10 o'clock A. M., to satisfy the sum herein claimed to due, together with all the costs and charges of foreclosure.

Brainerd, Minn., Oct. 14th, 1879.

J. B. POWER,
C. B. SLEEPER, Mortg. ee.
Attorney for Mortgagee.

The sale of the premises herein is hereby postponed to Dec. 30th, 1879, at 10 o'clock A. M.

C. B. SLEEPER, J. B. POWER,
Att'y for Mortgagee. Mortg. ee.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Cass. } ss.
In the District Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of O. W. Johnson, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against the estate of O. W. Johnson, late of the county of Cass, deceased, that the Judge of the Probate Court of said county will hear, examine and adjust all such demands against said estate, at the office in Brainerd, in said county, on the first Monday in each month for two successive months, commencing with January 5 h, 1880; and that six (6) months, from the 12th day of November, 1879, have been limited and allowed by said Probate Court for creditors to present their claims against said estate.

John McLaughlin,
Administrator of the Estate of O. W. Johnson, Deceased.

H. W. ADDISON, MERCHANT TAILOR,

Fifth St., bet. Front and Laurel.

Suits Made to Order in the Latest Styles

Repairing Neatly Done on Short Notice

If you want your clothes made to fit you go to Addison's.

Tie Timber Land for Sale.

I offer the following Tamarack Tie Timber Land for sale: The north-east quarter, the south-west quarter of the south-east quarter, and the south half of the south-west quarter of Section No. 27, Town 135, Range 30, in Cass county, containing 280 acres, situate on Chase and Leavitt's logging stream, four miles west of Gull Lake, and 1-4 mile west of the camp. Price Two Dollars ($2.00) per acre, cash. Apply to

A. A. WHITE,
Moorehead.

44-3w

Stock Wanted.

100 Head of yearling Steers wanted by. McKee & Wilson.

Notice.

Oh and after January 1st, 1880, we propose to sell goods cheap for cash only. No more credit.

Brainerd, December 13th, 1879.

Brown & Bacon.

Notice.

I desire to inform the citizens of Brainerd and vicinity that I propose in a few weeks to re-open with a large and complete stock of Groceries, Provisions, Flour, Feed, etc., in this place, and shall hope to see all my old friends and many new ones. Due notice will be given of the time and place of opening.

Respectfully, B. F. Hartley.
Brainerd, Dec. 6th, 1879.

House for Sale.

I offer my present residence—house and two lots, in good repair—for sale at a bargain.

Brainerd, Aug. 23, 1879. M. Hagberg.

Before You Buy Look at the Wonderful

NEW IMPROVED HOWE SEWING MACHINES

at our Salerooms, State & Jackson Sts., Chicago, or at our various agencies throughout the West Our NEW IMPROVED MACHINE is the perfection of machinery for sewing, more wonderful than the sewing machine invented by Mr. Howe! Examine it and we feel assured it will please you. Remember that we do not build an inferior quality, or cheap grade, but each machine we turn out is a STANDARD ARTICLE, and will be worth its price. The points of excellence are: simple construction, symmetry of form and beauty of finish, rapidity and stillness of operation, and great durability. Ask every Agent for the NEW IMPROVED Howe Machine, and do not take any other. Great inducements now to Agents and Dealers

THE HOWE MACHINE CO.,
25 and 27 West Third St. Paul, Minn.

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THE BEST IN THE WORLD IS THE

Chemical Paint,

MANUFACTURED BY

Geo. W. Pitkin & Co.,

Send for Sample Cards and Price Lists. 65 & 67 Market Street, Chicago, Ill.

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Established 1861 and chartered by the Legislature of Illinois for the treatment of all diseases of the urinary and generative organs.

"The Secret Monitor,"

—AND—

A Guide to Health,

A Private Medical Treatise on the Diseases of the

URINARY

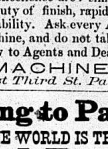
—AND—

Generative Organs.

Including spermatorrhœa or seminal weakness, impotency, gonorrhœa, gleet, stricture, varicocele, hydrocele, diseases of women and their improved treatment, together with the anatomy and physiology of the sexual system in health and disease, containing ages and over 100 prescriptions and engravings, sent to any address under seal, on receipt of price, 50 cents. A private medical consultation free. Many of the above diseases, with valuable information for those afflicted, sent in sealed envelope, for postage one three cent stamp.

The physicians of the Institute especially treat all the above diseases, and may be consulted personally or by letter. Address all letters to

GALENIC INSTITUTE,
Office 45 East Third Street, St. Paul, Minn.



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Just Published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the Radical Cure (without medicine) of Seminal Weakness or Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Sexual Incapacity, Nervousness, Imvoluntary Seminal Losses, Impediments to Marriage, etc., also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

Price, in a Sealed Envelope, only six cents. This celebrated work proves from a life-long experience, the startling fact, as demonstrated by this admirable Essay, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a method of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

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DRUMS, CYMBALS, FIFES, CLARIONETS, LYRES (Steel Harmonicas,) EPAULETS, BAND CAPS, etc.

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ONE AGENT one week \$50 net ONE LADY made $28 net ONE BOY 16 years old made $12 a day at home. Something new. Something that can be done if party is energetic. Business new and honorable. Send stamp for circular giving full particulars. Address Box 3300, Boston, Mass.

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The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread Disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address, E. A. WILSON, 162 Penn St., Williamsburgh, N. Y.

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Instruction and Amusement combined. Important to parents and teachers. 16 different artistic designs. The entire pack sent free for 15 cts. currency or stamps Van Dell & Co., 39 Ann St., N. Y.

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SAINT PAUL, - MINNESOTA

Northern Pacific R. R.

"CUSTER ROUTE"
TO THE
BLACK HILLS,
THRO' EXPRESS TRAINS
FROM
St. Paul to Bismarck

Making close connections at ST PAUL with morning and evening trains to and from CHICAGO and all points East and South.

1879. Winter Arrangement. 1880.

BRAINERD AND ST. PAUL DIVISION.

SOUTH.		NORTH.
le. 12.40 p. m.	BRAINERD,	ar. 11.30 p. m.
ar. 1.30 a. m.		ar. 12.50 a. m.
le. 1.50 p. m.	Little Falls,	le. 12.05 a. m.
le. 2.54 p. m.		le. 11.32 p. m.
le. 3.10 p. m.	Sauk Rapids,	le. 10.50 a. m.
le. 4.16 p. m.		le. 10.00 a. m.
ar. 6.40 p. m.	St. Paul,	le. 7.00 a. m.
ar. 7.55 p. m.		ar. 5.50 a. m.

BRAINERD AND DULUTH DIVISION.

EAST.		WEST.
le. 12.15 a. m.	BRAINERD,	ar. 12.10 p. m.
le. 12.05 a. m.	Aitken,	le. 12.05 p. m.
le. 10.50 a. m.	N. P. Junction,	le. 9.00 p. m.
ar. 12.30 p. m.	Duluth,	le. 8.00 a. m.

BRAINERD AND FARGO DIVISION.

WEST.		EAST.
le. 11.40 p. m.	BRAINERD,	ar. 12.30 p. m.
le. 11.16 a. m.		le. 11.16 a. m.
le. 2.00 p. m.	Motley,	le. 11.50 a. m.
le. 12.00 a. m.		le. 12.00 p. m.
le. 4.57 p. m.	WADENA,	le. 10.11 a. m.
le. 9.45 a. m.		le. 10.40 p. m.
le. 7.12 p. m.	Detroit,	le. 8.10 a. m.
le. 6.57 a. m.		le. 8.36 p. m.
le. 3.52 p. m.	Glyndon,	le. 6.24 a. m.
le. 7.40 a. m.		le. 6.43 p. m.
le. 10.50 p. m.	Moorhead,	le. 6.05 a. m.
le. 8.00 am.		le. 6.20 p. m.
ar. 10.05 a. m.	Fargo,	le. 6.00 a. m.
ar. 12.05 p. m.		le. 6.15 p. m.

DAKOTA DIVISION.

WEST.		EAST.
le. 8.35.30 a. m.	Fargo,	Ar. 12.50 p. m.
le. 12.05 p. m.	Jamestown,	le. 9.20 a. m.
ar. 7.15 p. m.	Bismarck,	le. 7.00 a. m.

{ Daily except Saturday. | Daily except Sunday.

Trains connect at St. Paul and Minneapolis with trains East and South; at St. Cloud with trains for Melrose and the Sauk Valley; at Brainerd with trains to and from Duluth and to and from the West and South.

Connection with St. Paul & Duluth R. R. trains at N. P. Junction; St. Paul, M. & M. Railroad trains at Glyndon for St. Vincent, Winnipeg, and the British Possessions; at Bismarck with Stage for Sidding Rock, Fort Rice, Berthold, Fort Keough, and other points in Montana; also with W. U. Wing and Express Co's line to Deadwood City and all points in the Black Hills.

Dec. 7th, 1879.

H. E. SARGENT,
Gen'l Manager.

G. G. SANBORN,
Gen'l Pass and Ticket Agt.

H. A. TOWNE,
Superintendent,
Brainerd.

6,000,000 Acres

Of Minnesota and Dakota Lands for sale by the Land Department. Redu ed rates of fare and freight to actual settlers.

Full information, and pamphlet, upon application to James B Power, Gen'l Agent, at 45 Jackson street, St. Paul, or Brainerd, Minn.

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That portion of the Chicago, North-Western Railway between Chicago and Elroy (via Madison) and the Short Line between Chicago and St. Paul, via Minneapolis, form a single Line for passengers, known as the Chicago, St. Paul & Minneapolis Line. This Line will hereafter be known as

The Chicago, St. Paul & Minneapolis Line.

It is the ONLY LINE between St. Paul and Minneapolis and Chicago that passes through Hudson, River Falls, Eau Claire, Elroy and Madison, and

is the Only Line

that runs on any of its trains the celebrated

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All trains of this great route run through without change of cars, and the Palace Cars on the Short Line and Sleeping Cars are run on all its trains.

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Points South and East,

should buy their Tickets via

THE ST. PAUL, CHICAGO & MINNEAPOLIS LINE.

Close connections are made at Chicago with the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, Baltimore & Ohio, Michigan Central, Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, Kankakee Line and Pan Handle Routes, for all points EAST and SOUTH-EAST. Also at Junction with Chicago & Alton & Illinois Central for all points SOUTH.

New York Office, No. 415 Broadway. Boston Office, No. 5 State Street; St. Paul Ticket Offices, Corner Third and Jackson Streets, and at Union Depot, Minneapolis Ticket-Offices, No. 3 Nicollet House, and at Union Depot. Chicago Ticket Office, Chicago Ticket Offices, 62 Clark Street, under Sherman House; 75 Canal Street, corner Kinzie, and Union Depot, foot of Kinzie Street. Depot, cor. West Kinzie and Canal Streets; Wells Street Depot, Wells and Kinzie Streets.

F. B. CLARKE, Gen. Pass. Agt., Chicago.
W. H. STENNETT, Gen. Pass. Ag't., St. Paul.
G. F. A., W. W. Ry.

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