Historical Society

BRAINERD TRIBUNE
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BRAINERD TRIBUNE.

VOL. IX.—NO. 41. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1880. WHOLE NO. 457.

CROW WING COUNTY AHEAD.

The best samples of vegetables and grain contributed to the collection of the "Products of the Golden Northwest," on exhibition in the great Northern Pacific agricultural car, now making a tour of the east, were raised on Crow Wing county farms. JAMES B. POWER,
Land Commissioner N. P. R. R.

Capt. Coleman Macy, for a long time Governor's clerk in St. Paul, died in Hudson, N. Y., last Sunday morning, at thirty-six years of age.

Gov. Williams of Indiana, better known as "Blue Jeans Williams," died at his residence this afternoon at 12:30 o'clock.

A shrewd Yankee has conceived the plan of negotiating with the devil for hell with a view to splitting it up and selling to the inhabitants of the Northwest for winter use. We wish him success.

There were issued at the Brainerd postoffice this week 81 domestic money orders, amounting to $1,292.27 and fees $10.50. and 5 Canadian orders amounting to $125 00 and fees $1.95. Total receipts, $1,429.72.

If "The Gentleman's Wife" will give her name, not for publication, but in confidence, as guarantee of good faith, her letter will be published, otherwise it must go the way of all anonymous communications, to the waste basket, much as we may sympathise with the errand of her note.

The majority in favor of the Text Book Acts, at latest reports is 84 with several counties yet to hear from. The vote being so very close errors and irregularities in the vote and returns will become important and will be closely investigated. For instance, in Brainerd eight votes were returned in favor of the acts which were not so cast, the wording of the ballots not being in compliance with the law.

A change of time goes into effect on the Northern Pacific road to-morrow. Under the new schedule the day mail train will arrive from the south at 12:50 P. M., meeting the train from the east, which arrives seven minutes later. T is change is made to meet the time of the St. P., M. & M. which has recently completed its line into Moorhead and opened competition with the N. P. for the Moorhead and Fargo business. The N. P. trains will hereafter reach Moorhead an hour and a half earlier in the evening than heretofore and depart in the morning one hour later, the time at St. Paul remaining as before, thus shortening the time between St. Paul and Fargo an hour and a half. The change is a very agreeable one to the postoffice officials at this place as it brings both the southern and western mails in together thus very materially reducing the labor of delivering.

The Greatest in America!

The Brainerd Tribune announces that the Lake Superior & Puget Sound Land Company have sold a tract of land known as the Rice Lake mill-site, to Chase, Pillsbury & Co., proprietors of the large saw mill at Gull River. This firm have contracted to complete within a year a saw-mill with a capacity of 100,000 feet a day. The mill will be located not a great distance from the Northern Pacific shops, and the Brainerd Tribune proudly remarks: "This is another step toward the certain future of Brainerd as the greatest lumber manufacturing center in America, and as such will be gladly welcomed by our citizens, the value of whose property in this town is largely enhanced by that transaction. Next." Brainerd will be an important point for the manufacture of lumber, we have no doubt, but as to its being "the greatest lumber manufacturing center in America," if Mr. Hartley will excuse the slang, we will venture the remark that that is "all in his eye."—[Duluth News.

This indicates how much, or rather how little, the *News* editor knows about Brainerd and its prospects and advantages. Instead of a mill with a capacity of 100,000 feet per day, we are informed, since the publication of the article referred to by the *News*, that Messrs. Chase, Pillsbury & Co. propose ere ting a mill of 200,000 feet capacity per diem. In addition to this and the two extensive steam saw mills, two planing and shingle mills and sash, door and blind factories, etc., we already have running, night and day, to their utmost capacity, there are several other firms looking over the ground with a view of putting in mills here, and the ground has already been secured near the ferry landing for a mill and lumber yard to be erected the coming summer. The *News* forgets the immeasurably unimbered territory from the Mississippi to the Yellowstone opened up by the great Northern, Pacific thoroughfare, and being rapidly settled by the immense rush of immigration that must be supplied with lumber from the vast and inexhaustable supply of timber on the upper Mississippi which floats directly to our doors. The other lumber point in the world is supplied with so extensive and promising a market and so great a supply of the raw material. And we repeat, without fear of successful contradiction, that a very few years will see Brainerd the greatest lumber manufacturing center in America. Do you hear, Bro. Woodbridge!

Thanksgiving.

—"To the beautiful order of Thy works seem to conform the order of our lives."

Next Thursday has been commended as a day of general thanksgiving by the President of the United States in accordance with usual custom.

This is one of the elevating adjuncts of an advanced civilization, and has grown into usage among christian people from cherishing a sentiment of gratitude for comforts and blessings bestowed during the year.

The man who can say, "let me ever, midst thy bounties, raise an humble note of thankfulness and praise," and satisfy his conscience by so doing, is a christian man and a good citizen.

There are "pure reflections, caught from heavenly love." If we direct our understandings and make up our judgments upon a plane of absolute abstract idea or notion, we cannot be actuated to any thankfulness for favors or gratitude for blessings showered upon us, our lips will be mute and our souls without song, our blood will flow through chilly veins and no warmth of love animate our frames. This is pure intellect, cold, freezing, icy sense.

Happy climes may favor us; a bounteous harvest welcome us from year to year: wealth may come upon us, and the smile of kind nature ever rest upon our pathway, yet if the heart be not tuned to sentiments of love; if affection be not active and sympathy abundant, man is educated into the insensibility of a brute, and no heavenly anthem reaches his untutored ear.

"A nameless spirit moves in the hearts of men to do Him homage. It is this almost universal consciousness that has given birth to the custom of setting apart one day in each year that a greatful people may give fitting expression to the sentiment of love for that benign Power that holds our destinies "as in the hollow of His hand."

The thankful soul, the sympathetic mind reaches out for proper expression and the imagination pictures various forms with which it can be most fittingly done.

Prayer, humble adoration, kindly acts, active benevolence, charities unselfishly extended, will steal-like balm into the hearts of those using them to celebrate this custom. May "the ethereal spirit that to soft music wakes the chords of feeling," prompt all to remember the poor and unfortunate on this day. To the poor in spirit give consolation; to the needy give food and raiment, and to the stricken and sorrowful breathe words of hope and cheer, that we may say with the poet, and feel what we say:

We thank Thee for limbs moving light to the task,
For heart beating high, though unwarned by the flesh;
Fit us Lord, with just sense of Thy bounty and care
Health to do, and to all in the land where we live."

Speech of Frederick Billings President of the N. P. R. R.

The following congratulatory address by Hon. Frederick Billings, President of the N. P. R. R., delivered at the close of a torch-light procession on November 3d at Woodstock, Vermont, is clipped from the Woodstock *Standard* of the 11th inst.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—If I had a thousand hearts, and I wish I had, they would all swell and beat with joy to-night! If I had a thousand all would be lifted up to-night in glad exultation!

When the sun rose this morning in its clear splendor on our great nation, stretching from ocean to ocean, it shone on a people saved from a gigantic peril! Saved this time, thank God, not by the conflict of arms, but by the victory of peace and prosperity and justice and liberty and righteousness, my first thought was that all the church bells should ring out their loudest peals, and we should all assemble in the churches, and sing a Te Deum, praising God from whom all blessings flow.

This nation has won the crown of liberty. The question yesterday was, is she worthy and able to wear it with honor? I know material interests were at stake. I know there was a question, whether the farmer in the field, the merchant in his store, the weaver at his loom, the carpenter in his shop, the laborer working for daily pay, the workman every where, was to be made glad in his work, or whether evil days of doubt and despondency were to come again. But there was far more than the stake. Far more, too, than questions of honest money and sound currency and an unvarniable national honor; far more than salvation from a sort of material and financial chaos.

There was the fundamental question whether honest ballots honestly counted should govern this nation, or issue bullets and Kuklux and the sword are to be sway. The question, too, whether this nation is capable of protecting and will protect its citizens, clear down to the humblest, in all their rights, and whether liberty only means license for the old rebel spirit to do just as it pleases. The question, whether this government is to be Republican or no.

The old rebel spirit had got a good start. It had captured the United States Senate. It had captured the House of Representatives. It had laid siege to the White House. Yesterday's battle drove them straight out of the Capital; routed them everywhere save down in the old confederate lines. Yesterday the rebellion was squelched the second time!

I pray God that we may never have to make that fight over again. But if that time ever comes, yesterday's great victory shows in the crisis the great moral ideas of the aroused and united North, will surely triumph. I never had more faith in the people, never more faith in the providence of God.

Never in my opinion will the South try to come up solid again. Never again in a Presidential contest, will her orators say they are fighting for the same principles for which Lee and Stonewall Jackson fought. Never again will it defy the great, magnificent, imperial North, Industrial forces, moral forces, the consciousness of the dead earnestness of the North, will break up the solid South in the four years to come, the four years of the administration of that man, whom Fred Douglass called the broad-chested, keg-hearted, three-story headed Andrew A. Garfield; of whom another has said, he has been over a score of years in public life and is poor in money, but is rich in honesty and character, and in brains a millionaire!

As the years go by, this election will be looked back to as one of the great epochs in our history. Its grand beneficient result will be a blessing to every body of every section and every party. And I believe the time will come when the South as well as the North and every fair-minded Democrat as well as Republican will say so.

So let the torches blaze, and the cannon speak, and the cheers go up, and everywhere in every place let the heart express its gladness and gratitude. The very stars shine down rejoicingly. Let the hills break forth into singing and all the fields clap their hands!

Mr. Thos. Reagn, senior member of the firm of Reagn Bros., dealers in hardware, on Fifth street, met a severe accident this week, which has confined him to his room for several days. He was engaged in some repairs in the interior of the Episcopal church and had climbed a high ladder near to the ceiling when the ladder gave way precipitating him to the floor, fracturing three of his ribs and otherwise bruising his body and limbs. At present writing he is reported much easier and hopes to be able to visit his store in a few days.

A very pleasant gathering was the oyster supper at Bly's Hall, Thursday evening, given by the ladies of the Episcopal church. The gross receipts were from suppers, $57.95; fortune teller, $1.20; fishpond, $5.34; fancy table, $8.55. Total, $73.04. The imitation of Madame Farley's waxworks was very admirably managed by Miss Marion Hawley, the various figures being represented by Fannie Wakelee, Rosa Grandlemeyer, Ashley Ford, Mamie Metcalf, Bertie Wakelee, Hattie French, Weedie Steele, Eddie Parker, Lottie Grandlemeyer, Maud Sleeper, Lillie Paine, and Vergie Fliut. and Thomas Blackburn manipulating the crank behind the scenes winding up the figures.

Mr. W. H. Leland, of this city, took his departure on Monday for the Pacific country, where he expects to spend the winter and perhaps the remainder of his days. He goes first to Auburn California where his sister, Mrs. Adams, resides, and will remain there a few weeks. He will then proceed to San Francisco and take in the sights in that city, after which he will take passage for the Sandwich Islands and spend the most of the winter season in their beautiful climate. Mr. Leland has by close attention to business and shrewd management accumulated a neat fortune here and he deserves it. Unfortunately his health will not permit him to remain in a cold climate during the winter months, and one errand of his trip is to find a genial spot where he can settle down with his good wife and enjoy the proceeds of his successful undertakings. We are sorry to lose him but hope he may find that spot which will give him joy and comfort during his remaining days and we may conclude to share it with him. Mrs. Leland accompanied him as far as Minneapolis where she will visit friends for a few days ere her return.

This is the month when those troubled with a cough should go for a twenty-five cent bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and be cured at once.

A Thanksgiving Proclamation.

Will be found in another column, we believe. It begins this way:

Throw physic to the dogs, the maxim goes,
Laugh and grow fat, wax healthy, wealthy, wise,
Welcome to wives and daughters, sweethearts, spouse,
Behold Thanksgiving spreads the meats and pies—

Under the auspices of the Ladies of the Congregational church at Bly's Hall Thursday next.

Ten Reasons why You should Insure in the Washington Life Insurance Company, of New York.

1. Because, It is one of the oldest, Companies doing business in this country.
2. Because, Its investments are the very best that can be obtained;—none of them are even questionable.
3. Because, During all the recent financial depression, it continued to increase its assets and surplus.
4. Because of its unusually large surplus.
5. Because, Whatever advantages may be claimed under the New York State law of 1879, in favor of policy holders, they have in the Washington, the additional protection of non-forfeiting dividends.

It is the only Company that allows its dividends to hold its policies in force when premium is unpaid.

6. Because, of the absence of those objectionable conditions that taint the policies of some of the leading companies.
7. Because, Its "ordinary life" policies provide for a definite amount of "paid up" insurance in case of lapse after three years;—thus giving more and better insurance for the same money than the co-operative societies.
8. Because, While very many have lost confidence in co-operative schemes and experimental plans of insurance, this Company pursues the same straightforward course that has characterized it from its organization to the present time, and still maintains its reputation for promptness and liberal dealing.
9. Because, It pays claims for death by suicide the same as other claims; the agreement being clearly expressed in the policy.
10. Because, Its new form of Policy expresses a very liberal contract in plain, concise language, contains fewer restrictions than any other policy, and leaves no hooks on which to hang legal quibbles.

Secure a policy in the Washington Life at once, while you are in good health. J. A. SABIN, St, Paul,
Gen. Agent.

LAND OFFICE AT ST. CLOUD, MINN.
November 11, 1880.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof at the expiration of thirty days from the date of this notice, viz: at the U. S. Land Office, St. Cloud, Minn., on the 22 of December, 1880, James McLeod, Itasca Co. Minn., for the ne ¼ of sec and ne ¼ of sec and nw ¼ of sw ¼ of section 34, township 53, range 24. He names the following as his witnesses, viz: John S. Gillespie, Hanley A. Carpenter, Samuel Wilson, and Luther Brown, all of Aitkin, Minn. D. R. FERGUSON,
Register.

NEW HARDWARE STORE.
LAUREL STREET,
SOUTH SIDE,
BRAINERD, - MINN.,
DAVID E. SLIPP
Dealer in Heavy and Shelf
HARDWARE,
Tinware, Stoves,
TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,
Carpenter's and
ALL KINDS OF TOOLS,
NAILS, BUILDER'S MATERIAL,
GUNS AND AMMUNITION, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
GLASS, PUTTY, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES AND BRUSHES.
CROCKERYWARE,
QUKENSWARE, GLASSWARE,
LAMPS, ETC.
First Class Tin, Sheet Iron, and Coppersmith Job Work done on Short Notice.

Mrs. C. GRANDLEMYER
AT HER
MILLINERY
AND
Dress Making
ESTABLISHMENT,
FIFTH ST., - BRAINERD, MINN.
is now prepared to do all kinds of Millinery, Dress and Cloak Making and Hair Work; Shirring, Plaiting, Cutting and Fitting for Ladies, Misses or Children in all kinds of wear, in all the latest styles.
She has also laid in a large and varied stock of Flowers, Feathers, Dress Goods, Samples, Trimmings, Ladies' Furnishing Goods, and Millinery goods of all kinds.
On her Ten Cent Counter will be found a complete stock of Notions and Novelties such as Necklaces, Brooches, Combs, Jet Goods, Collars, Cuffs, Frills, &c., etc.
EVERY THING IN LADIES' WEAR ON SHORT NOTICE AT REASONABLE PRICES.
Give me a call. MRS. C. GRANDLEMYER.
BRAINERD, June 19, 1880

CHASE, PILLSBURY & CO.
Manufacturers of and Dealers in all kinds of
PINE LUMBER,
LATH, SHINGLES,
Siding, Flooring, and
all kinds of
BUILDING MATERIAL,
AT
Cull River Mills,
GULL RIVER, (N. P. R. R.) - MINN.

Livery! Livery!
Having LEASED the COMMODIOUS
MERCHANT'S HOTEL STABLES,
Laurel Street, Brainerd, Minn., I have removed all my stock of Horses and Carriages from the Leland House Stables to that place, where I am prepared to furnish First-Class Rigs in First-Class Style on short notice and at low Rates. Give me a call. Office at the Stables, and Residence just across the street.
Brainerd, May 24th, 1879.
P. MERTZ, *Proprietor.*

WM. FERRIS. N. J. SPENCER.
BANK OF BRAINERD,
WM. FERRIS & CO.,
BANKERS
BRAINERD, - - MINN.
A General Banking Business Transacted. All Collections will receive prompt and personal attention.
EXCHANGE BOUGHT AND SOLD.

J. L. STARCHER,
GENERAL
GROCER,
BRAINERD, MINN.

N. H. CONGER,
Surgeon Dentist,
BRAINERD, - MINN.
OFFICE OPEN DAY AND EVENING.
Teeth extracted without pain by the aid of Chloroform, Ether, Gas or Electricity.

LELAND HOUSE,
CORNER FIFTH AND LAUREL STREETS,
One block south of Railroad Depot.)
BRAINERD, MINN.,
STRATTON & HEATH, - Prop'rs.
First Class Fare, Good Airy Rooms and Clean Beds at Second Class Prices.
TERMS—$1.50 to $2.00 per day, or $5.00 per week to Regular Boarders.

A. E. VEON,
Cabinet Wagon Maker,
JOBBING AND REPAIRING DONE ON SHORT NOTICE.
ALL WORK WARRANTED.
I keep constantly on hand Pictures and Frames of all sizes, Mouldings of all kinds, Other, Doors, Sash, etc.; also, a full stock of Martin's and Calendar Mouldings.
BOLTS, NAILS, LOCKS, HINGES, ETC.
Ash Agent for Brown's Family Scales—the best thing out.
PATENT RIGHT MODELS A SPECIALTY.
Will make Estimates and Bill of Material for Buildings free of charge. Give me a call.
Shop, one door north of No. 1 Saloon on FIFTH STREET. BRAINERD, MINN

Literary Revolution and Universal Knowledge.
An Encyclopædia in 20 vols., over 16,000 pages; 10 per cent more matter than any Encyclopædia ever published in this country, and sold, handsomely and well bound, in cloth for $10; in half morocco for $15, and printed on fine heavy paper, wide margins, bound in half Russia, gilt top, for $20—an enterprise so extraordinary that its success, beyond all precedent in book publishing, may be fairly claimed to inaugurate a *Literary Revolution.*
The Library of Universal Knowledge is a reprint entire of the last (1879) Edinburgh edition of "Chambers's Encyclopedia," with about 40 per cent of new matter added, upon topics of special interest to American readers, thus making it equal in character to any similar work, better than any other suited to the wants of the great majority of those who consult works of reference, and altogether the latest Encyclopædia in the field.
Specimen Volumes in either style will be sent for examination with privilege of return on receipt of prepaid one-half price per volume.
Special Discounts to all early subscribers, and extra discounts to clubs. Full particulars with descriptive catalogue of many other standard works equally low in price, sent free.
Lead the Leading principles of the American Book Exchange:
I. Publish only books of real value.
II. Work upon the basis of *present cost* of making books, about one-half what it was a few years ago.
III. Sell to buyers direct, and save them the 50 to 60 per cent commission commonly allowed to dealers.
IV. The cost of books when made 10,000 at a time is but a fraction of the cost when made 500 at a time: adopt the low price and sell the large quantity.
V. Use good type, paper, etc., do careful printing, and strong, neat binding, but avoid all "padding," fat and heavily-leaded type, spongy paper and gaudy binding, which are so commonly resorted to to make books appear large and fine, and which greatly add to their cost, but do not add to their value.
VI. To make $1 and a friend is better than to make $2 and an enemy.
Standard Books
Library of Universal Knowledge, 20 vols., $10. American Patriotism, 50 cents.
Mitman's Gibbon's Rome, 5 vols., $2.50. Taine History of English Literature, 2 vols., $3.
Motley's History of England, 3 vols., $3. Cooper's Complete Works, 32 vols., $16.
Chambers's Cyclopædia of English Literature, 2 vols., $2.00. Lamb's Complete Works, 50 cents.
Knight's History of England, 4 vols., $3. Shakespeare's Complete Works, 70 cents.
Plutarch's Lives of Illustrious Men, 2 vols. $1.50. Works of Dante, translated by Cary, 30 cents.
Yeiloly's Life and Words of Christ, 2 vols., $1. Works of Virgil, translated by Dryden, 40 cents.
Gregg's Bible Concordance, 311,000 references (preparing). $2.50.
Cross Lessons of Biography, 50 cents.
Book of Fables, Æsop, etc., illus., 50 cents. Arabian Nights, illus., 50 cents.
Illustrated Complete Poetical Works, 50 cents. Bateman's Pilgrim's Progress, illus., 50 cents.
Shakespeare's Complete Works, 70 cents. Robinson Crusoe, illus., 50 cents.
Works of Dante, translated by Cary, 30 cents. Munchausen and Gulliver's Travels, illus., 50 cents.
Works of Virgil, translated by Dryden, 40 cents. Stories and Ballads, by R. T. Alden, illus., 91.
Adam's History of Modern Discoveries, 50 cents. Adam's History of Modern Discoveries, 50 cents.
Remit by bank draft, money order, registered letter, or by Express. Fractions of one dollar may be sent in postage stamps. Address
AMERICAN BOOK EXCHANGE.
JOHN B. ALDEN, Manager.
Or, HARTLEY BROS., *Agents,* Tribune Building, Brainerd, Minn.

BASON BROS.
Dealer in Heavy and Shelf
Hardware,
STOVES AND
TINWARE,
NAILS, GLASS, TOOLS OF ALL KINDS,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
Builders' Material,
TABLE AND POCKET
CUTLERY,
GUNS AND AMMUNITION,
Paints, Oils, Varnishes,
BRUSHES, ETC.
Tin, Sheet-Iron and Coppersmith JOB WORK.
FIFTH ST., BRAINERD, MINN.

DR. J. C. ROSSEE,
Physician & Surgeon,
BRAINERD, MINN.
OFFICE—Over the Jewelry Store, cor. Front and Fifth Streets.
OFFICE HOURS—2 to 4 and 6 to 8 p. m.

HEADQUARTERS
HOTEL,
BRAINERD, - MINN.
Only First Class House in the City.
All Trains arrive at and depart from the door
TERMS:
$2 00, $2.50 and $3.00 per Day.
E. W. WEED, Prop'r.

I. U. WHITE,
CARPENTER & WAGON MAKER,
DEALER IN
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Eave Gutters, House and Picture Moulding.
Lowest Price for Cash. Give me a Call.
Brainerd, Feb. 15, 1879. I. U. WHITE

R. K. WHITELEY
Surveyor,
BRAINERD, - MINN.
Claims and Homesteads Located and Surveyed
Fine Lands Examined in the Counties of Crow Wing, Cass, Aitken and Itasca, and Reliable Estimates given.
All Orders left at the Tribune office, or addressed to me at the Post-Office, or personally, will receive prompt attention.

A. O. U. W. BRAINERD LODGE, No. 47, Ancient Order of United Workmen, meets every Thursday evening at 7½ o'clock P. M., at Odd Fellows' Hall, corner Sixth and Laurel streets, Brainerd, Minn. All M. W. in good standing are cordially invited. W. E. MARTIN, M. W.
J. DAVIS, Rec.

WM. FERRIS,
DEALER IN
JEWELRY, WATCHES, CLOCKS,
Silverware, Spectacles,
ETC., ETC.
Fine Watch Repairing
A SPECIALTY.
COR. FRONT & FIFTH STREETS
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J. ROBERT HOWES, M. D.,
(Late House Surgeon Toronto Gen'l Hospital.)
PHYSICIAN,
Surgeon & Accoucheur.
SURGERY A SPECIALTY.
Office over Brainerd Bank.
Hours 9 to 11 A. M. and 2 to 4 P. M.

C. B. SLEEPER,
Attorney at Law,
OFFICE—FRONT STREET,
Opposite R. R. Office.
BRAINERD, - MINN.

Clerk of Court.
Special attention given to Locating Homesteads and Pre-Emptions, for Settlers in Crow Wing County.
CHOICE LANDS OPEN TO SETTLEMENT
General Real Estate Agency.

BRAINERD
DRUG STORE,
Front Street, bet. Fifth and Sixth.
N. McFADDEN, Proprietor
MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,
PERFUMERY, FANCY GOODS, ETC.
PURE SPICES.
Fresh ground and resolved in bulk, for sale in quantities to suit—warranted pure.
PRESCRIPTIONS carefully compounded at all hours, Day and Night.
Orders by Mail promptly attended to.

J. BAIN,
Boot and Shoe Maker,
Fifth Street, bet. Front and Laurel,
(Brainerd, Minn.
Repairing done neat and promptly, and Custom Work executed at reasonable rates.

WIGGO HANSON,
Boot and Shoe Maker,
LAUREL STREET,
Brainerd, - Minn.
Repairing done neat and promptly done, and Custom Work executed at reasonable rates.

Established Oct. 6th, 1872.
NEW LE BON TON
Sample & Billiard Hall,
LAUREL STREET, BRAINERD, MINN.
The Old and Reliable House is now the Leading Sample Room on the street by F. E-R KO. E. FRENCH, Prop'r.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

Rates of Advertising will be made known on application at this office, or by letter. Sale's would visit all cases.
Local notices, insertions for the first and 27 cts. for each subsequent insertion.
Rule 1.
To ensure insertion of communications they should be handed in at this office a Week or Three days sooner; Tuesday night; Local notices of religious services, etc. Tuesday noon.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

CONGREGATIONAL.—Preaching at 11 a. m., Union Meeting School 12.15 p. m., and Services 7 p. m. every Sunday, and Prayer Meeting at 7 p. m. every Thursday. Strangers and others not worshiping elsewhere are cordially invited to these services. Whosoever will, let him come.
REV. T. J. BRAND, Pastor.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.—Morning Prayer, Litany and Ante-Communion service at 11 o'clock, a. m., every Sunday. Sunday School at 12½ p. m. Evening Prayer at 7 p. m. Holy Communion on the first Sunday of each month and on all great festivals. Evening Prayer every Friday evening, and on all Holy Days at 7 p. m.
REV. F. F. HAWLEY, Rector.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Regular preaching services on the First and Third Sabbaths of each month, at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7 o'clock p. m.—Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. A cordial invitation to citizens and strangers to be present at these services. C. H. DIXON,
Pastor.

CATHOLIC CHURCH.—Divine Service every Sunday of the month. Low 8 a. m., High Mass at 10.30 a. m. Catechism at Sunday School, 2½ p. m. Vespers and Evening Prayers, 7½ p.m. All are invited. Seated.
E. P. SCHNIDER,
Priest

I. O. O. F.
WILDEY LODGE, No. 27, meets every Wednesday evening at 7½ P. M., at Odd Fellow's Hall, corner Sixth and Laurel streets, Brainerd, Minn. Brothers in good standing are cordially invited. W. W. HARTLEY, N. G.
C. H. NEUFERBER Sec'y.

Brainerd Tribune.

HARTLEY BROS. Publishers.

BRAINERD, - - MINNESOTA.

CURRENT TOPICS.

INSTEAD of spending $2,000 per annum on the scavenger department, Worcester, Mass., had a revenue from it last year of nearly $500, as the result of feeding the city swill to swine.

THE moderation of Iowa's 200,000 dogs of all degrees is illustrated by the fact, cited in *The Homestead*, that they helped themselves last year to only 28,974 sheep—a little over half a quarter to each.

PROF. S. W. JOHNSON, of Yale College, estimates that New York city pays $4,000,000 a year ($12,000 per day) for the 40,000,000 quarts of water with which its annual supply of milk is diluted.

OUR young women friends will find in the lives of eminent men and eminent women, instruction and guidance, which if they diligently follow will bring them in due time the full reward of industry, perseverance, fidelity, patience and faith.

THE word love in one of the Indian dialects is chemlendamoughkanagogager. This accounts for the fact that Indians never have but one sweatheart at a time. You couldn't expect a man to attend two chemlendamoughkanagogager affairs at once.

THE Consul of the United States at Bremen, informs the Department of State that during the month ending September 30, 1880, 30,933 emigrants left that port for the United States, an increase over the corresponding quarter of 1879 of 13,370.

MR. J. N. MARDEN, jr., Baltimore, Md, built fires around a block of 2,500 of his pear trees on frosty nights last spring, and sold 3,000 boxes of their fruit for $6,000, while the remainder of the orchard, (12,500 trees), not thus protected, produced a comparatively small crop.

THE Navy Department has received from the Philadelphia navy yard a full set of plans and specifications for an iron armoured ram of 2,200 tons displacement, designed (by order of the department) by Naval Constructor Hichborn They are said to contain many improvements in naval architecture.

A CORRESPONDENT of the English *Agricultural Gazette* figures 49,000,000 as the total number of horses in the world, add in the following table gives "the precedence to quality in the aggregate":

Great Britain and Ireland........	2,260,000
United State and Canada........	11,100,000
Germany, fiddle-headed and washy	3,460,000
France, under-bred and dull......	3,000,000
Hungary, light and gassy.......	2,180,000
Russia, mostly nondescripts.....	21,000,000

ANY woman who chooses, and has the talent, can become a lawyer, a physician, a professor of science, art, or literature an author, a journalist; but in order to do this she must take her place in the procession headed toward the goal she aims at, and work and wait till she attains the desired position. This is what men do, and this is what women must do.

MR. C. S. HARRISON, of York, Nebraska, gives the *Farmer* of that State this item of suggestion on a current theme: "Teach the child to plant trees he can call his own, something he will watch over, in which he will take the deepest interest. Stimulate him by opening to his view and thought the mysteries of plants—how they grow, how they are propagated, how they should be cared for."

THACKERY was not known as an author until nearly 40. Scott was 43 when "Waverly" appeared. Richardson became an author at 51. Defoe was 58 before he wrote his first novel. "Gil Blas" was not finished until the author was 67. All the great writers of fiction have matured late, but the periods of production have been preceded by years of observation, study and literary training.

WHEN Miss Alta Hulett died, two or three years ago, the Bar Association of Chicago paid the highest tribute of respect to her worth as a member of the profession. Nobly had she earned it. To become a member of that bar she had first to persuade the Legislature of Illinois to create for her special a statute, and that she did. She studied as men study, she waited as men wait, and when the success she had so well earned was within her grasp, she died but not till she had fully vindicated the ability of women to practice law successfully.

GREAT BRITAIN is said to possess four famous shots—Lord de Gray, Lord Walsingham, Lord Huntingfield and the Maharajah Dhuleep Singh. The latter is a short, stout gentleman who has become Anglicized. He is a sound churchman, and a generous one; he is cultivated in art, especially music, playing well on several instruments, and, indeed, working at composition with the hope of one day writing an opera. He is fond also of mechanical pursuits, and is a good clock and watchmaker, doing all the repairs in this line needed in his beautiful country house at Elveden Hall.

IN New England, New York, and Michigan, there is a surfeit of that best of all our fruits, the apple. In the latter State dealers are buying the crop of whole orchards, hand picked and delivered, at 10 cents per bushel. Thirty cents for the barrel and thirty cents for apples to fill it will cover the cost of apples of first quality at railroad stations of the apple districts. The poorer quality are almost worthless, and lie rotting on the ground by thousands of bushels. Mills are inadequate to the grinding and the supply of barrels for filling, and so there is an immense waste of what might be valuable for vinegar.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

CRIME AND CRIMINAL RECORD.

Thomas Prior, a well known resident of Newark, Ohio, shot himself fatally the 15th, while deranged.

The notorious Dr. John Buchanan, of Philadelphia, was arraigned in court the 12th and pleaded guilty to two charges of selling bogus academic certificates.

The supreme court of Indiana has granted a new trial to Mrs. Brown, convicted of the murder of her husband, and has affirmed the sentence of Wade, her accomplice.

A warrant was issued Nov. 6, for the arrest of young Sprague, son of Gov. Sprague, the husband of Kate Chase Sprague, for attempting to shoot Mr. Thompson, his mother's trustee.

Dr. J. T. Aust, of Winslow, Ind., on the night of the 12th, killed his brother-in-law, James Humphrey. Both men were drunk at the time, but it is said an old grudge existed.

Thomas W. Somers, of Cleveland, O., was found dead on the doorstep of his divorced wife's residence, Sunday morning the 14th. A pistol from which he had discharged a ball into his head, was found by his side.

P. K. Burger, for many years business manager for John Jermyer, coal operater at Scranton, Pa., was sentenced, the 13th, to eight years and four months in the penitentiary for the embezzlement of $50,000.

The governor of Maryland has issued his warrant for the execution, January 14, of William Melbourne, colored, for the murder of Wm. Powhattan, alias William Johnson, in Somerset county, the 20th of July last.

In the matter of the prosecution of Kenwood Philp, charged with criminal libel of Gen. Garfield, in the publication of the forged Morey Chinese letter, Justice Noah Davis, of the New York supreme court, rendered his decision the 13th, holding Philp to the grand jury, accused to stand committed in default of bail.

FOREIGN.

A cable dispatch announces the death in Paris of Greenough, the American artist.

It is reported that 3,000 Jews have left Roumania for the United States by way of Bremen.

Fifty-five thousand pounds in eagles were withdrawn from the Bank of England Nov. 17, for New York.

The Marquis of Sligo has removed all his valuables from Westport, and will reside in London until the agitation in Ireland is ended.

A Dublin telegram of Nov. 17, says an additional reward of £500 has been offered for the discovery of the murderer of Lord Montmorris.

A detachment of 400 British troops has been sent into county Galway, Ireland, on account of rumors that arms are being furnished the people from America.

An earthquake was felt Nov. 9, throughout Southern Austria, from Vienna and the Adriotic to the frontiers of Bosnia. At Agrom in Creti the shock was so violent that every house in town was injured and several persons were killed.

The great trial of nihilists, including persons accused of being authors of the explosion on the Moscow railway and in the winter palace, and others charged with plotting against the life of the czar, has begun before a military tribunal at St. Petersburg.

The trial of the nihilists at St. Petersburg, for being implicated in plots against the life of the Czar, terminated the 12th, in the sentence of five men to death, and seven to hard labor in the mines, for terms of fifty years and for life. Three women were sentenced to ten years' penal servitude.

The London Press Association of Nov, 17, says the reports of differences in the cabinet seem to be well founded. Bright and Chamberlain have pronounced absolutely against coercion in Ireland. Several ministers are in favor of a convocation of parliament in December to authorize suspension of the habeas corpus act. No decision has been taken.

Telegrams of the 11th, report great excitement in the vicinity of Ballinrobe, Ireland, over the effort made under protection of the government to harvest the crop on the Baycott farm. The military force to escort the expedition is composed of two squadrons of hussars, one of dragoons, 150 infantry, two cannons and 150 constabulary. The men of the ferce were allowed to carry pistols. Armed peasants are reported as flocking to the vicinity, and grave apprehensions are felt that the demonstration will result in bloodshed.

WEEKLY CASUALTY RECORD.

The quarters of Lieut. Bell, at Fort A. Lincoln, D. T., were burned, and other buildings damaged, by fire, the 16th.

Stugis' block at West Union, Iowa, burned the 12th. The *Gazette* printing office and postoffice were among the buildings destroyed.

A terrific snow storm with high wind prevailed throughout the Black Hills country the 15th, and 16th, the thermometer falling to 90 degrees below.

Floods are causing much damage in the counties of Derbyshire, Warnickshire, Nottinghampshire and Worcestershire, England, and the waters of the Thames are rising rapidly.

Two-thirds of the buildings in Newport, Ark., (on the Iron Mountain railroad) were destroyed by fire Tuesday evening, the 16th, making about 200 families homeless. The property consumed is estimated at $200,000.

At Logan, Ohio, while Corwin Call, a miner, was emptying a quantity of blasting powder into a sack which his wife was holding, the powder exploded. Mrs. Call was burned to death and Call is not expected to live. The room was badly shattered.

A special to the Galveston, Texas, *News*, of Nov. 17, from Corsicana says: A special train carrying four companies of the Sixteenth infantry, struck a broken rail four miles above here, ditching four coaches. Twenty-five men were wounded, several seriously.

A heavy gale passed over central and western Ontario on the morning of Nov. 7th. Trees were uprooted, telegraphs prostrated, and considerable other damage done. At Ottawa the water in the river rose fifteen feet, and severe damage was done along the banks. Disasters to shipping are reported at several Lake Ontario ports.

The town of Roachie, La., was demolished by a cyclone on the 16th. Prof. Reynolds of the Baptist female college located in the town, was killed, Rev. Mr. Lucker of the college, and his son had legs broken, and a number of others were injured, including Mrs. Fannie Thomas, Mrs. Sidney E. Hall and son and Mrs. Jasper McMillan and daughter.

A terrific and fatal explosion occurred in the Ford coal mine at Stellerton, N. S., the 12th. The explosion completely closed the south side of the pit, in which it is estimated forty-four miners were confined with no prospect of escape. A partial exploration discovered a number of dead bodies, and also a number of dead horses. Work in the collieries of the section was suspended, the miners flocking the scene of the disaster, but were unable to render any assistance on account of the precarious condition of the pit. The origin of the explosion is not known. Thirty-three of the missing men are married and most of them have large families.

Later details of the coal mine explosion in the Ford pit, Stellarton, N. S, the 12th, fully confirm the first reports. The latest estimates place the number of victims at fifty. During Saturday, the 13th, several attempts were made to explore the pit, but the choke-damp was too dense to allow a thorough search, and only three dead bodies were recovered. The cause of the explosion remains a mystery, the rescued reporting that they were suddenly struck down and knew nothing more. The pit has been flooded to check the fire, so that no more bodies can be recovered for the pacsent. The scene at Stellarton is described as peculiarly heartrending. The blinds of every third or fourth place are down, indicating the loss of some member of the family. Those suddenly made widows have large families of small children and great suffering is inevitable if generous assistance is not promptly extended.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

The official vote of New York gives the Garfield electors a majority of 20,842.

Nicholas Gedalin, a New York broker, suicided the morning of the 13th. He was the son of a Danish count.

Henry W. Horton, a well known lawyer of Philadelphia, at one time co-editor of the "American Law Register," died Thursday morning.

The New York Press club, the evening of the 15th, gave a reception to the veteran, Thurlow Weed, it being the occasion of his 83rd birthday.

President Hayes has appointed ex-secretary of the treasury, Boutwell, counsel for the United States before the newly organized Franco-American mixed commission.

Nelson Roosevelt, an old resident of La Crosse, Wis, died in Chicago, where he had a son living, the 12th. The deceased was grandfather of Mme. Roosevelt, the opera singer.

Gov. Wiltz of Louisiana has appointed Hon. T. C. Manning, ex-chief justice of the State supreme court, to fill the vacancy in the United States Senate caused by the death of Judge Spofford.

Capt. Coleman A. Macy, clerk in the executive department of the Minnesota state government, from November, 1873, until July of the present year, died at his home in Hudson, N. Y. unday, the 14th.

Mrs. Lucretia Mott, the celebrated Quakeress preacher, and anti-slavery advocate in anti-slavery times, is dead. She died at her residence in Philadelphia, Pa., on the evening of Nov. 11, aged 88 years.

Gov. Smith of Wisconsin, the 11th appointed associate justice Orsamus Cole, to be chief justice of the Wisconsin supreme court, vice Ryan deceased, and James B. Cassady of Janesville, to be associate justice.

Miss Jennie Spencer, daughter of Richard Spencer, secretary of the gas works, Burlington, Iowa, suicided by hanging the 13th. She moved in the first circles, and was highly respected. Mental depression the cause.

Hon. Joseph E. Brown, U. S. Senator from Georgia by appointment of the governor to fill vacancy, was elected to the position for the term of six years by the legislature the 17th. The vote stood, Brown 146, A. D Lawton 64.

The official returns of the California election, show that Henry Edgarton, republican elector, receives 507 more votes than Judge Terry, the lowest on the democratic ticket, and is elected. The other democratic electors have mejorities ranging from 87 to 43.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Snow fell in Kentucky, Arkansas and other Southern States, the 17th.

Two steamers which left Havana the 14th, are bringing $302,000 to New York.

Gen. Ord, commanding the military department of Texas, recommends the continuance of a strong military force along the Rio Grande.

During the week ending the 13th, there were 415,994 standard silver dollars distributed. During the corresponding period in 1879 there were 291,499 standard dollars distributed.

The Pope has signed the brief, appointing cardinal Jacobini, Pontificial Secretary of State. It is thought in official circles the appointment will make a great change in the Vatican.

The Missouri river at Bismarck and above was closed by ice the 16th. Three boats, the Batchelor, Eclipse and Gen. Sherman, were caught in the ice between Bismarck and Fort Buford.

A Wilmington, N. C., telegram of Nov. 15, says: After almost continuous rain for twenty-four hours, snow commenced falling about 7:30 this morning and is still falling. A heavy snow storm is reported at Fayetteville and Goldsboro.

The City of Ogden, Utah, is the first city west of the Mississippi river to adopt the electric light. A flag staff sixty feet high is to be run up from the court house dome, giving an elevation of 200 feet, from which four lights of 2,000 candle power each are guaranteed to illuminate a mile in diameter.

The sculling match over the Thames championship course. England, between Edward Hanlon, of Canada, and Edward Trickett, of New South Wales, both champions of their respective sections, for the championship of the world, the sportsmen's challenge cup, and £400, resulted in an easy victory for Hanlon.

Special postal arrangements have been executed with France, increasing, from the 1st of January, 1881, the limits of weights and dimensions for packets or samples of merchandise exchanged in the mails, to twelve ounces in weight and the following dimensions: Twelve inches in length, eight inches in width and four inches in depth.

The winter all-rail joint through freight tariff between Chicago and St. Paul and Minneapolis went into effect Monday, the 15th, as follows: First class, 75 cents; second class, 60 cents; third class, 45 cents; fourth class, 35 cents; class A, 30 cents; class B, 25 cents; class C, 23½ cents; class D, 20 cents; emigrant's movables, per car, $50.

An appeal to the public has been made for aid to the sufferers by the coal mine explosion at Stellarton, N. S. The appeal says: A terrible calamity has happened in the place. Two disasters in succession have been means of killing of fifty men and boys and leaving thirty-three widows and 110 orphans. Seven hundred men, representing a population of 2,000 people, are thrown out of employment in the face of a Canadian winter.

Great excitement exists at Hackensack, N. J., over the failure of two of the leading banking institutions of the city, which closed their doors Saturday, the 13th. During the day the doors of the closed banks were besieged by throngs of men and women, many of whom have lost the accumulations of years. In connection with one of the failures, that of the Bank of Bergen county, it transpires that John J. Barry, cashier, has embezzled about $120,000.

Monday, the 15th, saw the completion of two important links in the Minnesota system of railways, viz: That of the Nebraska line, by which the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha company, is given direct and independent connection with Omaha, and of the Wisconsin & Minnesota railroad, between Abbotsford and Eau Claire, by which a new line of communication is opened between Minnesota and Central Wisconsin and Lake Michigan ports.

The Chicago & Northwestern railway commenced running trains from Chicago to Pierre, on the Missouri river, Monday, the 15th, connecting with Deadwood from the latter point by the stages of the Northwestern Stage and Transportation company. The distance from Pierre is 170 miles. Through tickets from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Deadwood will be as follows: First class, $42.05; third class, $29.05. First class tickets from St. Paul to Pierre will be $17.65.

At 2 o'clock the 12th, the ceremony of driving the silver spike in the tie of the Northern Pacific railroad that lies on the boundary line between Dakota and Montana, was celebrated in presence of the principal officers of the road, and a number of invited guests. The spikes used were contributed by citizens of Helena, Mont. The blows upon the spikes when being driven were heard at the Brainerd telegraph office of the company, one end of the line being connected with the spike and the other with the hammer.

Intelligence was received at military headquarters, St. Paul, the 13th, of an attack by Indians on a detachment of troops from Fort Keogh under Lieut. Kislinberry, the 7th inst. The attack was made near the mouth of the Musselshell, the Indians firing from ambush, killing one horse and wounding another, the men escaping unhurt. The troops fortified themselves behind a log stockade, while a scout hurried back to Fort Keogh for reinforcements, and it is believed by department officials that the relieving force reached the beleaguered party in time to prevent any serious disaster.

The report of Gen. Pope, commanding the military departmeet of the Missouri, was made public the 13th. Speaking of the troubles with the Utes, the General gives it as his opinion that with the present military arrangements and provisions of the agreement recently made, no trouble with them need be apprehended this winter. One serious cause of trouble with the Indians, the General says, has always been in relation to their food, and he recommends that agents be forbidden the punishment of Indians or efforts to control their actions by withholding provisions from them.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

Some of the Recommendations He Will Make in His Last Message to Congress.

President Hayes will begin the preparation of his last message to Congress at an early day, and has requested the heads of all the departments to forward their recommendations as soon as they can be prepared. The message will not be nearly so long as the last, and will contain but few important recommendations. Whatever suggestions may be offered by Secretary Sherman touching the refunding of the bonds maturing early in 1881 will be incorporated in the message. The probability is that a 3.65 thirty-year bond will be recommended. With 4 per cent. bonds at a premium of 109, there is no doubt but that a 3.65 bond would not only be floated at par, but that a syndicate will gladly give a premium to take the entire amount necessary to refund the outstanding 5 and 6 per cents. This is evidenced by the fact that the 3.65 bonds of the District of Columbia, the interest of which is guaranteed by the United States, already rule at a premium.

The President, in view of the prosperous condition of the country, and the increasing receipts of the United States, together with the surplus revenues, will undoubtedly recommend a liberal system of improvements, and more especially the improvement of the Mississippi river. This great artery of inland navigation would long since have been more liberally provided for had not the unfortunate sectional issue been associated with it. The Southern Representatives treated the improvement of the river and the building of the levees as a distinctive Southern measure of relief, and hence suffered by it. President Hayes is heartily in favor of the improvement of the river; and so also is his successor-elect, being on record committed thereto in a speech made in the House.

The President will call the attention of Congress to the fact that there is

NO PROVISION

for the counting of the electoral vote. He will urge, in view of there being no dispute now on the Presidential contest already past, that Congress pass some law which will avert any trouble as to a disputed count in the futnee.

Of our foreign policy but little will be said except to reiterate the oft-repeated expression that "we are at peace with all nations." A history of the firing upon American merchantmen on the high seas by Spanish men-of-war will be recited, and the steps already taken by the government to secure reparation will be fully set forth.

No recommendation will be made looking to the reduction of taxation, or any change in the existing tariff system.

The President will again ask Congress to appropriate liberally for the improvement of the Washington harbor of the Potomac, which is fast filling up with accretions injurious to health.

A detailed account of the negotiations with the Ute Indians will be incorporated in the message.

Allusion will be made to the contemplated Interoceanic canal. It is believed the President will take the ground that the canal, if built, should be under American auspices.

The Chinese question, it is not thought, will be alluded to, but will be left to be dealt with unembarrassed by the incoming administration.

Congress will be reminded that as yet there has been no provision made for the payment of United States deputy marshals; and a recommendation that an appropriation covering past expenditures on this score, and to provide for future contingencies, will be made.

In closing the message, the President will take occasion to make a retrospect of his administration. This will not be in the nature of a fulsome eulogy, or a defense of what may have been its shortcomings, but will be rather a recital of what it has accomplished, to rest upon its own laurels.

Severe.

Elder Sister (tired)—"Do let's turn back, we are so far from home; thunderstorms are so frequent, too; and you know how frightened I am of lightning." Younger ditto (not tired, wants to go farther)—"Come on; it's fine enough now; you needn't be frightened of lightning—it won't touch you; you're not particularly attractive."

AN elephant is used in a spectacular play in Philadelphia. He is kept in a stable several blocks away, and taken to the theater every evening at the proper point in the piece. One afternoon he took it into his head that the time had come to perform. Throwing his keeper aside, he burst into the street, overturned a wagon and several street-stands on his way to the theater, smashed a door, and took his usual place on the stage. The absence of lights and audience seemed to convince him that he had made a mistake, and he suffered himself to be led back to the stable.

DIRE CALAMITY.

Burning of the Minnesota Insane Asylum at St. Peter—Thrilling Scenes and Frightful Loss of Life.

The Minnesota hospital for the insane, located at St. Peter, Nicollet county, was discovered to be on fire between 7 and 8 o'clock on the evening of the 15th. The fire began in the laundry in the basement of the north wing, and considering the substantial character of the building spread with great rapidity.

The asylum is located a full mile from the city proper, and the first news of the conflagration was given by Dr. Bartlett, superintendent of the asylum, who telephoned from the main to the temporary hospital, the latter building being in the heart of the city. The alarm was then made general and the hand fire engine was hastened to the scene of the conflagration while the populace turned out en masse.

Aid was summoned both from St. Paul and Mankato. A special train was started promptly from Mankato with an engine and 100 men, but in St. Paul there was great delay in securing transportation, and it was 1 a. m. before the train with steamer, hose cart and equipments left the St. Paul depot.

Meantime a terrible scene was in progress at the asylum. The patients already crazed were made doubly so by the alarm and excitement of the fire. The citizens gathered by the hundred and though terror stricken at the idea of several hundred lunatics being turned loose upon the community, worked manfully to save the patients. The wing in which the fire was raging was occupied entirely by males, some of whom were found utterly ungovernable. Window gratings were broken and ladders erected to bring the victims out. As many as possible were brought down the stairways. The hall doors and all means of exit were thrown open and two or three hundred availed themselves of the opportunity to secure their liberty. How many refused to leave may never be known. The first reports indicate that forty or fifty lost their lives, but the later advices may reduce this.

Those who escaped were in a pitiable condition, and illy prepared for the winter exposure. Many of them were almost naked, barefoot and hatless, and probaby as many as were burned to death will be found to have perished by exposure. With the characteristics of insane people they sought dark alleys, out-buildings, and by ways throughout the city. Some took to the woods and very likely will never be heard from again. There was no means of securing or caring for them, and they roamed at will. The death list from exposure, when added to those destroyed by fire, will make a fearful aggregate.

The flames appear to have been confined to the wing where they originated, though at one time it was thought that the whole magnificent structure would be utterly destroyed.

While the flames were in progress, Wm. Schimmel, secretary of the board of trustees, telegraphed Gov. Pillsbury for aid in caring for the burned out patients. The Governor called upon the railroad for cars and secured the promise of transportation to remove the afflicted to St. Paul and Minneapolis, or such portion of them as could not be cared for at St. Peter.

The building was begun in 1866, and was planned on such a magnificent scale that it cost over half a million to complete it. It had a capacity for 650 patients and for months has been full to overflowing. The loss to the State is total there being no insurance on the building or furniture. How it originated is still a mystery and may never be known, but be that as it may, the flames did effective service.

Gen. Pillsbury promptly visited the scene of the disaster on the morning of the 16th. As many as possible were accommodated in the main building and south wing which escaped the destroying element. Temporary habitations were also found for many while those who had escaped or perished lessened the number to be cared for. It will probably be several days before the loss of life can be known and it is not certain that it will ever be fully ascertained. The deaths by exposure will probably leave it a matter of doubt forever, as to the exact number who perished in the flames.

When the helpless and dangerous character of the inmates is considered, and the multitude of friends scattered far and wide, utterly powerless to aid, is taken into the account, the calamity is the greatest which ever befel the State.

The Day After the Fire.

St. Peter was the scene of much excitement and confusion the day after the fire, but there were no new events to record. The fire was completely confined to the north wing, leaving the south wing and the main building for occupancy, and by crowding what remained of the building they were able to give at least temporary shelter to all who were alive or had not escaped. The death list is not known and cannot be until the debris is removed from the basement. It is thought that not less than ten or more than twenty-five were burned to death. It is probably nearer the former than the latter figure.

All day long Superintendent Bartlett was answering telegrams from friends inquiring relative to the safety of inmates. In many cases he was obliged to give uncertain replies as the parties were missing, but might have wandered away and not absolutely have lost their lives.

The origin of the fire seems likely to remain a mystery. The generally-accepted theory is that it caught from a leak in the gaspipe (gasoline being used). When it was discovered the basement of the north wing was well on fire. This wing was 165 long with two returns, 40x70 and 30x60. It contained 200 rooms and was occupied by 270 male patients. At least 200 were in peril of their lives, and that more were not destroyed is a wonder.

Gov. Pillsbury, who visited the scene the morning after the fire, thinks the building can be rebuilt for $100,000. There was also several thousand dollars damage done to furniture in removing it from portions of the buildings which were not destroyed. There being no insurance the loss is total. A meeting of the trustees was held during the day, and it was decided to transfer twenty patients to Rochester, and ask St. Paul and Minneapolis to each take twenty.

One poor fellow was literally roasted alive He occupied a room in the third story of the corner where the fire started. During the fire he stood peering through the bars of his living grave with a seeming calmness and fortitude of a martyr. The flames crept stealthily upward, and he watched their advance with the keenest interest and composure. He seemed infatuated at the prospects of a fiery and awful death. Red, sinuous shafts of fire darted up and almost licked his face; still he stood unimpassioned, merely dodging the flames by a sharp turn of the head. At last the cage became filled with flames and he staid there unmoved, the center of a fiery furnace. Suddenly there was a crash, and he went down with the debris without uttering a groan.

During the excitement of the fire a large number of the male patients wandered or ran off. The exact number is not yet known, and probably will not be definitely ascertained until some time to-morrow, when, the confusion having subsided, the officers will have a chance to take account of stock. The number is variously estimated at from seventy-five to a hundred and twenty-five. Men were at once sent out to scour the country in search of the estrays and succeeded in finding a number of them in the city, some in adjacent farm houses, while at Kasota nine were found in a body, all evidently highly pleased at what they considered a huge frolic. Two men were found by a farmer about four miles from the asylum, with their feet and hands badly frozen. Their names were John Ford and Henry Miles. They may have to suffer amputation. They received immediate and kind attention. Several others had suffered frost bites, but they were not of a serious nature. It is estimated that there are now from thirty-five to forty patients missing, some of whom may be lying dead beneath the ruins.

Dead and Missing.

The official list of the missing and dead furnished by the hospital officials is as follows: S. S. Pruder, Lincoln county, probably fatally burned. J. C. Brennan, Washington county, missing; believed to be safe. Columbus McMullen, Scott county, probably burned. Wm. Callophie, Ramsey county, probably burned. James E. Clinch, Anoka county, probably burned. Charles R. Barber, Nobles county, missing. Amos C. Alley, Wright county, missing. Carl Ranshelmer, Scott county, sick; probably burned. Jacob E. Egfeller, Nicollet county, missing; thought to have escaped and eloped. T. Larson Ross, Rock county, missing. Patrick E. Fahey, Ramsey county, missing. Joseph M. Sloppal, Blue Earth county, missing. Marcelle Gogyns, demented, Hennepin county, probably burned. Hans Anderson, Brown county, missing; probably burned. Jonathan P. Abraham, Hennepin county, rescued from building but died soon after. John K. Thorwildson, Fillmore county, rescued from building and died next day. Henry Dickman, Dakota county, probably burned; had resided in hospital fourteen years. John Gills, Wright county, rescued and died soon after from exhaustion. James McKey, Carlton, missing. Ephraim D. Gordon, Rice county, missing; demented. Andrew Gleson, Scott county, demented, missing. Lenore Dube, (man) Hennepin county, epileptic, probably burned. Edward Mahoney, Todd county, probably burned. Peter Peterson, Nobles county, epileptic, missing. Daniel O'Brien, Le Seuer county, missing. Patrick Clancy, Le Seuer county, admitted last week, probably burned. Catharina Hohlman, Ramsey county, missing, but probably safe.

THE WHEAT CROP.

Production of the World, and the Surplus and Wants of Different Countries.

Bradstreet's commercial agency, in New York, publishes a review of the wheat crop of the world in which it claims that 455,649,000 will be the total yield in this country.

The total for the New England States aggregates 4,100,000 bushels; for the Middle States, 36,595,000, and for the Southern States, 41,929,000. The summary gives the yield in Ohio as 69,450,000 bushels; in Indiana, 68,000,000 bushels; in Minnesota, 42,620,000 bushels; in Nebraska, 9,130,000 bushels. The final returns of other States are as follows:

	Bushels.
Wisconsin........	33,375,000
Illinois........	52,500,000
Iowa........	45,600,000
Missouri........	25,750,000
Kansas........	19,750,000
Total for all the Western States.	323,675,000

THE YIELD OF THE ENTIRE PACIFIC COAST

is 39,500,000, an excess of 10,000,000 over the first estimate of October 9. This result after deducting for food and seed, will permit the exportation of about 30,000,000 bushels. The exports of flour and wheat from San Francisco to all foreign countries since January 1, 1880, comprise 190,967 barrels of flour and 2,155,455 centals of wheat. For the same period last year the exports amounted to 128,398 barrels of wheat and 4,274,247 bushels of wheat, a marked falling off. The quality of the Dakota wheat is, as in other years, extraordinarily good. Final returns warrant the conclusion that the yield of Colorado and the Territories, including Washington, will aggregate 13,850,000 bushels, nearly all of which is to the credit of Dakota. The needs of the country for food, seed, etc., will be about 265,000,000 bushels. On this basis there will be left

A MARGIN

of 190,724,000 bushels for export to supply the demands of foreign countries. Early in the season, when exaggerated estimates of the wheat crop gained wide acceptance, a belief was entertained that the surplus of wheat would be very largely in excess of any demand likely to arise. The latest and most trustworthy returns regarding the surplus and deficiency of the wheat-producing and wheat-consuming countries of the world are at hand. The surplus amount to 254,250,000 and the deficiencies to 227,500,000, leaving an apparent surplus productions of 27,250,000. Regarding countries producing a surplus for shipment it should be noted that the out-turn of British India, Chili, and Australia is, as yet, an uncertain element in the problem, although the estimates are amply large. Notwithstanding the general failure of the Russian crop, that country is included among the exporting countries. It needs to import grain, but rye and Indian corn will be brought in to supply the need, while wheat will undoubtedly be exported to the nominal extent of 5,000,000 bushels. The average annual

WHEAT PRODUCT OF THE UNITED KINGDOM.

has been 745,360,000 bushels. The average of the annual importation has been 115,524,000. The importations of wheat last year amounted to 131,200,000 bushels. The estimate of 120,000,000 bushels for wheat importation of Great Britain during the current year is borne out by official returns of the British board of trade. In ordinary years Germany imports 12,000,000 bushels of wheat. In the light of these facts we estimate the probable importation of wheat into the German empire at 20,000,000 bush.; and these figures will, it is believed, not be far out of the way when receipts come to be figured up. The apparent surplus of wheat, after the world's need is supplied, is so small that, considering the probability of consumption at home and abroad increasing rather than decreasing, there is no good reason to count on declining prices.

Cheerfulness.

Carry the radiance of your soul in your face; let the world have the benefit of it. Let your cheerfulness be left for good, wherever you are, and let your smiles be scattered like sunbeams—"on the just as well as on the unjust." Such a disposition will yield you a rich reward, for its happy effects will come home to you and brighten your moments of thought. Smiles are the higher and better responses of nature to the emotion of the soul. Let the children have the benefit of them—these little ones who need the sunshine of the heart to educate them, and would find a level for their buoyant nature in the cheerful, loving faces of those who lead them. Let them not be kept from the middle aged, who need the encouragement they bring. Give your smiles also to the aged. They come to them like the quiet rain of summer, making fresh and verdant the long, weary path of life. Be gentle and indulgent to all, love the true, the beautiful, the just, the holy.

A NEVADA Bishop says there is no Sunday in that State. It is a mining State, and mining is so important and controlling an interest that religion has taken a back seat.

THE LEGISLATURE.

A Complete and Accurate List of the Minnesota Law-Makers.

The following is a revised list of the members of the next Minnesota legislature:

Districts.

1. Houston.
2. Fillmore.
3. Fillmore.
4. Mower.
5. Freeborn.
6. Faribault.
7. Winona.
8. Winona.
9. Olmsted.
10. Olmsted.
11. Dodge.
12. Steele.
13. Waseca.
14. Blue Earth.
15. Wabashaw.
16. Goodhue.
17. Goodhue.
18. Rice.
19. Le Sueur.
20. Dakota.
21. Scott.
22. Washington.
23. Ramsey.
24. Ramsey.
25. Hennepin, Anoka and Isanti.
26. Hennepin.
27. Hennepin.
28. Chisago, Pine, Kanabec and Aitkin.
29. Lake, Itaska, Carlton, Cass and St. Louis.
30. Sherburne, Benton, Morrison, Crow Wing and Mille Lacs.
31. Stearns.
32. Wright.
33. Carver.
34. Nicollet and Renville.
35. Meeker.
36. Sibley and McLeod.
37. Redwood, Brown and Lyon.
38. Martin, Jackson Nobles, Rock, Watonwan, Cottonwood, Murray and Pipestone.
39. Douglas, Pope Stevens, Grant and Big Stone.
40. Kandiyohi, Swift and Chippewa.
41. Otter Tail, Wilkin, Wadena, Todd, Beltrami, Polk, Clay, Becker, Traverse and Pembina.

SENATE.	HOUSE.
1. J. P. Schaller, R.	1. H. Saure, R.
	2. H. Kahlmeier, R.
	3. O. B. Tone, R.
	4. Louis Ridding, R.
2. J. M. Wheat, R.	1. Geo. A. Hayes, R
	2. E. Loveland, R.
	3. Ole Stedjee, R.
3. O. S. Powers, G.	1. J. N. Graling, G.
	2. P. McCracken, G.
	3. Geo. Andrus, R.
4. W. H. Officer, R.	1. J. D. Allen, R.
	2. P. A. Peterson, R.
5. A. O. Wedge, R.	1. B. Arleson, R.
	2. A. F. Denby, R.
6. R. B. Johnson, R.	1. A. C. Dunn, R.
	2. J. J. Northness, R
7. S. S. Beeman, R.	1. Geo. H. Henry, R.
	2. Eben Churchill, R.
8. O. F. Buck, D.	1. Thomas Wilson, D.
	2. S. B. Sheardown, R
	3. E. B. Hoffman, R
9. Milo White, R.	1. C. A. Butterfield, R
	2. Ole Julceson, R.
10. D. A. Morrison, R.	1. J. V. Daniels, R.
	2. O. S. Porter, R.
11. J. McLaughlin, R.	1. Severt Olson, R.
	2. O. B. Kidder, R.
12. W. W. Wilkins, R.	1. H. H. Rosebrock, R
	2. A. Colquhoun, R
13. R. L. McCorm'k, R.	1. D. J. Dodge, R.
	2. C. Wagner, R.
14. Daniel Buck, D.	1. J. D. Hawkins, R.
	2. Joseph Barger, R.
	3. Richard Lewis, R.
	4. J. Bookwalter, R.
	5. William Hall, R.
15. J. G. Lawrence, R.	1. G. D. Post, R.
	2. H. H. McMaster, R.
	3. E. C. Geary, R.
	4. E. D. Southard, D.
16. H. B. Wilson, R.	1. F. W. Hoyt, R.
	2. F. Thether, R.
17. F. I. Johnson, R.	1. Charles Hill, R.
	2. O. P. Hulebak, R
	3. A. A. Flom, R.
18. T. B. Clements, R.	1. John Thompson, R
	2. S. P. Stewart, R.
	3. R. A. Mott, R.
	4. W. R. Baldwin, R.
	5. Phil. Plaisance, R.
19. Geo. E. Case, R.	1. F. A. Pischell, D.
	2. Ed. Purrington, D.
	3. P. S. Gardner, D.
20. C. P. Adams, R.	1. D. Boser, R.
	2. J. F. Norish, D.
	3. James Kennedy, D
	4. R. McAndrew, D.
	5. J. N. Searles, R.
21 Henry Hinds, D.	1. J. W. Callendar, D.
	2. P. H. Thornton, D
22 J. N. Castle, D.	1. D. M. Sabin, R.
	2. Wm. Schmidt, R.
	3. And. Peterson, R.
23. Wm. Crooks, D.	1. J. G. Sanborn, R.
	2. R. C. Wiley, R.
24. C. D. Gilfillan, R.	1. C. W. Griggs, D.
	2. Jas. Smith, Jr., D
	3. Peter Bohland, R.
25. J. B. Gilfillan, R.	1. F. H. Caine, R.
	2. G. W. Putnam, R.
26. C. A. Pillsbury, R.	1. Loren Fletcher, R.
	2. H. G. Hicks, R.
	3. A. Thoralson, R.
	4. J. Thompson, R.
27 R. B. Langdon, R.	1. George Huhn, R.
	2. John Baxter, R.
	3. A. Roberts, R.
28. John Shalsen, R.	1. D. McCormack, D.
29. J. D. Howard, R.	1. H. C. Kendall, I.
30. J. Simmons, D.	1. C. B. Buckman, R.
31. C. F. Macdonald, D.	1. L. W. Collins, R.
	2. C. Herberger, D.
	3. D. J. Hanscom, R.
	4. Alex. Moore, R.
32. T. G. Mealey, D.	1. E. J. Cutts, R.
	2. T. C. Porter, R.
33. H. S. Tiffany, R.	1. L. L. Baxter, D.
	2. H. R. Denny, R.
	3. O. G. Halgren, I.
34. H. C. Miller, R.	1. C. Amundson, R.
	2. J. Klossner, R.
	3. P. H. McDermid, D.
35. W. M. Campbell, D.	1. O. M. Linnell, R.
36 W. T. Bonniwell, D.	1. M. E. Donahue, D.
	2. Elisha A. Child, D.
	3. Warren J. Ives, R.
37. S. D. Peterson, R.	1. Enor Birum, R.
	2. J. C. Lieske, R.
38. A. D. Perkins, R.	1. J. A. Armstrong, R.
	2. W. D. Rice, R.
	3. P. J. Kuisel, R.
39. L. K. Aaker, R.	1. C. F. Washburn, R.
	2. K. C. Helgeson, I.
40. A. E. Rice, R.	1. L. K. Stone, R.
	1. S. G. Comstock, R.
	2. Ole Sampson, R.

Political Recapitulation.

SENATE.

Republicans........	30
Democrats........	10
Greenback........	1
Total........	41

Republican majority, 29.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Republicans........	83
Democrats........	18
Greenback........	2
Independent........	1
Total........	104

Republican majority, 62.

Republican majority on joint ballot, 81.

"MY case is just here," said a citizen to a lawyer: "The plaintiff will swear that I hit him. I will swear that I did not. Now what can you lawyers make of that if we go to trial?" "Five dollars apiece!" was the prompt reply.

Grain and Produce Markets.

St. Paul Market.

Wheat, No. 2 hard........	70c
Oats, No. 2 mixed........	29¼c
Corn, No. 2........	40c
Barley, No. 2........	20@21c
Butter, choice........	19@75c
Flour, straight xxxx........	$5.00@5.50c
Mess Pork........	$15.50@16.00
Eggs........	20@22c
Hides, green salt........	9½c
Live hogs........	$4.7

LUMBER.

Common boards........	$13.00
Timber, joist and dimension	$12.00, 14.00, 16.00
Dimension, 2x4, 10 and 20ft........	$13.00
First fencing........	$14.00@15.00
Second fencing........	$12.00
Dressed siding........	$16.00@20.00
Dressed flooring........	$18.00@32.00
Shingles........	$1.00@3.00
Lath........	$2.20

Milwaukee Market.

Barley, No. 2........	72¾@2¾
Corn, No. 2........	41½c
Mess Pork........	$12.50c
Oats, No. 2........	30½c
Wheat, No. 2........	$1.02½c

Chicago Market.

Corn........	41½c
Mess Pork........	$14.00
Lard........	$8.20
Oats........	30½c
Wheat, No. 2........	1.04c

Minneapolis Market.

Wheat, No. 2........	98c
Corn, No. 2........	38@40
Oats........	28@30c
Butter, best dairy........	22@25
Eggs........	20@2.

THE FASCINATING CAPTAIN.

Through the holes of my hat, as I lay on the sand,
I saw the Louisa sail straight for the land,
The yacht has my name and the Captain's my beau;
When he asked me to marry, I couldn't say no!
I wouldn't say no, because it is true
Every girl in Niantic wanted him, too.

Through the holes in my hat, as I lay on the sand,
I saw my brave Captain step lightly to land.
I would make believe sleep, and see what he'd say,
Though I'd watch every step as he hurried this way;
I would watch every step of my lover so true;
Every girl in Niantic wanted him, too.

Through the holes in my hat, as I lay on the sand,
I saw him keep waving his handsome brown hand;
And Bella De Vere, who sketched by the sea,
Waved her hand in response and laughed merrily;
Waved her hand in response to my Captain so true—
Every girl in Niantic wanted him, too.

Through the holes in my hat, as I lay on the sand,
I saw my gay Captain take Bella's fair hand
And kiss it repeatedly—then glance round in fear;
"She's been asleep for an hour," said Bella De Vere.
Yes, that's what she said; I'm telling you true—
Every girl in Niantic wanted him, too.

I took off my hat as I lay on the sand,
And said, with a yawn, "Why, when did you land?"
The Captain came over and knelt by my side;
"I was fearing to wake you," he tenderly cried;
And I never let on I knew him untrue—
Every girl in Niantic wanted him, too.

ELEANOR KIRK.

TOPSY'S THANKSGIVING.

Topsy was Win's kitten. She sat all humped up in the cellar-way, watching the plump, speckled hens, which hung there by strings tied around their yellow legs. Only yesterday she had chased these same hens about the yard, and jumped at them from behind the rose bushes. Topsy shook her little sable head. "O, *me!*" said she, and then she gave thanks that she was not a fowl.

Just then Win's mother stepped down on the stairs and took one of the hens. Topsy followed and saw her lay it on a board and begin to "dress" it. Topsy thought it more like *un*-dressing it—feathers jerked off; legs and head cut off; and when the sharp knife began to cut it open, Topsy ran away horrified. "What a dreadful observance Thanksgiving is," said she.

However, the odor of the various bakings and stewings was delightful. Topsy spent the afternoon in the kitchen rocking-chair. Frequently Win came in and gave her a hug and talked to her of the good things they would eat to-morrow. Topsy's views of Thanksgiving were considerably changed by evening; but it was the evident hungriness of the whole family, I think, which caused her to take the step she did.

Under the stove where she lay, she had a good view of Win's papa and mamma. She siezed the moment when the former sneezed his spectacles off and the latter dropped the seam stitches in her knitting work, to walk across the dark corner toward the pantry door, then, with one backward look and a soft leap, she was in.

Under the broad shelf stood the molasses jug and the vinegar jug, and behind them Topsy snugly hid herself. She was so black that no one could see her in the dark corner, unless they looked very sharply.

In a little while somebody said: "Well, we'll turn the cat out now, and go to bed."

And then Topsy heard a soft, persuasive voice: "Kitty! kitty! kitty! kitty!" but she did not stir.

"Kitty, kitty, kitty!"

In vain.

"Well, I thought the cat was in here, but I guess Win turned her out before he went to bed."

Topsy purred so loudly—that was her way of laughing—that she was afraid of being heard. But presently the light was put out and the house grew still; she waited until she could hear somebody snore, and then crept out. She knew where her favorite dishes were, for she had watched them when they were put away. She sprang upon a shelf and then smelt daintily about till she had found the platter of roasted chickens. She tasted the delicately browned wings, the breast, and the tender sides of the last she ate heartily. Then she partook of the squash and pumpkin pies, eating out the insides. Then she nibbled the crust of the mince and apple pies, then tested the cake, then lapped a little cream from the milk pans.

By this time she was too full to swallow another mouthful, and she jumped down to the floor, and looked around for a nice sleeping place. She found a drawer partly open, and the ironing sheet in it made a nice nest, and so she went to sleep, sure of her Thanksgiving dinner.

In the morning she was awakened by some one making the kitchen fire. She lay still, not daring to crawl out, for she knew very well what she had done.

While she was thinking about it, Win's mamma came into the pantry and, seeing the open drawer shut it.

Topsy forgot and was just going to mew to be let out, when she heard mamma exclaim: "Well, I do declare!"

"What's the matter?" said papa from the kitchen.

"Just look here!"

Papa came, and not only looked here, but looked there; and then Topsy heard him say: "Where is the little brute?"

"In the kitchen, I presume," said mamma.

"Just let me find her!" said papa, threateningly.

They looked all about, but no black kitty could be found. When Win came down they showed him the spoiled pies and gnawed chickens, and he said he would thrash that kitty as soon as he could catch her. When Topsy heard that she was more than eve afraid to stir.

By and by everybody went to church; and then Topsy pushed her way to the front of the drawer, but it was shut tight. So she crept back again to her nest and tried to go to sleep, but the oder of the roasting turkey came through the crack in the drawer, and kept her awake. Then she heard people come back from church; and in a little while she knew by the sound that they were drawing up to the table. After that the table was cleared, and she knew that delicious things were brought into the pantry.

"If I could only get out now!" sighed Topsy.

In the evening there was a little party, as Topsy knew by the sound. She mewed some, but no one heard her; they were all too merry and noisy.

Then Topsy began to think that being shut up in a drawer was a worse punishment for stealing than being whipped. The whipping would have been over so much sooner.

Thinking made her sleepy, and she took a nap. When she awoke the house was still again, everybody having gone to bed. By this time she was terribly hungry. She didn't care a straw for the "threshing" Win said he would give her, didn't even care if she was drowned, and began to mew, softly at first, and then louder and louder, until Win's papa bounded out into the kitchen to see what was the matter, and ran against the table and then against the stove and hurt his knee so badly it made him knock a chair over.

Topsy heard Win's mamma call from the bed-room.

"What upon earth is the matter?"

And papa answered, "I wish this stove was in Jericho!"

Mamma laughed, and then papa said "Now where is that wretched little cat?"

Topsy was afraid somewhat again, so she said very softly, "meow!"

"There she is!" cried papa.

"Where?" called mamma.

"How should I know?" scolded papa—for his shins still ached from the bump on the hearth.

"*Meow, Meow!*" said Topsy.

"She's in the pantry again!" exclaimed papa, and then mamma came and lit a lamp and then went to look for her.

"MEOW!"

They looked under the shelves and behind the flour barrel, and into the cupboard, but no kitten was to be seen.

"MEOW!"

"She's under the floor!" cried papa, in dismay.

"She's in the drawer!" cried mamma, suddenly remembering that she shut the drawer when she went into the pantry and found the spoiled goodies.

Papa opened the drawer, and out jumped Topsy right into his face, which startled him so that he jumped back against mamma, and made her knock off he lamp-chimney.

Topsy had dashed wildly under the cupboard, but when she heard the chimney smash she rushed out and under the stove, with her tail three or four times as big as usual.

Mamma stepped very carefully with her bare feet over the broken glass and lit another lamp. Papa opened the outside door. Mamma took down the broom and punched at the place where Topsy had disappeared, while papa kicked the door of the tin oven on the other side of the stove. Topsy thought the house must be coming down and so she scampered out at the door so fast that she looked like a black streak.

"*Sho there!*" cried mamma, and papa shouted "SC-SCAT!"

And then the clock struck twelve and Thanksgiving was over.—*Harriet E. Bagg, in Wide-Awake.*

Eye Memory.

Look steadily at a bright object, keep the eyes immovably on it for a short time, and then close them. An image of the object remains; it becomes, in fact, visible to the closed eyes. The vividness and duration of such impression vary considerably with different individuals, and the power of retaining them may be cultivated. Beside this sort of retinal image thus impressed, there is another kind of visual image that may be obtained by an effort of memory. Certain adepts of mental arithmetic use the "mind's eye" as a substitute for slate and pencil by holding in visual memory pictures of the figures upon which they are operating, and those of their results. In my youthful days I was acquainted with an eccentric old man, who then lived at Kilburn Priory, where he surrounded himself with curious old furniture reputed to have originally belonged to Cardinal Wolsey, and which, as I was told, he bequeathed to the Queen at his death. He was the then celebrated, but now forgotten, "Memory Thompson," who, in his early days, was a town traveler (for a brewery, if I remember rightly), and who trained himself to the performance of wonderful feats of eye memory. He could close his eyes and picture within himself a panorama of Oxford street and other parts of London, in which picture every inscription over every shop was so perfect and reliable that he could describe and certify to the names and occupations of the shopkeeping inhabitants of all the houses of these streets at certain dates, when postoffice directories were not as they now are. Although Memory Thompson is forgotten, his special faculty is just now receiving some attention, and it is proposed to specially cultivate it in elementary schools by placing objects before the pupils for a given time, then taking them away and requiring the pupil to draw them. That such a faculty exists and may be of great service is unquestionable. Systematic efforts to educate it, if successful, will do good service to the rising generation; and, even should the proposed training afford smaller results than its projectors anticipate, the experiments, if carefully made and registered, cannot fail to improve our knowledge of mental physiology.—*Gentleman's Magazine.*

Bears and Hornets.

Hornets build their nests high up in the branches of trees, or fasten them to rocks out of reach of harm. But, cunning as these insects are, they are no match for the bear. A bear discovers a hornet's nest far out on a limb too small to bear his weight or high up on the breast of a rock. If the former, he climbs the tree, breaks off the longest branch he can get, and, holding it in his fore paws, thrashes the nest until it drops to the ground. Sometimes he dances or stamps on the limb until the nest is shaken off. If the nest is on a rock, the bear goes up to the top of the ledge above it. Then he gathers large stones and pieces of wood and rolls them down the side of the rock until one strikes the nest and sends it tumbling to the ground below. The hornets seem to know what has caused their ruin, and not one of them deserts the fallen nest, but all seem to await the appearance of the bear, when they attack him at once. "A hornet sting," says the old hunter, "is equal to a blow from a sledge hammer every time, and one hornet'll knock a bull down. But their bite won't raise a lump as big as a buckshot on a b'ar, and the shaggy creature seems to think it's a heap o' fun. He'll stand up on his hind legs and square off with his fore paws at the hornets, jest as if he was boxin' with somebody, only he's turn careful to keep his eyes shet. Then he'll lay down and roll all over the nest, as if he wanted to show the hornets how he didn't care no more for 'em than as if they was gnats. Once I see a big she b'ar, which had knocked a hornet's nest as big as a peck measure off'n a tree, take it under her arm and walk off with it as coolly as if it was one of her cubs."

Good Advice.

Daniel Webster was once an outside passenger on a stage-coach during a prolonged shower. A dandified fellow who sat next to him kept bemoaning the fact that his brand new lavender pantaloons would be ruined by the wet, until Webster, tired out with listening, grunted:

"Then why the devil don't you keep them dry?"

"But how can I?" queried the dandy.

"Take them off and sit on them."

Our orator made the remainder of his journey in peace.

FROM $1,000,000 to $2,000,000 worth of birds' nests are yearly imported into Canton, most of them coming from Java. They are very expensive, costing from $30 to 40 per pound. The nests are composed of pure gelatine, secreted by a species of swallow and deposited against a wall.

THE STATES IN CONGRESS.

Remarkable Growth of the West in Political Power.

An examination of the number of Representatives in Congress given to each State by the several apportionments, says the New York *Times*, shows the relative Congressional strength in the New England, Middle, Southern and Western States in each of eight consecutive decades. From the several apportionments may be constructed a table which exhibits the gradually-decreasing relative importance of New England and the Middle States, whose area has not been capable of expansion; the manner in which the Southern States have nearly held their own by the admission of Southern Territories, and also the remarkable growth of the West. In the following table each section's percentage of the whole number of Representatives under the several apportionments is given, the decimal parts having been eliminated for the sake of brevity. The New England and Middle sections represent areas which have not been enlarged from the beginning, while the Southern and Western sections have been continually growing in size by the addition of new States. The percentages which appear in the first line are those which were allowed before the census of 1790, upon a ratio of 1 to 30,000. The first real apportionment was made in 1792, on the census of 1790, the ratio being 1 to 33,000. In the Southern States we have included Maryland, Missouri, and all others south of the Ohio river:

	New England.	Middle.	Southern.	Western.
1789	26	29	45	..
1790	28	28	44	..
1800	25	30	45	..
1810	23	32	42	3
1820	18	32	42	8
1830	16	31	41	12
1840	14	29	40	17
1850	13	27	38	22
1860	11	25	35	29
1870	10	23	36	31

This table shows how New England has steadily fallen back in comparative strength, beginning with more than one-fourth of the Representatives and ending with less than one-tenth. The Middle States, starting with the same proportional share, have so far filled their limited area with people that the decrease in relative strength has been slight, dating only from the apportionment of 1830. The Southern States, starting with so great a preponderance, have steadily, but slowly, lost their relative strength since the apportionment of 1810. The Western States, beginning with Ohio in the apportionment of the decade 1818-20, have grown from no strength at all to a power measured by nearly one-third of the members of the House.

The following table shows the number of Representatives from each of the four sections during each decade, and the basis of each apportionment:

YEAR.	Basis of Representation.	New England.	Middle.	Southern.	Western.	Whole Number.
1789	1 to 30,000	17	19	29	....	65
1790	1 to 33,000	29	29	47	....	105
1800	1 to 33,000	35	42	64	....	141
1810	1 to 35,000	41	58	76	6	181
1820	1 to 40,000	39	67	88	18	212
1830	1 to 47,700	38	75	98	29	240
1840	1 to 70,680	31	64	89	39	234
1050	1 to 93,420	29	64	89	52	234
1860	1 to 126,840	27	61	84	69	241
1870	1 to 131,400	28	68	105	92	293

The apportionment based upon the tenth census, which will be made in 1882, will make some important changes in the representation of the South and West, but New England and the Middle States must continue to recede in relative strength, compelled by the growth of population in other sections, which are for the present practically without limit to the westward, and whose settled areas are capable of supporting a much denser population.

THE FAMILY PHYSICIAN.

SORE THROAT.—Gargle for sore throat: Tincture myrrh, two drachms; common water, four ounces; vinegar, half an ounce. Mix.

FOR BURNS OR SCALDS.—Varnish the wound with the white of an egg. The application of the egg is more soothing than sweet oil and cotton, the common remedy for burns.

TONIC APERIENT.—Epsom salts, one ounce; diluted sulphuric acid, one drachm; infusion of quassia chips, half an imperial pint; compound tincture of rhubarb, two drachms. Half a wineglassful for a dose twice each day.

DIARRHEA.—It is said the small plant, commonly known by the name of rupturewort, made into tea and drunk frequently, is a sure cure for diarrhea. Rupturewort grows in nearly every open lot and along the roads. It is a small plant, throwing out a number of shoots in a horizontal direction, and lying close to the ground, something similar to the manner of the parsleyweed, and bears a small dark green leaf with an oblong purple spot in the center. When the stem is broken, a white milky substance will ooze from the wound. It is very palatable and infants take it as readily as any drink. This is an old Indian cure, and may be relied on. The botanical name of this plant is *Euphorbia Maculata.*

HOW TO KILL A TAPEWORM IN AN HOUR.—Kousso and kamela are expensive drugs, nauseous to the taste, not always effectual, and requiring several days to effect the death of the worm. Dr. Karl Bettelheim, of Vienna, narrates in the *Deutches Archiv*, a heroic method and nearly sure cure in the short space of time of three-quarters of an hour to two hours. It is this: He inserts a tube in the œsophagus, to the stomach, and pours down from 200 to 400 grammes of a very concentrated decoction of pomegranate root, having previously had his patient fast for twenty-four hours. The worm is stupefied and passed, head and all, to a certainty; the patient has no sickness of the stomach and no nauseous swallowing to do, and the drug is cheap.

HOW TO CURE A COLD.—On the first day of taking cold there is a very unpleasant sensation of chilliness. The moment you observe this go to your room and stay there; keep it at such a temperature as will prevent this chilly feeling, even if it requires 100 degrees of Fahrenheit. In addition, put your feet in water, half-leg deep, as hot as you can bear it, adding hotter water from time to time for a quarter of an hour, so that the water shall be hotter when you take your feet out than when you put them in; then dry them thoroughly, and put on warm, thick woolen stockings, even if it be in summer, for summer colds are the most dangerous; and for twenty-four hours eat not an atom of food, but drink as largely as you like of any kind of warm teas, and at the end of that time, if not sooner, the cold will be effectually broken without any medicine whatever.

A YOUNG man died of heart disease at St. Paul while asking a girl to marry him.

The Sociable Scorpion.

An African traveler, speaking of the scorpions there, says: As during three or four months they haunted our tents, so they did our thoughts. Their bodies were as broad and almost as full as a finger; their fangs as broad and plump as those of small crawfishes, and usually measured, with their snake of a tail, from three to five inches. They found out almost every camp, and we found them usually, when starting in the morning, under the packages, saddles and tent carpets. One was detected by a colleague in a pocket. Another stung the same man before lunch in his tent. One was caught during a meal on the back of a chair, crawling toward the sitter's neck, while he was just scanning the ground to see whether any were about. My servant more than once turned them out of my bed, usually before I turned in, but once at least from under my pillow immediately after I had risen. A special short pair of tongs, however, was at these times always with my ready servant, and he used grimly to exhibit to us, with a grin, while we were at table, any remarkable specimen which he happened to catch, secured in these tongs. The smaller and slender species with narrow fangs of gall and bile yellow—which warns us when seen in the ribs of deleterious mushrooms and in the flowers of poisonous plants—I found to be more numerous on the main stream and in the Delta of the Nile. These crawl with tail curled up in all seasons. When we asked our Nubian friends about the manslaughtering power of the dark, hard ones, we got the indirect answer that they will kill a camel.

Corn Cobs.

The cobs of Indian corn contain a large amount of potash. Its ashes contain twice the amount of that material than the ashes of the willow, which contains more than any other wood. Potash is one of the minerals for which the farmer pays, in one shape or another, large sums of money, and this frequently when there can be seen lying around his premises uneconomized quantities of this valuable material.

THERE is a vagrant in Philadelphia who begs in seven different languages. He tries the foreign ones first, to awaken curiosity, and finally comes down to broken English—"Mein friend, I speaks a leetle English"—and tells his story. His name is Charles Wagner, and he is an incorrigible beggar.

[Cincinnati Irish Citizen.]

Mr. Thomas Lewis, 62 Butler street, informs us that for seven years he was afflicted with that dreadful malady, Sciatica, and being induced to try St. Jacobs Oil, found almost immediate relief therefrom, and is now perfectly cured.

NEW YORKERS will play polo on skates during the winter. In Scotland there is a game known as water polo, which is played in the water, the steeds being barrels.

[Kansas City Times.]

Mr. William Hadeler at the Marathon Hotel, Wausau, after extreme suffering with rheumatism, without any benefit from physicians or various preparations, was cured by St. Jacobs Oil.—*Wis. Exchange.*

IT is estimated that the sea swallows up about two and one-quarter yards a year of part of the Yorkshire coast, and about three feet a year of part of Kent.

Enterprising Druggists.

Messrs. Gray & Hoffin of Minneapolis, the live Druggists of Minnesota, are always up to the times and ready to meet the demands of their many customers. They have just received a supply of that wonderful remedy, that is astonishing the world with its marvelous cures. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, Phthisic, Croup, Whooping Cough, Tickling in the Throat, Loss of Voice, Hoarseness or any affection of the Throat and Lungs. This remedy positively cures, as thousands can testify. If you do not believe it call at any Drug Store and get a trial bottle free of cost or a regular size bottle for one dollar. As you value your life, give it a trial and be convinced as thousands have all ready been. For sale at wholesale and retail by Gray and Hoffin, Minneapolis.

Malarial fevers can be prevented, also other miasmatic diseases, by occasionally using Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator, the oldest general Family Medicine, which is recommended as a cure for all diseases caused by a disordered liver. Eighty-page book sent free. Address Dr. Sanford, 162 Broadway, New York.

Patent medicines only give themselves away when they say physicians recommend them, when it is well known by the people that physicians never recommend a good patent medicine. It is only some worthless medicine they recommend to get all good patient medicines into disrepute with the people. They never recommend Dr. Halliday's Blood Purifier, because it cures too quick. They take it themselves all the same when they get out of sorts, and pronounce it the boss regulator.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world, for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all kinds of Skin Eruptions. This Salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per Box. For sale at wholesale by Gray & Hoffin, Minneapolis.

How to Save Money.

In diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs, and Lame Back, avoid all internal medicines, and plasters, which at best give but temporary relief, and use DAY'S KIDNEY PAD, which will save you annually many times its cost in doctors' bills, plasters and medicines.

The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich.

Will send their Electro-Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days trial. See their advertisement in this paper headed "On 30 Days Trial."

H. B. BRYANT'S Chicago Business College is the "West Point" for business training. Its classes are always well filled and thoroughly instructed.

Dr. Bryant's Dental Parlors, 8 East Third St. St. Paul, Minn.

Get Lyons patent heel stiffener applied to those new boots before you run them over.

Those who cough at night may secure rest taking Piso's Cure for Consumption.

Prices reduced ½ for Dentistry at Dr. Bryant's, 8 E. 3rd St., St. Paul, Minn.

For a Sample Copy of the Best Story-paper in America,

Send Your Name

and address to The weekly Novelist, 74 & 76 Randolph St., CHICAGO, ILL.

Literary Revolution

3 CENTS each, formerly $1.00 to $1.25 each; I. Macaulay's Life of Frederick the Great. II. Carlyle's Life of Robert Burns. III. Lamartine's Life of Mary Queen of Scots. IV. Thos. Hughes' Manliness of Christ. 5 CENTS each, formerly $1.50 each; I. Arnold's Light of Asia. II. Goldsmith's Vicar of Wakefield. III. Baron Munchausen's Travels and Surprising Adventures. For SIX CENTS: Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress, illustrated catalogue, free. AMERICAN BOOK EXCHANGE, John B. Alden, Manager, Tribune Building, New York.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE.

Best in the world. See that the name and trade-mark are on every package. Factories at Chicago, New York and St. Louis. Sold everywhere.

St. Jacobs Oil

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, BACKACHE, GOUT, SORENESS OF THE CHEST, SORE THROAT, QUINSY, SWELLINGS AND SPRAINS, FROSTED FEET AND EARS, BURNS AND SCALDS, General Bodily Pains, TOOTH, EAR AND HEADACHE, AND ALL OTHER PAINS AND ACHES.

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a SAFE, SURE, SIMPLE and CHEAP External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 CENTS, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims. DIRECTIONS IN ELEVEN LANGUAGES.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO. Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

DAY'S Kidney PAD

ACTS DIRECTLY ON THE KIDNEYS, Bladder, Bowels & Urinary Organs.

R. P. HALL'S GALVANO-ELECTRIC PLASTER.

DIGGING GOLD

WELL AUGERS — DRILLS

Sore Ears, Catarrh.

NATRONA Bi-Carb Soda — Penn'a Salt Manufac'g Co., Phila

DANIEL F. BEATTY'S **ORGANS!** 14 STOPS, SUB BASS & OCT. COUPLER. FOUR SET REEDS. PIANOS $125 up. ONLY $65. Address, Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J.

$100 PRESENT! For a Machine that will Saw as Fast and Easy as this one.

This is the King of Saw Machines. It saws off a 2 foot log in 2 minutes. 20,000 in use. The cheapest machine made, and fully warranted. Circular free. United States Manufacturing Co., Chicago, Ill.

C. GILBERT'S STARCH

RED RIVER VALLEY 2,000,000 Acres **Wheat Lands** St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba R.R. CO. D. A. McKINLAY, Land Commissioner, St. Paul, Minn.

TOOLS, MECHANICS TOOLS and Builders' Hardware.

BOSTON One Price Clothing

$5 to $20 per day at home.

YOUNG FOLKS RURAL.

ELGIN WATCHES.

Don't Be Poor!

HAIR Switches, Saratoga Waves.

WE WANT YOU

MUSIC AT SIGHT

ESTEY ORGAN J. ESTEY & Co. BRATTLEBORO VT.

GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

VASELINE

FEMALES

KIDNEY-WORT PERMANENTLY CURES KIDNEY DISEASES, LIVER COMPLAINTS, Constipation and Piles. IT HAS WONDERFUL POWER. WHY? BECAUSE IT ACTS ON THE LIVER, THE BOWELS AND KIDNEYS AT THE SAME TIME.

Please write for our Price List, sent free to any address. Montgomery Ward & Co., 227 & 229 Wabash av., Chicago, Ill.

A MUSICAL WONDER.

$66 a week in your own town. $72 a week. $12 a day at home easily made. **TOBACCO** **X'MAS** **$777** **$350** A MONTH! AGENTS WANTED. **OPIUM** Morphine Habit Cured. **SALESMEN WANTED $105** **EMPLOYMENT** **LOOK!** **EVERY CHILD** **Young Men** Learn Telegraphy. **PURE TEAS** The "Little Detective." **10** Cents. **ZELL'S** ENCYCLOPEDIA.

On 30 Days' Trial. Address Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich.

PENSIONS.

DR. A. L. CLUM'S **LIVER CATHARTIC.**

NEW HOME

SAPONIFIER

PHOTO-ENAMEL, for Painting Photographs in Colors.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM HEALTH THE KEYSTONE OF HAPPINESS. CURES COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION.

SEND 20 CENTS For One Month or $2.00 for One Year's subscription to the Great Illustrated eight page story-paper, THE WEEKLY GAZETTE. T. G. MORROW, PUBLISHER, 165 & 167 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

LOCAL.

A TON OF HEAVY OATS for Sale, enquire of THOS. WADHAM.

The weather has been unusually severe of late, drawing heavily upon the fuel supply.

MR. H. F. Phelps, of Crow Wing, has left his Amber cane syrup for sale at B. F. Hartley's. Try it.

MME. DEMOREST'S Reliable Patterns and good Corsets at Mrs. Parker's, Laurel st., next to Koop's store, east.

I am prepared to fill all orders for Winchester rifles at the lowest rates.
THOS. P. CANTWELL,
Agent Winchester Arms Co.

I put up cowbings in any form. Will teach the trade to any one. For terms enquire of
MRS. C. THOMPSON,
South 4th St.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Congretional church will give a thanksgiving dinner at Bly's Hall, Thursday, November 25th. All are cordially invited to be present.

If you wish to enjoy a hearty laugh, go and see Billy Marble in "Millions in It," as Col. Sellers, commencing Monday, Nov. 22nd. Reserved seats now for sale at P. O.

I can sell Winchester Rifles at the lowest price, and can furnish any style desired.
THOS. P. CANTWELL,
Agent Winchester Arms Co.

Dr. A. S. Campbell of Valley City, D. T., paid Brainerd, his old home, a flying visit this week. The Doctor has a lucrative practice, and is well pleased with his new home.

Prof. Hill, photographer, took his departure this week for St. Cloud, for the winter. He desires us to say that his Brainerd views will be kept on sale at Mr. McFadden's drug store.

All persons who contemplate keeping cool next summer, can secure ice of Chas Congdon, at re sonable rates. He will put up 500 tons this winter and will be able to deliver all you want during the whole season.

Remember Monday evening commences a rich season of dramatic entertainments, by the Marble Combination, presenting the "Two Orphans" and "Col. Sellers." Secure your seats early, as the house will be packed to overflowing.

As is his custom, Ed. R. French is making extensive preparations for his grand annual Thanksgiving raffle, to take place at the Le Bon Ton on Wednesday evening. Turkeys, chickens, oysters, etc., will be on the board beside several special prizes.

I have more of the celebrated Garland stoves on the road from Chicago and expect them every day. Those received have all gone like hot cakes and parties desiring to be supplied should leave their orders at once.
DAVID E. SLIPP,
Hardware store, Laurel Street.

Hon. G. W. Benedict, of Sauk Rapids, spent a few hours in Brainerd Tuesday, enroute to St. Vincent. He seemed to be happy over the result of the election everywhere, in fact is happy. George is a "stalwart" of the first water and has hosts of friends in the upper country.

The "Two Orphans." This wonderful spectacular drama will be produced in Brainerd during the engagement of the meritorious Marble Combination, Nov. 22, 23, 24. They carry with them all the necessary scenery and mechanical effect. Every father, mother, brother and sister should see the "Two Orphans."

Orders for Winchester rifles filled at factory prices, *direct from the factory*. No old shop worn gun, but new and bright from the works of the Winchester Arms Co.
THOS. P. CANTWELL
Agent Winchester Arms Co.

Mr. J. L. Starcher took his regular autumnal departure with the other migratory birds this week for the more southern scenes of West Virginia during the hyperborean season which covers this country with snow and exhilerates and rejuvenates those who remain and enjoy the chilling frosts, the crackling snow, the merry bells, the warm robes, the cosey muffs, the glowing grate and the gay festivities of the winter months in Brainerd. He will return with the opening spring, and meantime the grocery business will be conducted at the old stand as usual.

All orders given me for the best sporting rifle in the world, viz., the Winchester, will be filled from the factory direct. THOS. P. CANTWELL,
Agent Winchester Arms Co.

In speaking of the play of "Two Orphans," Henry Ward Beecher says: "It preaches a powerful sermon against vice." It will be produced by the Marble Company in first class style. Also Mark Twain's "Gilded Age; or, Millions in It," in which Mr. Marble, appears as the eccentric Col. Sellers. Commencing Monday, Nov. 22nd, for three nights.

All Winchester Rifles sold by me will be fully guaranteed. Special discounts given to clubs of half a dozen or more. THOS. P. CANTWELL,
Agent Winchester Arms Co.

I am prepared to let contracts for Cedar Telegraph Poles, in lots of one to twenty thousand, to be delivered anywhere side of N. P. track, between now and the 1st of next July. Good price. "Cash on Delivery." For price and specifications address,
I. W. LITCHFIELD,
Thompson, Minn.

The ladies of the Congregational church have hit upon the plan of preparing a grand Thanksgiving Dinner, on Thursday, at Bly's Hall, which will be open from one to five o'clock in the afternoon, and to which all are invited. Tickets for dinner are for sale at the various stores at 50 cents, the proceeds to be devoted to the benefit of the church. This is at once a novel and sensible plan. It will save the labor of preparing a Thanksgiving dinner in many a family, and will afford a very enjoyable occasion, which we hope to see our citizens one and all avail themselves of. Get a good Thanksgiving dinner at a nominal expense, have a good time and aid a good cause at one and the same time. Come, and bring the children.

Thirty-three years have past since the introducting of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and it still stands unrivaled. Price only 25 cents a bottle.

Would Never have Suspected It.

The TRIBUNE protests, that "harder work was never done in Brainerd for any nominee than was done for Mr. Buckman." Glad to hear it, for we should never have suspected it from the figures. We believe, however, that there were some good Republicans in Brainerd—including the TRIBUNE editor—who did their duty this year.—Elk River Star.

List of Letters

Remaining unclaimed at the post-office Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, on Saturday, November 20th, 1880. In calling for letters in this list please say "Advertised," giving date of list. W. W. HARTLEY, P. M.

Baxter Joseph — Lovejoy W. N.
Branham Edwin — Lyons Pel.
Brooks H. K. — Long James
Brown Myron — Munns W. L.
Bowlin P. J. — Miller Miss Kitt
Cossette Hubert — Mote Gideon
Chase Warren — McClimmon
Digly William — Nielson Swan
Fischer Albert — Russel H. Ms.
Gurnee N. T. — St. Dennis Duncan R.
Hurley John — Scott Elmer E.
Kees Cherley — Tenyeck Geo.
Walters Stephen Sr.

ADVERTISED 3d AND 4th CLASS.
Glue S. T. — Leichner John
Hyde D. B. — Nelerson Kristian
Leitner Miss Anna — Salmonson A.
HEALDARD.

Letter, No address.
Mrs. Allenser Ohio, No post office.
HELD FOR POSTAGE.
Enge Williams, Fairview, Penn.
John F. Carlton, Annsburg Mass.
John Stark, Lyne, N. H.

Business for Sale.

I offer my place of business and stock entire for sale.
Enquire at my store,
MRS. HENRY DRESSEN.

Farm For Sale.

Having decided to quit farming, I offer my entire estate at Crow Wing, consisting of 160 acres of land, with house, barn, outbuildings, fencing and other improvements, farming machinery, tools, implements, etc., for sale at a bargain, on easy terms. The Crow Wing depot is on my farm, the lands are under first class cultivation and well fenced.
D. MCARTHUR,
Crow Wing, Minn.

Business for Sale.

One of the most prosperous and prominent mercantile establishments in the Northwest, doing a heavy, profitable and safe cash business, is offered for sale at reasonable figures, and affords a very desirable investment for capital. Good reasons given for selling.

For particulars address this office.
Brainerd, Minn., Oct. 23, 1880.
W. W. HARTLEY,
Editor Tribune.

New Millinery Goods.

Mrs. W. S. Hills will open her new millinery store on the first of November. Bonnets, Hats, Ribbons, Flowers, etc., in the latest patterns and at reasonable prices.

Corner Ninth and Broadway avenue, opposite skating rink. 4w

Land for Sale.

80 acres Oak Timber and 160 acres Oak, Meadow and good farming lands 5 1-2 miles from Brainerd, south east for sale cheap. Inquire at this office or of C. IAICHNER.
Brainerd, Minn., Aug. 5th, 1880. tf

MEYER & CALL,

Merchant Tailors,

78 Jackson St., Next to Cor. of Fifth,

SAINT PAUL, - - MINNESOTA.

ACORN STOVES.

GET THE BEST!

LEAD ALL OTHERS!

Every Style & Price.

Guaranteed Unequaled FOR

OPERATION,

ECONOMY,

DURABILITY and

WORKMANSHIP.

Improvements and Conveniences found in no others.

Always Reliable.

POPULAR EVERYWHERE.

For Sale in Every City and Town in the United States.

BASON BROS., Agents,
BRAINERD, MINN.

SEWING MACHINES,

ORGANS,

TYPE WRITERS,

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST!

AT THE POST OFFICE.

In Sewing Machines

We have all the Standard Makes, Latest Improved, at Prices within the reach of all.

SEE OUR PRICES FOR CASH:

NEW HOME, Drop Leaf and 3 Drawers,		$28.00
" " " "	5	30.00
SINGER, " "	2	22.00
WILSON, " "	3	30.00
" " " "	5	33.00
WEED, " "	2	28.00
AMERICAN, " "	2	30.00
DOMESTIC " "	4	35.00

Oil, Needles of all kinds, Attachments and Fixtures always in Stock.

ORGANS.

The celebrated ESTEY, at Bottom Figures, for Cash, or on Long Time on Secured Notes in Monthly Installments.

NO FALSE STOPS TO BRING FANCY PRICES.

The Estey Organ is made for genuine service, and our prices are down to the real value of the instrument, ranging from $100.00 upwards, with good discounts for cash.

TYPE WRITERS.

The Celebrated REMINGTON TYPE WRITERS—just the thing for the Merchant, Banker, Lawyer, Conveyancer, County Clerks, Recorders, Stenographers, Law Copists, Editors, Reporters, Telegraphers, Clergymen, Authors, Teachers, Schools and Colleges, Architects, Engineers, Railroad Officials, Insurance Agents, Masonic and other Social Organizations, or any one having writing to do. Saves Clerk Hire, Stationery and Time. Gives relief from pen paralysis, curvature of the spine and lung troubles produced by using a pen and stooping over a desk. Saves the eyes and is far superior to pen writing.

ALWAYS LEGIBLE, ACCURATE, COMPACT AND STYLISH.

Our usually Low Prices place them within the reach of all.

Writers usually sold by other dealers at $125.00 to $200.00, sold by us at $70.00 to 100.00 cash.

NO FANCY PRICES.

You get of us what you pay for, and pay nothing for style—for we don't keep it in stock.

Orders by mail or express solicited and promptly filled.

Machines, Organs or Writers shipped to all parts of the United States and Canadas, and from either Brainerd or Chicago, as desired.

W. W. HARTLEY,
GENERAL NORTHWESTERN AGENT,
BRAINERD, MINN., Nov. 20th, 1880.

DR. CLARK'S JOHNSON'S INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP

Laboratory, 77 W. 24 St., New York City.

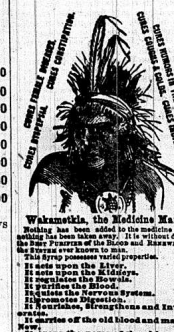
LATE OF PERRY ORT.

[TRADE MARK.]

The Best Remedy Known to Man!

Dr. Clark Johnson, having associated himself with Mr. Edwin Eastman, a practical expert, long a resident in Waknaktia, U. Medicine Lodge, Kiowa Comanches, is now prepared to lend his aid in the introduction of the wonderful remedy of that tribe.

The experience of Mr. Eastman being similar up that of Mrs. Chas. Jones, of Mt. Washington, Ct., lowa, an account of whose sufferings were intelligently narrated in the New York Herald of Dec. 15th, 1878, the facts of which are so widely known, and so nearly identical, that but little mention of Mr. Eastman's experiences will be given here. They are, however, published in a neat volume of 300 pages, entitled, "Seven and Nine Years Among the Comanches and Apaches," to which mention will be made hereafter. Suffice it to say, that Mr. Eastman, while a resident of Waknaktia, was compelled to gather the roots, gums, barks, herbs and berries of which Waknaktia's medicine was made, and is still prepared to procure them, and to obtain the successful introduction of the medicine to the world; and assures the public that how scarcely it is the same now, as when Waknaktia compelled him to make it.



Waknaktia, the Medicine Man

Nothing has been added to the medicine and nothing has been taken away. It is without doubt the King Pharaoh of the Blood and Nerves of the Eterna ever known to man.

This Syrup possesses varied properties:

It acts upon the Liver.
It acts upon the Kidneys.
It purifies the Blood.
It purifies the Stomach.
It regulates the Bowels.
It controls the Nervous System.
It promotes Digestion.
It imparts Vitality to Lifeless and Invigorates the System.
It carries off the old blood and makes new.

By opens the pores of the skin, and Induces Healthy Perspiration.

It neutralizes the hereditary taint, or poison in the blood, which generates Scrofula, Syphilis, and all manner of skin and internal humors.

These are no spirits employed in its manufacture, and the Indians, who use it, and distribute it, take by it aged and feeble, are only long reputed in strength & stature.

Edwin Eastman in Indian Costume.

SEVEN AND NINE YEARS AMONG THE COMANCHES AND APACHES. A neat volume of 300 pages, being a simple statement of the horrible facts connected with the murder of a helpless family, and the captivity, sufferings and labor of a lady for nine years, in Indian bondage. For sale by druggists generally. Price $1.50.

The publication of this book has startled, and are disturbed by agents, fears of charge.

Mr. Eastman has been, especially at the West, engaged in gathering and curing the materials of which the medicine is compounded, the sole business management devolves upon Dr. Johnson, and the remedy has been called, and is known as

Dr. Clark Johnson's
INDIAN BLOOD PURIFIER.

Price of Large Bottle - - - - - - $1.00
Price of Small Bottle - - - - - - 50

Read the voluntary testimonials of persons who have been cured by the use of Dr. Clark Johnson's Indian Blood Syrup, in your own vicinity.

Testimonials of Cures.

Pain in the Side.

MATWOON, Benton Co., Minn.

Dear Sir:—I have used your excellent Indian Blood Syrup for Pain in the Side, and it is the only medicine that ever gave me relief.

MISS M. ULLE.

An Agent's Testimony.

LAKE ELMO, Washington Co. Minn.

Dear Sir:—My wife was troubled with Cramps and Asthma, using only one bottle of your Syrup three different physicians, without beneficial results. I had also been very troubled with Dyspepsia, a short trial of which cured her. I think it the best medicine in use.

J. W. LOHMAN.

Rheumatism Cured.

AMBOY, Cottonwood Co., Minn.

Dear Sir:—I wish to state to you the benefit I have received from your Indian Blood Syrup. I was troubled with Rheumatism in my left Shoulder for three years, and could not get on my coat without assistance, and part of the time was unable to sleep for pain. At last, by advice of your Agent, I tried your medicine, and had only used it a short time, when it made me well and well man. I recommend its use to suffering humanity.

DAVIS MARCOTT.

Liver Complaint.

RUSH RIVER, Sibley Co.,

This is to certify that Dr. Clark Johnson's Indian Blood Syrup has cured me of my two years' suffering

L. E. PUT

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba R'y.

Main Line—Through Train.

Lake Minnetonka, Delano, Litchfield, Willmar, Benson, Morris, Breckenridge, Glyndon, Crookston, Fisher's Landing and Winnipeg.

WEST AND NORTH.

Leave		Arrive at	
St. Paul,	12.40 am	Breckenridge,	7.45 pm
Minneapolis,	1.00 am	Crookston,	1.05 am
Breckenridge,	8.10 pm	Fisher's Land.	9.00 am
Glyndon,	10.18 pm	St. Vincent,	8.10 am

EAST AND SOUTH.

St. Vincent,	10.30 pm	Glyndon	3.55 am
Fisher Land.	4.00 pm	Breckenridge	6.16 am
Crookston,	12.30 pm	Minneapolis,	6.50 pm
Breckenridge	6.45 am	St. Paul,	7.10 pm

‖ Except Saturday. † Except Sunday.

Main Line trains run through to St. Vincent without change. Palace Sleeping Car attached.

Branch Line Trains.

—FOR—

Anoka, Elk River, St. Cloud, Sauk Center, Alexandria, St. Olaff and Sauk Rapids.

Leave	NORTH.	Arrive at	
St. Paul,	12.05 am	St. Cloud,	11.56 am
St. Paul	10.45 am	St. Cloud,	10.11 pm
Minneapolis,	7.45 am	Alexandria	6.06 pm
Minneapolis,	6.35 pm	Alexandria,	1.56 am
Alexandria,	10.30 am	St. Olaff	10.56 am

SOUTH.

St. Olaff	3.00 pm	Minneapolis,	9.45 am
Alexandria,	11.30 am	Minneapolis,	6.30 pm
Alexandria,	8.00 am	St. Paul,	10.05 am
St. Cloud,	12.30 am	St. Paul,	6.36 pm
St. Cloud,	2.50 pm		

All trains daily, except as below.
‖ Except Saturday. † Except Sunday.

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS TRAINS
7 DAILY TRAINS EACH WAY.
(*Except Sundays.*)

Leave St. Paul.	Leave Minneapolis	Arrive at Minneapolis	Arrive at St. Paul
7.00 am	7.40 am	8.00 am	8.30 am
9.40 am	10.00 am	10.45 am	11.10 am
2.10 pm	2.45 pm	1.46 pm	2.16 pm
12.00 m	12.30 pm	1.40 pm	8.10 pm
3.10 pm	3.40 pm	‖ 6.35 pm	7.10 pm
10.40 pm	6.20 pm		
6.00 pm	6.55 pm		

‖ Except Sunday. † Except Saturday.
JAS. J. HILL, W. S. ALEXANDER,
General Manager. Gen'l Pass. Ag't.

Chicago, St. Paul & Minneapolis LINE.

Time of departure of Passenger Trains from St. Paul, in effect December, 1878.

Leave for Chicago and the East, 11.25 A. M.
" " " " 7.40 P. M.
Arrive from Chicago and the East, 2.50 A. M.
" " " " 2.04 P. M.

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS LINE.

That portion of the Chicago & North-Western Railway between Chicago and Elroy (via Madison) and the West Wisconsin Railway between Elroy and St. Paul, to be operated as a single Line between Chicago, St. Paul & Minneapolis. This Line will hereafter be known as

"The Chicago, St. Paul & Minneapolis Line."

It is the ONLY LINE between St. Paul and Minneapolis and Chicago that passes through Horicon and Madison, and

is the Only Line

that runs on any of its trains the celebrated

Pullman Palace Cars.

All trains of this great route run through without change of cars. Pullman Palace Drawing Room and Sleeping Cars are run on all its trains.

All Express Trains on this route are equipped with Westinghouse Pure Air Brakes and Eller's Patent Safety Platform and Couplers—the Most Perfect protection against accidents known.

This popular route is unsurpassed for Speed, Comfort and Safety. The Short, Well-Ballasted and Perfect Track of Steel Rails, the Celebrated Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, the Perfect Telegraph System of Moving Trains, the regularity with which they run, the admirable arrangements for running Through Cars between Chicago and all Points West, North and North-West, render this route in all the COMFORTS IN MODERN RAILWAY TRAVELING.

If you wish the Best Traveling Accommodations you will buy your Tickets by this Route AND WILL TAKE NO OTHER.

All Ticket Agents can sell you Through Tickets and Check your Baggage over this Line.

Passengers for Chicago, Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Rochester, Homestead, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Portland, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Indianapolis St. Louis, Cairo and all

Points South and East,

should buy their Tickets via

"THE ST. PAUL, CHICAGO & MINNEAPOLIS LINE."

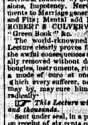
Close connections are made at Chicago with the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, Baltimore & Ohio, Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton, Fort Wayne & Jackson, Kankakee Line and Pan Handle Routes, for all points EAST and SOUTH-EAST, and with the Chicago & Alton & Illinois Central for all points SOUTH.

New York Office, 415 Broadway; Boston Office, No. 5 State Street; St. Paul Ticket Office, Corner Third and Robert streets; Minneapolis Ticket Office, 3 Nicollet House Block and at St. Paul & Pacific Depot; Chicago Ticket Office, 62 Clark Street, under Sherman House; Milwaukee Ticket Office, Marshall House; Elroy Depot, cor. West Kinzie and Canal Streets; Wells Street Depot, cor. Wells and Kinzie Street.

P. B. CLARKE, Gen. Pass. Agt., St. Paul. W. H. STENNETT, Gen. Pass. Agt., Chicago.

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.

Established 1861 and chartered by the Legislature for the treatment of all diseases of the urinary and generative organs.



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A Private Medical Treatise on the Diseases of the

URINARY

—AND—

Generative Organs.

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A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and all Diseases of the Sexual Organs; also Hypochondria, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M.D., author of the "Green Book" &c.

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THRO' EXPRESS TRAINS

FROM

Duluth and St. Paul to Bismarck

Making close connections at ST. PAUL with morning and evening trains to and from CHICAGO and all points East and South.

1880. Autumn Arrangement. 1880.

BRAINERD AND ST. PAUL DIVISION.

SOUTH.		NORTH.
lv. 12.40 p.m.	BRAINERD,	ar. 11.20 p.m.
lv. 1.30 a.m.	"	ar. 12.05 a.m.
lv. 1.55 p.m.	Little Falls,	lv. 12.05 p.m.
lv. 2.54 a.m.	"	lv. 11.12 p.m.
lv. 3.10 p.m.	Sauk Rapids,	lv. 10.50 p.m.
lv. 4.15 a.m.	"	lv. 10.10 p.m.
ar. 10.40 p.m.	St. Paul,	ar. 7.30 a.m.
ar. 7.55 a.m.	"	lv. 6.30 p.m.

BRAINERD AND DULUTH DIVISION.

EAST.		WEST.
lv. 4.10 a.m.	BRAINERD,	ar. 12.30 a.m.
lv. 5.32 a.m.	Aitken,	lv. 10.32 p.m.
lv. 9.00 a.m.	N. P. Junction,	lv. 6.35 p.m.
ar. 10.30 a.m.	Duluth,	lv. 5.00 p.m.

BRAINERD AND FARGO DIVISION.

WEST.		EAST.
lv. 11.46 p.m.	BRAINERD,	ar. 12.50 p.m.
lv. 11.35 a.m.	"	ar. 11.35 a.m.
lv. 12.45 p.m.	Motley,	lv. 11.20 a.m.
lv. 2.15 a.m.	"	lv. 10.18 p.m.
lv. 4.10 p.m.	WADENA,	lv. 10.11 a.m.
lv. 3.50 a.m.	"	lv. 10.06 p.m.
lv. 6.15 p.m.	Detroit,	lv. 8.10 a.m.
lv. 6.00 a.m.	"	lv. 8.30 p.m.
lv. 8.50 p.m.	Glyndon,	lv. 6.30 a.m.
lv. 7.40 a.m.	"	lv. 6.43 p.m.
lv. 9.45 p.m.	Moorhead,	lv. 6.55 a.m.
lv. 9.00 am.	"	lv. 4.20 p.m.
ar. 10.45 p.m.	Fargo,	ar. 3.05 a.m.
ar. 9.05 a.m.	"	lv. 6.15 p.m.

DAKOTA DIVISION.

WEST.		EAST.
lv. 8.30 a.m.	(Fargo,	ar. 10.50 p.m.
lv. 9.35 a.m.	Casselton,	ar. 4.43 p.m.
lv. 11.40 a.m.	Valley City	ar. 2.30 p.m.
lv. 12.55 p.m.	Jamestown,	lv. 12.25 p.m.
ar. 7.15 p.m.	Bismarck,	lv. 7.10 a.m.

‖ Meals. † Daily except Saturday. ‡ Daily except Monday.

Trains connect at St. Paul and Minneapolis with trains East and South; at St. Cloud with trains for Melrose and the Sauk Valley; at Brainerd with trains to and from Duluth and to and from the West and South.

Connection with St. Paul & Duluth R. R. trains at N. P. Junction; St. Paul M. & M. Railroad trains at Glyndon for St. Vincent, Winnipeg, and the British Possessions; at Bismarck with Stages for Standing Rock, Fort Rice, Berthold, Fort Keough, and other points in Montana.

Oct. 24th, 1880. H. E. SARGENT,
Gen'l Manager.

G. G. SANBORN, Gen'l Pt. and Ticket Ag't, 43 Jackson st., St. Paul.
H. A. TOWNE, Superintendent, Brainerd.

6,000,000 Acres

Of Minnesota and Dakota Lands for sale by the Land Department. Reduced rates of fare and freight to actual settlers.

Full information given upon application to JAMES B. POWER, (Gen'l Agent, at 45 Jackson street, St. Paul, or Brainerd, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA—COUNTY OF Crow Wing, District Court, 11th Judicial District,

Margaret C. Loomis Pltf.
vs.
Edward D. Loomis Deft.
SUMMONS.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named Defendant:

You, Edward D. Loomis, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, a copy of which is on file in the office of the Clerk of the District Court for said county, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in Brainerd, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, August 9th, A. D. 1880.
C. B. SLEEPER,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Brainerd, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of a certain mortgage made and executed by M. B. Anderson on the 31st day of June, A. D. 1880, and running to Rasmus Cress, which said mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing County, Minnesota, on the 21st day of June A. D. 1880, at 3 o'clock p. m. in book A of mortgages on page 179, and said mortgage having been given to secure the payment of a certain promissory note given by said M. B. Anderson to Rasmus Cress for the sum of four hundred (400) dollars and interest at 10 per cent. per annum, which is over due, and upon which there is remaining unpaid and due at the date of the first publication of this notice the sum of four hundred and eight dollars, and said Rasmus Cress being still the owner and holder of said note and mortgage. Now therefore by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and the statute in such cases made and provided, the property in said mortgage described, to-wit: Lot (1) one and two of block one hundred and ninety-one in the first addition to the town of Brainerd, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing county and State of Minnesota, will be sold at the front door of the Sheriff's office in the Town of Brainerd County and State aforesaid, on Monday the 18th day of October 1880 at 3 o'clock a. m. on that day, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said sum of four hundred and eight dollars, together with interest thereon from the date of this notice and the costs of this foreclosure and the sum of twenty-five dollars attorney's fees stipulated and provided for in said mortgage.

Dated September 4th, 1880.
RASMUS CRESS,
Mortgagee.
C. B. SLEEPER,
Att'y for Mortgagee,
Brainerd, Minn.

Sale of the foregoing premises is postponed to SATURDAY, OCT. 30, 1880, at the same place, at 2 o'clock p. m.
E. CROSS,
Mortgagee.
C. B. SLEEPER,
Att'y for Mortgagee.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing, Cass, Aitken, Wadena and Itasca, District Court 11th Judicial District.

SUMMONS.

Joseph Lamont and Charles Wilson, co-partners as Lamont & Wilson, by G. G. Hartley, receiver, plaintiff,
Against
David S. Erb, Chas. Wilson and Edward P. McKee, late co-partners, doing business as Erb, Wilson & McKee, defendants.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court, at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minn., and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber at his office in Brainerd, County of Crow Wing and State of Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of four hundred and eight dollars and interest on that sum from Jan'y. 1st, 1880, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated August 27th, A. D. 1880.
C. B. SLEEPER,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Brainerd, Minn.

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