THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 14, NUMBER 1. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1894. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS.

Northern Pacific Bank

Cor. Front and 7th Streets.

C. N. PARKER, President.
J. N. NEVERS, Vice President.
H. J. SPENCER, Cashier.

Money to Loan On Chattel Security

County and City Orders Bought!

Lumbermen's Time Checks Cashed.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Brand, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

RUNS

THROUCH CARS

—TO—

ST. PAUL,
MINNEAPOLIS,
DULUTH
FARGO
GRAND FORKS
and WINNIPEG

—TO—

HELENA, BUTTE, SPOKANE, TACOMA, SEATTLE, PORTLAND

Pullman Sleeping Cars
Elegant Dining Cars
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

No. 5 arrives from the South at 7:15 p. m. Departs going west at 2:30 p. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 4 arrives from the west at 12:50 p. m. Departs going south at 1:15 p. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 12 arrives from Duluth at 7:25 p. m. and departs for the west at 8:15 p. m. daily.

No. 12 arrives from the West at 8:05 a. m. Departs going east at 8:10 a. m. daily.

No. 11, Little Falls and Dakota train, arrives at 5:30 p. m.

No. 12, Little Falls and Dakota train, departs at 6:30 a. m.

No. 54 carries passengers to Aitken, departs at 12:00 p. m.

No. 55 from N. P. Junction arrives at 4:35 p. m. and departs for Staples at 5:10.

No. 56 arrives from Staples at 8 a. m. Departs for N. P. Junction at 9:00 a. m.

For Maps, Time Table or special information, apply to agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd.

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

N. Schroeder,

—DEALER IN—

Wines, Liquors, and CIGARS

Imported and Domestic.

Special Attention Given to Orders for Family Use.

Give me a call when in Detroit and I will guarantee good usage.

N. SCHROEDER,
DETROIT, MINN.

NEW LIFE

BEFORE AFTER

Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment is sold under positive written guarantee, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory, Loss of Brain and Nerve Power, Lost Manhood, Impotency, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all Drains and Losses of the Generative Organs of either sex, caused by Indiscretion, Excesses and Overwork, Insanity, Consumption, Premature Old Age, Blindness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Involuntary Emissions, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Power, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Neuralgia, Nervous Debility, Pimples on the Face, Seminal Emissions, Lack of Energy, Failing Memory, Loss of Power, Hopeless Feelings, Mental Worry, Softening of the Brain, resulting in Insanity, Paralysis and Death. Premature decay, Wasting Diseases, Lost Power, Impotency, Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Unfitness to Marry, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor, and Indiscretion or Excesses in Old or Young. Every package guaranteed to cure. Write for Circulars, Certificates, Proofs, etc. Sold by druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5. Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price. Pamphlet free. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order for six boxes, accompanied with $5, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by our agents. Agents wanted everywhere. Address, DR. E. C. WEST MEDICINE CO., 324 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

Sold in Brainerd by FRANK B. JOHNSON, Successor to N. McFadden, Druggist, 26 Front St reet, Brainerd, Minn.

LE BRUN'S FOR BETTER SEE, This remedy has been placed before the public for over forty years. Beware of the Counterfeits in appearance, numerical or pronounced. Write for circulars. Sold by druggists.

G&G AS A PREVENTIVE

by either sex. It is beneficial to those in any nervous disease; but in the case of Epilepsy, Spasms, Fits, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Headache, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Backache, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Involuntary Discharges, Impaired Manhood, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases, it is the one of all remedies. Every bottle guaranteed. Pamphlet free. Sold by druggists. Price $1.00, or six bottles for $5.00. Express paid on receipt of price. Address, THE G & G CURE CO., P. O. Box 2081, New York City.

LADIES DO YOU KNOW

DR. FÉLIX LE BRUN'S

STEEL AND PENNYROYAL PILLS

are the original and only FRENCH, safe and reliable cure on the market. Price $1.00; sent by mail. Genuine sold only by

M. L. SWARTZ, Druggist, Brainerd, Minn.

ELKHART CARRIAGE and HARNESS MFG. CO.

$11.00

$75

$37.50

$23.50

$26

$43.00

$55

No. 32. Surrey Harness.

No. 193. Surrey.

No. 27. Top Buggy.

No. 122. Road Wagon.

No. 3 Farm Wheels.

Buggy, $65 to $600. Phaeton, $75 to $600. Surrey, $75 to $600. Spring Wagon, $18 to $200. Harness, $5 to $100. Saddles, $2.50 to $50.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Spring Wagons, $31 to $60. Surrey, $60 to $100. Phaeton, $60 to $100. Buggy, $50 to $90. Harness, $3.50 to $25. Saddles, $1.50 to $15. Write for Catalogue and Price List. Mention this paper. Elkhart Carriage and Harness Mfg. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

RIDING SADDLES and FLY NETS.

2 per cent. off for cash with order. Used 2d. hand vehicles taken in exchange. Second hand catalog, free if wanted.

Address W. B. PRATT, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

The Best Medicine.

J. O. WILSON, Contractor and Builder, Sulphur Springs, Texas, thus speaks of Ayer's Pills:

"Ayer's Pills are the best medicine I ever tried; and, in my judgment, no better general remedy could be devised. I have used them in my family and recommended them to my friends and employees for more than twenty years. To my certain knowledge, many cases of the following complaints have been completely and

Permanently Cured

by the use of Ayer's Pills alone: Third day chills, dumb ague, bilious fever, sick headache, rheumatism, flux, dyspepsia, constipation, and hard colds. I know that a moderate use of Ayer's Pills, continued for a few days or weeks, as the nature of the complaint required, would be found an absolute cure for the disorders I have named above."

"I have been selling medicine for eight years, and I can safely say that Ayer's Pills give better satisfaction than any other Pill I ever sold."—J. J. Perry, Spottsylvania C. H., Va.

AYER'S PILLS

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Every Dose Effective

Professional Cards.

McCLENAHAN & MANTOR

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Office, Rooms and 2, Bank Block,
BRAINERD, MINN.

J. H. WARNER

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Room 5. Hartley Block.

R. K. WHITELEY,

CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,

Office Room 11. Bank Block.

BRAINERD, ... MINN.

SNOW & SNOW.

We would be glad to tell you how to save your money and make it earn you good pay if you will call.

Do you know that your house is liable to burn? We would like to pay you for it if insured.

We will attend to any business matter and honorable business transaction you will pay us.

Room 11, Bank Block.

(First publication Oct 5.)

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Andrew Peterson and Mary J. Nelson to Samuel E. Moore, dated the 2nd day of December, A. D. 1893, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the county of Crow Wing in the state of Minnesota, on the 23d day of December A. D. 1893, at 9 o'clock A. M. in book 41 of mortgages, on page 177, on which there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of Three Hundred Thirty-Eight Dollars and Thirty-two and 50-100 cents. No action or proceeding has been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit: The Southeast quarter of the Southeast quarter of Section Twenty-three (23) in Township One Hundred Forty-five (145) North of Range Twenty-eight (28) West of the 4th Principal Meridian, according to the Government Survey thereof, in Crow Wing county, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in said county of Crow Wing and State of Minnesota, on the 26th day of January, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, to pay the debt secured by said mortgage, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and the costs and disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 4th, 1894.

MARGARET SAWYER,
Mortgagee.

LEON E. LUM,
Attorney of Mortgagee.

AGENTS WANTED on salary and commission for the sale of the Patent Steel Lawn Fence of JAMES G. BLISS. Big inducements to the right parties. Address, Bliss Fence Co., Winona, Minn. "Bliss Fence Co. Winona, Minn. Gentlemen:—We have been handling your fence for three years and like it. Have sold 1,000 rods and have not had a complaint. Yours truly, [Signed] J. W. Wood, Sheriff Winona Co., Minn." "Bliss Fence Co. Winona, Minn. Gentlemen:—We have been handling your fence for three years and like it. Have sold 1,000 rods and have not had a complaint. Yours truly, [Signed] J. W. Wood, Sheriff Winona Co., Minn." "Bliss Fence Co. Winona, Minn. Gentlemen:—We have been handling your fence for three years and like it. Have sold 1,000 rods and have not had a complaint. Yours truly, [Signed] J. W. Wood, Sheriff Winona Co., Minn."

THE HENRY BILL PUB. CO., Norwich, Conn.

$500 Reward.

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. Large bottles contain 100 Pills. Small bottles 50 Pills. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine are manufactured only by the proprietor, West Co., Chicago, Ill. For sale by M. L. Swartz, Druggist Brainerd, Minn.

Babies that are fretful, peevish, cross, or troubled with Windy Colic, Teething Pains, or Stomach Disorders, can be relieved at once by using Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Contains no Opium or Morphine, and is safe. Price 25 cents. Sold by

It is safe to predict that John Goodnow did not give thanks to any great extent yesterday.

A GREAT hustle is being made by the politicians throughout the state for legislative appointments.

THE members from the 46th district have engaged quarters at the Merchants hotel for the comig session of the legislature.

THE Sixth congressional district cast many thousand more votes than any other district in the state, the total number polled being 47,698.

THE primary election law demanded by many may be a good thing for large cities but it would not meet with the approval of the people in the country.

THE Mille Lacs Indians have petitioned the "great father in Washington" through Hon. Nathan Richardson, of Little Falls, for their annuity which they claim to be badly in need of.

THE legislature will be asked to reduce the liquor licenses in big cities to $500. The saloon element of Minnesota cannot afford to tamper with this laws that govern them now, they might get the worst of it.

REPRESENTATIVE FEE wants the constitution changed so that members of the legislature will receive an annual salary instead of so much per diem, and then allow them to remain in session as long as they choose. This is the plan of most of the states and has its merits.

THE official canvass of the votes of the 46th district conferred at Little Falls on Monday, the board consisting of Auditor Ellenbecker, Chairman Stumpf, Justice Crell and Forbes. Auditor Louis Tache, of this city, was also present. The canvass did not materially change the figures published in these columns before, but in Todd county the returning board from Birnhamville left out the vote for nearly the entire legislative ticket.

To California.

If you are going to California to remain for the winter, take the Northern Pacific and Shasta Route, and go comfortable in warm, doubled-windowed vestibuled trains, having dining cars that remain with the trains.

You will see via this line the finest scenery in the United States. No other route to California can compare with it in this respect—this is fact not fiction.

Mt. Adams, Mt. Rainier more than 14,000 feet high, Mt. Hood, Mt. Helens, Mt. Shasta, form a group of mountain peaks that can beseen from the cars, and constitute the grandest mountain scenery in this country.

Call on any Northern Pacific agent in Minnesota, Dakota or Montana, Manitoba or write for rates and particulars to Chas. S. Fee, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

"A Little Farm Well Tilled"

Is worth a good deal more to the owner than a big farm of 160 or 320 acres only scratched over. Send me your name and I will send you an illustrated pamphlet showing where you can get such a farm. CHARLES S. FEE, General Passenger Agent Northern Pacific Railroad, St. Paul Minn.

"Americanisms."

Many are the books on America which have been written by foreigners, and much as we do in visiting the Old World, they remark, not always in a complimentary way upon the points wherein our speech and manners differ from theirs. These peculiarities they group under the head of "Americanisms." Our English cousins have had much amusement from our use of "guess" for "think" or "suppose," and "mad" for "angry" forgetting that their early writers used the words in exactly the same sense. It is simply the survival of the old English in a new land. The terse phrases of America they look upon as slang, not realizing that a young nation, in vigorous development, and grappling with new problems, needs practically a new language. Truly, we have not always improved on the mother-tongue, but if our visitors would overlook particulars, and generalize more they would find some 'Americanisms' to admire. Among nothing would be more worthy of their attention than the extensive railroad systems, the difficulties over which they have triumphed in their building, and the completeness and luxuriousness of their passenger equipment. A tour over such systems as the Burlington Route would convince that no such comfortable longdistance journeys are possible anywhere in the Old World, running thousands of miles without change of cars, and all the comforts of a home at instant command. For information as to a personally conducted excursion of this railroad, make inquiry when next you have a trip, of our home agent, or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent. St. Paul, Minn., and you will find that the Burlington can take the best care of you to almost any point

Ten Acres is Enough

To the man who knows where to go for it and how to farm it. Let me know your name and I will let you know where it is and how to get it. CHARLES S. FEE, General Passenger Agent, Northern Pacific Railroad, St. Paul, Minn.

J. F. McGinnis & Co's. Xmas gift to Their Customers.

A ticket on a beautiful parlor mate, value $50.00, given with each and every $1.00 cash purchase. To be disposed of Dec. 22, 1894.

A Touch Crow Wing County Citizen.

About the first of last month a passenger train was wrecked on the Soo road, by the sawing in two of bridge timbers, which threw the train into a ravine, smashing the engine and killing the fireman. After some fine detective work two men were arrested for the crime, and one proves to be a young man who has lived in this city, and whose father lives on a farm out near Mille Lacs lake, in Aitkin county. Concerning the young man, Leverett Hazelton, and the manner of his apprehension and arrest, the Pioneer Press says:

One of the prisoners was a young fellow who gave the name of Leverett C. Hazelton. The other, a much older man, said his name was Frank Williams. They were placed in jail, but in different corridors, and the task was presented itself of securing the proof of their guilt, though by this time there was no moral doubt that they were the men who committed the crime.

One day while they were in jail a new prisoner was placed in the same corridor as Hazelton. This new prisoner was a desperate character, apparently. He was under arrest for safe-breaking and looked as hard as his reputation. He took a fancy to Hazelton and patronized that green young villian, who was quite flattered at being noticed by such a desperado. He told Hazelton several blood curdling narratives of crimes he had committed and made the youth believe him a tremendous ruffian. Then Hazelton commenced to brag a little, modestly at first, but with a little judicious encouragement he improved, and finally he told the safe-breaker how he and Frank Williams had tried to wreck a couple of trains.

Hazelton told his story circumstantially, telling how he and Williams broke into a section tool house and stole a saw, wrench, spike-puller and other tools, also two rubber coats. Then they made their way to Prentice and sawed the timbers of a bridge, but they did not saw them enough and the train passed over safely. They hid the tools for a day or two and then tackled another bridge near Headford Junction.

The young villian told how they ran the engineer and the negroes, sawing chunks out of them, and while they were at work they heard the eastbound passenger train approaching. They lifted ont the saws chunks and calmly waited for the train to come to destruction, when, Hazelton said, it was the intention of himself and Williams to shoot the passengers who were not killed and rob them and the express car. But the bridge was not sufficiently weaken and the eastbound train passed over it in safety.

Then the fiends set to work again and sawed through more of the bridge timbers, received spikes and fish plates from the ties and rails, and once more sat ghoulishly waiting their harvest of death.

The westbound train came along at a rate of about eighteen miles an hour. The locomotive struck the bridge, plunged through the timbers and struck the face of the ravine, throwing the engineer onto the track in front, but pinning the fireman beneath the wreck and crushing out his life. The passenger coaches remained on the rails. Then the two wreckers made for the train, but hearing men shout and seeing several approach, Hazelton lost heart, gave up his schemes of murder and fled, followed by his companion, Williams, who wandered through the country for a week or ten days and then were arrested near Merrill.

Such in substance was the story told by Hazelton to the safe-breaker, and after he had told it and detailed his movements, also telling of buying cracked coffee at a store in Rhinelander and leaving it in the pocket of the brown coat beneath the wrecked bridge, the safe-breaker horrified him by saying he was a detective, Hazelton broke down at this disclosure and he subsequently expressed a desire of making a clean breast of the whole affair to the authorities in the hope, no doubt, that it might go easier with him at the trial. This was allowed to do, and his confession was made and sworn to on October 26th, and the substance of it was published in the Pioneer Press on October 28th.

When arraigned in court Hazelton pleaded guilty to murder in the first degree and expressed his willingness to testify when the case came to trial. Williams, however, remained sullen and pleaded not guilty. Both men now await trial.

Leverett Hazelton, the younger of the two train wreckers, is one of a family of four children, who were deserted by their parents near Independence, Iowa, years ago, when they were very young. Their father, who, it is said, was weak minded, ran away, leaving his wife and children destitute. The woman left the children with the avowed object of pursuing him and bringing him back, but neither ever returned. The children were placed in a poor house, but were soon taken out by neighbors, who adopted them in their legal form, Peter Hazelton adopting Leverett, who was then only three months old. The fact that he is an adopted child was never revealed to him, and he always thought Hazelton was his right name. The Hazeltons lived on a farm and a few years later moved to Minnesota and settled on a farm near Aitkin.

So the boy was brought up on a farm. He was sent to school, but was very slow to learn. He was called by his father, to be weak minded. Twice he was sent to Aitkin to school, but was by fear that he would do no chores for the families with whom he was stopping, and was soon sent home. He was a lazy boy and a poor boy, but otherwise seemed to be all right, beyond an occasional exhibition of a very dangerous temper. His foster mother idolized him, and Mr. Hazelton always thought a great deal of him and treated him as well when he began to become a great nuisance. They never chastised him but twice, once for throwing a stick of wood at Mrs. Hazelton, and once for stealing currants from a neighbor's garden. His foster father tried to coax him to do better by promising to give him a deed to half his possessions when he became of age and to the whole of them when he was thirty-five, but all to no use.

On last Decoration Day his foster parents went to the cemetery to celebrate the day. Mr. Hazelton giving him $1 and leaving him at home. But when they returned he had disappeared, taking with him what clothing he had and a new rifle that his foster father had purchased for him, for he was fond of hunting and had all the time he desired for that sport. His foster mother was nearly crazed by his disappearance, but calmed down when she learned that he had simply gone to Fred Hazelton's, a brother of Frazer, who lives on a farm ten miles north of Brainerd. He went to work for a farmer named Campbell, who lives near Fred Hazelton's, but was so worthless that he was soon discharged and returned to Fred's place. Fred tried to persuade him to go home, but he would not do so. He then hired him to work for him two months, but had to discharge him after he worked a short time, because he was no good. His foster father finally went after him, but when he arrived the boy had gone, and nothing more was heard of him until the report of his arrest reached them.

At Brainerd it was learned that he had loafed about there for a time, disposed of his rifle and bought a revolver, which he afterward pawned for $2 to get money to pay for his meals. He disappeared very suddenly. The Hazeltons are all well known and highly respected throughout the entire community in which they live, and so far as the home influence with which the young criminal was surrounded are concerned they were certainly of the very best. But he was evidently born with a weak and tainted mind. His two brothers are said to be weak minded also.

Since the above was put in type it is learned that Hazelton has been sentenced to 20 years in the penitentiary at hard labor.

"I Think Very Hard

That the buffet smoking library coach on the Northwestern Limited between St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chicago is the greatest institution in modern railway travel ever run across—or rather rode in—and I have traveled a few thousand miles in my time, at it alone. That coach means solid comfort to a fellow and makes long journey a delightfully short one. By all odds it is the best feature of the best train I ever rode in.—The Globe

Celebrated Man On a Celebrated Railroad.

Gen. Lew Wallace, the renowned soldier, statesman, traveler and author, pays this compliment to the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway in the St. Paul News Record, Oct. 6, 1894:

"I have traveled all over the United States and Europe, but never before have I seen such elegant train service as I enjoyed on 'The Milwaukee' between Chicago and St. Paul. The luxurious appointments of the coaches, and the speed of the train [illegible]."

The trains referred to by the author of "Ben Hur" are named Pioneer Limited, heated by steam, lighted by electricity and arranged with the famous electric berth reading lamp.

J. T. CONLEY,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.,
St. Paul, Minn.

WHAT YOUR THUMB TELLS.

Conical Philosophic Intuitive Formative Artistic

The thumb is an unfailing index of character. The figure Type indicates Will, Force, Firmness and Strength. Closely allied is the Philosophic Type, which indicates the ability to reason and to control the passions. The Intuitive Type indicates quickness of perception, and the Formative Type the ability to form and plan. Phrenology and Physiognomy are ably treated in connection with the Thumb, which accounts for the extensive and universal popularity of Prof. Fowler's Thumb Book. Over 100 illustrations. Sent postpaid for 25 cents. Address, PUBLISHERS PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL, 775 Broadway, New York.

BLANKETS!

Robes, Whips, Collars, Sweat Pads and

Everything

In the way of

Harness Goods,

At Low Prices.

90c. buys a Good Blanket.
$2 buys the best Blanket.
$5.50 buys a Harness.
15c. buys a Whip.
$3.50 buys a Robe.

Also string and house bells cheap. All new goods. Come in and see them at the Harness shop of

GEO. WOODLING

Successor to D. W. Whitford.

"Thrice Blessed

But good is not enough for the rawing public who are used to nuzzy when they are ot home. They must have the best, and up in this country when we say best we mean the New Iswestern Line.—Improvement Bulletin, Minneapolis.

Age Improves It.

The Youth Companion is soon to enter upon its sixty-ninth year of publication, and as one says who has been a constant reader of its columns for more than thirty years, "It has steadily improved year by year." Its articles today cover the whole field of life and experience, furnishing a vast amount of valuable and entertaining reading of a character not found elsewhere, and so great a variety that The Companion interests alike each member of the family.

The Prospectus for the volume of 1895 announces numerous new attractions; fourteen serial stories, a wealth of short stories, anecdotes, humerous sketches, adventures, scientific and home articles, timely editorials on all important questions, and more than two hundred original poems of the highest class.

Full prospectus and specimen copies sent free on application. New subscribers who send $1.75 now will receive the paper free to January 1, 1895, and one year from that date. It comes every week. Finely illustrated.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION,
Boston, MASS.

BAKERY

—AND—

Confectionery Store!

6th St., near Roller Rink.

Ice Cream by the Dish or Quantity.

Hot Rolls every Day.

Bread, Cakes, Pies.

Fruit, Candies and Lemonade.

Give us a call and we will endeavor to give satisfaction.

MRS. M. A. ORTH.

L. W. CHASE.

PROPRIETOR

The Bodega.

Sleeper Block, Front Street.

Finest in all Points of any Saloon in the Northwest.

—IMPORTED—
WINES, LIQUORS
AND CIGARS.

BILLIARD AND POOL PARLOR

In Connection

COME IN AND SEE US.

THE Wisconsin Central Lines.

RUN

Two fast trains daily between St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chicago, Milwaukee and all points in Wisconsin, making connection in Chicago with all lines running east and south.

Tickets sold and baggage checked through to all points in the United States and Canadian provinces.

For full information regarding routes, rates, maps, folders, etc., address your nearest ticket agent or

JAS. C. POND,
Gen. Pass. Ag't, Milwaukee, Wis.

Legal Notices.

First publication Nov. 30th.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

WHEREAS, Default has been made in the conditions of a mortage, executed and delivered by Edward Lee Hall and Antonia Capora, mortgagors, to The Brainerd Co-Operative Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, dated April 8th, A. D. 1893, and recorded in the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing County, Minnesota, on the fifteenth day of May, A. D. 1893, at 11 o'clock A. M., in Book "O" of Mortgages, on page 477, by which there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the amount of Three Hundred and Forty-Six Dollars and Sixty-Six Cents, the mortgagee having elected to consider the full amount of the mortgage due and payable, as it is authorized to do by the mortgage, the mortgagors being delinquent in the sum of $48.00 for their interest and premiums, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, That under a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises by the Sheriff of said Crow Wing County, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota, on the 11th day of January, A. D. 1895, at Ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy said mortgage, and costs and expenses of sale, including Twenty-Five Dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are situated in Crow Wing County, Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot Seventeen (17), of Block Seventeen (17), in Block number Forty-six (46), in the Second Addition to the Town of Brainerd, according to the plat of said Addition on record in the Registry of Deeds of said County.

BRAINERD CO-OPERATIVE BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.

W. A. FLEMING,
Attorney of Mortgagee.
Dated November 28th, 1894.

First publication Nov. 30.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

WHEREAS, Default has been made in the conditions of a mortage, executed and delivered by Edward Lee Hall and Antonia Capora, mortgagors, to The Brainerd Co-Operative Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, dated April 8th day of December, A. D. 1892, and recorded in the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, on the 23rd day of December, A. D. 1892, at 9 o'clock A. M., in book "O" of Mortgages, on page 36, on which there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the amount of One Hundred and Eighty-Four Dollars and Sixty-Six Cents, the mortgagee having elected to consider the full amount of the mortgage due and payable, as it is authorized to do by the mortgage, the mortgagors being delinquent in the sum of $61.50 for dues, interest and premiums, and no action or proceeding has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, That under a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises by the Sheriff of said Crow Wing County, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota, on the 11th day of January, A. D. 1895, at Ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy said mortgage, and costs and expenses of sale, including Twenty-Five Dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are situated in Crow Wing County, Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot Four (4), of Block Thirteen (13), in Helgen and Hess's Addition to the Village of Gleason, according to the plat of said Addition of record in the Registry of Deeds of said Crow Wing County.

BRAINERD CO-OPERATIVE BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.

W. A. FLEMING,
Attorney of Mortgagee.
Dated November 28th, 1894.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } District Court,
County of Crow Wing. } 10th Judicial District.

HANS J. CHRISTIANSON, Plaintiff,

vs.

HELGER OR HELGE S. CHRISTIANSON, Defendant.

To Helger or Helge S. Christianson of the above named defendant:

SUMMONS

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of the said court, at his office in Brainerd, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the City of Brainerd, in said County of Crow Wing and State aforesaid, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of said service; and, if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated Oct. 8d, A. D. 1894.

LEON E. LUM,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Brainerd, Minn.

(First publication Oct. 5.)

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made to the payment of the sum of Three Hundred Dollars, which is claimed to be due on a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Samuel E. Moore and Achsah B. Moore, husband and wife, to the Northwestern Loan & Investment Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 21st day of August, 1888, and with a power of sale thereon contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, on the 29th day of September, 1888, at 9:40 o'clock A. M., in book 31 of Mortgages, on pages 79, 80, 81 and 82.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said mortgagee Investment Company, mortgagee, to Susan R. Moore, by written assignment dated the 8th day of October, 1894, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Crow Wing, on the 9th day of October, 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M., in book 41 of Mortgages, on page 298, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, Notice is hereby given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit: The north half of the Southwest quarter, and all of the south half of the southwest quarter, all in section twenty-three, in township one hundred forty-five, in range twenty-eight west of the fourth principal meridian, with the appurtenances, at public auction, by the sheriff of Crow Wing county, at the front door of the court house in the village of Brainerd, in said county and state, on the 30th day of November, 1894, at 2:30 o'clock p. m. of that day, at which time the highest bidder for cash, to pay the said debt of three hundred and fifty-eight and 64-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and the costs and disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 5th, A. D. 1894.

SUSAN R. HOLMAN,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

LINDERMAN, BLANCHARD & LINDERMAN,
Attorneys,
Little Falls, Minn.

(First Publication Nov. 2nd.)

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Crow Wing. }

In Probate Court, special term Oct. 30th, 1894.

In the matter of the estate of Lyman Whipple, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Hiram H. Whipple, of Cass county, Minn., representing among other things that Lyman Whipple late of said county, on the 15th day of June, A. D. 1894, at Cass county, died intestate, and leaving a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate in this county, and that the said petitioner is a son of said deceased and praying that administration of said estate and goods may be granted to him.

It is ordered that said petition be heard before the Judge of this Court, on the 3rd day of January, A. D. 1894, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the court house, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks, prior to said day of hearing. By the BRAINERD DISPATCH, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county.

Dated the 30th day of October, A. D. 1894.

By the court,
MILTON MCFADDEN,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal.)

(First publication Oct. 5.)

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the District Court for the 10th Judicial District in and for the County of Crow Wing and State of Minnesota, upon a judgment, issued and docketed in said Court, on the 3rd day of May, A. D., 1894, in a certain action wherein Ole Longer, the plaintiff, recovered judgment against Ole Swanson and E. W. Gray, partners as Gray & Wheatley, doing business at Gull River, as copartners, the said defendants, for the sum of Sixteen Hundred Eighteen and 75-100 Dollars ($1618.75), I, on the 2nd day of October, A. D., 1894, levied upon all the right, title and interest of the said defendant, E. W. Wheatley, in the following described real estate, to-wit: Lots numbered 1 and 2 in Block number 1 and lots number 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 in Block number 17, and lots number 19, 20, 21 and 22 in Block number 19 in The Second Addition to the Town of Brainerd, according to the plat of said Addition of record in the register of deeds of said county; and lots 1 and 2 in Block 1 and lots 5 and 6 in Block 2 in the Hamilton Second Addition to the City of Brainerd, according to the plat of said Addition of record in the register of deeds of said county; and lots 1 and 2 in Block 1 and lots 5 and 6 in Block 2 in the Hamilton Second Addition to the City of Brainerd, according to the plat of said Addition of record in the register of deeds of said county.

And said all the right, title and interest of the said defendant, E. W. Wheatley, in the said real estate aforesaid will be sold at public auction by me at the front door of the court house in the village of Brainerd, in the county and state aforesaid, on the 10th day of November, A. D. 1894, at ten o'clock A. M. of that day.

HENRY SPALDING,
Sheriff of Crow Wing County, Minn.

M. HAGBERG.

Wholesale and retail

GROCER,

HAS A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

Staple & Fancy Groceries, Flour Feed, Provisions, Etc.

M. HAGBERG,

Odd Fellows' Block.

C. D. JOHNSON,

DRUGGIST,

No. 4, Cale Block, Front Street.

Electric Belts, Sponges, Toilet Articles

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

FINE CIGARS, STATIONERY.

ELEGANT SODA WATER!

LARSON & WALTERS,

—DEALERS IN—

Anthracite and Bituminous Coal,

Hard and Soft Wood,

Lime, Cement and Plastering Hair!

CROSS CREEK LEHIGH COAL,

The only genuine Lehigh Coal in the market. Office and yard at corner of Eighth and main streets, at N. P. Track.

Orders for Ice Taken Here..

L. P. WHITE, Jr.

Real Estate Agent,

Improved and Unimproved Property

FOR SALE.

In various parts of the City

HOUSES for SALE

JAS. H. KELEHAN

—Dealer in—

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS,

Cor sixth and Laurel.

We keep nothing but the finest goods and Guarantee Satisfaction.

Drop in any time as we will make it pleasaint for you.

JAS. H. KELEHAN

J. R. SMITH,

NATIONAL BANK

Of Brainerd, Minn.

Fire Insurance!

Real Estate,

LOANS

Rents and Collections.

SLEEPER BLOCK

Brainerd, Minn.

A. F. FERRIS, President.
LEON E. LUM, Vice President.
G. D. LABAR, Cashier.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - $200,000
Paid up Capital, - - $50,000.
Surplus, - - - - $30,000

Business accounts invited.

C. B. WHITE,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER

This is What We Carry:

Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Wood Stock and

Builders' Hardware,

Also Skates, Glass, Rope, Tools of all Kinds, Guns, Ammunition, Sporting Goods, Cutlery, hand sleds. Sled and wagon shop work of all kinds done promptly. Call on us.

I. U. WHITE, Manager.

No. 32 Laurel St.

Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers

BRAINERD, ... MINN.

OUR SERIAL STORY.

Owing to the large amount of Thanksgiving matter in this issue the publication of the second installment of the serial story is deferred til next week.

Maxim will soon exhibit his military flying-machine in England, but of course the armies of China head the list in inventions of this kind.

Brighton, Eng., is experimenting with armored trains, protected by steel plates and carrying gattling guns. Here is a hint for railroad and express managers in the Southwest.

J. E. Reclus, the French geographer who has been sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment for being an anarchist, and just displayed his splendid grasp of geography by his absence from France when the verdict was rendered.

Swami Vivekananda, the noted high priest of India and the first to translate the works of Thomas a Kempis into the Sanscrit tongue, was denied admission to a Baltimore hotel the other day lest his swarthy skin would prove distasteful to the guests. Later he found accommodations at another hotel.

There is an old superstition that those who invent new modes of execution are apt to be among their victims. It is not true that Dr. Guillotin was decapitated, but it is certain that the Chinese are sorry now that they invented gunpowder.

A belle of Manhattan Beach wore a fancy bathing dress well padded at the shoulders. A rival had secretly removed the padding from the right shoulder, and substituted salt. When she was five minutes in the water she was a fright. One of her graceful shoulders had melted.

A New York rogue caught a Chinaman asleep in a hallway and stole his outer garments. These he donned and perambulated Mott street, a Chinese quarter. One of the celestials pretended to be deceived and led the sham Chinaman to an opium joint, where he was despoiled of all he possessed and badly beaten.

An international telephone system, to cover all Europe with its network, is one of the latest movements to bring the nations into more intimate and more peaceful relations with each other. The cities of Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Brussels and Antwerp are already connected by telephone, and the extension of the lines is a question of only a little time.

Champagne ought to be cheaper. In the cellars of the Marne district in France there are now stored 150,000,000 bottles of the sparkling fluid, enough to supply the whole world for six years. This does not include the vintage of 1894, nor all the sparkling wine product of France. There is an immense quantity of all French wines on hand, a result of fine vintages for seven consecutive years.

The prince of Wales suffers from varicose veins, which necessitates him taking the utmost care of himself, and there are periods of the year when his legs are in such condition that they have to be bandaged up several times a day. It is owing to the prince's afflicted extremeties that knee breeches are so far less worn now at entertainments, where royalty is present, as was the case up to 1870.

China's foreign trade amounts to about $238,000,000 a year, of which 60 per cent is with Great Britain. The proposition of Japan to divide the empire into three parts, which is supposed to be approved by Russia and France, involves the pocket of England to the extent of $138,000,000 a year, and no doubt this is the important matter occupying the attention of the British cabinet.

Pittsburg has been counting the people within a radius of sixty miles of that city, and finds that the number is 1,608,964, or 52,000 more than live within a like area around Chicago. The idea that the smoky town at the head of the Ohio is a competitor amuses the city of wind, but there may be something in it.

It appears that the Armenians are becoming quite common in Massachusetts. Most of them are engaged in factories, and some in trade. They are said to have excellent business talent, and to make successful bankers and merchants. The situation of their race under Turkish rule is peculiarly hard, and those who can get away are mostly coming to this country.

The reported butchery of Armenian Christians is shocking to those who have believed that the proximity of a higher civilization had permanently established an improved condition of life in Asiatic Turkey. The sultan should be prompted to make an example of the blood-thirsty leaders who are responsible for the butchery of the Armenians.

A Boston writer who appears to speak by the card, says that the doctor alluded to in Dr. Holmes' poem "The Boys" was Dr. Chandler Robbins; the judge, George T. Bigelow, of the supreme court; the speaker, F. B. Crowninshield; the mayor, George W. Richardson of Worcester; the member of congress, George T. Davis of Greenfield; the reverend, James Freeman Clarke of Boston; the mathematician, Prof. Peirce; the squire, Benjamin Curtis; the "nice youngster of excellent pith," Rev. S. F. Smith, author of "America," all members of the Harvard class of 1829.

Odessa, which is frequently described as the Liverpool of Russia, and which in point of trade and prosperity ranks as the most important city of the empire, has just been celebrating the centennial anniversary of its foundation. Built on territory ceded to Russia by Turkey in 1792, the foundations of the present city were laid in 1794, and, when, at the beginning of the century, the French emigre, the Duc de Richelieu, arrived upon the scene to assume his duties of governor general, a post to which he had been appointed by Emperor Alexander, there were only 400 houses and about 6,000 inhabitants in the place. To-day the population is over 500,000, of whom no less than 150,000 are Hebrews, and there is no city in the empire more bountifully endowed with magnificent public buildings or where the inhabitants are possessed of greater wealth, mostly amassed by commerce.

PITH OF THE NEWS

EVENTS OF THE PASTWEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

The Latest and Most Important News of the World, Culled From the Telegraph Reports of the Press Associations.

From the Nation's Capital.

President Cleveland has determined to extend the classified service to include the internal revenue department.

The amount of gold withdrawn by the subscribers to the new bond issue will probably be from $8,000,000 to $9,000,000.

New York bankers are draining the treasury of gold, with which to purchase new bonds. The reserve is now but $57,500,00.

Personal Mention.

George A. Colbrath, a brother of the late ex-Vice President Henry Wilson, died at Natick, Mass.

Joseph Lewis, at whose shop in Manchester, Eng., Stephenson's engine was built in 1829, died in Kansas City.

Mrs. Croly (Jennie June) has been elected president of the New York State Woman's club over Mrs. Losier.

Dr. L. T. Holder of Keokuk, Iowa, was found dead in a chair in his room in a hotel in Memphis. He took an overdose of nerve medicine.

William Martin, one of the best-known carpetmakers in the United States and one of three survivors of the frigate Constitution, died at Thompsonville, Conn.

Gen. John T. McClernand, a well known soldier of the civil war, and for several terms between 1843 and 1852 a member of congress from Illinois, is lying dangerously ill at his home in Springfield, Ill.

Col. George B. Richardson, aged seventy-two, of Springfield, Ill., lying on a bed of illness which he will probably never leave alive, was married to Marian B. Neely, aged fifty-four. The marriage was for the purpose of settling the large estate of the sick man on the woman, who has been faithful in her care of him for many years.

Unfortunate Events.

Fireman Thomas B. Matthews was killed in a freight train wreck at Frazer, Tenn.

Eight men lost their lives by the capsizing of a barge loaded with phosphate at Charlotte, Fla.

A flagman's forgetfulness caused a collision at Massillon, Ohio, in which one man was killed and two others injured.

The Southern Phosphate works, one of the largest plants in the South, burned at Macon, Ga. Loss, $125,000 to $150,000; insurance, $90,000.

Four miners, among them Durham Ivey, the champion catch-as-catch-can wrestler of Colorado, were suffocated in a mine fire at Black Hawk, Colo.

A collision between Rock Island and Wabash freight trains near Oskaloosa, Iowa, wrecked two locomotives and several cars.

Train wreckers ditched a train near Eunice, La. Fireman S. G. Elger was killed and Engineer Joseph M. Aulden seriously injured.

A coal train of the Pennsylvania road went through a bridge near Larimer, Pa. Eight men are believed to have been buried in the wreck.

Charles Smith of Kentucky, the property man for "The South Before the War" company, was knocked off a train near Chester, Pa., and killed.

By an explosion of a water heater in the basement below the barber shop of J. S. Stout in Chicago several persons were injured, though none of them fatally.

While picking grapes on a country road near Guthrie, Okla., a large black bear suddenly appeared and attacked Miss Anna Wornborough, hugging her so hard that it broke three of her ribs and terribly lacerated her body. Her injuries will likely prove fatal.

Capt. Joseph Wiggins, the Arctic navigator and master of the steamer St. Joinen, which vessel was wrecked near Yugorskar, and his party are coming home along the shore, piloted by Russian Samoyedes.

Criminal Doings.

Charles Coopride, the slayer of Kress at Brazil, Ind., has been pardoned after serving but eight months of his term.

Mrs. Lewis Harmon, living near Jerseyville, Ill., committed suicide by shooting herself.

During the trial of a case growing out of the mulct law at Dyersville, Iowa, saloon men and farmers engaged in a general fight.

Ten counterfeiters, including the principles of the notorious Smith gang, were sentenced by the district court of Oklahoma.

T. S. Long, inmate of the national military home at Dayton, Ohio, was fatally injured while stopping a street fight. His assailant, Frank Sims, was arrested.

Michael C. Davis, convicted of the murder of James Nicholson, his rival, near Holden, in 1891, was sentenced at Sedalia, Mo., to be hanged on Jan. 25.

Near Woodward, Okla., James Patton, who had just arrived from Michigan to buy a farm, was robbed of a large sum of money by two masked men.

Ringleaders of the commonweal army, who stole a Santa Fe train at St. Joseph, Mo., were convicted there of unlawful assembly and given one day each in jail.

There is much excitement in the neighborhood of Shobonier, Ill., over what appears to be the wholesale poisoning of Martin Sasse, his son Herman and their families, ten in all. Some may die.

The grand jury has brought in six indictments in blank for offenses growing out of the recent labor troubles on the New Orleans levee—three for assault with intent to murder and one for assault with a dangerous weapon.

Thomas Murphy, a St. Louis policeman who has been on the force for some years, was shot and fatally wounded last night by William Wright (colored), whom he had under arrest for carrying concealed weapons. The prisoner escaped.

Sam Payne, who murdered Maude Rubel of Omaha, Neb., may get his freedom because one of the jurors at his trial is not a citizen of the United States. The defense will go to the supreme court on this point. Payne confessed to the murder.

Postoffice inspectors are working on wholesale frauds being perpetrated on members of the Knights of Pythias all over the country by men who profess to be members of the order and who possess all the signs and grips.

It has just come to light that a bomb has been lying in the office of the chief of police at South Bend, Ind., for several weeks. It appeared to be a giant fire cracker, and was brought there by a German, who found it near the Oliver Chilled Plow works.

A free-for-all fight occurred in a negro church festival at Paris chapel, seven miles from Augusta, Ark., in which pistols, razors and knives were used promiscuously, and as a result four negroes were wounded, at least one of whom will probably die.

A court-martial for the trial of Capt. Theophilus Morrison, Sixteenth infantry, Denver, on charges growing out of the erratic conduct of the officer during last summer's campaign, has been ordered.

Pullman Conductor Brown, of the Arkansas Valley road was killed and thrown from his train at McKay, Mo. He had $400 when he left Van Buren station and the negro porter, who is suspected of the murder and robbery, is in jail at Kansas City.

Herman Mudget, alias Holmes, alias Howard, was arrested in Boston on a charge of having swindled insurance companies out of $10,000 at Philadelphia, but it is now thought that murder was committed. It is believed the corpse was not a bogus one, but that B. F. Pietzel, the beneficiary, who was thought to have had a hand in the swindle.

Foreign Gossip.

Rumors of a royalist attempt to restore Queen Liliuokalani to the throne cause uneasiness in Hawaii.

Self-denial week in Australia resulted in a total contribution of $370,000 to the Salvation Army funds.

Canada is said to be willing to give Uncle Sam free use of her canals if he will pay for their maintenance.

The Thames river overflowed the grounds of Eaton and Oxford colleges and did much damage to other parts of London.

A dispatch fro Venezuela says that President Crespo, disgusted by his failure to pacify the country, will resign and go to Europe.

Japan will demand the right to occupy Moukden and Port Arthur before entering into negotiations for peace with China.

The Turkish soldiers behaved with utmost cruelty in Armenia. They gained access to the mountain villages through treachery and killed 500 Armenians.

Herr Klesser, editor of the West German Allegemeine Zeitung, charged with libeling Marschall von Beiberstein, imperial secretary of state for foreign affairs, was sentenced to two months' imprisonment.

A fresh proclamation issued by the czar satisfied the islanders, who have now sworn allegiance to his majesty. He assured a Polish deputation that he drew no distinctions between the different religious professions.

The projected Central American union has fallen through now as before, when attempted, and even Reyna Barrios, who was most anxious to carry out the scheme to satisfy his personal ambition, considers the union impossible to be carried out.

General.

T. E. Osbourn, a grocer at Sibley, Iowa, is closed by creditors.

The schools at Wessington Springs, S. D., have been closed on account of an epidemic of scarletina.

A resolution urging congress to pass the Hatch pure food bill was adopted by the National grange.

A big reduction in time between Chicago and the East is being made by the Fort Wayne road.

Interesting changes are taking place on the planet Mars, according to Percival Lowell, of the Lowell observatory.

Jesse Cockran has been elected a member of the supreme bench of the Indian nation by the Cherokee council.

The pope has provided a fund for the assistance of the earthquake sufferers in Italy.

President Moreas of Brazil has issued a decree granting amnesty to all political offenders.

Dr. Claudio Jannet, a French political economist and author of works on America and other countries, is dead.

Mayor Tiepke arbitrated the strike of worsted weavers at Pawtucket, R. I., and 200 operatives resumed work.

The Rock Island road has withdrawn from the excess baggage rate agreement and other lines will follow suit.

Senator Morgan was nominated for re-election by a joint caucus of the Democratic members of the Alabama legislature.

The executive committee of the American Bi-Metallic league have called a conference at St. Louis for Nov. 27.

The Baltimore city council to-day appointed a committee of six Democrats and three Republicans to investigate the city government.

The Georgia Southern & Florida railroad will be sold at receiver's sale on the first Tuesday in March. The upset price fixed is $4,500,000.

Kolb, the defeated candidate for governor of Alabama, has issued a manifesto calling upon his supporters to aid him in seizing the executive office.

Advices received in Vienna from a Turkish source show that 2,000 Armenians were killed in the recent massacre in Armenia.

Justice Lawrence denied the application of the Goulds for cancellation of their taxes on the ground of nonresidence in New York.

Farmers in Will and adjoining counties in Illinois have lost thousands of hogs by cholera within the past few weeks.

The widow of the late ball player, Michael J. Kelly, was given a benefit at the Hollis street theater, Boston. The house was packed and the receipts were nearly $2,000.

Franz Kossuth, son of the late Hungarian patriot, Louis Kossuth, has abandoned his tour of Hungary on account of the excitement it has created.

A commission has been appointed at Trenton, N. J., to inquire into the career of Mrs. Irene A. V. Redmond, whose eight marital ventures have made her notorious the country over.

At to-day's session the national grange rejected the overtures from the National Federation of Labor praying for amalgamation of the five farmers' organizations.

Pauline Hall will sue Rev. Dr. Jenkins, of the First Presbyterian church at Sioux City, Iowa, because he characterized her show as of the "Black Crook" order.

The thirty-fifth anniversary of the American Church Missionary Society of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States was observed last night at St. Thomas' church, Washington, D. C.

A whaling vessel that has arrived at Dundee brought a letter from Lieut. Peary, the American Greenland explorer, dated Cape York, May 29. The letter confirms the previous accounts of the Peary expedition.

The non-partisan movement for the investigation of election frauds in St. Louis took definite shape last night when the committee on public safety was organized with a membership of 100.

The exercises in memory of the late Hon. John Jay were held under the auspices of the evangelical alliance of the United States in the Madison Square garden concert hall, New York, and attracted a large audience.

Two hundred and fifteen families of American Railway union men in Denver are on the verge of starvation and 400 unmarried men destitute in consequence of the blacklist enforced by the railways against the men who struck last summer.

The official vote complete shows that the Missouri legislature will stand as follows: Senate, 19 Democrats, 15 Republicans; house, 80 Republicans, 58 Democrats, 2 Populists. This gives the Republicans a majority of 16 on joint ballot.

Twenty Passaic (N. J.) society young ladies made a salad at cooking school. With the most reckless daring they ate their own work. In half an hour the twenty fair cooks had twenty pains in their belts and were howling for rum and hot ginger.

The twenty-sixth annual banquet of the chamber of commerce of the state of New York, held at Delmonico's, celebrated the municipal reform victory, and did honor to two of its heroes, Rev. Dr. Parkhurst and Mayor-elect William L. Strong.

Struck the Wrong Man.

An amusing story is told of a West Walnut street young woman who, having read strange tales of slumming in London, determined to visit Philadelphia's own very tough slum district and see what life was like. As a sort of preliminary she supplied herself with a number of tracts, having a vague idea that the benighted residents were in need of spiritual instruction. Boarding the Seventh street car she got off at Bainbridge, and in the first man she saw, who was leaning idly against a lamppost, she very politely handed one of the tracts. He took it good-naturedly, and after glancing at it returned it with the smiling remark that he was a married man. Greatly mystified by this expression, she looked at the tract and saw that it was entitled, "Abide with me." She took the next car home, vowing vengeance against tracts and slumming.—Philadelphia Record.

MINNESOTA IN BRIEF

INTERESTING EVENTS OF THE WEEK IN MINNESOTA.

Important Occurrences in the North Star State Day by Day—A General Resume of the Week's Doings Arranged for Rapid Reading.

Sunday, Nov. 18.

After being shut down three weeks for repairs, Lincoln mill at Anoka started for a steady run.

At a dance which was held in the town of Cormorant the other night three young men had their fur overcoats stolen, one of them being valued at $40. No clue.

A car load of lumber has arrived at Redwood Falls for the Edlund gold mine. Mr. Edlund will at once drill deeper into the earth, where he expects to find a better quality of quartz.

The general merchandise store of Young & Douglass in Montrose was broken into by burglars. About $10 in money was taken, also a quantity of clothing, shoes and overshoes. No clew to the perpetrators.

The Redwood county grand jury has returned four indictments for petty thieving, including one against Harry McLean for the burglary of Belvue postoffice. It also returned indictments against six saloonkeepers there for selling liquor to minors.

Monday, Nov. 19.

A young man named Martin Verness of Red Wing was killed by the fast mail. He was walking on the track.

At Minneapolis an autopsy held by Coroner Spring over the body of Miss Sarah McCurdy, disclosed that she died of a hemorrhage of the brain.

The St. Anthony and Dakota elevator at Beltrami was burned with 30,000 bushels of wheat. Loss reported total and about $25,000 Origin unknown.

At Worthington Richard Darling was convicted in the district court of assault in the second degree, for shooting his brother, A. H. Rose in June last. Darling was sentenced to five years.

Tuesday, Nov. 20.

At Northfield fire totally destroyed the creamery building, owned and operated by the Crescent Creamery Company, of St. Paul. Loss $4,000; insured.

Hon. J. F. Norrish lost two fat Shorthorn steers today on his stock farm near Hastings, which were being fed with a lot of others on ground wheat and oats, mixed in equal quantities.

Edwin Marlow, aged forty-one a candy-maker in the employ of the Par-Murton company, committed suicide on the premises of Al Hart, 2326 Polk street northeast at Minneapolis. He nearly severed his head from his body with a razor. No cause assigned. He leaves a wife and five children.

Wednesday, Nov. 21.

The United States express at Biwabik was robbed; $25 was secured.

The Crescent Creamery plant burned at Northfield. Loss $5,000. Cause unknown.

Wasil Varian, who fatally stabbed Joe Podany, a fellow Slav, at Minneapolis was arraigned and entered a formal plea of not guilty of murder in the first degree. His attorney asked for an early trial. The time for trial will be set Thursday.

The store of Rosenberg & Kodas 1313 Washington avenue north Minneapolis is closed and the proprietors are missing, together with a large amount of peddlers' goods which they bought on time in Chicago and Minneapolis. Claims to the amount of $5,000 have already come in, and more are expected.

Thursday, Nov. 22.

Knudt Aanenson of Luverne shot himself accidently while hunting last night and died this morning. He leaves a wife and seven children.

Charles Erickson of Lake City, one of the oldest citizens and until within the past few weeks of the firm of Chuberg & Erickson, died. He was a member of the A. O. U. W.

Reed & Sherwood's mill at Anoka, closed yesterday, the longest run the mill ever had. The last eight months 10,000,000 feet of lumber was sawed, and 1,500,00 lath manufactured.

Robert Downey, the man who so mysteriously disappeared from Iron Junction about a month ago, has been heard from by his family. He is out in Washington, where he is employed by a railroad company as section foreman.

Alex Fairfield's residence at Hastings, including contents on Eight street, was burned this morning, the family narrowly escaping with their lives. The loss upon house is $1,200 insurance $1,000, together with an insurance of $1,050 on contents.

Friday, Nov. 23.

Judge Lewis of Fergus Falls held the indictment against Editor King of Ashby defective, and the case will not be tried.

The body of Lewis Axness, who disappeared from Rushford last July, was found within eighty rods of his former home, suspended from a tree. It looks like suicide.

Fire destroyed the barn of Math Gan, in the town of Springhill. Six horses, three cows and five hundred bushels of oats were burned. The loss is $2,000, partly insured.

Frank Laysek, a well known carpenter of Winona, who fell from the new St. Stanislaus Polish church, a distance of fifty feet, Saturday, died last night of his injuries.

The Union planing mill, on First street, between Twenty-second and Twenty-third avenues north, Minneapolis, was damaged by fire. The loss of machinery and lumber is estimated at $4,000.

Saturday, Nov. 24.

Mrs. J. W. Powell, wife of the Methodist minister at Delano, was thrown from a buggy here and instantly killed.

John Kuoba fell down stairs at a wedding dance at Montgomery, sustaining concussion of the brain. He died today.

Fire destroyed the residence of James Griffin, twelve miles south of Rochester last night. Loss $2,500. Origin unknown. Partly insured.

A telegram received at Stillwater says that A. V. Swanson was killed by a falling limb at Gust Sexton's camp at Sand Creek. No particulars have been received.

W. C. Snow closed his hardware store at Le Sueur and sold the stock to J. R. S. Cosgrove and W. H. Tomlinson. These men are each doing a hardware business and will add the stock to their own.

George A. Elder appeared in the district court at Duluth and pleaded not guilty to the four indictments for grand larceny against him. He was then allowed to go, and his attorneys will find bail. It is a singular fact that Elder has not been arrested yet.

The United States has brought suit in the federal court at Minneapolis against the North American Telegraph company, with headquarters in Minneapolis, for violation of the alien labor law, and strangely enough the "alien labor" in the case is a clever little Canadian girl telegraph operator from Port Arthur, Ont.

Butler Bros. of St. Paul have obtained the contract at $83,000 to build the corner 90x115 feet that was part of the old Hotel St. Louis site at Duluth a handsome five-story brick office block, for which an Eastern syndicate has been organized. W. B. Silvey has leased the ground for ninety-nine years. The construction will commence immediately.

The conservative utterances of Nicholas II. on his accession to the Russian throne have quieted whatever alarm was felt in Europe, and the various money centers and bourses have experienced no disturbance. The young man must possess a very level head, or else must have good advisers.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

Chicago, Nov. 27. — Wheat—November, 53 1-8a53 1-4c; December, 53 5-8a53 3-4c; May, 58 7-8c; July, 59 3-4c. Corn—November, 48 1-2c; December, 47 1-8c; January, 46 1-2c; May, 48 1-2a48 5-8c. Oats—November, 28 3-8c; December, 28 5-8c; May, 32 1-4c. Pork—November and January, $12.10; May, $12.42 1-2. Lard—November, $6.92 1-2; December, $6.95; January, $7; May, $7.20. Ribs—November and January, $6.05; May, $6.22 1-2.

Minneapolis, Nov. 27.—Wheat—November closed at 57 1-4c; December opened at 56 5-8c; highest, 56 3-4c; lowest, 56 1-2c; closing, 56 5-8c; May opened at 59 1-8c; highest, 59 1-8c; lowest, 58 3-4c; closing, 58 7-8c. On track—No. 1 hard, 58 3-4c; No. 1 Northern, 57 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 56c.

Milwaukee, Nov. 27.—Flour quiet. Wheat steady; No. 2 cash, 57 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, 63 3-4c; May, 59c. Corn steady; No. 3, 46 1-2c. Oats 3-4c lower; No. 2 white, 31 1-2c; No. 3 white, 31c. Barley quite; No. 2, 53 1-2c; sample, 53a50c. Rye steady; No. 1, 50c. Provisions steady; pork, $12.10; lard, $6.90.

Chicago, Nov. 27.—Hogs—Market active, and on fair to best prices are a shade stronger, while common lots are weak; sales range at $3.75a4.35 for light; $4.10a4.85 for rough packing; $4.10a4.60 for mixed; $4.50a4.75 for heavy packing and shipping lots, and $2.30a4. for pigs. Cattle—Sales were on a basis of $1a6.50 for inferior to extra natives, $1.50a4.50 for Western rangers and $1.25a3.25 for Texans.

St. Paul, Nov. 27.—Hogs—Best heavy hogs steady; light 5c lower; quality fair for the bulk, but several loads mixed with light pigs, which are thrown out by packers and sell for $3.25a3.75; heavy bring $4.25a4.40; light, $4a4.25. Cattle—Good demand for butchers at $1.50a3.50.

SHE WAS HYPNOTIZED.

A Sensational Case Comes to Light at Eau Claire.

Eau Claire, Wis., Nov. 27.—Dr. G. W. Pickin and his son, Asigal Pickin, have been arrested on the charge of assault. Dr. Pickin is out on $1,500 bonds, but his son is in jail. The prosecution is the result of an investigation which began Sept. 4 last, when a girl of seventeen, named Emma Mabel Briggs, daughter of Joseph M. Briggs, was found at the house of Dr. Pickin by her father and an officer after she had been missing two days. The case of the prosecution is that the girl had been hypnotized and was criminally assaulted repeatedly by both Pickin and his son. The defendants have pleaded not guilty and waived examination.

While the state expects to prove the crime on evidence of the ordinary nature, a large mass of evidence will be produced on the hypnotic features of the case. The facts are stated to be that the girl, when found by her father, was under hypnotic control, that she remained so for a long time afterward, and owing to the control exercised over her by young Pickin she was unable to reveal the truth; that she was constantly in the care of a prominent physician of this city; that the authorities summoned to their aid a well known professional hypnotist physician who placed her under a hypnotic control superior to the other influence; that by this means the main facts were gained, though the girl relapsed again into the control of young Pickin's influence for a time; that young Pickin was finally compelled by persuasion to practically release the girl from his hypnotic control, though he continued to impart suggestions to the girl, implicating other parties, and for a time baffling the authorities and the physicians in spite of the fact that she was all this time in their custody and that of her parents; that by careful treatment her mental freedom has finally been restored, and that when the arrest of the Pickins was announced to her she threw off the last vestiges of their influence and is prepared to tell her story on the witness stand.

Interesting to Scientists.

One of the extraordinary features of the case, says the district attorney and the physicians, is that it was demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt that while the investigation was going on Mabel Briggs and young Pickin were in mental communication to such an extent that, though separated by a distance of two or three miles, she described with perfect accuracy on several occasions exactly what Pickin was doing at a time when collision was absolutely impossible. The physicians say that the phenomenon of mental telegraphy or thought transference is by this case established firmly as a scientific fact, and that it opens a new era. The girl is of much more than ordinary intelligence.

The story is terrible in its details. One of the things she tells the district attorney is that on the night she was taken to Pickin's house she read the mind of the doctor through that of his son, and she claims to have received some mysterious revelations. There is growing excitement over the affair. Citizens of station and wealth are interesting themselves in the girl's case. Dr. Pickin and his son say nothing, except that they are innocent. Dr. Pickin has lived here many years and has a so-called vitapathic institute in an obscure part of the West side. The Briggs family are of unexceptional social standing, and until now the girl was always in good society until this affair occurred.

Yale Wins.

Springfield, Mass., Nov. 27.—In the football game Saturday between Yale and Harvard the former won by the score of 12 to 4.

An Unnatural Father.

St. Paul, Nov. 27.—Secretary Hutchins, of the relief society, is interested in the case of a boy named Cleland, who, if his story be true, has a father who would make a hit in a melodrama. The father, who lives in Minneapolis, turned the boy loose in rags, and only 15 cents to go on, and told him to work his way to New York, or some other place and never come back. The boy rode over here on an engine and started to begging. Thus far the father has refused to take charge of him.

BECOMING EPIDEMIC.

Students at Kansas City Arrested for Grave Robbing.

Kansas City, Special.—Five students of the university medical college of this city were arrested at an early hour this morning in Oak Grove cemetery, Kansas City, Kan., in the act of robbing graves. Their names were Zimmerman, Durant, Hinton, Klopp and Reyburn. At 12 o'clock word was received at police headquarters that grave robbers were at work in the cemetery and several officers drove to the scene. A search of the grounds was made, but no signs of robbers could be found. The party started back, but were stopped a few blocks from the cemetery by a man who said he could guide them to the right place. He led the party to the eastern outskirts of the cemetery. They found a man sitting in a buggy on the east side, but upon going to the place where the men had been digging, they found the robbers had fled, but they left traces of their work. The man in the buggy gave the names of the students, and the officers drove into the cemetery, and they were all arrested and lodged in jail, but subsequently were released on bail.

New Swiss Minister.

Berne, Switz., Special.—The bundesrath has appointed Dr. Pioda von Locarno to be Swiss minister to Washington. He is now counsellor of the Swiss legation at Rome.

Arrested for Rape.

Milaca, Minn., Special.—Pitt Hughes was arrested this morning for attempted rape upon the daughter of [illegible].

A Paper Sold.

Stephen, Minn., Special.—The Stephen Leader has been sold to Messrs. Brown & Orr of this place.

KENT TO BE HANGED.

THE JURY IN THE MURDER CASE RETURNS A VERDICT OF GUILTY.

With the Recommendation That Kent Be Hanged—Kent's Crime Was Employing His Hired Man to Murder Mrs. Kent.

Mandan, N. D., Nov. 25.—The jury in the Kent murder case came into court with a verdict of guilty, and they decided that the defendant should be punished by death. In this state the jury fixes the punishment in capital cases when they find a verdict of guilty. The defendant listened to the verdict apparently unmoved.

Myron R. Kent was born in Burbank, Ohio, in 1848, and spent his boyhood in that place. He studied law in the office of H. G. Blake at Madina, Ohio, and was admitted to the bar. In 1871 he was elected prosecuting attorney for that county and served one year. He engaged in the banking business, and in 1872 was made bookkeeper of the First National Bank of Medina. He married the beautiful daughter of W. L. Terrill, a prominent citizen of that place, but the young wife died inside of two years. The bank closed its doors May 2, 1874, and an examination showed that its capital had been impaired 50 per cent by Pancoast's (Kent) dishonesty. In the meantime he had made his escape and was never punished for his peculations, which are supposed to have aggregated $40,000, consumed in high living. When Pancoast came to Minneapolis he called himself M. R. Kent and represented himself as an Englishman, and had succeeded in covering up all traces of the past. He managed to ingratiate himself into good society in the Mill City, and, among others, became acquainted with the Lairds. Shortly after he married Miss Julia Laird, for whose death he will pay the penalty upon the scaffold. The parents of the lady were not pleased with the match, but concluded to make the best of a bad bargain, and Kent was given employment in the lumber business of his father-in-law. It is said he embezzled $25,000 of the firm's money. When discovered he was given $5,000 and told to shift for himself. He and his new wife then separated, Kent going to Chicago and afterward to Mandan. Meantime he corresponded with his wife, and a reconciliation was effected.

On the night of March 12, 1894, Kent went across the river to Bismarck, telling his wife he would return the next day. On this night his wife was shot and killed under what seemed to be excusable circumstances. However, there was a risk on her life for $24,000, and Kent failed to return. The true story of her death is as follows: On that night Tom Swidenski, the hired man, awoke Mrs. Kent on the pretext that some one wished to speak to her. When she appeared at the window a shotgun in his hands was discharged, apparently by accident as at the time he pretended to be looking for intruders. The shot took effect in Mrs. Kent, killing her instantly. Swidenski gave himself up, and told the story as above. Later, however, he confessed that he had been hired by Kent to kill his wife, he to receive $1,800 for the deed. Detectives were placed upon the case, and Kent was brought back to Mandan and tried, with the result above stated.

WANT THAT BOUNTY.

Louisiana Sugar Planters Sue the Government.

Washington, Nov. 25.—The controversy between the sugar growers of the country and the United States government, growing out of the repeal of the act granting a bounty of one-half a cent a pound upon all sugars grown in the United States and territories by the new tariff bill and the subsequent refusal of the treasury department to pay bounty upon sugar grown in the present year, reached the first stage in progress to definite legal settlement today. J. Archibald Murray, an attorney of New York, filed today in the court of claims three suits, identical in character, and all seeking to recover from the government sums of money alleged to be legally due the complainants as bounty upon sugar raised by them in the year 1894. The Chino alley Beet Sugar Company of New Jersey sues for $43,121; the Norfolk Beet Sugar company of New Jersey for $3,093, and the Oxnard Beet Sugar company for $11,782. The cases will probably be pushed to an early hearing in the court of claims, and will then be taken to the United States court for final settlement. It is understood that the suits are brought as test cases and will be vigorously contested, as an amount reaching some $11,000,000 is at stake in the controversy.

HE'S A RICH MAN NOW.

A Poor German's Lucky Discovery—Gets $1,000,000 for a Rheumatic Cure.

CHICAGO, May 2.—(Special).—Less than one year ago Frank Schrage did not possess a dollar in the world outside of the income derived from a small drug business, and only a few years ago he was a poor German immigrant without a home. To-day Mr. Schrage can be called a millionaire, as a result of a discovery of a sure cure for rheumatism. A syndicate to-day paid him $100,000 cash for his discovery and arranged to pay him $100,000 a year until he has received $1,000,000 in all.—Philadelphia Press.

Swanson Rheumatic Cure company, 167-169 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill., are the proprietors of this celebrated remedy. Never fails. Testimonials free. Hustling agents wanted. Mail orders filled.

SUFFOCATED IN A FIRE.

A Lumberman Meets an Untimely End in a Blaze.

Minneapolis, Nov. 25. — Fire broke out in the frame dwelling house in the rear of 1817 Second street north about 3 o'clock this morning, and one of the inmates, O. F. Lind, a lumberman, was suffocated by smoke. The house is a small affair, with narrow stairs, and was occupied by a dozen people. Very little is known of Lind. He had been drinking last evening, and was probably in a stupor when the fire broke out.

CONDITION OF TRADE.

Business Is Better Owing in Part to Cold Weather.

New York, Special.—Bradstreet's today says: The features of the general trade for the week include an increase in distribution of holiday goods, heavy clothing, hats, seasonable dry goods, and, at various points, hardware and shoes. This was stimulated by seasonably colder weather and a continuance of the feeling of confidence in a near-by improvement in demand. At the South a favorable influence is a moderate advance in the price of cotton, due to the greater favor with which lower estimates of the size of the cotton crop are being received, and to the prevalence of the opinion that the price of cotton is too low. Some shippers of Southern lumber complain that Southern railways are showing preference to cotton. From points in Southeastern Atlantic states some hesitancy is reported in supplying goods before making collections for the full season's business. At the North lake navigation has practically closed, and the results of the season's work are generally satisfactory.

He Held Up His Hands.

Minneapolis, Special.—Prof. F. R. Leroux was accosted by a rough looking tramp at the corner of Eighteenth street and Vine place last night and ordered to throw up his hands. He did so, but presented a revolver to the man's face, which frightened him away.

'Tonka's New P. M.

Minneapolis, Special.—F. E. Murphy was to-day appointed postmaster at Minnetonka, Hennepin county, vice C. H. Burwell, removed.

BATTLE AT A CHURCH.

Desperate Fight Between officers and a Murderer.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 27.—A battle occurred at a church near Carrollton, Miss., yesterday between officers and a murderer, and as a result one man is dead and two others wounded. Ben P. Chatman, the marshal of Carrollton and D. C. Brewer, a deputy sheriff, left for Enon church, ten miles south of Carrollton, to arrest Claude Moss, who is charged with murder at Monticello, Drew county, Ark., and who has been a fugitive from justice more than a year. Gov. Stone had honored the requisition of the governor of Arkansas and had ordered the sheriff of Carroll county to arrest Moss and to deliver him to the Arkansas officers. The officers learning that Moss, who had recently grown bold, would probably attend church at Enon, left for that point and reached the church just as the minister was beginning service. Moss and his companions were standing near the church when Chatman and Brewer approached. Moss threw his hand to his hip pocket as if to draw his pistol when Chatman grabbed his hand and Brewer also grabbed him. Moss, being a stout and powerful young man, resisted the officers, when both of the officers pulled their revolvers. They scuffled with Moss until they reached the church door thirty feet away, when Moss had succeeded in almost wrenching Brewer's pistol from his hand, and fired it once at Chatman, but Brewer knocked the pistol up and caught the bullet in his arm, inflicting a serious wound. Moss then rammed Brewer's pistol into Chatman's chest and pulled the trigger again and again, but Brewer's hand caught the hammer and the pistol only snapped. His hand, however, was terribly cut. By this time Chatman had freed his pistol from Moss' grasp and fired six bullets into him, killing him almost instantly. Intense excitement prevailed and many women fainted.

SACKED A TOWN.

A Daring Gang of Robbers Capture Shiner in Texas.

Halletsville, Tex., Nov. 27.—Details of the attempted burning and sacking of the town of Shiner are at hand. Just before daylight the citizens were awakened by a terrific explosion. Hundreds were on their feet instantly, but when they reached a point one block from the business center they found themselves looking into the muzzles of six-shooters and Winchesters. Just two hours later the business portion of the town was in ashes. Nine buildings were burned; loss, $100,000. The work was done by a daring gang. The large mercantile house of A. G. Wangemann was known to contain large sums of money. The robbers placed a charge of dynamite under the big steel vault and ignited it. The vault was torn to atoms, and, while the fire began to devour the buildings, the gang detailed a guard to keep back the people while two men sacked the boodle. The exact loss cannot be ascertained, although it is not less than $25,000. About $15,000 in books and accounts were burned. A freight train passed immediately after the fire, which a lot of men boarded and rode away. Sheriff Houchin left here as soon as possible with his bloodhounds. He returned with four tough looking tramps, who refuse to give their names. Two of them have been identified by Shiner people as men who kept them back with six-shooters. The Shiner people are greatly excited, and hundreds of persons surrounded the sheriff when he marched the four prisoners through Halletsville streets to the jail.

POSSIBLY A DISASTER.

The American Liner Indiana Has Probably Sunk.

Philadelphia, Nov. 27.—The American liner Indiana, Capt. Townsend, from Liverpool and Queenstown, for this port, with a crew of seventy men and 140 steerage passengers, has not yet turned up and is six days overdue. The uneasiness felt for the ship was in no way lessened by a report made by Capt. Hunter, of the British steamship Galvin, which reached Girard Point this morning from Portl. Capt. Hunter says that on the 20th inst. while weathering a terrific gale they observed on the crest of a wave a peculiar white object which closer observation disclosed to be the part of a passenger vessels life raft similar to that carried by American liners.

A $50,000 Fire.

Minneapolis, Nov. 27.—Fire started in the plant of the Bousfield Woodenware company, and the factory is a total loss. The flames originated in the old frame portion of the factory, which was speedily consumed, and the newer part of the plant was soon hopelessly engulfed in fire. The plant, including machinery, was valued at $50,000. It was insured for $35,000, the policies being placed by the Fletcher & Marsh agency.

Populist Vote.

New York, Nov. 27.—The World today gives a list showing the number of votes cast by the Populist party in all of the states at the last general election as compared with the votes cast by the same party in 1892. The World also says: "In 1892 the Populist party polled altogether 1,041,028 votes for president. This year the Populist vote was 1,636,000, a gain of nearly 600,000 in two years."

Restored to Citizenship.

Geneseo, N. Y., Nov. 27.—Ferdinand Ward has received from Gov. Flower the letters restoring to him full rights as a citizen.

Mobbed a Clergyman.

Rolla, N. D., Nov. 27.—At Cando a set of drunken ruffians mobbed Rev. J. McNamara, M. E. pastor here. They knocked him down, kicked him and stamped upon him. The cause of the assault was the pastor's activity in prosecuting the blind pigs.

Kent at Stillwater.

Stillwater, Minn., Nov. 27. — Residents of Stillwater remember Myron D. Kent, convicted of murdering his wife in Mandan, as a clerk in Isaac Staples' office in 1881.

Utica, N. Y., Special.—Mrs. Mary Dwight, wife of the late Judge Theodore W. Dwight of Clinton, went to New York city about two weeks ago, intending to spend the winter there. A few days later she received an unsigned letter demanding that she leave $1,000 in a certain spot near her house in Clinton on the night of Nov. 20, or her property would be burned. The writer warned her that if she attempted to ascertain who it was that made the demand she would be killed. Mrs. Dwight handed the letter to her brother, Dwight H. Olmstead of New York, and a detective was employed. The detective went to Clinton and as the result of his investigations Peter Kelly, a student at the Clinton Union school; Clarence Kellogg, Lawrence Fitzpatrick, Daniel G. McIntyre, Bert Jones and Calvin Barber were arrested.

Kelly made a confession, implicating the others. All except McIntyre pleaded not guilty and were discharged by the local justice. McIntyre, who is a member of the class of '96, Hamilton college, and a son of Assistant District Attorney McIntyre, refused to plead until the arrival of his father, who has been telegraphed for. Kelly says he wrote the letter to Mrs. Dwight at the suggestion of his associates. McIntyre denies participating in the scheme.

Greek Church Dedication.

Pittsburg, Special.—Bishop Nicholas of San Francisco, is in this city and will dedicate a new Greek Catholic church here to-morrow, one of the few in this country. The bishop wears a crepe veil out of respect for the late Alexander III.

Was Mrs. Russell's Father.

Eau Claire, Wis., Special.—Lathrop Horton has died at Porterville. He was the father of Mrs. Elizabeth Russell, defendant in the noted Russell case, and was ninety-four years old.

ALIX IS NOW CZARINA

THE PRINCESS OF HESSE-DARMSTADT IS MARRIED TO THE CZAR.

Vast Throngs of People Greet the Bridal Couple on Their Way to and From the Winter Palace, When the Wedding Occurs.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 28.—At 1:30 p. m. the guns from the fortress announced that Czar Nicholas II. was married to Princess Alix of Hesse-Darmstadt. Before 7 o'clock in the morning large crowds of people were assembled on the Nevsky Prospect in order to secure places along the route of the royal wedding procession. From the Anitchkoff palace to the winter palace the whole avenue was lined with troops. At 11:15 in the distance was heard the grand swelling strains of the national anthem, and all along the route the multitudes uncovered their heads in anticipation of the approach of the bridal party. Soon after there appeared an open state carriage drawn by four white horses. In this vehicle were the czar and his brother, Grand Duke Michael. They both wore the uniform of hussars of the guard and were greeted with a vociferous burst of cheering, which was renewed again and again. The czar's equipage was preceded and also followed by a detachment of chevaliers des guardes and hussars and lancers of the guard, all in brilliant uniform. Then came a superb landau, also drawn by four white horses, in which were Princess Alix and the czarina. They received, if possible, even a more hearty popular greeting than the czar himself. Handkerchiefs and hats were waved in the air and the most intense enthusiasm prevailed.

The costumes in the chapel were dazzling. Most of the ladies wore the Russian costume, very low before and behind, and with arms bare almost to the shoulders. The bride's dress was white, richly embroidered with gold and on her head was the usual kokoshnik, belonging to the costume, ornamented with diamonds. At the top of the kokoshnik was a small crown of diamonds. The bride's mantle was of purple velvet, lined with ermine. The head dresses of the other court ladies were of ancient gold brocade, adorned with sapphires, emeralds and rubies. When all the wedding guests were assembled, the marriage ceremony was carried out according to the rites of the Greek church.

The wedding procession then reformed and the guests re-entered their carriages. The dowager czarina was the first to drive back to the palace.

The czar and czarina returned to the Anitchkoff palace in the same landau amid the unbounded enthusiasm of the immense crowds of people gathered to greet them. The czar graciously saluted the crowds on either side of the route, and the czarina bowed repeatedly in answer to the cheering of the people, and evinced considerable emotion.

FOR FREE SILVER.

Many Resolutions Introduced in the Trans-Mississippi Congress.

St. Louis, Nov. 28.—The seventh session of the trans-Mississippi congress is in full running order. Ex-Gov. Prince of New Mexico was asked by President Whitmore to take the chair for the afternoon session, and that gentleman proceeded to give business an impetus by telling the members of the congress what was in order and urging action upon whatever it was possible to consider.

Upon motion of Delegate Hunton of Iowa the river improvement commission was formally invited to attend the convention and enlighten it upon the progress of the work of improvement. The introduction of resolutions, which were referred without action, was then begun, and there was at once a flood of free silver resolutions, the majority of them declaring for the ratio of 16 to 1. Among the other resolutions were favoring the re-enactment of the reciprocal treaties recently abrogated; favoring the construction of the Nicaragua canal under the control of the United States government; demanding the defeat of the free lead bill now before congress; government aid for the Hennepin canal; bounty upon exported agricultural products, as a just return for the aid afforded manufacturers by protective tariffs; the creation of a non-partisan tariff commission; favoring the improvement of the Duluth harbor. A resolution that attracted general attention was favoring the refusal by this congress to adopt any recommendation as to silver or the tariff.

ESCAPE FROM PRISON.

A Convict at Stillwater Takes Advantage of the Liberty Allowed Him.

Stillwater, Nov. 28.—James Brown, a United States convict sent to the prison here from the Southern Alabama district to serve two years for robbing United States mails, made his escape last night. Being employed as runner he had the privilege of passing through the gates, which he did and failed to return. He was of dark complexion, twenty-one years of age, weight 145, had a plain scar above right eyebrow and two scars on the head above his eyes.

St. Paul, Nov. 28.—Brown has been captured in this city and will be returned to Stillwater.

Death's Sudden Summons.

Argyle, Minn., Nov. 28.—Horace W. Brown, a well known attorney, died suddenly yesterday.

GEORGE CASE DROPPED.

There Was No Evidence on Which to Convict.

Minneapolis, Nov. 28. — The Fred George case was before the district court this morning, the charge being grand larceny. Frank M. Nye stated that it was impossible in the present state of the evidence to secure a conviction, and he would advise a nolle to be entered. This was done. George was charged with stealing several hundred dollars from the Police association, of which he was treasurer.

PENSION AFFAIRS.

Ten Thousand Cases Considered During the Year.

Washington, Special.—The work of the board of pension appeals during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, and from that date to Nov. 1, 1894, is fully reviewed in the report made by Assistant Secretary of the Interior John M. Reynolds to Secretary Smith. In summarizing his administration of the office Mr. Reynolds says: "Upon taking charge of the office of assistant secretary in April, 1893, I found 4,965 appeals pending on the docket, with the work of the board of appeals more than two years behind. In eighteen and one-half months, with 5,147 additional appeals entered during that period, the current appeals are being decided, and tardy justice no longer follows an appeal to this department by any deserving soldier, widow or orphan. Thus 10,000 cases have been considered upon appeal and finally ruled upon, a greater number than was ever before disposed of in the same length of time, and more than double the number considered in any like period under my predecessor."

Poison Bought.

Redwood Falls, Minn., Special.—The coroner's jury is investigating the murder of Emanuel Otto, the wealthy farmer who was found murdered in his home near Morton a few days ago. It was discovered that Otto's youngest son had purchased strychnine at a small town near there some time ago. He denied it to the jury, but was confronted with the druggist's register, containing his signature. A verdict will not be rendered until the contents of the murdered man's stomach has been analyzed.

No Change Reported.

Asheville, N. C., Special.—There is no change in Miss Stevenson's condition.

Mrs. James Dean

After Paralysis

I had a stroke of paralysis, and the doctor said I would die. A friend gave me a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. When I had taken 11 bottles I was able to do my work, and am as well to-day as can be expected. I am glad to give Hood's Sarsaparilla praise; I cannot recommend it too highly." MRS. JAMES DEAN, Box 658, Muncie, Ind.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Get only Hood's.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists.

SAHARA.

One Fifth of the Whole African Continent Is Desert.

The desert area of Africa is estimated by Mr. Ravenstein at over 2,250,000 square miles, of which all but a small fraction is contained in the tract of land popularly known as the Sahara. Except for some school children who know better, and school teachers who are instrumental in their being so, the misconception of the Sahara, which is widespread, would be practically universal. The average man pictures the Sahara as a vast sea of sand, for the most part below sea level, across which the camel speeds before the poison blast of the simoon from oasis to oasis. Schemes for flooding the Sahara have come before the public, occasionally, and we have read accounts of the vast inland sea which might be formed, rivaling the Mediterranean in size, giving a southern sea coast to Morocco and Algeria, and admitting steamers directly to the wealthy states of the Soudan.

The Sahara as known to the geographer corresponds badly with this conception; for, in fact, there is no risk of the "ship of the desert" ever being supplanted by the ships of the sea. Few parts are below sea level, and they are small and scattered. In the interior the desert is a plain high above sea level, covered with vast dunes of red sand in many parts; in others it is an elevated plateau with lofty mountain ranges of bare rocks intersected by stony valleys. It is arid, save where a spring bubbles up and gives rise to a small oasis of grass and palm trees. The Sahara proper is unknown, except for a few trade routes regularly traversed by Arabs, and occasionally by adventurous Europeans. These utilize the oasis as resting places, steppingstones, as it were, and keep up communication between the wealthy Mohammedan states round Lake Chad in the south, and Tripoli, Tunis, Algiers or Morocco on the Mediterranean. Between the trade routes all is a blank of sand or barren rock.

Exploration is only possible when water as well as food can be carried, and this condition has practically stopped all attempts at discovery for the present on account of the great expense and the purely scientific nature of the possible return. A railway running from the French possessions on the Mediterranean across the desert to Timbuktu, the scarcely known trade center near the Niger, is talked of. Such a line may be constructed in the future, but the difficulties are enormous, much greater than those overcome by the Russians in the Trans-Caspian line through the deserts of Central Asia.—McClure's Magazine.

Christmas Presents Free.

With the first cold snap comes thoughts of the holiday season, and how to get the money to buy presents for friends and relatives. Christmas presents may be obtained entirely free of cost by drinking Lion coffee and then mail the large lion heads cut from Lion coffee wrappers to the Woolson Spice company, Toledo, Ohio. Their list of presents comprise a fine assortment of pictures, books, a knife game, etc., especially a fine picture "Meditation," mailed in exchange for eighteen large lion heads. Besides getting these presents you also get the finest coffee in the world by using Lion coffee, sold only in one pound packages. If your dealer hasn't an Illustrated Premium List, send your address on a postal card to the firm above named.

There are some remarkable echoes in the wood incircled Adirondack lakes. A single whoop will be tossed about a dozen times from a bit of woodland edging the lake, and when the last echo seems to have died away some more distant woodland will suddenly take up the call with increased loudness, and the sound will at length fade out in extreme distance. The nearer echoes seem to be filled with the inexpressible freshness of the woodland, and it is hard to believe that the sound is mere airy mimacy of the human voice.

Cut Short.

Staylate—I don't feel called upon—

Ethel Knox (at 12 midnight)—Well—(yawning) I do.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve."

Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

Hard to Suit.

Jess—That young man is very disagreeable to stare at us that way.

Bess—The other is just as bad; he hasn't looked this way once.

You must be intelligent and modest if you expect to succeed, my boy." Don't believe it. Cheek and ignorance win every time.

No matter how much a man dislikes a creditor, he invariably asks him to call again.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Its Fame Will Live.

STATUE OF THE REPUBLIC
COURT OF HONOR
WORLD'S COLUMBIAN
EXPOSITION.

The World's Columbian Exposition marked the climax of human achievement. It will live in memory of the crowning glory of modern times. No other development of the closing century can compare with it in practical benefit to mankind.

Who that exhibited is not proud of it? Who that failed to exhibit does not regret the omission? The former are the people of to-day. The latter are relics of the past.

No honor so high as that embodied in an award at the fair. Competition was world-wide, the fruits of ripest experience and noblest endeavors were submitted for examination.

Honest tribunals, composed of eminent scientists, examined and passed upon the claims of exhibitors. Their judgement based on inquiry and justice, proves conclusively the value of any article they commend.

Their approval was stamped on

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

It received the highest award at the fair from a jury headed by the Chief Chemist of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Dr. Price's was officially commended for highest leavening power, purity, keeping qualities and general excellence.

THE RUNAWAY STAR.

Traveling Through Space at the Rate of 200 Miles a Second.

The greatest velocity that has been recognized among the stars is found in the motion of a star known as 1830 Groombridge, or the runaway star," as it is sometimes called, which is believed to be rushing through space at the rate of 200 miles per second. This star appears to be moving in a perfectly straight line through the sky, and it may be visiting our star system for the first time, but whence it comes or whither it is going no one can tell, and it is a great enigma to astronomers.

Its wonderful velocity can not be explained, as it is far greater than could be produced by the influence of all known orbs in the universe, and, on the other hand, the combined attraction of all the other stars cannot stop this wanderer in its solitary flight through space, until it has rushed on to the remoter distances, beyond which the largest telescopes have never penetrated.

It has been mathematically demonstrated that a body approaching the center of our system from an infinite distance cannot move with a greater velocity than twenty-five miles a second, if influenced by the attraction of the masses in our universe alone, but here we have been considering a star moving with eight times that velocity, and still, notwithstanding the fact that it has the greatest motion known among the stars, it would require 185,000 years for this remarkable star to complete an entire circuit around the heavens.

Long Wait for a Lover.

The old German proverb, "Alte liebe rostet nicht," or "True love never dies," was exemplified the other day in the neighborhood of Zwickau, where two persons turned sixty entered the bonds of matrimony. In their youthful days they were engaged to be married, but were separated. The now newly married "young" man, in the year 1863, happened to be in the company of another young fellow when some unfortunate words passed between them and a gendarme, and the latter, in a scrimmage, received a fatal blow. For his share in the transaction this young man received a sentence of thirty years' deprivation of liberty, which expired last year. He thereupon sought the whereabouts of his early love and found her. She had waited patiently for his return, had remained true to him, and they are now man and wife.—London Daily News.

Some hard things have been said of modern civilization by satirical writers, but it is the present opinion of the Japanese, who have been taking elementary lessons, that in a flight by sea or land, "better fifty years of Europe than a cycle of Cathay."

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure!

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

Drawing an Inference.

Witherby—Your little one hasn't got off any bright things yet, has he?

Plankington—I don't know. What makes you think he hasn't?

Witherby—Your wife told me he took after you.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth.

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething.

Speaking of humor, there are some signs of it in front of the district telegraph offices which represent a messenger boy on the run.

The glazier is not necessarily a tiresome man because he "gives you a pane."

The man who really intends to "drown his sorrow in drink" should jump overboard.

You can't argue with a bigot without agreeing with him in thinking that you are a fool.

A PECULIAR FISH.

It Was Blue in Front and Yellow Behind and Had a Hog's Head.

One of the most peculiar specimens of the finny tribe that has ever been hooked in this section of the country was brought yesterday evening by Messrs. William Markel, of 79 Dufossat street, and Mr. R. Gogriere, of 200 Broadway. They caught this curiosity at the Rigolets, and every fisherman who saw it was puzzled at it. None like it has ever been seen here before, it is claimed, but one old soldier says that he saw one in a distant sea nineteen years ago, and that it was called the hogfish.

The head of the fish strongly resembles a hog, and the flesh looks like pork. There are three tail fins, but they are unlike those of the ordinary fish. The front part of the curiosity is deep blue in color and the rear is a bright yellow. These colors are so pronounced that at first sight they appear to have been put on with a brush. swimming on its side, like a flounder, in the reeds nearly half a mile from the bridge when he saw it. It would not bite the bait, but nibbled at it, so he was compelled to hook it by a sudden jerk of the line. When the gentleman left the office last night they expressed their intention of having it frozen in a block of ice and exhibiting it. It is one of the most peculiar freaks ever hooked in the waters of this section.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

And the Groom Survives.

One of the pleasures of being married in Paris is that you have two ceremonies, two wedding dresses, two sets When it was caught there were several other hues, but these disappeared, and the blue and yellow were fading when it was brought yesterday evening.

Mr. Markel said that the fish was of guests and congratulations all done over again, and, although there is an interval between the two ceremonies, you know that you are not really married until you have gone through both It is almost like being married twice.

Confusing.

"Who is that beautiful blonde?"

"My wife, sir."

"Ah! I beg pardon. The fact is, I proposed to her just now, and"—

"And she refused you?"

"No—she accepted me."

The Home Life Insurance Co

Of New York have just issued the most attractive policy, combining both protection and investment ever offered by any old line company. Cash surrenders, loaning feature, etc., all absolutely guaranteed. Profitable agency contracts can be secured. Write for particulars to FRANK F. LOOMIS, Manager Northwestern Department, 806-9 Pioneer Press Building, St. Paul

Found Out.

Toots—I don't see why you insist on going to the continuous performance.

Mrs. Toots—There are no acts for you to go out between.

You Can't Eat Wrought Iron Nails,

Of course, and expect to digest them, but you can eat ordinary food that is wholesome and digest it, too, after your stomach, if enfeebled, has been strengthened by a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Your kidneys, liver and bowels will be rendered active and vigorous by the great tonic, and your system fortified against malaria and rheumatism. Use it, also, if you are nervous and sleepless.

A Question.

The Bride—Did you marry me for my money?

The Bridegroom (frankly)—Yes.

The Bride (anxiously)—Did you get any?

A Speculation.

Cholly Chumpleigh—Yes; gloves are worn in bed at night to make the hands soft.

Miss Coldeal—Indeed! Do you wear nightcaps, Mr. Chumpleigh?

Coe's Cough Balsam

Is the oldest and best. It will break up a Cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it

Nothing Extraordinary.

She—The newspapers say that the women of the poorer class in London go barefooted. I think that's dreadful.

He—That's nothing. They are used to it—they were born that way.

Know all women

that there is one rheumatic, neuralgic, sciatic, and all-pain remedy, as harmless as water, and sure as taxes—It is St. Jacobs Oil—used by everybody,—sold everywhere.

For Twenty Years

Scott's Emulsion has been endorsed by physicians of the whole world. There is no secret about its ingredients. Physicians prescribe

Scott's Emulsion

because they know what great nourishing and curative properties it contains. They know it is what it is represented to be; namely, a perfect emulsion of the best Norway Cod-liver Oil with the hypophosphites of lime and soda.

For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, Consumption, Scrofula, Anemia, Weak Babies, Thin Children, Rickets, Marasmus, Loss of Flesh, General Debility, and all conditions of Wasting.

The only genuine Scott's Emulsion is put in *salmon-colored wrapper.* Refuse inferior substitutes!

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. FREE.

Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50 cents and $1.

TOOK TO THE WOODS.

'Twas the day before Thanksgiving,
And the farmer, who a living
Long had earned in raising poultry for the market, sallied out.
But, alas! anticipation
Quickly turned to consternation,
For his fairest, fattest turkey was not anywhere about.

Long he searched, but unattended
With success; therefore he ended
Soon the lives of those remaining, and to market brought his stock.
Oft the missing bird berating,
And his mind the while debating
What ill-fortune had deprived him of the jewel of his flock.

Do not doubt some fowls can reason
And can keep track of the season.
Since a turkey proved all wise pates are not under hats and hoods;
Oft he'd seen to town his kind sent,
So he knew what knives a-grind meant
And bethought him t'was the proper time for taking to the woods.

THANKSGIVING BEAR.

A Story of the Season From the Michigan Woods.

It was to fight fire and not bear that John Nelson started for the woods bounding his clearing on the west side, the day before Thanksgiving. The weather was clear and dry, though sharp, and no snow had fallen. John had no turkey for the next day, and not believing the fire of much importance he took his gun along, thinking he might sight a bird or two. John hooked his horse to his buckboard and drove up the road that would take him within two or three hundred yards of the burning bush, where, by back firing judiciously, he thought he could remove all danger from the advancing flames. He had to drive about a mile and a half before he came to the narrow piece of woods lying between the road and the burning timber, and which he intended to cross to reach the latter to fight the fire. Just as he reached that narrow strip he saw two little bear cubs tumble out of the bushes at that side of the road and continue the rough-and-tumble play they had begun in the woods.

At the sight of the cubs Nelson stopped his horse. The black and shaggy bears looked so cute that Nelson could not resist the temptation to capture them alive. He got out of his wagon, leaving his rifle leaning against the seat. But the cubs didn't want to be captured, and, at the approach of Nelson, ran into the woods on the side of the road opposite the one they had just appeared on as fast as their fat little legs would carry them. Nelson followed, but the cubs got two or three rods into the woods before he overtook them. He grabbed one of them, and was about to seize the other when he heard a savage growl in the bushes ahead of him, and the next instant the mother of the cubs came crashing along toward him. She was not forty feet away when Nelson dropped the cubs and made double-quick time for the road, the bear only a few jumps behind him.

There are not many horses that will not become terror-stricken at the proximity of a bear, and the mere scent of bruin will throw some horses in a panic. Nelson's horse was one of the timorous kind, and its owner reached the road just in time to see the frightened animal tearing down the road, and the buckboard careening and jolting over the rough way in a manner that left little hope for it lasting long. But Nelson had no time to bemoan the running away of his horse, for the savage and angry old bear was close behind him, getting nearer at every jump. Nelson cleared the road almost at a bound, for he knew he could not outrun the bear if he kept in the road, and, taking the first tree he came to, was up its branches out of the reach of the bear before he knew it, and without any clear idea of how he got there.

The tree was not more than eight inches through, and consequently too small for the bear to climb. That increased her fury. Ordinarily a she bear with cubs is satisfied with encompassing the safety of her offspring by putting to flight the foe that endangered them, and loses no time in putting distance between her and her family and the threatening foe. But this one was not inclined that way. Her temper was evidently naturally ugly; the interference with her cubs had increased that ugliness ten-fold; the treeing of

The Triumphal Return.

the object of her rage in a tree so small that she could not follow him added to it in like degree. She made the most desperate efforts to climb the sapling in vain. She gnashed it with her teeth, tearing out great chips and splinters, threatening the stability of the trunk, much to the alarm of Nelson. She dug away the earth at the roots of the tree, scooping out great hollows as if she intended to uproot it and topple it and her foe to the ground together, accompanying her work with the most frightful cries of rage.

"For ten or fifteen minutes the bear varied her previous and persistent efforts to get at Nelson, and those minutes had been so full of terror and excitement to the latter that all thought of what he had come out there to do had left his mind. Finally it came to him and increased his uneasiness. It had been half an hour or more since he left home. He noticed that a strong wind right out of the west had come up. The air had been full of smoke all day, but as that had been the case for many days, it had not caused him any unusual apprehension. But as he gradually recovered from the excitement of the bear's pursuit, seeing that he was safe from her in the tree, he noticed that the smoke had grown much denser. It was so dense at the height he was from the ground that it becoming stifling. He noticed with increasing alarm that it was charged with heat, which came in puffs and waves somewhere from the woods behind him. He knew what that meant. The wind had fanned the wood fires to greater volume, and was driving it forward with increased rapidity upon the spot where he was held captive by the bear, so that it was likely to be an intolerable place to remain in.

The heat increased so that Nelson could breathe only with difficulty. Burning leaves and glowing twigs began to fall upon and about him. The heat and smoke was less where the bear, with her cubs at her heels, had crouched low with her nose close to the ground. She was determined to wait for vengeance to the very last. The wind became stronger. The roar of the advancing flames grew louder and louder. To stay longer in the tree was impossible. There was no chance for life there. There was a fighting chance for it with the bear. Taking his jack-knife from his pocket and opening it, Nelson slid quickly to the lowest branch of the tree, and swinging himself from it struck the ground three or four feet beyond the bear and made a dash for the road. The bear, with her head thrust against the ground, was taken by surprise but she was up and after Nelson so quickly that he had but four or five yards the start of her. But terror almost gave him wings. He gained on his implacable pursuer. Burning leaves and branches fell thickly about him.

The heat was intense. But on he sped, gaining slowly, but surely on the bear. To his horror the heat grew fiercer as he advanced. There was but one explanation for that. The fire had greater headway in that direction, and was approaching nearer the road there. Suddenly in turning a sharp bend in the road, Nelson stopped. There was no thoroughfare farther. The flames had reached the road not fifty yards ahead, leaped across it, and a wall of roaring flame barred the way. Nelson turned and looked behind him. The bear was still slouching in tireless gait upon his track.

To remain at that spot ten minutes,

Running Away From His Thanksgiving Dinner.

perhaps less, meant the most horrible of deaths. In a short time the flames would reach the road along the part of it that he had come, and shut them off from escape in that direction. The woods on the opposite side offered no avenue of escape, for they were but a narrow strip of slender growth between the road and a rocky ledge, perpendicular, and nowhere less than ten feet high. The only way for Nelson to get beyond the danger of the fire was to retrace his steps down the road for an eight of a mile, and to that he must contest the way with the infuriated bear, now once more upon him. There was no time to think or plan. Nelson, who had held onto the knife, pitched blindly into the bear. He does not know how it all occurred, but he remembers a fierce, but brief hand-to-hand struggle, from which he emerged bleeding and tattered to find himself in full flight again down the road, the bear close behind, the air stifling with heat and smoke, and fiery fragments of the burning wood falling about him in a thicker shower than ever.

He had not run long ere the air grew cooler, and he knew he had passed the danger line of the fire. But he was nearly exhausted, and the bear was still on his trail, and, of course, tireless. No one ever saw a tired bear. It was a mile to the nearest clearing. Nelson knew he could never hold out to run that far. He resolved to stop and have it out with her there and then. At that moment he almost fainted with joy. In the swaying and jolting of the buckboard as the terror-stricken horse had bustled it over the road, the rifle had been thrown out, and there it lay, ready to Nelson's hand, at the side of the road. He had to put three bullets into the bear before she fell, and she would not die until he had fired two more into her. Then he rested. The two cubs came toddling along by and by. And he captured them alive, after all.

Nelson found his horse at the clearing, a mile ahead. He went back and loaded the bear upon the buckboard, which had endured its lively trip without mishap, strange to say, and reached home by a roundabout way, determined that he would never mix his fire fighting and bear fighting again.

John didn't have turkey for his Thanksgiving dinner, but he had bear meat. It can be imagined that he was thankful from the bottom of his heart that he could eat instead of being eaten."

HORSEFLESH FOR FOOD.

The Taste for It Spreading in Europe — Sentiment and Science Against It.

Hippophagy, or to speak less euphemistically, the habit of eating horseflesh, is spreading in Europe. While savage man is known ot have sated his ravenous hunger on horseflesh or any other variety of flesh he could find, the modern origin of this peculiar taste dates from the siege of Paris during the Franco-Prussian war when the populace were compelled from dire necessity to sacrifice this noble quadruped to sustain life. Many acquired a taste for the meat, and the demand for it did not cease with the capitulation of the city.

"It was to be seen on sale at many of the butchers' stalls, and has been ever since a staple article of diet for thousands of the poor of the French capital. For horseflesh is much cheaper than beef. Beef in Paris is worth 20 cents a pound, while horseflesh can be had for 8 cents a pound, which affords a reason why the barbarous custom should take such a firm hold upon these people when once necessity gave it root.

Once planted in Paris the practice spread to other continental cities, especially Berlin, where horseflesh is now consumed in considerable quantities by the poorer classes, and the medical authorities and humanitarians are raising their voices against what they justly consider a barbarous and dangerous custom.

The medical men warn the eaters of horseflesh that the horse is peculiarly liable to the disease known as trichinosis, also found in hogs and while cooking generally destroys the germs of this disease, it cannot always be depended to do so. The disease is frightfully fatal in its effects and baffles medical skill.

The humanitarians take the ground of sentiment, urging the almost human affection of the horse and the close companionship he has shared with man since the dawn of the human race. A base return, they deem it, to slaughter and eat this noble creature. In spite of these warnings and protests, hippophagy is on the increase in Europe. It has not yet reached England, nor is it likely to as long as the roast beef and mutton of Australia and New Zealand last. Still, if the sentimental Britishers are too squeamish to eat their horses, they are not too squeamish to sell them to the continent to be eaten. Quite a number of superannuated equines are exported for that purpose.

GRANDMA'S THANKSGIVING.

She Draws a Picture for the Young Folks.

"Thanksgiving Day in New England in the olden times then was a rare sight dearies," said grandma, with a wistful smile on her sweet old face, for the children who asked her to tell them a story. "Thee has played 'Going to the King's Country.' Well, on that day our house, grandpa's and mine, was the palace, and we gave a banquet, where gathered the knights and ladies of our families—Dorcases, Dorothys, Susies and Prudences Obediahs, and Isaacs, in their pretty gray frocks, kerchiefs, and long snuff-colored coats, all laughing and chattering gaily as thee does at Christmas. Browner turkeys thee never did see. Cranberries were never prettier, celery never stood up saucier, and as for apples, nuts, plum-pudding and pies, ask thy father, pets, if he has ever tasted any since, that made his eyes shine brighter. Dearie me! how those children did eat! but Thanksgiving only came once a year, and I always kept plenty of mustard and soda."

"Draw anudder pictur, Drandma," said Rollie, lying on the floor painting "Bunnies."

"The next is full of sadness, Pettie."

"What's tadness?"

"Something that makes your heart ache."

"Rollie ain't dot none, 'since he ate dreen apples; draw another wivout dat, Drandma."

"I can't my darling; the king's chair is vacant, and the lonely old queen cannot talk of the empty palace."

Lonely? with eight little arms hugging her close, and eight little knees clambering for a place, and forty fingers dabbing at the tears, and four bright heads bumping together as eight red lips struggled for a kiss! No, grandma is not lonely; her children's children will not let her be on this, her last Thanksgiving Day outside of "The King's Country."—Woman's Work.

SAFETY ON THE WATER.

The Inspector's Department's Claim of Efficient Work.

Nearly 700,000,000 people carried on American steamers during the last fiscal year, and only 255 lives lost, of whom but ninety-six were passengers, is the prominent feature of the new annual report of Supervising Inspector General Dumont, of steam vessel inspector service. This is a small mortality among the same number of people, we have no doubt, than if they had all staid at home and went regularly to bed, to say nothing of traveling by rail. It proves again what we have often remarked, that travel by American steamers, under the system of inspection now enforced, is the safest that could possibly be devised. Thirty-five of the ninety-six above referred to lost their lives in one disaster, the sinking of the tug-boat James D. Nicol off Sandy Hook on a Sunday in June last, and Gen. Dumont states that this disaster was solely due to the fact that the tug was being navigated by a person wholly inexperienced.

It is further stated in the report that of the nearly 11,000 boilers inspected, accidents causing the loss of life have occurred to but fifteen of them, defects in upward of 700 being detected and remedied. Also, that of 100,274 new life preservers examined only sixty-four were found deficient. This statement shows that as great care is taken in the inspection of equipments to prevent disaster as in the machinery employed to run them and the men who man them. In regard to the latter, no less than thirty-eight applicants for master's and pilot's licenses were rejected during the year on account of color blindness, although 1,544 passed the tests. All of which goes to show that the traveling public and the steam vessel fraternity as well have every reason to repose full confidence in the inspection system as at present managed.—Marine Journal.

MAKING A MAN-OF-WAR.

It Is First Built on Paper, Then of Wood, and Lastly of Steel.

A man-of-war is built upon paper before a single plate of steel is forged. Not only is the design and model made and a sketch to show how she will look when she is floating on the foamy deep, every piece that enters into her constrution, whether it be of iron or wood or steel, is measured and drawn out with even greater care than an architect exercises in designing the details of the mantels and door jambs and plumbing of a house. Not only is the length and breadth of a ship decided on in advance, but the naval constructor will tell you to an ounce how much water she will displace when her armor and guns are placed upon her; how many times her propellers will revolve in a minute with a given pressure of steam, and how many tons of coal an hour must be consumed to drive her at a certain rate of speed.

The science of shipbuilding has reached such perfection that of the fifty ships that compose the new navy of the United States only two have not fulfilled or exceeded the plans and premises of the men who designed them, with reference to horse-power, speed and other qualifications. The Atlanta and Monterey did not develope quite the horse-power that her engines were designed to give, and their builders had to pay a forfeit. The Castine and the Machias were found to be top heavy when they got all their armor on, but that was an error of judgement. They were given too many guns for their tonnage, but the defect was easily repaired.

When the plans of a ship are given to a contractor, the first thing he does is to reproduce the design, or at least a cross section, full size, with chalk on the floor of his loft, and wooden patterns are made from the chalk marks for the use of the founders in casting their ribs and beams. Then a wooden plate is made for every steel plate that is needed, and marked with white paint to correspond with that it represents on the pen-and-ink design. Then the keel is laid and the skeleton riveted together until it stands out in the air like the steel buildings that are now being constructed fifteen or sixteen stories high before a brick or a stone is laid for the outside walls.

When it comes time to put on the plates the wooden patern is used first to see if it is a perfect fit and to mark where the rivet holes must be made. The stel plate is then laid upon it, the places for the rivet holes are marked and then drilled, and finally it is fastened by red-hot stel bolts where it belongs. In a ship of 5,000 tons there are over 7,000 or 8,000 different pieces of steel and 50,000 or 60,000 steel rivets.—Chicago Record.

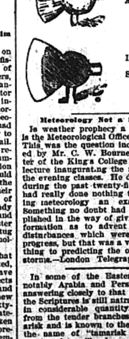
Distributing Books by an Underground Passageway.

The plans of Librarian Spofford and Supt. Green, of the new Congressional Library building, include an ingenious device for supplying books at the capitol. They expect to meet the demands of senators and members of the house for literature from the nation's vast store through an underground conduit constructed between the two buildings, and they believe that it can be done in this way so as to involve very little if any more delay than is now experienced in securing books from the present quarters of the library in the capitol building. At present the books are obtained by personal application to an assistant librarian, who when a book is called for simply goes to a shelf and gets it. But owing to the crowded condition of the library and the extent of the room occupied by it, considerable time is often consumed in the search for the desired volume.

The new library building is only about 200 yards from the capitol building, and it is believed by those who have given attention to the subject that the obstacle of distance can be overcome by the construction of an underground passageway and the use of a pulley with an ingenious car which has been invented especially for this purpose. A pneumatic tube is also to be employed for the purpose of ordering books. A clerk will be stationed at the capitol at a convenient place near the center of the building, for the equal accommodation of the two houses, who will receive all orders for books and transmit them to the library through the pneumatic tube, and who will also receive the books when sent on the carrying machine.

Supt. Green estimates that the entire process of ordering and procuring a book in this way will consume not to exceed four minutes' time. A portion of the books now in the library—about 70,000 of them—will be left in their present quarters for still greater convenience. These will consist of books of reference in the main, but they will also include one set of each of the standard English authors. The carrying device to be used in the proposed conduit will also form a feature of every day work in the new library building itself. It will be so constructed that it will carry a book to any designated floor or section of the huge structure and deposit it at the proper spot, thus saving an immense amount of time to both reader and library employe.—Washington Star.

Metamorphosis.



The day
Is fine,
And when
I dine

A nap
I think
I'll take,
Or blink

But look!
I see
An ax!
Ah, me!

I'll lose
My head,
So good-
By. Dead!

Meteorology Not a Science.

Is weather prophecy a failure, and is the Meteorological Office played out? This was the question incidently raised by Mr. C. W. Bourne, head master of the King's College School, in a lecture inaugurating the reopening of the evening classes. He declared that during the past twenty-five years we had really done nothing toward making meteorology an exact science. Something no doubt had been accomplished in the way of giving early information as to advent of weather disturbances which were already in progress, but that was a very different thing to predicting the occurrence of storms.—London Telegraph.

In some of the Eastern countries, notably Arabia and Persia, a manna answering closely to that mentioned in the Scriptures is still natrally produced in considerable quantity. It comes from the tender branches of the tamarisk and is known to the Persians by the name of "tamarisk honey." It consits of tear-like drops which exude in consequence of the puncture of an insect during the months of June and July. In the cool of the morning it is found solidified, and the congealed

'Tis Sweet to Die Thus.

"What did she die of?"

"She overloaded her stummick with turkey an' mince pie on Thanksgivin'!"

"Oh, what a lovely death—how I envy her corpse!"

FIRST THANKSGIVING

FESTIVAL WAS INAUGURATED BY THE PILGRIM FATHERS.

Original Celebration Occurred in Plymouth in October, 1621, and Was Intended as an Expression of Gratitude—Fête Lasted Three Days.

When was the first Thanksgiving, who kept it and where?

Very few of the people who sit down to-day to the time-honored dinner of turkey and cranberry sauce, mince pie and cider have any notion how the day they celebrate came to be recognized as their most characteristic holiday, though they connect it in some vague, uncertain way with the Pilgrim Fathers, who are at the bottom of all that is best in New England.

Responsible for Thanksgiving they certainly are, for they inaugurated the autumnal festival in the little village of Plymouth as far back in the past as 1621, just about a year after their perilous passage across the Atlantic in the good ship Mayflower, never dreaming that their descendants would be keeping up the customs nearly three centuries later, with a less fervent piety perhaps, but certainly with as much cheery heartiness.

Everybody knows the oft-told tale of the Pilgrims by heart. How they set sail from Southampton on the 6th of September, 1620, and, after a long voyage of sixty-six days, finally dropped anchor off Provincetown on the 11th of November. Crowded into the small, quaint ship, which was almost as fantastic and picturesque as the caravels of Columbus, were no less than 102 passengers, accommodated in a very indiscriminating way, for there were no second cabins and steerage in those early transatlantic ferry boats to separate the rich from the poor, had any such distinction existed among the travelers.

One William Button expired during the trip, and a child was born to rejoice forever after in the appropriate name of Oceanus Hopkins, but otherwise the company was exactly as it had left Southampton, and included that

Sturdy Soldier, Miles Standish.

the wise William Bradford, Brewster, Carver and John Alden.

Provincetown did not appeal to them at that time of year, and after sending out a personally conducted party, headed by Standish, to explore the coast, they decided to pitch their tents at what is now Plymouth. The whole party landed on the famous rock on the 22d of December, and fell to work at once laying out their tiny hamlet. Many things interfered with its rapid progress, the long, hard New England winter, with incessant frosts and snow, the sickness which set in and carried off nearly half their number, and it was not until spring and warm weather returned that the colony had fairly settled into its limits. Narrow limits, for the whole of Plymouth consisted of two rows of log cabins and a platform mounted with cannon on a hill at one end of the little street.

There were six or eight women, twenty men, and as many children, large and small—the only survivors of the Mayflower; but so brave and hopeful in spite of misfortunes that they saw the ship set sail for her return to England without a single regret.

With the summer better times came.

Thanksgiving Eve Around the Fireside in Ye Olden Times.

They had better food and more of it, for their crops of corn and barley turned out well. They established friendly relations with many of the neighboring tribes of Indians, and made delightful bargains of copper chains and brass rings in exchange for maize and beaver skins; health was restored, and while the autumn was passing by with its glorious sunshine and clear, bracing air, the Pilgrim Fathers felt, such a burst of gratitude in their hearts that they longed to give it some visible expression.

Taking counsel together they came to the conclusion, very natural under the circumstances, that their rejoicing had better include a great deal of eating, and the governor set a time for the feast, rather earlier than that appointed by our governors, being about the middle of October.

Great preparations were made, not on the score of elaborateness, for that was out of the question with the poor settlers who for many years after struggled along with only the

Barest Necessities of Life.

But there was to be plenty of everything. There was a rough house of logs some twenty feet square, in which the common property of the plantation was stored, and here the provisions were gathered together. The women baked bread and cakes of cornmeal in great quantities, crushing the Indian corn between large stones and mixing the coarse flour thus formed with water into round, flat cakes cooked on the hearth. Some of the men went fishing and brought in a famous supply of cod and bass, and four fowlers were sent out to ransack the woods, where game was very abundant.

Gov. Bradford relates that "in one day they killed as much as with a little help beside, served the company almost a week." He adds: "There was great store of wild turkeys, of which they took many, beside venison." Here is the first authentic record of a Thanksgiving turkey, and the precedent thus established has been rigorously lived up to, for who with any pretensions to keeping a holiday fitly would sit down to dinner on such a day without that noble bird before him? Certainly no one of Puritan ancestry.

When all was ready, the fete began. It lasted, as the same chronicler tells us, three days. There were religious ceremonies held in the poor hut, crowned with a brazen howitzer, which was their only church, the long prayers, the sermons full of doctrine and gratitude quaintly mingled, and then

"They shook the depths of the desert gloom
With their hymns of lofty cheer."

Exercise of arms followed and the handful of men, led by the martial figure of Miles Standish, in his boots of Cordovan leather, his corselet and cutlass of steel and the trusty sword of Damascus, went with great gravity through the maneuvers of an army. They were but twelve in all, "having each his rest and his matchlock," but in courage and strength they were a match for a regiment; the brave souls who had fought against starvation, cold and want for a long year came off victors at the combat.

Great was the impression made by their evolutions upon one particular group of spectators, who stood something aloof from the colonists, silent, but not allowing a single detail of all that went on to escape them. These were Massasoit and ninety of his followers, who had been invited to join in the festivities, and had appeared, the former gaily attired in "a horseman's coat of red cotton, laced with a slight lace," which had been a propitiatory offering of the settlers in the early days of the acquaintance, and had a startling effect when set off by the painted face and headdress of feathers of the copper-colored wearer. They had brought a

Contribution of Five Deer.

welcome enough to the larder, and, although they could not add much conversationally to the celebration, they made a very picturesque addition to the scene, stalking home when the feast was at an end through the silent forests, not discussing the affair after Nineteenth century customs, but each profoundly convinced that the people who could carry off so brilliant a festivity were not to be lightly meddled with, which perhaps was the best result of it all, as to have made enemies of these friendly Indians would have been a fatal blow to the tiny colony.

And this was the first Thanksgiving day, very far removed from modern celebrations, in which Thanksgiving plays too inconspicuous a part.

The Pilgrim Fathers had many hardships before them, and for the next ten years struggled with famine and poverty, their numbers depleted by death, and these augmented by the arrival of unsatisfactory emigrants from London, who only added to their cares and anxieties. But, however sorry their plight, they never failed to hold some such rejoicing for all their mercies of their lives, scanty enough as one looks back upon them now.

Surely New England's heartiest gratitude should be offered for the brave ancestors who have handed down the splendid heritage of hope and fortitude. Unfortunately the real thanks that go up nowadays are that the turkey has been browned to exactly the right shade, that the mince pies are seasoned to the highest pitch of toothsome richness and the nuts and raisins are set profusely on the board. Family reunions are not always joyful occasions.

Sometimes there is heartburning and envy, but at the table peace reigns for a time, and over all America a sigh of satisfaction goes up as the carving knife sinks into the turkey's breast, and as with Mrs. Cratchet's famous bird, the long-expected gush of stuffing issues forth. Three cheers for the Pilgrim Fathers, for the feast they inaugurated, and a tiger for the turkey! This is the glad Thanksgiving cry.

ACQUIRED EXPRESSIONS

How Habit Fixes the Muscles of the Face.

The compressed lip so loved (and so often misinterpreted) by novelists is a sign of weakness rather than strength. It tells of perpetual conflicts in which the reserves are called into fray. The strong will is not agitated into strenuous action by the small worries of the hour, and the great occasions which call for its whole forces are too few to produce a permanent impress of this kind upon the features. The commanding officer, assured of his men's obedience, does not habitually keep his lip muscles in a state of tension. Look at the sea captain, the most absolute monarch on earth. He carries authority and power in his face, but it resides in his eye and the confident assurance of his easily set mouth. Every spar and shaft and muscle in his floating realm must obey him, and he knows it. This is probably a reason why the sea captains and the engine drivers show a certain similarity of type. The engine driver can make his captive giant, strong as 10,000 men, obey the pressure of his finger. His lips are usually calm, like those of the statues of the wielder of thunderbolts on Olympus. Who ever saw a man commanding a man-of-war or driving a locomotive with the contentious lip of a school usher? The typical expression of the members of those three liberal professions which Sir Thomas Browne says are all founded upon the fall of Adam are well enough recognized to have been long the prey of the caricaturist. The several distinctive traits of each, and the possible causes which give rise to them, are too complex to be dealt with in a single article. Speaking very generally, the cleric's face is indicative of authority (of the thin-lipped kind) and of a dignified sense of the sanctity of his office. The doctor's jaw and mouth are less rigid, yet tell of decision. His eye is vigilant and sympathetic, and his whole facial aspect conveys the idea of a fund of untapped wisdom. The lawyer's countenance is confident and confidential, with a pouncing alertness of the eye and a prevailing expression of weighty perspicacity.—Popular Science Monthly.

Great Men and Their Cats.

Not a few great men have been partial to cats. Petrarch had his cat embalmed; Rouseau shed genuine tears over the loss of his; Dr. Johnson, sometimes called the "Great Bear," nursed his cat day and night during its illness and went himself for oysters to tempt its appetite; Southey raised one of his cats to the peerage, with the high-sounding title of "Earl of Tomlemagne, Baron Raticide. Waowher and Skaratchi." To Napoleon, however, cats were a mortal terror. Just after the battle of Wagram an aide-de-camp, upon entering the emperor's room, saw him half-undressed, with protruding eyes and perspiring forehead, making frequent lunges with a sword at the tapestry around the room. In explanation he said there was a cat behind the tapestry, and that he hated cats from his very infancy. He had crossed the bridge at Lodi with sublime courage, yet quivered with excitement and terror over the presence of a cat.—Harper's Young People.

Every Day in the Year.

While presidential proclamations fix Thanksgiving day as an annual festival for us, it comes not only on the last Thursday in November, but on every day in the year, or as frequently as the heart attuned to gratitude and a sensitive conscience will dictate it.

An Eye to Business.

Hey, Chimmy, how's dat for a t'roat ter holler extrys wid?—Life.

The Management of Servants.

Once in a while there is a veteran housekeeper whose words are, so to speak, simply solid chunks of wisdom, and whose experience is worth more than rubies. Such a one as this, in a recent discussion on the management of help, said that the great trouble with most women was that they managed their servants altogether too much. They were not satisfied with allowing them to go their own way in anything. The great hue and cry was "Why can't they do as they are told?" Some of these women appear to forget that a good servant may have had a good mistress before herself.

Every well-trained maid has acquired methods such as she much prefers to follow, and should be allowed to do so, unless there are most stringent reasons for a change. She will do better service, be more contented, and the domestic machinery will move much more smoothly than when she is in perpetual dread of having her ways questioned and her ideas upset. It is a good plan to let her go her own gait until her way of doing things are tested. If they answer quite as well—and, indeed, were it not for the egotism of the mistress, it might be discovered that they are sometimes very much better—then why not let her do as she likes, always provided that the object attained is every way satisfactory?

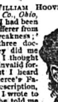
When women—and men, too, for the matter of that—get over the idea that because the way is their way it is necessarily the best way, they will have learned one of the fundamental truths of peaceful and successful existence. It is the notion of the supremacy of self that makes half of the trouble in this conceited world of ours, and in nothing does it cause more irritation than in the idea that it is ever kept before the minds of people who perform service for us, that our way is the only exact one.—New York Ledger.

In Society women often feel the effect of too much gayety—balls, theatres, and teas in rapid succession find them worn out, or "run-down" by the end of the season. They suffer from nervousness, sleeplessness and irregularities. The smile and good spirits take flight. It is time to accept the help offered in Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It's a medicine which was discovered and used by a prominent physician for many years in all cases of "female complaint" and the nervous disorders which arise from it. The "Prescription" is a powerful uterine tonic and nervine, especially adapted to woman's delicate wants for it regulates and promotes all the natural functions, builds up, invigorates and *cures.*

Many women suffer from nervous prostration, or exhaustion, owing to congestion or to disorder of the special functions. The waste products should be quickly got rid of, the local source of irritation relieved and the system invigorated with the "Prescription." Do not take the so-called celery compounds, and nervines which only put the nerves to sleep, but get a lasting *cure* with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

"FEMALE WEAKNESS."

Mrs. William Hoover, of *Bellville, Richland Co., Ohio,* writes: "I had been a great sufferer from 'female weakness;' I tried three doctors; they did me no good; I thought I was an invalid forever. But I heard of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and then I wrote to him and he told me just how to take it. I took eight bottles. I now feel entirely well. I could stand on my feet only a short time, and now I do all my work for my family of five."



Mrs. Hoover.

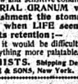
WORLD'S-FAIR
!!HIGHEST AWARD!!
"SUPERIOR NUTRITION—THE LIFE."

IMPERIAL GRANUM

THE GREAT MEDICINAL FOOD

Has justly acquired the reputation of being The Salvator for INVALIDS and The Aged. An Incomparable Aliment for the Growth and Protection of Infants and CHILDREN. A superior nutritive in continued Fevers, And a reliable remedial agent in all gastric and enteric diseases; often in instances of consultation over patients whose digestive organs were reduced to such a low and sensitive condition that the IMPERIAL GRANUM was the only nourishment the stomach would tolerate when LIFE seemed depending on its retention;— And as a FOOD it would be difficult to conceive of anything more palatable. Sold by DRUGGISTS. Shipping Depot, JOHN CARLE & SONS, New York.

Ely's Cream Balm QUICKLY CURES COLD IN HEAD. Price 50 Cents. Apply Balm into each nostril. ELY BROS, 56 Warren St., N.Y.



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TREES of GOLD plum, SPLENDOR prune, VAN DEMAN quince—choice of Burbank's 20 Million "new creations." STARK Trees PREPAID everywhere. SAFE ARRIVAL guaranteed. "The great nurseries" save you over HALF. Millions of the best trees 70 years' experience can grow; they "live longer and bear better."—Sec. Morton. STARK BROS., Louisiana, Mo., Rockport, Ill.

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FLOWERS -- FLOWERS. Order your Flowers for Weddings, Parties, Funerals, and all other purposes from MENDENHALL, the Florist, Minneapolis, Minn.

XMAS. KENTUCKY WHISKY $1.85 per gallon. CALIFORNIA PORT WINE $1.10 per gallon. for medicinal use, in sealed packages. Fine Groceries and Table Supplies of Every Description. Send for Price List. C. H. BRACKETT, 23 South 5th, Minneapolis.

LINENE REVERSIBLE. Raphael, Angelo, Rubens, Tasso. The "LINENE" are the Best and Most Economical Collars and Cuffs worn; they are made of fine cloth, both sides finished alike, and, being reversible, one collar is equal to two of any other kind. They fit well, wear well and look well. A box of Ten Collars or Five Pairs of Cuffs for Twenty-Five Cents. A Sample Collar and Pair of Cuffs by mail for Six Cents. Name style and size. Address REVERSIBLE COLLAR COMPANY, 77 Franklin St., New York. 27 Kilby St., Boston.

PISO'S CURE FOR Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c. CONSUMPTION.

We Must Keep Talking

About those Cloaks.

This is evidently---judging from our sales in this department---A CLOAK SEASON.

Last year was a little off, but things look brighter now. and we must have a warm garment.

The secret of our success in the cloak department is the

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Brainerd Dispatch

Official Paper

Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, } Editors and Proprietors.
F. W. Wieland. }

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job printing office in the city.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers dating the year 1894 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the rates fixed by said laws, and no reduction in the rates so fixed.
C. C. STEVENS, Journal.
INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.
Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1894.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

Local News Notes.

Dr. Niven Dec. 17 & 18.

Sheriff Spandling went to Minneapolis on Tuesday.

Fred Fogle will run an ice rink at Boom lake during the winter.

Wm. Paine will open a cigar store in his building on West Front street.

Mrs. C. E. McMullen and Mrs. A. J. Sovereign are in the city from Staples.

Frank Hall, a former employe in this office arrived in Brainerd on Saturday last.

Mrs. L. M. Roberts, of Little Falls spent Thanksgiving with her parent in this city.

FOR SALE—A new set of double working harness at a bargain. Enquire at this office.

Mrs. E. W. Kaley, of Hamline, is in the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. F. W. Wieland.

Smallwood & Williamson have opened a grocery store on Sixth street, two doors south of Maple.

The attention of our readers is called to the announcement of Geo. Woodling in our advertising columns.

F. E. Potter and wife, of Glendive, Montana, are in the city visiting Mrs. Potter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Farrar.

Have you seen Drysdale's free Christmas offering? You miss it if you don't sit now for your pictures and get one

Miss Margaret Nix, of St. Cloud, was in the city the first of the week visiting with the family of Roadmaster and Mrs. Murn.

Fred Davis is spending Thanksgiving week with his parents in this city and enjoying a short vacation from his studies at the university at Minneapolis.

Rev. Chas. N. Hunt, the lawyer evangelist who held a series of protracted meetings in Brainerd last winter, is interested in a similar work at Little Falls this week.

Arrangements have been completed for the annual masquerade ball of the Germania Maennerchor which is to take place on Tuesday evening, January 23d, at Gardner Hall.

The Little Falls Transcript says that Rev. J. F. Morton, of the East Brainerd Congregational church was in that city attending the Hunt meetings the first of the week.

Jerry Root is fitting up the Bee Hive building with first-class furniture and intends to make it a model boarding house. Simonet Bros. are doing the furnishing.—Little Falls Transcript.

Jos. Lander, a breakeman on the Northern Pacific way freight, fell under a car at Sauk Rapids on Tuesday morning and a wheel passed over his foot, badly bruising it and taking part of the heel. He was formerly a resident of Brainerd.

Fire did considerable damage to the residence of A. Rosenberg on Fifth street south Monday, the loss on the contents being estimated at $350. The building belonged to A. Lessard. It was at this fire that the hose wagon was overturned and the driver, Jas. Buley, injured.

Pap Thomas Post, G. A. R., has decided to hold a camp fire on Saturday evening, Dec. 15th, N. M. Paine, C. A. Reuse, John A. Reid and A. C. Congdon being the general committee of arrangements. A special meeting of the Post will be held Saturday evening to complete arrangements.

The library concert and ball on Friday evening last was a very pleasant affair and largely attended, and the audience was very much pleased with the readings and singing of Miss Harris, of Minneapolis. The members of the N. P. Library Association never fail to make a hit with their entertainments.

The preliminary examination of Matilda Peterson, arrested for stealing $43 from P. Wickland, a lumberman from one of the camps up on the new road, was conducted in the municipal court on Saturday. After hearing the testimony Judge Aldermen decided that there was not sufficient evidence to hold the defendant, consequently she was discharged.

The covered ice rink will be opened to the public on Saturday evening provided the weather is such that the surface will be in good condition. The proprietors propose to have the best of management this year and all objectionable and disagreeable features will be overcome. The price of season tickets starts with the privilege of bringing a lady friend will be $5. Ladies' and children's season tickets will be $3.

Albert Mattes, assistant superintendent of the Shevlin-Carpenter company mill in this city left for Bristol, Minn., Wednesday, where he accepts a similar position with the newly incorporated Brainerd Lumber company. Mr. Mattes is a bright young man and has been brought up around a mill, having had experience such as many men holding more responsible positions have not had. He has been in the employ of the Shevlin-Carpenter company for five years.—Lumberman.

Miss Minnie McFadden is visiting Minneapolis friends.

Geo. D. LaBar spent Thanksgiving with Minneapolis friends.

An ice rink has been opened at Gilbert Lake Park by Wilmer Holmes.

Chester A. Northrup, a 4-months old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Northrup, of Ft. Ripley, died on Thursday.

Prof. C. E. Young enjoyed a visit from his sister, Miss Inez Young, of Minneapolis, who spent Thanksgiving in Brainerd.

Christmas dolls, ready dressed, sold at a bargain by the ladies of the M. E. church at the Y. M. C. A., December 20th and 21st.

Supper and fair at the Y. M. C. A. by the ladies of the M. E. church, Dec. 20th and 21st. Supper served each evening for 25 cents.

Miss Hartwell, the missionary from China, delivered a very interesting and instructive lecture on Sunday at the Congregational church.

Mrs. O. C. Parks, Mrs. W. I. Stager, Mrs. Kenworthy and Mrs. Johnson, of Hamline, were guests of Mrs. E. O. Parks over Sunday last.

Mrs. Sara L. Sleeper left on Monday for a visit of several weeks in the east. She will go to Columbus, Ohio, and points in New York state.

Erman Fulton who holds a good position on The Housekeeper, of Minneapolis, has been spending the week with relatives and friends in Brainerd.

C. T. McDonald, of Annandale, an old time friend of J. F. Dykeman returned to his home on Saturday last after spending several week visiting with the latter gentleman at his home in Garrison.

The monthly entertainment of the Presbyterian Library Society will be given at the church Tuesday evening, Dec. 4th. A fine musical and literary program has been arranged.

C. H. Paine tells the DISPATCH that the new market of Paine & Hartley will be ready for business sometime the first of next week. Everything must be put in first-class shape before it is opened to the public.

The Pioneer Press says the Minnesota Water Works Company of St. Paul, with a capital stock of $50,000, filed articles of incorporation Wednesday. The incorporators are Ambrose Tighe, J. W. Lees, M. T. Desmond, A. J. McA. Stark, of St. Paul, and J. M. Elder, of Brainerd.

Last Thursday afternoon an informal reception was tendered to D. S. C. Lottie C. Armes, of Brainerd. Minn., by the lady Maccabees of this place. Light refreshments with coffee and ice cream were served. Mrs. Armes is a refined lady and gained the respect of every lady Maccabee here as well as others who had the pleasure of her acquaintance. She is well qualified to fill her position as D. S. C. and has the happy faculty of making every one interested in the work of the order. She left on the evening train for Minneapolis, and on her way home Monday evening stopped over to close our charter of 25 members and give final instructions. Our Hive is now left in good working order and we feel free to say that Mrs. Armes must take an individual pleasure in our property, having honored ourselves, by being known as the Lottie C. Armes Hive.—Princeton Union.

A Paper Wedding.

On Tuesday evening last Mr. and Mrs. Richard Ahrens celebrated their paper wedding at their residence on Bluff Avenue, the occasion being a very unique and pleasant affair. The house was trimmed in paper and arranged in a very tasty manner. Some thirty-five guests were present, and during the course of the evening Mr. and Mrs. Ahrens were presented with a beautiful corduroy couch, C. D. Johnson delivering the presentation speech in one of the happiest efforts of his life. Elegant refreshments were served after which progressive euchre was enjoyed, the head prizes going to Miss Schonneman and I. T. Dean.

Deaths.

The remains of O. T. Wright were brought to this city from Fergus Falls on Monday and the funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon. Deceased was a brother of Mrs. Geo. Bertram and was 37 years old. Death resulted from general paralysis.

A two year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Miller died of spinal meningitis on Wednesday. The funeral was held on Thursday from the Catholic church, Rev. Fr. Lynch officiating.

Mrs Henry Rosenberg, 40 years, died on Tuesday of consumption. The funeral will be held this afternoon.

Staples World Items.

Mrs. H. J. Gross and daughter, Edith, of Brainerd, have been the guests of Mrs. C. W. Pratt the past week.

Monday night four engines were held off of the passenger runs, and the remaining engines are run from St. Paul to Fargo without change, a distance of 226 miles. Engine crews change here as usual.

O. T. Wright, formerly a fireman on this division and an engineer on the D. & M. division, died in the hospital for the insane at Fergus Falls the first of the week, to which he was committed about two years ago. The remains were taken to Brainerd for burial, where his people reside, and the funeral was held on Tuesday. He was a member of the Red River Valley Division B. of L. E., of Grand Forks, N. D. He leaves a family. Among the engineers who went to Brainerd Tuesday to attend the funeral of Mr. Wright were Geo. Hass, M. Durkin, Walter Scott, James Stuart, Mr. Best and others.

Engine 262 was on a rampage Monday evening. It had been left standing on the coaling track, and in some manner the valves opened and she started forward. The turn-table chanced to be set for that track, so it did not leave the rail until it crossed the pit. It bounded over the frozen ground and never stopped until it had broken through the wall of the round house. The round house and engine were badly disfigured, but no persons were injured.

The Otis Cass County Court House Burned.

On Monday evening fire destroyed the old frame building on the west side of the river known as the old Cass Co. court house. It was a relic of a past attempt to organize Cass, which was perfected, the court house being built, a complete set of books purchased and other arrangements made, all at a cost of several thousand dollars, and then the county organization collapsed for want of a population to support it. Since then the building has stood empty, being used occasionally as a barn, until about two years ago, when Messrs. P. & E. Waite established an industry there for the manufacture of lumbermen's supplies, such as logging sleds, tote sleds, snow plows, and cant hooks, etc. These gentlemen had succeeded in establishing an industry that was a credit to the city, employing almost constantly seven or eight men at good wages, and business was constantly increasing, but the fire will be a heavy blow to them as they had about $2000 worth of manufactured goods in the building when it burned, including 10 sets of logging sleds, two snow plows, about 40 tote sleds, besides all their tools and machinery. Their loss will aggregate $2500 with only $1100 insurance. The building was owned by Richard Ahrens and was insured for $1000. An alarm was given, but it was useless for the department to go as there is no hydrant within using distance, hence the building and contents were entirely destroyed. It is thought the fire originated from a defective chimney. The factory will be re-opened in a building owned by D. D. Smith at No. 150, 6th St. south.

Free Free.

Drysdale is giving a water color painting of each sitter beautifully framed with each dozen cabinets.

$50 Reward

will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the parties who broke into the cottages at Gull Lake during the past month, and carried away many articles of value. The cottages in question are those of N. McFadden and J. T. Sanborn and the Gull Lake Club facing Round Lake, and that of the Gull Lake Pleasure Club on the old Mission.

I have engaged the service of a good reliable cruiser, and am prepared to locate settlers on pine or farming land close to the B. & N. M. Ry. For information see or address, C. O. Allbright, Brainerd, Minn.

Benefits of Game Protection.

The value of game protection to the state in a financial sense can scarcely be realized unless one is acquainted with the excellent result obtained in other states as well as our own. At a recent meeting of the game commissioners of the New England states the question was asked of the representative from Maine what figure he estimated the amount of money brought into that state by sportsmen in the course of a year, and his answer, based on a careful and conservative computation, was $3,000,000. The members of the commission from other state were somewhat surprised but the figures were produced to prove the assertion. Continuing the gentleman said:

"We regard the game as a great financial factor in the state's resources, and our recommendations are made with that in view at all times. Selfish interests prevail for a time, but the body of the people are growing to see the importance of protecting the game."

It will thus be seen that the preservation of game is brought into the light of one of the legitimate business resources which no state canafford to overlook, especially the great state of Minnesota where game is abundant and while there is yet time to save the same from the slaughter that has been going on but which has been checked to a great extent during the past two years. The aspect is such that it should appeal to the good common sense of the people and create a keener interest in the enforcement of the game laws. If sportsmen bring $3,000,000 annually into Maine, our own state can look for a goodly sum in the years to come provided proper attention is paid to the matter as no state in the union offers better opportunities to the hunter or fisherman. The coming legislature of Minnesota will do well to give any recommendation made by the game commission their close consideration.

Horses Wanted.

At once, one or two good, sound horses, to work for their keeping 'till April 1st. Light work and good stable shingle, stating value of animal, to Wm. Francis, Y. M. C. A. building, Minneapolis.

Proposals for Ice.

The Minneapolis Brewing Company will receive bids for the delivery and packing at its store house in Brainerd Minn., during the ice cutting season of 1894 and 1895, of our supply of ice for storage purposes.

All bids must be sealed, marked "Proposal for Ice" and presented to C. P. McLean, agent of the company at Brainerd, Minn., before the 3rd day of December, 1894, on which day bids will be opened. The successful bidder will be required to furnish a bond in an amount, and with sureties satisfactory to the company, conditioned upon the faithful performance by the contract. The company reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated Nov. 19th, 1894.
MINNEAPOLIS BREWING COMPANY.
By TYRUS MARSH, Secretary.

Horse Taken Up.

Came into my enclosure on Thursday Nov. 8th, one buckskin horse weight about 1100. Two hind feet white, white stripe in face. Owner requested to call pay charges and take him away. FRANK VAILLEFF.

St. Matthias, Minn.

J. F. McGinnis & Co's. Xmas Gift to Their Customers.

A ticket on a beautiful parlor suite, value $50.00, given with each and every $1.00 cash purchase. To be disposed of Dec. 22, 1894.

Silverware, useful and ornamental at Mrs. F. G. Sundberg's.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Calhoun Opera Company.

On next Wednesday evening Dec. 5th this excellent organization will present for the first time in Brainerd. The New York Casino's, most popular and pleasing success "Amorita." This season the opera has been greatly improved by magnificent staging effects by new and expensive costumes, and produced upon grander scale than ever before giving to it, even at the metropolitan theatre at which it was first produced.

The company is a large one numbering 45 artists, carrying their own orchestra special scenery and calcium effects which will make it one of the grandest productions ever attempted in Brainerd. The seats are now on sale at the McFadden Drug Company's store, and judging from the advance sale the house will be crowded which the management deserves, as he is providing the people of Brainerd with first class attractions.

Furniture at D. M. Clark & Co's.

"Never smoke" of those big easy chairs in the perfect-working library coach on the Northwestern Limited between Minneapolis and Chicago. In that smoker's paradise so wherein everything is conducive to solid comfort, rest and enjoyment."—The Journal, Minneapolis.

Paper Hangers' Pastes.

A trade journal says the foundation of good paste is good flour. The best white wheat flour is the cheapest in the end, as it goes further and works smoother.

To make a bucket of paste take about four pounds of sifted wheat flour and stir in enough lukewarm water to make a stiff batter. Keep on stirring until all lumps disappear and the batter is smooth. Then pour in boiling hot water briskly until the batter swells and has a cooked appearance. When ready to use, thin down with cold water until it can be spread on the paper easily.

Some paper hangers add about two ounces of powdered alum, but do not use alum in paste when made for felts or solid gold grounds.

To make rye flour paste mix enough sifted rye flour with cold water to get the consistency of cream. Stir until all lumps disappear; then place on fire to boil. Keep stirring until it thickens and becomes yellowish in color. When cool, add enough cold water until quite thin. Do not use until cold.

To make a strong size for very rough walls dissolve one pound of good ground glue to a bucket of hot water. Stir and use while warm. Apply with an old pastebrush or whitewash brush. For ordinary sizing on new walls and walls that have been papered a half pound of glue to a bucket of water will be sufficient.

The Effect of Change.

The Philadelphia Record says: "An experienced old housekeeper in charge of a large down town mansion with few occupants is noted for a queer manner of dipping out each meal daily between intervals of thorough cleaning. Sometimes she merely changes the chairs about in the unused rooms or transposes articles on the mantelpiece, or taking a broom circles it once or twice around the floor. The result is an absolute freedom from mice and rats. She says she learned years ago from a frontier hunter that all such animals avoid places which, to their acute senses, show signs of recent disturbance. He informed her that always before lying down at night on the prairie he stuck his hunting knife in the ground and drew it entirely around the place where he was to sleep. A snake or any other dangerous prowler would stop as soon as it came upon the freshly disturbed earth and beat a hasty retreat."

Tough Paper.

The tough paper which comes from China and Japan is made from manilla fiber. The paper or fresh fiber is not used, it being too expensive, but after it has served its purpose as rope or cordage and has become old it is carefully picked to pieces, made into a stringy pulp and manufactures into paper. The paper is singularly strong. When rolled up into a ball or cord, it is a very good substitute for cotton or flax twine. Its strength is solely due to that of the manilla, which is one of the strongest fibers known to the manufacturer.—Indianapolis News.

Even With Him.

A young fellow, just admitted to the bar, was walking down town to his office one morning when he was joined by an old high school friend.

"Good morning, John," said the second man, taking him by the arm.

"Well, you've really put out your shingle, and you've taken to carrying a bag, I see—like Judas Iscariot."

"Yes," said the youthful lawyer, "but I've got better company than I do."—Youth's Companion.

A Deep Laid Scheme.

"No," sobbed the pretty girl. "Harold and I never speak now, and it is all through the machinations of that deceitful Sallie Simmons."

"Why, what did she do?"

"She persuaded us to join the same church choir."—Washington Star.

Wall paper at D. M. Clark & Co's

Get your harness repaired at D. M. Clark & Co's.

Have your prescriptions filled at the McFadden Drug Store.

D. M. Clark & Co. carry hardware, furniture, crockery, harness goods, wall paper, carpets, paint, oil etc.

If you want the finest beef in the city C. A. Walker & Co. has it—fresh killed native beef.

D. M. Clark & Co. is the place to buy your stove pipe.

Housekeeping outfits on the installment plan at the Hoffman Bazaar.—tf.

Storm sash at D. M. Clark & Co.

Good native beef, fresh killed, at Lowest Prices in the city at C. A. Walker & Co's.

Re-varnish your buggies once a year at Congdon's.

Gypsine and Alabastine wall finish in all tints at C. B. White's.

News Items From Garrison.

Max and Earnie Schmuly have returned from Princeton, where they have been buying horses.

Dan Pierson may now be seen with a smile from ear to ear, the cause of which is the arrival of a fine girl baby on Nov. 26th.

Prof. Grant, our school teacher, is getting out the largest attendance at school this year we have had for some time.

David Dykeman recently disposed of his yoke of oxen which were credited with being the finest in the town.

The changeable weather is making lots of work for our blacksmiths. E. E. Warren is accommodating those who want that kind of work at the post-office, and T. G. Dykeman looks after the people's needs on the west side.

S. M. Dinwiddie, our storekeeper, has been doing a good business during the past couple of months. With the grand republican victory just recorded he expects to keep right on in that line

Miss Lottie Chrysler has been the guest of Mrs. D. and Mrs. J. F. Dykeman for the past two weeks.

U. N. O.

A Splendid Company.

Manager Davidson, of the Opera House has received the following telegram which is self explanatory:

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., Nov. 26, 1894.
Manager Davidson, Manager Opera House, Brainerd.

Calhoun Opera Company sang "Amorita" here to-night to large and select audience. Splendid company and great productions in every respect. You can guarantee your people a great treat.

O. F. BULLOW,
Manager Opera House.

J. F. McGinnis & Co's. Xmas Gift to Their Customers.

A ticket on a beautiful parlor suite, value $50.00, given with each and every $1.00 cash purchase. To be disposed of Dec. 22, 1894.

CONGDON

removes all smoke, dust, etc., and makes old paper bright as new.

Sherwood's Cough Syrup is sold on a guarantee at the McFadden Drug Store.

Touch up and varnish your wagons for spring trade, at Congdon's. It will save you money.

A full line of T. L. Blood & Co's paints just received at C. B. White's

Buy your meats at C. A. Walker & Co.'s, the finest in the city.

Sash and doors at D. M. Clark & Co's.

The office of J. R. Smith is the headquarters for reliable fire insurance. Room 2, Sleeper Block.

McCall has the best line of pocket cultery razors and scissors to be found in the city.

Paint brushes, a new stock, just in at C. B. White's.

"There is no Royal Road

The people have any more than to learn this. This is true, at all events, in America where intrinsic excellence is necessary to secure and retain the popular favor. The reason the Northwestern Line is one of the most popular railroads is that its service is not only up to date but always ahead of the date. In our opinion this is the best line between Chicago and the twin cities.—The Economist, Chicago.

Cheap Books

Seem to be what the public expects nowadays. If you will send me six cents in stamps I will send you one that will please you. CHARLES S. LEE, General Passenger Agent, Northern Pacific Railroad, St. Paul, Minn.

"A Close

Observer will see fail to notice that vast area in each large section of our country some one particular railroad will be found always a little in advance of the procession. In the great Northwest this enviable position belongs to the Northwestern Line.—The Health and Home, Minneapolis.

(First publication Oct. 19.)

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage duly delivered by Nels Nelson and Ida L. Miller, his wife, mortgagors, to James L. Camp, mortgagee, dated August 17th, 1894, and recorded in Register of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, on Aug. 20th, A. D., 1894, at 4 o'clock P. M. in Book E of mortgages, on page 393 on which there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice seven hundred, thirty and no 100 ($730.00) dollars and no action or proceeding having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof. And whereas, said mortgage was duly assigned by said James L. Camp to John McDonald by assignment, dated August 20th, A. D. 1894, and recorded in said Register of Deeds on August 20th, A. D., 1894, at 3 o'clock P. M. in book E of mortgages on page 392.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and the statute in such case provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises by the sheriff of said Crow Wing county at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the court house in the City of Brainerd, Crow Wing county Minnesota, on the 1st day of December A. D. 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day to satisfy said mortgage debt and costs and expenses of sale, including the attorney's fee of twenty-five ($25) dollars allowed in said mortgage.

The premises described in said mortgage, and to be sold, are situated in Crow Wing County, Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot two (2) and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter (ne¼ sw¼) of section thirty (30) in township one hundred and thirty-five (135) north of range twenty-seven (27) west of the Fifth Principal Meridian.

JULIA MCDONALD,
Assignee of Mortgage.

C. E. CHERRYFIELD,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage.
Dated October 25th, 1894.

(First publication Oct. 19th)

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage duly executed and delivered by W. B. Bridgham and Addie K. Bridgham, his wife mortgagors, to W. G. Green, mortgagee, dated February 3rd, A. D. 1893, and recorded in the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing County, Minnesota, on April 11th A. D., 1893, at 9 o'clock P. M., in book E of mortgages, on page 57 which said mortgage was assigned by said W. G. Green to the undersigned by assignment dated the 1st day of March A. D. 1894, and recorded in said Register of Deeds on March 2nd, A. D. 1894, at 9 o'clock A. M. in book E of mortgages on page 57, which said mortgage was given to secure the payment of the sum of $2,000 and interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum, payable annually, and which said mortgage was duly foreclosed by the sale of the premises described in said mortgage, and on which sale there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of $2,000 principal and interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the 3rd day of March A. D. 1894, and no action or proceeding has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that under a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit: The southwest quarter of the northeast quarter (sw¼ ne¼) of section twenty-five (25) township forty-six (46) range twenty-six (26) west.

W. G. GREEN,
Mortgagee.

C. B. CONGDON,
Attorney of Mortgagee.
Dated Oct. 19th, 1894.

ALL For a Nickel! With Us.

Drop a Nickel and Get:

36 Inches of Outing Flannel,
36 Inches of Good Gingham,
36 Inches of Standard Prints,
36 Inches of Good Shirting,
36 Inches of Cotton Flannel.

Listen to the Following all Ye Good Ladies of Brainerd:

Mrs. Sedam is with us only Friday and Saturday of this Week, to fit HER MAJESTY'S CORSET on you. She will spare no pains to explain why it is the BEST corset shown to-day in the United States. We have a pleasant, warm, comfortable room ready for your use. No compulsion to buy. We want you to examine this Corset: it has merit.

We have the best line of

CLOAKS

In The City,

And guarantee prices to be the LOWEST, and no sale if we cannot fit you pertectly.

No Child in This City Need go without a Warm Cloak this winter.

Their isn't a father in Brainerd who cannot go into his pocket and buy one at OUR PRICES.

We mean business. There is no excuse for allowing Children to be Cloakless in this cold weather. What do you think of buying a Child's Cloak at these Prices:

For a 4 year old size, $2.00.
For a 6 year old size, $2.50.
For an 8 year old size, $3.00.
For a 10 year old size, $3.00.
For a 12 year old size, $3.00.
For a 14 year old size, $3.50.

Yours for trade

HENRY I. COHEN,

Sleeper Block.

Hard Times Prices.

$10-Best Set Teeth-$10

Applied to Gums. **ODONTUNDER** NO PAIN.

For Painless Extraction of Teeth. No Going to Sleep.

A FINE GOLD FILLING, $1.50.
A GOLD ALLOY FILLING, 50 CENTS.

DR. H. RIBBEL, Bank Block.

Hard Times Prices.

Always on Hand.

A well Assorted Stock of

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks,

Jewelry and Silverware.

Bi-Chloride of Gold Cure for Broken Down Watches.

Repairing of All Kinds a Specialty.

MRS. F. G. SUNDBERG,

CORNER FRONT AND SIXTH STREETS.

AN ELEGANT **ORGAN** $65. AND UPWARDS. With Stool and Book.

A FINE NEW **PIANO** $183. AND UPWARDS. ON EASY PAYMENTS. Stool and Scarf Included.

BAND INSTRUMENTS, SHEET MUSIC, AND EVERYTHING IN THE MUSIC LINE.

These Instruments are not the inferior class so often advertised, but FULLY WARRANTED. Write for Catalogue.

W. J. DYER & BRO. DYER & BRO. BUILDING, ST. PAUL, MINN. W. J. DYER & BRO. 322 W. FIFTH ST. ST. PAUL.