THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 11. NUMBER 47. | BRAINERD MINNESOTA FRIDAY, OCT. 7, 1892. | INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—THE—

GREAT TRANSCONTINENTAL ROUTE

Passes through Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Oregon and Washington.

THE DINING CAR LINE

Dining Cars are run between Chicago, St. Paul Minneapolis, Winnipeg, Helena, Butte, Tacoma, Seattle and Portland.

Pullman Sleeping Car Route.

Pullman service daily between Chicago, St Paul, Montana and the Pacific Northwest; and between St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba points.

THE POPULAR LINE.

Daily express trains carry elegant Pullman Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars, Day Coaches, Pullman Tourist Sleepers and Free Colonist Sleeping Cars.

YELLOWSTONE PARK ROUTE,

The Northern Pacific R. R. is the rail line to Yellowstone Park; the popular line to California and Alaska; and its trains pass through the grandest scenery of seven states.

THROUGH TICKETS

are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to all points North, East, South and West, in the United States and Canada.

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

No. 5 arrives from the South at 10:30 p. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 6 goes South at 5:20 a. m., daily except Sunday.

No. 11 arrives from Duluth at 8:20 p. m., daily Goes West at 8:25 p. m.

No. 14 arrives from the West at 7:45 a. m., daily. Goes East to Duluth at 8:05 a. m.

Morris accommodation leaves at 7:00 a. m., except Sunday.

Brainerd accommodation from Morris and Little Falls arrives at 5:30p. m., except Sunday.

No. 54 freight, carries passengers to Aitkin, leaves at 10:40 p. m.

No. 55, freight, arrives from N. P. Junction at 2:00 p. m. Goes West at 3:00 p. m., except Sunday.

No. 56, freight, arrives from Staples at 9:50 a. m. Goes East to N. P. Junction at 10:45 a. m., except Sunday.

These freight trains cannot be relied upon for regularity of movement, and are liable to be abandoned without notice at the will of the Company.

For Rates, Maps, Time Table or special information, apply to agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd, or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

DRESSKELL'S

Jewelry Store

Front Street,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Clocks of All Kinds,

From Nickel Alarm Clocks up to the finest French Marble. Just the thing for a present.

N. Schroeder,

—DEALERS IN—

Wines, Liquors, and

CIGARS,

Imported and Domestic.

Especial Attention Given to Orders for Family Use,

Give me a call when in Detroit and I will guarantee good usage.

N. SCHROEDER,
DETROIT, MINN.

(First publication Sept. 9th.)

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., Sept. 6, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. F. Alderman, Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Monday, Oct. 17th, 1892, viz:

ANDREW E. BENNETT,

H. E. No. 13762, for the SE¼, Section 10, Township 44, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Alonzo Vinton, Wils Williver, Jonathan B. Swisher, Charles F. Williver. Postoffice address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

[First publication Sep. 23.]

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., September 21, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. F. Alderman, Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, Oct. 29th, 1892, viz:

RICHARD ILSE,

H. E. No. 13861 for the N½ of the NE¼, SW¼ NE¼ and NE¼ NW¼ Sec. 4, Twp 45, Range 30

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

August Ludwig, Henry Leider, Henry Grossman and John Leckscheidt, Post office address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

Professional Cards.

W. A. FLEMING,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office: Room 8, Bank Block.
BRAINERD - - - MINN.

R. K. WHITELEY,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR.
Office, Room 11, Bank Block,
BRAINERD .... MINN.

DR. H. RIBBEL,
DENTIST
Rooms 3 and 4 over Bank Block.
BRAINERD, - - - MINN.

MONEY TO LOAN
—ON—
IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
EASIER PAYMENTS
LOWER INTEREST
And More Reliable than Building and Loan Associations.

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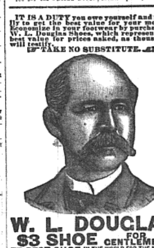
Having first-class security to offer should send for statement showing cost of loans if they desire to transfer their mortgages and reduce their interest.

NEW YORK MORTGAGE COMPANY,
400-401-402 Oneida Block, Minneapolis, Minn.

IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself and family to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value for prices asked, as thousands will testify.
☞TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.☜



W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN,
THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY.

A genuine sewed shoe, *that will not rip*, fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, flexible, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Equals custom made shoes costing from $4 to $5.

$4 and $5 Hand-sewed, fine calf shoes. The most stylish, easy and durable shoes ever sold at the price. They equal fine imported shoes costing from $8 to $12.

$3.50 Police Shoe, worn by farmers and all others who want a good heavy calf, three soled, extension edge shoe, easy to walk in, and will keep the feet dry and warm.

$2.50 Fine Calf, $2.25 and $2.00 Workingmen's Shoes will give more wear for the money than any other make. They are made for service. The increasing sales show that workingmen have found this out.

Boys' $2.00 and Youths' $1.75 School Shoes are worn by the boys everywhere. The most serviceable shoes sold at the prices.

Ladies' $3.00 Hand-sewed, $2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 Shoes for Misses are made of the best Dongola or fine Calf, as desired. They are very stylish, comfortable and durable. The $3.00 shoe equals custom made shoes costing from $4.00 to $6.00. Ladies who wish to economize in their footwear are finding this out.

Caution.—W. L. Douglas' name and the price is stamped on the bottom of each shoe; look for it when you buy. Beware of dealers attempting to substitute other makes for them. Such substitutions are fraudulent and subject to prosecution by law for obtaining money under false pretences.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

Bredfeld, The Shoemaker.

THE RIPANS TABULES regulate the stomach, liver and bowels, purify the blood, are pleasant to take, safe and always effectual. A reliable remedy for Biliousness, Blotches on the Face, Bright's Disease, Catarrh, Colic, Constipation, Chronic Diarrhoea, Chronic Liver Trouble, Diabetes, Disordered Stomach, Dizziness, Dysentery Dyspepsia, Eczema, Flatulence, Female Complaints, Foul Breath, Headache, Heartburn, Hives, Jaundice, Kidney Complaints, Liver Troubles, Loss of Appetite, Mental Depression, Nausea, Nettle Rash, Painful Digestion, Pimples, Rush of Blood to the Head, Sallow Complexion, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Scrofula, Sick Headache, Skin Diseases, Sour Stomach, Tired Feeling, Torpid Liver, Ulcers, Water Brash and every other symptom or disease that results from impure blood or a failure in the proper performance of their functions by the stomach, liver and intestines. Persons given to over-eating are benefited by taking one tabule after each meal. A continued use of the Ripans Tabules is the surest cure for obstinate constipation. They contain nothing that can be injurious to the most delicate. 1 gross $2, 1-2 gross $1.25, 1-4 gross 75c., 1-24 gross 15 cents. Sent by mail postage paid. Address THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, P. O. Box 672, New York.

(First publication Sept. 9th.)

Notice of Sheriff Sale.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing.

District Court, 15th Judicial District.

Brainerd Co-operative Building and Loan Association, plaintiff,
vs.
Mary Frenken, John Frenken, Mary A. Ort and Michael Cullen, defendants.

NOTICE OF SALE UNDER DECREE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that in pursuance of a judgement and decree of the Court in this action, dated September 5th, 1892, and duly entered therein, I shall expose for sale, as the law directs, at the front door of the court house in the city of Brainerd, in the county of Crow Wing, Minnesota, on the 24th day of October, 1892, at ten o'clock a. m., the following described real estate situate in said county, to-wit:

Commencing at the southeast corner of block four in the town of East Brainerd according to the plat thereof of record in the Registry of Deeds of said county thence running north on the east line of said block one hundred twenty feet thence at right angles west twenty-five feet thence south one hundred twenty feet to the south line of said block thence east to the place of beginning.

HENRY SPALDING,
Sheriff of Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

LEON E. LUM,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

(First publication Sept. 9th.)

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by Edward Hazen and Maud S. Hazen, his wife, mortgagors, to James A. McCune, mortgagee, dated the 23d day of July, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the county of Crow Wing, in the State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of July, A. D. 1889, at 4:15 o'clock p. m., in book "E" of Mortgages, on page 236 on which there is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice the amount of one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars, and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

NOW, THEREFORE, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, and the said mortgaged premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county of Crow Wing at public auction, to the highest bidder therefor, for cash, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Brainerd, in the county of Crow Wing and state of Minnesota, on Saturday, the 22d day of October, A. D. eighteen hundred and ninety-two at two o'clock in the afternoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the interest thereon, and costs and expenses of sale, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lots, pieces or parcels of land situated in the county of Crow Wing and state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit:

Lots numbered eleven (11) and twelve (12) of block one hundred eighty-seven (187) in the town of Brainerd, and lot thirteen (13) in block thirty-nine (39) in First Addition to Brainerd, and lots numbered thirteen (13), fourteen (14), fifteen (15), sixteen (16), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21) in block one (1), in Sleeper Park addition to Brainerd, according to the plats of said town and additions of record in the Register of Deeds of said county.

Dated Sept. 9th, 1892.

JAMES A. MCCUNE, Mortgagee.

W. A. FLEMING,
Attorney of Mortgagee.

Notice of Final Proof.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., Sep. 10th, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., on Oct. 25, 1892, viz:

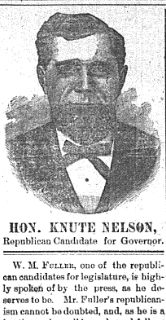
WM. H. LANKTREE,

D. S. 5879, for the NE¼ SE¼, Sec. 24, Twp. 133, Range 31.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

J. A. Summers, J. B. Summers, Charley Johnson, W. A. Wilson, all of Pillager, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register



HON. KNUTE NELSON,
Republican Candidate for Governor.

W. M. FULLER, one of the republican candidates for legislature, is highly spoken of by the press, as he deserves to be. Mr. Fuller's republicanism cannot be doubted, and, as he is a hustler and an all 'round good fellow, his election is assured. He is one of those men you can tie to and know that you will not be deceived.

New School Houses.

The board of education at its meeting last night decided to submit a proposition at the coming election to bond the district for money to build new school houses, provided public sentiment in the city seemed to be in favor of such a proposition. School meetings will be held in each ward in a few days, and if public sentiment as there expressed seems favorable, the proposition will be submitted. This proposition, if submitted, ought to have the support of every citizen of this city. Brainerd's school buildings, exclusive of the high school, would be a disgrace to a village like Aitkin. They are old, poorly ventilated, cold, barn-like structures, totally unfit for the purposes they are used for. But such as they are, they are not large enough to accommodate the pupils enrolled by at least 200. The board now rents four rooms outside of the regular school buildings, and all the other rooms are so crowded, that in order to do the scholars justice other rooms ought to be secured and these crowded rooms relieved. Brainerd now has 1,076 scholars enrolled, which, counting 40 scholars to a room, would call for 27 rooms. Instead of this number these scholars are crowded into 21 rooms, and four of these are kept in old store rooms outside of the regular school buildings. This is a disgraceful condition of affairs and should be remedied by voting the bonds and building new buildings. Nothing hurts the population of a city so much as the knowledge that school facilities are inadequate, and if we expect people to move here and help build up our city, we must secure facilities to decently educate their children without endangering their health while at school.

Another Legislative Ticket.

The district convention of the People's Party of this senatorial district was held at Little Falls last Tuesday, and the following ticket was placed in nomination: Peter Walters, from Crow Wing: F. X. Lafond, of Morrison, C. F. Bohall, of Todd, and Thos. P. Kerr, of Mille Lac county. This makes three full-fledged legislative tickets in the field.

The City Council.

The council met in regular session last Monday evening. All present but Aldermen McMurtry and Bain.

The usual monthly reports were read and filed. The fines collected in September amounted to $545. The monthly pay rolls and a number of bills were ordered paid.

The matter of leveling approaches to Hartley street bridge was referred to street committee with power to act.

The city clerk was instructed to issue an order for $1,800 for a loan for the city.

All the bids for paving part of Sixth street were rejected, and the city engineer was instructed to make estimates for said paving. An order was passed that the paving should be done as heretofore planned, with the exception that along the line of the street railway a five-foot strip should be left unpaved.

The street commissioner was instructed to make his report.

The liquor bond of O. B. Hamlin was approved and license granted.

A petition from merchants asking that signs on posts at side of sidewalk, not extending over sidewalk, be allowed to remain, was read and filed.

A communication from C. N. Parker, asking that a committee be appointed to confer with him with a view to the purchase by him of the city electric light plant, was read, and Aldermen Ferris, Sanborn and Johnson were appointed as such committee.

A motion was carried to accept with thanks the services of the Brainerd Band on Columbus Day, Oct. 21.

The following judges and clerks of election were appointed.

First Ward—Judges, J. W. Murray, F. W. Wieland and A. E. Pennell.

Second Ward—Judges, C. A. Richardson, A. P. Farrar and C. D. Johnson.

Third Ward—Judges, John Elliott, W. W. Winter and James Cullen.

Fourth Ward—Judges, Albert Anderson, Wm. Soderholm and B. Best; Clerks, Thomas Murphy and Thomas Smith.

Fifth Ward—Judges, J. McNaughton, A. E. Veon and Peter Olson.

Council adjourned.

Fifth Ward Caucus.

A caucus of the republican voters of the Fifth ward will be held in the republican club rooms in the Dressen building on Sixth street, on Tuesday evening, Oct. 11th, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of electing three delegates to the republican city convention to be held Oct. 12th. Also to place in nomination two candidates for aldermen from said ward.

By order of Committee,
R. H. PAINE,
Chairman.

A Few Political Tips.

The republican city convention is called for the 12th inst.

Fred. S. Parker is being urged by the republicans of the Third ward to become one of the candidates for aldermen.

Aldermen Ferris and McMurtry are perfectly satisfactory to the residents of the second ward and there will be no opposition to their return if they can be prevailed upon to become candidates. They are both good staunch republicans.

The woods are full of candidates now and the farmers are being visited much oftener than in an off year.

The Donnelly county ticket will have a hard row to hoe and the early frost of October is likely to kill off most of the candidates.

When a man talks to you about beating Henry Spalding for sheriff, examine his head and see if he is all right. There will be many a day before Crow Wing county has as good and efficient a sheriff as the present incumbent, and the people know it. He will hold the office for two years longer much to the discomfiture of his competitors.

Treasurer Frater will have no opposition unless the prohibitionists put a county ticket in the field.

The republican county ticket is considered the best one in the field, the candidates are all tried and true men, and it goes without saying that it will be elected from top to bottom. It is not so much because it is republican as it is because the people demand men of good business ability and experience in the public offices of both city and county during the coming two years.

Louis Tache's friends are legion in the city and county and it will take very tall hustling to make any impression on his usual majority this fall. He is one of the best auditors we have ever had, courteous, accommodating and thoroughly conversant with every detail of his office. He will be returned with a good round majority.

The republican legislative ticket will receive a better vote in this county than it did four years ago. Crow Wing will redeem herself this fall and help swell the majority that will send Messrs. Fleming, Dunn, Lee and Fuller to the state capitol this winter.

"Mr. A. Mahlum can sit in his office and be re-elected without lifting his hand" is an expression we heard a democrat make yesterday. There is no doubt of his election as it is conceded on all sides.

Two Conventions.

A county ticket was placed in the field on Friday evening by the people's party in mass convention. Fred. Wehrle was chosen chairman and in his opening address he said that "the party is young and we will have to take up some democrats in order to oust the so-called ring in Brainerd." Charles Banks was then chosen secretary of the convention. Nominations were then proceeded with and the following is the result:

Auditor—Charles Banks; Treasurer—J. T. Frater, endorsed; Register of Deeds—Wm. Duthie; Superintendent of School—J. A. Wilson, endorsed; County Attorney—W. H. Mantor; Surveyor—J. F. Bartlett; Coroner—A. G. Gallup; Judge of Probate—M. McFadden, endorsed; Sheriff—C. P. Erickson. County commissioners: 1st district—R. H. Capistrant; 3d district—Peter Walters; 5th district—C. B. Stade.

The convention adjourned without electing any candidates to attend the Little Falls convention.

The democrats held their convention on Saturday afternoon and it was necessary for a person to be present to appreciate the state of affairs. C. D. Johnson was chosen chairman. The convention was divided on the question of placing nominees for county officers in field and it seemed for a time that they would adjourn without doing so, but after a lengthy discussion on both sides a vote was taken, and it was decided to do so. The chairman announced that it would then be in order to nominate a county auditor and a dead silence ensued. A motion was then made to pass the office of auditor and it carried, and a like motion prevailed on county treasurer. L. P. White, Jr., and Wm. Duthie were named for the office of register of deeds, Mr. White winning. W. H. Mantor was named for county attorney, and the offices of probate judge, surveyor and superintendent of schools were passed. For coroner Charles Cross was named and W. Hemstead for court commissioner. A motion was then made to reconsider the vote by which the office of auditor was passed which carried, and C. D. Johnson was named for that office but he declined and it looked for a time as though no one could be found who would accept, but finally the name of Henry Linnemann was proposed and accepted by the convention. A heated discussion was then indulged in over the treasurership and John T. Frater's name was proposed, but the convention adjourned before any action was taken on it.

R. H. Capistrant was named for county commissioner in the first district, Louis Stallman in the third and Wm. Harmon in the fifth.

DR. HEMSTEAD wants the republicans to attend the democratic rally on the 19th inst. The genial doctor knows that there are not enough democrats in Crow Wing county this year to make a respectable showing, hence his desire to have republicans attend the rally and make it a success.

Meeting of the Board of Education.

The board of education held its regular monthly meeting at the high school building last evening, all the members being present except Mr. Titze. After the usual routine proceedings the resignation of Mr. Titze was considered. On motion a committee was appointed to confer with Mr. Titze in regard to the matter with a view of having him withdraw his resignation.

On motion the report of the committee on repairs was accepted, and the matter of outhouses was referred to said committee.

The report of the special committee concerning the submission of a proposition to issue bonds to build new school houses was accepted, and on motion the secretary was instructed to issue 2,000 circulars setting forth the need of new school buildings to accommodate the increased enrollment, and showing the saving that such a measure will effect in saving rents, repairs, etc. It was also decided to call a school meeting in each ward to explain the necessity of such action and test public opinion in regard to the matter. The board, realizing the inadequacy of our present school accommodations, are to a man earnestly in favor of doing so.

The report of the committee on tax levy was on motion accepted and levy ordered. The report calls for a levy of 7 mills the same as last year.

On motion the mayor was requested to appoint P. Nelson special police without pay.

On motion it was decided to hold the exercises on Columbian Day in the afternoon instead of evening at the opera house.

Second Ward Caucus.

A caucus of the republican voters of the second ward will be held at the roller rink, on Tuesday evening, Oct. 11th, 1892, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of electing 3 delegates to represent said ward at the city convention to be held Wednesday, Oct. 12th. Also to put in nomination two candidates for aldermen from said ward.

A. F. FERRIS,
I. T. DEAN,
M. HAGBERG,
Ward Com.

First Ward Caucus.

A caucus of the republican voters of the first ward will be held at the municipal court room, on Tuesday Oct. 11th, at 8 p. m. for the purpose of electing 3 delegates to the republican city convention to be held at the republican league club rooms, on Wednesday, Oct. 12th. Also to place in nomination two candidates for aldermen from said ward, and one candidate for member of board of education. All republican voters of the ward are earnestly requested to attend.

FRED. FOGEL,
F. W. WIELAND,
WM. ERB,
Ward Committee.

REMEMBER that a meeting of the republican club is held every Friday night. Don't forget to attend.

Little Tippett.

Brainerd will have for its next attraction Harrison & Bell's comedians in Little Tippett of which the Omaha Bee says:

The Harrison & Bell comedians gave their first performances of "Little Tippett" yesterday at the Farnam Street theater, and a critical estimate must award the new play the triumph of an exceedingly promising inauguration. Indeed, it is quite within bounds to say that it scored a great hit and that it has every quality for a pronounced and continued success. There were crudities, as was to be expected in initial performances, but the performance demonstrated that the drama is exceptionally strong in the comedy element, which is not only worked up naturally into effective climaxes, but is sustained in a crescendo action until the last fall of the curtain. The play is presented by an excellent company, every role being interpreted by a capable artist and no part being slighted.

"Little Tippett" is an adaptation by Harry and Edward Paulton (themselves the authors of several noted theatrical successes) from the French of Alexander Bisson, one of the most successful of living writers of farce and comedy. French plays are apt to be risque, but the Gallic dramatists are wonderfully clever in the contriving of dramatic situations. In this case the adapters have removed everything objectionably suggestive and produced a play that will pass the gauntlet of the most exacting Anglican test. The intricate French complication of situation is there, but the story is absolutely clean, with not a line to offend American taste.

Last night's performances went with fine spirit, and the enthusiastic audience, not content with an almost continuous laugh and innumerable bursts of applause, insisted on several curtain calls. The role of Tippett was interpreted by Mr. Charles Bowser who treated it in a farcical vein, which was entirely permissable and thoroughly acceptable. Mr. Edward Bell, handsome enough to be the idol of the matinee girl, has a fine stage presence, is a finished actor and most admirable foil for Tippett in his interpretation of Newton. Miss Mabel Bert is a regal beauty and as Mrs. Tippett was an ideal wife, all tenderness and devotion. Mr. Harry Allen is one of the best old men of the stage, and as Uncle Dunker he was as good and benign and meddlesome as the genuine article. Miss Marie Lewes is attractive of face and voluptuous of figure, and portrayed Mrs. Newton with an admirable play of varying expression. Mr. Harry Morgan as Gibbs and Mrs. Harry Bloodgood as Mrs. Gibbs were not wanting in excellence, and the two babies, bless 'em, captured the audience on sight. In short, the company proved to be one of those organizations in which there is no star, but every member is an artist of a high grade of excellence. The action of the play never halts, and not only is there comedy in the situations, but the lines are bright and full of wit and repartee. "Little Tippett" is an undoubted go. It will be repeated at the Farnam street theatre until Wednesday evening.

Not So Easily Fooled.

The Dear Farmer: Who's that hiding behind you, Friend Baker, with his skulking cur? This sudden love for me is not so thick but I can see through it. The Democratic party has formed a partnership with the Chicago wheat gambler and the cur, Wolcott, who are our enemies.

Wheat Gambler, to Friend Baker: Give him some more taffy, old man; I'm afraid he's getting on to me and the dog.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

BRAINERD, Sept. 26, 1892.

W. H. Smith, Esq.:

You are hereby notified that pursuant to tax judgment entered in the District Court, in the county of Crow Wing, state of Minnesota, the NE¼ NE¼, SW¼ NE¼, SE¼ NW¼, section 18, township 138, range 31, assessed in your name, were sold for taxes May the 7th, 1888, and that the time of redemption from said sale will expire November 26th, 1892, or within 60 days after service of this notice. Amount required to redeem from said sale is $30.45 with such interest as may accrue from and after this date, and cost of service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal at Brainerd, in said county of Crow Wing, this 26th day of September, 1892.

LOUIS TACHE,
County Auditor.

Something New.

The new time card, which is now in effect, via the "Wisconsin Central Lines," in connection with the Northern Pacific R. R., affords the traveling public the best facilities from all points west to Chicago and points east and south.

The unsurpassed equipment offered to its patrons, combined with speed, comfort and safety, surpassing all its competitors.

All through trains are composed of Pullman vestibuled drawing-room sleepers, with dining cars and day coaches of latest design.

The daily through fast train each way, making close connection at Chicago with trains in all directions.

For tickets, time tables, etc., apply to agent of Northern Pacific R. R., or

JAS. C. POND,
Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agent,
Chicago, Ill.

COME IN

And get one of those practical and elegant

SOUVENIRS,

FREE!

Saturday and all next week,

Free! Free! Free!

Henry I. Cohen.

The

Last Plat Recorded

Was

KOOP & WALKER'S ADDITION

To the City of Brainerd.

This beautiful piece of property joins the Northern Mill Company's plant on the west It is very nicely laid out. Lots 50x140 feet, with alleys 20 feet wide, streets 66. This plat has just been completed and the lots placed on the market. Prices and terms are reasonable. If you want a home, or if you want to speculate, here is an

OPPORTUNITY

That is not offered every day.

You can get Your Choice of these lots now by applying to

J. M. ELDER,
Room 17, First National Bank Block.

REMOVAL!

Geo. N. Day

Has removed his Boot and Shoe Store to the building on Front street between 7th and 8th streets next door East of R. Parker's, where he will continue to carry a well assorted stock of everything in the Shoe Line AT THE MOST Reasonable Prices.

PROTECT YOURSELF
—BY—
A Policy on Your [house]
—FROM—
J. R. SMITH,
Fire Insurance,
[None but reliable companies represented.]
Real Estate,
RENTS & COLLECTIONS.
Room 4, Sleeper Block. - Brainerd.

L. P. WHITE, Jr.
Real Estate Agent,
Room 2, Sleeper Block.

Improved and Unimproved Property
FOR SALE,
In various parts of the City.
HOUSES for SALE.

THE GENUINE
KEELEY
TREATMENT

Authorized and under the direction of of the LESLEY E. KEELEY CO., Dwight, Ill., for cure of

Liquor, Opium
—AND—
Tobacco Habits

BY THE USE OF DR. LESLIE E. KEELEY'S DOUBLE CHLORIDE OF GOLD REMEDIES.

Indorsed by progressive physicians, philanthropists and divines, including Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage, of Brooklyn Tabernacle, who recently visited Dwight and addressed the 700 patients in line. The United States government has adopted these remedies for use in all States and National Soldiers' Homes. Carefully kept records prove 95 per cent. permanent cures; 66,000 homes already made happy. The objectionable features of Sanitarium treatment removed. No hospital; no restriction. All necessary liquors supplied during treatment. Patients are simply residents like ourselves. Terms $25 per week; board extra, $7 to $15 per week, to suit purse and inclination. Good accommodations, including baths, at the Institute.

NOTE OF WARNING.

To the Public:

As a matter of justice to ourselves and to the reputation of Dr. Leslie E. Keeley's Double Chloride of Gold Remedies for the cure of the Liquor, Opium, Morphine and Tobacco Diseases, and Neurasthenia, we warn the public that these remedies are used by no institution or sanitarium in the United States, except those established by our company under the uniform name of "THE KEELEY INSTITUTE."

All others claiming to use our remedies are frauds and impostors.

We have now sixty Keeley Institutes established in various parts of the United States, where the Keeley Treatment is administered, and the Keeley remedies sold. We, however, caution all to examine well and know that they are dealing with GENUINE REPRESENTATIVES, authorized by us, before taking treatment or purchasing remedies.

The misleading establishments use the name of "Bicloride of Gold" or similar titles. The newspapers often fail to discriminate sufficiently to know that they are imitators. This is a matter of public welfare, and hence this warning.

We desire inspection of our Institution and invite correspondence, which is strictly confidential.

Respectfully Yours,

THE LESLIE E. KEELEY CO.,
PROPRIETORS OF
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE,
10th Street and Park Avenue,
Minneapolis, - - Minn.

HOW A PUZZLE WAS SOLVED.

When you want a certain article, you want the best make of that article, don't you?

But how to determine which make is best is what puzzles you, isn't it?

And when the puzzle is solved for you, by authority which cannot be questioned, you are pleased, aren't you?

And you would like to hear of one puzzle that has been solved for the people of the whole world, wouldn't you?

Well, we will tell you about that very puzzle, and its solution.

At the Universal Exposition of 1889 at Paris, France, the best sewing machines of the world, including those of America, were in competition. They were passed upon by a jury composed of the best foreign mechanical experts, two of whom were the leading sewing machine manufacturers of France.

This jury, after exhaustive examination and tests, adjudged that the Wheeler & Wilson machines were the best of all, and awarded that company the highest prize offered, the GRAND PRIZE, giving other companies only gold, silver and bronze medals.

The French Government, as a further recognition of superiority, decorated Mr. Nathaniel Wheeler, president of the company, with the Cross of the Legion of Honor, the most prized honor of France.

That is how the puzzle of the best sewing machine in the world was fully solved by the most competent authority in the world in favor of the No. 9 and No. 12 Wheeler & Wilson machines.

The No. 9, for family use, and the No. 12, for manufacturing uses, are the best in the world to-day.

And now, when you want a sewing machine, if you do not get the best, it will be your own fault.

Ask your sewing machine dealer for the No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson machine, and if he does not keep them, write to us for descriptive catalogue, prices and terms.

Agents wanted in all unoccupied territory.

WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO.,
185 and 187 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Reduced Fares.

For the Minnesota Annual Conference of the M. E. church at Minneapolis, Oct. 4th to 12th, the Northern Pacific road has made a rate of fare and one-third for round trip on certificate plan, subject to an attendance of 100 or more who have paid full fare going. Certificates will be honored up to and including Oct. 15th for tickets to return at one-third fare.

For the Minnesota State Baptist Convention at St. Paul, Oct. 10th to 15th, the Northern Pacific road has made same rate as above, subject to same conditions. Certificates will be honored up to and including three days after the close of the meeting for tickets to return at one third fare.

For the Christian Endeavor Convention to be held at St. Cloud Oct. 14th 15th and 16th, the Northern Pacific road will sell tickets at a rate of fare and one-third for the round trip. Tickets will be sold Oct. 13th to 16th, with final limit of Oct. 17th.

For the Triennial National Congregational Council at Minneapolis, Oct. 12th to 17th, the Northern Pacific road has made a rate of fare and one-third for the round trip on certificate plan, subject to above conditions. Certificates will be honored up to and including three days after the close of the meeting for tickets to return at one-third fare.

(First publication Oct. 7th.)

Notice of Final Proof.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., Oct. 4th, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. F. Alderman, Clerk of District Court at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, Nov. 12th, 1892, viz:

ANDREW STAFFORD,

H. E. No. 13510 for lots 6, 7, 8 and 9, Sec. 20, Twp. 45, Range 28.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

David Archibald, Anthony Erath, Elmer E. Holiday, Chris Olson. P. O. address of all, Deerwood, Crow Wing County, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Default has been made in the conditions of the mortgage hereinafter described, by failure to pay the interest and premium thereon, which was due on the last Saturday in May, A. D. 1892, in the sum of four and 17-100 dollars ($4.17), and a like sum of interest and premium which became due and payable on the last Saturday of each and every month since that time, none of which several sums have ever been paid.

The mortgagee pursuant to the provisions of said mortgage, elects to and does declare the whole amount of said debt, both principal, interest and premium, due and payable, by reason of such defaults.

No action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt or any part thereof. Said mortgage contains a power of sale on default, and has been duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, where the land therein described is situated.

Name of mortgagor: James F. Hawkins, unmarried.

Name of mortgagee at the time of the execution of said mortgage: The "National Building Loan and Protective Union," a corporation of the state of Minnesota. The said corporation, on May 26, 1891, duly amended its articles of incorporation and by-laws, among other things changing its name to "The Pioneer Savings and Loan Company," and by that name has ever since been and now is known.

Date of mortgage: October 1st, A. D. 1887.

Date when and where recorded: October 21st, 1887, at 4:45 o'clock p. m., in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, in book "F" of mortgages, on pages 630 and following.

Amount of taxes paid by mortgagee, $70.47.

Amount of insurance paid by mortgagee, $50.00.

Amount due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice: Six hundred and forty-eight and 23-100 dollars ($648.23).

Description of mortgaged premises: The west half (½) of lot two (2), block four (4) in the town of East Brainerd, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Time of sale: Tuesday, October 18th, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Place of sale: The front door of the court house in the city of Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, that by reason of the facts above set forth, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises therein and above described, and said premises will be sold at the time and place aforesaid, pursuant to law and to the power of sale in said mortgage contained, to satisfy the amount that shall then be due thereon, and the expenses of such foreclosure and sale.

Dated August 31st, A. D. 1892.

THE PIONEER SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY, Mortgagee.
(Formerly named "National Building Loan & Protective Union.")

GEORGE D. EMERY,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Minneapolis, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed by Dyre Pederson and Line Pederson, his wife, mortgagors, to Lydia A. Bickfod, mortgagee, dated July 14th, 1892, and filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Crow Wing and state of Minnesota, on August 9th, 1889, at 9 o'clock a. m., and recorded in book "A" of Mortgages on pages 430 and 431.

That there is now claimed to be and is due and owing on said mortgage indebtedness the sum of two hundred and thirty-five dollars ($235.00) principal and interest, and the mortgagee has paid $19.33 taxes making in all now claimed to be due and owing the sum of $254.33, no proceedings at law or equity having been had or instituted to recover the said sum or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and that under and by virtue of a power of sale therein contained and therewith recorded, the premises described in the said mortgage lying and being in the county of Crow Wing, formerly Cass county, and state of Minnesota, viz: South one-half, south east quarter, and east one-half, north east quarter, and north west quarter, north east quarter, all in section number one (1), town one hundred and thirty-eight (138) of range twenty-seven (27) will be sold to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the Court House in the city of Brainerd, Minnesota, on Monday, Oct. 17, 1892 at two o'clock p. m., for the purpose of paying and satisfying the said mortgage and the costs and expenses of sale including twenty-five dollars attorney's fee stipulated in the said mortgage.

Dated July 14th, 1892.

LYDIA A. BICKFORD, Mortgagee.

W. A. MCDOWELL,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

(First publication Sept. 2.)

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., August 29th, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. F. Alderman, Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, Oct. 8th, 1892, viz:

MAREN NELSON,
Widow of Hans S. Nelson,

H. E. No. 13275, for the NE¼, Sec. 4, Twp. 44, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Henry M. Dye, Jonathan B. Swisher, Frank A. Johnson, Nels. J. Nelson. P. O. address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota.

A. BARTO, Register.

(First publication Sept. 2.)

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., August 29th, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. F. Alderman, Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Monday, Oct. 10th, 1892, viz:

LEWIS WICKS,

H. E. No. 13234, for the W½ NW¼, SE¼ NW¼, NW¼ SW¼, Sec. 4, Twp. 44, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Oscar Thelander, August Lusso, Phillip Johnson, Peter Sneider. Post-office address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

DOES YOUR HEAD ACHE

Will Cure any kind of Headache.

IT WILL NOT, IF YOU TAKE KRAUSE'S HeadacheCapsules

$500 Reward for any injurious substance found in these Capsules. ☞ Perfectly harmless.

Money refunded if not as we say. Sent postpaid on receipt of price, Twenty-Five Cents.

NORMAN LICHTY MFG. CO., DES MOINES, IOWA.

For sale by N. McFADDEN, Front St.

Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers

BRAINERD, - - - - MINN.

THE hardest known wood is said to be cocus wood. It turns the edge of any ax, however well tempered, so it is claimed.

THE oysters of Puget Sound are the largest known. Some of them are 2 feet in diame er, and with the shell weigh as much as 60 pounds each.

THE highest-priced piano in the United States belongs to the Marquand family of New York City. It was designed and painted by Alma Tadema and cost $46,000.

PENNY savings banks are connected with the public schools of Belgium, and 170,000 of the 600,000 primary pupils have deposited over 500,000 francs.

SCIENTISTS have estimated that every year a layer equal to 14 feet of the entire surface of all oceans and other waters is taken up into the atmosphere in the shape of vapor, to fall as rain and again flow back into the seas.

THE troubles of Hawaii seem to be multiplying. It is now reported that England has a little annexation scheme to put in o effect there. About the time this takes place the Hawaiian sugar market in the United States will go glimmering.

THE principal of a school in Liberia recently made a request on London missionary societies for a gratuitous supply of bibles for the negro republic, and was told that he would have to apply to an American bible house, as Liberia was a state founded by Americans.

IT is held by the legal luminary of Providence, R. I., that the father has the legal right to name his child, regardless of the sex of his offspring. If this results in knocking out some of the idiotic names that have been fastened upon defenseless children during the last few years the decision ought to be followed all over the country.

THERE is a curious group of rocks near Milan which formed the oft-described "Nature's City." An irregular mass of rocks some 209 fe t high resembles a citadel. Below are five depressions of which one is a gigantic amphitheater, and the second a necropolic, a third a parade and the fourth a regularly laid out city quarters, with public monuments, gates, streets, etc.

THE annual report of the London police department shows that there were over two thousand burglary and house-breaking cases there last year, and the average amount secured by each burglar was less than five dollars. When one takes the risk and the night work and the rather long hours into consideration, it is easy to see that the burglary business is not a paying one in London at least.

THE Rev. Dr. Jenks, of Indianapolis, Ind., says the world is much wickeder than it was this time last year, wherefore he feels confident that the end of the old thing is at hand. Jenks should pour his tale of woe into the ears of his distant relative, the famous commissioned officer of the hoss marines. He forgets that this is a presidential year, when the wicked never cease from troubling.

AND now comes Prof. Michael Donovan, who first accuses Corbett of base ingratitude and unpardonable meanness in offering him a beggarly $250 for much valuable advice and assistance in his lately fulfilled contract for doing up Sullivan, and then avers that he knows of two men who can wallop Mr. Corbett with neatness and dispatch. Truly the path of glory is beset with many and grave difficulties.

A STATISTICIAN of the German Government has come to the rescue of those persons who do not share the wide spread superstitiou that Friday is the most unlucky day of the week. A short time ago he determined to make a scientific investigation of the question. The most fatal, or unfortunate week day, according to the investigator, is not Friday, but Monday.

IN connection with the recent unveiling of the memorial in honor of the great gun founder of Essen, Herr Alfred Krupp, his son Frederick, who has conducted the business since his father's death, placed in the hands of a committee the sum 500,000 marks, which the London News says is "to be devoted to the erection of 100 small dwellings, with nice little gardens, for the use of the worthiest of the workmen of his factory, when infirmity renders it necessary for them to cease work."

THE loftiest point so far as yet known to have been attained by a mountain climber is 23,700 feet, which was accomplished a few years ago by a Mr. Graham in the Himalayas. He states that in spite of the great attitude he did not find any difficulty in breathing, nor did he experience nausea, bleeding at the nose or temporary loss of sight or hearing The motion of his heart was, however, perceptibly affected, as its beating became audible and its rate was decidedly increased.

A LIQUOR dealer who opened a place for business in Columbia, Mo., recently started out with a determination to justify and dignify his business and lift it from the level usually assigned to it. He issued a notice with this headline: "Know all men by their presents." He announced that he had no desire to sell to minors, drunkards, or the destitute;" that any wife with a drunkard for a husband," or any person with a friend "unfortunately dissipated," was requested to notify him the fact and the persons described would be excluded from his place of business. He believed "there are gentlemen of honor and workmen who can afford it who want to drink," and he wanted to do business, a strictly legimate business, with them.

THE WEEKLY NEWS DIGEST.

EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

The Latest and Most Important News of the World, Culled From the Telegraph Reports of the Press Associations.

In Washington.

The annual report of the commissioner of Indian affairs is made public.

Senator Allison may not serve as commissioner to the international monetary conference.

The secretary of state has been informed of the enactment of a new tariff act by the government of Hawaii, which took effect August 13, last.

The Cherokee commission has begun negotiations with the Kiowa, Comanche and Apache Indians for the sale of their reservation in Indian Territory to the government. The prospects seem to be that the negotiations will be successful.

People in Print.

Maj. Stewart, who was on Grant's staff during the war, died suddenly in Washington.

N. B. Holway, the heaviest hemlock lumber operator in the West, dies at La Crosse.

The large, richly furnished room in Richard Wagner's house at Bayreuth is now kept closed like a tomb by his widow.

Lady Somerset, in her zeal in the temperance cause, has descended into mines to address the miners in the sunless depths.

William Durgan, the smallest member of the Masonic fraternity known, being only forty inches high, died suddenly at his home in Shullsburg, Iowa.

The engagement is announced of Lieut. Jephson, who was a member of the last Stanley expedition, to a daughter of Addison Head of San Francisco.

Maj. E. H. Evans, who officiated as marshal at the hanging of thirty-eight Sioux Indians at Mankato, Minn., in 1862 died at his home in Garden City, Minn., aged 76 years.

Annie Wilson Patterson, composer and conductor in Dublin, is the only woman doctor of music in the kingdom, with the exception of the princess of Wales.

Emperor William of Germany has sent a gold watch to Marquis Mancebo, a Brazilian, as a reward for the aid which he rendered to the captain of a German bark burned at Rio Janeiro.

Record of Casualties.

Reuben Hyatt fell in front of a mower at Nashville, Mich., and was cut to pieces.

A summer cottage at Devil's Lake, Mich., blew down, killing Mrs. Henry Graham.

The severest thunder storm of this year passed over New Haven, Conn., recently, doing considerable damage.

One of the heaviest thunder storms of the season passed over Pittsburg recently, doing great damage.

The French bark Tranquebar, Capt. Cochery, from Cardiff Aug. 3 for Para, has been wrecked at Brazanca Bank. The captain and all the crew but five were drowned.

A terrific wind and snow storm prevailed on Mount Washington, N. H., recently, the wind reaching a velocity of 100 miles per hour.

A cave-in at the East Morris mine at Ironwood, Mich., entombed ten men and there is but little hope of their being rescued alive. The mouth of the mine is surrounded by weeping and frantic women whose cries are pitiful in the extreme. Men are at work driving air pipes into the mine.

During a heavy rain and hail storm Southwest Baltimore, Md., was flooded with a deluge of peas. Prof. Remiter of the Johns Hopkins University gives the plausible explanation that they may have been blown in that direction from the truck farms.

Two employes of a Kansas City electric light house attached an electric light wire to a piece of machinery at which T. R. Vincent was working. The joke proved fatal to Vincent who was killed by the shock.

The boiler of an engine on the Alabama Coal & Iron Company's road near Brown's mines at Birmingham, Ala., blew up instantly killing engineer John Elmore and fatally scalding fireman Ben Garner. Sam Estes, a fireman standing at a stationary engine 100 yards away, was struck by flying fragments of iron and fatally hurt. Conductor W. R. Lambert and a brakeman each received serious injuries. Nothing was found of engineer Elmore's body except one foot, 300 yards away. The cau e of the accident is unknown.

Sinful Doings.

Apaches in Arizona take the warpath.

Bank robbers at Roslyn, Wash., do a $10,000 job.

In a battle among Michigan woodsmen, with pistols and axes, two are killed.

The rioters at the Coeur d'Alene Minn. were convicted on charges of conspiracy and sentenced to imprisonment.

United States troops and deputy marshals have a fight with Mexican outlaws in Texas.

A Buffalo, N. Y. man elopes with his rich grandmother, deserting his wife and children.

William P. Canaday, long sergeant-at-arms of the United States senate, commits suicide in Washington because of unsuccessful speculation.

William Scanlon, of Oneonta, N. Y., cut his wife's throat in a fit of jealousy. The woman cannot live and Scanlon was lodged in jail.

Matto Launi, an Italian, stabbed his wife to death at Providence, R. I. He was jealous.

Frank Cassell, one of a gang of Italian counterfeiters in New York, has been arrested. A large number of counterfeit $2 bills was found on his person.

The jury in the case of Burton C. Webster of New York, charged with murdering Broker-Charles Goodwin, has returned a verdict of manslaughter in the first degree. Webster was remanded for sentence.

In the case of A. T. Nason, convicted in Minnesota of selling liquor to an Indian, the president has commuted the sentence to three months imprisonment.

One of the highwaymen who robbed the Snipes & Co. bank at Roslin, Wash., has been captured. When arrested he did not resist and refused to talk or give his name

M. B. Curtis, the actor will not be tried at San Francisco the second time for murder of policeman Grant on the night of September 11, 1891, until November 14. The jury disagreed on the first trial.

The grand jury at Chicago decided to indict M. C. McDonald for bribery. McDonald is the widely known sporting man. The alleged bribery was the payment of $300 to Justice of the Peace Charles W. Woodman to influence a decision in favor of the Garfield Park race track people.

The indications are that both Lewis and Russell, the embezzlers who got nearly $100,000 from the Lombard Investment company of Kansas City will never be brought back from Mexico. They have been released from custody under high proceedings. There is a very serious hitch in the matter of the extradition. Minister Ryan does not take kindly to the idea that the men were guilty of forgery. The crime of embezzlement is not extraditable.

Phillip Vetter, a German from Milwaukee, who has been farming in Fremont county Wyo., for two years, was found dead in his cabin. He was in his bunk, and there was dried blood on the pillow and on the floor. The body was partly decomposed. It was evident that Vetter had been murdered in his sleep. The place had been plundered. Vetter had several hundred dollars. The crime is charged to a band of outlaw stock thieves.

Mrs. Henry Marsh and James McIntosh, who are said to be from Pittsburg, were arrested at New York on a charge of grand larceny, preferred by Harry Fehl, who says he is the administrator of Gamble Weir of Pittsburg, who died in January. He alleges that Mrs. Marsh and McIntosh disappeared with several thousand dollars' worth of personal property, jewelry and diamonds which belonged to Weir. It also intimated that the prisoners know something of the death of Mr. Weir, which was caused by poison.

The Foreign Budget.

Russian finances are in horrible shape.

Persistent rumors that Emperor William's health is failing are circulated in Berlin.

The German government has decided to have the world's fair in Berlin in 1897.

A society exists in China whose object is the assassination of the emperor of that country.

The Hawaiian government has adopted a new tariff schedule to take the place of the tariff of 1878.

Sir William Johnston Richelieu, chief justice of the supreme court of Canada, died at Ottawa, aged seventy-nine years.

The marriage of Prince Ferdinando of Roumania to Princess Marie, daughter of the duke of Edinburg, will take place Jan. 9 at Sigmaringen, Prussia.

It is rumored in high religious circles in Paris that Archbishop Corrigan, of New York, and Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, Minn., will be made cardinals at the coming papal consistory.

Two mining prospectors, William Corlet of Galveston and Henry Gosford, formerly of St. Paul, were on Sep. 10 devoured by mountain lions near Kootenai Lake, B. C.

An Ottawa, Ont., special says: The dominion government has just been notified by the British government that a British man-of-war has been ordered from the Pacific to at once proceed to Vladivostock, Russia, to investigate the recent seizures of Canadian vessels by Russian cruisers and to offer relief to those crews who still may be in the custody of the Russians.

The trial of Sir Gilbert Edward Campbell and others associated with him in a series of frauds on persons ambitious for literary fame terminated at the Old Bailey, London, on a verdict of guilty. Sir Gilbert Edward Campbell was sentenced to eighteen months' imprisonment at hard labor, he appearing on the evidence, to have been a guilty stool pigeon, rather than a principal in the fraudulent schemes. Four others were given sentences ranging from fifteen months to eight years. Sir Gilbert Edward Campbell is an Irish nobleman of Carrick-Buoy in the county of Donegal. He was about fifty-four years of age and was formerly a captain in the Ninety-second Highlanders. The first baronet was his grandfather, Sir Robert Campbell, who died in 1856.

Political Echoes.

Grover Cleveland gives out his letter of acceptance.

The Republicans of the Second Wisconsin district have nominated Lucian B. Caswell of Fort Atkinson for congress.

A Baltimore paper is raising a campaign fund to use in the South in the interests of the Democracy.

Fusion in Colorado is completed, the Democrats indorsing the Populist nominees, both electoral and State.

Thomas C. Platt, Whitelaw Reid, Chauncey M. Depew and others address an immense mass meeting of New York Republicans.

Fuller, Republican governor-elect of Vermont, denies that he is ineligible for the office, saying he has never held "an office of profit or trust under the authority of Congress," as has been alleged.

About the Railroads.

The cases of the Milwaukee road against the Chicago ticket brokers are dismissed.

Arrangements have been completed by the Great Northern for extending its Wadena & Park Rapids branch to Leech Lake, Minn. Track laying will begin in a couple of weeks.

The statement of the Burlington system for the month of August shows that the gross earnings were $3,720,196, an increase as compared with the corresponding month last year of $558,356. The net earnings were $562,258, an increase of $11,914. From Jan. 1 to Aug. 1 the gross earnings increased $4,468,250, and the net earnings $520,035.

Gossip of the Sports.

Washington has released three men to reduce expenses.

All that the country asks now of Corbett—whip blower Mitchell and close his mouth.

The Pacific Athletic club of San Francisco has offered a purse of $10,000 for a twelve-round fight between Joe Goddard and Peter Jackson.

Parson Davies said that he would, on behalf of Peter Jackson, accept the offer of the Pacific Athletic Club of San Francisco to fight Joe Goddard for a purse of $10,000. Goddard, who is also in this city, also says the offer suits him and he is ready to make the fight.

Mrs. Libbie Spond, better known as Hattie Leslie, the champion female pugilist of the world, died in Milwaukee at the Exchange hotel from typhoid pneumonia. She gained the title of champion by defeating Alice Leary in a fight to a finish with skin-tight gloves on Sept. 18, 1888, for $500 and the world's championship. LaBlanch, the marine, got six months for seconding her in this fight. The body will be sent to her old home in Buffalo, N. Y., for burial. Mrs. Spond was twenty-three years old and in fighting trim weighed 185 pounds.

General News.

Four thousand miles of new railway will be laid this year.

The American Type Founders company, a trust, has $9,000,000 capital.

Cholera disappears completely in New York, but is worse than ever in Berlin.

A Washington man raises a serious question concerning the electoral college.

A careless undertaker in Washington causes a diphtheria epidemic which has thus far resulted in fifteen deaths.

A national convention of German Catholics opens at Newark, N. J. These people favor Cahenslyism.

A long distance telephone is successfully operated between Boston and South Bend, Ind.

The Pan-Presbyterian Council at Toronto, declared for the unrestricted immigration of Chinese to the United States.

The body of J. C. Vaughn, an old resident of Cincinnati, was incinerated in the Cincinnati crematory.

Miss McCormick, of Chicago, who is in a New York insane asylum, has an estate of $3,000,000.

There are over 600 cars of grain for Mexico side-tracked between Eagle Pass and San Antonio, Tex.

Mary Coleman was awarded $5,000 damages in a suit at Joliet, Ill., against John Clarkson, for breach of promise. She is 62 years old and he 80.

The rumor that the Carnegie people had decided to discharge the non-union men at Homestead and close down the plant was emphatically denied by H. C. Frick.

The Wisconsin supreme court renders a decision in the second gerrymander case, holding the gerrymander to be unconstitutional.

A suit is brought by the state's attorney in Chicago against the Reading coal combine to restrain it from doing business in Cook county.

Western and Eastern coal sales agents, in session in New York, have decided to make no change in present prices. The October tonnage was not fixed.

It is reported that the mills controlled by the paper trust, of which William Miller is president, will be closed until the middle of November, rendering idle about 50,000 men throughout the country.

It is reported that the State of Louisiana lost hundreds of thousands of dollars during the reconstruction period through fraud in the matter of the direct tax refunded by the federal government.

The official figures of the gubernatorial vote of the Maine election gives Cleaves 67.585; Johnson, 55.073; Massey (Pro) 3,781; Knowlton (Labor), 1,860; Bateman (Peo.) 3,005; scattering, 17. Total, 129,621; Cleaves plurality, 12,512.

With her mind unbalanced from fear that she would suffer such horrors from quarantine as she had read about, Mrs. Gesinne Armann, of New York, threw herself overboard from the North German Lloyd steamer Saale as she was nearing New York.

The German Catholic convention in session recently at Newark, N. J., elected the following officers: President Rev. H. Mesener, corresponding secretary Rev. W. Faerber, recording secretary Rev. J. N. Enzeberger commissary, Rev. W. Mespaeter, treasurer, Rev. J. Hoffmeister. The selection of a place for the next convention was left to the executive committee which comprises the above named officers.

The steamer George Bavin arrived at Port Townsend from Copper island recently. She spoke the schooner Mabel off the Russian coast. She reported that the Russians had seized our British and two American sealers. A Russian man-of-war boarded the schooner Kate and Ann of Portland, and after taking all their skins ordered the vessel to leave the sea.

The New York state banking department has made application for the appointment of a receiver for the Life and Reserve association. Affidavits were made that the funds of the association were short and that the deficit would reach $120,000. The report of the state bank examiners say the association is rotten to the core, and that the president, ex-Judge Harlan J. Swift, owes $61,000, and that Director Carlin owes it $3,200. The deficiencies, when added to the death claims now due, will foot up to about $120,000.

Gen. Miles has received responses from the military authorities of adjacent states to Illinois giving the number each state will send to take part in the military display Oct. 11, at the world's fair grounds. Illinois will have 2,000 to 2,500 men in line. Minnesota will send two regiments of infantry and two light batteries 1,200 men in all. Wisconsin military authorities have not yet determined how many regiments will be sent, but there will probably be no less than three. The national guards from all the states will it is estimated number 10,000 men.

NORTHWEST NEWS BUDGET.

THE WEEKLY ROUND-UP OF IMPORTANT NEWS.

A Concise Account of the Happenings of the Past Week in Minnesota, North Dakota, Iowa and Wisconsin.

Minnesota.

A farmer near Morris, Minn., is arrested on suspicion of having hanged his wife.

The Minnesota Knights of Pythias hold their annual meeting in Minneapolis.

The state fish and game commissioners revise the game laws.

Ex-State Senator W. G. Ward, of Waseca, is dead.

The 2-year-old son of Charles Broussan, who drank fly poison, died in great agony.

A St. Paul lady is driven insane by the disappearance of her little daughter, who has been missing several months.

The annual meeting of the Minnesota Woman's Auxiliary mission is held in St. Paul.

The Minnesota woman's auxiliary of the World's Fair votes in favor of having the fair open on Sunday.

Mike Nestor, a young farmer, was killed by a train at Rushford. He was intoxicated and probably went to sleep on the track.

Frank Blaine, an employe in Coates' livery stable at St. Cloud, arrested for stealing an overcoat and swindling in small sums of money, is in jail.

James Barrett, who attempted to kill Mollocoski, was bound over at Sauk Rapids to the district court in $3,000 bail, furnished.

Fire bugs are doing plenty of work at Farmington and the council has offered $200 for the arrest and conviction of any one guilty of arson.

Mrs. Hathaway of Fairhaven, was shot in the abdomen. She was pushing a baby carriage containing a gun when the weapon was discharged. She may die.

An expert machinist named Keiser, traveling for the J. I. Case Company, was thrown from a buggy at Faribault and had his left ankle badly crushed in the joint.

Pius Huber, a farmer about 40 years of age, living in the town of Machestock, received a severe kick from a horse from the effects of which he died in a short time.

Gunder Torgerson, of Fergus Falls, a well known farmer, was killed by his team running away and dashing him against an iron bridge.

Samuel Rosenbaum, of St. Paul, treasurer of the Iron Hall society in that city, has been arrested, charged with embezzling $216 of the society's funds.

Mrs. George Brackett, of Paynesville, who wanted a divorce to marry her lover and took poison when she couldn't get it, died from the effects of the poison.

The safe of Anton Hoeschen, of Kent, was cracked and $1,500 in cash taken. No clue to the robbers. Hoeschen was the agent of the Farmer's elevator and a store-keeper.

Faribault people are anxious for some enterprising capitalist to build an opera house. Mr. Hill, proprietor of the one destroyed by fire, will rebuild, but not an opera house, as he needs his room for his business.

Matt Mattson, a Finlander, who was found at Duluth, with a broken blade of a pocket-knife sunk in his brain, died from the effects of the wound. His assailants, John Erickson and Matt Johnson, are under arrest.

Fire broke out in the grist mill at Alden, completely burning it and the adjoining warehouse. Loss, $8,000. The mill was owned by T. W. Wilson of Albert Lea, and was run by Lands & Sage of isth place.

Fire destroyed five stacks of timothy with a separator on the farm of John Cochrane, five miles south of Rochester, while the crew were at dinner. Origin unknown. No insurance.

An unknown man was found dead at Minnesota City the other morning. He was of light complexion and about 50 years of age. On a card in his pocket was the name Thos. Cullen, care of J. Burton, Hillsdale, Ill.

A little son of J. A. Burke, while playing near some machinery in the Waterford mill, at Northfield was caught by the machinery in the ankle and the limb nearly severed. The wound was dressed and the patient is doing well.

The Rice county commissioners have just awarded the contract for putting in steam heating in the Rice county Court House to the Pond-Hazey Company of Minneapolis for $1,900.

The Rose Hill Cemetery Association was formed in Hinckley with W. H. Grant, Sr., president, and Lee Webster, secretary. The association has been presented with a 10 acre lot by the Western Land Association, of Duluth, and has commenced improvements on it.

The barn, farm machinery, granaries and six stacks of barley belonging to Chas. Johns, a farmer residing three miles north of Rushford, were totally destroyed by fire. The house was saved with difficulty. Light insurance.

A 10-ton fly wheel at Merrill & Ring's saw mill at Duluth burst, sections going through the second floor and on through the roof out into the bay. Charles Suninean was killed instantly. He was working directly over the wheel. Two others were seriously injured. Damage, $5,000.

A young man giving the name of Roy Gilbert passed a forged check on the State Bank, of Slayton, receiving $98. Cashier Dinehart became suspicious and communicated with the drawer, a farmer named John Masterson, who declared the check a forgery. Gilbert is now under arrest.

Wisconsin.

Robert Lee, a resident of Clayton, Winnebago County, died at the age of 75 years.

The family of Jacob Larson, Racine is worried over his disappearance from home.

Mrs. Rosa Fountain has been granted a divorce from her husband, Joseph, Fountain, at Ashland.

Lena Balfanz has been granted a divorce from her husband, Charles Balfanz, at Oshkosh.

Laboring men are very scarce at West Superior. An unskilled laborer can command $2 and $2.25 per day.

Some unknown parties painted the residence of ex-Mayor George End, of Sheboygan, with a composition of tar and oil.

David McHale of Madison, was found guilty of larceny and sentenced to six months in the county jail.

Matt Burrows, a farmer near Oshkosh is liable to die from the effects of knife wounds received in a saloon fight at Algoma.

Tommy, the 6-year-old son of Mrs. Nels Thompson, of La Crosse, was quite seriously injured by jumping off a street car.

A. Burkart, of New Franken, Brown County, died from injuries received in a runaway accident about two weeks ago.

The mangled remains of Michael Nester, a La Crosse man, were found on the railway track near Rushford, Minn.

Commencing December 1 Stevens Point will have a free delivery system by order of Postmaster-General Wanamaker.

Maj. Edward Scofield, of Oconto, has been nominated for senator by the Second District Republican convention.

The residence of Mrs. Mary Mulhall, of Janesville, was destroyed by fire. Loss, about $1,000; insurance, $600.

H. F. Hixson, of Racine, has been nominated by the Peoples party for Congress from the First District.

Louis Delcorps, of Sevastopol, Door County, fell from the loft of a barn and broke three of his ribs.

The plans for the new $12,000 school-building at Stoughton, prepared by Architect Dean, of Appleton, were accepted at a meeting of the Stoughton School Board.

Nicholas Ludwig, of Appleton, was run over and had both his legs badly crushed by a heavy dray. It is thought that amputation will not be necessary.

A young farmer named Potratz, living in the town of Fremont, Outagamie County, was attacked by a vicious bull and seriously injured.

George DeWolf, of Cadott, Chippewa County, has been lodged in jail on the charge of attempting to shoot James Williams, his landlord.

Bishop Messmer has purchased a large tract of land opposite his residence at Green Bay, on which he intends to erect a Catholic college.

P. A. Herzog, of Racine, has purchased a half interest of John H. Roberts in the Racine Star flouring mill, paying $24,000 for the same.

Secretary True, of the State Agricultural Society, announces that $9,893 will be paid in premiums, exclusive of purses, which will amount to twice that much.

The residence of S. Vanderbilt, situated two miles north of Prairie du Chien, was destroyed by fire together with the contents. Loss, $1,500; no insurance.

Fred Kraus, a farm hand residing at Berryville, Racine County, had his foot crushed while attempting to board a freight train at that place.

Mary Werner has brought suit against the Ashland Lighting Company, of Ashland, for $5,000 damages for injuries alleged to have been received by a gas explosion in the Werner building.

It is thought that Mrs. David Jenkins, the aged Menasha woman who has been missing from her home for the past week has gone to Oregon, Dane county, where she has relatives.

The residence of Mrs. Lizzie Wheelen, of Green Bay, was entered by burglars and $300 in coins were taken. There was considerable jewelry in the same drawer containing the coins, but it was left unmolested.

T. F. Lyons, formerly of Janesville, was arrested in Cheyenne for trying to overawe an audience to which he had been lecturing by pulling two revolvers on them. He was held in $2,000 bonds.

The trial of Moore and Witte, the farm hands accused of killing August Stevens, found dead in a barn near Eau Claire, is set for October 10. The defense will try to show Stevens fell down stairs.

John M. Ware's barn, situated near Waupaca, was burned with all its contents. There were 3,000 bushels of oats in the barn. The loss will reach $3,500; insured for $1,800. Sparks from an engine was the cause of the fire.

The contract for building a new Catholic Church at Marinette has been let to J. Hoffman, of Appleton, for $22,725. Work will begin at once and be completed by January 1, 1893.

North Dakota.

Two more victims of the Thompson fire die, making five deaths in all.

A maniac at Bismarck sets fire to his bed and burns to death.

A laborer named R. L. Westfull shot himself dead at the Chilson house; Tower City. Sickness influenced the act.

The police raided George Miller's gambling house at Fargo, on complaint of Bill Butcher, who lost all his money. Ten men were arrested and fined $5 each. Miller escaped to Moorhead.

Louis Matejeck, a Bohemian farmer, while intoxicated, was run over and killed at Grand Forks by a Great Northern freight train, his body was fightfully mangled. Deceased was twenty-three years of age.

Sam Currie of Thomas and John Ellis of Brussels, Ont., after hours of terrible suffering, died of injuries received in the gambling house fire recently. This makes a total of five lives lost besides several others who werre severely burned. No further deaths are expected.

In attempting to quiet a disturbance at Jamestown Chief of Police McKechnie was resisted by the unruly tramps, who composed the crowd, and was compelled to use his revolver. Several shots were fired, but no one hurt.

Fire at the Park farm at Ayr destroyed two large barns, machinery shed, wind mill, four stacks, 2,000 bushels of oats, eight horses and 120 hogs. The cause of the fire is unknown. Loss, $15,000, with very little insurance.

Two tramps broke into William's jewelry store, at Mandan, while the clerk was at dinner and carried off 49 watches. An afternoon's chase succeeded in landing one of the burglars and recovered all the property, some on the prisoner's person and the remainder in an old satchel where he had dropped it.

At Robinson's camp, on the Soo railroad, near Carrington, Mike Bartlet, a tough character, assaulted John Anderson, a quiet Norwegian laborer, and beat him in a horrible manner. Not content with this, Bartlet deliberately bit off Anderson's right ear. Bartlet will be arrested.

Director Hodge, of the state university musical conservatory, resigned to accept the secretaryship of the educational department of the National M. C. A., just organized. His headquarters will be in Brooklyn. He will devote a year to studying the status of educational institutions before completing the organization of his department.

An interesting land case occupied the Devils Lake land office recently involving 80 acres adjoining the city on the north and formerly covered by Sioux half-breed scrip canceled in February, 1889. The present litigants are George Juergens and George H. Locke. The hearing was on the secretary's decision requiring Juergens to show cause why his entry should not be canceled and Locke's application allowed.

Iowa.

A colored man in Iowa murders his wife and her brother and then commits suicide.

A brakeman named Eastbrook started out on the river in a skiff at Dubuque, recently and has not been seen since. It is believed that he was drowned.

The corner stone of the new court house Ottumwa was laid with appropriate ceremonies under the auspices of the Masonic fraternity.

A small wreck occurred on the Burlington, Cedar Rapids, & Northern near Waucoma. Twelve cars were wrecked and a brakeman was bruised.

John Alexander was seriously, if not fatally, hurt at Cedar Rapids by a blow from a screw with which he was raising a building. The iron struck him just above the eyes, smashing the bones of the forehead.

As John Dowd, an old resident of New Hampton was returning to his home on his farm, he was thrown from his wagon and instantly killed. His team was running away.

The town of Runnels on the Wabash railroad was almost wiped out by fire. Loss about $150,000. About eighteen buildings were consumed; insured for about $100,000.

Work on the government survey of the Missouri river between Sioux City and Ft. Benton which has been in progress for two years will be completed this fall. The survey includes soundings of the river.

Frank Hubbard, 6 years old, was burned to death at Des Moines. He was playing with matches near a gasoline stove when the gas caught fire and exploded. His clothing was instantly a mass of flames and as he was alone his body was burned to a crisp.

A regular fast freight and extra construction train collided near fairfield on the Rock Island road. Both engines and a dozen cars were totally wrecked. Fireman Ed. Duffield, of the construction train, was instantly killed, and Fireman H. Shermerhorn was badly crushed and will probably die. The conductor of the regular freight was severely injured in jumping.

Two women were fatally burned at Sioux City. One of them Mrs. B. Stolh, attempted to fill a lighted gasoline stove and an explosion followed. She was burned about the head and chest, inhaling the flames. Thersa Hallet, at the same hour in the City Hotel, was cleaning beds with gasoline and the gas was fired and she was fatally burned before aid reached her. Both women are nearing death.

Deceve, the musical instructor wanted in Brooklyn for bigamy, was arrested at Sioux City. He has been elected director of the new conservatory of music and organist in the first Congregational Church. During the time he has been here he has moved in the best circles, passing as a bachelor.

On Sept. 9, in broad daylight, Frank Strathers, a colored brute, dragged Hugh Tierman, a 6-year-old boy, under the Wabash depot and submitted the boy to the most revolting crime known to nature. On Sept. 22 a negro caught a 11-year-old boy near Newton and committed the same crime on the child as in the first case, and escaped. He was arrested in White Chapel and has been identified by the boys as the man who committed the horrible deeds. The children are seriously injured.

A Davenport special says some time ago the telegraphers on the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railway made complaint of low wages and the matter was adjusted by a raise of $5 per month at all points. The other trainmen of the road immediately thereafter made a like complaint and order were posted by the company announcing a wage schedule for the employes of the road increasing the wages for all about $5 on the average.

The preliminary examination of G. P. Horne, alias A. L. Moore, for assault with attempt to murder Frank Carter, came up for hearing at Independence recently. He was bound over to the grand jury in $3,000 bonds. It was brought out that Carter, knowing Moore's bad reputation, had been getting money for some time, thus driving Moore to the point of desperation.

TO CONCEAL THEIR CRIME.

A ROBBERY IS FOLLOWED BY MURDER.

An Unknown Man at Grand Forks Slugged and Robbed and Then Placed on the Railroad Track, Where He Is Killed.

Grand Forks, N.D., Special, Oct. 5—A strange man about thirty-five years of age was found in a dying condition today in the Great Northern freight yard here. He had evidently been run over by a train a short time before. Both feet were cut off, one leg broken and his head crushed as though by a club. Other circumstances indicated that the man was the victim of foul play, his coat and vest were missing and an empty pocket-book was found near by. The man died this evening. An inquest will be held to-morrow.

The Ex-Attorney General Tells Why He Joins the Democrats.

Philadelphia, Oct. 5. Ex-Attorney General Wayne MacVeagh has written a letter to John W. Carter, secretary of the Massachusetts Reform club, in which he announces that he will vote for Grover Cleveland. The writer finds himself in full accord with the Democratic party, and finds it more easy to act with it because the Republican party, securing its return to power four years ago by promising to preserve matters as they were, at once embarked upon what he regards as a reckless and revolutionary policy, even overturning all the safeguards of legislation in the house of representatives in their haste to pass the force bill and the McKinley bill, both, to his mind, unnecessary and unwise measures.

Populists Not In It.

Jacksonville, Fla., Oct. 5.—The vote of the state is hardly as heavy as was expected. This is accounted for by the fact that the poll tax requirements kept down the aggregate of qualifications in all parties. Up to 9 o'clock full returns had not been received from any one of the forty-five counties, but precinct votes furnished a good basis for calculation.

Mitchell (Dem.) has carried the state by at least 20,000 majority, though his vote will hardly reach 30,000, which is 10,000 less than the vote polled for Fleming (Dem.) in 1888. Baskin (People's party) cannot by any possibility show up with more than 8,000 votes, which is 18,000 less than the Republican vote four years ago, while the Republicans, where they voted at all, generally supported the People's party ticket, the negroes, strange to say, divided their votes between Mitchell and Baskin. Reports from about twenty-five of the counties declared that more negroes voted the Democratic ticket than the People's ticket; this, too, without solicitation of any kind except in close contests on county candidates.

Friday a Lucky Day.

One of the luckiest periods in the world's history was that in which Columbus discovered America. There is probably no one to dispute this proposition. Has it ever occurred to those superstitious people who never want to start any enterprise on Friday, who will never begin a journey on Friday, who wouldn't ever trim their finger nails on Friday, that that was the day on which Columbus sailed from Palos on his voyage of discovery, that he first caught a glimpse of the promised land on Friday, that he reached Palos on his return trip on Friday, and that the 400th anniversary of the luckiest of all discoveries occurs on Friday? Go to with your superstition. Friday is as good a day as is any other; it was the best day, the lucky day for Christopher Columbus.

Fusion in North Dakota.

Grand Forks, N. D. Oct. 5—The fusion of the Democrats with the People's party is now complete in accordance with the very urgent recommendation of the national Democratic committee. The North Dakota state committee announces the withdrawal of Col. John D. Benton and W. N. Roach, candidates for presidential electors, and the substitution therefor of Weaver electors. George E. Adams, the People's party candidate for commissioner of agriculture and labor, is endorsed. The Democrats now have only one straight candidate, O'Brien, for congress.

New Boats on the Missouri.

Sioux City, Iowa, Special, Oct. 5.—Within a few weeks past Sioux City parties have put two boats on the Missouri above here to handle the grain business along the river where railroad accommodations are poor. The boats found business good, and there seems to be a good prospect of a revival of the river trade. But two more boats, the Rosebud and Batchelor, owned by the Benton Transcontinental company have been put on recently and are cutting rates. It is believed these boats are put in to drive out other river boats in the interest of the railroads, which regard with jealousy the incursion of boats into their territory which has been heretofore under their control.

Hard Lines for Vets.

Washington, Oct. 5.—Some of the veterans who came to Washington at the time of the G. A. R. encampment are staying her. They had round trip tickets but eith lost or sold them. A writer to the Star who says there are about 100 men still in the city asks that they be assisted to their homes.

A Self-Confessed Embezzler.

Milwaukee, Oct. 5.—Capt. John Williams, of the schooner A. P. Bliss, has disappeared, leaving a letter in which he admits that he is an embezzler to the extent of $10,600, the receipts of his last trip. The Bliss is owned by A. B. Paully of this city. Capt. Williams is one of the best known sailors on the lake and was very popular.

End of a County Seat War.

Omaha, Oct. 5.—The Hitchcock county war ended suddenly to-day. Adjt. Gen. Vifquain arrived at Culbertson and at once ordered Sheriff Dennis to do his duty. The sheriff summoned a posse and went to Trenton, where he recaptured the stolen county records and brought them back to Culbertson. The troops held under arms have been dismissed.

To Be Put in Repair.

Chicago News: Footpad (3 a. m.)—What time is it, mister?

Belated Citizen—Eh—er—my watch doesn't run.

Footpad (producing a revolver)—Well, you just hand it over ter me an' watch me and it run fer a few seconds.

Tricky Bohemians.

Inkster, N. D. Special, Oct. 5—A Bohemian in the town of Medford fired sixteen stacks of wheat to prevent the foreclosure of a mortgage. Another Bohemian farmer in the same neighborhood has filled his sheaves with iron spikes to prevent his creditors threshing it.

The First Overshoes.

St. Louis Republic: The first pair of arctics brought into the United States were imported from Rio de Janeiro in 1830. They were a rough pair of India rubber "gunboats," painted and gilded like a Chinese pagoda, and were sent as curiosities to a New York gentleman by a representative of a wholesale house doing business in what was then the great American empire. Friends of the gentleman, when inspecting his odd rubber shoes, expressed a desire to own a pair of such oddities, and in 1832 twenty-seven pairs were imported by New York and Boston people. The next year the importations numbered 500 pairs, and in each following year the trade continued to increase.

Serious Accidents at Northfield.

NORTHFIELD, Minn., Special,—Mr. and Mrs. George Empey were very severely injured yesterday by their horse running away. Mrs. Empey had three ribs fractured. Her husband was unconscious for a number of hours.

Adam Phillips yesterday fell from a load of hay and struck on the back of his head and neck. Recovery is doubtful.

Will Have Electric Lights.

NEW RICHMOND, Wis., Special.—The Northwest General Electric company was awarded the contract to-day for a complete system of arc and incandescent light for this city, to be completed with the waterworks.

The Monetary Meet.

WASHINGTON, Special.—Secretary Charles W. Foster said this afternoon that he is very much encouraged at the prospects of the international monetary conference, which it was feared at one time would have to be indefinitely postponed on account of the cholera epidemic. He was now satisfied, he said, that the conference will be held before long, and recent information had been received by him that foreigners would take a most active part in the proceedings. Correspondence is now in progress in regard to the time and place of meeting, and will probably result in an agreement on those questions within a few days.

Interest on Four Per Cents.

WASHINGTON, Special.—The 4 per cent bonds of the United States are gradually being consolidated in the hands of holders. In 1880 there were 57,245 bondholders on the books of the treasury, while now there are but 27,722. To this number checks in payment of the quarter's interest, amounting to $4,857,330, were mailed to-day. In 1880 57,215 quarterly interest checks amounted to $5,146,044.

Northwestern Postoffices.

WASHINGTON, Special Telegram,—Montevideo, Chippewa county, Minn., has been made an international money order office. The following postoffices have been raised to the presidential class, to take effect Oct. 1, 1892: Neihart, Mont.; Omro, Wis.; South Superior, Wis., and West Bend, Wis; The salaries of the offices average from $1,300 to $1,000 per annum.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Rev. James Spurgeon is critically ill. He is suffering from quinsy.

Rev. Sam Longfellow, brother of the late poet, died at Portland, Me., yesterday, aged seventy-three.

Calvin S. Brice has not been able to rid himself of the silence bacilli he took into his system at Chicago.

Justice Ingraham of New York has sentenced Burton C. Webster, the murderer of Charles Goodwin, to state prison for nineteen years.

A lot of wreckage and the bodies of six seamen have floated ashore near Cherry Grove, N. C. There is nothing to indicate to what vessel the men belonged.

The plant of the Cary-Ogden company, manufacturers of paints and varnishes, in Chicago, were entirely destroyed by fire last night. Loss, $160,000; insured.

Mrs. Harrison was not quite as well last night as she has been for a week past. She is nervous and restless, but her condition is not such as to excite alarm.

A. S. Leth, assistant cashier in the freight office of the Pennsylvania railroad in Jersey City, N. J., is a defaulter to the amount of over $80,000 and has disappeared.

J. T. West and William O'Brien, Sr., of Minneapolis have sold the stock which they held with Mr. J. D. Ellison of Cincinnati in the Ohio State Journal to some Cleveland parties.

Hon. Robert T. Lincoln, minister to Great Britain, will sail for the United States this week on a short leave of absence. He will return to London with Mrs. Lincoln in November.

Renan will be buried from the College de France. The funeral will be strictly non-religious. The latter arrangement has been made with the approval of the family, presumably at Renan's request.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO—WHEAT—No. 2 spring 72 to 73½ No. 3 spring, 63to67c. No. 2 red, 73.
CORN—No. 2, 44½c.
OATS—No. 2, 31½c.; No. 3 white, 31½to32
RYE—No. 2, 57c.
BARLEY—No. 2, 63c.

MINNEAPOLIS—WHEAT—No. 1 hard, 73c; No. 1 Northern, 71½c; No. 2 Northern, 65 to 67c.
CORN—No. 2 yellow, 48c.
OATS—No. 3 white, 31½c.
RYE—No. 2, 60c.
BARLEY—No. 3, 33 to 45c.

ST. PAUL—WHEAT—No. 1 hard, 75to77c. No. 1 Northern, 72to75c; No. 2 Northern, 66 to 68c.
CORN—No. 3, 43to44c; No. 3 yellow, 44 to 45c.
OATS—No. 2, 30½ to 31c. No. 2 white, 32 to 33c; No. 3, 30 to 32.
BARLEY AND RYE—No. 3 barley, 41 to 50c; No. 2 rye, 58 to 60c; malt, 60to70c.
GROUND FEED AND MILLSTUFFS—No. 1, $16.50; @17 No. 2, $17.00@17.50; No. 3, $17.50 to $18.00.; low grade, $13to 13.50; corn meal, bolted, $22 to 23, do unbolted, $15 to $16.50; bran, bulk, $10 to 10.50.

MILWAUKEE—WHEAT—No. 2 spring 69c; No. 1 Northern, 76c.
CORN—No. 3, 44½c.
OATS—No. 2 white, 34 to34½c. No. 3, do 32to33c.

AN APOSTOLIC DELEGATE.

Public Schools in America Will Be Investigated by a Vatican Agent.

Chicago, Oct. 4.—Pope Leo is sending a "delegate apostolic" to this country, Mgr. Satolli, president of what is known at the Vatican as the academy for noble ecclesiastics, a celebrated training school for ecclesiastical diplomats. Mgr. Sotolli's object ostensibly will be to obtain reliable statistics of the Catholic population in the United States and to inform himself as to the growth and influence of the church here. It is said by those who know whereof they speak, however, that the apostolic delegate, who is to leave Rome forthwith, is invested with other powers than those requisite for the fulfillment of pastorial duties. The school question is the main issue to be discussed at the archbishops' conference, and the divergence of views is regarded as so marked as to render necessary the presence of an authorized agent from Rome.

WISCONSIN BAPTISTS.

Annual State Convention in Session at Hudson.

Hudson, Wis., Special, Oct. 4.—The forty-eighth annual session of the Wisconsin Baptist state convention begins in this city this evening. The determination in the state has 219 churches, 112 pastors and a membership of 14,000. The contributions last year for all purposes amounted to about $220,000; the value of church and educational property is $900,000. The first Baptist church in the state was organized at Milwaukee in 1836. The exercises began with the anniversary of the ministerial union, of which Rev. C. N. Patterson of Whitewater is president, Rev. W. S. Sweet of La Crosse vice president, Rev. D. W. Hurlbert of Wauwatosa secretary. Rev. W. A. McKillop of Eau Claire delivered the annual sermon. The opening devotional services this evening were spirited, and formed a fitting key note of the meetings, which are to continue until Thursday night. After the sermon to-night the interests of the Ministers' Aid society were presented and a collection taken for it. This society has its headquarters at Fenton, Mich., where there is located a home, having a splendid property valued at $50,000. It has an endowment of $11,400, and rendered aid the past year to ninety-four inmates and outside beneficiaries. It was founded in 1885. The Baptists have twenty five such homes, orphanages and hospitals in different parts of the country. In them are 1,500 inmates; the value of their property is $1,000,000, and their endowment amounts to $600,000.

FATAL FAMILY FEUD.

One Man Killed and Another Mortally Wounded in Iowa.

Oskaloosa, Iowa, Oct. 4.—Saturday Guy Helm and his two nephews named Clark, visited Fremont, near which village the two families live. Helm started home first, and when near the Clark home, seated himself by the roadside. When his nephews came along Helm opened fire on them with a revolver, killing one outright and mortally wounding the other. Helm gave himself up to the sheriff. The shooting was the result of a feud.

Sullivan Has Enough.

New York, Oct. 3.—John L. Sullivan arrived in this city to-day. He was asked if it was true that he had expressed a desire for another match with Corbett. He denied that he had any such intention. He was heartily sick of the ring, he said. Speaking of the report that he had been drugged during his recent fight he said that he was never in better condition in his life than when he stepped into the ring with Corbett.

Again Continued.

Albany, N. Y. Oct. 4.—In the court of sessions this afternoon a crowd of interested spectators had gathered to hear the decision in the application of Mr. Meegan that the indictment against Labor Commissioner Peck and his stenographer for burning public records be quashed. Mr. Meegan then said his client demurred to the indictment presented on the ground that more than one crime is charged therein and that it had been illegally found. The case was continued until to-morrow.

Bold Abduction.

INDIANAPOLIS, Special—A bold abduction took place here yesterday, Annie Wallace, a girl of ten years, being quickly hustled into a carriage by one of three men who rode up in it at the corner of Buchanan and Doughty streets. Mrs. Frank Wallace, the mother of the child, who is separated from her husband, is nearly distracted. Six years ago the little one was kidnapped by her father, but was subsequently found in a convent in Chicago, where he had placed her.

A Youthful Archbishop.

DALLAS, Tex., Special.—Father Coffery of this city is in receipt of information that Bishop Brennan of Dallas has been raised to the dignity of archbishop of the new province of Dallas, which was created by the propaganda a few days ago. The new archbishop, father Coffery says is the youngest in the world, and his promotion was the personal desire of the Pope XIII. out of the regard of Bishop Brennan's merits with which his holiness was acquainted, and in recognition of the claims of Texas to be the empire state of the Union.

Chinese Actors Barred.

WASHINGTON, Special—Acting Secretary Spaulding has declined to permit 200 Chinese actors to enter this country for the purpose of presenting Chinese plays in a theater to be erected near the entrance of the world's fair in Chicago. In doing so he says: "The enterprise described appears to be purely a commercial one and has no official connection with the World's Columbian exposition."

Criminals Sentenced.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., Special.—In the first district court to-day Judge Templeton sentenced Edward Marshall to ten years in the penitentiary for robbery. John Burns, ten years for burglary; Daniel Lewis, eighteen months for burglary; Frank Cole, burglary, one year; Gus Staffen, burglary accomplice, six months, John Davis, grand larceny, one year; James McReady, grand larceny, six months. Sheriff Fadden left with the above prisoners for Bismarck to-night. Thomas Erickson and Nels Hendrickson for selling liquor were sentenced ninety days each in the county jail and $200 fine.

RINGS ON THEIR NECKS.

Marriage Yokes of a Strange Sort Worn by African Women.

The Byanzi, who live along the Upper Congo, have a strange custom which makes life a burden to the married women. Brass rods are welded into great rings around the necks of the wives. Many of these rings worn by the women whose husbands are well-to-do weigh as much as thirty pounds, and this burden must be carried by the poor creatures as long as they live.

Frequently one sees a poor woman whose neck is galled by the heavy weight, and in places the skin is rubbed off by the ring. This is a sure sign that the ring has been recently welded around the neck. After a short time the skin becomes callous, and then this strange ornament produces no abrasion.

The weight is a perpetual tax upon the energies. In every crowd of women may be seen a number who are supporting the ring with their hands, and thus for a time are relieving their weary shoulders of the burden.

A ring is never put around a woman's neck until she is believed to have attained her full physical development. Once on, it is no easy matter to get it off. The natives have no files, and, though they can hammer a lot of brass rods into one, it is very difficult for them to cut the thick mass of metal. Women who increase largely in flesh after the rings have been fastened to their necks are in danger of strangling to death, and instances of this sort have occurred.

The women, however, regard the cumbrous ornament with pride. They imagine that it enhances their importance and beauty, and wear their burdens with light hearts. Brass is the money of the country, and in putting it around their wives' necks the men are certain that it will not be stolen or foolishly expended.—Boston Commercial.

HOW TROUT SWIM.

They Are Able to Scull Their Bodies Up Pretty High Falls.

We sat an hour or more a few evenings ago on the east bank of the Beaverkill at Rockland and watched the trout of that celebrated river passing over the dam, which is nearly three feet high, with about a four-inch volume of water pouring over it.

The trout ranged in sizes from ten to eighteen inches, and during the time we sat there at least twenty managed to get over. In many instances a first attempt failed owing, however, more to an apparent want of judgment, or perhaps experience, than from lack of physical ability in the fish to accomplish the feat, the smaller fish, as a rule, failed to get over in the first effort. But a few of the larger fish made a clean jump into the smooth water above the apron of the dam. Most of them passed perpendicularly up the falling waters, and with apparent ease.

These fish were enabled to swim straight up this downpour of the waters by the great muscular power they possessed; there was no trick, no slight-of-hand about it—it was mere strength of body, which is evidently centered in the peduncle or tail and the fin tail. They actually sculled their bodies up this comparatively dense mass of water.

The query naturally arises: If a 10-inch trout can swim up such a fall what is the capacity of a salmon forty inches under similar conditions? What we saw the trout do has never before, so far as we know, been placed upon record, and it establishes a fact from which greater swimming power should be assigned to the salmonidae than has been given them by previous observers.—American Angler.

THEIR CHINA IS SAFE.

Because no Bungling, Butter-Fingered Domestic Is Allowed to Handle It.

In a certain primly kept house in an old-fashioned country town it is a family boast that not one bit of china has been broken, cracked or "nicked" in twenty years, says the New York World. The last time such a disaster occurred was when some soldiers visited the place about the close of the war. It is almost unnecessary to remark that no male creature is a member of this noteworthy household. Three maiden ladies, who were young when the china-breaking troops came, compose the family, and this is the way the rite of dishwashing is conducted:

All the edibles are removed and the pretty, creamy china, with its purple and gilt band, is carefully scraped with a scrap of bread. To scrape it with a knife would be held a crime. Then it is piled neatly on a low table about the size of a sewing-table. The cut glass and old-fashioned silver are also piled there.

Then one of the sisters takes her place on a chair before it and another on the side. A big bowl of water just hot enough for the hands to work in comfortably and soft cloths are brought.

The articles are washed piece by piece by one sister, the silver and glass first and then the china. Then the second sister dries them on soft linen cloths and places them on the other table. No mops, no boiling water, no piling of dishes and pouring water over them is ever allowed. And that is why the dishes are not cracked or nicked, though they are worn thin. Besides the process invests dishwashing with a certain sort of poetry.

A TALK ON HANDS.

Spasmodic Attention to Them Will Not Prove Beneficial.

Those who long for smooth, soft, white hands are often advised to wear gloves at night, and many women who are careless about gloving their hands for street wear will be elaborately cautious about the same ceremony just before she goes to bed. Now, that is as it may be, the discussion of how, when, where and what kind of gloves to wear is not this story. This is about a doctor, a man who announces that this practice, which we women believed to be so beneficial, is otherwise. He says it fades the hands, giving them a dead look. He further says wear gloves on the street—that is, wear them on the hands on the street—but never in bed. Wash and wipe the hands before putting on the gloves, and when you take the gloves off turn them inside out and let them air. While out in the sun, wind or rain wear gloves, but not while sleeping.

Now, all girls are not the happy possessors of soft, white hands, but, on the contrary, some have brown hands—shapely, perhaps—but not of that exceeding fairness so much coveted. Neither do lemon juice, gloves, nor oatmeal seem to help the matter much. But the brown-handed girl can wear, as no one else can wear, the quaint stones quaintly set, and the dark cameos deeply imbedded in gold. It is true that the ordinary rings in the ordinary settings—emeralds, turquoises, pearls and so on—do show to better advantage on white fingers, but the curious silver rings so dear to the stylish hearts never show off so well as when on slender, brown fingers.

"August Flower"

"I am happy to state to you and to suffering humanity, that my wife has used your wonderful remedy, August Flower, for sick headache and palpitation of the heart, with satisfactory results. For several years she has been a great sufferer, has been under the treatment of eminent physicians in this city and Boston, and found little relief. She was induced to try August Flower, which gave immedaite relief. We cannot say to much for it." L. C. Frost, Springfield, Mass.

COULDN'T EAT BANANAS.

Dreadful Disabilities Imposed on Hawaiian Women.

Reverence for royalty was one of the most marked characteristics of the ancient religion of the Hawaiians. It was formely a crime punishable with death to pass through the king's shadow or sit higher than his head. His person was sacred and protected by a strict system of taboo. In the royal palace the taboo stick, with which the king announced his excommunications, is exhibited. It is a wand with a carved stone cap. If this stick was lowered on the approach of a courtier, he was compelled to withdraw immediately, and was recognized as being in disgrace. The king's will was absolute, but the majority of the Hawaiian monarchs seem to have been of a kindly disposition and to have made no improper use of their extreme power. It was due to one of them that the taboo system was abolished. The system bore with grievous weight upon the women. They were forbidden the use of some of the most common articles of diet such as bananas and certain kinds of fish, on pain of death. It was taboo for a woman to enter the eating-house of the men or one of the "helaus" or temples. Before the arrivals of the first missionaries the reigning king, out of consideration for some of his women, declared the taboo abolished. The work of converting the natives to Christianity was greatly assisted by this voluntary renunciation of the old heathen system, says the Overland Journal. The power of the priests was broken by it, though their influence was still strong with the natives. The source of the awe in which they were held is easily understood, when one considers that they were formerly invested with the right of choosing the victims for the human sacrifices. Later they depenped largely upon the "anana," or power of praying people to death, to retain their influence. No amount of argument can disabuse the native mind of a belief in this particular kind of enchantment. It is not the priests alone who practice it. It is believed that any one can compass the destruction of an enemy by a sufficient exercise of will power. In fact, so strong is the popular conviction on the subject, or so weak the vitality of the race, that it is sometimes sufficient merely to convince a man that some one has determined to pray him to death.

An instance is related by one of the early missionaries of a man who became thus convinced, and set the day and hour of his own death. Mr. Armstrong was resolved that the man should not die. He accordingly procured a sufficient amount of chloroform and kept him unconscious until the fatal hour was past. His astonishment on being roused was boundless, but the bold ruse saved his life.

Sympathy in a Dog.

A butcher residing at Brodick in the Isle of Arran told me that he had had two collie dogs at the same time, one old and the other young. The old dog became useless through age and was drowned in the sea at Brodick. A few days afterward its body was washed ashore and it was discovered by the young dog, who was seen immediately to go to the butcher shop and take away a piece of meat and lay it at the dead dog's mouth. The young dog evidently thought that the meat would revive his old comrade, and thereby showed remarkable sympathy in aid of, to him, the apparent "weak."—The Spectator.

No Hope for Them.

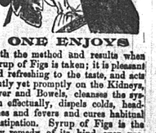
A deep gloom fell on the assemblage in the dining-room in Fickleby's boarding house recently when he read from a newspaper that the best preventive against cholera was good nourishing food. "We're goners," groaned Mr. Batsby, who sits at the corner, and the rest of the company moaned aloud.—Buffalo Courier

The Presbyterian Convention Closes.

TORONTO, Ont., Special.—The closing general session of the great Presbyterian convention was held this morning. Dr. Talbot Chambers of New York, the newly elected president, was introduced and read an excellent paper on "The doctrines of the Reformed and Presbyterian Churches." A warm resolution of thanks was tendered Dr. Blanch of Scotland, the retiring president and one of the fathers of the alliance, for the work he has done in connection therewith. The council closed to-night with a mass valedictory gathering addressed by representatives of each hemisphere.

One million dollars is the price of the five chains of pearls forming the collar of Baroness Gustave de Rothschild, and that of the Baroness Adolphe de Rothschild is about as valuable.

SYRUP of FIGS



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
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DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

BLUFFED DOWN BY A PARSON.

A London Thug Who Thought the American Preacher Carried a Gun.

"I had an adventure in London last spring, of a very unpleasant nature," said Rev. Theo. Swain, a Memphis minister, the other day. "I was wandering about the city sight-seeing one day and finally found myself near the notorious Whitechapel district. I was approached by a begger, who appeared to be a complete physical wreck. I questioned him, and his story was so pitiful that I concluded to investigate it. He said that he lodged in the next block, and thither we went. He led me into a gloomy old building and up three pairs of rickety stairs to a little stuffy room lighted only by a dirty sky-light. Once in there he locked the door, laid aside his crutches, pulled off his gray wig, and stood up, a powerful six-footer in the prime of life. 'Well,' said I, 'I see that you are a fraud; what do you want with me?' He replied that he wanted my purse, watch and chain, and to enforce his claim produced an ugly looking knife. 'It will do you no good to cry out,' he said, 'for you cannot be heard in the street, and no one in this building will come to your aid.'

"I had sized him up pretty close and concluded that he was bluffing, that he would not dare kill me in the very heart of London, so I assumed a very careless air and told him if he robbed me he would have to kill me first, and that he might just as well get at it. 'Oh, I know that you have got a pistol, but I'm not afraid of it,' he said. 'Most Americans carry pistols for just such cattle as you,' I replied with all the coolness I could assume. 'Now, if you are not afraid of it why don't you get to work?' I saw that he was cowed, and throwing my hand to my hip pocket, I stepped forward and said firmly: 'Give me that knife.' He handed it to me without a word, unlocked the door and held it open for me to pass out. No, I had no pistol—never carry one; but I made no more visits to the dens of London beggars without a burly officer at my elbow."

A BALLET IN AFRICA.

Believed to Be the Outgrowth of a Wardance.

When we arrived at Mashoupa a dance was going on—a native Sechuana dance—in consequence, of the full moon and the rejoicings incident on an abundant harvest. In the kotla some 40 or more men had formed a circle, and were jumping round and round to the sound of music.

Evidently it was an old war dance degenerated; the sugar cane took the place of the assegai, many black legs were clothed in trousers; and many black shoulders now wear coats; but there still survives, as relics of the past, the ostrich feather in the hat, the fly-whisk of horse, jackal or other tail, the iron skin scraper round the neck, which represents the pocket handkerchief among the Kafirs and is used to remove perspiration, and the flute with one or two holes, out of which each man seems to produce a different sound, while round the group of dancing men, old women still circulate as of yore, clapping their withered hands and encouraging festivity. It was a sight of considerable picturesqueness, amid the beehive huts and the tall overhanging rocks.

Mashoupa was once the residence of a missionary, but the church is now abandoned and falling into ruins because when asked to repair the edifice at their own expense the men of Mashoupa waxed wroth and replied irreverently that God might repair his own house; and one old man who received a blanket for his reward for attending divine service, is reported to have remarked when the dole was stopped: "No more blanket, no more hallelujah." I fear me the men of Mashoupa are wedded to heathendom.

Overheard in the Dark.

Masculine Voice, from the dim, dark corner,—Why do you put cold cream on your lips?

And the funny part was that the man couldn't see an inch before his face.

Rev. Samuel Longfellow was a verse-maker, and once compiled a collection of hymns for publication. When he asked a fellow parson to suggest a title for the work the friend thought it might be called a Sam-book.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D.C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims.

ALLEN'S IRON TONIC BITTERS

Asthma

WE WANT SALESMEN

Tutt's Tiny Pills

W. N. U. No. 41—1892.

This Harness Only $3.97

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"WELL BRED, SOON WED." GIRLS WHO USE SAPOLIO ARE QUICKLY MARRIED. TRY IT IN YOUR NEXT HOUSE-CLEANING.

Bryant & Stratton Business College, Chicago.

PUBLIC SCHOOL CELEBRATION.

Official Program of the School Celebration of Columbus Day.

The following is the program adopted by the executive committee for the occasion of the Public School celebration of Columbus Day, Oct. 21:

1. Reading of the President's Proclamation, by the Master of Ceremonies.
2. Raising of the Flag by the Veterans.
3. Salute to the Flag, by the Pupils and singing of "America."
4. Acknowledgment of God, Prayer or Scripture.
5. Song of Columbus Day, by Pupils and Audience.

Columbia, my land! all hail the glad day
When first to thy strand Hope pointed the way:
Hail him who thro' darkness first followed the Flame
That led where the May-flower of Liberty came.

Dear County, the star of the valiant and free!
Thy exiles afar are dreaming of thee,
No fields of the Earth so enchantly shine,
No air breathes such incense, such music as thine.

Humanity's home! thy sheltering breast
Gives welcome and room to strangers oppressed.
Pale children of Hunger and Hatred and Wrong
Find life in thy freedom and joy in thy song.

Thy fairest estate the lowly may hold,
Thy poor may grow great, thy feeble grow bold:
For worth is the watchward to noble degree,
And manhood is mighty where manhood is free.

O Union of States, and union of Souls!
Thy promise awaits, thy future unfolds,
And earth from her twilight is hailing the sun,
That rises where people and rulers are one.

6. The address, "The Meaning of the Four Centuries."

A Declamation of the Special Address prepared for the occasion by the Youth's Companion.

7. The Ode, "Columbia's Banner."

A reading of the Poem written for the occasion by Edna Dean Proctor.

This is the end of the Official Program. Whatever additional Exercises, Patriotic Recitations, Historic Representations, or Chorals may be desired should follow this. The Addresses by Citizens and the singing of other National Songs should also follow, not precede nor interrupt, the Official Program.

Whittier used to admit that he had no ear for music and could not tell "Yankee Doodle" from "Old Hundred."

The practice of denistry is of great antiquity, for, as early as 500 B. C., gold was used for stopping teeth and gold wire was employed to hold artificial teeth in position, and it does not seem then to have been a new art. Herodotus declares that the Egyptians had a knowledge of the disease of the teeth and their treatment. In the writings of Martial, first century, a man is mentioned as either stopping or extracting teeth. The date of the introduction of artificial teeth into England or Europe is uncertain. They came to America from England, but just when it is difficult to determine. "The Mathematical Jewel," published 1585, contains an account of Sir John Blagrave, "who caused all his teeth to be drawn out, and after had a sett of ivory teeth in agayne."

Some enterprising American newspaper should at once send a reporter to Russia to examine into the conflicting stories about matters and things in that empire. We had just got into the way of thinking that the czar and his people were not so bad and nasty as previous accounts indicated, when a writer in the Fortnightly Review comes forward with tales of cities so filthy that they pollute the atmosphere from afar and streets in such condition that children and even soldiers have been known to drown in them upon falling from the primitive sidewalks.

Official information reached the headquarters of the military department of Texas recently of an affray on the lower Rio Grande border above Rio Grande City between the detachment of the United States troops under command of Capt. Francis P. Hardie, of the third cavalry, and a band of Mexican outlaws, who are believed to have organized for the purpose of carrying on smuggling operations and other depredations. The skirmish took place, but resulted in no fatilities. A posse of deputy United States marshals was with the soldiers and participated in the fight.

At Denver, a gambler named J. H. Kelly shot and instantly killed his mistress and then blew his brains out. Jealousy.

There will be no color line at the University of Chicago. Quite a number of colored persons of both sexes have applied for matriculation.

Cost and Cure

POTTSTOWN, PA.
For 10 Years.
I was a sufferer from neuralgia for ten years; tried all kinds of remedies without relief, and had given up all hope. I tried a bottle of ST. JACOBS OIL, and it effected such wonderful relief that I recommend it to all.
One 1 Bottle.
CHAS. LAW, JR.

CHAPTER XIII—CONTINUED.

But she did not attempt to reply. She had come there not to argue points of theology with him, but to plead for her father's happiness and life. She saw now, however, that she had made a mistake, and her racial pride caused her to feel that it were better that both she and her father died than that they should be under an obligation to such a heartless tyrant as Peter Alexieff. And so she remarked, as she drew her veil about her face again:

"Mercy is not in you. So be it. I will go, and in Heaven's good time the wronged shall be righted, and mayhap your eyes will be opened to your errors."

She turned, and in the doorway still stood Pavloff, barring her exit.

"Stay," said Alexieff, commandingly, and with a low chuckle as of triumph. Rachel turned to him once more, and now for the first time a thrill of fear swept through her, for she realized that this man was her foe and her father's foe. "You say," he continued, "that some day mayhap my eyes may be opened to my error. I claim not to be free from errors, but my eyes can see them not, for has not your father deprived me of part of my sight? That is a wrong that all your tears, all his repentance, and all the wealth he could command could not right. No, woman, I hate your father with a hate that not even his death could gratify. God forbid that he should die yet, for I would rend and crush his heart, and torture him as he has tortured me."

Rachel uttered a suppressed cry, and a rising sob choked something she would have said. Alexieff struck a bell that stood upon his desk. Pavloff moved on one side, and two gendarmes entered, their swords drawn.

"This woman," said Alexieff, "has uttered threats against me and used seditious language. She is your prisoner."

He had been writing as he spoke, and handing to one of the gendarmes an order of committal, which, as Chief of the Police, he had full power to do under the despotic laws of Russia, he added: "You are responsible for her until you place her in the safe keeping of Litovskiv Zamok. Go. You know your duty."

For some moments Rachel looked as though she had been suddenly turned to stone. But as the gendarmes laid their hands upon her shoulders she shuddered, and with that shudder a strange change seemed to come over her. She drew her veil on one side with a movement of passion, and with eyes of fire she looked at Alexieff until he quailed.

"You are a traitor and a dog," she hissed, excitedly. "But vengeance will overtake you, or Heaven itself will be unjust."

"Remove her," cried the Chief of the Police, hoarsely; and, obeying the order, the gendarmes led her out. Then, turning to Pavloff, who waited his chief's pleasure, Alexieff said: "My son is safe, any way; and if I can prevent it, it will be long ere the prison doors swing open to let her free."

One would have thought that with this daring move Peter Alexieff would have been satisfied, for he knew only too well that he could trump up information that would serve to keep Rachel in prison indefinitely. But that was not enough for him. He wished not only to humiliate but crush the spirit of the unfortunate girl, and his position enabled him to do it effectually.

Three days later he went to Litovsky Zamok with his friend and patron Count Suvorot, who, amongst many other official duties he undertook, was that of inspector of prisons. The coward, Peter Alexieff was determined that Rachel should be flogged, flogging being one of the commonest punishments in all the prisons, and resorted to on the slightest provocation. He had told the Count that Rachel had not only threatened him but had used the most violent language in speaking of the Czar and of Russia. The Count was only too ready to believe anything that was said against the Jews, and, as his mind had been greatly inflamed against Arama, he rejoiced when he heard that Rachel had been incarcerated.

"What of your new prisoner, the Jewess?" he asked of the governor of the prison, who bore the reputation of being a particularly brutal person.

"She is refractory," answered the governor.

Now, it should be explained what was meant by being refractory. Rachel had been delicately nurtured and brought up, and her whole being revolted against the dirt, the filth, the coarse fare, and hardship of the prison. Suddenly called upon to do the most laborious and degrading work not only was her strength unequal to it, but she protested that it was an outrage to ask her to undertake it, since she had committed no crime. This was what the governor termed being refractory, and it afforded Alexieff the very excuse and opportunity he wanted; so, turning to the Count, he said:—

"It seems almost difficult to teach these people a lesson, but surely there should be some means of giving this saucy Jewess to understand that, having broken the law, she must submit to the law."

The Count was not obtuse. He comprehended and took the hint.

"The rod should do it," he answered.

"You hear," exclaimed Alexieff, exultingly to the governor. "Let the woman be beaten at once and if it please his greatness, the Court, he and I will witness the punishment."

"His greatness" signified that it would please him, and the governor gave orders that Rachel was to be prepared.

In ten minutes' time they were notified that the prisoner was ready, and then they went forth to an enclosed courtyard, where in the centre the unhappy Rachel was fastened by the wrists and feet to a wooden triangle. Her shoulders were bare and beside her stood a goaler with a rod in his hand. This rod consisted of two lithe willows fastened together from the middle upwards by thongs. The victim was as pale as death, and seemed indeed to ...

... circumstance, that the beautiful and gentle Rachel had been flogged in goal in the presence of the Chief of the Police and of Count Nicholas Suvorof; and it being so well known that the Count and Alexieff were fanatical haters of the Jews, the storm of indignation grew louder. The pendulum was swinging the other way now. It was the reaction after the fever of excitement and the passionate outburst of fury which had led to the massacres and burnings. The people, however, who were at present agitating had remained dumb and silent while the Jews were being harried and slain and despoiled of their property. Now it was the other way about, and the rioters held their peace.

Perhaps after all there would not have been such an outcry had the matter not reached the ears of those who were high above even the Count Suvorof and the Minister of Justice was at last instructed to make some inquiries. Things moved slowly in Russia, and these inquiries occupied six months. But the result was, much to the joy of Peter Alexieff's enemies, that he was deposed. Through having powerful friends at Court, he was immediately appointed to a governship in Siberia. It was the ordinary way of getting rid of an official who had brought the authorities into bad odour, and the ex-Chief of the St. Petersburg Police was ordered to proceed at once to Sakhalin.

Most other men would have felt somewhat appalled at the journey to the far-distant and desolate region of Sakhalin. But Alexieff was rather elated at the prospect, for he knew that the pay was good, and the appointment could be made the stepping-stone to something better; while every governor in Siberia, and particularly those in the eastern provinces, had absolute power in their hands, the power of life and death. They became petty kings and autocrats, and could give unrestrained vent to their passions and their hates.

The consideration of these points could not fail to weigh with such a man as Peter Alexieff; and though for the time he would have to abandon the comforts and gaiety of the great city, he felt that he would be compensated for that by the power that would be his. A fallen official in St. Petersburg would have to remain a nonentity, but in Siberia, where he was far removed from the seat of government, he could become a person of importance, and rule his subjects with a rod of iron, according to his caprice and his will.

And so Alexieff set off for his new sphere of action with a sense of delight, considerably enhanced by the knowledge that preceding him was the unfortunate victim of his hatred, Aaron Arama, who, without trial and in accordance with the barbarous Russian law, had been condemned to exile, on the grounds that he was "suspected of subversive ideas" and had shown "revolutionary spirit against the authorities." The place of his exile was Sakhalin, whither Alexieff was going as governor.

Peter Alexieff would have liked to have taken his son with him, but Ivan was studying for the Civil Service, and he absolutely refused to accompany his father, who consoled himself with the thought that all danger of Ivan and Rachel ever coming together had now passed.

To those unacquainted with the ways and mysteries of legal procedure in Russia, which, more than any other country in the world, is hampered with red tape, and moves in a rut from which it seems as if no power on earth could lift it, it will appear strange that Rachel Arama was not released immediately. But when once the Government, in the name of the law, gets its hold upon a person, it is singularly reluctant to let go that hold. To us, with our Western notions of the sacred rights of the subject, all this sounds almost incredible, and yet, alas, 'tis true. Russia is still ruled by the rod, and her people groan in chains.

"I WILL SWEAR IT BY YON IKON."

Some day they will rend these chains, and then woe to them who have kept them so long enthralled, until they have hardly been able to call their souls their own.

And so it came to pass that more than a year elapsed before Rachel Arama recovered her freedom, and then it was only bestowed upon her as an extreme favor, notwithstanding that it was proved that she had been committed on a groundless charge. When she emerged from the prison she was an utterly changed woman. The iron had ground itself into her very heart, and had empoisoned and embitted her. The recollection of all she had endured and suffered maddened her, and she was stirred and filled with a fierce desire for vengeance on him who had wrought all the wrong, and shattered her hopes and blighted her life and the lives of those so dear to her. Those weary months she passed as a prisoner had seemed to her like years. They had been fraught with a misery that had no words wherewith to express itself. No news ever came to her of the dear ones, and so suspense was added to her weighty burden of woe. Was it surprising, therefore, that silver threads began to show themselves in her raven hair, and the brightness of her eyes grew dim? She had entered the prison as a tender, gentle, guileless girl. She came forth as a hard, stern woman, with only one aim, one object in life.

The Rachel of yore was dead, and a new Rachel had come to life. Her beauty still remained, though a little marred by the confinement, the fetid atmosphere peculiar to a Russian prison, and the vile and coarse fare. Her sorrow and shame might have prompted her—as many hundreds of unfortunates have been prompted—to end her broken life. But one hope sustained ...

CHAPTER XIV.

FOR A WOMAN'S SAKE.

"Then will I attempt the impossible," she returned.

"Oh, Rachel," he cried, with the passion of despair, as he seized her hand, and retained it in spite of her efforts to free herself, "have you no pity for me? Will nothing turn you from this mad purpose?"

"Nothing," she answered, with strong emphasis.

"Then will I go, too," he exclaimed, "for I can at least perish with you, and since to live without you is impossible I will die; for what will life be to me if I am to see you no more?"

She looked at him fixedly and strangely for a little, and then a new idea flashed upon her.

"This love of yours seems to be a very real thing," she observed.

"Can you doubt it? Neither time nor circumstances have subdued my passion, and to possess you there is no sacrifice I would not make."

TO BE CONTINUED.

GHOST THAT DRIVES A PLOW.

Strange Apparition That Is Now Puzzling Florida Farmers.

A respectable farmer named Peterson, who owns a place a few miles from town, says a Fernadina special to the Philadelphia Times, brings a curious story of a ghost that haunts his cornfield and plows by moonlight. He says that he first noticed the apparition about a month ago when sitting up with a sick child. He happened to look out on the field about the hour of midnight, and to his amazement he saw the figure of a man guiding an ox team over the ground. The animals, man and plow were all as plain to be seen as if it had been daylight, though the rest of the field was in comparative gloom.

Not knowing what to make of this singular light he called his eldest son to go and see who the stranger was. The boy went at once, and his father watching him, was further amazed to see the lad walk right through the plow and man as if there was nothing there. When the boy returned he declared that he had found nothing and nobody in the field. Mr. Peterson was resolved to go, and he did so, but could see no traces of the man and team, though on returning to the room from which he had seen the sight he found them as plain as before. The man was dressed in the clothes of a laborer, and wore a large broad-brimmed hat, which completely concealed his features.

He was intent on his work and never raised his head, but would crack the whip he carried over the back of the oxen, but without noise. Since this time Mr. Peterson says he has repeatedly seen the phantom plowman and has called his neighbors in to see it with him, though always on going into the field nothing was to be found. The people about declare that the figure is that of the farmer who owned the place before Peterson bought it, and who early one morning was found dead in this field, and it was thought by his own hand.

VAST ARMIES IN EUROPE.

Russia Has a Standing Force of Over a Million and a Half.

Giving the countries alphabetically, Austria-Hungary leads, with an active army of 875,000 men, a first reserve (men who have served their time "with the colors") of 290,000 men, and a second reserve, of men who have served their time in the first reserve, of 866,000; the grand total is 2,032,420 officers and men. France has a war force of 4,169,472 officers and men; 1,124,000 are in the active army, 910,000 in the field reserve, 956,000 in the first and 1,176,000 in the second reserve. Germany has 2,913,599 officers and men, of whom 810,000 are with the colors, 405,000 in the field reserve, 900,000 in the first and 799,000 in the second reserve. Great Britain has a regular army of 136,842 men, a field reserve of 68,200 men, a first reserve of 750,000, a second of about 224,000, and a total on paper of 1,179,350. Italy has 925,000 men under arms, a field reserve of 291,000, a first reserve of 1,398,000 a second reserve of 17,800, and a total of 2,522,314. Russia has the largest standing army, 1,698,000 men always under arms, with field reserves of 1,124,000; first reserves amounting to 1,191,300 men; 4,000,000 in the second reserve, and a total of 7,914,000. Turkey keeps 155,000 men with the colors, but has an estimated reserve of 617,000 men. As between France and Germany, some critics expect France to beat Germany. The French have matched every improvement made by the Germans in military matters, and they will fight for revenge, which, the Globe-Democrat thinks, is a feeling that will help them. It will be a great war when it comes.

WILD BEAST TAMERS.

Successful Ones Are Always Close Observers of Nature.

The most successful beast tamers are generally small, wiry fellows, with plenty of nerve, and a good stock of trade secrets, derived from the close study of wild animals, says the San Francisco Chronicle. In the latter respect, savages, with their out-door mode of life, have considerable advantage over their civilized rivals. In the Chilean Andes the naturalist Tschudi made the acquaintance of a Creole Farmer, who confessed that he had experimented for several years before he succeeded in capturing alive alpaca. He had imitated the traps of the Indians, their method of fixing them in the sand of the river banks, the precaution in obliterating the traces of their footsteps, but all in vain, till an Indian renegade revealed the secret—namely, that the alpacas select their drinking places where there is an audible ripple in the current of the river, perhaps for the same reason that a cow prefers a brook to a pond and a running spring to a sluggish creek. The murmuring of the stream seemed to suggest the idea of purer and cooler water, and where the current was slow the Indians contrived to produce a ripple by an artificial obstruction.

Excavating for History in Tunis.

It is announced from Tunis that excavations are now being made in the famous two-headed mill mentioned by Virgil, which hill is situated about eight miles from Tunis. Many interesting remains have already been unearthed, and it is confidently hoped that better will follow. A temple of Baal Saturn, which had been almost entirely laid bare, is attracting particularly the attention of the French archæologists because of its peculiarly interesting statues and bas reliefs. The building is situated at an elevation of over 1,600 feet; and this is another proof that the Carthaginians practiced their religious ceremonies on hills. On all the statues of the gods to which the temple is dedicated the names Baal and Saturn are found together, which would seem to indicate that to flatter their Roman conquerors the Carthaginians had added to the name of their chief god that of the highest Roman deity.—Chamber's Journal.

The White Sponge.

The white sponges sold in drug stores are not dangerous to use, as some people suppose. No drug store could afford to sell sponges which had once been in use, and in the hospitals refuse sponges used in cleaning wounds and sores are now generally burned. The white sponges have been bleached. Only the finest and best are selected for bleaching, and these are placed in a bath of diluted hyposulphate of soda. Left in this mixture a few hours the sponge becomes as white as snow, though the process is not generally carried so far, a light shade of yellow or straw color selling more readily than the white.—Globe-Democrat.

THE GREAT SENSATION.

SOME FACTS CONCERNING THE WOLCOTT PAMPHLET.

The Financial Adventurers and Commission Pick-Pockets of the Chicago Board of Trade Are the Blood-Suckers Who Are Sapping the Life-Blood of the Farmer.

The most profound political sensation of the campaign of 1892 thus far has been the publication of the Wolcott Pamphlet entitled "A Gigantic Conspiracy." It professes to give facts, figures and proofs generally establishing the existence of a conspiracy against the farmers among the grain dealers and milling companies of Minnesota, whereby the producers are yearly swindled out of thousands of dollars.

That the farmers are swindled and robbed goes without saying. Who is the robber? is the main question to be settled. For the past ten years Minneapolis and Duluth have been sapping the grain trade of Chicago. The laws governing the trade in wheat have so ordered it, that practically all of the hard northern varieties of this great staple have of their own volition been finding a market at Minneapolis and Chicago. Such wheat as Chicago now receives in her elevators consists of the soft southern varieties—an interior article in the world's markets.

The big Board of Trade in Chicago has thus been compelled to sell the chief product of the city by the lake——wind. Option dealing has taken the place of legitimate trade in actual wheat on the Chicago market. This "industry" of selling wheat they do not have and purchasing wheat they know they cannot get has been a very profitable one to the financial adventurers and commission pick-pockets of Chicago. The Board of Trade men have pocketed pretty much all the profits of each recurring crop of wheat, and smiled at the innocence of the northwestern farmers, who allowed themselves to be despoiled and robbed, year in and year out, with never a protest.

Finally the Hon. W. D. Washburn, United States Senator, from Minnesota, determined to make the effort to compass the defeat of the Chicago commission men, by causing a law to be passed making option dealing—or buying and selling that which did not exist—a penal offense. Early last winter, in pursuit of this object, Senator Washburn introduced his well-known "Anti-option bill" in the senate of the United States. Some weeks later, Mr. Hatch, a member of the National House of Representatives, from the State of Missouri, introduced a similar measure in that body. Senator Washburn and Representative Hatch, later on, met and combined the essential features of their two bills into one, and then proceeded to combine every influence possible for the passage of the joint bill.

No bill ever introduced into Congress has produced the opposition provoked by the Washburn-Hatch "Anti-option" measure, introduced into Congress in the interest of the farmers and producers of the nation.

The bill prohibits dealing options, covering wheat, oats, corn, pork, cotton and other farm products, and, under its provisions no man my purchase, or sell any of these fruits of the soil, unless the articles so sold or purchased are actually in sight, and absolutely owned by the man who offers them or any of them for sale. Under this bill "wind" is no longer recognized as a commercial commodity, and all dealers must first purchase the articles from the farmer and own them before he offers them for sale in the open market, otherwise he becomes a common criminal and is liable to be prosecuted and sent to the penitentiary as a violator of the law.

Its introduction into Congress brought on an army of agents and attorneys from all the large cities of the land to the lobbies of Congress. Every option chamber in the nation had one or more attorneys in Washington. The Chicago Board of Trade was especially active. It opened a barrel of money right under the dome of the capital, and proceeded to endeavor to defeat the passage of the bill by the most open and lawless bribery. The press was subsidized, and characterless and venal writers salaried to slander every representative of the people in Washington who pronounced in favor of the bill. Lobbyists waited upon members and senators, using all their wily and seductive powers to secure votes against it.

Senator Washburn was particularly singled out for the malevolent shafts of these corrupt hirelings of the brazen gambling houses. He was accused of having wasted a fortune in gambling at options, when the literal fact was that he had never lost a dollar in gambling in wheat during his entire life.

The bill passed the house of representatives by a vote of almost two to one, and came to the senate during the closing days of the session—too late to force action upon it before adjournment. It is on the senate calendar for final action early next session and will finally come up for a vote upon its passage in December or January next. The almost absolute certainty that this great reformatory measure will pass the senate and become a law, has driven the option gamblers wild. They have so long robbed the farming classes with impunity, that they have learned to think that the agricultural interest is their particular property, and they are using every means—even the vilest and most criminal to discredit the men who are forcing the measure through Congress.

We now come down to the latest "scheme" called into life by the Chicago Board of Trade. It consists in this ridiculous and slanderous pamphlet, prepared and published by one C. C. Wolcott.

This man Wolcott seven or eight years ago was a "snide" and characterless country banker at Larmore, North Dakota. He was engaged in the disreputable business of loaning money on mortgage to the pioneer farmers of that region, and collecting from 20 to 100 per cent interest thereon. He was again and again prosecuted before the courts of Dakota Teritory for this crime (for under the laws of Dakota an over collection of interest was a criminal transaction) and the records of the courts of Grand Forks County prove this in numerous cases.

Finding that his criminal practices were becoming unprofitable at Larimore, Wolcott removed to Minneapolis in 1886, and commenced business as a "grain dealer." His business was black mailing legitimate and well established dealers in wheat, owners of established elevator lines and others. In prosecuting his criminal practices, he organized what is known as the "Scandinavian Elevator Company." Of this company he was practically the sole owner, although he had taken into partnership one or two characterless adventurers like himself, some of whom were prominently identified with the North Dakota Farmers Alliance.

His method was to buy, nearly always on credit, some worn-out warehouse or small elevator at a competing railroad point, and enter the field as "an independent buyer." Then he would approach the Alliance of the neighborhood with the statement, that the other elevator companies had raised the price of wheat on him to crowd him out and ruin him. Upon this plea he would beg his "farmer friends" to stand by him, and sell him their wheat below the card price so that he would not be "ruined" by these "grinding monopolies."

It is perfectly amazing what a large number of farmers would listen to his story, and sell him their wheat at a reduction from the established price. But the season of this sort of a harvest is always a very brief one. The farmers soon came to understand the character of this common swindler and deserted the Scandinavian Elevator Company and went where they could get best price for their produce.

After he had thus plucked all of the silly geese who would be plucked, and his elevators and warehouses stood empty on his hands, he proceeded to organize another and a bolder swindle. He sailed for Europe, taking with him a Frenchman named St. Croix. These two conspired together to sell the Scandinavian Elevator Company to British capitalists. But the scoundrel had reached the end of his villainous rope. The British millionaires refused to take his bait, and Mr. Wolcott went broke. The Scandinavian Elevator Company went into the hands of a receiver, paying only a fraction of a cent on the dollar of its indebtedness, and Mr. Wolcott made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. Mr. Thomas Taylor, of Minneapolis, who had known Wolcott in North Dakota, mortgaged a farm near Larimore for three hundred dollars, and sent the proceeds across the water to pay his passage back to America.

This is the instrument used by the Chicago Board of Trade to traduce the characters of honest men—men who have a world wide reputation for strict commercial honor and unassailed business integrity—and bring them into contempt. A professional blackmailer, a confessed trickster and self-proclaimed fraud finds his employment in concocting slanders for which he is rewarded by a so-called commercial organization (?) doing business in one of the chief cities of the land.

Is it not time that the option rooms of the Chicago Board of Trade was catalogued with the Louisiana State Lottery and relegated to the shades as an ancient and barbarous method of appropriating the unearned increment from the pockets of the honest and hardworking citizens of the great northwest. By the side of comparatively honest methods in gambling, trading in options will in the history of the near future take its place as the co-partner and twin-fraud of bunco steering.

Because of this expose of its methods and pushed forward by the conscience of the nation—option dealing is doomed to an early destruction. Its "business methods" are the methods of the policy shark and sneak thief; its attorney and defender is the public swindler and the black mailer. The "Anti-option" bill will be passed by the senate of the United States next winter, and in a few brief months the honest and trustworthy business men of the nation will wonder how such a machine for common plunder was ever tolerated for a day in the midst of a civilization calling itself intelligent and enlightened.

But what is to be said of a great political organization like the Democratic party, the leaders and agents of which proudly stand sponsor for the lying slanders of this quasi-criminal! Political parties are supposed to enunciate principles for the lawful government of men. Through political agencies society is held together and the law thus becomes the agent to protect the weak from the strong, the honest man from the knave, the legitimate business operator from the confidence man and the common thief. And yet, here is the great Democratic party, through its chosen and accredited agents, employing a criminal as a servant; a violater of the law whose proper home is the penitentiary in his criminal capacity, to deceive the people of this state and section, so that it may militate in favor of their party and place their candidates in office.

It can be understood how the Chicago Herald might be bought up by the Chicago Board of Trade to publish to the world a dirty sensation in the interest of the illegitimate business of the city in which it is published. But why the St. Paul Globe should besmirch the character of leading men of its own party in chosing power, it passes the bounds of common decency to comprehend.

The dirty scheme and the fowl schemes will not succeded. Already the farmers of the Northwest understand that the real "Gigantic Conspiracy" is a party between the democratic party and the Chicago Board of Trade to injure honest business men of Minnesota.

Conclusive Testimony.

When the beneficient effects of the Republican policy of protection is fully and completely proved by statistics coming from Democratic sources the people will accept such testimony as conclusive. That is exactly the case with regard to Mr. Peck, the New York commissioner of labor whose report has made so much trouble in the Democratic camp. The leaders have caused Peck's arrest on the charge that he burned the evidence—the letters from manufacturers and employers—upon which the report was based. And now comes a New York paper with page after page giving figures accompanied by the sworn affidavit of Mr. Peck, setting forth "that the above tables were prepared and are transcripts from the original blanks filled up by the manufacturers of this State and returned to me, and that such tables are in every particular correct and true transcripts of said returns of said manufactures." They are also accompanied by the sworn affidavits of Mr. Peck's chief clerk, Mr. Kean, and of all the Democratic employes of the bureau engaged in the work of tabulation, setting forth that the results are correct.

Here is the Republican policy of protection summed up in a nut shell by Governor McKinley. "The things that we cannot make for ourselves or produce for ourselves we must buy elsewhere, and therefore, we want no tax upon them, but the things we can produce among ourselves and for ourselves, it is economy for our people to buy from each other, and if the foreign producer wants to enjoy any part of this market he must be subject to the terms we shall tax in the interest of our own country-men first. That is the principle of protection. That is the doctrine of patriotism. That is the principle of our country first and our countrymen first. That is the principle of home and family. That is the doctrine of true Americanism."

These columns have shown by excerpts from President Harrison's speeches that his sentiments are lofty and expressions felicitous. His running mate, Whitelaw Reid is also surprising even hitherto warm admirers by the dignity and earnestness of his public utterances. Contrasting the two parties Mr. Reid says most happily:

"We do not need to turn our faces, even in reminiscence, to the past. We may leave out of the discussion the whole history of the Republican party—which is through thirty years one of the most glorious and the most prosperous period of the Republic. We may even overlook the record of the Democratic party for the same time—a record which they are about to consider unkind and unfriendly to mention. We need only to fix attention upon the policy for the future, which they have at least openly and manfully avowed, to insure their renewed defeat."

Entitled to a Pension.

Miss Pert—"I've never seen Mr. Bjenks. Is he a handsome man?" Miss Flypp—"Handsome? Well, that's a matter of opinion. My own idea is that if beauty were subject to taxation, Mr. Bjenks would be entitled to a pension."—Somerville Journal.

A Sure Case.

"I tell you," said the new policeman, "I'd like to arrest somebody. I haven't had a show yet."

"Well," replied the veteran, "you just tackle the first man you see carrying an umbrella. The chances are that you will make a case.—Washington Post.

A Preference for Pop.

"You like corn, Miss Flypp," said young Hunker, as she munched a "roasting ear."

"Yes; I like this kind of corn pretty well but I prefer popcorn."

The highest place in the world regularly inhabited is the Buddhist of Haine, in Thibet, which is 16,000 feet above sea level. The highest inhabited place in the Americas is at Galera, Peru, 15,635 feet above the level of the sea.

The oldest armchair in the world is the throne once used by Queen Hatafu, who flourished in Egypt 1000 B. C. It is made of ebony, beautifully carved and is so hardened with age as to appear to be carved from black marble.

An Order Assigns.

PHILADELPHIA, Special.—The Order of Fraternal Guardians has made an assignment for the benefit of its creditors. The instrument is dated to-day, and is executed by W. E. Cruseen, supreme secretary of the order. It was stated at Mr. Tull's office this afternoon that the order expected to pay its creditors dollar for dollar, and that it has about $800,000 in a number of banking institutions in this city. The troubles of the Order of Fraternal Guardians date back to last March when a certificate holder filed a bill in equity in the common pleas court against the order and its officers, asking that a receivership be appointed and that the affairs of the order be wound up.

The long distance bicycle race between Vienna and Triests has resulted in the victory of Herr Sobolka of Vienna, who covered the 310 miles in 28 hours and 45 seconds.

The family physician, Mrs. Helen R. Shalters, 420 Walnut St., Reading, Pa., states: "We always use Salvation Oil for what it is recommended in place of a physician. It never fails."

Paderewski, the pianist, is critically ill with rheumatic fever in Paris.

Mrs. William Murden, 197 Third St., Albany, N. Y., gives it the meed of praise, as follows: "I have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and find it has no equal. No family should be without it.

James Buck the historian, died in Milwaukee.

The use of Ely's Cream Balm, a sure cure for Catarrh and Cold in head, is attended with no pain, inconvenience or dread, which can be said of no other remedy.

I feel it my duty to say a few words in regard to Ely's Cream Balm, and I do so entirely without solicitation. I have used it half a year, and have found it to be most admirable. I have suffered from catarrh of the worst kind ever since I was a little boy and I never hoped for cure, but Cream Balm seems to do even that. Many of my acquaintances have used it with excellent results.—Oscar Ostrum, 45 Warren Ave., Chicago.

Apply Balm into each nostril. It is Quickly Absorbed. Gives Relief at once. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

Mrs. Parnell, formerly Mrs. O'Shea and widow of the late Charles Stewart Parnell, is reported to be seriously ill.

Art students obtain thorough training at the Minneapolis School of Fine Arts (Library Building.) Send for illustrated catalogue.

P. S. Gilmore, the famous band leader, dies in St. Louis.

Hark! What's That?

The dinner bell, of course. Not a particularly welcome sound to the dyspeptic. But if the stomach be put in working order, and appetite insured with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, we welcome the ling-a-ling-a-ling that announces a meal with delight. The Bitters not only promotes digestion, but overcomes malarial and liver complaints, constipation, nervousness, rheumatism.

Umpire Lynch considers Clarkson the best pitcher in the National league.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address,
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Nancy Hanks trots a mile in 2:04 on a regulation track at Terre Haute, Ind.

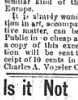
Just What Is Wanted.

Business is alive to a great coming event, and in the hurly-burly of its preparations for the Columbian Exposition in 1893; too much is already seen on the streets of a fanciful or amusing nature, both superficial and catch-penny. There has been observed a void in the line of the strictly useful; combining therewith instructive object lessons and the beautiful in art. Books there may be by the score, but the experience of the Centennial Exposition at Philadelphia shows that the mass of these were mere trifles and unserviceable. The horde of visitors were ever at loss for a handy pocket guide of official stamp, not only reliable, but pleasing and always fit to keep. Just what is wanted of this unique kind has happily already made its appearance, and we have before us "THE OFFICIAL PORTFOLIO OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION," illustrated from Water Color Drawings.

This Portfolio is a rare and beautiful exponent of the main architectural features of the Great Exposition at Chicago in 1893. The fourteen magnificent structures are faithfully exhibited, while the Bird's-eye View gives a realistic glance at the lay of the grounds, with their principal buildings, lagoons, etc. The illustrations are exact reproductions, in water color effects, of the original drawings, made especially for this purpose from the official plans, by America's best known water color artist, Charles Graham. The pictures therefore are not only official, but they are genuine works of art, and competent critics pronounce them to be equal to the finest productions of a similar kind of the famous art centres of Europe.

It is simply wonderful how such perfection in art, accompanied by a full descriptive matter, can be served to the Great Public in so cheap and handy a form. But, a copy of this exceptionally fine production will be sent to any address upon receipt of 10 cents in postage stamps by The Charles A. Vogeler Co., Baltimore, Md.

Is it Not Wonderful?



The unequalled cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla certainly entitle it to be called "The greatest blood purifier ever discovered." Jacob A. Kunkel, a reliable farmer of Mt. Royal, York Co., Pa., says that a running sore broke out on the leg of his nephew, Milton A. Kunkel, when he was 5 years old. It grew to a great size and the leg became weaker until he could not walk. Two years ago they began giving Milton Hood's Sarsaparilla and in a short time he began to improve. The sore healed up.

Milton A. Kunkel.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

restored perfect health, and he is now, at 13 years, lively and rugged. Mr. Kunkel says: "His cure is little short of a miracle."

HOOD'S PILLS cure Habitual Constipation by restoring peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

SEND YOUR NAME.

Also mention this paper and the return mail will bring you one of our new Illustrated Catalogues!

Every housekeeper in the Northwest should have one.

SCHUNEMAN & EVANS, ST. PAUL.

Very Essential.

George Knot—"Your father doesn't seem to go the whole bible text on marriage."

Ethel Closefist-Knot—"What does he omit?"

George Knot—"Giving in marriage."—New York Herald.

The following is a copy of a bill posted on the wall of a country village: "A lecture on total abstinence will be delivered in the open air and a collection will be made at the door to defray expenses."

Maggie Deboe, crazed with grief at the death of her lover, Frederick Payette, who was killed while working in the woods at Holyoke committed suicide at Stillwater by drowning herself in Lake St. Croix.

West St. Paul parties sue the city for damages caused by the great flood Aug 3.

The residence of Charles Philipson, in Nininger, burned, including all the household furniture.

Mrs. Josephine Robertson was granted a divorce from her husband, Dr. F. O. Robertson, at Janesville. The wife was given the custody of an adopted daughter.

A LITTLE PARABLE.

I made the cross myself, whose weight
Was later laid on me.
This thought adds anguish as I toil
Up Life's steep Calvary.

To think mine own hands drove the nails!
I sang a merry song,
And chose the heaviest wood I had
To build it firm and strong.

If I had guessed—if I had dreamed
Its weight was meant for me,
I should have built a lighter cross
To bear up Calvary.

—Scribner's.

Doesn't "look" as she ought—the weak, nervous and ailing woman. As long as she suffers from the aches, pains, and derangements peculiar to her sex, she can't expect to.

But there's only herself to blame. With Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, she's a different woman. And it's a change that can be seen as well as felt. The system is invigorated, the blood enriched, digestion improved, melancholy and nervousness dispelled.

With the "Favorite Prescription," all the proper functions are restored to healthy action. Periodical pains, weak back, bearing-down sensations, nervous prostration, all "female complaints" are cured by it. It's the only medicine for woman's weaknesses and ailments that's *guaranteed* to do what is claimed for it. If it doesn't give satisfaction, in every case for which it's recommended, the money is returned.

Can something else offered by the dealer, though it may pay *him* better, be "just as good"?

Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil is an easy food—it is more than food, if you please; but it is a food—to bring back plumpness to those who have lost it.

Do you know what it is to be plump?

Thinness is poverty, living from hand to mouth. To be plump is to have a little more than enough, a reserve.

Do you want a reserve of health? Let us send you a book on CAREFUL LIVING; free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 132 South 5th Avenue, New York.
Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil—all druggists everywhere do. $1.
34

TOWER'S FISH BRAND
This Trade Mark is on the best
WATERPROOF COAT in the World!
Illustrated Catalogue Free. A. J. TOWER, BOSTON, MASS.

$125.00 A Month and Expenses! To Agents to Sell CIGARS TO DEALERS. SAMPLES FREE!
JOHN G. RISING & CO., St. Paul, Minn.

SHORTHAND Writing thoroughly taught by mail or personally. SITUATIONS PROCURED all pupils when competent. Send for circular. J. D. HESS, Pioneer Press Building, St. Paul, Minn.

CURES CATARRH
LONDON BALM
SOLD BY YOUR DRUGGIST.

GOOD FOR $3.00.
This card and $1.00 in cash or postal note will pay in full for $4.00 worth of choice Vocal and Instrumental Music of your own selection from our Catalogue No. 100. Catalogue mailed free, send for it. Upright Pianos $185.00 Parlor Organs $38.00, American Guitars $6.00, Mandolins $8.00. THE HEWETT MUSIC CO., 269 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

$100 to $500.
Paid to live agents for the F. G. Door check, lock and bumper combined. Sells on sight upon its merits. The best selling article on the market. Agents wanted in every town. Absolute control of territory assigned. Send stamp for circulars, terms etc. Will send sample, express prepaid, for 50 cts.
UNITY DOOR CHECK CO.
Germania Life B'l'd'g. St. Paul, Minn.

CYPHILENE Will cure that MALIGNANT BLOOD POISON in from 15 to 60 days. Those who have tried the Hot Springs year after year and used Mercury and Iodide of Potash, which only arrests the disease for a short time, can now be quickly and permanently cured with
CYPHILENE We can furnish POSITIVE PROOF to all who will write us that we do all we claim. We give a LEGAL GUARANTEE, backed by over half a Million Capital to refund money if we fail to cure. We solicite the most obstinate cases, those who have given up all hope of recovery. You never can be cured so that the disease will not return again until you have had treatment with our CYPHILENE, and
WE CHALLENGE THE WORLD
for a case we cannot cure. Write to us for address of some who have been cured, from whom we have permission to refer. Patients treated at home under same guarantee. With those who prefer to come here we will contract to pay all expenses, R. R. fare both ways and hotel bills while here and make no charge if we fail to cure.
COOK REMEDY COMPANY, OMAHA, NEB.

PISO'S CURE FOR
Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.
CONSUMPTION.

GREAT BARGAINS

In All Kinds of

SUMMER GOODS,

For a Short Time.

This Means Business. Call and See.

H. ROSENBLATT.

Gardner Block, 2 Doors from FIFTH St.

—CALL AT—

C. D. Johnson's Drug Store,

EAST FRONT STREET,

And get a key to Health.

Try our new Perfumes.

Try our Semper Idem Cream for chapped hands & face.

Try our Soda Water.

Call and See Us.

C. D. JOHNSON, Druggist.

Money at 10 per Cent. Sraight

To Loan on Real Estate.

WE CHARGE NO BONUS OR COMMISSION.

Also Loan on Chattel Security on Favorable Terms.

A. L. HOFFMAN.

Cor. Fifth and Front Streets, Brainerd

City and County Orders Bought

N. McFADDEN,

DRUGGIST.

DEALER IN PURE DRUGS!

Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles.

Proprietor of Sherwood's Cough Syrup Glass Condition Powders and Stratton's Liniment.

Night Bell. 86 Front St

LARSON & WALTERS,

—DEALERS IN—

Anthracite & Biuminous Coal,

Hard and Soft Wood, Lime, Cement and Plastering Hair.

Cross Creek Lehigh Coal,

The only genuine Lehigh Coal in the Market

Office and Yard, Corner of Eighth and Main Streets, at N. P. Track.

Sanborn's RESTAURANT.

CITY HOTEL, 40 FRONT STREET.

REGULAR MEALS 25CTS.

BOARD $4.00 PER WEEK.

Meals cooked to order at any time, Day or Night, at VERY reasonable prices.

KOOP BROS.,

Sell the best and cheapest

Groceries!

And PROVISIONS.

Front Street, - between 6th and 7th.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Official Paper

Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, F. W. Wieland, } Editors and Proprietors.

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job printing office in the city.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Corner of Eighth and Norwood Streets.

Rev. W. H. Ware, Pastor.

Announcements for Sunday, Oct. 9.

SUBJECTS—

MORNING—"The Life the Light." (Continued.)

EVENING—No service. Union meeting at the Congregational church in the interest of the Y. M. C. A.

Hours of worship, 10:30 A. M. and 8:00 P. M. Sunday school, 12 M.

Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, 7:45.

The public generally, and visitors to our city, are most cordially invited to all our services, and we will be happy to greet you. Ushers at the door.

Local News Notes.

Mrs. G. S. Fernald, of St. Paul, is visiting friends in this city.

James Fox, of Waterpool, Wis. is visiting frends and relatives at Gull River.

W. A. Fleeming, A. J. Halsted and N. H. Ingersoll were St. Paul visitors on Tuesday.

J. M. Johnson has opened a real estate office in room 5 in the Towne-McFadden block.

Miss Ida Rosenblatt and Miss Lizzie Gardner are visiting friends in Minneapolis.

The front of the Odd Fellows' block on Sixth street is being treated to a new coat of paint.

Mrs. Geo. Forsyth returned last Saturday evening from an extended visit with friends in the Twin Cities.

N. M. Paine left Brainerd Tuesday morning for Chicago, where he will remain a couple of weeks taking in the sights.

Miss Somers, of Brainerd, is visiting in Perham with her friend Miss Maggie Bridgman.—Perham Bulletin.

The semi-annual apportionment of the state school fund has been made, and Crow Wing county gets $5,647 as her share

Miss Rachel Campbell, who has been visiting in the Twin Cities for the past two months, returned last Tuesday evening.

Tilda J. Bacon, a 6 months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Bacon, died on Friday, Sept 30, of cramps, and was buried the same day.

N. W. Wheatley has been offered a position in Minneapolis similar to the one he has held in the shops in this city, but he has not yet decided to accept it.

Herman Stockenstrom, the eloquent Scandinavian statesman of Minnesota, will deliver, an address to Brainerd citzens of those nationalities, on the evening of Oct. 13th.

G. W. Alexander has rented the store room now occupied by Cable's drug store, and will start a restaurant and lunch counter there just as soon as Mr. Cable vacates.

R. S. Annis, of Blue Earth county, Minn., is in the city renewing old acquaintances. Mr. Annis, it will be remembered, was at one time in the grocery business in this city.

Mrs. C. A. Remas, of this city, accompanied by her nephew, Herbert Maughan, have gone to Helena, Mont., to attend the wedding of Wilbur Maughan, a brother of Herbert.

Mrs. O. C. Foster is at Wilmot, S. D., where she was called by a message announcing the death of her brother, Mr. L. H. Kelly, editor of the Roberts County Republican.

Bishop McGolrick, of Duluth, will conduct the services at St. Francis Catholic church next Sunday morning, and will administer the solemn and impressive rite of confirmation.

The calcium light stereopticon used by Prof. Shepherd in exhibiting World's Fair views is a wonderful instrument, and will show you the inside and the outside of the World's Fair buildings, at the opera house Oct. 21.

Brainerd citizens will have the pleasure of hearing all three candidates for governor during the present campaign. Mr. Nelson will be here the 14th, Mr. Lawler the 19th inst, and Mr. Donnelly the first week in November.

On Saturday Geo. H. Gillman returned from the Pacific coast, where he has been for several months past in the services of the N. P. company. Mr. Gillman will return to his old position here as one of the foreman in the car department.

F. M. Cable has decided to leave Brainerd and locate in Chicago where he will open a drug store at the corner of Garfield Boulevard and Halsted street. Mr. and Mrs. Cable both have many friends here who will regret to learn of their intended departure.

Invitations have been issued for the marriage of Miss Maggie Meekins, one of Brainerd's most popular young ladies, to Mr. Valentine Smith, on Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock, at St. Francis Church in this city. Reception at the bride's parents from 6 to 10 in the evening.

On Saturday Prof. Gerrity will remove his business college from its present location on 6th street south to the rooms formerly occupied by McCall's photograph gallery in the old Mosher Block on 7th street, between Front and Laurel. These rooms are now being repaired, and put in first class shape, and will make very handsome quarters for the college.

Trunks and grips at J. F. McGinnis & Co.

PROGRESS OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Now Being Made in this Vicinity, and Others Contemplated.

Great progress on the improvements now in course of construction in this city is being made, and others of great magnitude are contemplated and will be realized early in the spring, and all because of the enterprise of our citizens in accepting the proposition of the Northern Mill company last spring. As we have repeatedly said, one industry brings another, and already sufficient improvements have been made and are planned for construction in the early spring, to pay the increased taxation.

Work on the new mill and railroad is progressing nicely. The mill structure is complete and the machinery is now being put in position. The new brick round house is fast approaching completion, and the new bridge across the river will be entirely completed this week, although the construction train for track laying has crossed for several days. The work of laying the track is progressing finely, about five miles being finished last night. The track has been laid at the rate of about half a mile a day thus far, but greater progress will be made from now on as the ties are more convenient to get. The work of ballasting with gravel is following closely on the the heels of the track layers. The road is graded for over 40 miles. The large bridge over the thoroughfare at Gull lake is in course of construction by Messrs. McLain & Sons, who will have it completed by the time the track layers reach there. A prominent official said yesterday that logging trains would be run over the road within 60 days.

Actual work on the new street railway has been commenced, all the poles for the road and nearly all the ties having arrived, and are now being unloaded and distributed along the line of the road. The work of setting the poles will begin immediately, and it is expected that the work of laying the track will begin the 15th, when the rails and other material will be delivered here.

The large three-story brick business block which we stated Mr. Parker would construct in the near future, has been definitely located, Mr. Parker having on Wednesday purchased four lots at the corner of Front and Eighth streets from H. Spalding and Leon E. Lum for that purpose, the consideration being $5,000 cash. The building will be built early in the spring.

T. McMaster has purchased the three lots on Sixth street just south of the mill track, and we understand that next season he will build a fine brick business block for store rooms, and a fine ware house and barn to accommodate his ever increasing wholesale grocery business. Mr. McMaster feels the need of a large ware house in connection with his store room, which he cannot get at his present location, hence his determination to build for himself.

Several other new buildings, among them a fine new three story brick building, are contemplated for construction in the spring, besides the erection of at least three new brick school buildings, at a cost of at least $50,000. Taking into consideration all these improvements, we can safely venture the prediction that next year will be the most prosperous in the history of the city. Brainerd's future never looked so bright as at present.

Come in and get one of these practical Souvenirs *free* Saturday and all next week.

HENRY I. COHEN.

Fruit in Crow Wing.

Mr. G. A. Hunt, of Bay Lake, left us fine a box of fruit at this office on Monday last as any one could desire to see and all raised by himself on his farm in that town. There were six varieties of grapes, the Roger, Agawam, Merrimac, Golden Pockington, Concord and Isabel, all ripe and excellent, any grapes we have seen in the market for sale. Four different varieties of apples and a sample of the Desota plum. The gentleman finds a ready market for his fruit in this city and will go more extensively into the business of raising the more choice varieties. It has been only four years since he began to experiment in this kind of farming here and he finds that the climate and soil is especially adapted to it.

Don't forget to call on us if you want to buy a cloak cheap.

HENRY I. COHEN.

A Thriving Industry.

The Brainerd brick yard, as conducted the present season by Messrs. Kelehan & Brosson, has undoubtedly been one of the most thriving and profitable industries in Brainerd this season. Over three million brick have been manufactured and a ready market has been found for the entire output at high prices. The bricks produced are pronounced of even better quality than those manufactured in former years, and brick from this yard have always been considered of excellent quality. It is undoubtedly the quality of the article produced that makes them in such demand. Mr. Kelehan informed a Dispatch scribe that the output this year is the largest ever produced, not excepting 1881-82, the years of the boom in this city. Mr. Kelehan also said that they could have sold more than twice as many as they could produce, and another season will probably see at least five million brick produced by this yard.

A new post office has been established at Bay Lake with Mrs. N. H. Gunnell as postmistress.

C. H. Closterman, of Anaconda, Mont, is in the city. Mr. Closterman is interested in silver mines there and reports good prospects.

The mammoth tableau reflector that Prof. Shepherd brings with him will make Columbian tableaux worth the price of admission at the opera house Oct. 21.

McLain & Sons, the Minneapolis firm that is building the bridges on the new railroad, have been awarded the contract of repairing the Mississippi river wagon bridge.

Proceedings of Crow Wing County Commissioners.

Proceedings of board of county commissioners, meeting held Oct. 4, 1892.

Present: Commissioners Farrar, Patterson, Stallman and Smith.

On motion Commissioner Stallman was elected temporary chairman.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved as read.

An appropriation of $50 was made from road and bridge fund to repair corduroy between sections 34 and 35, township 44, range 31.

They following bills were allowed:

John McNaughton, fees as deputy coroner, case of Donahue	$ 10 00
John Cameron, wood furnished county jail	7 00
Wm. Roberts, assisting in survey, Brainerd and Bay Lake road	8 00
Claus. Olson, assisting in survey, Brainerd and Bay Lake road	6 00
G. Christianson, assisting in survey, Brainerd and Bay Lake road	2 00
T. Peterson, assisting in survey, Brainerd and Bay Lake road	2 00
F. A. Whiteley, surveying Brainerd and Bay Lake road	24 00
Louis Shallman, assisting surveying Brainerd and Bay Lake road	12 00
R. K. Whiteley, locating Fort Ripley bridge	6 00
A. P. Farrar, attending 5 commissioners' meetings	16 00
N. McFadden, drugs furnished poor	1 90
Geo. Keough, board and care C. Blanchard	10 65
Brainerd Dispatch, printing and stationery	27 25
Andrew Paulson, work at poor farm	32 00
Knute Olson, work at poor farm	29 00
J. A. Bixby, overseer poor farm, August	50 00
J. A. Bixby, overseer poor farm, September	50 00
Henry Spalding, fees state cases	21 90
Henry Spalding, fees state cases	106 59
Henry Spalding, summoning jurors	130 90
Henry Spalding, boarding prisoners	43 41
Henry Spalding, serving tax citations	199 15

Board adjourned until 2 p. m.

All members present; Chairman Gardner in the chair.

The following bills were allowed:

M. Hagberg, oils for county jail	$ 70
M. Hagberg, groceries for poor farm	70 04
C. E. Chiperfield, drawing jury September	3 00
A. Archibald, house rent special election	3 00
L. H. Stallman, viewing county roads	3 00

Application of Fales & Woodin for a license to build and maintain a dam on Big Willow river, section 19, town 141-25, Cass county, was on motion granted and issued. Bond in the sum of $2,000 was accepted. Tolls fixed at 6 cents per thousand feet.

The following bills were allowed:

J. W. Blake, taking care Theriault child	1 50
J. J. Howe & Co., 2 loads mill wood court house	3 00
L. H. Stallman, attending 4 commissioners' meetings	12 80
Ambrose Tighe, water rent quarter ending Jan. 1, '93	25 00
C. G. Christianson, road overseer 45-28	12 75
J. A. Wilson, expressage and postage	3 55
S. F. Alderman, fees clerk of court, September term	218 55
Silas Hall, mill wood court house	3 50
S. W. Gray & Co., goods poor farm	18 15
Chas. Hesse, road overseer E. 47-28	2 25
G. A. McDonald, taking care E. Vanclick	10 50
Thos. J. Dykeman, constable fees, Garrison	5 65
H. M. Phillips, sawdust court house	2 00
Alec Gordon, judge election Kennedy's	3 00
A. G. Gallup, burial J. Donahue	15 00
Sivert Olson, work on Eagle Lake road	9 00
J. J. Howe & Co., lumber poor farm	10 05
J. J. Howe & Co., lumber Gull Lake bridge	87 50
Louis Wicks, clerk election Alberta	3 00
Harry Patterson, viewing and appraising repairs Brainerd and Deerwood road	15 00
Geo. Carlisle, repairing Mississippi river bridge	16 63
Wilmer Holmes, repairing Mississippi river bridge	48 00
C. Winterstein, repairing Mississippi river bridge	21 71
C. Winterstein, repairing Mississippi river bridge	11 25
Dr. A. F. Groves, medical services rendered W. Loody	38 00

An appropriation of $30 was made from road and bridge fund to repair road section 12, town 45-30, money to be expended by John A. Jackson.

Refunding order for the sum of $13.26 was ordered issued to Wm. Barron on lots 11 and 12, block 239.

An appropriation of $24 was made from general county fund to reimburse W. A. Fleming for money advanced in obtaining evidence before the grand jury.

An abatement of $13.27 was made on lots 9 and 10, block 239.

The following voting precinct was established: Town 45-29; voting place, T. C. Pointon's house.

The following judges and clerks of election were appointed:

SOAP RIVER.

Judges: A. M. Bratt, Elijah Adams, Wm. Prentice. Clerk: C. B. Clouse.

FAIRBANKS'.

Judges: John McKnight, John Mann, John Chisholm. Clerk: A. Leighton.

BAY LAKE.

Judges: N. Newgard, D. Archibald, J. D. Tarry. Clerk: L. G. Hunt.

POINTON'S, 45-29.

Judges: T. C. Pointon, Stephen Bush, Seivert Olson. Clerk: H. M. Dye.

DAVENPORT'S.

Judges: A. B. Cass, Louis Nelson, Chas. Krech. Clerk: S. G. Thompson.

KENNEDY'S.

Judges: C. C. Glass, J. E. Ireland, Wm. Campbell. Clerk: Alec. Gordon.

PINE RIVER (GOULD'S).

Judges: J. E. White, Ed. Kimball, Geo. Frost. Clerk: James Frost.

Commissioner Farrar was appointed to have election booths and ballot boxes made for both Crow Wing and Cass counties.

Board adjourned until the first Tuesday in November.

LOUIS TACHE,
County Auditor.

People who have looked over our cloak assortment are surprised at its extent, variety and cheapness.

HENRY I. COHEN.

Proceedings of Cass County Commissioners.

Proceedings of Cass county commissioners, meeting held Oct. 3, 1892.

Present: Commissioners Nary and Hallett.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved as read.

The following judges and clerks of election were appointed:

GULL RIVER.

Judges: C. E. Griffith, Seth Phillips and James Stanley; clerk: Geo. Whipple.

COLLINS.

Judges: A. J. Collins, R. W. Sypes, W. W. Bryant; clerk: Willard Fish.

SWAN RIVER.

Judges: John Springsteed, Nich Schman, Sam'l Martin; clerk: William Lewis.

PINE RIVER (BARCLAY'S).

Judges: Geo. Barclay, James P. McKeig, John Sutherland; clerk: John Dawling.

The following bills were allowed:

Leon E. Lum, legal advice Cass county commissioners	$10 00
Thos. J. Nary, attending 3 commissioners' meetings	13 20
W. H. Hallett, attending 3 commissioners's meeting	27 00

Board adjourned until the first Tuesday in November.

LOUIS TACHE,
County Auditor.

Don't fail to call on us if your little girl needs a cloak.

HENRY I. COHEN.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The 7th anniversary of the Brainerd Y. M. C. A. will take place at the Congregational church Sunday evening Oct. 9th. As this will be a meeting of unusual importance everybody is invited to attend. Mr. C. H. Moorman, the railroad secretary of the international committee Y. M. C. A. will be present and deliver an address. The city pastors will all be present to endorse the work for the past year. The report of the year's work, showing what the association has done during the past year, will be read, and altogether this will be a very interesting meeting. Bring your "Gospel Hymns."

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will give a social and reception at the rooms of the association on Saturday evening, Oct. 8th, at 8 p. m. Mr. C. H. Moorman, the railway secretary of the international committee, will be present. Light refreshments will be served during the evening. Everybody come and spend a pleasant evening.

We have *never* opened on sale, such a large stock of *ladies'* and *children's cloaks.*

HENRY I. COHEN.

Soap Week.

Our line of Soaps is complete and varied, at prices from 5c. to 50c. per cake. Finest Glycerine and Castile Soaps at a Bargain. A beautiful picture given free with each 25c. purchase, at Johnson's Pharmacy.

Call on J. F. McGinnis & Co. and see the bargains they are offering in clothing, boots and shoes for fall and winter.

Geo. N. Day has removed his shoe store from the Gardner block on Laurel street into the room next to R. Parker's confectionery store on east Front street, where he will be pleased to meet all his old customers.

Call on J. F. McGinnis & Co. and see the bargains they are offering in clothing, boots, and shoes for fall and winter.

JUST RECEIVED.

Mrs. C. Grandelmyer has just received a magnificent display of French pattern hats and choice novelties in millinery and invites the ladies of Brainerd and vicinity to call and inspect the same.

Our cloak stock is so complete that we can suit you without being obliged to send away.

HENRY I. COHEN.

Call on J. F. McGinnis & Co. and see the bargains they are offering in clothing, boots and shoes for fall and winter.

Silver inlaid plate ware (warranted) twenty-five years at Sundberg's.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Items of Interest.

Souvenir spoons at Sundbergs.

Get your ammunition at Swartz's store.

Trunks and grips at D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

Trunks and grips at J. F. McGinnis & Co.

Feather dusters, brush brooms, etc. at Swartz's

New line of furniture at D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

Farm machinery oils at Swartz's drug store.

Hardware, stoves and crockery at D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

Everything in ladies' Oxford ties at reduced prices at Bredfeld's.

L. J. Cale wishes to see all his old friends at his new stand.

Perfumes, brushes, combs, soaps, etc., at Swartz's drug store.

D. M. Clark & Co. are agents for Heath & Milligan paints. Best in the world.

1,000 men, women and children wanted to try on SHOES at L. J. Cale's.

Fine line of ladies' Bluchers in C, D and E widths at Bredfeld's shoe store.

It will pay you to walk through D. M. Clark & Co.'s mammoth new store.

Do you want to buy a gun of any kind? If so call on M. L. Swartz who can please you in style and price.

The office of J. R. Smith is the headquarters for reliable fire insurance. Room 4, Sleeper Block.

See D. M. Clark & Co.'s new stock of Wall Paper before you select your spring house decorations. A nice line just received.

J. F. McGinnis & Co. are showing the most complete line of gents' suitings displayed in the city. Call on them before leaving your measure.

Union services in the park every Sunday at 3:30 p. m. Preaching by one of the city pastor. Bring Gospel Hymns and take part in the singing. Come everybody.

Great Guns!

Have you seen the new stock of guns just received by M. L. Swartz. Prices to suit the times.

J. F. McGinnis & Co. are showing the most complete line of Gents' suitings displayed in the city. Call on them before leaving your measure.

Horses, cows, ponies, wagons, buggies and harnesses for sale on time at Hoffman's

Don't Grunt

about your feet hurting you when CHAVISO CORN CURE will cure corns bunions, etc. Every bottle warranted. For sale by N. McFadden.

Large line of clothing at Cale's.

Box paper and fine stationery at Swartz's drug store.

$500 Reward

For any trace of Antipyrine, Morphine, Chloral or any other injurious compound in KRAUSE'S HEADACHE CAPSULES.

For sale by N. McFadden.

CUBEB COUGH CURE—ONE MINUTE.

Information Wanted

Of the whereabouts of a cow, spotted black and white, which has been gone about two weeks. Any information will be liberally rewarded.

M. HAGBERG

The "Big 9" fall stock is now complete. A better stock of reliable boots and shoes never was shown in Brainerd, and the prices are marked low. Call and see them. Custom work and repairing.

R. F. WALTERS,
Sixth Street.

Notice.

Brainerd, Minn., Sept. 13th.

Whereas my wife Amy V. Hall has left my bed and board with out just cause or provocation, notice is here by given that I will not be responsible for any debt contracted by her, and I warn all persons not to extend her credit on my account.

WM. S. HALL.

Fall and Winter Opening.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 19th, 20th, and 21th. of the latest styles in imported and domestic pattern hats and bonets, and all novelties of the season. The ladies of Brainerd and vicinity are cordially invited.

MRS. H. THEVIT,
16 Front St. Brainerd.

FOR SALE—A four year old horse. Enquire at Whitford's harness shop, Front street.

A competent dressmaker desires sewing either at home or in families. Call on or Address.

MRS. KATIE THEGOD,
Southeast Brainerd opposite Angels grocery store.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

C. B. WHITE,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER

—DEALER IN—

Sash, Doors and Mouldings, Paints Oils and Brushes,

Builders' Hardware,

Guns, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle and sporting goods.

I U. WHITE, Manager.

Sleeper Opera House.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

Thursday, Oct. 13.

First Time in Brainerd.

HARRISON and BELL'S Comedians In the Latest Great Success,

"LITTLE TIPPETT,"

Don't miss it. You will laugh, you will yell, you will shriek.

We Meet All Competition.

—THE NEW FIRM OF—

McGINN & BAILEY

Are Selling their Carefully Selected Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

FRESH VEGETABLES IN SEASON.

We aim to please our customers in all particulass and invite your patronage.

Sixth Street, between Front and Laurel.

KATZ BROS.,

—DEALER IN—

STOVES AND TINWARE,

Shelf Hardware, Nails, Etc.

New store just opened at McColl's Old Stand on 7th Street. New Stock LOW PRICES and Fair Dealing.

Great Bargains in Cooking Stoves.

Call and See Us.

There be Marrying

And Giving in Marriage.

Whether your Bank account approves the custom or not you are bound to pay your respects to the bride-elect. For a

Nice Selection of Presents in

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY and SILVERWARE,

—CALL ON—

MRS. F. G. SUNDBERG,

CORNER FRONT AND SIXTH STREETS.

M. HAGBERG,

Wholesale and retail

GROCER!

HAS A LARGE AND COMPLTE STOCK OF

Staple & Fancy Groceries, Flour Feed, Provisions, Etc.

M. HAGBERG.

Odd Fellows' Block.

HARNESS SHOP

CORNER LAUREL AND SIXTH STREETS.

Keep on hand an assortment of everything in stock.

Harness, Nets Whips, Curbs

BRUSHES, BRIDLES, SADDLES, COLLARS.

D. W. WHITFORD.

Fine Outfits Made a Specialty